

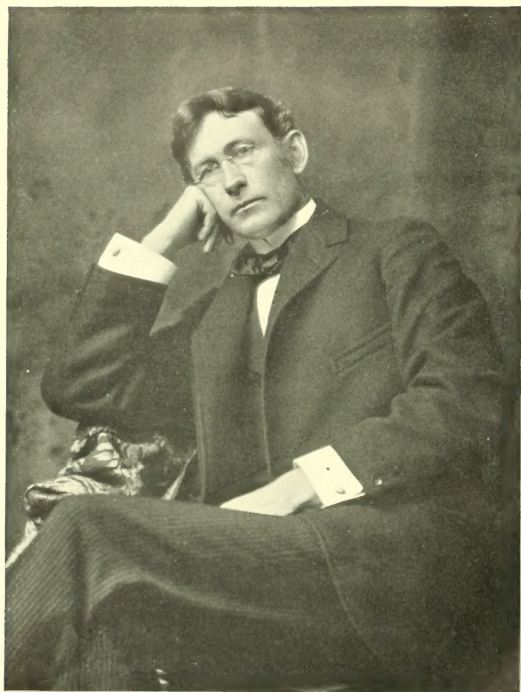


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Frank S. Black

HUDSON-MOHAWK GENEALOGICAL

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AND

FAMILY MEMOIRS

A RECORD OF ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE PEOPLE OF THE HUDSON AND
MOHAWK VALLEYS IN NEW YORK STATE, INCLUDED WITHIN THE PRE-
SENT COUNTIES OF ALBANY, RENSSELAER, WASHINGTON, SARATOGA,
MONTGOMERY, FULTON, SCHENECTADY, COLUMBIA AND GREENE.

PREPARED UNDER THE EDITORIAL SUPERVISION OF

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Curator of The Albany Institute and Historical and Art Society, since 1898; Director of New
York State History Exhibit at Jamestown Exposition, 1907; Author of "Albany
Chronicles," "Classified Quotations," and several other published works.

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HUDSON AND MOHAWK VALLEYS.

The family name of Dix is of the same significance as the name Dicks or Dickens, the letter "s" being a contraction of "son," meaning the son of Dick or of Richard. Dick, the familiar abbreviation of Richard, is thought to be derived from the Dutch word "Dyck" or "Dijck," a bank or dike (also dyke), mound or ditch, of earth, sand or stones reinforced, thrown up to prevent low land in Holland from being inundated by the sea or river. The reason for including the meaning "ditch" in connection with "mound" is because in the act of creating a barrier, or diking, a ditch is created at the selfsame time; but the intention being to create a wall of earth, chief thought is therefore directed to that meaning of the word. Based accordingly on this idea of the significance of the name's derivation, the conclusion cannot be otherwise that this family, before coming over to America, dwelt near a dyke in Holland, in the lowlands as they are called, undoubtedly along the coast.

The name is therefore found in the spellings Dix, Dixx, Diks, Dicks, Dyck, Dyk, Dijck and Dyke, and some families in America show that they came originally from such a locality in Holland by employing the prefix "van" or "von," as Van Dyke.

The Dix coat-of-arms, of the Amsterdam branch, was as follows: *D'azur à trotis têtes et cols de cygne d'argent, accompagné de deux roses d'or en flancs.* That of the Harlem line was as follows: *D'or à la fasce d'azur, accompagnée de trois corneilles de sable, souvent écartée de gules au chevron, accompagnée en chef de deux étoiles et en pointe d'un croissant tourné, le tout d'or.* Crest: *Une corneille de sable entre un vol d'or et d'azur.*

Four distinct branches of the Dix family were started in America in early times. These were the lines instituted by Leonard Dix, of Wethersfield, Connecticut; Anthony Dix, of Plymouth, Massachusetts; Edward Dix, of

Watertown, Massachusetts, and the Dix family of Accomac county in Virginia. It is not known that anybody has been able to demonstrate the relationship reliably. Undoubtedly they were connected by the generation just previous to any one of them coming to America.

Edward Dix and his wife, Deborah, came from England and settled at Watertown, Massachusetts. They were in the fleet with Governor Winthrop, in 1630. He appears to have died at that place, prior to the removal of his immediate family into Connecticut, leaving a widow and three children. The widow, Deborah, married (second) October 16, 1667, Richard Barnes, of Marlboro, Massachusetts, by whom she had five children, between 1669 and 1683, according to certain published records; but the dates seem somewhat averse to the fact. Children: 1. Leonard, see forward. 2. John, who was in Hartford, Connecticut, in 1676; was taxed there in 1683; sold his house and land in 1686; owned land in Hockanum, near the mouth of the river bearing that name, in 1679; joined the Second Church of Hartford, September 10, 1686; married Mary Bidwell; children: Sarah, John, Margaret, Daniel, Elizabeth, Susanna and Joseph. 3. William, died in Hartford, Connecticut, in 1676.

(II) Leonard, son of Edward and Deborah Dix, was known to be in Wethersfield, Connecticut, after which he was in Branford, Connecticut, where he received a grant of land; soon afterwards was again at Wethersfield, where he also had grants of very good land and a lot in the village on which he resided from about 1650 until the time of his death. He was a prominent man of the place, constable in 1672, and surveyor of highways in 1684. On his death he left considerable land on the east side of the Great River, "being the Indian Purchase," a horse, two cows, a heifer, swine, agricultural implements, mechanical tools, a "great musket," a long fowl-

ing-piece, swords, belts, etc., appraised at fifty-three English pounds. He died December 7, 1696, and his will bore date March 24, 1696-97. His wife was named Sarah, and she died in 1709. Children: Sarah, born 1658, died April 3, 1682, married, February 10, 1680, John Francis; John, born in 1661, see forward; Mercy, died, December 20, 1711, married, 1687, Moses Goff; William, married — Vincent; Hannah, died April 7, 1733, married, November, 1693, John Rennals, or Reynolds; Samuel; Elizabeth.

(III) John, son of Leonard and Sarah Dix, was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut, in 1661. He was hayward in 1686, and surveyor of highways in 1704. He died November 2, 1711, and his sons, John and Leonard, were administrators, who inventoried his estate, reporting on January 27, 1711-12, that it amounted to eighty-three dollars. His wife was named Rebecca, and she died November 17, 1711, aged sixty years. Children: John, born February 17, 1684, see forward; Rebecca, March 17, 1686-87; Leonard, January 27, 1688; Elizabeth, April 3, 1691.

(IV) John (2), son of John (1) and Rebecca Dix, was born February 17, 1684. He married, June 9, 1709, Sarah, daughter of John Waddams. Children: Samuel, born February 28, 1710-11; John, August 6, 1713; Sarah, March 30, 1721, married, December 2, 1741, Joseph Smith; Moses, March 15, 1723-24, see forward; Benjamin, May 27, 1729, died September 4, 1755.

(V) Moses, son of John (2) and Sarah (Waddams) Dix, was born March 15, 1723-24, died September 25, 1798. Letters of administration on his estate were issued to his son Moses, of Farmington, Connecticut. He married, September 1, 1744, Hannah Dickinson. Children: Jerusha, born November 11, 1745; Rhoda, August 13, 1746, married, December 19, 1764, — Rhodes; John, September 26, 1748; Ozias, December 6, 1750, see forward; Hannah, May 26, 1753, died September 30, 1753; Hannah, December 3, 1754; Rebecca, baptized September 23, 1759; Mary, baptized May 9, 1762; a son, buried October 23, 1776, aged twelve years; a daughter (probably named Mary), buried December 3, 1776, aged thirteen years; Moses, married Ruth Crane, November 7, 1792.

(VI) Ozias, son of Moses and Hannah (Dickinson) Dix, was born December 6, 1750, in Wethersfield, Connecticut. He was a soldier in the revolution, and later removed to Brattleboro, Vermont. He married, October 22, 1771, Lucy Hatch, born May 6, 1753. The baptisms of their first five children were recorded at Wethersfield. Children: —, —,

born March 25, 1773, baptized May 1, 1774; Ozias, baptized May 1, 1774, died September 8, 1775 (family record, died October 7, 1775); Lydia (Lucy), born July 18, 1776, baptized July 21, 1776; John, born July 5, 1778, baptized July 19, 1778; Samuel, born February 23, 1781, see forward; Ozias, born October 15, 1783, died October 17, 1783; Jerusha, born October 23, 1784, baptized, Wethersfield, February 13, 1785; Mary, born February 23, 1787; Zephaniah, born May 10, 1789; Ozias, born May 6, 1791; Daniel, born February 16, 1796; Moses, born February 12, 1798; Justice, born November 9, 1802.

(VII) Samuel, son of Ozias and Lucy (Hatch) Dix, was born at Wethersfield, Connecticut, February 23, 1781, baptized there March 11, 1781. He died at Glens Falls, New York, July 4, 1857. He married, at Wilmington, Vermont, December 1, 1814, Mersylvia, born May 25, 1788, died September 8, 1853, daughter of Israel Lawton, born January 30, 1758, died September 26, 1844, and Dolly (Billings) Lawton, born January 8, 1764, died February 12, 1816. Israel Lawton and Dolly Billings were married August 14, 1783. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Dix: James Lawton, see forward; Samuel Billings, born at Moreau, New York, February 16, 1819, died, unmarried, at Glens Falls, New York, September 25, 1898; Harriet, born at Glens Falls, April 12, 1821, died at Glens Falls, July 25, 1826.

(VIII) James Lawton, son of Samuel and Mersylvia (Lawton) Dix, was born at Moreau, New York, September 19, 1816, died at Glens Falls, New York, May 17, 1888. He received his education at Easton, New York, and afterwards engaged in farming in northern New York. He was a member of the Methodist church, and in politics acted with the Democratic party.

He married, at Schenectady, New York, June 25, 1857, Laura Ann, daughter of Lewis and Katharine (Fort) Stevens, the latter born at Schaghticoke, November 21, 1800, where they were also married. Children: 1. Walter Lewis, born at Glens Falls, New York, August 8, 1858; married, at Glens Falls, April 12, 1882, Julia Ann Wheaton; children: Lawton Allen Dix, born April 9, 1885; Howard Wheaton Dix, born September 3, 1887; Gertrude Alice, born September 22, 1890; Marion, born July 25, 1892. 2. Anna Mersylvia, born at Glens Falls, New York, November 25, 1859; married, Glens Falls, December 21, 1882, Henry Wing, son of Sanford and Catherine (Wing) Coffin; children: John Dix Coffin, born June 15, 1884; Fenwick, born March 26, 1889; Laura, born December 8, 1892;

Margaret, born August 1, 1895; all at Glens Falls, New York. 3. John Alden, see forward. 4. Charles Billings, born at Glens Falls, August 5, 1863; married, Glens Falls, December 29, 1892, Mary Lydia, daughter of George and Mahala (Sherman) Rugg; no children.

(IX) John Alden Dix, son of James Lawton and Laura Ann (Stevens) Dix, was born at Glens Falls, New York, December 25, 1860. He studied at the Glens Falls Academy, graduating in 1879, and then entered Cornell University, graduating in 1883. He began the practical duties of life by working first as a farm hand and then in the machine shops of his native town, thereby securing a valuable experience which benefited him in his later career. He then engaged in the lumber business with Lemon Thomson, of Albany, at Thomson, New York, under the firm name of Thomson & Dix. On the death of the senior partner, in February, 1897, the firm was dissolved, and Mr. Dix was appointed executor of his deceased partner's estate. He purchased the latter's interest and developed a paper mill at Thomson, where his chief business is centered, gradually building up one of the most efficient wall-paper plants in the country, and at the same time turned his attention to the conservation of natural resources. Mr. Dix realized that much of New York's wealth lay in her trees, and to protect himself he acquired a tract of seventeen thousand acres for his own mills, and made it a rule that for every tree which was cut down another should be planted. His relations with his workmen have always been happy, owing to the fact that he shows some consideration for their welfare; his factories have always been built with the utmost regard for hygiene, and he has given his workmen a half-holiday every week during the months of July and August. As a business man he is scrupulously honorable in all his dealings, bearing a reputation for integrity, and as a banker he has achieved the increase of the rate which the state earns on its deposits. A stockholder in the Exchange and the First National Bank, he brought about the amalgamation of the two and became first vice-president of the enlarged First National Bank. In addition he is serving as president of the Iroquois Paper Company, vice-president of the Blandy Paper Company, treasurer of the American Woodboard Company, manager of the Moose River Lumber Company, and director of the National Bank of Schuylerville.

In politics Mr. Dix is a Democrat, adhering to the sound and long-tried principles of Democracy of which the Nation has need in the direction of its affairs. At the National

Convention at St. Louis Mr. Dix met and became acquainted with many of the leading men of the Democratic party. In 1906 he was a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination at Buffalo, New York; in the fall of 1908 was placed on the ticket as lieutenant-governor; in the spring of 1910 was chosen chairman of the state Democratic committee, and in the fall of 1910 became the Democratic nominee for governor and was elected. His method in discharging the chairmanship of the state Democratic committee was the method of a man of conscience and right intentions, seriously desiring to ascertain what was best for those who had placed their trust in him. He called in conference the leading men of his party, and in the summer he made a tour by automobile for the purpose of holding a series of conferences in as many counties as he could visit, to which he invited members of every faction with the object of coming to a complete understanding of the situation. He has inspired his party with a new feeling, has put new life into it, and has won the respect and confidence of those whom he has consulted of the mass of Democratic voters. Upon public questions Mr. Dix has made declarations which show him to be in accord with the principles of the platform upon which he stands. He is an advocate of an honest revision of the tariff, of a reasonable and conservative, not a destructive revision, of a revision that will strip the unworthy beneficiaries of the protective tariff law of privileges of extortion of which no men, and least of all they, should have the enjoyment, a revision that will, so far as possible, tend to reduce the present high cost of living. He is an advocate of an economical administration of the affairs of the state, and of a cutting off of the useless expenditures which have so multiplied during the past years. Mr. Dix is in the best sense a representative of the intelligent, active, sober-minded, conservative and successful citizenship of the Empire State. He is a man to whom his fellow-citizens would readily turn for counsel, to whom they would with confidence intrust the conduct of affairs demanding foresight, sound judgment, ability and uprightness. He was one of the founders of the Democratic League and as such stands for personal freedom, National and State economy, the revision of the tariff and revenue laws, and the abolition of protection for gigantic "infant industries."

Mr. Dix is a warden of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church of Schuylerville, and a member of Glens Falls Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Theta Delta Chi fraternity, Albany

Country Club, Fort Orange Club, Albany Institute and Historical and Art Society. His city residence, No. 491 State street, Albany, is an attractive one, where he and his wife entertain many friends, but his summer residence on the bank of the Hudson river and the Battenkill creek, at Thomson, is a charming place, and he is accustomed to making weekly trips between the two places in his automobile.

Mr. Dix married, at Albany, New York, April 24, 1889, Gertrude Alden Thomson, born at Albany, third child of Lemon and Abby Galusha (Sherman) Thomson. Lemon Thomson was born at Athol, Warren county, New York, January 22, 1822; graduated from Union College in 1850, and then engaged in the lumber business, establishing the firm of L. Thomson & Company, which became known all over the country; removed to Albany in 1855, and died at Thomson, New York, February 24, 1897. His wife, Abby Galusha (Sherman) Thomson, was born September 9, 1828, died in New York City, June 13, 1896, daughter of Augustus Sherman, of Glens Falls, New York, a descendant of Roger Sherman, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Lemon Thomson was son of Charles C. Thomson, grandson of Charles Thomson, and great-grandson of Benjamin Thomson, the emigrant ancestor of the family, coming to this country from Scotland. Charles C. Thomson was born at Elizabeth, New Jersey, July 8, 1788, died at Johnsonburg, New York, March 1, 1860; married, about 1819, Susanna Harris Williams, daughter of Joseph Williams, a revolutionary soldier.

This name first appears in CRANNELL early American records in 1690. It is spelled Crennel, Crenel, and in later years Crannell. Through the marriage of the founder of the family to Molly, granddaughter of Governor Edward Winslow, they are connected with one of the most illustrious of the "Mayflower" families. The Albany family dates back to an early period in the history of that city, and its descendants are numerous.

(I) Robert Crannell, son of William Crannell, of Devonshire, England, came to America prior to 1690, and was at New Amsterdam (New York) in 1703. There were several of the name resident of New York, and there are some of them buried in Trinity churchyard on the north side of the church. He married, in 1693, Molly Winslow, daughter of Governor Josiah and granddaughter of Governor Edward Winslow, of Plymouth Col-

ony (see Winslow VIII). Children: Two sons and a daughter.

(II) William Winslow, son of Robert and Molly (Winslow) Crannell, was born in New York City. He removed to Albany, New York, where he died aged fifty-five years, and is buried in the Middle Dutch burying ground on Beaver street. He married, June 4, 1726, Margarita Bennowe (Bennoit). Children: Robert, baptized July 10, 1727; Petrus, baptized February 10, 1728; Petrus (2), baptized January 9, 1732; William Winslow, baptized January 29, 1739. (Daughters not in record; there were two or three.)

(III) Robert (2), son of William Winslow and Margarita (Bennowe) Crannell, was born in Albany, New York, in a house on Broadway between Steuben street and Maiden lane. He was baptized July 10, 1727. He married, November 13, 1748, Ariantje Bovie. Children: William Winslow, see forward; Mattheus, baptized August 4, 1751; Petrus, baptized November 14, 1756; Petrus (2), baptized March 11, 1759.

(IV) William Winslow (2), son of Robert (2) and Ariantje (Bovie) Crannell, was born September 26, 1749, in Albany, New York (in a house that then stood on the corner of James street and Maiden lane), and died December 27, 1828. He owned a sloop, "The Rising Sun," and for nineteen years navigated the Hudson river, carrying freight and passengers from Albany to points below. He married Maria Eaman, of Catskill, born April 8, 1759, died October 8, 1825. Children: William Winslow, see forward; John, died January 11, 1863; Harriet, died August 24, 1854; Maria, died February 1, 1870.

(V) William Winslow (3), son of William Winslow (2) and Maria (Eaman) Crannell, was born in Albany, New York, November 29, 1795 (at the building on the corner of Dean and Steuben streets), died January 20, 1847. He married, November 27, 1825, Margaret Laramie, born at Waterford, New York, June 28, 1808, died December 8, 1884. Children: Robert Winslow, born 1826; Francis Franklin, see forward; William Winslow (4), 1829, died young; Maria, 1831; Robert, 1833; William Winslow (5), 1835; Edwin, 1838; Monroe, 1840, died 1841; Monroe (2), 1842, died 1893, he graduated from Albany Law school before he had attained legal age, and continued his studies in the law offices of Judge Wolford and Worthington Frothingham until he was admitted to the Albany county bar; he was a member of the Albany Zouave Cadets, an influential Republican, and an untiring worker for the improvement and development of Albany, he died unmarried,



William Winslow Crannell.

April 26, 1893; Delavan, 1844, died 1879; Margaret, 1847, died in infancy.

(VI) Francis Franklin, second son of William Winslow (3) and Margaret (Laramée) Crannell, was born in Albany, New York (corner of Dean and Steuben streets—the New York Central depot now occupies the site), July 21, 1827, died December 24, 1907. He was educated at the "Boys' Academy," where he won many honors, and was engaged all his business life in the lumber trade at Albany, and was one of the pioneers in that business, retiring at an advanced age. He was a member of the Veteran Volunteer Firemen's Association. He was a lifelong member of the Fourth Presbyterian church, and was an active worker in both church and Sunday school. With one exception he was the oldest member of the congregation at the time of his death. With a quiet disposition, gentle and unassuming, he was greatly beloved. He was an upright, energetic business man, and a citizen of the highest order. He married, April 24, 1856, Harriet Emmet Adams, born February 11, 1832, died January 16, 1889, daughter of Christopher Adams, architect and builder of the State House, the old Delavan hotel, and many other prominent buildings in Albany. Children: Harriet Adams, married Elmer Llewelyn Peters, of Syracuse, April 24, 1895; Elizabeth Winslow, married Robert Jump, of Jonesville, December 18, 1900; Francis Franklin (2), see forward; Julia Laramée, married, July 8, 1908, William Henry Harrison Hogle, of Newtonville, whose ancestors on the maternal side were among the first Dutch settlers of Albany; William Winslow, see forward; Charles Reno, see forward; Edward Grant, see forward; Lillian Belle, married (first), Augusta Joseph Latham, of Lake George, June 1, 1898, (second) Belden Noble Benedict, of Troy, April 27, 1908; Frederick Winfield, died May 16, 1880, at the age of two years, eight months.

(VII) Francis Franklin (2), eldest son of Francis Franklin (1) and Harriet Emmet (Adams) Crannell, was born in Albany, New York, August 12, 1861. He was educated in the public schools of Albany, and pursued a course at a business college. He has been continuously engaged in the lumber business in Albany, starting as tally boy for Rodney Vose; then as bookkeeper, and later as successor and proprietor of the same business to which he succeeded by purchase, and at the present time is president of the F. F. Crannell Lumber Company. He is a member of the Albany Chamber of Commerce, Albany Club, Aurania Club, and stands high in the

Masonic order, being a life member of Temple Lodge, No. 14, of Albany, and is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and has held many prominent offices in the Patriarch Militant branch of that order. He married, February 21, 1887, Anna Louise, daughter of William Wilbur, of North Adams, Massachusetts. Children: Wilbur Harrison, born July 3, 1888; Mabel Elizabeth, September 13, 1892.

(VII) William Winslow (4), second son of Francis Franklin (1) and Harriet Emmet (Adams) Crannell, was born at Albany, New York, March 8, 1865. He was educated in the public schools of Albany, and later pursued a course at the business college. He received his early business training in the Albany lumber district, and was employed by David Whitney, Jr., and H. W. Sage & Company for many years, and later was with the New Rochelle Coal and Lumber Company at New Rochelle, New York, after which, in 1894, he and his three brothers organized at Voorheesville, New York, and Altamont, New York, the firm of Crannell Brothers, who for several years conducted a lumber business at Voorheesville, and a lumber and coal business at Altamont. Later he and his brother, E. G. Crannell, bought out the interest of F. F. and C. R. Crannell, and one year later W. W. Crannell bought out the remaining interest of E. G. Crannell. He is now the sole proprietor of the Voorheesville yard, and E. G. Crannell, of the Altamont yard. He is an active Republican, and a member of the Grant and Invincible clubs of Albany. He is an Odd Fellow, a member of Voorheesville Lodge, No. 668, and a member of Sanford Camp, Modern Woodmen of America, No. 8491, of Albany. He has done much for the advancement and improvement of the pretty village of Voorheesville. He married, September 1, 1898, Rose Van Wormer, of Voorheesville, New York. Children: William Winslow, born July 26, 1900; Charles Emerson, March 8, 1903. Rose (Van Wormer) Crannell was born in Guilderland, Albany county, April 1, 1870, daughter of William Helmus and Jennie (Van Slyck) Van Wormer. William H. Van Wormer was born in Guilderland, November, 1845. His wife, Jennie Van Slyck, was born in Colonie, Albany county, October 7, 1845. Both were of old Dutch families, prosperous early settlers of the county. William H. was a son of Jacob, of Guilderland, farmer, who died aged eighty years. He married Elizabeth Houghtaling, who died over sixty years of age. They were members of the Reformed church. Children of William H. and Jennie Van Wormer: 1.

Robert, unmarried. 2. Sarah, married Charles E. Scott, of Schenectady; has a son, Russell Van Slyck Scott, born November 7, 1908. 3. Jane E., born July 26, 1875; married John Becker, of Altamont; has Mary E., born November 17, 1899. 4. Rose, married William Winslow Crannell. 5. Ethel, born April 26, 1889, unmarried.

(VII) Charles Reno, third son of Francis Franklin (I) and Harriet Emmet (Adams) Crannell, was born in Albany, January 22, 1867. He was educated in the public schools of Albany, and graduated from Albany Business College. Commencing in minor capacities in the lumber business in Albany, he afterward took a position with the New York Central railroad in New York City, and was also connected with a large New York and Buffalo lumber company. Later he returned to Albany and succeeded his brother, Francis F., who had become general manager for Rodney Vose, as bookkeeper. He and his brother, Francis F., incorporated the Crannell Lumber Company, for which he is vice-president and treasurer. He is a trustee of Odd Fellow's Temple, and has been such for the past eight years. He is a life member of Temple Lodge, No. 2, and also a life member of Cyprus Temple and other prominent organizations. He resides at Loudonville, a handsome suburb of Albany, where he erected a beautiful villa. He married, December 31, 1896, Mary Florence McGraw, of Albany, who is the sixth lineal descendant of Hendrik Hollenbeck, who sailed up the Hudson river with Hendrik Hudson in 1609 when that river was discovered. Children: Florence Lansing, born September 10, 1897; Charles Russell, March 30, 1899.

(VII) Edward Grant, fourth son of Francis Franklin (I) and Harriet Emmet (Adams) Crannell, was born October 23, 1871. He received his early education in the public schools of Albany, graduated from the Albany high school in 1892, and a year later from the Albany Business College. After finishing college, he accepted a position as stenographer and bookkeeper with the Jasper Van Wormer Stove Company. He left there to go into the lumber business with his brothers. He now conducts a lumber and coal yard at Altamont, New York, a beautiful town near Albany, which with its picturesque and beautiful mountain scenery, together with its invigorating atmosphere, is a noted summer resort. He has been president of the village several terms, chief of the fire department, past master in Noah Lodge, treasurer of the Albany County Agricultural Society for several years, and in 1909 was

elected president, which office he now holds (1910). He is also trustee of the Reformed church at Altamont. He is a progressive and energetic citizen of that town, and resides in one of the handsomest residences there, which he erected. He married, April 20, 1898, Evelyn Lee, of Albany. Children: Harriet Evelyn, born December 20, 1898; Edward Winslow Lee, August 15, 1907.

(The Winslow Line).

The English ancestry of Governor Edward Winslow, from whom the Crannell family of Albany descend through maternal lines, is traced in this review to about the middle of the fourteenth century.

(I) William Winslow, or Wyncelow, the first of the lineage as traced in England, had two sons: John, of London, afterward of Wyncelow Hall, married Mary Crouchman, who died in 1409; William (2), see forward.

(II) William (2), son of William (1) Winslow, married and had issue.

(III) Thomas, son of William (2) Winslow, was of Burton county, Oxford, having lands also in Essex, where he was living in 1452. He married Cecelia Tansley, one of two daughters and an heiress. She was called "Lady Agnes."

(IV) William (3), son of Thomas and Cecelia (Tansley) Winslow, was living in 1529. Children: Kenelm, see forward, and Richard, who had a grant from Edward VI. of the rectory of Elksley, county of Nottingham.

(V) Kenelm, son of William (3) Winslow, purchased in 1559 of Sir Richard Newport an estate called "Newport's Place," in Kempsey, Worcestershire. He had another and an older extensive estate in the same parish, called "Clerkenleap." He died in 1607 in the parish of St. Andrew. He married Catherine ——. His will, dated April 14, 1607, is still preserved in Worcester. Child, Edward, see forward.

(VI) Edward, only son of Kenelm and Catherine Winslow, was born in the parish of St. Andrew, county Worcester, England, October 17, 1560, died before 1651. He lived in Kempsey and Droitwich, county Worcester. He married (first) Eleanor Pelham, of Droitwich; (second) at St. Bride's church, London, November 4, 1594, Magdalene Oliver, the records of whose family are found in the parish register of St. Peter's, Droitwich. Children: 1. Richard, married Alice Hay, daughter of Edward Hurdman; remained in England. 2. Edward (2), see forward. 3. John, born in England, 1597, died in Boston, Massachusetts; married, 1624, Mary, daughter of James and Susanna Chil-

ton. 4. Kenelm, born in Droitwich, 1599, came to America about 1629. He was an important man in the Plymouth Colony, filled various town offices, and was deputy to the general court eight years. He married Eleanor Adams, widow of John Adams of Plymouth, and is the immigrant ancestor of a long line of descendants. 5. Gilbert, born October 26, 1600, in Droitwich, England, came to America in the "Mayflower" with his brother, Governor Edward Winslow, signed the "Compact," returned to England after 1623, where he died. 6. Eleanor, remained in England. 7. Josiah, born in England, was sent to America in 1631 as accountant to William Shirley; lived at Marshfield, Massachusetts; married, 1636, Margaret Bourne, died December 1, 1674. 8. Elizabeth, remained in England. 9. Magdalen, remained in England.

(VII) Governor Edward (2), eldest son of Edward (1) and his second wife Magdalen (Oliver) Winslow, was born October 18, 1595, at Droitwich, England, died and was buried at sea, May 8, 1655, with the honors of war, forty-two guns being fired by the fleet that he was accompanying from Hispaniola to Jamaica, West Indies. After Governor Bradford and Edward Brewster, Plymouth Colony owed no man so much as Edward Winslow. Always intelligent, generous, confident and of untiring energy, he was trusted for any service, at home or abroad, which the necessities of the infant colony happened to require. Were the North Eastern fisherman to be sought for a supply of food in a famine, or the Indian chief needed watching, or the governor's place to be taken temporarily, or Massachusetts dissuaded from an act of too-severe austerity, or finally were the rulers in England to be made propitious, the natural resort was to the agency of Edward Winslow. For foreign employment his gentle birth and breeding gave him an advantage, and among the gentlemen of the British parliament he moved as one of themselves. He was highly esteemed by Governors Winthrop and Bradford, while the great Protector Cromwell saw at once the worth of the honest, religious, capable, strenuous envoy from North America, and took care never to lose his services while he lived, which was for nine years after he finally left Plymouth. At the time of his death he was superintending the attempt upon Santo Domingo under Cromwell's appointment, and distress at the failure, through military mismanagement, is believed to have brought on his last illness. He met at Leyden, Holland, his first wife, Elizabeth Barker, of English birth and edu-

cation. They were married in Leyden, and together came in the "Mayflower" to America. He was the third signer of the immortal "Compact," and probably was one of the authors. His wife died during the first winter. William White, one of the chief men of the colony, died, leaving a widow, Susanna (Fuller) White, with two little boys to care for, one of them Peregrine White, who was born while the "Mayflower" was lying at Cape Cod, the first English child born in New England. Edward Winslow married the widow, and theirs was the first wedding ceremony performed in the new colony. They were married before the magistrate, Governor Bradford, and with public solemnities entered into the covenant of marriage. At the annual election in 1624 he was chosen assistant to the governor, holding by successive appointments until 1647, excepting 1633, 1636 and 1644, when he was chosen governor. In these and many other public trusts he acquitted himself with distinguished ability and credit. He was also the author of several valuable works relating to the interests of the colony. He made several trips to England in the colony's interest and in 1635 was arrested and tried on the charge "that not being in holy orders, he had taught publicly in the church and had officiated at marriages," to which he could only plead that he had spoken in the churches and in the capacity of magistrate performed the marriage ceremony. For this honest avowal he was pronounced guilty of the crime charged by the archbishop, committed to the Fleet prison, where he was kept in confinement seventeen weeks. He was chosen governor for the last time in 1644, and subsequently was first on the list of magistrates. He was soon after engaged in the English public service abroad, and never returned to New England. By his second wife, Susanna (Fuller) White, to whom he was married May 12, 1621, he had a daughter Elizabeth, who married Gilbert Brooks, of Scituate. His only son was Josiah, see forward.

(VIII) Josiah, son of Governor Edward (2) and his second wife, Susanna (Fuller-White) Winslow, was born in Plymouth, 1629, died in Marshfield, Massachusetts, December 18, 1680. In 1657, two years after the death of his father, he was chosen assistant governor, which post he filled until his election as governor in 1673. This last office he held until his death. He was active and prominent in colony affairs all his mature life. In 1652 he commanded the military company of Marshfield; in 1659 he was appointed military commander of the colony, and in 1675

was elected general-in-chief of the whole military force of the United Colonies, being the first native-born general, as well as governor in New England. In 1658 he was chosen one of the commissioners of the United Colonies and re-elected for fourteen years. On September 5, 1672, he was one of the six signers of the new articles of confederation of the New England colonies, and on September 9, 1675, he signed the declaration of war against King Philip, made by the commissioners. While he was governor in 1674-75, the first public school in the colony was established, and in 1680 the first lieutenant-governor was elected. The general court ordered in 1675 that four halberdiers should attend the governor and magistrates at elections, and two during the court sessions. Under him the government maintained a state hitherto unknown in the colony. He resided at "Careswell," the family seat at Marshfield, and enjoyed the distinction of being the most accomplished gentleman in the colony. When first a commissioner in 1658, he refused to sanction the "horrible recommendation" of that year against the Quakers. His capture of Alexander in 1662, the brother of Philip, and for two years sachem after Massasoit's death, illustrates his courage and personal daring as a soldier. His last public act on September 5, 1680, was to solicit a charter for Plymouth from the crown. He married, in 1658, Penelope, daughter of Herbert Pelham, of England, who came to Boston in 1645. He was the first treasurer of Harvard college, and assistant governor in 1646-1649. There were four children born of this marriage, two sons and two daughters; only one of his sons, Isaac, survived childhood. He married Sarah, daughter of John and Elizabeth Paddy Wensley, of Boston. One of the daughters, Molly, married Robert Crannell, and they were the progenitors of the Albany family of that name (see Crannell I). Another daughter, Elizabeth, married Stephen Burton. There is no one bearing the name of Winslow who can claim lineal descent from Governor Edward Winslow, third signer of the "Compact" and third governor of New Plymouth, the first by elective voice of the people. "Careswell," the country seat of Governor Josiah Winslow, subsequently became the residence of Daniel Webster. Governor Josiah's portrait and that of his wife hang in Plymouth Hall, Plymouth, Massachusetts. She is said to have been a most beautiful and accomplished lady. The coat-of-arms of the Winslow family is a tree with its branches cut down into a knight's helmet. Motto: "Floreo decarpus," ("Though plucked, I flourish.")

The Sherman family is of SHERMAN German origin. The name was spelled Sherrman, Schurman, Schearmaun and Scherman. As early as 1635 the family was located in England, in Dedham, county Essex. The name is derived from the original occupation of the family, when they were cloth dressers, or "shearers" of the cloth, and the family at Dedham continued the family occupation. In New England there are two distinct families of this name. One is descended from William Sherman and the other from Henry Sherman. The arms of the Yaxley family are: Or a lion rampant sable charged on the shoulder with an amulet for difference between three oak leaves vert. Crest: A sea lion sejant argent guttee de poix fumed or.

(I) Thomas Sherman died in 1550. He was probably at least fifty years old at the time as three of his sons were of age. His will gives among his property the manors of Royden and Royden Tuft with appurtenances at Royden and Besingham, as well as property in other parts of the counties of Norfolk and Suffolk, England. He lived a part of his life, doubtless, in Diss, which is on the river Waveny, between the two counties. His will mentions his wife Jane, a sister and children. He married Jane, daughter of John Waller, of Wortham, Suffolk. She was probably not his first wife. Children: Thomas, Richard, John, Henry, mentioned below, William, Anthony, Francis, Bartholomew, James.

(II) Henry, son of Thomas Sherman, was born in Yaxley about 1530. He is mentioned in his father's will, as well as several brothers' wills. His wife Agnes was buried October 14, 1580. He married (second) Margery Wilson, widow. His will was dated January 20, 1589, and proved July 25, 1590. He died in 1589. Children, born doubtless at Colchester where they lived: Henry, mentioned below; Edmond, died 1601; Dr. Robert, baptized February 6, 1560, died 1602; Judith, married William Pettfield; daughter, married Nicholas Fynce; John, died without issue, October 15, 1576.

(III) Henry (2), son of Henry (1) Sherman, was born in Colchester, England, about 1555, and lived at Dedham, county Essex, England. He was a clothier by trade. He made his will August 21, 1610, and it was proved September 8, 1610. He married Susan Hills, whose will was dated August 31, and proved in September, 1610. Children: Henry, born 1571, died 1642; Daniel, married (first) 1601, Christian Chapman, (second) Sarah —, died August 17, 1585; Nathaniel, died 1615; John, mentioned below; Ezekiel,

married twice; Samuel, born 1573; Edmund, married Judith Angier; Anne, married Thomas Wilson; Phebe, married Simeon Fenn.

(IV) John, son of Henry (2) Sherman, was born in Dedham, England, August 17, 1566. He was the immigrant ancestor, and came in 1634 to Watertown, Massachusetts. Child: 1. John, mentioned below.

(V) Captain John (2), son of John (1) Sherman, was born in 1604 at Dedham, England. He came to Watertown, Massachusetts, with his father, in 1634. He was made freeman May 17, 1637. He was a land surveyor and a selectman many times from 1637 to 1680. In 1648 he was town clerk, and afterwards representative to the general court in 1651-53-63-82. In 1662 he was steward of Harvard college. In June, 1654, he was made ensign of the Watertown Company, and in 1680 he was made captain. His son Joseph received his land in Watertown. He was with Governor Winthrop when the northern boundary of Massachusetts was surveyed and when the lines were established at Wier's landing, Lake Winnepesaukee. He was an educated man, and was often called upon to manage town affairs. He married Martha, daughter of William and Grace Palmer. He died January 25, 1690-91. His wife died February 7, 1700-1701. Children: John, born November 2, 1638; Martha, February 21, 1640-41; Mary, March 25, 1643; Sarah, January 17, 1647-48; Elizabeth, March 15, 1648-49; Joseph, May 14, 1650, mentioned below; Grace, December 20, 1653.

(VI) Joseph, son of Captain John (2) Sherman, was born in Watertown, May 14, 1650, died in Watertown, June 30, 1731. He was a blacksmith by trade; he was often chosen selectman and assessor; he was representative to the general court from 1702 to 1705. He served under Captain Jonathan Poole and Captain Thomas Brattle in King Philip's war during 1676. He was a leader in the church controversy which resulted in the final separation of Waltham from Watertown.

He married, in Watertown, November 18, 1673, Elizabeth, daughter of Lieutenant Edward and Elizabeth (Wilkinson) Winship, of Cambridge. Children: John, January 11, 1675, mentioned below; Edward, September 2, 1677; Joseph, February 8, 1679-80; Samuel, November 28, 1681; Jonathan, February 24, 1683-84; Ephraim, March 16, 1684-85; Elizabeth, July 15, 1687; Martha, baptized September 1, 1689; William, June 28, 1692; Sarah, June 2, 1694; Nathaniel, September 19, 1696.

(VII) John (3), son of Joseph Sherman, was born in Watertown, January 11, 1675, and was one of the first settlers of Marlborough, Massachusetts. He married Mary Bullen. Children: Mary, born August 16, 1699; Joseph, March 25, 1703, mentioned below; John, December 31, 1705, died young; Grace, September 13, 1707; Ephraim, March 3, 1710; John, February 17, 1713; Elizabeth, October 15, 1715; Samuel, May 12, 1718.

(VIII) Joseph (2), son of John (3) Sherman, was born at Marlborough, March 25, 1703. He settled in Shrewsbury, Worcester county, Massachusetts. He married, December 25, 1728, Sarah Perham, of Sutton, in that county. She died March 2, 1772, aged sixty-nine. Children, born at Shrewsbury: Joseph, baptized February 8, 1736, died young; John, mentioned below; Sarah, June 27, 1739, married Thomas Grover; Joseph, baptized August 15, 1742; Lydia, August 29, 1744, married Israel Rice.

(IX) John (4), son of Joseph (2) Sherman, was born at Shrewsbury, April 8, 1737. He settled about 1760 in Conway (History p. 672 in Conn. Valley). In 1772 he bought a pew in the First Congregational church. He married (first), in 1761, Chloe Thayer, of Bellingham, a descendant of the Thayer family of Weymouth. She died May 2, 1766, aged twenty-five. He married (second), about 1770, Gratia Allis, born 1745, daughter of Abel Allis, and granddaughter of Samuel Allis. (Deerfield History p. 27.) (P. 19 old history of Conway.) John was a soldier in the revolution from Conway in Captain Joshua L. Woodbridge's company, Colonel Nathan Tyler's regiment, July 22, 1779, to December 25, 1779, in the Rhode Island campaign. Also in Captain Isaac Newton's company, Colonel S. Murray's regiment, July 30 to October 10, 1780, in the continental army; also in Captain Oliver Shattuck's company, Lieutenant-Colonel Baranabas Sears's regiment, August 12 to November 8, 1781; also second lieutenant in Captain Joseph Browning's fourth company, First Hampshire regiment; also captain in Colonel Gideon Burt's regiment, commissioned July 16, 1782. In 1790 the first federal census shows that John Sherman was living at Conway and had two females in his family; John, Jr., had a separate establishment, but no family, and Caleb had three sons under sixteen and two females in his family. John Sherman lived on a farm beyond the river in Broomshire village, now known as the John B. Stearns place. Various other Grafton and Shrewsbury men also settled in this vicinity. Children of first wife, born at Shrewsbury: Caleb, May 14, 1762; John, March 27, 1764;

Chloe, August 4, 1765. Child of second wife: Ware Darwin, mentioned below.

(X) Ware Darwin, son of John (4) Sherman, was born at Conway, Massachusetts, October 3, 1771, died about 1842. When a young man he removed to Arlington, Vermont, probably as early as 1790, and he married there Anna D. Canfield, of Arlington, daughter of Ezekiel and Mary (Sackett) Canfield. They settled at Kingsbury, New York, about 1806, and subsequently removed to Luzerne. He was a farmer and lumberman. Children: John Sackett, born 1790; Lydia, 1792; Richard, 1795; Augustus, mentioned below; Abigail, 1807; Anson, 1808; Avery, 1810; Anna, 1813.

(XI) Augustus, son of Ware Darwin Sherman, was born in Arlington, Vermont, February 11, 1801, died December 3, 1884. When he was five years old his parents went to Kingsbury, and shortly afterward to Fairfield, now Luzerne, New York. About 1823 the family migrated to Pennsylvania, going in a covered wagon, and covering a distance of forty miles in a day between Schenectady and Buffalo, New York, they claiming to have the fastest team in the State. Augustus Sherman attended the winter terms of the common school, but the schools were crude and the terms short. Early in life he became familiar with the hard work of the farmer and lumberman. Before the Glens Falls feeder was constructed he used to draw lumber across from Corinth or Big Falls, raft it on cribs to the bend and thence take it across Deadman's Point above Fort Edward, and after the big dam at that place was built he had to carry the timber still farther down the river to Rogers's landing opposite Schuyler's Island, whence it was rafted to market. With the opening of the Glens Falls feeder he was among the first to place a boat on its waters for the transportation of lumber. When he was but fifteen years old he had to drive a lumber wagon alone to Albany and attend to sales and purchases, a task he performed with all the good judgment and faithfulness of a man of experience. In the following year, in consequence of his father's financial troubles, he was obliged to take entire charge of the business, and he worked early and late with untiring perseverance and energy in order to help his father out of debt. His venture in the lumber business on his own account was in operating an old English saw mill with two saws, located on a small stream which empties into the Hudson river, and at the same time he operated a grist mill in the vicinity. In addition to this laborious task, he drew and rafted his lumber to the market.

Here he laid the foundation of the large fortune that he subsequently accumulated. After three years he took the Buttolph mill farther down the river. Having disposed of his property in Luzerne, in the winter of 1840-41, he made his home near the feeder-dam and resumed the manufacture of lumber on a large scale with greatly increased facilities. Two years later he went to Glens Falls, where he made a permanent home. Year by year, with increased means at his command, his lumber operations became more and more extended until they reached colossal proportions. He began to invest heavily in lumber lands by purchasing in the sixteenth township and he secured prompt and substantial profits. He had the thorough knowledge of business and values, and uncommon shrewdness in buying and selling. All his investments turned out well, and his fortune became in the end second to none in the county. His career was a notable example of the American self-made business man. He was associated with nearly all the financial corporations of Glens Falls, either as trustee, director, manager or president. He was the first president of the Glens Falls Paper Mill Company and also of the Bald Mountain Lime Company. In the early seventies he interested himself in erecting handsome business buildings in Glens Falls. In politics he was a Republican, and in religion a Presbyterian. He married (first), March 4, 1824, Nancy Weed, born March 27, 1802, died June 12, 1848. He married (second), September 1, 1856, Charlotte H. Conkling, of Martinsburg, Lewis county, New York, born March 18, 1825, died July 10, 1889. Children: 1. Mercy M., born May 17, 1825, died June 17, 1856; married, July 4, 1844, Alexander Canfield. 2. Anner D., born March 29, 1827, died March 28, 1889; married William Wolsey Weed. 3. Abby G., born September 9, 1828, died June 13, 1896; married Lemon Thompson. 4. Martha Mahala, born January 21, 1831, died April 10, 1902; married, December 15, 1850, George Ruge. 5. Lydia L., born February 29, 1832, died October 4, 1892; married, October, 1862, Henry G. Lapham. 6. William A., born November 20, 1834, mentioned below. 7. Darwin Ware, born March 31, 1837, mentioned below.

(XII) William A., son of Augustus Sherman, was born November 20, 1834, died May 7, 1883. He was educated in the public schools. For many years he was a prominent lumberman, a partner in the firm of Ruge, Sherman & Company. He was a member of the Baptist church. He married, January 13, 1862, Harriet Aurelia Newland, born March 29,

#829, died November 13, 1895, daughter of David and Mary (Billings) Newland. Her father was born June 23, 1788; married, May 4, 1814, Mary Billings, born October 26, 1792, died December 15, 1840. Children: Carrie Louise, born July 13, 1863, died June 4, 1875; Eddie Darwin, June 7, 1867, died December 19, 1867; Arthur William, mentioned below.

(XIII) Arthur William, son of William A. Sherman, was born at Glens Falls, February 23, 1869. He was educated in the public schools, at Glens Falls Academy and River-view Academy of Poughkeepsie, New York. In 1905 he became vice-president and cashier of the First National bank. He is interested in numerous other enterprises. He is treasurer of the Glens Falls Portland Cement Company, vice-president of the Kendrick & Brown Company, treasurer of the Sherman Lime Company and of the Glens Falls hospital. In politics he is a Republican, and he attends the Presbyterian church. He is a member of Senate Lodge, No. 456, Free and Accepted Masons, of Glens Falls, New York; Glens Falls Chapter, No. 55, Washington Commandery, No. 33, of Saratoga Springs; Oriental Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles Mystic Shrine, of Troy, New York. He married, October 18, 1893, Gertrude Coolidge, born March 30, 1869. Children: Thomas Coolidge, born September 29, 1894; Harriet Newland, April 7, 1899, died June 26, 1908; Georgianna Coolidge, April 28, 1901; Arthur William, Jr., May 6, 1903.

(XII) Darwin Ware, son of Augustus Sherman, was born in Hadley, New York, March 31, 1837, died December 13, 1894. He was educated in the common schools of Hadley and Glens Falls, and when a young man he engaged in the lumbering business for his father, and upon the death of his father he continued to operate the industry established by his father and he became one of the representative business men and capitalists of the section. He married, October 13, 1856, Marion Robbins, born July 16, 1838, died June 28, 1890. Children: William A., born January 7, 1861, married, October 31, 1882, Gertrude Snow; children: Ruth and Richard; Henry L., mentioned below.

(XIII) Henry L., son of Darwin Ware Sherman, was born at Glens Falls, May 5, 1865. He was educated in the public schools and the Glens Falls Academy. He has been for many years engaged in the lumber and lime business and is at present secretary of the Sherman Lime Company. For sixteen years he was interested in the hotel business, conducting the Marion House on Lake George. He was trustee of Glens Falls vil-

lage for two years before it was incorporated as a city, and he served on the board of education for six years and was secretary of the Glens Falls Hospital Association for ten years. He is a life member of the following Masonic organizations: Senate Lodge No. 456, Free and Accepted Masons, Glens Falls; Glens Falls Chapter, No. 55; Washington Commandery No. 33, of Saratoga Springs, New York; Oriental Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles Mystic Shrine, of Troy, New York, and Scottish Rite, thirty-second degree, of Troy and Albany. He married, May 12, 1885, at Glens Falls, Jennie Wait, born January 30, 1864. They have one child, Darwin Wait, born February 5, 1890, who is a sophomore (1910), Yale.

The family is of English origin, and for a long period the principal home of the family in England has been in the vicinity of Derbyshire. For more than a century the name has been spelled Lomas in England, but earlier Lumas, Lommas or Lomes were used. Other variations are Lomys, Lomis, Lomas, while the American spelling is generally Loomis. The name occurred in England in the early part of the fifteenth century, and is supposed to have been a place name. In France and Switzerland, Lomis is a common-place name. The Lomas coat-of-arms is: Argent between two palets, gules three fleurs de lis in pale sable a chief azure. Crest: On a chapeau a pelican vulning herself proper.

(I) Joseph Loomis, immigrant ancestor, was probably born about 1590. He was a woollen draper in Braintree, county Essex, England, and sailed from London, April 11, 1638, in the ship "Susan and Ellen," arriving at Boston, July 17, 1638. He settled at Windsor, Connecticut, and February 2, 1640, was granted twenty-one acres of land adjoining the Farmington river, on the west side of the Connecticut river, and also had several large tracts on the east side of the Connecticut river, by purchase and grant. He is supposed to have come to Windsor in company with Rev. Ephraim Huet, who arrived there August 17, 1639. Joseph Loomis brought with him five sons and three daughters. His house was near the mouth of Farmington river on what was known as the Island, because at every freshet it became temporarily one. His wife died August 23, 1652, and he died November 25, 1653. Children: Joseph, born in England about 1616; daughter, married, 1640, Captain Nicholas Olmstead; Elizabeth, married, May 20, 1641, Josiah Hull; Deacon John, born 1622, in England;

Thomas, born in England, married, November 1, 1653, Hannah Fox; Nathaniel, mentioned below; Mary, died August 19, 1680; Samuel, born in England.

(II) Nathaniel, son of Joseph Loomis, was born in England, and came to America with his father in 1638. He married, November 24, 1653, Elizabeth, daughter of John Moore. He was made a freeman in 1654, and admitted to the church, May 3, 1663. He died August 19, 1688, and his will was dated August 17, 1688, signed Nathaniel Loomys. His wife survived him. Children: Elizabeth, born August 7, 1655; Lieutenant Nathaniel, March 20, 1657; Abigail, March 27, 1659; Josiah, February 17, 1660-61; Jonathan, March 30, 1664; David, January 11, 1667-68; Hezekiah, February 21, 1668-69, mentioned below; Moses, May 15, 1671; Mindwell, July 20, 1673; Ebenezer, March 22, 1675; Mary, January 5, 1680; Rebecca, December 10, 1682.

(III) Hezekiah, son of Nathaniel Loomis, was born February 21, 1668-69, died in 1758. He married, April 30, 1690, Mary Porter, born November 20, 1672, died August 12, 1752. Children, born in Windsor: Noah, April 1, 1692; Mary, November 15, 1694; Hezekiah, November 7, 1697; Ensign Solomon, July 14, 1700, mentioned below; Joanna, December 4, 1702; Jonah, April 1, 1705; Elizabeth, August 13, 1708; Ann, February 20, 1710-11.

(IV) Ensign Solomon, son of Hezekiah Loomis, was born at Windsor, July 14, 1700. He married, June 28, 1727, Abigail Strong, who died May 6, 1773, aged seventy-two. He bought land in Tolland in 1724, and died in Tolland, August 26, 1772. Children, born in Tolland: Abigail, April 18, 1728; daughter, May 20, 1730, died same day; Michal, a daughter, May 20, 1730; Solomon, November 4, 1732, mentioned below; Anna, March 29, 1735; Esther, July 8, 1738.

(V) Solomon (2), son of Ensign Solomon (1) Loomis, was born in Tolland, November 4, 1732, died there August 5, 1805. He married (first) Mary Chapman, who died February 11, 1774, aged forty-two. He married (second), December 21, 1775, Mary Johnson. Children, born in Tolland: Simon, March 7, 1758; Solomon, September 27, 1760; Luke, April 11, 1764, died April 27, 1764; Nathaniel, January 5, 1766; Ephraim, September 20, 1768; Jeduthun, November 10, 1777, mentioned below; Elisha, January 27, 1779; Mary, November 5, 1780; Justin, July 10, 1783; Ralph, February 28, 1785; Ruth, April 11, 1787; Joel, August 18, 1789.

(VI) Jeduthun, son of Solomon (2) Loomis, was born at Tolland, November 10,

1777. He removed to Cambridge, Washington county, New York, in 1800, and died there, October 22, 1838. He married, July 26, 1801, Abigail Adams; she died January 14, 1868, aged eighty-six. Children, born in Cambridge: Son, May 25, 1802, died July 16, 1802; Alanson D., June 20, 1803; Leonard M., December 18, 1804; Benjamin M., November 23, 1806; son, August 14, 1808, died August 28, 1808; Abigail S., September 23, 1809; Jeduthun, June 9, 1811; Ezekiel A., July 4, 1813, mentioned below; son, June 24, 1815, died July 4, 1815; Joel, April 13, 1817; Mary A. W., July 8, 1819; Nathaniel S. P., July 15, 1821; Sylva Ann, June 25, 1825.

(VII) Ezekiel A., son of Jeduthun Loomis, was born July 4, 1813, at Cambridge, died November 18, 1858, at Granby, Oswego county, New York. He married, April 6, 1839, Ann Rice. Child, John R., mentioned below.

(VIII) John R., son of Ezekiel A. Loomis, was born January 15, 1846. He lived in Jersey City, New Jersey. He married, October 6, 1868, Emma Little. Children: Kate L., Russell M. L., John R. Jr. and George L.; all but John R. being deceased.

(IX) John R. (2), son of John R. (1) Loomis, was born January 25, 1873. He was educated in the public schools and at Glens Falls Academy. He has been engaged in the insurance business at Glens Falls since leaving school and is now a member of the firm of Little & Loomis, doing an insurance business in Glens Falls, New York, and in Montreal, Canada. He is a member of Glens Falls club. In politics he is a Republican, and in religion a Presbyterian. He married, March 2, 1897, Alice E. Rugge, daughter of George and Martha Mahala (Sherman) Rugge. They have one child, Martha Mahala, born November 26, 1902.

The earliest record of the OSTROM name, which is of good old Holland Dutch origin, was one Gerret Willemese Oesteroem (notice the spelling, which is one of the most peculiar and puzzling of the Dutch characteristics), who came to this country and settled in Beverwyck (Albany), 1631, but all record of his descendants is lost. Hendrick Janse Oesteroem, of Bushwick (Flatbush), Long Island, 1660, had descendants who went to Bergen, New Jersey, and thence up the Hudson river to Kingston, Poughkeepsie and elsewhere. An Ostrom in the Netherlands possessed a coat-of-arms. They were banished from Holland on account of their religion,

either in 1600 or 1620. There is a town by the name "Ostromdorp" (village) in the province of Friesland, Holland.

(I) Captain Henry Ostram was born in Holland, November 26, 1741, died near Albany, New York, January 14, 1797. He came to America and settled in Schenectady county, New York, about the year 1765. He enlisted in the war of the revolution, and was a captain in the Third Regiment, Albany county, New York, militia. He married Abigail Davenport, born May 12, 1748. They were residents of Ulster county, New York, for a time. Children: 1. John, see forward. 2. Thomas, born October 8, 1765, died February 16, 1848. 3. Joshua, twin of Thomas. 4. Stephen, October 30, 1767. 5. Daniel, September 17, 1769; married, January, 1796, Elizabeth Bombsby, and lived in West Charlton, Saratoga county, New York. Children: i. Phoebe; ii. Maria (wife of David I. Ostrom); iii. Henry, born April 22, 1809, died March 19, 1884, married Grace McCredie, February 2, 1832; children: Daniel H., born August 14, 1833; Jane Maria, wife of Rev. Joshua R. Kyle, born August 28, 1836, died fall of 1877; Elizabeth Johnston, wife of Dr. Carson, of Canandaigua, born October 6, 1841; William Henry, born February 1, 1844, deceased; Harriet, second wife of Rev. J. R. Kyle, born September 7, 1848. iv. Daniel H., married Annie F. Gilchrist, December 22, 1858; children: Grace, wife of Edward Whiteside, of South Cambridge, New York, born July 1, 1860; Mary Bell, born July 24, 1864, married P. A. Finley, died March 7, 1901; John H., born March 5, 1867, married Cornelia Chalmers, November 22, 1898. 6. Abigail, January 4, 1782. 7. Hendrick, October 10, 1784. 8. David, January 17, 1787. 9. Oliver, born November 1, 1790, died in Schenectady, September 17, 1896.

(II) John, eldest son and child of Captain Henry and Abigail (Davenport) Ostrom, was born April 1, 1764, in Ulster county, New York, died in the town of Glen, December 20, 1846. He was a militiaman under General Van Rensselaer in the pursuit of Sir John Johnson and of whom reference is made by Jephtha R. Simms, author of "History of Schoharie County," and "Border Wars of New York," also "Frontiersmen of New York." He was attached to the company of which his father was captain, having joined the Albany troops. He came with a brother in 1785 to Montgomery county, where they located a tract of two hundred acres of unbroken land lying in the town of Glen, west of Auries creek, where they cleared the farm of timber and erected a house. This has been brought

to a high state of cultivation and still remains in the possession of the family. It is being occupied by the third generation of Ostroms, covering a period of one hundred and twenty-five years. He married, in Montgomery county, February 8, 1787, Anne Lane, born April 14, 1765, died November 4, 1830. Children: 1. Henry, born June 30, 1789, died January, 1792. 2. Elizabeth, born August, 1791, died January 13, 1858; married John Vedder; children: i. Abigail Vedder, married John P. Yates, of Root; children: Peter Yates, born October 19, 1814; Catherine Ann Yates, married Dr. Hezekiah Leonardson; Oliver Yates; Sarah Yates, married James H. Pettingell; Dr. David H. Yates; Elizabeth Yates, married C. J. Lansing, state senator of California; Maria Yates, second wife of Senator C. J. Lansing; Stephen Ostrom Yates. ii. Maria Vedder, married John D. Still; children: Daniel O. Still; David V. Still, a prominent physician of Johnstown, New York; Anna Still, married Jesse Swabe, of Albany. iii. Nancy Vedder, born October 1, 1814, married Peter Yates, a kinsman; children: J. Ostrom Yates, born May 18, 1838; David H. Yates, born July 5, 1841; Theodore Yates, born September 30, 1844; Sarah M. Yates, born April 25, 1846, married, February 7, 1871, Milton Prunty; Hezekiah Yates, born May 21, 1848; Vedder Yates, born April 17, 1850; Edmond Yates, born November 24, 1851; Elizabeth Yates, born August 12, 1853; Oliver Yates, born April 6, 1855. iv. David Vedder, married Anna Schuyler; child: Dr. John D. Vedder, of Johnstown. v. John Ostrom Vedder, married Jane A. Lasher, of Sprakers, New York; children: Elizabeth, married M. Mount Edwards; Anna M., married William B. Dievendorf, of Sprakers, New York. 3. John, born November 30, 1797, died June 23, 1843; married Anna Maria Enders; no issue. 4. Daniel, born February 28, 1800, died February 13, 1801. 5. David I., born December 15, 1801; married Maria Ostrom, a kinswoman, May 15, 1823; children: i. Elizabeth, born May 19, 1824; ii. Ann Maria, November 1, 1825; iii. John, April 28, 1828; iv. Daniel D., February 21, 1830; v. John, July 23, 1832; vi. Phoebe, October 11, 1834; vii. David Henry, May 10, 1836; viii. Emma, November 4, 1838; ix. Abigail, December 28, 1839; x. Abigail Yates, March 6, 1842; xi. Stephen, June 25, 1848. 6. Ann, born August 28, 1804, died in October, 1830; married Rynear Van Evera; child, Ann Van Evera. 7. Stephen, see forward. John Ostrom married (second), September 21, 1832, Mrs. Nancy Banker, who died September 27, 1832, just

one week after her marriage; cholera was then epidemic in Schenectady, and she was one of its victims. He married (third) Mrs. Alida Van Dorn, born December 16, 1834, died June 12, 1842; no issue.

(III) Stephen, seventh son and youngest child of John and Anne (Lane) Ostrom, was born February 13, 1812, died August 19, 1886. He was born, lived and died on the homestead farm. He married (first), October 31, 1832, Mary Antoinette Schuyler, Rev. Alanson B. Chittenden, of Glen, officiating; she was born February 10, 1816, died May 18, 1839. Children: 1. John H., born June 9, 1834; married, March 3, 1857, Rev. Adam H. Van Vranken, of Glen, officiating, Julia C. Quackenbush, born November 25, 1836, died July 28, 1901; children: i. Jacob Schuyler Ostrom, born March 27, 1858, died May 7, 1859; ii. Estella Ostrom, born January 11, 1860, married Harvey D. Shelp, September 1, 1880, Rev. Richard L. Schoonmaker, of Glen, officiating; iii. Eugene Ostrom, born May 22, 1863, married Winona Van Derveer, July 3, 1884, Rev. C. D. Hainer, of Randall, New York, officiating; iv. John Schuyler Ostrom, born June 15, 1874, died December 31, 1909, married Ella Van Valkenburg, January 1, 1896, Rev. Edward C. Hall, of Charleston Four Corners, officiating. 2. Mary Antoinette, born March 26, 1836, died November 19, 1841. Stephen Ostrom married (second) in the town of Glen, October 1, 1839, Rev. Charles Jukes, of Glen, officiating, Anna Maria Edwards, born March 9, 1818, died September 26, 1899. Children: 3. Charles Jukes, born November 5, 1840; unmarried; is an invalid and resides on the home farm; is a man of unusual mental attainments; member of Free and Accepted Masons. 4. Anna M. Enders, born January 12, 1843; married, March 15, 1882, Richard Winne, Rev. Francis M. Kip Jr., of Fultonville, officiating; Richard Winne was born November 3, 1830, died June 15, 1902, son of Major James and Jemima (Van Cise) Winne; no issue. 5. Elizabeth, born May 19, 1845; married, December 29, 1896, Rev. Frank V. Van Vranken officiating, Walter B. Cross, justice of the peace at Fultonville, New York; children: i. Susan Brown Cross, married Dr. Frederick I. Jansen, January 11, 1899, Rev. William Schmitz, of Fultonville, officiating; now residents of Salt Lake City, Utah; ii. Antoinette Edwards Cross, born March 4, 1873, married, October 15, 1902, Rev. I. J. Van Hee, of Fultonville, officiating, C. Van Dyke See, of New York City; iii. Edward Ostrom Cross, born January 2, 1876, married, July 11, 1903, Florence Anderson, of Midland,

Michigan, Rev. G. F. A. MacKelcan officiating; children: Frederic S. Cross, born March 18, 1804; Elizabeth Ostrom Cross, born September 23, 1905; Ruth E. Cross, born September 16, 1907. 6. Miriam Collins, born in town of Glen, November 29, 1847, see forward. 7. Margaretta Edwards, born November 10, 1850, died November 8, 1876, unmarried. 8. David L., born May 30, 1853, died April 5, 1900; member of Free and Accepted Masons; married Mary Van Epps, September 20, 1876, Rev. Francis M. Kip Jr., of Fultonville, officiating; children: i. Victoria Ostrom, born July 31, 1881, married John W. Brill, June 6, 1907, Rev. J. Edward Grant, of Fultonville, officiating; ii. Earl, born March 19, 1883, married Ruamy Olmstead Lehman, January 2, 1905, Rev. J. C. Gould, of Northville, officiating. Mrs. Mary (Van Epps) Ostrom married (second), October 19, 1907, Rev. J. Edward Grant officiating, N. V. Lasher, a farmer of Crescent, Saratoga county, New York, and occupies the old Van Epps homestead farm. 9. Stephen, born December 9, 1855, resides on the Ostrom homestead; unmarried. 10. Ella Louisa, born September 7, 1858; married, February 21, 1883, Rev. Sidney O. Lausing and Rev. Frank V. Van Vranken officiating, Jacob H. Nellis, of Canajoharie, now of Paterson, New Jersey; children: i. Clara Louise Nellis, born March 15, 1885, married, Rev. George W. Labaw officiating, October 18, 1909, Bird Berdan; child: Dorcas Louise, born August 5, 1910; ii. Margaret Antoinette Nellis, born February 9, 1887; iii. Joseph I. Nellis, born January 1, 1892; iv. Grace Van Derveer Nellis, born August 11, 1896, died September 21, 1897; v. Anna M. O. Nellis, born September 14, 1898. Anna Maria (Edwards) Ostrom, second wife of Stephen Ostrom, was the daughter of John and Ann (Van Schaick) Edwards, and one of nine children: 1. William H., born January 2, 1817, died June 25, 1881. 2. Anna Maria, married Stephen Ostrom. 3. Margaret Lord, born October 17, 1819, died January 23, 1908. 4. John V. S., born February 17, 1822, died July 2, 1887; married Mrs. Mary M. Horsford; children: J. S. Glen, a prominent citizen of Glen, now on a tour round the world; Edward, Mary and Geldes H. 5. Eleanor E., born July 1, 1824, died October 5, 1896; unmarried. 6. Thomas V. S., born July 9, 1827, died May 12, 1852; unmarried. 7. James W., born June 18, 1829, died June 17, 1830. 8. Antoinette, born May 22, 1831, died August 25, 1899; married James H. Barhyte, of Schenectady. 9. Jane, born July 9, 1833; married Newton Van Derveer, now of St. Joseph, Michigan. Ann

(Van Schaick) Edwards, wife of John Edwards, was the daughter of John and Eleanor (Geran) Van Schaick.

(IV) Miriam Collins, fourth child of Stephen and Anna Maria (Edwards) Ostrom, was born in Glen, New York, November 29, 1847. She married, September 29, 1875, Rev. J. P. Dysart officiating and Rev. Frank V. Van Vranken assisting. W. Hoagland Baird, born in Charleston, Montgomery county, New York, February 10, 1849, see forward. Children: 1. Nellie Ostrom, born October 29, 1877; member of Cayadutta Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, of Gloversville. 2. Benjamin H., born June 23, 1884; member of Fultonville Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Johnstown Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; he is a Democrat in politics. Married, December 23, 1910, Grace Catherine Mead, Rev. Henry B. Kimmey, of Albany, officiating. Both children reside at home. Mr. Baird, Sr., is a member of Fultonville Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; he is a Democrat in politics, and served two terms as supervisor. Mrs. Baird is a charter member of Caughnawaga Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, also charter member of Mohawk Valley Order of Eastern Star.

(The Baird Line).

Major William Baird, great-grandfather of W. Hoagland Baird, was born in Scotland, February 24, 1704, died 1793, son of Scotch parents who settled in New Jersey directly on their arrival from Scotland. During the war of the revolution Major Baird served in the Second Battalion Somerset County Militia or State Troops. He was captain of the battalion, afterwards first major. He married and reared a family.

(II) William (2), son of Major William (1) Baird, born in Somerset county, New Jersey, December 22, 1742, died October 5, 1830; married, July 23, 1775, Cathnah Hoagland, born February 27, 1753, died July 11, 1887.

(III) Hon. Benjamin, son of William (2) Baird, was born October 11, 1787, died 1873. He was elected a member of assembly in 1846. He married, November 13, 1817, Eleanor Miller, born May 4, 1798, died June 20, 1882.

(IV) William (3), son of Hon. Benjamin Baird, was born September 23, 1818, died July 19, 1893. He married D. Malina Abel, born in Glen, May 10, 1816, died December 6, 1904, Rev. Christian Zabriskie Paulison officiating. Children: 1. Mary E., married John H. Serviss, and resides in Closter, New Jersey; child, Ethel, married David D. Ack-

erman. 2. Hepzibah Abel, married M. Mount Shelp; child, Willis Baird, a resident of Amsterdam. 3. W. Hoagland, mentioned above.

The Scott family of Saratoga Springs, New York, descend from an English ancestor, Benjamin Scott, who settled in Ireland in the reign of James I.

(I) George Scott, born in Londonderry county, Ireland, came to the American colonies in 1773 and located on a farm in the town of Ballston, Saratoga county, New York, near the Milton line, on the "Middle Line Road." This was then but a clearing in the great northern wilderness, and the inhabitants were in a state of constant watchfulness against the wild things of the forest. The danger from the Indians was very great, and in October, 1780, a band of Tories and Indians, under the leadership of Captain Munro, attacked the Scott homestead, which they pillaged and left the owner supposedly dead from a blow on the head from a tomahawk. It was during this raid that General James Gordon and almost every settler along the "Middle Line," was captured and taken to Canada, some being killed. George Scott married a sister of General Gordon. She was born and married in Kilcadd county, Antrim, Ireland, and was of Scotch ancestors on both sides. Her brother, General Gordon, born October 31, 1739, came to America when a boy of seventeen, went back to Ireland, then came again to America, and after being in the Indian trade at Albany and army contracting, settled in Ballston in 1771-72. He was active in the revolutionary service, and was promoted through successive rank to that of brigadier-general by Governor Clinton in 1785. On October 3, 1780, he arrived at his home in Ballston from Poughkeepsie, where he had been attending an extra session convened by Governor Clinton. Some of the Tories in the neighborhood informed Munro, and the raid was made for the purpose of capturing the general. He was awakened by bayonets being thrust through the windows of his home. After his capture the marauders went to the house of George Scott, who was felled by the blows from three tomahawks. The Indians rushed forward to take his scalp, but were prevented. General Gordon was carried to Quebec, thence to the Isle of Orleans, from whence he escaped with some of his old neighbors taken in the second raid of 1781. He was a large land owner and erected mills in Ballston. It was through his efforts that his brother-in-law, George Scott, located in that section. He married, March.

16, 1775, Mary, daughter of Rev. Eliphalet Ball, who came from Bedford, Westchester county, New York, in 1700, purchased four hundred acres of land and established the first Presbyterian church. The town of Ballston is named in his honor. Rev. Eliphalet Ball was a second cousin of Mary Ball, mother of General Washington. He had three sons, Stephen, John a colonel in the revolution, Flamen, and a daughter Mary, who married General James Gordon. General Gordon had a distinguished civil as well as military career. He was the first supervisor of the town of Ballston, a member of the assembly, state senator for nine years, and representative in the second and third United States congresses. He was honored by a visit from President Washington at his home in Ballston when the president visited northern New York. He was judge of the Saratoga court of common pleas. He died in Ballston, January 17, 1810, leaving a daughter Melinda. Children of George Scott: James, see forward; Mary, married William Marshall; Margaret, unmarried; Susan, married Daniel Starr.

(II) James, only son of George and — (Gordon) Scott, was born at the Gordon homestead in Ballston, New York, January 31, 1774, died in the same town in 1857. He was a well-known surveyor of his day. He married Mary Botsford, born in Derby, Connecticut, died the year of her marriage, leaving an only child.

(III) Judge George Gordon, only son of James and Mary (Botsford) Scott, was born in the town of Ballston, Saratoga county, New York, May 11, 1811, died September 7, 1886. He prepared for Union College, where he was graduated in 1831, being then twenty years of age. He embraced the profession of law, for which he prepared with Palmer & Goodrich, at Ballston, finishing his course of preparation with Brown & Thompson, of the same village. He was admitted to the bar in 1834, and at once began the practice of his profession in Ballston. He soon became well established in business and commanded universal respect for his legal ability and manly, upright character. In 1838 he was commissioned judge of the county courts by Governor Marcy, but resigned before the expiration of his term. He was an active Democrat, and was elected to the state assembly in 1856, and re-elected in 1857. In the latter year he was elected state senator from the fifteenth district, and served his term, but declined re-election. In 1861 he was the nominee of his party for the high office of state comptroller, but was defeated

by Lucius Robinson. In 1859 he removed from the Milton part of Ballston Spa into his native town, and in 1860 was elected supervisor, being re-elected each year for twenty-one years, generally without opposition. In 1863 and 1876 he was chairman of the board. He delivered the historical address at Ballston Spa in 1876, and in 1877 was presiding officer at Bemis Heights upon the occasion of the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of that decisive battle of the revolution. He survived all his associates on the bench, and was the last of fifteen senators of Saratoga county who were contemporaries. He married Lucy, daughter of Joel Lee, of Ballston Spa, and left issue.

(IV) James Lee, son of Judge Gordon and Lucy (Lee) Scott, was born at Ballston Spa, New York, January 9, 1856. He prepared for college at Greylock Institute, South Williamstown, Massachusetts, and entered Williams College in 1872, and was graduated from there in 1876. He prepared for the profession of law, and was actively engaged in legal practice at Ballston Spa until 1900, when he removed to Saratoga Springs. In 1886-87 he was county clerk of Saratoga county, and in 1898 was appointed referee in bankruptcy for the counties of Saratoga, Schenectady and Warren, and held that office for twelve years. He has many important business interests. He is president of the Congress Spring Company; president of the Ballston Refrigerating Storage Company, of Ballston; first vice-president of The Adirondack Trust Company, of Saratoga; vice-president of the Security Steel & Iron Company, of Troy. His clubs are the University and Manhattan of New York City, the Maganassippi Fish & Game of Canada, the Saratoga and Saratoga Golf. Politically he is a Republican. He married a Miss Boone, of Louisville, Kentucky, a direct descendant of Squire Boone (brother of Daniel), and of Judge John Rowan, formerly United States senator from Kentucky. He has two sons, Brenton and Gordon.

The name Silliman, Sillemant or Sillivant is derived from a silly man not silly or witless, as used in modern times, but innocent, free from guile, a good man. About 1690 the name came to be spelled Silliman. It has been suggested by persons familiar with the pronunciation of family names that this family was of Irish extraction, but there has been no proof yet found.

(I) Daniel Silliman was in Fairfield in 1658. He married (first), in July, 1661, Peac-

able Eggleston, widow of John Eggleston. He bought of Joseph Middlebrook, administrator of John Eggleston's estate, ten acres of land left for the use of Eggleston's son. This lot was southwest of the present Black Rock bridge. He married (second) Hannara, Henichy or Hannah Hendrickson, widow of "Hendrick" or "Henry Hendrickson." He was one of the land dividend holders of the town. He died intestate in 1690, and the inventory of his estate, valued at three hundred and two pounds, was made January 13, 1690-91. His property was divided between his wife Hannah and his three sons. It has not been determined whether he was related to Daniel Sillivant or Selevant, of New Haven, who married, before 1654, Abigail Cole, only daughter of James Cole, of Hartford, and who married, October 17, 1654, Eliza Lamberton, daughter of Captain George Lamberton, master of the famous phantom ship, or the ship in the air, lost in 1646. In the New Haven records, it says that a William Trowbridge married, March 9, 1667, at Milford, Elizabeth, widow of Sillivant and daughter of George Lamberton, but before this Elizabeth deeded the house and lands given to her husband and his former wife, Abigail, by James Cole, her father, in his will, and it also says that the said Daniel died in Virginia in 1655, and he left a will, proved June 1655, naming his widow. Tradition says that Daniel of Fairfield was from Holland. Children by first wife: Daniel, Thomas, Robert, mentioned below.

(II) Robert, son of Daniel Silliman, married Sarah, daughter of Cornelius Hull. He died in 1748. Children: Sarah, baptized September 16, 1694; Nathaniel, September 27, 1696; Anne, March 12, 1698-99; Martha, August 24, 1701; Robert, March 19, 1703-04, mentioned below; Rebecca, April 8, 1705; Ebenezer, September 21, 1707.

(III) Robert (2), son of Robert (1) Silliman, was baptized March 19, 1703-04. He married (first), October 20, 1715, Ruth, daughter of Samuel Tredwell, of Pequonnock. She died March 15, 1756. He married (second), Mary Morehouse, December 14, 1756. Children by first wife: Robert, born September 26, 1716, mentioned below; Ruth, baptized August 24, 1718; Daniel, born December 31, 1722; Sarah, February 17, 1728-29; John, April 9, 1731. By second wife: Ruth, born August 19, 1760. There were perhaps other children by second wife.

(IV) Rev. Robert (3) Silliman, son of Robert (2) Silliman, was born September 26, 1716, at Fairfield, died in 1781 at Saybrook. He married Annie, daughter of Samuel

Cooke, granddaughter of Thomas Cooke and great-granddaughter of Thomas Cooke. Samuel Cooke was born November 22, 1687, and became a Congregational minister; settled in Stratfield, Connecticut, now Bridgeport, with a salary of a hundred pounds a year with his firewood. He is described as of dignified appearance and manner, wearing a particularly careful ministerial dress. He married Anne Trowbridge, a girl of twenty, only daughter of John Trowbridge, of New Haven. For a time Cooke was the principal of the Hopkins grammar school. The wife of John Trowbridge was a daughter of Governor Leete, a distinguished member of an old English noble family. Anne was the youngest child of seven. Robert Silliman moved to New Canaan, Connecticut, to succeed Rev. John Eells, as pastor, and continued there for thirty years. He accepted a call to Saybrook, Connecticut, January 8, 1772. Solomon A. Silliman has in his possession a copy of the old church record of Saybrook, which contains the proceedings of a meeting of the society to give a call to Rev. Robert Silliman, and his letter of acceptance. It was voted at this meeting to give him a salary of sixty pounds and twenty cords of firewood a year, the sixty pounds to be one-third in cash, and two-thirds in food products at the market price in that town. His wife died two years and a half before him. His own death came unexpectedly while he was visiting. Among his children were: 1. Samuel Cooke, died February 14, 1798; married Elizabeth Stratton and Dinah Comstock, and lived on the homestead. 2. Dr. Joseph, mentioned below. 3. John, who built the first boat that navigated the Connecticut river propelled by any power but the wind, namely horsepower; he loaded it with grain to go up and down the river, and, running against a "snag," it sank. He afterward left that part of the country and moved to a place north of Troy, called Half Moon, and from him have come three or four generations who have lived along the Hudson in this vicinity, some of whom have been prominent business men in Troy; one each of the third and fourth generations are still living here, also some in West Troy, now called Watervliet. In the census of 1790, the only heads of families of this surname at Stamford and Norwalk, which are reported together, were Dr. Joseph, who had two sons under sixteen, and three females, and Samuel Cooke, who had one son under sixteen and one female.

(V) Dr. Joseph Silliman, son of Rev. Robert (3) Silliman, was born about 1760. He removed from New Canaan at the age of fif-

teen, but returning later settled there. He was a prominent physician and held various offices of trust and honor. He died in Bedford, New York, aged seventy-one. He married, November 23, 1785, Martha Leeds. Children: Joseph, born August 13, 1786, graduate of Yale, married Martha Mitchell; William, January 17, 1788, graduate of Yale, married — St. John; Eliabeth Leeds, October 22, 1789, married Hon. Minot Mitchell; Samuel Cooke, January 11, 1792, graduate of Yale, married Uriah Reeds' daughter; Elisha, December 22, 1793; Ann, October 23, 1795, died young; John Leeds, mentioned below.

(VI) John Leeds, son of Dr. Joseph Silliman, was born at New Canaan, Connecticut, June 14, 1798, died at White Plains, New York, May 2, 1879. He was a farmer. Originally a Whig, he supported the Republican party after it was established. In religion he was a Presbyterian and active in good works. He married, December 24, 1822, Catharine Mary, born at Poundridge, Westchester county, New York, October 13, 1802, daughter of Solomon Lockwood (see Lockwood VI). Children: William, Joseph, John, Minot M., Ann Eliza, Chauncey M., Solomon Augustus, Charles H., Charles H. M. and Caroline M.

(VII) Solomon Augustus, son of John Leeds Silliman, was born in Brutus, Cayuga county, New York, November 5, 1837. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and the Union School at Weedsport, New York. He also took a private course in accounting and commercial branches at Auburn, New York. He came to New York City in November, 1858, and engaged in temporary business for a year, then entered a firm dealing in trimmings and millinery goods. The firm imported goods extensively. He was in charge of the financial part of the business and of the accounts. In 1888 he came to Troy, New York, and since that time has been virtually retired from business, though he has taken some engagements as an expert accountant. He enlisted in the Twenty-third Regiment (Brooklyn regiment), New York National Guard, in the civil war, in 1862, and served from October 6, 1862, to May 1, 1867. He was for four years a member of the State National Guard Association. In politics he is a staunch Republican, and his first vote was cast for Abraham Lincoln. In religion he is a Presbyterian. He was formerly a member of the Union League club of New York City. He married June 26, 1879, Martha Ann, born at Troy, daughter of Henry Ingram (see Ingram VIII).

The surname Lockwood is of very ancient origin and is mentioned in the Domesday Book. It is a place name, and the family has several branches in England, in Staffordshire, Yorkshire, county Essex and Northampton. The coat-of-arms borne by Rev. Richard Lockwood, pastor of Dingley, Northampton, was: Argent, a fesse between three martlets sable.

(I) Robert Lockwood, immigrant ancestor, came to New England about 1630 and settled in Watertown, Massachusetts. He was admitted a freeman, March 9, 1636-37, and was the executor of the estate of one Edmund Lockwood, supposed to have been his brother. He removed to Fairfield, Connecticut. He was recorded as a settler there as early as 1641 and died there in 1668. He was admitted a freeman of that state, May 20, 1662. He was appointed sergeant at Fairfield in May, 1657. He is said to have lived for a time in Norwalk, Connecticut. He married Susannah —, who married (second) Jeffrey Ferris, and died at Greenwich. Children: Jonathan, mentioned below; Deborah, born October 12, 1636; Joseph, August 6, 1638; Daniel, March 21, 1640; Ephraim, December 1, 1641; Gershom, September 6, 1643; John; Abigail, married John Barlow, of Fairfield; Sarah; Mary, married Jonathan Heusted.

(II) Lieutenant Jonathan, son of Robert Lockwood, was born in Watertown, Massachusetts, September 10, 1634, died May 12, 1688, in Greenwich, Connecticut, in his fifty-fourth year. He married Mary, daughter of Jeffrey Ferris, who married, late in life, Mrs. Susannah Lockwood, widow of Robert Lockwood, and Jonathan's mother. Jonathan signed a paper on January 1, 1657, at Easttowne, in the New Netherlands, in which he promised allegiance to the Dutch governor as long as he lived within his jurisdiction. He lived in Stamford, Connecticut, October 16, 1660, and in 1665 he sold his estate there and moved to Greenwich. He was made a freeman here in 1670. He was assistant in May, 1671, and in 1672 was "one of the twenty-seven proprietors." He represented the town in the legislature for four years. At his death, the people met in town meeting and passed resolutions deploring the loss of so valuable a citizen, and he was greatly mourned. He was deputy to the general assembly several times. He was appointed by the court, with three others, to determine the boundary line between Greenwich and the colony of New York, from Mamaroneck river to Hudson river. On May

9, 1688, he made a deed, a division of property, and named his wife and children. This was three days before his death. His wife, after his death, made provision for her children, when about to marry Sergeant Thomas Merritt, of Rye, June 5, 1696. Children: Jonathan, born about 1663; Robert; Gershom; Still John, about 1674; Joseph, mentioned below; Sarah; Abigail.

(III) Joseph, son of Lieutenant Jonathan Lockwood, was born in 1675, in Stamford, Connecticut, died 1759, aged eighty-four, at Poundridge, Westchester county, New York, where he moved in 1743. He was admitted a freeman, February 7, 1697. He married (first), May 19, 1698, Elizabeth Ayres, who died December 16, 1715. He married (second), August 10, 1716, Margery, born October 4, 1683, died January 2, 1736-37, daughter of James and Hannah (Scofield) Webb. Children by first wife: Joseph, born March 15, 1699, mentioned below; Hannah, March 24, 1701; John, September 18, 1703; Nathaniel, April 1, 1706, died young; Elizabeth, May 15, 1708; Israel, June 4, 1710; Mary; Reuben, December 15, 1715. By second wife: Nathaniel, May 20, 1717; Nathan, March 25, 1719; James, July 15, 1722.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Lockwood, was born March 15, 1699, at Stamford. He moved with his father to Poundridge in 1743, and here he died June 15, 1757. He was one of the proprietors of the Stamford Patent, which was granted in 1685. He married Sarah, born April 1, 1706, died in 1790, daughter of Joshua and Mary (Pickett) Hoyt. Children: Eliakim, born February 28, 1728-29; Joseph, June 30, 1731, mentioned below; Elizabeth, March 7, 1733; Gilbert, 1736, died 1740; Ebenezer, March 31, 1737; Rachel, January 19, 1739; Mercy; Hezekiah, killed by a fence rail, aged seven years; Prudence.

(V) Captain Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) Lockwood, was born June 30, 1731, in Stamford, died March 17, 1792, at Poundridge. Joseph Lockwood was elected town clerk of Old Poundridge in 1760. He was chosen captain of a military company, and his commission was issued September 13, 1775. On June 10, 1775, a list of men who went from Manchester to Ticonderoga under him is given by him. He was chosen as one of the competent officers by the committee of safety at New York. He was unanimously chosen chairman of the first meeting of the congregation of the Presbyterian Society at Poundridge in 1760. He married Hannah Close, who died December 22, 1806, daughter of Solomon Close, of North Salem, New York.

She married (second) Captain James Richards, of New Canaan, Connecticut, a wealthy man, who died at New Canaan, May 17, 1810, aged eighty-seven, after being blind for several years. Children: Hannah; Sarah, born 1761; Joseph, December 3, 1764; Solomon, August 28, 1766, mentioned below; Prudence, 1767; Mindwell, married Jotham Waring; Mercy; Matilda, died young; Matilda, married Seth Kellogg; Nancy, married Henry Jones.

(VI) Solomon, son of Captain Joseph (3) Lockwood, was born August 28, 1766, at Poundridge, died March 19, 1841. He married Mary Close, of Greenwich, born April 16, 1770, died May 6, 1848, daughter of Odle Close. Children: Bethia, born June 21, 1791; Odle, May 4, 1793; Leander, November 21, 1794; Joseph, September 23, 1796; Hannah, March 9, 1798; William, September 14, 1800; Catharine Mary, October 13, 1802, married John L. Silliman, died April 17, 1879 (see Silliman VI); Sarah Elizabeth, September 10, 1805; Solomon, September 5, 1810, died September 22, 1811.

Randolph, son of Ingel'ram or INGRAM Ing'ram, was the sheriff of Nottingham and Derby in the reign of Henry II, 1133-89. He had two sons, Robert and William.

Robert Ingram, knight, son of Randolph, was of such importance in the reign of Henry III that the Prior and Convent of Lenton granted to him a yearly rent out of their lands in Sheynton and Nottingham, in recognition of his military service in their defense. His arms are painted in Temple Newsham, or Newsam, England, which is an immense estate, six miles long and four wide, about four and a half miles east of Leeds. It is now called the Ingram Estate, and at first it was a settlement of Knights Templar in the twelfth and thirteenth centuries. After their dispersion, it was granted by Edward III to Sir John Darcy, and descended to Sir Thomas Darcy, who was beheaded by Henry VIII, and the estate was forfeited to the crown. In 1554 it was again granted by Henry VIII to Mathew, Earl of Lennox, and here was born his son, Henry Darnley, who later married Mary, Queen of Scots. The estate descended to their son, James I, of England, and from him to his kinsman, Esme Stuart, Duke of Lennox, from whom it passed to Sir Arthur Ingram, the first of the Lords Viscount Irwin, one of the conditions being that the room in which Lord Darnley was born in should remain unaltered, and this room is still called the "King's Chamber."

Sir Arthur Ingram, who is supposed to have been born about 1570, was celebrated for his valor as a cavalier. He was a near relative of Wentworth, the celebrated Earl of Stafford. He was twice married; first to Eleanor, daughter of Sir Henry Slingsby, of the "Red House," and second to Lady Katherine, daughter of Thomas, Lord Viscount Fairfax of Gilling. Sir Arthur died in 1655. His portrait in cavalier costume, that of the First Viscount Irwin in full armor, and of Henry, the second Viscount Irwin in half armor, all nearly full length, were in the collection of the Bishop of California. William Ingraham Kip, D. D., LL. D., who died in 1804. His children were Henry and Arthur.

Henry, son of Sir Arthur Ingram, was born between 1595 and 1600. At the time of the restoration, six years after the death of his father, he was created a peer of Scotland by Charles II, with the title of Viscount Irwin, by letters patent, dated May 23, 1661, as a recompense to the family for their loyalty. He married Anne, daughter of Montacute, Earl of Manchester, a leader in parliament. The male branch in England, as descended from Sir Henry, the second Viscount Irwin, became extinct with Charles Ingram, ninth Viscount Irwin, who died in 1778. His daughter, the Marchioness of Hertford, and Lady William Gordon, successively inherited Temple Newsam, and from them it passed to their sister, Mrs. Hugo Maynell, whose son took the name of Ingram, and his descendants are the present owners of the family estate.

Arthur, of Barrowby, son of Sir Arthur Ingram, and brother to Henry Ingram, was born between 1595 and 1600. He married a daughter of Sir John Mallory about 1615, and genealogists agree that it was from him that the Ingram family in America is descended.

(I) Richard, doubtless son of Arthur Ingram, came to America between 1638 and 1642. He settled in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, where he was a proprietor in 1645. Some years later he moved to Northampton, Massachusetts, where in 1668, late in life, he married, probably his second marriage, Joan Rockwell Baker, daughter of William Rockwell and widow of Jeffrey Baker, of Windsor, Connecticut. He contributed a sum at the time of the general subscription for the support for Harvard college in 1672-73. He died in August, 1683, and his widow died September 16, 1683, both at Northampton. He is thought to have been a brother of Jared and Edward Ingram, as they all lived near together at times, and the name is the same. Edward came to America in 1635, and

Richard between 1638 and 1642, and Jared in 1635. There is also a John Ingram, who settled at Boston and Hadley, who is thought to have been Richard's son.

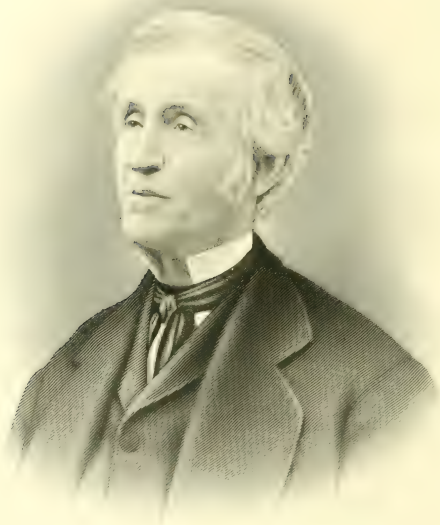
(II) John, very likely son of Richard Ingram, was born in England about 1642. He came to New England when a young man, and settled first at Boston, Massachusetts. He removed to Hadley, Massachusetts, with two others in 1661, and was admitted a freeman in 1663. He was a member of Joseph Kellogg's company of Hadley, under Captain William Turner, and was engaged in the fight at Turner's Falls, during King Philip's war, May 19, 1676. He died June 22, 1722. He married, 1664, Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Gardner, of Hadley, and she died November 29, 1684. Children: John, born June 29, 1665; Jadia, August 16, 1668; Samuel, October 8, 1670; Ebenezer, February 3, 1673; Nathaniel, October 8, 1674, mentioned below; Jonathan, 1676; Elizabeth, May 1, 1679; Abigail, January 12, 1683.

(III) Nathaniel, son of John Ingram, was born at Hadley, October 8, 1674. He married, October 20, 1696, Esther, born March 31, 1674, daughter of Chieab and Hannah (Hitchcock) Smith, of Hadley. He and his son Nathaniel had a grant of land at South Hadley, which the Ingram family retained and occupied one hundred and seventy-five years. It was sold in the spring of 1904. Children: Esther, born July 23, 1697; Elizabeth, April 6, 1699; Abigail, August 24, 1700; Mercy, April 15, 1702; Ebenezer, November 18, 1703; Nathaniel, May 18, 1708; Hannah, April 14, 1711; Jonathan, June 5, 1713, mentioned below; Sarah, October 2, 1717.

(IV) Jonathan, son of Nathaniel Ingram, was born June 5, 1713, died November 12 or 14, 1748. He married, May 18, 1743, Mary, daughter of John Montague, Jr. Children: Jonathan, born January 5, 1745, mentioned below; John, August 9, 1746; Mary, November 21, 1748.

(V) Jonathan (2), son of Jonathan (1) Ingram, was born January 5, 1745. Children: Jonathan, mentioned below; Samuel, March, 1781; son, April 20, 1783; Joanna, baptized April 17, 1785; Ira, baptized December 31, 1786; Elisha, baptized April 17, 1789.

(VI) Jonathan (3), son of Jonathan (2) Ingram, was born at Hadley, May 2, 1779, died at Marlborough, Vermont, August 11, 1855. He was a farmer. He moved to Marlborough among the early settlers. He was a deacon of the Congregational church there. He married, August 25, 1802, Polly, daughter of Jonathan Underwood. Children:



Henry Ingram

Henry, William, Jonathan, Porter, Harriet, Polly, Joanna, Lucy, Ira.

(VII) Henry (2), son of Jonathan (3) Ingram, was born at Marlborough, Vermont, December 7, 1803, died at Troy, New York, August 10, 1890. He was educated in the Marlborough public schools, and worked during his youth on the homestead. He went to Northfield, Massachusetts, when he came of age, and in 1830 removed to Troy, New York, where he embarked in the grocery business. Subsequently he was engaged in manufacturing and in the wholesale liquor trade in the firm of H. Ingram & Company, in which his brother William was his partner. He was one of the organizers of the National State Bank and vice-president and president for many years. He retired a few years before he died. In politics he was a Democrat, and greatly interested in public affairs, but never sought office for himself. He was a member of the Universalist church, and was one of the first of the family to leave the Presbyterian church and join the liberal denomination. He married, October 12, 1836, at Pittsfield, Massachusetts, Martha, daughter of Simeon and Lucy (Deming) Butler. Children: 1. James Henry, born at Troy, February 13, 1838, died at Brooklyn, New York, February 27, 1900; enlisted in the civil war in the Sixth New York Independent Battalion and served three years; promoted to rank of sergeant; was in the mounted artillery in the Army of the Potomac and took part in nineteen important battles; was for a time under General John A. Logan; captured and confined in Libby prison and paroled. Soon after he engaged in business with his father and continued until the eighties, when his father retired, and he went into business in Brooklyn; was chief of the fire department for years and captain of Read Steamer Company; was sheriff of the county; was a Democrat; married, but left no children. 2. Jonathan E., born July 15, 1839, died April 1, 1844. 3. Charles, December 7, 1841, died October 21, 1842. 4. Francinah J., July 10, 1843, died April 8, 1844. 5. Martha A., April 18, 1846. 6. Emma, June 1, 1848. 7. George, October 17, 1851, died November 18, 1851.

(VIII) Martha Ann, daughter of Henry (2) Ingram, was born at Troy, New York, April 18, 1846. She married S. Augustus Silliman (see Silliman VII). She was educated in the public schools and private schools, graduating from the Troy high school in 1863 and from the Troy Female Seminary in 1865. She is a member of the Alumni Associations of the Troy high school and of the Troy Female Seminary, now Emma

Willard school, and has been president of the Troy Chapter of the Emma Willard Alumnae Association for ten years. She has been president of the Young Women's Association for the past nine years, and on the board of management for nearly twenty-five years. She was a charter member of the Samaritan Hospital and its treasurer for several years; is vice-president of the board of women managers. She is regent of Philip Schuyler Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and had been vice-regent for several years previously. She is a director of the State Board of New York, of the Federation of Women's Clubs, and is vice-president of the Stephen Van Rensselaer Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire State. In religion she is a Universalist, and she is the active president of the Mission Circle of the church. She was formerly vice-president of the New York State Universalist Missionary Society. She is one of the managers of the Women's League of the Universalist church. She is the trustee of the William Ingram estate. During Troy Home Week Celebration, in 1908, Mrs. Silliman was chairman of the Women's Day celebration, and in 1909 she was appointed general chairman by Mayor Mann, of Troy, of the women's committee of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration, held at Music Hall, October 8, 1909.

(The Kellogg Line).

(III) Nathaniel Kellogg, son of Lieutenant Joseph Kellogg (q. v.), was born October 8, 1669, in Hadley, died October 30, 1750, aged eighty-one. About 1739 he removed to Amherst. He married, June 28, 1692, Sarah, daughter of Samuel Boltwood. She was living January 26, 1761. Children: Nathaniel, born September 22, 1693; Ebenezer, May 31, 1695; Ezekiel, April 15, 1697; Samuel, April 4, 1699, mentioned below; Sarah, March 12, 1701; Abigail, March 19, 1703; Mary, March 9, 1706; Ephraim, August 2, 1709; Experience, married October 15, 1736.

(IV) Samuel, son of Nathaniel Kellogg, was born April 4, 1699, died in South Hadley, about May, 1741. He married, May 22, 1724, Sarah, daughter of Deacon John Smith. She married (second) January, 1749, William Montague. Children: Samuel, born March 17, 1725; Joanna, married Jonathan Ingram; Gad; Dan; Huldah, died October 3, 1756; Mary; Lucy; Sarah, died June 12, 1747.

Captain Richard Brackett
BRACKETT was one of the first of the name in America. It is known that he was in the colony of Massa-

chusetts Bay as early as 1630. Other Bracketts in the Bay Colony at an early date were Peter Brackett, of Boston, and Thomas Brackett, of Salem. Captain Richard Brackett testified by affidavit on July 2, 1668, that the year of his birth was 1612. His tombstone says "aged 80 years," deceased March 5, 1690. If this be so, he was born in 1610, which would make him nineteen years of age in 1629, the year he came to America. On August 27, 1630, he was among the colonists with whom Governor Winthrop organized the first church of Boston. With this church he remained twelve years, when he removed to Braintree. He was made a freeman of Boston, 1636, and November 23, 1636, he became a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company. While in Boston he was appointed by the general court keeper of the prison, and was jailer for several years. It is stated that the jailer described in Hawthorne's "Scarlet Letter" was Richard Brackett. Captain Richard Brackett was one of the early settlers and incorporators of Braintree. He sold his Boston property and removed to Braintree in 1641-42. He was ordained deacon of the Braintree church, July 21, 1642, and this office he held until his death. He was the first town clerk and held office several years. In 1652-70-72 he was selectman; in 1654 he was elected representative to the general court; was also deputy in 1655-66-67-71-72-73-74-75-80. He was sergeant of the train band, lieutenant, and about 1654 was attacked by the Indians during King Philip's war; Captain Richard Brackett and his men were constantly employed in that war, but there is little record of their doings. As he advanced in years he sought to unburden himself of some of his public duties. In 1684 the general court allowed him to resign his place as "chief military commander" of Braintree, after forty-three years of service, and thirty as captain. His business in Braintree was farming; he had choice of the best land in the town, and acquired a considerable estate. When Billerica, Massachusetts, was incorporated, he became a freeholder; two of his sons and two daughters later settled there. It is said that at one time he taught the Braintree school. He was a busy man, highly honored and respected. He is buried in the north precinct of Braintree, now Quincy.

His wife's name was Alice ———. She was his lifelong companion after their marriage, she preceding him to the grave but one year, in 1689. A silver cup inscribed B used in the Unitarian church in R and A Braintree (in early days Congregational) at

communion service is the gift of Captain Richard Brackett and his wife Alice to the church. He made his will January 29, 1689, remembered all his children, and nominated his son James to be sole executor. The will was approved at Boston, December 19, 1690. Children: 1. Hannah, killed by the Indians at Dunstable, now Nashua, New Hampshire; married (first) Samuel Kingsley; (second) Deacon John Blanchard. 2. John, married (first) Hannah French; (second) Mrs. Ruth (Morse) Ellis. 3. Peter, twin with John, married (first) Elizabeth Bosworth; (second) Mrs. Sarah (Parker) Foster. 4. Rachel, married Simon Crosby. 5. Mary, married Joseph, son of Rev. William Thompson. 6. James, see forward. 7. Sarah, married Joseph Crosby. 8. Josiah, married Elizabeth Waldo. All of these reared families, some of them very large ones.

(II) James, son of Captain Richard and Alice Brackett, was born in Braintree, Massachusetts, about 1645. In deeds he is described as a "Cooper." In 1673 he removed to Boston, as shown by his letter of dismissal from the Braintree church to the Third (Old South) Church in Boston, where he was admitted a member, March 2, 1673. In 1682 he returned to Braintree, according to similar evidence. He was admitted a freeman in Boston, May 12, 1675; clerk, 1689-94; was sergeant of the Braintree military company, 1695; selectman, 1701-03. He seems to have bought and sold a good deal of land and to have been a man of some distinction. He married, in Braintree, about 1674, Sarah, born in Hingham, Massachusetts, December 22, 1649, died October 6, 1727, daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Beal) Marsh, and granddaughter of George and Elizabeth Marsh, who came to America in 1635. Children: Joseph, of Braintree, married Mehitable Belcher; Nathan, see forward; Sarah, married Edward Adams, of Milford; Mary, unmarried; Deborah, married Samuel Baxter, of Braintree; Anne, married Deacon Richard Paxon, of Braintree; Abigail, baptized October 20, 1689, in Braintree, married August 6, 1719, Gregory, son of Deacon Gregory.

(III) Nathan, son of James and Sarah (Marsh) Brackett, was baptized in Braintree, Massachusetts, September 29, 1678, in the First Church. His birth occurred on the 23rd. He lived continuously in Braintree from 1683 until his death, in May, 1743. He led the quiet life of a farmer, and never held public office. In 1723 he was chosen constable, but prevailed upon his brother-in-law to accept the office in his stead, the selectmen giving their consent. Neither he nor his wife united

with the church until well along in years. His farm is referred to as "at Mount Wollaston." He married, March 27, 1707, Hannah Veazy, baptized January 21, 1685, died before March 31, 1753. Children: James, married (first) Abigail Belcher, (second) Mary Brackett; Josiah, married Anna Beale; Samuel, married Elizabeth Gomary; Mary, married Silas Stetson; John, married Demaris Dean; Sarah, married Jonathan Hayward; Nathan, married Hannah Owen, served in French war; his son Nathan served in the revolution.

(IV) Nathan (2), youngest child of Nathan (1) and Hannah (Veazy) Brackett, was born in Braintree, Massachusetts, July 1, 1724. Farmer, removed to Upton, Worcester county, Massachusetts, in 1754. Name on list of Upton train band, dated March 23, 1757. Before the revolution he removed to Buckland, Franklin county, Massachusetts, where he died in 1795. He married, September 5, 1749, Hannah Owen. Children: Nathan, was in almost continuous service in the revolution from the "Lexington Alarm" until August 8, 1780, and in 1831 was allowed a pension, no marriage recorded; Hannah, died young; Jonathan, unmarried; Betsey; Samuel, served in revolution from the "Alarm" of April 19, 1775, until October 12, 1780, granted a pension in 1833, married Betsey Leonard; Sally; Benjamin, revolutionary soldier, under different enlistments, pensioned in 1833, married Susannah Washburn; Hannah, married Thomas Wilson; James, see forward; Rebecca; Lois.

(V) James (2), son of Nathan (2) and Hannah (Owen) Brackett, was born in Upton, Massachusetts, January 27, 1765, died at Delhi, New York, 1812. It is traditional that he served in the American army during the last year of the revolution. He was a farmer, and after the war ended removed to Buckland, thence to Ashland, Massachusetts, and later to Delhi, New York. He married, in Ashland, January 1, 1798, Anna Watson Flower, died February 14, 1866, in Hannibal, New York, daughter of Major William (died at age of ninety-five years) and Hannah (Flower) Flower, his first cousin. Children: 1. John Adams, see forward. 2. James Alanson, settled in Hannibal Center, New York; miller and farmer; class leader in the Methodist Episcopal church; superintendent of Sunday school; largely through his liberality and efforts the Methodist church was built in that village; married Sarah Sherman, of Rhinebeck, New York. 3. William, merchant in Hannibal Center; married (first) Julia Flower; (second) Sally Ann, daughter of Rev. Isaac Teller. 4. Hannah, married Daniel Haskins. 5. Truman F., farmer; married Phoebe

Perkins. 6. Harry A., farmer; married (first) Adaline Brown; (second) Locelia Austin. 7. Harriet, married William Perkins, of Hannibal Center. 8. Fidelia A., married James A. Knowlton, of Hannibal, New York.

(VI) John Adams, son of James (2) and Anna Watson (Flower) Brackett, was born in Ashfield, Massachusetts, September 16, 1798, died January 4, 1871, in Saratoga Springs, New York. He was a cooper and farmer. He resided in Pittstown, Wilton, Bald Mountain and Saratoga Springs, New York. He married (first) at Grafton, New York, Eliza Chase, died January 14, 1833; married (second) Abigail M. Sturges, died 1855. Children by first wife: James Sylvester, miller, of Mt. Vernon, Iowa, married Nancy Sherman; William Watson, see forward; Henry Russell, died 1904, married Mary L. Ott; John, died in infancy; George Russell, died 1901, married Mary J. Perry; Polly, died 1866, married Elisha Sherman; Eliza M., married Cornelius H. Ott; Harriet, died 1883, married John Fryer; John Adams, Jr., enlisted in the civil war in the One Hundred and Forty-fourth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry ("Ellsworth's Avengers"), was promoted corporal, then sergeant; at Gettysburg, when the regimental color bearer was shot, Sergeant Brackett seized and bore the colors until himself shot, July 2, 1863; he lay on the battlefield until July 9, and died either on the 19th or 22nd day of July, 1863.

(VII) William Watson, son of John Adams and Eliza (Chase) Brackett, was born in Pittstown, New York, January 14, 1825, died in Mt. Vernon, Linn county, Iowa, June 15, 1891. He was a railroad bridge builder and followed his calling over a wide territory. In 1857 he went to Linn county, Iowa, on a visit, but made it his permanent home until his death. He married, in Wilton, Saratoga county, New York, March 4, 1846, Elizabeth A., daughter of Sylvanus and Clarissa (Slat-er) Sherman. Children: 1. Anna Eliza, born October 24, 1847, in Wilton, New York; married, December 31, 1868, Myron K., son of Zebulon J. and Roxanna S. (Kibbe) Neff; children: Fred B., Charles W. and Elizabeth. 2. Edgar T., see forward. 3. Clara Ada, born September 9, 1859, at Ely, Iowa; married William Smith, deceased.

(VIII) Edgar Truman, only son of William Watson and Elizabeth A. (Sherman) Brackett, was born July 30, 1853, at Emersons Corners (now Green Spring), in the town of Wilton, Saratoga county, New York. He was an infant when his parents removed to Iowa, where he was educated and grew to manhood. In 1872 he was graduated from Cornell Col-

lege, a Methodist institution of learning at Mount Vernon. In September, 1872, he located in Saratoga Springs, New York, where he began the study of law in the office of Pond & French. In June, 1875, he was admitted to the New York bar, at the general term of the supreme court held at Elmira, and the same month his Alma Mater conferred upon him the degree of A.M. In the spring of 1876 he became the junior member of the law firm of Pond, French & Brackett, continuing this association for twelve years, when the firm became Pond & Brackett. He became the senior member of Brackett, Butler & Baucus; since 1891 he has practised his profession alone. He is a very able and successful practitioner, learned in the law, skillful in its application, wise and safe as a counselor. His advice and assistance is often sought by his legal brethren in the trial of cases, or in argument before appellate tribunals. In the year 1895 he began his public political career that continues to the present time (1910). In that year he was elected state senator from the district, composed of Saratoga, Schenectady and Washington counties. He at once took prominent rank in the councils of his party (Republican) and in the work of the senate. He has been in continuous service in the senate through successive re-elections, except the years 1907-08. His course as a legislator has met with the approval of his district, and has attracted a great amount of favorable comment outside district and state. He is independent in thought and action, and neither threats nor promises have induced him to swerve from his privately formed opinion. The undue promotion of private interests at the expense of the people has always had in him a vigorous opponent. To no one man is more credit due for recent legislation in regard to the control of insurance and other companies than to the fearless, upright Senator Brackett. In 1898 he received a further evidence of the high esteem in which he is held by his "Alma Mater" by the conferring upon him of the degree LL.D. He has always taken a great interest in educational matters, has served for several years upon the committee of public education, and most generously aided Cornell College with his influence and financial aid. His business interests beyond law and politics are largely in Saratoga Springs. He is president of the Adirondack Trust Company and other of the village's enterprises. He finds relaxation at the Saratoga Club, of which he is a member. He belongs to Rising Sun Lodge, No. 103, Free and Accepted Masons, Chapter and Washington Commandery. Senator Brackett's deepest in-

terest is in the law. Valuable as his services have been to the state as a legislator, and apparently deeply engrossed in public affairs as he is, it is to the law that he has given his life's best thought and most earnest effort, and it is as a lawyer that he prefers to go down in history. Still in the vigor of his manhood, he is actively engaged in his profession, ranking with the most eminent in the state. He married, November 22, 1882, Mary Emma, daughter of Charles and Anna (Laing) Corliss. Children: Edgar Truman, Jr., born March 25, 1890, died July 10, 1899; Charles William, November 26, 1892.

The house of Argyll, head CAMPBELL of the Scottish Clan Campbell, have an authenticated history extending back to the great Diarmid Mac Dwibhne, who was contemporary with the 79th King of Scots, Anno Domini, 977. From him through lyric odes of the bards and tradition they trace thirteen generations further back into antiquity to Constantine, who came over from France in the year 404 and died Anno Domini, 420. In the seventeenth generation from Constantine the whole clan O'Dwibhne in Argyllshire assumed the surname Campbell in courtesy to their chief, Archibald, whose name or title was translated in the Latin Campus Bellus, and Campbell the name has since been. The family were noble for ten generations to Archibald, the tenth earl, who in 1701 was created by William the Third, Duke of Argyle. He was of the fortieth generation. The present Duke of Argyle is the thirty-first Campbell in direct descent to hold the title.

The first of the clan to come to America and settle in northern New York was Captain Laughlin Campbell, a soldier of great courage, who visited Washington county in 1737 in response to the invitation of the New York authorities to Scotch Highlanders to settle here. Laughlin Campbell was a younger brother of the then Duke of Argyle. Being pleased with the country, he was promised a grant of thirty thousand acres for colony use, for survey fees and quit rent, by Lieutenant-Governor Clark. He returned to Scotland, sold his property, raised a colony of four hundred and twenty-three adults, and with a part of them came the next year (1738) to New York, where Governor Clark insisted on full fees and a share in the land. Campbell refused his demands, and Clark recommended the legislature to grant the colony assistance, but that body, then at war with the governor, declined to respond, as they suspected the money would go to the colonial officials for

fees. The colonists were obliged to separate to earn their living, and Campbell, with the remains of his broken fortunes, purchased and settled down upon a small farm in the province. A few years after, in 1745, when the rebellion broke out in Scotland, he went back to that country and served under the Duke of Cumberland until the close of the war. He then returned to his family here, and died soon after from the effects of wounds received in the war. His children were afterward granted, in 1763, a tract of ten thousand acres in Washington county, in the town of Argyle, now Greenwich.

(II) Duncan, son of Captain Laughlin Campbell, settled in the town of Argyle, Washington county, New York, on the "Campbell Patent," near the Batten Kill, in 1765. In 1803 the town of Greenwich was created from Argyle and his farm was in the new town. It contained four hundred and fifty acres. From 1772 to 1780 Duncan Campbell was supervisor of the town. He married and had issue. In the old burying ground at Fort Edward, New York, may be seen an old tombstone, which must not be confounded with the burial place of Duncan Campbell, although he was a kinsman. "Here lyes the body of Duncan Campbell of Invershaw Esq. Major to the old Highland regiment; aged 55 years who died the 17th of July 1758 of the wounds he received in the attack of the Retrenchments of Ticonderoga or Carillon 8th of July 1758."

(III) Archibald, son of Duncan Campbell, was born on the farm in Argyle in 1739, died at Jackson, New York, January 31, 1808. He was a merchant, and one of the five trustees appointed to divide and distribute the land to the grantees under the Campbell patent. In 1772-73-74 he was town clerk. In 1789 his name heads the list of subscribers to the fund for erecting a church building for the United Presbyterian congregation, of which he was one of the original members. He married Flora McNeil, born 1755, died in Jackson, New York, November 1, 1825. They are buried on the old farm near Salem, New York. Children: Catherine, born January 4, 1772; Ann, April 27, 1774; John, June 15, 1776; Alexander, see forward; Ellen, June 12, 1783; Duncan (2), September 26, 1785; Margaret (twin), October 8, 1787; Ann (twin); Archibald, Jr., 1790 (q. v.).

(IV) Alexander, son of Archibald and Flora (McNeil) Campbell, was born at Jackson, Washington county, New York, February 19, 1779. He married, February 22, 1812, Eleanor, born 1791, in Center Falls, Washington county, New York, daughter of J. Ezra Dyer. Children: Angeline, born January 13,

1813; Catherine, January 22, 1815; Alexander, October 19, 1817; Ezra Dyer, September 12, 1819; Melancthon Wheeler, see forward; Nancy E., September 27, 1827; Esther Ann, April 21, 1830.

(V) Melancthon Wheeler, son of Alexander and Eleanor (Dyer) Campbell, was born in Jackson, Washington county, New York, November 9, 1822, died March 1, 1894, at Troy, New York. He married Adelia Caroline Schoonmaker, born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, June 12, 1825. Children: Alexander F., born November 9, 1856, he is a lawyer of New York City, unmarried, Charles Dunning, see forward; William Melancthon, November 21, 1861, a physician of Cohoes, New York.

(VI) Charles Dunning, second son of Melancthon Wheeler and Adelia C. (Schoonmaker) Campbell, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, March 17, 1859. He was educated in Troy, New York, and resided there until 1907, when he removed to Newark, New Jersey. He is engaged in business in New York City and Troy. He married, April 27, 1886, in Troy, New York, Georgianna Sumner (see Sumner VIII), born February 22, 1863. Children: Sumner E., born January 30, 1887, a student at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; Dorothea Adelia, July 11, 1892.

(The Sumner Line).

The principal family of this name in the United States trace their ancestry to Roger Sumner, of Oxfordshire, England, a husbandman. He married, at Bicester, November 2, 1601, Joane Franklin, and died there December 3, 1608. His widow married, January 10, 1611, Marcus Brian, of Merton, a neighborhood parish, who died in 1620. Roger Sumner had a brother William, who died at Bicester in 1597. The only child of Roger and Joane Sumner was William.

(I) William, only child of Roger and Joane (Franklin) Sumner, was born at Bicester, England, 1605. He married there and in 1636 emigrated to New England, settling at Dorchester, Massachusetts. He became a man of importance there, holding many offices. He was made a freeman May 17, 1637, and was selectman of Dorchester for more than twenty years. From 1663 to 1680 he was one of the feoffes of the school fund, and from 1663 to 1671 commissioner to try small causes. He was a member of the train band and clerk. In 1658-66-70-72-78-81-83-86 he was deputy from Dorchester to the general court. He married, at Bicester, England, October 22, 1625, Mary West. Children, first born in

Bicester: William; Joane, married Aaron Way, of Dorchester, and after his death went to South Carolina with two of her brothers; Roger; George, see forward; Samuel; Increase.

(II) Deacon George, fourth child of William and Mary (West) Sumner, was born in Bicester, England, in 1634, died at Milton, Massachusetts, December 11, 1715. He formed part of the family emigration in 1636. He was made a freeman of Massachusetts May 6, 1657. He removed to Milton, Massachusetts, where he was lieutenant of the train band. In 1693-1703-08-09 he was deputy to the general court from Milton. He was ordained a deacon of the church July 30, 1699. He married, at Northampton, Massachusetts, November 7, 1662, Mary, died April 1, 1719, daughter of Edward Baker, of that town. Children: Mary, married Joseph Swinerton; George (2), married Ann Tucker; Samuel, was sergeant in Captain Withington's company in the Canada expedition of 1690 and was never heard from later; William, lost on the same expedition as Samuel; Ebenezer, married Abigail Lovett; Edward, see forward; Joseph, married Sarah Lovett; Benjamin, married Elizabeth Babcock.

(III) Edward, sixth child of Deacon George and Mary (Baker) Sumner, was born at Milton, Massachusetts, August 29, 1676, died in Roxbury, Massachusetts, 1763. He removed from Milton to Roxbury early in life, and was a useful citizen. He married, at Roxbury, September 25, 1701, Elizabeth, died September 26, 1758, daughter of Samuel Clap, of Dorchester. Children, all born in Roxbury: Edward (2), see forward; Elizabeth, died in infancy; John, was a Harvard graduate, A.B., in 1723, married Susanna Stevens; Elizabeth, married Benjamin Boylston, of Brookline and Mendon, Massachusetts; Samuel, married Abigail, daughter of Increase Mather, of Boston; Increase, married Sarah, daughter of Robert Sharp, of Roxbury; Hannah, married (first) Rev. John Newman, of Edgartown, (second) Jonathan Metcalf, of Dedham; Mary, married Rev. Thomas Balch, of Boston; Nathaniel, graduated A.B. from Harvard, class of 1739, resided in Dedham, where he was captain of militia, deacon of the church, selectman, and in 1757-62-69-70 deputy to the general assembly of Massachusetts from Dedham, married Hannah Bullard, of Walpole; Ebenezer, was a lieutenant in the expedition against Louisburg in 1745; Benjamin, lived at Ashford, Connecticut, where he was captain, deacon and deputy, married Bridget Perry.

(IV) Edward (2), eldest child of Edward

(1) and Elizabeth (Clap) Sumner, was born at Roxbury, Massachusetts. He removed to Ashford, Connecticut, where he died in 1780. He married Sarah ———. Children, all born in Ashford: Edward (3), married Experience ———; Sarah, married Solomon Keyes; Elizabeth, born in 1732; Mary, died in childhood; John, see forward; Hannah, married Christopher Webber; Mary, married Daniel Allen; Bridget, was of Corinth, Vermont, in 1819; Clap, removed to Corinth, Vermont, where he was a captain of militia, he married (first) Keziah ———, (second) Mehitable Lassel, (third) Mary Stevens, who survived him and was afterwards twice married.

(V) John, fifth child of Edward (2) and Sarah Sumner, was born at Ashford, Connecticut, in 1736, died in Edinburg, New York, August 6, 1804. He served in the revolution, attaining the rank of captain. Prior to 1800, with wife and family, he removed to the town of Edinburg, Saratoga county, New York, settling near Batchellerville, on the north side of the river. The sons, John, Robert, Amasa and Benjamin, all took up farms in the neighborhood. John Sumner built the first saw mill on Batcheller creek. Two of his sons, Robert and Benjamin, served in the revolution; Benjamin was taken prisoner and conveyed to England in chains. The long confinement and galling chains broke down his health and he never recovered. He is buried on his farm in Saratoga county. John Sumner was a cousin of the father of the illustrious Charles Sumner, United States senator from Massachusetts. He married, January 1, 1761, Mehitable Perry, of Ashford, where all his children were born: Robert, see forward; Mary (Polly), married Jonathan Smith, of Edinburg, she lived to be one hundred years old, dying in 1862; Benjamin, the revolutionary soldier of previous mention, married Ruth Palmer; Amasa, married and had issue; Mehitable, married Milliard Trowbridge; Jane, died in childhood; Sarah, married Steelson Benson; John, married and had issue; Elizabeth (Betsey), married George Bradford and lived to the age of ninety-four years; Piercy, married James Perry; Ebenezer, married and had issue.

(VI) Robert, eldest child of John and Mehitable (Perry) Sumner, was born in Ashford, Connecticut, September 18, 1761, died at Edinburg, New York, November 19, 1845. He served in the revolution, and was the first supervisor of Edinburg, serving four years. He married, December 22, 1784, Jemima, daughter of John Younglove, of Thompson, Connecticut, and later removed to Edinburg, New York, where he died. His wife died May

5, 1849. Children, first four born in Connecticut, the last five in Edinburg: Clarissa, married Peter Thompson; Elsie, married David Page, of Northampton, New York; Abigail, married Lebbeus Olcott, of Fabius, New York; Sarah, married (first) ——— Goodwin, (second) Elias Sheldon, of Fabius, New York; Amasa, see forward; Jane, married David Benson, of Fabius; Robert, died in childhood; Alanson, married (first) Emily D. Beecher, (second) Diadama B. Fay, he removed to Albany, New York, where he died; Jemima, married Joseph Covell.

(VII) Amasa, fifth child and eldest son of Robert and Jemima (Younglove) Sumner, was born in Edinburg, New York, February 10, 1794. He lived in Edinburg all his days and died there May 2, 1871. He married, February 10, 1816, Abigail Ellithorp, who died in 1848. Children, all born in Edinburg: Emily, died in infancy; Elsie, born in 1821; Robert T., born March 12, 1824, married Mary Smith and removed to Brewerton, New York; children: Courtland L., David C., Emma A. and Emily E.; Solomon, born in 1827, married Mehitable Sumner, a kinswoman; Alanson A., born February, 1829; Jackson A., see forward; Cyrus, born in 1833, married Mary Pullen; children: Charles M., William C. and Emma Helena; Helena, born in 1835, married B. R. Jenkins, of Batchellerville, New York.

(VIII) Jackson Amasa, sixth child of Amasa and Abigail (Ellithorp) Sumner, was born in Edinburg, New York, October 16, 1831, died in Albany, New York, March 13, 1870. He was actively engaged in the lumber business in Albany. He was of political prominence in the Democratic party. He married, January 29, 1862, Katherine Elizabeth Smith, of Troy, born at Clifton Park, New York (see Smith III). Children: Georgianna, born February 22, 1863, married Charles Dunning Campbell (see Campbell VI); Robert, born June 30, 1868, died July 31, 1869.

(The Smith Line).

The family line of Katherine E. Smith (Mrs. Jackson A. Sumner) was founded in America by Johannes Schmidt, of Germany, son of Ludwig. Smith's "History of Rhinebeck, New York," records one Johannes Schmidt who was baptized there April 5, 1730, and married Elizabeth Zipperlee, February 3, 1761, and had a son Frederick. The name being the same and the dates being nearly so, it is strongly probable that Johannes of Rhinebeck and Johannes of Brunswick are the same.

(I) Johannes Schmidt, son of Ludwig Schmidt, was born in Germany, emigrated to

America, and is found associated in Rensselaer county, New York, at an early date with the Wager family, with whom he is said to have emigrated. He married and had issue.

(II) Frederick, son of Johannes Schmidt, was born in the town of Brunswick, Rensselaer county, New York, February 19, 1783. He was a farmer there all his days. He married Eva File, born September 9, 1783, daughter of an early settler of the town. Children: Katherine. John F., see forward, David, Betsey, Jonas, Sarah, Moses, Daniel and Silas. The File family are frequently found in the early records of Brunswick. The Schmidts were members of Gilead Lutheran church, where their family records are found.

(III) John Frederick, eldest son of Frederick and Eva (File) Schmidt, was born in Brunswick, Rensselaer county, New York, December 6, 1804, died at Clifton Park, New York, November 16, 1846. He was a farmer of the town and a member of the Lutheran church. He married Lanah Wager, born in Brunswick, Rensselaer county, New York, November 3, 1810. Children: Mary Savilla, born October 6, 1831, married Francis A. Fales, of Troy; Evelyn, born May 7, 183—, married ——— Fales, brother of Francis A. Fales; children: Louis H., a practicing physician of Madison, Wisconsin, and Ida B. Fales; Katherine Elizabeth, married Jackson A. Sumner (see Sumner VIII); Francetta, married Richard James Richardson.

CAMPBELL (IV) Archibald (2), youngest son and child of Archibald (q. v.) and Flora (McNeil) Campbell, was born in 1790, died in Schenectady, New York. He was prominent in politics, and served the county of Schenectady as county clerk from 1837 until 1843. He was a successful man of business, dealing in wholesale tobacco, and a leading member of the Episcopal church. His residence in the city was the finest at the time of its erection, located on Union near Center street. He married and had issue.

(V) Jacob, son of Archibald (2) Campbell, was born in the city of Schenectady, New York, May 3, 1818, died September 12, 1845. He succeeded to the business established by his father, which he enlarged and extended (wholesale tobaccoist). He was a member of St. George's Episcopal Church. He was buried in the churchyard of that church; when the church was enlarged the extension covered his grave so that it cannot be seen. He married, December 10, 1840, Sarah H., born January 26, 1820, died March 20, 1897, daughter of Elias Lyon, born January 27,

1796, died January 25, 1857, a contractor and builder of Schenectady, son of Jacob Lyon, born in England, died in Schenectady, February 27, 1826, and his wife Catherine Von Antwerp, born in Schenectady, December 27, 1799. Jacob and Sarah H. (Lyon) Campbell were the parents of an infant, Elias L., born July 7, 1841, died December 11, 1845, and Charles J., see forward.

(VI) Charles Jacob, youngest child of Jacob and Sarah H. (Lyon) Campbell, was born in Schenectady, New York, May 31, 1844. He was educated in the public schools of Schenectady and the Business College of Bryant and Stratton at Albany. He is connected with some of the business interests of the city, and devotes his time to the care of his personal estate. During the war of the rebellion he enlisted at age of sixteen as drummer boy in the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry. He served with the Army of the Potomac up to and including the battle of Gettysburg. He is a member of St. George's Episcopal Church, and St. George's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. He married, May 27, 1869, Annie Elizabeth, born in Schenectady, daughter of Joshua Barker, of that city. Children, all born in Schenectady: 1. Maud, April 7, 1870, died March 12, 1874. 2. Bertha, July 1, 1871, died October 15, 1871. 3. Elias Lyon, April 11, 1873, died June 7, 1873. 4. Charles Tracy, April 22, 1874, died January 6, 1875. 5. Madge E., February 14, 1876; married Arthur Savage; children: Elizabeth, Mary, Kathlenn and Charles Campbell Savage. 6. Leah B., June 8, 1880; married John J. McMullin; children: Marjorie C. and Douglass E. McMullin.

The Baxters are of English descent and first appear in America in 1630. They were numerous in all the New England states, many settling in Cape Cod, where they were seafaring men and masters of ships. There was a numerous branch in Connecticut, but the emigrant cannot be stated. As far as can be learned, the progenitor of the branch herein recorded was Elihu Baxter, born December 18, 1750, at Norwich, Connecticut, died August 6, 1836, at Norwich, Vermont. He married, October 24, 1777, Triphena Taylor, born at Pelham, Connecticut, September 24, 1762, died at Norwich, Vermont, March 14, 1825. Children: 1. William, a lawyer; married Lydia Ashley; had eight children. 2. Ira, married Arsena Sprague; nine children. 3. Elihu (2), a physician; married Sarah Cone; died at Portland, Maine, 1863; six children.

4. Chester, married Hannah Root; died at Sharon, Vermont, October 16, 1865; one child, Hannah. 5. Triphena, married Josiah Root, brother of Hannah Root, who was the wife of Chester Baxter. 6. Lavenia, died young. 7. Erastus, of whom further. 8. Lavenia, died in infancy. 9. Elimena, twin of Lavenia, died at Norwich, Vermont, aged twenty years. 10. James, a merchant of Stamstead Plain, Canada, a member of the Canadian provincial parliament, 1829; member legislative council, 1832; married his cousin, Caroline, daughter of William and Deborah (Buett) Baxter, of Rutland; eight children. 11. John, married Harriet Baxter. 12. Zilpah, married Dr. Sweet; died at Unionville, Vermont. 13. Harry, married (first) Sophronia Steele; (second) Avaline ——. 14. Hiram, died young. 15. Statira, married ——. Shepard. Of the eight sons of Elihu Baxter reaching maturity, seven became men of great wealth for their day, although each started with little capital except muscle and brain.

(II) Erastus, seventh child and fifth son of Elihu and Triphena (Taylor) Baxter, was born at Norwich, Vermont, December 14, 1787, died at Gorham, New York. He married Lucy Freeman; children: 1. John F., married Elizabeth Russell; died without issue. 2. Caroline, born January 10, 1815; married Stephen Brown, of Thetford, New York; no issue. 3. George, of whom further. 4. James, born 1822; married Eliza Hazard, of Pennsylvania; six children. 5. Statira, born 1825; married Charles W. Fish, of Weymouth, Massachusetts. 6. Marcia, died unmarried. 7. Mary, married Thomas McCullough, of Bangor, New York. 8. Morris, married Julia Renwick, of Elgin, Wisconsin. 9. Heartley, married Belle McIntosh, of Malone, New York; eight daughters.

(III) George, second son and third child of Erastus and Lucy (Freeman) Baxter, was born at Norwich, Vermont, September 14, 1818. He married, 1850, Adaline Peray, of Chateaugay, New York. She died at Goshen, New York, 1878. Children: Marice, born 1851; Charles M., of whom further; Lucy, born 1854; John, 1856, died January 18, 1871; William, 1858, died January 23, 1871; Henry, 1860, died January 8, 1862; Adaline, 1862; Ella, 1864; Bertha, 1865; Heartley, 1868; Elmer, 1871.

(IV) Charles M., son of George and Adaline (Peray) Baxter, was born at Fort Ann, New York, in 1852, died November 8, 1906, at Fort Edward, New York. He was a well-educated man and began business life as a farmer, operating a farm near Fort Ann, New York. Later he purchased and conducted a



Charles Mortimer Buxton



Robert Fulton

hotel at Argyle, Washington county, for several years, after which he purchased a farm near there on which he lived for a time; later he lived at Fort Edward, where he enjoyed the life of a retired gentleman of wealth. He was a big, generous-hearted man and gave freely of his abundance to those less fortunate. He was a member of the Masonic order and was buried with full Masonic honors at Fort Ann, his birthplace. He was a Democrat in politics, and an attendant of the Baptist church, of which he was a most liberal supporter. He was highly respected by all who knew him and left a memory yet tenderly cherished. He married Jane Ann Allen, who died December 15, 1905. They had two children who died in infancy, and an adopted daughter, Mary J. Allen, whom they took when she was a young girl and reared and educated as their own. She married, but her husband only lived about a year, and she returned to the Baxter home and remained with them until both died. Although never taking the Baxter name, she was regularly adopted and had for her adopted parents the deepest affection and received from them the utmost kindness, Mr. Baxter also generously providing for her future.

(The Allen Line).

Mary J. Allen was a daughter of Samuel Allen and granddaughter of George Allen, born in England, a soldier in the English army. He came to the United States when a young man and settled in New York state. He married Charlotte McArthur; children: Mary, Jane Ann, John, George, Richard, Samuel and Abijah. George Allen, the father, was a tailor by trade, settled in Delhi, New York. Both he and his wife were attendants of the Scotch Presbyterian church, she being a member. He was a well-informed, intelligent man and stood well among his acquaintances. His wife was a native of Scotland.

(II) Samuel, son of George and Charlotte (McArthur) Allen, married Agnes, daughter of Colonel John Fulton, an officer in the British army, "The Queen's Own." He died near Ayrshire, Scotland, a pensioner of the British government. They had three children: Mary J., of whom further; a son who died in infancy; Ruth, born in New York City, July, 1879, died August 9, 1908, was adopted by a member of the Fulton family who reside near Washington, D. C.

(III) Mary J., daughter of Samuel and Agnes (Fulton) Allen, was born in New York City, April 15, 1872. When about twelve years of age she was adopted by Charles M. Baxter, who had married her aunt, Jane Ann

Allen. She received a good education and remained with the Baxters until her marriage, November 11, 1897, to Oscar C. Burritt, born at Hydeville, Vermont, July, 1864, died at Argyle, New York, May, 1899. He was a civil engineer, being a graduate of a technical school, and later he took up railroad engineering, and while in the employ of the Delaware & Hudson railroad received an injury that caused his death six months later. He married (first) Mary Sadler, who bore him three children, two deceased, and Nelson Burritt, a resident of Saratoga, New York. Oscar D. was a son of Oscar D. and Abigail (Grey) Burritt. Children: Richard Nelson, Oscar D., Bertha and William L. The Burritts were early in New England, and Rev. Blackleach Burritt was a soldier of the revolution. Oscar D. and Mary J. (Allen) Burritt had one child (posthumous), Ruth J., born August 9, 1899, who resides with her mother in Albany, New York, in attendance at the public schools.

HOWGATE

The branches of the Amsterdam branch of the Howgate family were founded by Joseph Howgate, who was born in England. The family in that country is a large one, and is found all over the kingdom. They are farmers, manufacturers, business and professional men of standing in these localities.

(I) Joseph Howgate came to Florida, Montgomery county, from England, early in the nineteenth century. When a young man he married Ann, daughter of David Brown, one of the old-time school masters of the county. Joseph and his wife settled on a farm in Saratoga county, where she died. After her death Joseph removed to Grand Rapids, Michigan, where he died at an advanced age. He was a man of prominence in both communities. He had one son and four daughters, all now deceased.

(II) John A., son of Joseph and Ann (Brown) Howgate, was born in Florida, Montgomery county, New York, February 7, 1849, died at his home in Rockton, a suburb of Amsterdam, New York, November 17, 1893. He received his education in the town schools, and at the age of seventeen entered the employ of Stephen Sanford in the carpet mills. He became an expert in rug manufacture, and after twenty years of faithful service with the Sanfords, left their employ to become the head of his own company, Howgate & McCleary, rug manufacturers. Toward the successful development of this business he devoted all his wonderful skill and enterprise. He brought to the company a lifelong experience and a determination to succeed. He was successful

in his efforts, and the company is to-day one of Amsterdam's solid and prosperous concerns. Under the strain of excessive effort, both mental and physical, his health broke and caused his death at the early age of forty-four, just at the time when the business was firmly established on a sure and profitable footing. His loss was a severe one to both the company and his family. He was a man of devout religious principles, being an elder in the church and superintendent of the Sabbath school. In politics he was a Republican, but beyond exercising his right as a citizen, took little part in public affairs. He married, in Troy, New York, October 18, 1872, Josephine Shadbolt (see forward). She bore him four children, one of whom, Jessie, died in infancy.

1. Fred, born May 30, 1876; was educated in the public schools, attended Troy Conference Academy at Poultney, Vermont, and Albany Business College; engaged in the automobile business; married Jessie Wilkes, born at Sylvan Beach, Oneida county, New York, March 14, 1877, of an old Mohawk Valley family.
2. Effie May, August 14, 1878; married Rev. Putnam Cady, D.D., F. R. G. S., pastor of Emanuel Presbyterian Church in Amsterdam, New York.
3. Archer, May 9, 1883; was educated in Amsterdam common and high schools and at Union College, Schenectady, New York; he is with his brother Fred in the automobile business; unmarried.

Mrs. Josephine (Shadbolt) Howgate survives her husband and resides in Amsterdam. She is a member of the Presbyterian church.

(The Shadbolt Line).

Israel Shadbolt, grandfather of Mrs. Howgate, was of Welsh parentage. He was probably born in the city of New York. He settled in Troy, New York, where he became prominent in the public life of that city. He was an educated, well-read man, dignified and manly in appearance, a gentleman of the old school. He represented Troy in the state legislature and was a justice of the peace. He died in 1858, at the age of sixty-four. He married Marilla Stevenson, who died in Troy about 1869, aged eighty. She was active in the Baptist church of Troy. Their children were: Charles, Maria, Martha Jane, LaFayette and James.

(II) James, father of Mrs. Howgate, youngest son of Israel and Marilla (Stevenson) Shadbolt, was born in 1816, while his parents were residents of Dutchess county, New York, and died in Troy in 1889. He was known for his honest, upright character. He married, at Clinton Hollow, Effie Eighma, of an old Dutchess county family; she died in

Troy, in 1895, aged eighty-three years. She was a member of the Christian Church, and mother of Mrs. Josephine Howgate, her only daughter.

The founder of the Fryer family FRYER in Albany county, and of the present day fortunes, was John Fryer, born October 4, 1759. Tradition has different stories to tell of him. One is that he was a fisherman and rendered some one high in authority a specially valuable service. For this he received a grant of several hundred acres of choice land lying at the gateway to the Helderburgs, near the "Indian Ladder." Why the grant was allowed is tradition, but the grant of land is a fact. The tract allowed John Fryer is the only land that was not leased to the early settlers by the Patroon, and later acquired by "soil title." The Fryer properties have never been held under lease, but title has always been held and passed from father to son down to the present. John Fryer built a log cabin on his property, and with the aid of his sons, who came with him, cleared away the timber, broke the fields, and brought a good part of it under cultivation. The land in turn passed to his descendants, and the "Fryer farms" are noted all through the Helderburg section. He was strict in his observance of his church duties, and reared his sons to habits of industry and thrift. They have always been a hard-working race, and have been richly repaid, as their well-kept fields and bountiful orchards testify. John Fryer married, May 25, 1783, Maria Volweider, born February 16, 1764. Children: Maria, born April 14, 1786; John, January 7, 1788, settled on a farm in Ohio; Hannah, October 3, 1790, married James Mesick; Elizabeth, September 12, 1793, married Frank Crounse; Jacob, born July 18, 1797; Abram, see forward; Alexander, born June 23, 1802, married Fanny Dollar; Barbara (twin of Alexander), married Peter Van Schaick, and lived in Berne, Albany county; Richard, born April 6, 1805, married Huldah Beebe; William, August 1, 1808, became a merchant of Amsterdam, New York.

(II) Abram, son of John and Maria (Volweider) Fryer, was born October 23, 1799, and lived to a very old age. He inherited the farms granted to his father under the Helderburgs, which he still further improved and brought under successful cultivation. These properties now came to be known as the "Fryer Farms," a name they still retain, and were among the most productive of that section. Abram Fryer voted with the Whig party during his earlier years, and in his latter



R. F. F. F.

life with the Republican. He married Nancy Crounse, born in the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, died in Bethlehem at the age of ninety-five years. She was an active member of the Lutheran church, as was her husband. Children: Conrad, a farmer of New Scotland; John F., see forward; James, a farmer of Guilderland; Richard, a farmer of Schenectady county; Harrison; Margaret, married and had issue; Ellen, married Andrew McCard and left issue.

(III) John F., son of Abram and Nancy (Crounse) Fryer, was born in Guilderland, Albany county, New York, June 23, 1827, died in the same town in June, 1880. He inherited a large portion of the Fryer properties, to which he added and still further improved. He was a man of few words, but of great energy and untiring industry. He spared neither himself nor those around him. Idleness was to him a sin, and no one on the Fryer farms sinned in that particular. He demanded no more of others, however, than he himself performed. He accumulated a substantial competence, which was willed to his children. He was a member of the Lutheran church, and displayed the same activity in religious affairs as in temporal. He was a trustee of the church, and worked hard for its upbuilding. He was a Republican in politics. He married, in Guilderland, November 3, 1847, Eliza, born in that town, March 10, 1824, died February 14, 1907, daughter of Peter Crounse, born in Guilderland, where he died at the age of ninety-six years. He married Margaret Smith, born in Dutchess county, died in Guilderland, in her eighty-fifth year. They reared a large family, one of whom, William P. Crounse, a farmer of Guilderland, is one of two survivors (1910). Peter Crounse and his wife were active members of the Lutheran church, helpful and earnest in their religion. Children of John F. and Eliza (Crounse) Fryer: Abram, see forward; Peter, October 9, 1852, died aged sixteen years; Emma, born May 1, 1855, married Seward Waggoner, now a retired farmer and justice of the peace of Guilderland Center; Margaret, November 22, 1859, died in 1888, married Abram Tygert; Albutus, see forward; John H., born July 15, 1867, since 1888 has been mechanical engineer in the employ of the General Electric Works, Schenectady, New York; married Clara Norman; child, Leroy.

(IV) Abram (2), eldest son of John F. and Eliza (Crounse) Fryer, was born on the Fryer homestead in the Helderburgs, in the region known as the "Indian Ladder," August 8, 1848. He inherited three hundred acres of the farm, to which he has added

property in various locations. He has been an industrious farmer all his days, and the success he has achieved has been fairly won. He followed the footsteps of his father, and has always displayed the same energy that characterized him. The Fryer boys are noted throughout the entire section not only for their industrious habits, but for their fair dealing and honorable lives. Mr. Fryer attends the Lutheran church, and is a Republican in politics. He married, in Guilderland, February 10, 1887, Mary, born in that town, daughter of Jonas and Evaline (Vroman) Smith. Jonas Smith was a native of Guilderland, a farmer and a carpenter, member of Reformed church and a Republican. They had six sons and six daughters, all married and living, except one. Children of Abram and Mary (Smith) Fryer: Frank, died in infancy; Ethel, born March 6, 1893, educated in the public schools, a graduate of the State Normal School at Albany, class of 1912; Annie E., October 4, 1900, student of music.

(IV) Albutus, third son of John F. and Eliza (Crounse) Fryer, was born on the Helderburg farm of his father, October 26, 1861. He inherited one hundred and ten acres of the homestead farm, which he yet occupies. He has never departed from the habits of industry so sternly impressed upon him in his early days, but has been a worker all his life. The home which he occupies is built near the spot where the original log cabin stood, built by his ancestor who first occupied the land. This house he built after acquiring the property. He attends the Lutheran church, is a Republican in politics, member of Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Lodge No. 668, of Voorheesville. He married, in Guilderland, February 15, 1882, Agnes A., born in the town of Guilderland, January 25, 1863, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Hallenbeck) Spoor, and granddaughter of Jacob and Hannah (Smith) Spoor. John Spoor was born in Guilderland, May 9, 1827, died May 15, 1905. He was a prominent farmer and dealer in real estate in the town of Niskayuna, Schenectady county, New York. He married Elizabeth Hallenbeck, born November 30, 1830, who survives him, now aged eighty years, a resident of Schenectady, active both mentally and physically. She is a daughter of Teunis and Margaret (Crounse) Hallenbeck. Her family were members of the Lutheran church, and the men voters of the Republican party. Children of John and Elizabeth (Hallenbeck) Spoor: 1. Jacob, born August 12, 1849; now living retired at Lisha's Kill, Albany county; he married Alida Van Vranken; children: Peter, Lloyd and Arreta. 2. Isaac, Novem-

ber 20, 1851; a real estate dealer of Schenectady, New York; married Jane Hallenbeck; children: Lulu and Anna. 3. Agnes, September 10, 1857, died April 21, 1861. 4. John, October 23, 1860, died 1861. 5. Agnes A., January 25, 1863; married Albutus Fryer. 6. Annie, June 17, 1868; married Ira Hurst, a retired farmer; children: Mildred and John J. 7. Margareta, September 13, 1877; married Abram J. Pangborn, who is connected with the General Electric Works at Schenectady, New York. Children of Albutus and Agnes A. (Spoor) Fryer: 1. Grace M., born March 9, 1884; received her early education in the public schools, and graduated with honor from the State Normal School at Albany; married Cyrus Hilton, of Schenectady, connected with the Locomotive Works of that city. 2. Grant, April 26, 1886; a machinist at the General Electric Works, Schenectady, where he holds a good position.

Jacob Fryer, second son of John FRYER (q. v.) and Maria (Volweider) Fryer, was born July 18, 1797, died in Guilderland, Albany county, in 1873. He inherited part of the original Fryer grant from his father and spent his days engaged in agriculture. He was a prosperous man, and passed his farm along to his sons improved and enlarged. He was a Lutheran in religion, and for many years acted with the Whig party; later with the Democratic. He married Margaret, who died about 1860, daughter of Peter Livingston. Children: 1. Mary, married Peter Barkoff, who located in Noahsville, now Altamont; both deceased; children: William, Peter, John and Magdaline. 2. Eva Ann, married Peter McChesney, of Schenectady, New York; died November 6, 1910, in ninetyeth year. 3. John, see forward. 4. Peter, a retired farmer, now living in Voorheesville, New York; married Amanda Weaver; child, Emma, married Henry Relyea. 5. Magdaline, deceased. 6. Fanny. 7. William, died a young man.

(III) John, son of Jacob and Margaret (Livingston) Fryer, was born on the old "Fryer farm," April 12, 1829, died August 25, 1888. He inherited a farm, and on it built the farmhouse now occupied by its owner. He was a man of industry and thrift, and proved a successful farmer. He was a member of the Lutheran church, active and useful, holding official position. He was a Republican in politics. He married, in Guilderland, Mary Crounse, born October 15, 1828. She survives her husband, and is spending the latter days of an active, useful life with her son William, who succeeded to the farm that has

so long been her home. She is a daughter of Peter and Margaret (Smith) Crounse, of Guilderland, who died eighty and seventy years, respectively. She is a granddaughter of John and Elizabeth (Livingston) Crounse, also of Guilderland. John Crounse was seven years old when his parents came to America and settled in Guilderland at the foot of the Helderburgs. The settlement in that section was not intended, but the mother, worn out by weeks and months of travel by sea and land, refused to go any further. Land was leased of the Rensselaer estate, to which "soil title" was afterward obtained. The family was a large one, and is still well represented in Albany county. Children of John and Mary (Crounse) Fryer: 1. Margaret, born March 14, 1852, died May 14, 1884; unmarried. 2. Sarah E., June 30, 1855; married in Rotterdam, Schenectady county, New York, October 10, 1873, William G. Becker; child, George. 3. William, see forward. 4. Ida, born December 14, 1858, died 1906; married Dr. A. M. Oliver, a practicing physician of Voorheesville, New York; children: Stanley, Williard, Florence and Mildred. 5. Ada (twin of Ida), unmarried; resides on the home farm in Guilderland. 6. Peter E., born July 3, 1861; married Sarah Kelley; resides in Schenectady. 7. Edna A., November 30, 1864; married Frank Spawn; children: Eugenia, Ella, Edith, Leslie. 8. Schuyler C., March 23, 1868; married Mary Green and resides in Rutherford, New Jersey; children: Lulu, Marion and William. 9. Mary, October 18, 1871, died November 30, 1885. 10. Jennie, March 12, 1876; married Melvin L. Elsass, of Altamont; no living issue.

(IV) William, eldest son of John and Mary (Crounse) Fryer, was born on the homestead farm in Guilderland, October 27, 1857. He was educated in the public schools, reared a farmer, and for the past twenty-five years has owned and cultivated the homestead farm of one hundred and thirty acres. He has installed many improvements and made farming a successful, prosperous business. He has been a member of the Lutheran church from boyhood, and for many years a deacon. He is a Republican in politics. He married, December 2, 1891, in Guilderland, Grace Waggoner, born October 14, 1869, in the town of Guilderland, daughter of Peter G. and Evaline (Livingston) Waggoner, natives of Guilderland, and members of the Reformed church. She was the eighth child of a family of nine. 1. Magdalene, married Judson Lawson, of Coeymans, Albany county; children: Ada, Eva, Harriet, Grace, Homer. 2. W. Seward, a farmer of Guilderland; married

Emma C. Fryer. 3. George, died in infancy. 4. Winnie, died in infancy. 5. Rollin, of Guilderland Center; married Sabina Wiltse; children: Jennie M. and Roy. 6. Anna, deceased; married Howard Lasher, a farmer of the town of Coeymans; children: Eleanor, Effie W., Margaret V., Pearl. 7. Elon M., deceased; married Blanche McKinney; children: Annie, Peter G., Pearl M. 8. Grace, married William Fryer. 9. Earl W., born February 5, 1893, died December 4, 1894. William and Grace (Waggoner) Fryer have a son, William Seward, born October 23, 1903. Mrs. William Fryer is a member of the Lutheran church with her husband.

April 8, 1776, died 1849. He inherited the method of bone treatment followed by his father. His fame extended over a large section of country, and he was much sought after by those afflicted with diseases he was reputed to successfully cure. To his business of a healer he added that of farmer, and was an active worker in the Baptist church. He studied theology and was licensed to preach, which he often did, in fact was known as widely as a preacher as a healer. During his latter years his eyes failed and he became totally blind. So skilled was he and of such delicate touch that his blindness did not interfere with his work of healing. He was greatly respected all over Montgomery county. At the time of his death, 1849, he was living in Amsterdam, New York. Rev. Waterman Sweet married, in New York, Elizabeth Hodges, born in New England, died in Amsterdam, and buried in Florida, Montgomery county, New York.

The Sweet family of Amsterdam, SWEET New York, descends from Dr. Samuel Sweet, immigrant ancestor, who came to America from Wales, where the family name is not uncommon. A remarkable fact connected with the family is that each of the four generations in the United States has produced one or more members who have been noted for their skill in the treatment of diseases of the bones and joints. Their methods have been handed down from father to son, and while differing from the regular prescribed treatment for such diseases laid down by regular schools of medicine, have been very successful. Each generation of the four has had a Dr. Sweet who enjoyed more than a local reputation for skill in bone surgery, that is described as a "simple, natural treatment."

(I) Dr. Samuel Sweet was born in Wales. He settled in Rhode Island at a date previous to the revolutionary war, and was then a comparatively young man. He was noted around Providence for his skill in bone treatment and must have had the method taught him by his father in Wales. By his "natural treatment" he was able to perform some cures of dislocated bones and joints that were considered very remarkable. Leaving Providence, Rhode Island, he journeyed north and westward with his wife, whom he married in Rhode Island, using the method of transportation then available—the covered wagon drawn by horses or oxen. He settled at Bullshead, Montgomery county, New York, on a farm where he resided until his death at an extreme old age. He was often called upon by his pioneer neighbors to treat their disabled or disjoined limbs and gained a reputation that extended far beyond local limits. He reared a family and it is a matter of regret that the name of his wife has not been preserved.

(II) Dr. Waterman, son of Dr. Samuel Sweet, was born in Providence, Rhode Island,

(III) Dr. Waterman (2), son of Dr. Waterman (1) and Elizabeth (Hodges) Sweet, was born in Florida, Montgomery county, New York, August 12, 1809, died August 20, 1886. He also became famous as a "bone healer," having succeeded to his father's practice. He cultivated a small farm successfully and died possessed of considerable property. He and his wife were members of the Baptist church. He married, in Florida, New York, Ruth Mallory, born in Florida, June 1, 1815, died March 28, 1902. Children: 1. Elizabeth, born August 1, 1839, died July 25, 1859. 2. and 3. Twins, died in infancy. 4. Waterman (3), April 17, 1843. 5. David M., see forward. 6. Ira S., March 14, 1849; resides in Utica, New York, and is a successful practitioner of the family method of bone treatment; married Martha Brown and has five children. 7. Sherod L., November 6, 1850, died aged three years. 8. Leonard G., November 21, 1852, died January 21, 1890.

(IV) Dr. David M., son of Dr. Waterman (2) and Ruth (Mallory) Sweet, was born in Florida, Montgomery county, New York, June 4, 1845. He quite naturally adopted the profession of his father, in which he has achieved remarkable success besides a local patronage, people from all over the United States coming to consult him concerning their bone ailments. He has resided for many years in Amsterdam, New York, where he is a highly respected citizen and professional man. He has now (1909) largely withdrawn from active practice, surrendering it to his son, who is the fifth of his name to follow the particular methods employed. The "Old Original Sweet's Liniment" was made by the emigrant who

settled in Rhode Island, and the same liniment is used to this day. Dr. David M. Sweet married, December 23, 1863, Hannah M. Greene, born June 11, 1843, in Greenfield, Saratoga county, New York. Children: 1. Emma L., born November 11, 1864; married John S. Sterling, of Pattersonville, New York; they have a son, Lincoln S., born October 11, 1894. 2. Harry L., November 30, 1869; was educated in the public schools and is rapidly succeeding to the business of his father, whom he will succeed as the fifth in direct line to follow the "natural method"; married Harriet M. Ransler, born in Schenectady, New York, June 13, 1874; has one child, Vinnie M. 3. Vinnie E., August 21, 1873, died February 3, 1885. 4. Infant, deceased. Mrs. Hannah M. (Greene) Sweet is a daughter of Anson Greene, born in Saratoga county, New York, January 23, 1814, died June 1, 1891, and Lucinda (Lincoln) Greene, born in Saratoga county, March 7, 1818, died November 9, 1851. Anson Greene was the son of James Greene, born in Rhode Island, died in Saratoga county, New York, aged seventy-seven. James Greene married Pamela Hendrick, who died in May, 1868, aged seventy-one. Lucinda Lincoln, wife of Anson Greene, was daughter of Henry and Hannah (White) Lincoln, who were married in Rhode Island, settled in Saratoga county, New York, where they died, both having passed their eightieth year.

The American ancestor of the RUDD Ruds of Bennington, Vermont, and Hoosick, New York, is Lieutenant Jonathan Rudd, who came from England, settled in New Haven, Connecticut, 1640; was freeman of Saybrook, 1644, took oath of allegiance in Hartford, 1651, was of importance in the town of Saybrook, assistant to Captain Mason in the fort there, 1652, leather sealer, 1656, and held main public offices of trust. He married, 1646-47, the name unknown, but she was one of the principals in the most romantic marriages ever performed in Connecticut. The wedding day was fixed and a magistrate engaged to perform the ceremony, but a great snowstorm prevented his coming. Application was made to Governor Winthrop, but he, deriving authority from Massachusetts, could not legally marry in Massachusetts, but proposed that the contracting parties come to the boundary of the colony, a narrow stream, and he would marry them from the Massachusetts side. This was done, and Winthrop and his friends from Pequot met the bridal party from Saybrook. Here the ceremony was performed "under the shelter of no roof, by no hospitable fireside,

without accommodations, but those furnished by the snow covered earth, the over-arching Heaven and perchance the sheltering side of a forest of pines or cedars," never perhaps was the legal rite performed in a situation so wild and solitary and under circumstances so peculiar and interesting. From that day the little stream has been known as Bride Brook. Winthrop in his deposition says: "And at that time, the place had (received) the denomination of Bride Brook." That a considerable party had assembled is evident from the narrative, and he further says, "all were well satisfied with what was done."

(II) Nathaniel, believed to be son of Lieutenant Jonathan Rudd, was born in 1660, died April, 1727. He settled at West Farms, in what is now the town of Franklin, where he was one of the organizers of the first church there. He married (first) April, 1685, Mary Post, died November, 1705; (second) Abigail Hartshorn, January 21, 1706. Children by first marriage: Jonathan, born May 22, 1693, married Joanna Gregory; Mary, February 3, 1695, married Ebenezer Wood; Lydia, died young. Children by second marriage: Nathaniel, born April 6, 1707; Joseph, of further mention; Daniel, March 12, 1710, married Mary Metcalf; Sarah, January 23, 1712; Abigail, August 6, 1713; Lydia, April 12, 1715; Anna, February 7, 1717; Susanna, March 15, 1719; Gideon, February 2, 1722; Patience, November 6, 1723.

(III) Joseph, son of Nathaniel and Abigail (Hartshorn) Rudd, was born in Windham, Connecticut, October 31, 1708. He probably died there shortly after the revolution. He married and had several children, as Joseph his son says in this letter, written after the battle of Bennington that "Brother John and myself," and closes by sending love to his brothers and sisters.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Rudd, was born in Connecticut, 1740, died 1818. He settled in Vermont, married and was living in Bennington at the time the battle was fought with the British, in 1777. The following letter was written to his father:

"Bennington, August 26, A. D. 1777.

Honored Father:

After my duty, I take this opportunity to write you, hoping these lines will find you well, as through the goodness of God, they leave me and my family. We met with a great deal of trouble on the 16th inst., Myself and brother John were preserved through a very hot battle. We killed and took according to the best account we can get, about one thousand of the enemy. Our loss was about thirty or forty. We marched right up against their breastwork with our small arms, while they fired upon us with their field pieces every half minute, yet they never touched a

man with them. We drove them out of their breastwork, and took their field pieces and pursued and killed a great number of them. We took four or five of my neighbors, two Snyders and two Hornbecks. The bigger part of Dutch Hoosac was in the battle against us. They went to the regulars a day or two before the fight. While I was gone, my wife and children went down to Williamstown. After I came home, I went after them and found them at Landlord Simons. I now have them home again. We soon expect the enemy will come upon us again and what I will do with my family, I know not. I want to inform you, that I received your letter, dated August 18. I want to come and see you very much, but when I shall I know not. Remember me to brothers and sisters and inquiring friends. No more at present, but I remain,

"Your dutiful son, until death,
Joseph Rudd."

This letter is preserved in the Historical Museum at Bennington, Vermont. He was one of the signers of a petition sent to England and presented to the court of Great Britain in 1767; this petition represented the grievance of the settlers against the government of New York, and prayed for a confirmation of the New Hampshire grants held or occupied by them. At the raising of the Hubble house in 1769 a demand was made for a wedding. It was known that Joseph Rudd and Miss Story were engaged. She lived near by. Rev. Mr. Dewey said to Joseph: "If you go and lead Sarah over here I will marry you for nothing." "It's a bargain." Timbers were laid down and the ceremony performed. Joseph Rudd married Sarah Story, who died 1842, aged ninety-eight years. Sarah Story was of revolutionary stock and was acquainted with Colonel Ethan Allen. One of her brothers, a boy of sixteen, was taken prisoner with Allen. Another brother was captured by Indians in Connecticut and the second night he made his escape. (The following record is taken from a paper written by a granddaughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Harris, when over seventy years of age. The manuscript is neatly and plainly written.) Children: i. Celinda, married Zachary Brown, died at "Grand fathers place," leaving four children: i. Celinda, married Reuben Armstrong; ii. Harriet, married William Gould; iii. Story; iv. Enos B. 2. Sally, married a Mr. Potter, and removed west. 3. Joseph, married a Miss Smith, and removed to western New York. 4. Lucy, married a Mr. Boice and lived in western New York. 5. Enos, married Abigail Wood, sister of Betsey, wife of David Rudd. Enos lived and died on "Grandfather's old place." 6. Patty, married Samuel Wadsworth, and lived in Bennington, Vermont. 7. David, of whom further.

(V) David, youngest child of Joseph (2)

and Sarah (Story) Rudd was born in Bennington, Vermont, 1786, died 1854. He was a farmer of substance and prominence, and a Democrat. He married Betsey Wood, born 1791, died 1856, daughter of Andrew and Abigail (Adams) Wood, who were the parents of: Aaron; Wealthy, married Daniel Hamilton, and lived in the west; Abigail; Betsey, married David Rudd. Mr. and Mrs. Rudd had thirteen children, nine of whom reached the years of maturity, and all married except one: 1. Sabrina, born May 27, 1814; married Luman Norton, whom she survived; children: David and Marshal. 2. Elijah, born April 8, 1816; married Jane Maynard; children living: Fayette, Frank and Ella. 3. Martha, born April 23, 1818, died at age of forty-four years; she married Andrew Sawyer; had eleven children, eight of whom are living, mostly resident of the state of Michigan: Martha, Mary, Andrew, David, Sarah, deceased, Harriet, Romanzo, deceased, Salome, Laura, deceased, Sabrina, Addie. 4. John W., born July 22, 1820; married Charlotte Andrews; children living: George, Martha and Florence. 5. David, born June 29, 1822, died aged forty-three years; married Harriet Maynard; child living, Jessie. 6. Elizabeth, born October 19, 1825, married E. Stearns Harris; child, Emory; at the age of seventy Mrs. Harris prepared a family record, to which this record is due. Besides her own son, Emory, she reared two girls, Laura Sawyer (deceased) and Mary Chase, "both good girls." 7. Sanford Highville, of whom further. 8. Ira, born July 15, 1831; unmarried. 9. Harriet, born October 11, 1832; married Edward Kinsley; they have no children, but adopted a daughter Addie, who married Sanford Rudd (2), whom she survived with two children: Allura and Kinsley. The four deceased children of David and Betsey (Wood) Rudd were: Abbie, the first born child, died aged two years; Catherine, born June 2, 1837, lived five years and three months; Forrester, lived two years; Aaron, died aged two years.

(VI) Sanford Highville, seventh child of David and Betsey (Wood) Rudd, was born in Bennington, Vermont, March 1, 1827. He was educated in the public schools and reared a farmer. In 1876 he settled on a large farm, which he purchased in Hoosick, Rensselaer county, New York, which he has since most successfully operated. He served the town as assessor for seven years, and has always been a man of influence. He is a Democrat in politics. He married (first) Fanny Watson, who bore him eight children: Ebb; David, deceased; Harriet; Bessie; Sanford (2), deceased; Edward, deceased; and Zoe, de-

ceased; Joseph D., deceased. He married (second) Celestia, daughter of Joseph Mattison, born in Rhode Island, July 25, 1795, died September 13, 1870; married, 1845, Phoebe Gates, born in Belchertown, Massachusetts, died June, 1858. Children of second marriage: Warren, Ernest and Archie L. Of these children all married but two, and there are thirty-one grandchildren and twelve great-grandchildren in the family.

Settlement was made in the Mohawk Valley by the founder of this family prior to 1804. James Levey was born in Schenectady county, New York, 1804, son of Dutch parents. He was a farmer of Amsterdam; late in life he removed to the city of Amsterdam, where he died January 22, 1884. He married, October 29, 1829, Katherine Cain, born in Princetown, Schenectady county, December 24, 1806, died February 20, 1880. Children: 1. Hiram, see forward. 2. John, born March 16, 1833; married Amanda M. Lepper; they reside in Amsterdam, New York. 3. William H., February 17, 1835; married Lydia Van Dyke, who survives him, with daughters, Maggie and Lulu. 4. Paul, December 22, 1837, deceased; married Jane Ann Bunn and had Lydia. 5. Benjamin, December 20, 1839; removed to Rockford, Illinois; married Margaret Lepper, who survives him; resident of Stillman Valley; no issue. 6. Catherine, March 11, 1842, deceased; married Edward Hamm, of Amsterdam, and had Freeman and Jennie. 7. Margaret, May 12, 1844, deceased; married Johnson Banta; no issue. 8. Barbara, October 12, 1846, deceased; married Orvin Wessell, of Amsterdam; no issue. 9. Maria, October 12, 1848; married Newton Merry, of Merry Brothers, truckmen, Amsterdam; has a son, Earl Merry. 10. Susan, October 17, 1852; married Jay Merry, brother of Newton; has Bertha and Anna Merry. 11. Nicholas, September 21, 1854; married Belle Hayes, of Troy, New York; has a daughter Hazel.

(II) Hiram, eldest child of James and Katherine (Cain) Levey, was born in Montgomery county, New York, August 29, 1830, died October 19, 1905. Early in life he removed to Fulton county, New York, where all his subsequent life was passed. He was a farmer. He married, at Broadalbin, Fulton county, Rachel H. Ockart, born in Albany, New York, June 14, 1839. She survives her husband and resides with a daughter, Carrie B., in Troy, New York. She is the daughter of Anthony and Elizabeth (Ruben) Ockart, who were born in France,

reared in Germany, came to the United States, to Albany, New York, where they were married; following the birth of their second child they removed to Mayfield, Fulton county, where they died. Children of Anthony and Elizabeth Ockart: 1. Joseph Samuel F. C., resident of Gloversville, New York; by first wife has Philander and Alice. 2. Rachel H. (Mrs. Hiram Levey). Children of Hiram and Rachel H. (Ockart) Levey: 1. James, born 1855; of Amsterdam; married Christina Beck, and has Laura B., married Marcus Rasmussen, and Urban. 2. Frank H., see forward. 3. Carrie B., 1871, married Walter McClellan, of Troy, New York; has a son, Ockart McClellan, born January 25, 1897.

(III) Frank H., son of Hiram and Rachel H. (Ockart) Levey, was born in Amsterdam, Montgomery county, New York, September 30, 1857. He grew to manhood and was educated in his native town. On reaching man's estate he removed to the city of Amsterdam and obtained employment in a box factory, remaining until he became an expert workman and thoroughly understood every detail of box manufacturing. Having only a limited capital, he erected a small factory and began business for himself; without machinery he operated in a small way, making all his boxes by hand labor. He was industrious, ambitious, and bound to succeed. In a few years he had a large factory fully equipped with modern box-making machinery. After sixteen years close application to business, having an opportunity, he disposed of his entire business in 1900 and retired from active business life, to his beautiful home in Amsterdam, which he built. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, as is Mrs. Levey. Never taking an active part in politics, he has always been a stalwart Republican. He is fraternally connected with Amsterdam Lodge, No. 134, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Chuctenunda Lodge, No. 100, Knights of Pythias. In the days of the volunteer fire department in Amsterdam he was a member of the "Bronson Hose Company," now known as the Bronson Social and Benevolent Association. He is an exempt member of Bronson Hose Company. He married, February 22, 1880, in Amsterdam city, Christina Miller, born in Saratoga county, May 24, 1858. She has been an active and important factor in his business career, assisting him in the earlier days by personal work, laboring by his side in the little shop until a safe start was secured, and now enjoying, with him, their well-earned competence. She is a daughter of Augustus and Mary (Saunders) Miller, born in Ger-



Frank H. Leroy

many, he in Berlin; she in Pommern, Westphalia. They came to the United States before their marriage, which occurred in Saratoga county, New York, where they resided for several years, afterward removing to Rockton (now part of the city of Amsterdam) where he was a farmer and where he died May 19, 1893, aged seventy-four. His wife Mary survives him at the age of seventy-seven. The Millers were members of the German Lutheran church, as were their forebears. Children: 1. Frederika, married William Kernan. 2. Christina (Mrs. Frank H. Levey). 3. Augustus, farmer of Perth, Fulton county; married Minnie Strumz. 4. John, of Red River, New York; married Margaret Pargo. 5. Charles, of Amsterdam; married Annie M. Lebeahn. 6. Mary, married George Shuler, of Amsterdam. 7. Lizzie, married Nazarre Ross, of Broadalbin, New York. 8. George, of Amsterdam, unmarried. 9. Frank, married Jessie Ross. Children of Frank H. and Christina (Miller) Levey: 1. Harriet, born April 7, 1881. 2. Francis, October 5, 1894; both residing at home.

The Wayne family are mentioned in the early records of Yorkshire and Derbyshire, England, where for centuries they held position among the lesser gentry. These old Waynes bore the Christian names of Anthony, Gabriel and Francis, and many of them were soldiers by profession, some of them in the "War of the Roses," and mostly upon the side of their king. Among them was Captain Gabriel Wayne, apparently a near kinsman of Captain Anthony Wayne, the founder of the Waynes in America. The family in England bore arms: "Gules a chevron ermine between three inside quantlets or." Anthony Wayne was born near the border line of Yorkshire and Derbyshire in the year 1666. He early became a soldier, and while yet a lad saw service in the low countries, it is said, under John Churchill, later the great Duke of Marlborough. He was with the English army in Ireland, and commanded a troop of horse at the "Boyne Water," in company with his lifelong friend, John Hunter, both of whom later settled down as farmers in county Wicklow, one having married a French woman, the other a native of Holland. Anthony Wayne settled near Rathdrum, Wicklow, Ireland, after 1690. His wife was named Faulkner, and he had seven sons, five of whom came to America. Anthony Wayne and family landed near Boston, Massachusetts, in 1723, and almost immediately proceeded to Pennsylvania, where they settled

in Chester county. Here he found his old companion-in-arms, John Hunter, who had settled there in 1722. He purchased land at Easttown, Chester county, and is described in the deed as "Anthony Wayne, gentleman." Captain Anthony Wayne died in Easttown, December 2, 1739, and was buried in old St. David's, Radnor, where he was a vestryman and pewholder. Children: Francis, Gabriel, Isaac, Humphrey, Jacob, William, John, Sarah, Ann and Mary. The home Captain Anthony Wayne founded in Chester county was called Waynesborough, and is yet the home of descendants.

(II) Isaac, third son of Captain Anthony Wayne, was born in Ireland, and died in Chester county, Pennsylvania. He was a captain in the colonial wars, 1755, and is said to have been at Braddock's defeat. He served with honor all through his military career, and died on the eve of the American revolution, leaving a son whose brilliant record, covering the entire period of the war, and extending from the frozen Canada's to the tropic Florida, fills some of the most important pages of the history of our country.

(III) Anthony (2), son of Isaac Wayne, and known as "Mad" Anthony Wayne, the hero of everywhere, was brigadier-general in 1777; major-general by brevet, 1783-92; nominated by Washington as commander-in-chief of the army, which position he held until his death, near Erie, Pennsylvania, December 15, 1796. The Wayne family, of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, herein recorded, were planted in that county by Anthony Wayne, a grandson of Captain Anthony, the American founder. He was a cousin of General Anthony Wayne, and was of the third generation of Waynes in America, and one of the early settlers in the town of New Scotland, the date of his settlement being during, or immediately after, the revolution. He was an active patriot, and did not fall one whit behind his illustrious relative in devotion to the colonial cause. New Scotland then had few inhabitants, and among the loyal ones were William McCulloch, Anthony Wayne, John Furbeck, John Wands, Robert Hilton, Albert Bradt, and the La Grange family. He married and had issue.

(IV) George, son of Anthony (2) Wayne, was born on the home farm in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, December 8, 1779, died May 10, 1837. He spent his life as a farmer of the town, prospered, and was a man of influence. He married, January 27, 1805, Elizabeth Coughtry, born August 17, 1783, died October 11, 1842. Children: 1. Anthony, born January 19, 1806, died August

14, 1877; married, September 22, 1842, Mrs. Elizabeth Fuller. 2. James, August 12, 1808, died March 28, 1873; married, September 12, 1833, Judith Russell. 3. John Haswell, see forward. 4. Sarah Ann, September 12, 1813, died April 18, 1848; married, March 26, 1834, George W. Bender. 5. William, June 19, 1816, died April 13, 1892; married, December 28, 1843, Mary Cook. 6. Elizabeth, December 30, 1818, died May 25, 1868; married, November 23, 1842, William H. Slingerland, who died in 1910, an honored citizen of the village of Slingerland. 7. Jane, November 16, 1821, died March 22, 1902; became the second wife of her brother-in-law, George W. Bender. 8. Adaline, July 9, 1824, died July 25, 1869; married George M. Blodgett. 9. Susanna, July 22, 1826, died October 2, 1828.

(V) John Haswell, son of George and Elizabeth (Coughtry) Wayne, was born in the town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, January 12, 1811, died February 20, 1893, on the farm which had been his home for fifty-six years. He was a man of high character and purest purpose, and he commanded the respect of the community of which he was for so long a most prominent figure. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and a Republican in politics after the formation of that party. He married Catherine Stanton, born in Coeymans, Albany county, New York, October 19, 1823, died in New Scotland, same county, December 17, 1887. She was a devout Presbyterian, and reared her family of five in conformity with the tenets of that faith. Children: 1. George, born August 10, 1846; after three attempts he succeeded in eluding the vigilance of his parents, ran away to camp, and enlisted (being only eighteen years old) in the Union army; he saw some active service, sickened and died in the hospital at Washington, District of Columbia. 2. Helen, August 23, 1848, died February 27, 1871; unmarried. 3. James, see forward. 4. Sarah Ann, born September 4, 1852, died August 16, 1861. 5. Mary Jane, October 8, 1856, died August 19, 1861.

(VI) James, son of John Haswell and Catherine (Stanton) Wayne, was born in the village of Slingerlands, Albany county, New York, September 6, 1850, died in New Scotland, same county, May 23, 1910. He received a good education, and was a high-minded, public-spirited citizen. He was a leading farmer and stock raiser of the county, and was officially connected with the Albany County Agricultural Association. His farm, well stocked and beautifully situated, was noted

for its fine orchards and well-kept, highly-cultivated condition. He was an active man in politics, but never worked for his own private advancement, and never accepted office. He was liberal and helpful, always lending the hand of assistance to those in misfortune. He attended the Presbyterian church, and was a Republican in politics. He married, December 23, 1875, in New Scotland, Alice, born December 9, 1856, daughter of David (2) and Lucretia (Reamer) Bradt, and granddaughter of David (1) Bradt, of New Scotland, a farmer, member of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Republican. He married ——— Winne, a member of the old Dutch Winne family, so prominent in Albany county annals. David (2) Bradt was born in Knox, Albany county, New York, in 1818, and died in 1902. He married Lucretia Reamer, born June 25, 1830. Still lives in Voorheesville, and is very smart for her eighty years. These families date from the earlier Dutch settlement of Albany county. Children of David (2) and Lucretia (Reamer) Bradt: 1. Catherine, born October 10, 1850, in the town of Knox, died in the village of Voorheesville, July 29, 1895; married James Goodfellow, who survived her, and who married (second), a widow, Louisa (Hungerford) Taylor, who bore him a child, George. 2. Alice, married James Wayne. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne: 1. Jennie W., born January 6, 1877; married Professor Newton J. Ferguson, principal of a Brooklyn, New York, school; child, Helen O., born August 23, 1903. 2. Bertha, May 30, 1880; married De Forest S. Dunlap, now of Ratena, New York. 3. Dorothy C., November 18, 1883; unmarried; prominent in local and church work. 4. David H., July 9, 1887; a graduate of Albany Business College; was two years page in the New York state legislature; now department clerk; married Jeane Wayne Bender, a graduate of Albany high school; child, James Edward, born October 4, 1909. 5. Helen P., May 13, 1891; received a musical education; resides at home. 6. Catherine Stanton, February 16, 1895; a student at Albany high school. Mrs. Alice Bradt Wayne survives her husband, and resides on her beautiful estate in New Scotland with her unmarried children. They are all well known in the social life of the town. Mrs. Wayne attends the Presbyterian church.

The first of this branch of the Rich family in America was John Rich, born in Kentmoor parish, England, 1754. He married there Elizabeth Aiken, born in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1740. The

date of their coming to the United States is not given, but they were residents of the town of Chatham, Hartford county, Connecticut, before they came to New York state in 1810. They settled in the town of Starkey, Yates county, New York, where John Rich died, May 10, 1815; Elizabeth survived him until December 17, 1837. Both are buried in the town of Starkey. Children: i. Richard, of whom further. 2. Ansel, born March 4, 1784, died July 30, 1852; married Rhoda Griswold, born November 14, 1786, died April 12, 1853; children: i. Minor, born January 28, 1805, died January 14, 1819; ii. John, born August 3, 1808, died June 15, 1848, and married Lany Horning, 1823; iii. George, born August 5, 1810, died March 6, 1821; iv. Milo, born August 13, 1813, died 1886, married, December, 1832, Elizabeth Sutphen; v. Richard, born August 24, 1816, died February 23, 1838; vi. Henry, born November 30, 1820, died 1878, married, February 14, 1841, Sarepta Rich, a widow; vii. Sanford, born January 9, 1824; viii. Philann, born August 11, 1826, died October 5, 1800, married, December 5, 1841, Simpson Hallock. 3. Alfred, born April 21, 1786, died December 10, 1847; married (first) Sarah Griswold, born 1785, died November 12, 1823; children: i. Harriet, born February 2, 1805, married Addison Lewis, and has a daughter Adaline; ii. Erastus, born May 7, 1808, killed when young while engaged in a wrestling match; iii. Polly Ann, born October 10, 1809, died October 9, 1886, married, October 29, 1829, Joseph Reynolds, who died in Dundee, New York, a very old man; iv. Sarah Ann, born January 7, 1821, died 1852; married James Hawley; had a son Erastus. Alfred Rich married (second) Almy Roberts and had a son Alfred, born December 7, 1824, died January, 1888; married ——— Drake; they were both killed by a runaway team; children: Charles B., and a daughter. 4. Elias, married, and had Richard and Amanda; this family removed to Michigan, where all died; Amanda married and left children. 5. Clara.

(II) Richard, eldest child of John and Elizabeth (Aiken) Rich, was born, probably in England, November 4, 1778, died July, 1839. He settled at Mason's Hollow, near Comstock's Landing, Washington county, New York. He married Amy Mason, born 1782, died 1862. Children: i. Lyman, married Kate Dailey; children: Sarah Jane, married ——— Ogden; Richard Henry; Owen; Mary Ann; Leonard; Emma, married ——— Livingstone; Olin; Kate, married and removed to Canada. 2. Warren, married Helen Dailey; children: i. Cornelia, married War-

ren Wilson; ii. Seymour. 3. Rosanna, married Barker Mason; children: Addison, George, Edgar, and three others. 4. Diana, married Cyrus Ferris; children: i. Charles Edward, married ——— Rogers, and removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin; ii. Marian, married Rufus Gardiner; iii. Walter, married Eliza Kingsley; iv. Maria, married Noble Clark; children: Nellie, William and Sophia; v. Letitia, married Russell Hall; children: Anna Sweet, Harriet, Charles and Kitty; vi. Lyman, married Minerva Miller; children: George, Noble and James. 5. Maria, married Belden Rich, a kinsman, and removed to Michigan. 6. Jane, married John Gillette; children: Charles, Melvin, Avery, and a son settled at Clyde, Warren county, New York. 7. Lucy, married Charles C. Rich, a kinsman; children: Charles, Henry, Cyrus, Amy, Jane and Alice. 8. Ellen, married Adolphus Hawes; children: i. Ada; ii. Cora E., died February 14, 1905; iii. Clinton; iv. Ida; v. Lina, married H. F. Woodward; vi. Amy, married B. F. Irish, and removed to Fergus Falls, Minnesota, thence to Wapato, Washington; has daughter Nina. 9. Cyrus Ferris, of whom further.

(III) Cyrus Ferris, youngest child of Richard and Amy (Mason) Rich, was born at Comstock, Washington county, New York, December 23, 1826, died at Saratoga Springs, New York, November 1, 1897. He was educated in the public schools, and, after completing his school years, began the study of dentistry. He was regularly admitted to practice and followed this profession in Schuylersville until 1865, when he removed to Saratoga Springs, his business home and residence until death. He was master of his profession and was well known and highly regarded. During the civil war he enlisted in Company K, Seventy-seventh Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, with the rank of lieutenant. He was a Republican in politics. He married, November 11, 1852, Harriet E. Cooke, born 1835, died June, 1872, daughter of Peter J. Cooke, of Edinburg, Saratoga county, New York. Children: Waldo Leon, of whom further; Amos Cooke, born April 5, 1856, married Ella Bristol; Leigh, August, 1859, died October, 1861; Guy Cyrus, July, 1861, married Mrs. Katherine Nason; Lynn Richard, September 11, 1864.

(IV) Waldo Leon, eldest son of Cyrus Ferris and Harriet E. (Cooke) Rich, was born in Schuylersville, Saratoga county, New York, November 11, 1853. His early and preparatory education was obtained in the public schools of Schuylersville and Saratoga Springs, after which he entered Williams Col-

lege, where he was graduated A.B., class of 1876. He decided upon the profession of law and pursued a course of legal study under Judge Lester, of Saratoga, was admitted to the bar, but never practised. In 1876 he entered the employ of the old Commercial Bank (now out of existence), from there going to the First National Bank of Saratoga, where he remained until 1894. Then he formed a connection with the Adirondack Trust Company, of Saratoga, and is now (1910) paying tell of that institution. In politics he is a Republican. His social club is the Saratoga, and he holds fraternal membership in the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He is also a member of the Saratoga Business Men's Association. He married, April 25, 1883, Sarah W., daughter of Alembert and Elizabeth (Lester) Pond.

McKINNEY The founder of the McKinney family was Calinas Fitzgerald, of Ireland, who assisted Alexander III, of Scotland, to repel the invasion of Haco, of Norway, 1261, and was rewarded by a grant of the lands of Kintail, county of Ross, in the north of Scotland, and which was erected into a barony. The third baron assumed in name (in Gaelic), Kenneth McKenneth, hence the names McKennie, McKinney, and McKenzie. Members of the family bearing the last two names have been able, in this century, to trace their ancestry to an identical source.

Alexander McKenzie, of Inverness, Scotland, in his genealogies, traces the family back to the beginning of the ninth century. He finally states: "It scarcely needs to be pointed out that, through intermarriages the McKs. are also descended from the ancient Celtic McAlpine line of Scottish kings, from the original Anglo-Saxon kings, of England, and from the oldest Scandinavian, Charlemagne and Capetian lines, as far back as the beginning of the ninth century, forming a network of cousinship which ultimately included all the leading families in the Highlands, every one of which, through these alliances, have the royal blood of all the English, Scottish and Scandinavian kings, and many of the earlier foreign monarchs, coursing through their veins."

Passing along the centuries, we come to that remarkable man, the Rev. James McKinney, grandfather of James McKinney. He was born in Cookstown, Tyrone county, Ireland, in 1750. This county was included in that portion of Ulster made "Sword-land" by the Scots. He entered Glasgow College, where he took the regular course, and remained

there several years after, engaged in the study of theology and of medicine. In due time he was ordained and installed pastor of Kirkhills, or Dervock congregations, in the county of Antrim, a county exposed to the inroads of the Danes, and also of the northern Scots, who ultimately effected permanent settlements. Antrim has always been one of the most decidedly Protestant counties in Ireland, and of the Protestants a very great proportion are Presbyterians.

(I) The last decade of the eighteenth century was pre-eminently distinguished for its revolutionary character in several European nations. Rev. James McKinney lived in revolutionary times. He came to America in 1793. As a friend of liberty, civil and religious, he saw and felt with disapprobation the oppression of his native land, and, though he did not belong to the Society of United Irishmen, yet he was charged with influencing and encouraging them to throw off the British yoke. The true cause of his leaving his native land was his sermon on the "Rights of God." This was denounced as treasonable by the secret spies of the British government. An indictment was found against him, and being feared by the government and an object of jealousy, they determined to seize and imprison him. He was providentially away from home when the soldiers came to arrest him, and as bail on a charge of treason would not be accepted, he escaped to America in the summer of 1793.

Though not sent immediately by the church in Ireland to aid in promoting the Covenanted cause in this country, it is evident that he was sent by the Head of the Church himself. In an article on "The Life and Times of Rev. James McKinney," by Rev. S. Carlisle, he says: "We do not state too much when we assert he was the founder, under God, of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in the United States, after the secession and backsliding in 1783." Dr. Glasgow, in his "History of the Reformed Presbyterian Church in America," and Sprague's "Annals of the American Pulpit," state that "for scholarship and eloquence combined, he was not only the greatest man in the Covenanter Church in his day, but he was a great man among men of that age. His sermons were a continuous stream of thought, and for grandeur of conception and impressiveness of delivery such displays of eloquence were seldom heard." They also quote an eminent divine as saying, "I have met with many considerable and some great men, but not one equal to James McKinney." Another said, "He is like Leviathan—made without fear."



James M. McKinney

Such are the testimonies of men on both sides of the Atlantic to the character of Rev. James McKinney.

Prior to 1812 four brothers of Rev. James McKinney had emigrated to America: Rev. Samuel McKinney, D.D., of Texas; Dr. Archibald McKinney, who was for some time partner of Dr. Rush, of Philadelphia, and died at Cincinnati, Ohio; Robert McKinney, who located, and died near Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; and Hon. John A. McKinney, one of the framers of the constitution of Tennessee, and who died at Rogersville, East Tennessee.

Rev. James McKinney was called to the congregation of Rocky Creek, Chester District, South Carolina, whither he removed, died in a few months, away from his family, and was buried in the old graveyard on Rocky Creek. It may be said of this family that they inherited and illustrated all the noble qualities of their heroic ancestors, and verified the promise, "I will be a God to thee and thy children after thee." Freedom, civil and religious, was dearer to them than titles and wealth.

(II) Four years later, in 1797, Mary (Mitchell) McKinney, wife of Rev. James McKinney, followed, with their five children, one of whom was James (2) McKinney, father of James (3) McKinney of this review. He was born in 1792. He was educated for the ministry, but was not ordained. He lived a quiet, uneventful life, was sedentary in his habits, and devoted to his books.

James McKinney's maternal grandfather was John I. Netterville, who forfeited his succession to the peerage by coming to America. The family of Netterville is of Norman descent, and of considerable antiquity; it took from an early period an important and historic position in Ireland, and made high connections and alliances. It was settled at Douth, county Meath, in the reign of Henry II. During the persecution of the Protestants this family left France for the North of Ireland, and sailed up the coast. His maternal grandmother was Lady Ann Whitely, daughter of Lord Edward Whitely, North of Ireland. Jane Frances (Netterville) McKinney, mother of James McKinney, came to America in 1802, when nine years of age. Such were the forebears of James McKinney, indicating that the blood flowing in his veins was of that sturdy, self-reliant quality which knew no discouragement and feared nothing so much as untrustworthiness.

(III) James (3), son of James (2) and Jane Frances (Netterville) McKinney, was

born August 29, 1825, in Duanesburg, Schoenectady county, New York. In 1838 he went to Canajoharie, Montgomery county, where for some years he attended Canajoharie Academy, making his home with his maternal grandfather, John T. Netterville, of the same place. In 1844 he accepted a position in the iron works conducted by Colonel George G. Johnson, of Palatine Bridge, New York, remaining three years. In 1847 Mr. McKinney went to New York and sought employment with several concerns in different lines of the iron business in order to perfect himself in the industry, for, like many other young men, his aim was to ultimately engage in business for himself, and he desired to obtain all the information and experience possible, with that end in view. In 1850 he came to Albany, and in 1857 began business for himself, forming a co-partnership with Abram Mann, under the firm name of McKinney & Mann, in a small foundry located on Lower Livingston avenue (then Lumber street). This foundry was demolished when the first bridge was constructed across the Hudson river at Albany, and the business was removed to buildings especially constructed for the firm at 18-20 De Witt street. In 1867 the partnership was dissolved, and Mr. McKinney continued the business alone. About this time he observed the growing demand for structural and architectural iron work for building purposes, and he decided to devote practically his whole attention to this branch of the iron industry. The business grew so rapidly that larger quarters were soon a necessity, and in 1872 he erected the works on upper Broadway, where the business has since been conducted. In 1884 he admitted his son, Edward N. McKinney, into partnership, and this firm has ever since continued under the name of James McKinney & Son. When Mr. McKinney first engaged in business, he resolved to manufacture only first-class work, for he realized that whatever was worth doing at all was worth doing well, and the result was that the reputation established at the beginning, for first-class work, was continued during all the years of his business career. He was a man of the highest ideals in honesty and integrity, and as to what was due his fellow-men, and these qualities, combined with a genial disposition and a heart warm with generous impulses, attracted not only customers and friends, who remained with him during his entire business life, but also the loyalty and friendship of the men in his employ. In 1872 Mr. McKinney was elected a member of the board of aldermen and served

two years. In 1856 he joined the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Albany, and in 1874 was elected to the eldership, which office he retained until the close of his life. He was devotedly attached to this church, and every branch of its work received his earnest support. He was particularly interested in young men who wished to devote their lives to the Christian ministry, and was always a liberal contributor in aiding such to secure an education with this end in view, when their private means were inadequate for the purpose. He was elected a trustee of the Albany Exchange Savings Bank in 1886, and became its second vice-president in 1893.

Mr. McKinney married, in 1850, Julia A., Poole, of Albany. Children: Ella F.; Ida A., married David B. Hunt, of Montclair, New Jersey; Edward N. Mr. McKinney died February 10, 1907. The worth of his character and the loss to the community in his death were attested by the local press in the following:

Albany Evening Journal, February 11, 1907: "James McKinney's long career of usefulness came to an end about three weeks ago, and yesterday death ensued. From the time he laid down the cares of business life, which had extended over half a century, his vigorous constitution gave way gradually, and in a comparatively short time the vital spark went out. It was like passing to a peaceful sleep, and was in keeping with his gentle nature. His presence was like a healing balm, his counsel always on the right side, and his charity unostentatious. Mr. McKinney's record in the business circles of Albany, in the city's welfare and in church work, stands out a bright page. His genial disposition, his wise judgment in all matters in which he was enlisted, and his business acumen, will be missed by those who were thrown into his companionship."

Ibid, same date: "The death of James McKinney, which occurred yesterday, makes another vacant place in the ranks of the old guard of Albany's business men—the men to whose activity and energy is due in great measure the city's very solidly founded prosperity. Fifty years of successful business activity, always characterized by strict integrity, made a record most honorable, a source of pride to those who mourn. Mr. McKinney's life is an example for emulation to those who are just beginning their business careers."

Albany Times-Union, February 11, 1907: "In the death of James McKinney, Albany loses one of its most progressive citizens. His splendid efforts to promote the welfare of the large institution over which he presided were crowned with success, and the iron works which bear his name are known throughout the length and breadth of the land. He was a generous employer, a good citizen and a faithful friend, and a splendid type of virile manhood."

Knickerbocker Express, February 11, 1907: "The close of Sabbath witnessed the death of one of those sweet, lovable gentlemen of the old school, of whom the world to-day has too few.

A gentleman whose integrity was unimpeachable; in whom the milk of human kindness abounded in rich supply; whose optimism was ever most pronounced; whose life of four-score years and two speaks eloquently his own epitaph; whose love for humanity was as sweet as the perfume of incense—such was James McKinney, one of Albany's best-known business men."

The paternal descent of the Daw family of Troy is through French Huguenot ancestors, who fled from the city of Rochelle in France and came to America, where a large settlement of people of the same religious convictions founded New Rochelle, near New York City. The names of two of the Daw ancestors are on the Huguenot monument at New Rochelle as founders of New Rochelle. Through intermarriage with the Denisons they obtain descent from Captain George Denison, a noted Indian fighter of Connecticut, whose wife, Ann Boradaile, was an English lady of rank. His father was William Denison, who came to America in 1631 and settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts.

Captain George Denison returned to England after the death of his first wife, joined the army of Cromwell, was wounded at the battle of Naseby, was nursed back to life at the home of John Boradaile by his daughter Ann, whom he afterward married; he returned to America and settled at Stonington, Connecticut, where he died in 1694. As a leader of the volunteer forces, he broke the power of the Indians and gave peace to the harassed settlers. The descent is through Captain John, eldest son of Captain George and Ann (Boradaile) Denison; Daniel, child of Captain John and Phoebe Denison; Daniel (2), who was the ninth child of Daniel (1) and Mary Denison; Daniel (3), second child of Daniel (2) and Esther Denison; Esther, born 1776, third child of Daniel (3) and Elizabeth Denison, who married Miner Walden, of Pawlet, Vermont; removed to Albany county, New York, where the mother of George W. Daw, of Troy, was born.

(I) Peter Ferris Daw was born October 22, 1808, at Ridgefield, Connecticut. He embraced the profession of law and practiced in Cohoes until his death, May 27, 1876. He married Sophia M. Walden, of Albany, New York, born November 19, 1815, at Berne, Albany county, New York.

(II) George Weidman, son of Peter Ferris and Sophia M. (Walden) Daw, was born in Cohoes, New York, March 24, 1856. He attended the Cohoes public school until attaining the age of fifteen, when he went to Albany to prepare for college. He entered

the high school in that city, from which he graduated, but the death of his father prevented the carrying out of his college plans. In 1877 he went to Troy, entered the law offices of Smith, Fursman & Cowen, where he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1880. After two years of private practice, he formed a partnership with Eugene L. Pel-tier, which existed until 1890, since which date he has continued alone in his legal business. He is well known and prominent among the lights of the Rensselaer county bar. He has held several important public positions in his profession, among them that of attorney for the excise board of Troy, for the years 1883-84-85.

He has allied his energy and ability with other enterprises not connected with his profession. He was one of the organizers of the Union National Bank of Schenectady, New York, of the Albany Trust Company, of Albany, New York, of the Peoples Bank of Troy, and of the Troy Trust Company, in the last two of which he is a director at the present time (1910). He is also a director of the Pittsburgh-Eastern Company, of the R. T. French Company, of Rochester, New York, and of the Beacon Electric Light Company, and other local business enterprises of importance.

In the political life of Rensselaer county Mr. Daw has ever been active. From 1880 to 1884 he was secretary of the Republican county committee and acting chairman during the Blaine campaign of 1884. He is interested in real estate operations, and in California plotted and promoted the now thriving town of Vernondale. He was one of the organizers of the Rensselaer Union Club, now known as the Troy Republican Club, and member of the Troy Club, director of the Riverside Club, which he helped to organize. He is a member of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, which he has served many years as vestryman. He is a member of the New York State Bar Association, the American Bar Association, the Rensselaer County Bar Association, the Huguenot Society of America, the Sons of the American Revolution, the Fort Orange Club, Country Club of Albany, New York, and Rensselaer County Society of New York City, New York. He continues his legal practice in Troy, where he has an established clientage. He married, May 10, 1882, E. Eugenia, only daughter of Daniel Wiedman, of Albany. Children: Elma Elmina, a graduate of Emma Willard School of Troy, and Bryn Mawr College, Pennsylvania; Georgena, also a graduate of the Emma Willard School.

George Allen Ross, son of Adam ROSS, was born November 10, 1870, at Troy, New York. His education was obtained in the common and high schools of Troy, after which he entered the Albany College of Pharmacy. He was registered under the laws governing pharmacists in New York state in 1895. He was with Edward F. Leahy, druggist, of Troy, for nearly five years, then with his successor until 1890, when he removed to Hoosick Falls. He here entered the employ of Henry W. Stone, with whom he remained as prescription clerk and assistant for five years. In 1895 he purchased the drug business of Henry W. Stone and opened under the firm name of Geo. A. Ross & Company, continuing under that name until 1900, when he purchased his partner's interest, and since then has conducted the business as George A. Ross. In 1905 he added to his store in Hoosick Falls the adjoining building, which he converted into a confectionery and ice cream store, wholesale and retail. He has been very successful. He was appointed by Colonel Lloyd and Captain F. R. Hudson, hospital steward of the Second Regiment, New York National Guard, with headquarters at Troy. He held this position four years, seven months, when he received an honorable discharge from the service. He had been active in the National Guard for several years, being on duty during the trolley strike of 1903 at Glens Falls, New York. He is an active Republican. He served as auditor of the Hoosick Falls village corporation from 1899 until July, 1910, when he resigned. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, of Rensselaer Lodge, No. 400, Free and Accepted Masons, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and for four years (1896 to 1900) secretary of the Hoosick Falls Lodge, No. 178; member of the Hoosick Club since 1895, and of the Country Club, member of the New York State Pharmaceutical Association, and of the Ice Cream Men's Association of New York state.

Mr. Ross married, June 14, 1899, Mrs. Josephine (Burt) Cusson, daughter of Rowland Thomas Burt, of Greenburg, New Hampshire. Rowland Thomas Burt was born December 2, 1821, died February 4, 1907, at Hoosick Falls. He was a well-known musician and dancing master, and for fifty years leader of Burt & Whitcomb's Orchestra, of Cambridge, New York. He was a most excellent instructor and was well known and highly regarded all through that section of New York state. He was an accomplished performer on the violin and composer of a

great amount of the music which was played by his own orchestra exclusively. In addition to his musical engagements he was an expert grainer and painter. In middle life his sight became impaired by cataracts forming, and at the age of fifty-seven he became totally blind. He continued playing in public until he was seventy-five, rendering his selections from memory. Until he was eighty-five he retained his musical skill and kept up his playing, although not appearing in public. His musical memory was wonderful, having a repertoire of sixty quadrilles and about thirty other compositions for dance and concert that he recited from memory without a discordant note, excelling in dance and popular music, in which he delighted. After his dissolution of interest with Mr. Whitcomb, the organization was known as Burt's Band. He removed to Hoosick Falls in 1899. He married Caroline Adelia, born in Pittstown, New York, daughter of Samuel S. Hastings, born April 25, 1812, at Pittstown, died June 20, 1887. He was a cooper and lived most of his life at Arlington, Vermont. He married Clarissa Baird, born 1814, at Allenville, Dutchess county, New York, died at Shushan, New York, May 6, 1862. They had thirteen children, of whom Caroline A. was the sixth. A son, Zechariah Hastings, enlisted in Company E, One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment, New York Volunteers, and died in an army hospital. Another son, Abraham B. Hastings, was sent home from the army and died. He was a member of the same regiment as his brother and father, who came through unscathed. The Hastings are of English descent, the father of Samuel S. having been born in England. Mrs. Josephine B. Ross is a skilled performer on the b-flat cornet, having been playing since the age of seven years. Prior to her marriage she toured the United States in concert accompanied by her brothers, Neil and William. She now plays only in private or occasionally in church. All the children of Rowland T. Burt inherited musical talent and are performers of high merit. Rowland T. Burt was a son of Thomas Burt, of New Hampshire, also a noted musician and violin performer. He owned a genuine Cremona violin that is now in possession of a great-grandson, Harold John Cusson. The instrument has been in use by each generation owning it and it is of rare tone and beauty. Josephine Burt married (first) December 16, 1884, John Lewis Cusson, born in Canada, November 19, 1858, died at Glens Falls, New York, October 24, 1892, of French-Canadian parents. He was a professor of music, taught both vocal

and orchestral music; was also a composer and performer on the violin. Of the four children of the marriage three died in infancy. Harold John Cusson, the only surviving child, was born in Newark, New Jersey, April 17, 1887. He is now (1910) in the senior class at Albany College of Pharmacy. He was a student at Troy Conservatory of Music four years under Professor Robert E. Foote, and for two years under instruction on the violin with Professor Harris, of Boston. He is the leader of his own orchestra, located at Hoosick Falls and very popular over a large circuit. He owns the Cremona used by his great-grandfather, also the violin (a Stainer made in 1775) used by his father, Mr. Cusson. He is an expert performer and does much concert work besides leading his orchestra.

Jonathan Ruff was born in New England in 1759, died May 13, 1804. He took an active part in the war of the revolution. He is credited by tradition with being one of the active participants at the "Boston Tea Party." He served in various commands during the war and ranked as major. Many stories are told of his prowess that records fail to show. Shortly after the war closed Major Ruff removed to New York state, settling at McKinney hill, town of Florida, Montgomery county, finding employment on the farm of Jesse Price, whose daughter he married. After marriage he settled on a farm in the southwest corner of the town, later purchasing an adjacent property upon which he lived until his death. He married Sallie, daughter of Jesse Price, who settled in Florida previous to the revolution. She was noted for her fleetness of foot and never was afraid of Indians, saying she could outrun any red man in the valley. Both Jonathan and Sallie (Price) Ruff are buried in the County Line cemetery. Children: Daniel, Jesse, Jonathan, Jesse (2), Jefferson and Benjamin Franklin, twins; Nancy, Priscilla and Sallie.

(11) Benjamin Franklin, twin brother of Jefferson, son of Jonathan and Sallie (Price) Ruff, was born in 1805, died November 5, 1876. He was a farmer of the town of Florida. While engaged with others in the patriotic celebration of July 4, 1826, he lost a portion of both arms by the premature discharge of a cannon, while he was ramming home a charge of powder. Despite this handicap he successfully conducted his affairs and performed farm labor. He was twice married. His first wife was Polly Merry, born in 1808, died October 4, 1830, daughter of an early settler of the county.



H. F. Ruff

Children: 1. William Alonzo, see forward. 2. Sarah, died June 12, 1895; she married James Vander Pool and had a son, J. Franklin Vander Pool, who married Louise Groat, of Scotia, Schenectady county. Children: Frank, James, Bessie and Rose Vander Pool. 3. Joanna, lives in Schenectady, unmarried. Benjamin F. Ruff married (second) Lavizer Chauncy; children: Albert and Lewis.

(III) William Alonzo, only son of Benjamin F. and Polly (Merry) Ruff, was born in August, 1827, died April 2, 1907. After his marriage he settled on the farm of his grandfather, where he resided until his death, a well known and respected citizen. He was a deacon of the Baptist church for thirty years. He married (first) Mary J. Ladd, born in Duanesburg, Schenectady county, New York, died at the age of sixty-five, daughter of Ephraim Ladd. Children: William F., see forward, and Nettie E., born September 29, 1863; married James L. Dusler, pastor of the Baptist church at Springfield Center, New York. By a second wife William Alonzo Ruff had Jessie, Mabel, William A. and Charlotte.

(IV) William F., son of William Alonzo and Mary J. (Ladd) Ruff, was born November 25, 1853. He received his early education in the town public schools and qualified as an instructor at the State Normal School in Albany, New York. He was engaged in teaching for several years. He had been reared on the farm, and after his years of teaching returned to the pursuit of agriculture, having a fertile farm of one hundred and forty acres near Minaville. Upon it is a substantial brick house built in 1804, that is in perfect condition, giving no indication of having been built one hundred and six years ago. He is actively interested in the affairs of his town and has served repeatedly as supervisor and town clerk. He is a member of the Baptist church, and holds fraternal relations with Welcome Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Amsterdam, and Ticonderoga Tribe, No. 176, Red Men, which he has represented in the state council. He married, in Duanesburg, November 22, 1876, Anna B. Filkins, born in the adjoining town of Princetown, November 25, 1850. She was educated in the public schools, Miss Coley's Private Seminary at Albany, and for some time previous to marriage was a teacher. Children: 1. Lena M., born December 27, 1877; married William G. Ernest, a farmer of Florida; children: Helen H., born June 15, 1899, and Robert M., July 7, 1903. 2. Catherine, born September 2, 1879; married Albertus Van Wie, a merchant and postmaster of Clarksville, Albany county, New York.

Anna B. Filkins (Mrs. William F. Ruff) is a daughter of James and Selina (Holmes) Filkins, of Schenectady county. James Filkins was born in Schenectady in 1823, and died there in 1858; son of Benjamin and Susan (Bond) Filkins. Selina Holmes is the daughter of Thomas Holmes, born August 1, 1788, died June 16, 1866. He married Ann Milner, born August 29, 1792, died April 18, 1881. Thomas Holmes was of English birth, his father being esquire of Staffordshire and of the gentry. Thomas was reared as an English gentleman's son, but he was independent and ambitious to make a name for himself. In 1830 he emigrated to the United States, bringing a wife and eight children. He settled first in Albany county, then in Duanesburg, where he lived until his death, engaged in farming. Children of Thomas and Ann (Milner) Holmes: 1. Anna, born June 18, 1815, died June 29, 1904; married Alexander Sproul, a Scotchman. 2. Thomas, November 21, 1816, died March 21, 1885; married Harriet Cooley. 3. John, June 1, 1818, died March 16, 1887; married Emily C. Darling. 4. Pamela E., July 7, 1820, died September 15, 1804; married Henry Quick. 5. Catherine J., August 1, 1822, died November 6, 1906, unmarried. 6. William G., April 11, 1824; married Sarepta Schofield. 7. Ann, December 26, 1825, died September 8, 1849; unmarried. 8. Selina, April 11, 1826; widow of James Filkins, and mother of Mrs. William F. Ruff, with whom she resides. 9. Sarah L., June 25, 1831, died August 9, 1832. 10. Alfred A., March 9, 1834, died May 29, 1905; married Sarah Waite. 11. Mary E., July 27, 1836; married Thomas Harden, of Loudonville, New York. Children of James and Selina (Holmes) Filkins, parents of Mrs. William F. Ruff; Anna B. (Mrs. Ruff), and Alfred Allen Filkins, born October 7, 1854, died in 1878; married Nettie McCullom. Both the Holmes and Filkins families like the Ruffs were identified with the Baptist church.

The first of the Phelps family to appear in the Mohawk Valley was Oliver Phelps, born in Hartford county, Connecticut, where he grew to manhood and married Abigail Brown. He removed to New York state and settled on a farm in Montgomery county. He was a prosperous and prominent man. The site of his farm and burial place is now in the town of Johnstown, Fulton county.

(II) Chester, son of Oliver and Abigail (Brown) Phelps, was born June 15, 1792, died March 13, 1870. He inherited lands from his father to which he added other farms,

becoming one of the largest general farmers in the county besides devoting special attention to fruit and dairy farming. He was a prominent member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a man of high character. Phelps street near Gloversville was at one time owned and occupied by thirteen families of the Phelps name. He married, June 28, 1816, Sally A. Powell, born March 4, 1796, died September 11, 1857. Children: 1. Charles A., born August 22, 1817, died September 28, 1847. 2. Gilbert, February 9, 1819, died November 12, 1900; married, September 30, 1845, Anna C. Van Nostrand; child, Margaret, married Charles D. Massey. 3. Lucius A., March 20, 1821, died February 16, 1837. 4. Eliza Ann, February 24, 1823, died October 12, 1908; married, June 10, 1847, Hart A. Massey, born April 27, 1819, died February 20, 1896; six children: Charles, George, Chester, Lillian, Walter Hart and Fred Victor. 5. Sylvia Adelia, February 4, 1825, died November 3, 1901; married, October 7, 1845, Horace W. Porter; child, Mervin A., married Helen Frank and has Lottie Ann, married Arthur Adams. 6. William Henry, October 8, 1827, died January 24, 1899; married, August 31, 1849, Louise Deming; children: i. Charles Edward, married Clara Wilcox; ii. Albert, married Margaret Wells, whose daughter Brena married Charles Schoolcraft, also a son, Floyd; iii. Nettie, married William Ballinger. 7. George R., of whom further. 8. Chester Powell, December 16, 1832; married Alice Brown; children: i. David, married Cora —; children: Alice, Arthur and Floyd; ii. Arthur. 9. Sarah Jane, July 6, 1835, died April 29, 1890; married, January 18, 1860, Lehman Edwards.

(III) George Roswell, son of Chester and Sally A. (Powell) Phelps, was born in Johnstown, Fulton county, New York, June 2, 1830, died May 19, 1903. He was born and reared on the old homestead first settled by Oliver Phelps. He was educated in the public school, and always followed the occupation of agriculture. He succeeded his father in the ownership of the farm, which he converted into a veritable garden and orchard. He specialized in small fruits and berries, raising them in very large quantities, and continued the personal oversight of his farm until his death. In 1899 he purchased a city home in Gloversville and removed there, traveling back and forth each day to the farm. His heart was in his work and success came to him abundantly. He had business interests in Gloversville and always had a lively concern for the advancement and welfare of that city. He was a Prohibitionist in party principle and

an out-spoken man on the subject of temperance. He married, March 17, 1858, Josephine Matilda Whitney, born April 18, 1838, daughter of Asa Hervey Whitney, born 1812, died May 1, 1846; married, September 1, 1836, Almira Matilda Wait, born February 8, 1815, died February 7, 1897. Asa H. Whitney was engaged in the lumber business but contracted consumption and died a young man. Children of George Roswell and Josephine M. Phelps: 1. Inez Marian, born July 15, 1859, died June 10, 1887. 2. William Edwin, born November 12, 1860; married (first) December 27, 1882, Emily Ann Banks, born December 9, 1860, died May 29, 1888; children: i. Jessie Marian, born July 6, 1885, married, December 25, 1908, Walter A. Deford and has William Phelps, born January 26, 1910; ii. Harry Chester, June 24, 1887, died July 20, 1888. William Edwin married (second) April 6, 1898, Jane Munns, born November 9, 1862; child, Raymond Chester, born December 28, 1900. 3. Warren Whitney, born August 23, 1863; married, August 30, 1884, Abbie Lansing, born September 21, 1867, died March 9, 1903; child, Florence Catherine, born May 31, 1895. 4. Emma Belle, born December 28, 1865; married, February 15, 1884, Elmer J. Staley, born March 19, 1861, died February 20, 1900; child, Harold Phelps, born August 20, 1899. 5. Lillian Almira, born January 11, 1870; married, April 7, 1899, John M. Smith, born February 1, 1869. 6. Alma Leona, born October 26, 1877; married, September 15, 1910, Clifton Elliot Sanborn, born September 4, 1877. Mrs. Josephine M. Phelps survives her husband, a resident of Gloversville, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Phelps were active members of First Methodist Episcopal church, in which Mr. Phelps was steward several years and Mrs. Phelps was active for over forty-five years in every department, in Sabbath school work as well as in church work.

SCHIFFERDECKER

Tracing the genealogy of this family back brings the searcher to the Duchy of Baden-Baden, now empire of Germany. There for generation after generation the family of Schifferdecker were prosperous and influential. They were intimately associated with public affairs and furnished soldiers that made reputations for bravery on the field of battle. The first of the family to arrive in the United States was Henry Schifferdecker, born in Baden-Baden in 1798. He was a butcher and dealer in meats, etc. This has been the prevailing family occupation and business down to the present generation. He married and had a

family of eight children, all born in Baden-Baden. He remained in business in Germany until his family were well grown and his sons liable to conscription for military duty in the Germany army. In 1849, with his wife and entire family, he took passage for the United States, where they arrived eight weeks later. The family settled in Albany where Henry began business anew, following the same line as in Germany. He continued the butcher business, assisted by his son, until his death in 1858. He was thrifty, industrious and highly respected. His widow survived him until October 17, 1890, dying on her birthday, which was October 17, just eighty-four years earlier in the century, 1806. Children: Carl, deceased; Frederick A., see forward; Morris; Henry, deceased; Louisa, deceased; Caroline; Lizzie, deceased; Rosa.

(II) Captain Frederick A., second son of Henry Schifferdecker, was born in Baden-Baden, Germany, February 2, 1836, died in Albany, New York, November 24, 1908. He came to Albany with his father in 1849, and assisted him in the meat business until he arrived at the age of twenty-one, when he began business for himself. He was a successful business man and became prominent in city politics. In 1862 he responded to President Lincoln's call for men to crush out the rebellion then existing in the southern states. He enlisted as a private in the Forty-sixth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, and came home after three years valiant service as captain. He won his commission for bravery on the field of battle and demonstrated the quality of his courage on more than one hard-fought battlefield. A proof of his valor now decorates the Hall of Flags in the State Capitol at Albany. It is a battle-flag captured from the enemy in battle and is a special credit to his company. He represented his ward in Albany as supervisor several terms, and in 1874 was elected a member of the state assembly of New York. He was a stalwart Republican and always active in politics. He was a member of Vernon Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and a highly respected citizen. He was a Lutheran in religious faith. He married, Anna Rapp, of Hanover, Germany. Children: 1. Charles F., see forward. 2. Frederick A., born July 19, 1860; was well educated in the public schools of Albany; became an assistant in his father's meat market; was supervisor of his ward several terms; president of the first ward Republican committee for sixteen years, and was slated for the Republican party nomination for treasurer of Albany county, an intention frustrated by his

death; he was a rising and most promising young man, whose death was keenly regretted; married Louise Heidrich, who survives him, living in Albany with children: Edna, Dorothy, Anna, Charles F. and George N. 3. Anna, married John Heidrich, of Albany; children: John, Frederick, Irene, Anna and Arthur. 4. Loisetta, married Henry H. Wadbill, a gauger in the United States internal revenue service, stationed at Plattsburg, New York; children: Jeannette, Elizabeth Doris, William, Mildred and Marvin.

(III) Charles F., eldest son of Frederick A. and Anna (Rapp) Schifferdecker, was born in Albany, New York, April 4, 1858. He was educated in the public schools, worked with his father in the meat business until 1877, when he and his brothers established the ice business under firm name of Schifferdecker Brothers. He has developed this to large proportions and is one of the largest dealers in Albany. He has a cold storage plant in Albany with a capacity of twenty thousand tons. He is a prominent and active member of the Republican party. In 1897 he was elected sheriff of Albany county, and gave a practical business administration of the affairs of that important office. He was a member of the Republican committee of the first ward for six years. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to lodge, chapter and commandery. His position in the city of Albany is an enviable one and has been gained by earnest, conscientious effort, doing well whatever came in his line of duty. His private affairs were no more carefully conducted than have been the public trusts committed to him. He married, May 16, 1883, in Albany, Elizabeth Bildhauser, born in Albany, October 17, 1859, daughter of Frederick and Catherine (Damm) Bildhauser, who came to the United States from Laubauch, Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, and were married in Albany. Frederick Bildhauser died in Albany, June 24, 1909, at the age of seventy-four, after a life of fifty years in West Albany. His widow Catherine survives him, residing at 174 Broad street, Albany. Charles F. and Elizabeth Schifferdecker have one child, Frederick G., born September 21, 1884, educated in the common and high schools of Albany; associated in business with his father.

The Rose family that first settled in Stephentown, Rensselaer county, New York, came from Connecticut and were descendants of Robert Rose, of Scotch birth and ancestry, who was born in 1594, came in the ship "Frances" from Ipswich, Suffolk county, England, in 1634, and

settled in Wethersfield, Connecticut, where he was listed a resident in 1639. The ages of his children were given to the officers of the Crown upon his receiving license to emigrate to America. Had wife Margaret and children: John and Robert (twins), born 1619; Elizabeth, 1621; Mary, 1623; Samuel, 1625; Sarah, 1627; Daniel, 1631; Dorcas, 1632. It is from this family that Nathaniel Rose, the founder of the family in Rensselaer county, New York, sprung. Nathaniel shares with others the distinction of being the first settlers of the town of Stephentown, Rensselaer county, prior to the revolution. He settled about two miles from the village of Stephentown and planted a homestead in what was then a wild and uncultivated region. He was a man of energy and possessed the attributes of character that successful pioneers must have. He married and had issue.

(II) Charles, son of Nathaniel Rose, "the pioneer," was born about the year 1770. He was a farmer of Stephentown and was possessed of considerable land. He was a member of the Presbyterian church. He later removed from Rensselaer to Fulton county where he owned and operated a farm of one hundred and sixty acres. He married and had Willard, Charles, Rhoda, Molly and Sarah.

(III) Charles (2), son of Charles (1) Rose, succeeded to the family homestead in Fulton county, which he successfully operated as a grain, stock and dairy farm all his life. He was a Republican in politics and a Presbyterian in religion. He married Christy Ann, daughter of John and Christy Ann (McNab) Carmichael. Children: John C., went west where he was twice married and had issue; Charles W., of whom further; Mary E., born June 5, 1836, married George Brownell, born 1827, died 1871; child, Frank R., married Emma Newkirk and had Helen, born July 17, 1872; Helen, married George Worcester; Willard, a farmer and glove manufacturer, married Fanny Washburn; Thomas Scott, died aged two years; Anna; Jennie, born September 28, 1848; Simon Scott, married Ella Timmerman; children: Scott, Fred, William, John, Jennie and Katherine.

(IV) Charles W., son of Charles (2) and Christy Ann (Carmichael) Rose, was born on the Rose homestead in Fulton county, New York, January 18, 1833. He was educated in the public schools and Kingsboro Academy. He worked on the farm for a time, then in 1860 began his long career as a glove manufacturer. He first began cutting at Bennett's Corners, Fulton county, at which place his uncle, Willard Rose, had been engaged as a

glove manufacturer and farmer for many years. He first occupied a shop in Gloversville in 1862. In 1872 he erected a factory building at the corner of Pine and Mill streets, to which frequent additions have been made as the demands of his growing business needed. He has always made a specialty of fine goods for ladies' and gentlemen's wear, using principally imported kid leather. From a small beginning he has built up a very large business and is one of the oldest manufacturers in his city. He is also a director of Gloversville Knitting Company. He was trustee of the village, and in his quiet way bore his full share in the development of Gloversville. He is a Republican in politics and a member of the Presbyterian church. He married, February 7, 1861, Ann Eliza Benedict, born July 7, 1835. Children: Ida, born May 3, 1863, died 1873; Charles, born and died 1867; Henry, born May 3, 1874, died October 4, 1910, married Eva Place; Harriet, June 5, 1878.

Ann Eliza (Benedict) Rose is a daughter of John M. Benedict, and a granddaughter of Ira and Agnes (Mitchell) Benedict, of the Rhode Island family. John M. Benedict was born June 6, 1791, died June 12, 1880. He married, January 31, 1828, Bridget Tabor, born August 18, 1803, died April 7, 1866, daughter of Gideon and Rachel (Durfie) Tabor, of Rhode Island. Children of John M. and Bridget Benedict: Ira, born November 28, 1828; Gideon, March 21, 1830, died September 5, 1858; Thomas Scott, March 8, 1833, died January 30, 1845; Ann Eliza, married Charles W. Rose; Ira, born December 30, 1836, died April 24, 1858; Rachel Agnes, born May 31, 1838, died August 6, 1866, married George B. Smalley; Harriet, born September 9, 1839, died October 1, 1839; Sophia, born October 19, 1840, died February 1, 1843; Catherine Jemime, born January 13, 1842, died April 5, 1844; Francis, born March 27, 1844, died September 1, 1844; Harriet Newell, born April 24, 1846, died January 24, 1875; Angelica, born January 12, 1848.

The first authentic record of PALMER Walter Palmer, born 1585, (the American ancestor of the Palmers of Troy, herein considered) is found in Charlestown, Middlesex county, Massachusetts. January 26, 1638, Abraham Palmer was chosen by the town "for keeing the Towne Booke." In his "Book of Possessions," page 31, was recorded "The possessions of Walter Palmer within Charlestowne." His acres were described as "Two acres in the East Field," and thus through his many parcels of land,

January 6, 1637, Walter and son John shared in a division of lands on "Mystic Side." He and his close friend, William Cheseborough, were among the original proprietors and settlers of "Seacuncke" (Rehoboth), until in 1645 Walter Palmer represented the new town at the general court of Plymouth Colony. In 1643 he gave in the value of his estate as £419. In 1645 young John Winthrop induces William Cheseborough to New London to begin a settlement there. He viewed the land and selecting a large tract in the Pequot county called "Wequeteguoc" quickly induced Walter Palmer to join him. With his entire family excepting son Jonas, he started south in 1652-53, buying land on the east bank of Wequeteguoc Cove. He secured twelve hundred acres in the neighborhood. Troubles arose between Massachusetts and Connecticut, which were unsettled for years, but finally in 1665 the name was changed to Stonington and the territory awarded to Connecticut. In 1668 an act for the census was passed and on this were the names of Gershom, Moses and Benjamin Palmer, Gershom signing for Mrs. Rebecca Palmer. Walter Palmer's will was made May 19, 1658. At the general court heard May 11, 1762, the will was filed and approved.

Walter Palmer married (first) in England, Ann ——— (called Elizabeth to distinguish her from her mother). He married (second) (it is thought in Roxbury, Massachusetts, where she had been admitted a member of the Rev. John Elliot's First Church) Rebecca Short. They both joined the First Church of Charlestown in 1632, and his daughter Grace was admitted the same date. He died in Stonington, November 10, 1661. Children by first wife: 1. Grace, married Thomas Minor; ten children. 2. John, died unmarried. 3. William, died unmarried; removed to Killingworth, Connecticut. 4. Jonas, married (first) Elizabeth Griswold; (second) Mrs. Abigail Titus. 5. Elizabeth, married (first) Thomas Sloan; (second) Thomas Chapman. Children by second wife: 6. Hannah, married (first) Thomas Hewitt; (second) Roger Sterry; (third) John Fish. 7. Elihu, died aged twenty-nine years. 8. Nehemiah, deputy fifteen sessions; married Hannah Stanton. 9. Moses, a founder of the first church of Stonington; married Dorothy Gilbert. 10. Captain Benjamin, married, August 10, 1691, but wife's name not known. 11. Gershom, see forward. 12. Rebecca, married Elisha Cheseborough, her father's most intimate friend; (second) John Baldwin.

(II) Deacon Gershom, eleventh child of Walter Palmer and sixth by his second wife,

Rebecca (Short) Palmer, was baptized in Charlestown, Massachusetts. He acquired a large amount of land, most of which he deeded to his sons before his death. He married (first) in Stonington, November 28, 1667, Ann, daughter of Captain and Ann (Borodel) Denison. Her mother was of a good English family and from her Mrs. Palmer inherited such stately and gracious manners that she was commonly styled "Lady Ann." She was born May 20, 1649, died in Stonington, 1694. He married (second) Mrs. Elizabeth Mason (maiden name Peck), of Rehoboth, Massachusetts. Children by first wife: 1. Mercy, married John Breed; he died at ninety years of age, and she at eighty-three; they were the parents of twelve children. 2. Gershom, married Sarah Palmer. 3. Captain Ichabod, married Hannah Palmer. 4. William, married Grace Minor. 5. George, see forward. 6. Rebecca, died young. 7. Ann, married Benjamin Hewitt. 8. Walter, married Grace Vose. 9. Elihu, died young. 10. Mary married her cousin, Joseph Palmer. 11. Rebecca, baptized July 1, 1694.

(III) George, son of Deacon Gershom and Ann (Denison) Palmer, was baptized in Stonington, May 29, 1680, died May 28, 1728. He married, March 11, 1711, in Stonington, Hannah, born May 31, 1694, daughter of Joseph and Frances (Prentice) Palmer. She survived him and married (second) William York. Children: 1. Ensign Christopher, married Esther Prentice. 2. Zebulon, married (first) Comfort Fairbanks; (second) Deborah York. 3. Joseph, married (first) Zipporah Billings; (second) Mrs. Elizabeth (Stevens) Stewart. 4. George, removed to Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, where he bought five hundred acres of land on which there were mills, his farm was about three miles from the scene of Burgoyne's surrender; he married (first) Hannah Marsh; (second) Amy Blodgett. 5. Gershom, see forward. By her second husband, Mrs. Hannah Palmer had Amos, Molly and Jonathan York.

(IV) Rev. Gershom (2) Palmer, son of George and Hannah (Palmer) Palmer, was born in Stonington, October 12, 1725, died November 6, 1810. He was a minister of the Gospel. He was located at what is now Griswold, New London county, Connecticut. He married, November 5, 1747, Dorothy Brown, born in Preston, Connecticut, where she died March 1, 1808. Children: 1. Prudence, married (first) William Breed; (second) James Thompson. 2. Dolly (Dorothy), married Nathan Randall; they removed to Paris, New York. 3. Zeruliah, born in Preston, 1756. 4. Naomi. 5. Esther. 6. Reuben, see forward.

7. Lois, born April 23, 1761. 8. Lucretia. 9. Keturah. 10. Amy.

(V) Rev. Reuben Palmer, son of Rev. Gershom (2) and Dorothy (Brown) Palmer, was born in Stonington, June 12, 1759. He was ordained first an elder of the Baptist church of Preston and while there called to the old Baptist church in Montville, New London county, Connecticut. He served until he was publicly installed, December 25, 1798, and from then until his death, April 22, 1822. He married, November 16, 1780, Lucretia, born in Preston, November 12, 1764, died in Montville, August 15, 1855, daughter of Caleb and Hannah (Barnes) Tyler. Children: 1. Hannah, born December 25, 1781. 2. Sally, October 16, 1783. 3. Rev. Reuben, December 26, 1784. 4. Lucretia, April 25, 1786. 5. Mary, December 17, 1787. 6. Caleb, June 29, 1790. 7. Tyler, March 4, 1792. 8. Gideon, October 23, 1793. 9. Joshua, October 15, 1795. 10. Gershom, August 6, 1796. 11. Samuel, February 11, 1798. 12. Rhoda, October 18, 1799. 13. Peter Avery, see forward. 14. Achsah, May 12, 1803. 15. Lois, December 30, 1804. 16. Emma, December 30, 1807. 17. Thankful, January 29, 1809.

(VI) Peter Avery, son of Rev. Reuben and Lucretia (Tyler) Palmer, was born in (Montville), New London county, Connecticut, May 11, 1801, died at Lansingburg, New York, January 28, 1892. He removed from his Connecticut home when twenty-two years of age, and located at Le Roy, New York, as one of the first settlers and took a prominent part in the building up of the town. While here he became interested in the stove business and invented various types of stoves and appliances, among which were the elevated oven stove, and the rotary grate. In 1858 he removed to Troy on account of the manufacture of his stoves and established the firm of Peter A. Palmer. He was a Republican in political sympathy and a citizen held in high esteem. In 1875 he removed to Lansingburg, where he resided the remainder of his life. He married, September 2, 1821, at New London, Connecticut, Naomi Caulkins, born December 5, 1803, died in Lansingburg, New York, May 27, 1892. Children: 1. Elizabeth A., born August 1, 1823, at New London, Connecticut, died May 11, 1844, at Le Roy, New York. 2. Frances White, born September 20, 1825, died July, 1828. 3. James Thomas, born December 3, 1827, died June 12, 1871; married Julia Starbuck, April 26, 1860, and had one daughter, May Evelyn, born April 27, 1868. 4. Frances Wright, born January 31, 1830; married (first) Walter Simp-

son, October 13, 1852; (second) David Link, February 22, 1895. 5. Etzler, born September 20, 1832, died May 25, 1842. 6. Caleb Winslow, born November 10, 1834; married, Grace Boynton, June 10, 1869; children: Florence S., born April 3, 1873, and Robert Clinton, born May 18, 1875. 7. Clinton E., born December 6, 1838, died May 4, 1845. 8. William B., born November 28, 1840, died January 26, 1892. 9. Grace Greenwood, born August 25, 1849; married Herbert Bellows Millard, May 18, 1870; children: Maud Lovell, born September 2, 1871; Bertha Grace, born August 2, 1884; Herbert Palmer, born February 2, 1886.

The family of Millard came

MILLARD originally from the county of Southampton, England, where they possessed considerable estates now in the occupation of John Millard, of that county. The name first appears in American colonial records in 1654 when lands in Massachusetts, and afterwards in New Hampshire, were granted to Luke Millard. In 1670 John Millard had a grant of land from William Penn in Pennsylvania, and another brother had lands in Virginia. John Millard, of Southampton, England, was admitted a freeman of Newport, Rhode Island. He married Elizabeth ——. He later was of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, and had issue. Through intermarriages, the Millards are connected with the oldest English, Scotch and Dutch families of the United States, notably the Coffins, Folgers and Starbuck of Nantucket, and Massachusetts; the Greens and Brownes of Rhode Island, the Akins of Dutchess county, New York, the Ten Eyckes of Albany, the Bellows and Goulds of New Haven, and many others.

(II) Robert, son of John Millard, was born in 1632, died in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, March 16, 1699. He married, November 24, 1663, Elizabeth, second child of William Sabin, the progenitor of the Sabins of America. William Sabin first appears in 1643, at the organization of the county of Rehoboth, Massachusetts. It is not known when or how he came to America. He was a Huguenot, and it is believed that after his flight from France he found refuge in Wales or the South of England. He was a man of wealth and culture, and of an exceedingly kind, generous nature if one can judge from his gifts to relieve the wants of those who suffered from Indian raids. He was a leader in Plymouth public affairs and in the church and schools of Rehoboth. His first wife died in 1660. Her name is not known. He married (second) Martha, born December 11, 1641, twin of



R. A. Palmer

Mary) daughter of James and Anna Allen, of Medfield. William Sabin died about 1687. His will was probated in Boston, July 17, 1687. In it he names sixteen of his twenty children. His eldest daughter and second child died February 7, 1717; married (first) Robert Millard.

(III) Nehemiah, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Sabin) Millard, was born in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, June 8, 1668, died July 23, 1751. He married (first) Judith Mason; (second) Phoebe Shore, who died March 11, 1717. She bore him three sons, and two daughters.

(IV) Rev. Robert (2) Millard, fourth child of Nehemiah and Phoebe (Shore) Millard, was born in Rehoboth, April 2, 1700, at Nine Partners, New York, died March 7, 1780. He was a minister of the Baptist church, his last charge being Pawling, Dutchess county, New York, where he continued until a short time before his death at the age of eighty years.

He married, March 7, 1726, Hannah, born in Bristol, Rhode Island, daughter of Eleazer and Elizabeth (Cobb) Eddy, granddaughter of John and Deliverance (Owen) Eddy, great-granddaughter of the American ancestor, Samuel Eddy, and his wife, Elizabeth. Samuel Eddy was the son of Rev. William Eddy, vicar of St. Dunstons, Cranbrook, England.

(V) Jonathan, son of Rev. Robert (2) and Hannah (Eddy) Millard, was born at Pawling, Dutchess county, New York, May 27, 1748, died 1785. He was of good education and in his younger days taught school in Connecticut. He returned to Dutchess county, where he established and operated a tannery until his death at Nine Partners. He married Mary Akin, born September 24, 1747, died July 25, 1795, at Pawling, New York. She was of the family of John Akin, born in Scotland, 1663, founder of the Akin family in America. He was a Quaker and fled from Scotland in 1680 to escape the persecution his sect had to endure under English rule. He settled in Massachusetts, and after seeing four of his faith hanged on Boston Common, left that colony and went to the New Netherlands where the Dutch really allowed religious freedom. David, son of John Akin, settled on "Quaker Hill," Pawling, Dutchess county, New York, a locality that has long been the headquarters for those of the name. William Akin, of the same family, moved from Quaker Hill to Rensselaer county, New York, where he purchased (with two others) a square mile of land from the Van Rensselaers, upon which in 1810 he founded the village of Greenbush, now the city of Rensselaer. He was foremost

in its upbuilding and has descendants still living there.

(VI) Timothy, son of Jonathan and Mary (Akin) Millard, was born in Pawling, New York. He married Charlotte Roswell, who died in Ulster county, New York. The Roswell family were of Vandy Hall, Ireland. They had issue.

(VII) John Akin, son of Timothy and Charlotte (Roswell) Millard, was born in Delhi, New York, October 10, 1810, died in Troy, New York, January 1, 1866. He was educated for the law, and soon after his first marriage settled in Troy where he rose rapidly in his profession and became one of the leaders of the Rensselaer county bar. He was an active, public-spirited citizen, but would never accept public office, preferring to serve the interests of his fellows in other ways. He was of fine physique, standing six feet in height and weighing two hundred and fifty pounds. He married, in Albany, February 6, 1840, Frances Mary, born in Rockingham, Vermont, October 19, 1816, died in Troy, New York, June 14, 1853, daughter of Roswell and Martha (Lovell) Bellows, granddaughter of Colonel John and Rebecca (Hubbard) Bellows, of Walpole, great-granddaughter of Benjamin Bellows, founder of Walpole, New Hampshire, who died July 10, 1777, aged sixty-five years, and his first wife, Abigail (Stearns) Bellows, born in Watertown, Massachusetts, June 2 or 3, 1708, died November 9, 1757. Colonel Benjamin Bellows was the only son of Benjamin and Dorcas (Cutter) (Millard) Bellows, of Concord, Massachusetts, and grandson of John and May Wood, the progenitors of the Bellows family of Walpole, New Hampshire, the "Boy Emigrant," who came from England to America in the "Hopewell," April 6, 1635, aged twelve years. Children of John A. and Frances M. (Bellows) Millard: 1. Mary Lovell, born February 7, 1841, married Tyrus C. Dickinson; children: Mary Hasting, Herbert Millard, Willis Clayton. 2. John Akin, born in Troy, January 13, 1843; served during the civil war in the Eighth Regiment, New York Artillery; was commander and third lieutenant; served with the Army of the Potomac; practiced dentistry in Dinard, France; married (first), Sarah Wentworth Brown; (second) Mary Crocker Sears. 3. Anthony Gould, see forward. 4. Edward Walter, see forward. 5. Herbert Bellows, born in Troy, May 18, 1849; was of Lansingburg, New York, and Newtown, Massachusetts; married Grace Greenwood, daughter of Peter and Naomi Palmer, of Troy; children: Maud Lovell, Bertha Grace, Herbert Palmer.

(VIII) Anthony Gould, second son of John

A. and Frances Mary (Bellows) Millard, was born in Troy, February 10, 1845, died April 19, 1902. He was educated in common schools of Troy, attended a preparatory school (Brookside Institute), Sand Lake, New York and graduated from Professor Charlier's School, New York City. He engaged with John Warr in the grocery business; in 1880 he entered the employ of Rathbone, Sand & Company of Albany, and continued with them twenty-one years. He married, November 6, 1872, Adelaide Elizabeth Greene. Children: 1. Elizabeth Virginia, born January 5, 1876. 2. Chauncey Stuart, born June 8, 1879; graduate of Troy Academy; superintendent of railroad signal department of the Federal Signal Company; residence, Troy; married Pearl Holt, of Oneida, New York, daughter of John and Margaret (Boylan) Holt, July 22, 1908. 3. Leonie Adelaide, born May 4, 1884.

(VIII) Edward Walter, son of John A. and Frances Mary (Bellows) Millard, was born in Troy, New York, June 1, 1847. He received a good preparatory and academic education in the public schools and at Troy Academy. After leaving school he began the study of law with his father. Early in the civil war, despite his youth, he enlisted in Company B, Twenty-first Regiment, New York Cavalry. This regiment fought hard with the Army of the Potomac and was under the command of the gallant Sheridan. Mr. Millard was engaged in all the battles of his regiment, including Fredericksburg, Winchester and all through Sheridan's Shenandoah Valley campaign. At Winchester he was shot in the leg and still carries a bullet. He served nearly three years, and was mustered out with his regiment at the close of the war. After his return to Troy, as one of the firm of Foxhall, Jones & Millard, he engaged in the manufacture of kitchen utensils, continuing for two and a half years. He spent the following year in Bennington, Vermont, regaining his health (badly shattered by his army life). Returning to Troy he resumed his former business. In 1870 he engaged in business in Troy as Funeral director, in which he still continues (1910). He is an attendant at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, and is affiliated with the Republican party. After the war he enlisted in Battery B, Troy City Artillery, and served three years as lieutenant.

He married, February 9, 1870, at Troy, Amelia M. Young, born in Troy, August 13, 1847, died in that city, January 16, 1909, daughter of Dr. Orange R. Young, born in 1816, at Williamstown, Massachusetts, died in Troy, March 17, 1892. He practiced dentistry in Troy until his death. He married Maria M.

Bardwell, born and died in Troy. Children of Edward Walter and Amelia M. (Young) Millard, all born in Troy: 1. Frances Mary, born March 8, 1871, died 1873. 2. Rufus Gould, born November 30, 1874; educated in the Troy public schools; is engaged in the undertaking business; married, Mary E. Berger. 3. Edward Walter, Jr., born June 21, 1877, died December 17, 1909; he was an electrician; a thirty-second degree Mason of the Scottish Rite, an Elk and a member of the Masonic Club.

(The Folger Line).

Closely allied with the Coffin family of Nantucket Island was the Folger. When the first English settlement was effected on the island, July 16, 1661, the first great need of the colonists was for an interpreter through whom they might speak with the Indians who peopled the island. So they sent to the island of Martha's Vineyard, and offered to give a half of one share of their estate to Peter Folger if he would come over to Nantucket and live with them. John Folger came from England in 1656 and as a surveyor laid out the town of Norwich, Suffolk county, Massachusetts. He afterward settled on Nantucket. He married Meribah Gibbs and had issue.

(II) Peter, son of John Folger, was an Englishman. He was a teacher to the Indians of the Vineyard. He knew how to measure and survey lands and laid out the original lots on Nantucket. He took up his residence on Nantucket, and in 1673 was clerk of writs and recorder of the court. There was a great deal of dissension and bad feeling in 1675-76 over the election, which seemed to be a triumph for the younger men over the older. Peter Folger in his letter of complaint to Governor Andros at New York speaks contemptuously of "our new young chief magistrates," whereupon he was put under arrest. He was ordered to produce the "Court Booke," but although he came to the court, answered not to the summons as required. Another was chosen clerk of the court and an indictment found against Peter for contempt of court. He was placed under £20 bail and not finding an immediate bondsman was locked up in a place which he describes as "A place where never any Englishman was put and where the neighbors hogs had layed but the night before and in a bitter cold frost and deep snow," but friends brought him bedding and food. His name appears as a witness on the Indian deed of Nantucket, "Recorded for Mr. Tristram Coffin and Mr. Thomas Macy ye 29th day of June, 1671, aforesaid" (Deeds 111954, secretary office). Also on the Indian deed of

Wonockmamack and other early official papers of the island. Peter Folger was a Baptist and helped to Christianize the Indians. When the Rev. Thomas Marpen went back to England he left his church in charge of Peter Folger. He married Mary Morrell and had issue.

(III) Elezer, son of Peter Folger, married Sarah, daughter of Richard Gardner. She died 1729, leaving issue.

(IV) Peter (2), son of Elezer and Sarah (Gardner) Folger, born 1674, married Judith, daughter of Stephen Coffin, and granddaughter of Tristram Coffin. She survived him and married a second and a third husband (see Coffin III).

(V) Daniel, second child of Peter (2) and Judith (Coffin) Folger, was born November 13, 1700. He married Abigail Folger, born April 8, 1703, at Nantucket, died there November 21, 1787. Daniel Folger was lost at sea, October 30, 1744, while going to Martha's Vineyard.

(VI) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) and Abigail (Folger) Folger, was born March 25, 1736. He married, 1757, Judith Worth. They removed to Dutchess county, New York, where Daniel Folger was engaged in farming. They were members of the Society of Friends.

(VII) Clarinda, second child of Daniel (2) and Judith (Worth) Folger, was born at Northampton, Dutchess county, New York, August 20, 1762, died May 22, 1804 (or 44), at Peru, Clinton county, New York. She married, October 23, 1783, Nicholas Barker, died in Peru, September 9, 1849.

(VIII) Phoebe, daughter of Nicholas and Clarinda (Folger) Barker, was born in New York, March 1, 1789. She married at Danby, Vermont, William (2) Greene, born at Groton, Massachusetts, December 22, 1801, died at North Bridgewater, Massachusetts, December 2, 1862. William Greene was a son of William Greene, born in Rhode Island, was of Groton, Massachusetts, then removed to Randolph, Vermont, afterward to Danby, Vermont, where he died. He was a stone cutter by trade. He married Betsey Hudson, of Massachusetts, and had issue.

(IX) Chauncey O., son of William (2) and Phoebe (Barker) Greene, was born in Weedsport, New York, April 2, 1825. He was of Watervliet, New York, and for a time was in business in Canada. He soon returned and located in Troy, New York. He was of the firm of Sheldon & Greene, stove manufacturers; he retired from that firm in 1873, to engage in the insurance business, which he continued until he died, February 15, 1910. He was a Republican in politics and repre-

sented the third ward in Troy common council. He married in Danby, Vermont, November 6, 1847, Elizabeth Eggleston, born in Danby, May 28, 1828. Now (1910) resident of Troy.

Elizabeth (Eggleston) Greene, wife of Chauncey O. Greene, was a daughter of Andrus Eggleston, born in Stonington, Connecticut, November 5, 1785, died at Danby, Vermont, April 18, 1860. He was a school teacher and for many years postmaster of Danby. He married, September 5, 1811, at Dorset, Vermont, Nancy Curtis, born at Dorset, November 28, 1787, died January 28, 1860, daughter of Joseph and Delia (Mead) Curtis, of Manchester, Vermont. Timothy Mead, father of Delia (Mead) Curtis, prior to 1800 was the owner of about all of the present site of Manchester Centre, Vermont. The original proprietors in 1780 gave him a grant of five hundred acres in consideration of his building and maintaining a grist mill in the town. Joseph and Delia (Mead) Curtis are buried in the old Curtis burying ground at East Dorset. Their gravestones read: "Joseph Curtis died December 17, 1833, aged 75 years," "Delia, wife of Joseph Curtis, died March 1, 1848, aged 81 years, 9 months." Andrus Eggleston was son of Benedict Eggleston, who during the revolution enlisted in the Second Connecticut Regiment when he was so young and undersized that he put on false heels to bring him up to height and perhaps did something similar to bring his age up to the requirements. He was in receipt of a revolutionary pension for forty years. Born at Hopkinton, Rhode Island, June 18, 1764, died at Dorset, Vermont, December 16, 1859, aged ninety-five years. He married, 1785, Content Brown, born in Stonington, Connecticut, February 21, 1767, died 1808.

(X) Adalaide Elizabeth, daughter of Chauncey O. and Elizabeth (Eggleston) Greene, was born in Brockville, Ontario, Canada. Her parents returned to the United States and located in Troy, New York, when she was an infant of three months. She was educated in Troy and was graduated from the Emma Willard School (Troy Female Seminary), class of 1868. She married, November 6, 1872, Anthony Gould Millard (see Millard VIII). Children: Elizabeth Virginia, Chauncey Stuart and Leonie Adalaide Millard.

(The Coffin Line).

The most ancient seat of the name of Coffin in England is now called Portledge in the county of Devon. The earliest mention of the name in any "Visitation of Devon" is in 1620. The family has been allied by intermarriages

with many of the honorable families of England and even with royalty. Probably the most eminent of the name in England was Sir William Coffin, Knight in the reign of King Henry VIII. Tristram Coffyn, the American ancestor, was of the landed gentry, son of Peter, and grandson of Nicholas. According to his father's will he was to be provided for "According to his degree and calling." Therefore he must have had a calling or profession, although he never in America made any pretensions.

(1) Tristram ("Tristem") Coffyn, as he always signed his name, the founder of the family line in America, was born at Buxton, a small parish and village near Plymouth, in Devonshire, England, in the year 1605. He married Dionis Stevens, daughter of Robert Stevens, Esq., of Buxton, and in 1642 emigrated to America with his wife, five small children, his widowed mother and two unmarried sisters. He lived alternately in Salisbury, Haverhill and Newbury, Massachusetts, until 1659, when he went to Nantucket Island and arranged for the purchase of the island by a company which he organized in Salisbury. The island was then under the jurisdiction of New York. He returned to Nantucket with his family in 1660, where he lived until his death, October 2, 1681, at his new residence on the hill at Northam, near Capaum pond. Tristram Coffyn was thirty-seven years of age upon his removal to America and fifty-five when he settled in Nantucket. Joan, his mother, died in Boston, May, 1661, aged seventy-seven years, "a woman of extraordinary character." Of his two sisters who came to America with him, Eunice married William Butler, Mary married Alexander Adams. Three of his children, Peter, Tristram (2), and Elizabeth, were married at the time of the removal to Nantucket.

Tristram Coffyn was the leading spirit among the early islanders, and the large family interest gave him power to control in a great measure the enterprises of the island. During the first years he was the richest proprietor except his son Peter, who possessed a large estate. He was very generous, public-spirited, and did not seek his own advantage in an unreasonable degree. He assisted in developing the resources of the island, was friendly with the Indians and had great influence over them. The first general court for Nantucket and Martha's Vineyard was comprised of Tristram Coffyn, first chief magistrate of Nantucket; Thomas Mayhew, first chief magistrate of Martha's Vineyard, and two associates from each island. At their first session a law prohibiting the sale of in-

toxicants to the Indians was passed. This is probably the first prohibitory law on record. His commission as chief magistrate of the island bears date of June 29, 1671, and is signed by Governor Lovelace of New York. While he was reputed to be quite wealthy in goods and lands, owning together with his son one-fourth of the island of Nantucket and all of Tuckernuck island, he did not die rich. He made no will, but disposed of much of his land while he lived, by deeds, the consideration being, "regard and natural affection." Most of the remainder of his estate he deeded to his two youngest sons, John and Stephen, they to take possession after the death of Tristram and his wife. To each of his grandchildren he gave ten acres upon the island of Tuckernuck or to such of them "as would plant it." He was a man of strict integrity and generous kindly nature. He was buried in Nantucket, probably upon his own estate. His wife survived him and was tenderly cared for by her large family of children and grandchildren.

Children of Tristram and Dionis (Stevens) Coffyn: 1. Hon. Peter, born in England; lieutenant in King Philip's war; deputy to general court of Plymouth three sessions; removed to Exeter, New Hampshire, where from 1692 to 1714 he was at different times associate justice and chief justice of the supreme court of New Hampshire, and member of the governor's council; he married Abigail, daughter of Edward and Katherine Starbuck, of Dover, New Hampshire, and had ten children. 2. Tristram, born in England; was deacon for twenty years of the First Church of Newbury, and filled many positions of trust; he was a merchant tailor; he married Mrs. Judith (Greenleaf) Somberly, daughter of Edward and Sarah Greenleaf, and had ten children. 3. Elizabeth, born in England; married Captain Stephen Greenleaf and had ten children. 4. James, born in England; was judge of the probate court and filled several of the important offices of Nantucket; this branch furnished the families that remained loyal to Great Britain; General John Coffin and Admiral Sir Isaac Coffin, two sons of General John, afterward held admiral's commissions in the Royal navy; one of America's most illustrious women, Lucretia Mott, was a descendant of James Coffin; he married Mary Severance, of Salisbury, Massachusetts, who bore him fourteen children, all except two grew to maturity and married; Deborah Coffin, the sixth child and third daughter, born on Nantucket, married, October 10, 1695, George, son of William Bunker. 5. John, born in England, died in infancy. 6. De-

borah, the first Coffin born in America, died at Haverhill, Massachusetts (the town of her birth) in infancy. 7. Mary, born in Haverhill, Massachusetts, February 20, 1645, married, at age of seventeen, Nathaniel Starbuck; their daughter Mary was the first white child born upon Nantucket Island; Mrs. Mary (Coffin) Starbuck was a most extraordinary woman, participating in the public gatherings and town meetings, where her words were listened to with marked respect; she anticipated the Woman's Rights and Suffragette movement by more than two centuries; she was consulted upon all matters of public importance because her judgment was superior, and as the Rev. John Richardson says: "The Islanders esteemed her as a judge among them, for little of moment was done without her;" in town meetings she took an active part in debates, usually commencing her remarks with: "My husband thinks" or "My husband and I, having considered the subject, think;" she was possessed of sound judgment, clear understanding, an eloquent, easy and natural mode of expression; in 1701, at the age of fifty-six, she became interested in the religious faith of the Society of Friends or Quakers, and took the spiritual concern of the whole island under her care; she held meetings at her own house, wrote the quarterly epistles and preached in a most eloquent and impressive manner and withal was as noted for her good housekeeping as for her ability as a preacher; says the same Rev. John Richardson: "The order of her house was such in all the parts thereof, as I had not seen the like before;" she was the mother of ten children. 8. Lieutenant John, born in Haverhill; removed to Edgartown, Martha's Vineyard, after his father's death; he married Deborah, daughter of Joseph and Sarah Austin; he had eleven children, among them Enoch, who was judge of Dukes county, and had ten children, all of whom lived to be over seventy years of age, six above eighty years and two of them to ninety years. 9. Stephen, see forward.

(II) Stephen, youngest child of Tristram and Dionis (Stevens) Coffin, was born in Newbury, Massachusetts, March 10, 1652, died November 14, 1734. He remained upon his father's estate and was helpful to his parents in their old age. He married Mary, daughter of George and Jane (Godfrey) Bunker. They had ten children.

(III) Judith, fifth child and second daughter of Stephen and Mary (Bunker) Coffin, died December 2, 1760. She married (first) Peter Folger (see Folger IV); married (second) Nathaniel Barnard; married (third) Stephen Wilcox.

Gillett is the surname from Gillett, the French diminutive for William. The family may have come with William the Conqueror into England from Gillette, a town in Piedmont, France. Gillette, the son of Giles. (Arthur's "Dictionary of Family and Christian Names," 1857, p. 140.) Another authority says Gillet (in pronunciation Jillet). The name is supposed to be derived from Gilleste, a town on the borders of France and Piedmont. When the "g" is hard, the name is probably a derivation of Gillaume, William. (Sower's "Patronymica Britannica," 1860, p. 128.) According to Guppy, in his "Homes of Family Names, 1890," the name Gillett is now found chiefly in Oxfordshire, with a small representation in Kent and Somersetshire. In Lincolnshire it is found changed to Gilliart and Gillyett. In the thirteenth century the name took the forms in Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire of Gillot, Gillote and Gilot. Gillett, French, Gillot, French Huguenot. ("British Family Names," Barber, 1894, p. 131.)

"Burke's General Armory," 1878, p. 400, noted the following grants of arms, omitting the date except in one instance: Gillet, alias Chandler (Ipswich, county Suffolk). Arms: Ermine on a bend engrailed sable, three lucies heads erased or, collared with a bar genel gu. Crest: A lucy's head erased and erect, gu. Gillet, or Gillot (Broadfield, county Norfolk). Arms, same as above, lucies, heads or. Crest: A lucy's head erased and erect or, collared as in arms. Gillett (Halvergate, county Norfolk). Arms: Same. Crest: A lucy's head erased and erect or, collared gu. Motto: "Spes mea in Deo." Gillett (Visitation of Nottinghamshire, 1614). Arms: Erm on a bend sable, three lucies; heads erased or. Crest: A lion ramp, holding in the dexter paw a battle axe ppr. The first of these grants is probably explained by "A Roll of Arms, 1673," contributed by Arthur Schomberg to "The Genealogist," new series, 24: 261. On this roll appears "Gillett, Phillip, alias Chandler, of Woodbridge, gent." Arms: Ermine, on a bend engrailed three lucies' heads erased, collared with a bar gemel.

Sir John Gyllot, K. B., is mentioned (1001) in "Musgrave's Obituary," published as volume 46, Harleian Society Publications (p. 109). John Gyllot, Knight of the Bath, 14 Nov. 1501, mentioned in "The Knights of England," by William A. Shaw, 1: 147.

The will of Sir John Gilliot, "knight and alderman of the cite of York," made December 28, 1509, proved March 4, 1509-10 (printed in Surtees Society Publications, 79: 12) mentions three sons, Lawrence, William

and Peter; and two daughters, Maude and Margaret; both daughters and Peter are under tutors. He had two wives, Katherine and "Dame Mawde," who survived him. The second wife, Maude, was a daughter of Sir Henry Vavasor, of York (Harleian Society Publications, 16: 330).

Peter Gilliott, citizen and merchant of the city of York, made his will in July, 1525, mentioning his wife Alicia and daughter Matilda; his brother's children, Robert and Maude, and other people not so nearly connected. (As the foregoing is published as a footnote to Sir John's will, it is to be supposed they were father and son. The inference is that Peter had no son. The male lines then have been continued, if at all, by Lawrence or William, one of whom was the father of Robert, alive in 1525.)

Maude Gilliott, daughter and heir of Sir John Gilliott, Knight, mayor of the city of York, married John Langholme. (Langholme pedigree from Visitation of Lincolnshire, published in the "Genealogist," old series, 4: 187.)

Sir Thomas Gilliott, of York, Knight, 1460, who married Martha, daughter of Sir Henry Vavasor, of Haselwood, high sheriff of Yorkshire (10 Ed. IV), may have been an ancestor of Sir John, previously mentioned. Sir Henry Vavasor died 1460. (Betham's Baronetage, 1: 356. This work is not, however, responsible for the suggestion of kinship between Sir Thomas and Sir John.)

Catherine, daughter and heiress of Peter Gilliott, of Broughton, married Roger, second son of Sir Richard Tempest. Living temp. Hen. VII. (Betham's Baronetage, 2: 346.) In Visitation of Yorkshire, 1584-85, p. 293, it is stated that Roger Tempest, of Broughton, married a daughter of Sir Piers Gilliott, whose wife was the daughter and heiress of ——— Thorpe.

Robert Gillett, of Thorp Arch, had a daughter Isabel who married Matthew Usher, of Featherstone; their son Robert Usher was seventeen years old in 1585. (Yorkshire Visitations, 1584-85 and 1612, p. 350.)

Administration on the estate of Richard Gillett, of Treston, was granted December 17, 1656, to his widow Mary (Yorkshire Archaeological Asso. Rec., ser. 1: 166).

Thomas Gillott, of Brighton See, parish of Bradfield, left a will, dated May 28, 1640, and proved in August, 1641. (Same 4) Visitation Yorkshire, 1653-54. (Harleian Society Publications, 16: 315) show that Roger Tempest, above mentioned, and his wife, daughter and heiress of Piers Gyllott, Knight, had great-grandchildren then living. (The animalist quaintly remarks that the pedigree does

not show whether Roger and his wife were in this world or the next.)

"Memoranda relating to the Gillet and Holcombe Families, copied from an old Bible, printed 1599." Communicated by W. F. Holcombe, Esq., M.D., to "Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica," new series, 2: 115.

Records copied from an ancient Bible now in the possession of Deacon Anson Cooley, of North Granby, Connecticut. He received it from his grandmother, Lois Holcombe Cooley, born July 5, 1748, daughter of Deacon Azariah Holcombe, who was born about 1708, son of Jonathan Holcombe, born 1678, who was son of Nathaniel Holcombe, born in Windsor, Connecticut, November 4, 1648, son of Thomas Holcombe, the Puritan, who died in Poyntonock, Windsor, Connecticut, September 7, 1657. Jonathan Holcombe married (second) June 22, 1721, Widow Mary Gillet, who had the Gillet Bible from her husband, who received it from his ancestors.

Page first of Family Records: "June 30th, 1737, Jonathan Holcombe, son of Jonathan Holcombe, Departed this Life ages 35 yrs seven months and five days." "July 29 Day ye year 1737 Jacob Holcombe my son died in the 22nd year of his Life aged." Page 2nd. "There was a flood in Conn. in the year 1661 in June." "My father Gillet came into New England the second time in June in the yeare 1634 and Jonathan his sonne was born about halfe a year after he came to land." Page 3rd. "(My) father Gillet died in 1677" and that "Jonathan Gillet his first maredge Apr. 22, 1661, Mary, b. Oct. 18, 1667." "Jonathan b. Feb. 18, 1670." "William b. Dec. 4, 1673." "My second maredg in Decem. 14, 1676, my sonn Thomas born by second wife in May the last 16, 1678." "Ebenezer born in the year '80 Decem 17 his grandmother dyed in May 14, '81. Anna born September 18, 1682. 'A man of words and not of deeds is like a garden full of weeds.' Jonathan born to me by my secon wife was born October 10, 1685. Merriam born in 1688 March 14." The history of this branch of the American family is traced through eight generations.

(I) Jonathan Gillet, progenitor of this branch of the family, belonged to the company of about one hundred and forty Puritans which was formed in the counties of Devonshire, Dorsetshire and Somersetshire, England. They sailed with Rev. John Warham and Rev. John Maverick as pastors in the "Mary and John," March 20, 1630, and arrived off Nantasket, May 30 following, settlement being made at Dorchester. He was made a freeman there May 6, 1635, and had various lots of ground granted to him. With the

Dorchester church and Rev. Mr. Warham he and Nathan removed about 1636 to Windsor, Connecticut, where he had a lot granted to him near Mr. Warham. He and his wife Mary are included in Matthew Grant's church list, made thirty-seven years after the settlement, of twenty-one "members who were so in Dorchester and came up with Mr. Warham and are still of us." They were also privileged, having paid six shillings, to sit in the long seats in the church. He gave four shillings six pence to the fund in aid of sufferers by the Indian war at Simsbury and Springfield, and was one of the committee of distribution. He died August 23, 1677, and his wife January 5, 1685. Their children were: 1. Cornelius, born at Dorchester, died June 26, 17—; married Priscilla Kelsey. 2. Jonathan, born at Dorchester; married (first) April 23, 1661, Mary Kelsey, who died April 18, 1676; married (second) December 14, 1676, Miriam Dibble, who died April 18, 1687; eight children. 3. Mary, married Peter Brown. 4. Anna, born December 29, 1639; married, October 29, 1663, Samuel Filley. 5. Joseph, baptized July 25, 1641; married, 1664, Elizabeth Hawks. 6. Samuel, born January 22, 1642. 7. John, born October 5, 1644; married, July 8, 1669, Mary Barker. 8. Abigail, baptized June 28, 1646, died 1648. 9. Jeremiah, born February 12, 1647; married, October 15, 1685, Deborah Bartlett. 10. Josiah, see forward.

(II) Josiah, son of Jonathan and Mary Gillet, was born in Windsor, Connecticut, and was baptized July 14, 1650. He died October 29, 1736. He married, June 30, 1676, Joanna Taintor, born April, 1657, daughter of Michael Taintor, of Branford, Connecticut. She died January 23, 1735. He moved to Colchester in 1702, being one of the first settlers. Children: Josiah, Joanna, Elizabeth, Jonathan, Mary, Dorothy, Samuel, Joseph, Mindwell, Aaron and Noah.

(III) General Jonathan, second son of Josiah and Joanna (Taintor) Gillet, was born in Windsor, Connecticut, June 28, 1685, died in Colchester, January 3, 1755. He married, January 3, 1717, Sarah Ely, of Lyme, who died July 4, 1759. Children: Sarah, Jonathan, Mary, Joseph, Nehemiah, Jonah, Aaron and Joanna.

(IV) Aaron, son of General Jonathan and Sarah (Ely) Gillet, was born May 23, 1732, died June 14, 1786. He served in the revolutionary war. He married, March 31, 1757, Anna Pratt, who died January 22, 1827. Children: Aaron, Anna, Joanna, Mary, Aaron, Ely, Russell, Hannah, Solomon, Mercy and Anna.

(V) Ely, son of Aaron and Anna (Pratt) Gillet, was born May 14, 1767, died December 11, 1846. He married, April 8, 1799, Phebe Hall, born April 24, 1773, died March 24, 1859. Children: Ely Hall, Phebe and Sarah Ann.

(VI) Ely Hall, son of Ely and Phebe (Hall) Gillet, was born October 6, 1794, died December 23, 1863. He married, September 30, 1821, Mary Williams, daughter of Frederick W. (5), Ebenezer (4), Park (3), Deacon Samuel (2), Robert (1), who was the progenitor of the Williams line, and a prominent citizen of Roxbury, Massachusetts, whither he came about 1638, probably born in Norrick, England, who was born December 28, 1788, died November 10, 1864. They resided in Colchester, where their children were born: Children: 1. William Ely, born June 21, 1822; married, in Colchester, May 9, 1848, Bethiah Backus, born in Lebanon, April 22, 1829; four children. 2. Ezra Hall, born July 15, 1823, died September 2, 1875; graduated at Yale College, 1841, and Union Seminary, 1844; pastor at Harlem, New York, 1845-70; Hamilton College conferred upon him the degree of D.D., 1864; was professor of political economy and ethics at University of the City of New York, 1870-75; a voluminous writer and author; married (first) October 15, 1851, Maria H. Ripley, who died March 28, 1853; married (second) June 19, 1854, Mary J. Kendall, who died September 10, 1881; three children. 3. Mary Williams, born December 24, 1824, died in Hartford, Connecticut, September 3, 1888; married, May 12, 1846, Hon. Henry Alvord, born February 8, 1819, died May 1, 1877; eight children; he was a member of the Connecticut senate. 4. Emma Louisa, born May 9, 1826, died April 29, 1856; married, August 10, 1852, Stephen H. Matthews. 5. John Elbert (see forward). 6. Salmon Cone, born June 12, 1830, died in his native town, June 5, 1890; he was president of the Colchester Savings Bank; it is due to his painstaking genealogical research that the Gillette family history from which this record is compiled has been so faithfully and accurately preserved. He married (first) November 14, 1852, Adelaide Huntington, who died November 19, 1868; married (second) March 9, 1870, Mary Willard, of Wilton; two children. 7. Jane, born June 19, 1834; married (first) May 9, 1860, Stephen H. Matthews, born January 18, 1822, died May 14, 1875; married (second) April 13, 1880, Darius M. Linsley, born July 21, 1820; four children by first husband, who was also the husband of her sister, Emma Louisa.

(VII) Hon. John Elbert Gillette, son of

Ely Hall and Mary (Williams) Gillette, was born October 4, 1828. He was a member of the New York Assembly, 1880-81. He married, June 19, 1854, Sarah Amanda Westfield. Children: Fannie Westfield, born April 3, 1855, died February 21, 1856; John Westfield (see forward); Grace Gatzmer, born June 21, 1865, died September 23, 1868; Ernest Simpson, born September 18, 1873, died August 13, 1874.

(VIII) John Westfield, eldest son and second child of Hon. John Elbert and Sarah Amanda (Westfield) Gillette, was born March 9, 1860. He married, October 31, 1888, Grace Fidelia, daughter of Lyman D. and Helen (Field) James. Children: Helen Field, born December 19, 1889; John Westfield, August 26, 1892.

(The James Line).

(I) Grace Fidelia (James) Gillette descends through paternal lines from Philip James, who came to New England in 1638 with wife, four children and two servants, from Hingham, England. They settled in Hingham, Massachusetts, where Philip "died soon after." He married Jane ———.

(II) Francis, son of Philip James, married Elizabeth ———.

(III) Thomas, son of Francis James, married a widow, Patience (Tower) Farrow.

(IV) John, son of Thomas James, married a widow, Deborah (Bates) Stodder.

(V) John (2), son of John (1) James, was in Captain Christopher Bannister's company, Colonel John Dickman's regiment, and marched to Bennington in August, 1777. He engaged in the battles of Stillwater and Saratoga in the same company, with Colonel Ezra May. He married, April 4, 1765, Lois Beal.

(VI) Malachi, son of John (2) and Lois (Beal) James, married Elizabeth Lyman.

(VII) Enoch, son of Malachi and Elizabeth (Lyman) James, was a merchant and manufacturer of Goshen, Massachusetts. He married Armanilla Dwight.

(VIII) Henry Lyman, son of Enoch and Armanilla (Dwight) James, was a merchant, manufacturer, and one of the industrial leaders of the Connecticut Valley. He was for twenty-five years postmaster of Williamsburg, Massachusetts. He was an extensive traveler, and wrote much for the press under the nom-de-plume of "Peter." He married Maria Louise, daughter of Dr. Eldridge Timpson, of Hudson, New York.

(VIII) Lyman Dwight, son of Enoch and Armanilla (Dwight) James, was born in Williamsburg, Massachusetts, January 21, 1836, died there May 30, 1902. He was well educated, and was first a clerk for his brother,

Henry Lyman James, in the Williamsburg store, then a partner, and finally sole owner, retiring in 1898. He was a director of the First National Bank of Northampton for twenty-five years, and at the time of his death vice-president; also trustee of the Nonolusk Savings Bank, and trustee of the Northampton Insane Asylum, serving until his death. A beautiful club house erected on the asylum grounds has been constructed by his widow as a memorial. He was most kind-hearted, and at the age of seventy his warmest friends were the young men. He stood the test of close acquaintance, and his death was universally regretted. He married, September 10, 1857, Helen Eliza, daughter of John and Fidelia (Nash) Field, and sister of Marshall Field, the greatest of merchants and princely philanthropists, and a lineal descendant of Zechariah Field, who arrived in Boston from Bristol, England in 1629. (For complete Field and James genealogy see "Massachusetts Genealogical and Personal Memoirs," by William Richard Cutter and William Frederick Adams, vol. I, pp. 312-319.) Children of Lyman Dwight and Helen Eliza (Field) James: Henry Dwight, of Haydenville, Massachusetts; Howard, of St. Paul, Minnesota; Grace Fidelia, married John W. Gillette, of Hudson, New York (see Gillette VIII); Philip Lyman, of Chicago, Illinois.

The Ashtons of Saratoga, New York, descend from Major James Ashton, born in Ireland about the year 1728. His wife Elizabeth was also of Irish birth and parentage. James had a brother, Thomas Ashton, who with wife, Elizabeth, was the first of the Ashtons to settle in Washington county, New York. Thomas Ashton came to America in 1769 and settled in what is now White Creek, Washington county. He cleared a farm from the wilderness and became a founder and a leader of the Methodist church. Both Thomas and Elizabeth were noted for their devoted piety and exerted a wide influence for good, adding greatly to the strength and usefulness of their church in Washington county. They died without issue. In 1772 James Ashton, wife Elizabeth, and children, Rebecca, John, Margaret, with a relative, Thomas Gee Ashton, then seventeen years, left Ireland and came to the colonies and settled at Ash Grove, now in the town of White Creek, Washington county, New York, where he purchased land adjoining his brother, Thomas Ashton, who had preceded him by three years. No doubt he was influenced by his brother in making settlement. He became locally prominent in

the town, was active in town and church and warmly espoused the cause of the colonies in their struggle for independence. It is related that he was a member of the "Vigilance Committee" that kept watch over the doings of the Tories in their locality and that he was the recognized leader, dealing at times quite harshly with those who were disposed to side with the King. Needing some information that he thought a Tory neighbor could but would not give him, James threatened to hang him if he did not reveal the needed facts. The Tory was stubborn and neither gave the desired information nor did he hang, but escaped to the British camp at Stillwater. Soon after James Ashton was captured by the Indians who brought him to the British camp in a badly battered condition. His Tory neighbor saw him and successfully interceded with General Burgoyne to have him kindly treated. This "heaping of coals of fire" upon his head caused the sturdy patriot to have a more kindly feeling for Tories ever afterward. During the progress of the battle of Saratoga he was confined in a building near by, but soon after the retreat of the British he was released and returned home. His service to the revolutionary cause must have been valuable, as on April 4, 1778, Governor Clinton issued him a major's commission: "We reposing especial trust and confidence as well in your patriotism, conduct and loyalty as in your valor and readiness to do us good and faithful service." "With the advice and consent of our said Council of Appointment at Poughkeepsie, do appoint and constitute you the said James Ashton, First Major of the Regiment of Militia in the county of Albany, whereof Lewis Van Woert, esquire, is Colonel." Passed the secretary's office, July 4, 1778, by his excellency's command. Abraham B. Banker, secretary. He probably held a lower rank in the volunteer army, although there is no record of rank or service in battle. He was a member of the Associate Reformed church, as was his wife, two daughters and their husbands. The meeting house was on the "Old Turnpike," near the "Old Graveyard." Major Ashton died October 9, 1802, in his seventy-third year.

His wife, Elizabeth Ashton, died November 1, 1809, in her eighty-first year. Children: Rebekah, born in Ireland about 1760, died January 6, 1804; married her cousin, George Barbar (second wife); he died June 14, 1832, in his seventy-ninth year; they left numerous descendants; John, of whom further; Margaret, born in Ireland about 1765, died June 14, 1841, aged seventy-six years; married William Van Kirk, from New Jersey,

born of Dutch parents; he died September 7, 1836, aged seventy-five years.

Thomas Gee Ashton, the relative who came from Ireland with Major Ashton, married Amity Pierce, of that vicinity. He died August 2, 1840, in his eighty-eighth year. She died August 18, 1830, in her sixty-seventh year. They have many descendants. He served in the war of the revolution and was a pensioner. Thomas Gee Ashton, private in the revolutionary war, received "Twenty-one Dollars and forty-four cents per annum during his natural life, commencing on the fourth of March, 1831." His revolutionary claim is signed, "Lewis Cass," secretary of war.

(II) John, only son of Major James and Elizabeth Ashton, was born in Ireland, July 8, 1763, died December 8, 1837, on his farm in the town of White Creek, Washington county, New York. He was nine years of age when his parents came to America. His after life was spent in agriculture, on the White Creek farm, first his father's, later his own by inheritance, which contained three hundred acres. When a boy he witnessed the after scenes of the battle of Saratoga, saw the dead buried and said, "They were scattered like shocks of wheat in the harvest field." He was prosperous, benevolent and charitable, giving one-tenth of all his crops to the worthy poor of his neighborhood. Of him it was written, "He was a man of good judgment and sound mind, and for honesty and sincerity had no superior." He was a member, with his wife and family, of the Associate Reformed church and worshipped at the meeting house in Coila. He married Lydia Morford, born Monmouth county, New Jersey, died February 11, 1841, in her eightieth year. Children: James, John, William, Isaac, Thomas, Benjamin, Elizabeth, Rebecca and Sarah. There are many descendants of John Ashton.

(III) Thomas, son of John and Lydia (Morford) Ashton, was born in the town of White Creek, Washington county, New York, in 1794, died in the town of Argyle, same county, March 21, 1869. He was a farmer all his life, which was lived in Washington county, and left an honored name behind him. He married Elizabeth Stewart, born 1793, died October 9, 1869. They had seven children.

(IV) David B., sixth child of Thomas and Elizabeth (Stewart) Ashton, was born in Argyle, Washington county, December 9, 1824, died at Saratoga Springs, New York, May 23, 1891. He was well educated in local schools and learned the trade of carriage maker. He established in business in his native town and carried on the manufacture of wagons and carriages there for many years,

until his retirement from active life several years before his death. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and a Republican in politics. He married, January 29, 1852, Elizabeth Stewart, born September 12, 1833, at Sterling, New York, daughter of George and Eva (Kilmer) Stewart. Children: Frances, Emma, Lydia Eva, William A., George F., Edward B., of whom further.

(V) Edward B., son of David B. and Elizabeth (Stewart) Ashton, was born in Argyle, Washington county, New York, August 7, 1871. He was educated at Fort Edward Collegiate Institute and Haley's Business College, Fort Edward, New York. He early entered active business life and was for a few years engaged in the grocery business in Fort Edward, later locating at Saratoga Springs. He established there in the grain trade and founded the business which he now conducts under the firm name of the Saratoga Milling & Grain Company, of which he is treasurer. He has acquired other important interests in Saratoga and vicinity. In 1900 he engaged in the coal trade and in 1904 organized the Saratoga Coal Company, which is a consolidation of the coal companies of Saratoga. He is actively interested in the management of the company, holding the offices of president and treasurer. In 1906 he organized the Ballston Coal Company, of Ballston Spa, New York, of which he is treasurer. In that year he acquired the ownership of the Saratoga Baggage & Express Company, of which he is treasurer. He is a member of the executive board of the Eastern and Central New York Retail Coal Merchants Association and is also interested in the coal trade at Albany, New York, being secretary of the New York & New England Coal Company of that city. He is a prominent member of the Masonic order, holding all degrees of lodge, council, chapter and commandery in the York Rite and is a thirty-second degree Mason, member of Oriental Temple, A. O. N. M. S. He is also affiliated with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Royal Arcanum, Modern Woodmen, and the Independent Order of Foresters. His club is the Saratoga. He married, September, 1895, Harriet Lohnas, of Saratoga, daughter of D. L. Lohnas. Child, Lohnas, born May 7, 1897.

Coat-of-arms granted John WRIGHT Wright in 1590. "Azure, two bars argent in chief, a leopard's face or; crest, out of a ducal coronet or, a dragon's head and neck pr." The English surname Wright is of pure Anglo-Saxon origin, and is derived from the old word

"wyrtha," meaning a workman of any sort. In England the name is quite frequent, and there were many adventurers of this great family who came to America in colonial days and identified the name with American progress and improvement. English history says: "John Wright, Lord of the Manor of Kelvedon, Hatch, county Essex, England, accrued Kelvedon by purchase in 1538."

(I) John Wright, of Kelvedon Hatch, married Olive ———. He died October 5, 1551, and is buried with his wife in Kelvedon church.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Olive Wright, married Joane ———, of Kelvedon Hall. He died October 10, 1563.

(III) Robert, son of John (2) and Joane Wright, was of Brook street, county of Essex, England. He married Mary, daughter of Robert Green, of Naverstock.

(IV) John (3), of Wrightsbridge, son of Robert and Mary (Green) Wright, married Abis, daughter and sole heiress of Robert Rooke, of Havering, Essex.

(V) John (4), son of John (3) and Abis (Rooke) Wright, of Wrightsbridge, anno 1590, in thirty-second year of Queen Elizabeth, gentleman; married Emfell, or Linsell, for first wife. Arms were granted him June 20, 1590.

(VI) Nathaniel (Sir Nathan), son of John (4) Wright, was a merchant of London, and member of Massachusetts Bay colony. He married Lydia, daughter and heiress of Edward James, of London. A daughter Elizabeth married Sir James Oglethorpe of His Majesty's forces; six children.

(VII) Samuel, son of Nathaniel (Sir Nathan) and Lydia (James) Wright, was of London. He married Margaret ———. They emigrated to America with the Winthrop colony in 1630, and settled in Springfield, Massachusetts. He was a deacon in the church in 1639; also in Northfield church in 1655. He died October 17, 1665. His wife, Margaret, died July 25, 1681. They had nine children.

(VIII) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) and Margaret Wright, was born in England in 1629. He was brought to America by his parents in 1630, grew up in Springfield, Massachusetts, and later was of Northfield. He was sergeant and lieutenant in command of the militia forces. He was one of the first three selectmen of Northfield, and met his death in the Indian attack on the town, September 2, 1675. He married, November 24, 1653, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Burt. They had eight children.

(IX) Ebenezer, son of Samuel (2) and Elizabeth (Burt) Wright, was born March

30, 1663, died 1742. He was one of the grantees of Northfield, 1682. He married (first) September 26, 1684, Elizabeth, daughter of Jedediah Strong, died February 17, 1691. He married (second) Hannah, daughter of Jonathan Hunt, December 19, 1691. They had nine children.

(X) Captain Noah, fifth child of Ebenezer and Hannah (Hunt) Wright, was born November 29, 1699, died June 27, 1775, at Northampton, Massachusetts. He married, December 12, 1721, Sarah, daughter of Major Ebenezer and Sarah (King) Pomeroy, born February 12, 1700, died April 3, 1777. They were the parents of two children.

(XI) Captain Caleb, son of Captain Noah and Sarah (Pomeroy) Wright, was born April 24, 1722, died February 12, 1780. He was a soldier of the revolution. (See "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolution," p. 919, Vol. XVII): "Wright, Caleb, New Marlboro; captain of a company of minute men, Colonel John Fellows' Third Regiment; marched April 21, 1775, in response to the Alarm of April 19, 1775, to Lexington; service, one month, three days." There is also proof of his service at the battle of Bennington. He was a farmer of New Marlboro, Massachusetts. He married, September 6, 1745, Sarah, daughter of Jonathan and Mehitabel (Stebbins) Strong. He had sons and several daughters.

(XII) Caleb (2), son of Captain Caleb (1) and Sarah (Strong) Wright, was born April 24, 1747, died in Cambridge, New York, February, 1787. He was a farmer of Northampton, Massachusetts, until 1777, when he moved to the town of Cambridge, New York, where he engaged in farming until his death. He served in the war of the revolution. See Archives of the State of New York in the Revolution, Vol. I, Roster of State troops, p. 522.) "Caleb Wright, sergeant (Colonel Lewis Van Woert's regiment), enlisted for short service four times in Van Woert's, Doty's, Well's and Gilmore's and Well's companies, 16th regiment of Albany county militia from August 13, 1777, to November 30, 1780." On page 373 it is found that Van Woert was also colonel of Cambridge regiment, that town then being in old Albany county. (These records of Captain Caleb and his son Caleb have been accepted by the Society D. A. R. and membership granted under national number 37,414.) During the battle of Bennington the militia was ordered out; as there was a scarcity of ammunition, each man was ordered to procure his own as far as possible. Caleb removed the weights from the old "grandfather's clock," substituting pails of sand, then

melted and moulded the weights into bullets, which he next day fired at the British. The old clock is still in the possession of his great-grandchildren, a highly prized revolutionary relic, and still measures the correct time. Caleb Wright married, about 1767, Elizabeth, daughter of Josiah Stillman, of Wethersfield, Connecticut. She survived him and married (second) William Hammond, of Pittstown, New York. She died August 4, 1824; no issue by her second marriage. Children of Caleb and Elizabeth (Stillman) Wright: 1. Elijah, born in Sandisfield, Massachusetts, September 4, 1769, died May 25, 1832; married (first) Lavina Barber, of Cambridge, New York, and had issue. He married (second) Sara, granddaughter of Thomas Adkins (2) (a revolutionary soldier) and Mercy (Clark) Adkins, also granddaughter of Deacon Robert (a revolutionary soldier) and Lydia (Parmalee) Griffing; children: Zalmon, Stillman, Lavina, Caleb, Daniel, William, Royal, Betsy, Harriet, De Witt, John, Kirkland, Griffin, Prudence, Jane, Elijah. 2. Lauchlin, see forward. 3. Elizabeth, born March 13, 1772; married, 1790, Joseph Slocum; children: Elizabeth, Reuben, Rachael, Caleb Wright, Azuba, Sarah, Humphrey, Annice, Joseph, Elias. 4. Sally, born March 2, 1774; married Ebenezer Moseley, who died September, 1850; children: Alvin, Betsy, Sally, Zenia. 5. Caleb, born March 19, 1776, died December 30, 1838; married (first) Eunice Sprague, of Greenwich, New York, died May 20, 1812, who bore him five children; married (second) Mary Hanks, who died January, 1862; children: David, John Franklin, Sophia, Anne, infant daughter; by second marriage: Benjamin, Morgan, Leroy, Eunice, Mary. 6. Rachael, born April 26, 1779; married Increase Moseley, of Hoosick, New York; children: Pardon, Betsy, Mary, Lucina, Rachael, Sally, Esther, Alvina, Polly, Stillman. 7. Josiah, born November 17, 1780, died June 22, 1835; married Freelove Woodworth, of White Creek, New York; children: William, Maria, Eliza, Josiah, Freelove, John, Roxanna, Solomon Warner, M.D. 8. John Stillman, born March 10, 1782, died October 5, 1849; married Asenath Arnold, born August 20, 1785, of Hoosick, New York; children: Emily, Elizabeth, Mary, Flavona, Mordan, Victor Moreau, Wellington, Mary Eliza, Sarah Asenath.

(XIII) Lauchlin, second son of Caleb (2) and Elizabeth (Stillman) Wright, was born in Sandisfield, Massachusetts, December 5, 1770, died January 9, 1854. He was a farmer of Washington county, New York, where the family are mentioned as "old and early" set-

tlers of the town of Cambridge. They were closely allied to the Wells family, descendants of one of the original patentees, Edward Wells, of Worcester, England. He married Roxanna, died July 14, 1855, daughter of David and Rachael (Griffing) Parks, granddaughter of Robert and Rhoda (Parmele) Griffing, and also granddaughter of Nathaniel and ——— (Clark) Park. (David added the "s" to the name.) David Parks enlisted in Amos Staunton's company, December 23, 1777, was transferred to S. B. Webb's regiment, May 1, 1780, discharged December 23, 1780. He was borne on the rolls of revolutionary pensioners. Both Nathaniel and David Parks served in the revolution; Nathaniel enlisted May 11, 1776, discharged October 17, 1776; they served from Connecticut. Robert Griffing, while not a combatant, rendered the cause good service in bringing in salt and food to the army. He was working under the orders and authority of the Connecticut governor and council. He was the great-grandfather of Dr. Wright. Children of Lauchlin and Roxanna (Parks) Wright: 1. David, born February 8, 1794, died March 16, 1870; married, August 18, 1821, Betsey, daughter of Captain Lott Woodworth, of White Creek, New York; children: William Alfred, Jane Maria, Maurice Lauchlin, who served in the civil war, Eighty-fifth Regiment, New York Volunteers. 2. Elizabeth, born August 14, 1795, died February 3, 1863; married, May, 1821, Alden Bennett, settled in New Haven, New York, died September 25, 1854; children: i. Charles W., born September 25, 1822, killed in the civil war, 1864; married, May, 1845, Louise Dean; ii. H. Veil, born December 23, 1825; died, unmarried, September 18, 1874; iii. Alfred Platt, born May 7, 1829, died April 24, 1888; married Miranda Covert, in 1855, who survived him and married (second) B. Stout, who died May 30, 1896; iv. Walter Smith, born April 12, 1832; married Blanche Coryelle; v. Julia Ann, born January 14, 1836, died April 14, 1864; married Delos Townsend, 1858. 3. James Harvey, born July 9, 1798, died in Saugatuck, Michigan, September 12, 1873; married, October 3, 1826, Eunice, daughter of Hon. David Bradley, of Marcellus, New York. She died January 23, 1888; children: i. Edwin Bradley, born September 17, 1827, died January 21, 1879; married (first) June 7, 1863, Lydia M. Pratt, died October 7, 1864; (second) Phoebe Maris, October 23, 1865; child: Hattie, an adopted daughter, married, 1876, ——— Bird; ii. James Harvey, born August 5, 1829; married, April, 1864, Jessie Smith; children: George Edwin, born December 28,

1865; Eugene Harvey, August, 1869; Ida, August 3, 1871, died 1888; Simeon, August 1, 1874; iii. Jessie, January 13, 1832, married, June 4, 1856, Harvey L. House, who died July 7, 1896, lived in Saugatuck, Michigan; children: Dr. Walter B., born June 4, 1857, married Florence M. Lacey; Rev. Herbert E., June 12, 1860, married Myrtle Ruggles, of Oak Park, Illinois, was missionary to Tien Tsin, China, came home in 1897 at the time of the great Boxer uprising; Alice L., born April 3, 1862, died June 11, 1889, married Fred G. Truscott; two children; Jessie M., June 15, 1865; Edwin H., May 16, 1875, married, May 23, 1900, Philanda H. Davis, both being graduates of Columbia School of Oratory; iv. Cordelia, June 10, 1843, died March 12, 1844. 4. Walter, born July 1, 1801, died January 30, 1875; married, September 5, 1826, Frances Crane, of Marcellus, New York, died April 15, 1883; lived in Adrian, Michigan; child: Ann Elizabeth, born April 1, 1828, died December 30, 1899; married Nicholas Van Brunt, died October 20, 1896. 5. Dr. Albert, born April 14, 1804, died December 10, 1874; married, June 6, 1832, Jane A. Barker; graduated from Vermont Academy of Medicine, in 1831, and located in Brooklyn, New York. His wife died December 21, 1878; child: Annie Southwell (by adoption), born October 4, 1834, died May 30, 1890. 6. Dr. William, born September 24, 1806, died September 23, 1880; married, November 27, 1835, Eliza Ann, daughter of Hon. Martin Lee, of Granville, Washington county, New York. He graduated from Vermont Academy of Medicine in 1833, and practiced his profession in Brooklyn, New York; children: i. Helen Mary, born September 13, 1836, died in infancy; ii. William H. Seward, January 17, 1839; married, July 5, 1863, Carrie L. Willets, died November 12, 1901; married (second) Anna Hagedorn, and had an adopted daughter Bessie; iii. Cornelia, born March 4, 1842, died November 2, 1903; iv. Martin, July 18, 1844, died in infancy; v. Albert James, March 16, 1848; married, October 1, 1879, Lillie Ames. He is a practicing dentist in Brooklyn, New York. 7. Morris Lauchlin, December 4, 1808, died June 14, 1884; married, February 22, 1849, Maria E., daughter of Captain Samuel Ruste. She died November 11, 1866. They lived on the old homestead in Cambridge, owned by his father and grandfather before him; children: i. Helena Maria, born January 11, 1850; ii. Sarah Jane, May 4, 1852; married, March 28, 1893, Edward Payson Cramer, a widower, who died July 29, 1903. 8. Julia A., born March 28, 1812, died March 6, 1897; married,



A. M. Wright

October 13, 1834. Lemuel Sherman, a farmer of Cambridge, New York, born September 6, 1809, died January 28, 1887; children: i. Frances E., born February 23, 1840; married, October 4, 1859, James, son of John and Nancy (McMurray) McFarland, and had a son, Frank Murray; ii. Mary, October 15, 1841, died June 28, 1899; married, December 4, 1864, Lieutenant Albert Shiland, a veteran of Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment, New York Volunteers, died at his home in Denver, Colorado, leaving children, Fred, Helen C. and Francis; iii. George Lemuel, January 15, 1846; married, December 28, 1887, Julia A., daughter of Peter and Maria (Gilchrist) Wheldon; iv. Albert, January 18, 1851; married, December 4, 1872, Sophia Dobbin, born June 12, 1851, and had a daughter, Gertrude, who married S. F. Ellingwood. 9. Sidney Wells, see forward.

(XIV) Sidney Wells, son of Lauchlin and Roxanna (Parks) Wright, was born at Cambridge, New York, February 14, 1815, died February 17, 1882. He was a prominent farmer of Washington county, and held several of the county and town offices. He was a leading member and an elder of the Presbyterian church of Cambridge. Politically he was a Republican, a great admirer and devoted follower of Horace Greeley, even forsaking the regular party candidates and voting for Mr. Greeley when he was the Democratic candidate for President. He married (first) September 19, 1837, Jane E., daughter of Rupel and Betsey (Wilcox) Brown, who bore him one child. He married (second) Maria Cramer Savage, born May 26, 1815, died March 29, 1876, daughter of Amos and Maria (Cramer) Savage. She was a daughter of Amos (2) and a granddaughter of Amos (1) Savage, the revolutionary soldier, who served as a private, then was promoted by the governor and council of Connecticut in 1779 to be ensign of Second Company of alarm list in the Twenty-third Regiment of that state. Amos (2) Savage married (second) Maria, daughter of John Nicklaus and Elizabeth (Tippel) Cramer, the latter a daughter of Adam and Catherine Tippel. John Nicklaus Cramer and Adam Tippel were both soldiers of the revolution, serving in Colonel Morris Graham's sixth regiment, Dutchess county, New York, militia. Children of Sidney Wells and Maria (Savage) Wright: 1. Jane B., born April, 1840, died in infancy. 2. Jane Maria, born February 22, 1843, died February 12, 1858. 3. Adeline J., born November 6, 1844, died April 23, 1866; married, April 13, 1865, Thomas A., son of Benjamin H. Howell, head of the sugar refining house

of B. H. Howell & Son, of Brooklyn, New York. He survived her and married a second wife, and died September 19, 1896. Their only child died in infancy. 4. Sarah Elizabeth, born October 7, 1846, died March 19, 1877; married, October 3, 1868, James E. Cady, of Brandon, Vermont, and had a son Lucian, born January 15, 1877. 5. Albert Maurice, mentioned below. 6. Emma Roxanna, born July 1, 1850. 7. Julia Antoinette, October 3, 1852; married, December 28, 1887, Calvin, son of George and Josephine (Bowman) Sims. He was born February 7, 1844, now a bookkeeper of Troy, New York, and has a daughter, Clara W. (by adoption), born January 28, 1892. 8. Walter Savage, June 26, 1854; married, April 28, 1886, Bernice, daughter of Jonathan and Adaline (McChistock) Long. She was born September 26, 1861. He studied law, was admitted to the bar and practiced in New York until 1887, when he removed to Pasadena, California, where he is now one of the prominent lawyers of that state. Children: i. Adaline, born September 25, 1888; a graduate of Leland Stanford University, May, 1910; ii. Howard Walter, September 6, 1892; iii. Catherine, May 16, 1895. 9. Mary Helen, born March 17, 1856; married, October 10, 1883, Matthew B. Hutton, M.D., a graduate of the University of Michigan, born August 12, 1854, son of William and Mary Ann (Blair) Hutton, of Putnam, New York; now (1910) a practicing physician of Valley Falls, New York. Children: i. An infant daughter, deceased; ii. Anna M., born August 31, 1890. 10. Charles Sidney, born August 13, 1861; editor and journalist, Saratoga, New York; married (first) May 11, 1887, Clara M. Crocker, died September 22, 1893, leaving three children; married (second) April 24, 1895, Hannah, daughter of James and Carrie L. (Lewis) Butterworth, born November 27, 1868; children: i. Mabel C., born Saratoga, New York, February 14, 1888; ii. Albert C., January 29, 1890; iii. Julia Clara, January 28, 1892; adopted by her aunt, Mrs. Sims, and name changed to Clara Wright Sims; iv. James Butterworth, March 11, 1897; v. Carrie E., December 14, 1899; vi. Marion Helen, July 1, 1906.

(XV) Albert Maurice, son of Sidney Wells and Maria Cramer (Savage) Wright, was born at Granville, Washington county, New York, August 26, 1848. He was educated in the town schools of Granville and Cambridge, completing his studies at Washington Academy, where he was graduated in 1865. In 1870 he began the study and practice of dentistry with Dr. Zina Cotton, of Cambridge.



Solomon Wright

Valley mill was burned in 1905. The corporation also operated a mill at Hoboken, New Jersey, for the manufacture of underwear, and for about two years operated the Majestic Knitting Mill, at Troy. The company also owned and operated the Mohawk River Mill, at Cohoes. Mr. Wright is president of the Wright Health Underwear Company, and has been since its organization; also a director of the Reserve Fund Corporation of New York City, a company formed to promote and deal in various lines and enterprises. He is a man of force and character, and commands the respect of his associates. He is a member of the Ionic Club of Troy, and other well-known organizations. He is a Republican in politics, and represented Pownal in the Vermont legislature. He married, at Pownal, in 1860, Mary A. Brimmer, born in that town August 16, 1844, died March 30, 1895, at Luxor, Egypt, while on a trip up the river Nile. She was a daughter of Green and Angeline Brimmer. Children: 1. Solomon, graduate of Bennington high school; valedictorian; entered Williams College, but failing health prevented his graduation. After a few years of travel abroad he entered business life as a salesman, and is now treasurer of the Wright Health Underwear Company, and operates a commission house in New York City for the sale of the product of his company, the Rob Roy Hosiery Company, and other firms. He resides in Montclair, New Jersey. He married Ida P. Pierce, of Danbury, Connecticut; children: Dorothy P., Mary A., Caroline. 2. Wilkinson De Forest, secretary of the Wright Health Underwear Company; resides at Port Washington, Long Island, New York. He married Emily Welles Higenbotham; children: Wilkinson De Forest, Jr., born December 2, 1902; Emily Welles, August 12, 1904; Janet. February 12, 1910. 3. A daughter who died in infancy.

This is a common name in

WRIGHT New England, and very difficult to trace. The family is a prominent one in New York also, and has furnished many notable men. In 1844 Silas Wright was governor of the state, and in the professions there have been many men of prominence bearing the name.

(I) The Amsterdam family descended from Matthew Wright, of Connecticut, who was born about 1700-07. He was probably of Chatham. Whether he was a relative of Deacon Thomas Wright, of Springfield, Massachusetts, does not appear. Matthew was of Welsh descent. He married Esther Lewis, also of Connecticut. They removed to New

York, settling in Otsego county, near Cooperstown, where they are buried. He is said to have attained the great age of one hundred and three, dying in 1810. She died in 1820, at the age of ninety. There were over six soldiers engaged in the revolution from Connecticut by the name of Wright, but it is not clear that any of the eight sons of Matthew were among them, although there are some bearing the same Christian name. His children were: Daniel; John, see forward; Earl; Matthew (2); Thomas; Ebenezer; Sallie; Esther; Hephseber; Louis and two others.

(II) John, son of Matthew and Esther (Lewis) Wright, was probably born in Otsego county, New York. He lived to the age of sixty. He was married and left a family. His children were: John Y., see forward; Justus, Samuel, Fanny, Ebenezer, Jane, and two who died in infancy.

(III) John Y., son of John Wright, was born near Cooperstown, Otsego county, New York, and died in Albany county at about the age of seventy-five. He married a descendant of one of the early Dutch families of Albany county, who bore him children: 1. Justus, died in Albany, New York, shortly after his marriage. 2. Henry, born in Westerlow, Schenectady county, where he married Jane Liddle, of Schenectady county; they settled in Duanesburg, where they died, leaving children: Thomas, John, Robert, Henry and Edward. 3. Charles, see forward. 4. George, died in Rochester, New York. 5. Sylvester, veteran of civil war; now residing in Duanesburg. 6. Ann. 7. Eliza. 8. Miranda.

(IV) Charles, son of John Y. Wright, was born in Westerlow, Schenectady county, New York, July 26, 1820, died in Amsterdam, July 26, 1893. When a young man he removed to Florida, Montgomery county, where he engaged in agriculture, his lifelong occupation. He married Olive C. Fancher, born August 19, 1826, died February 3, 1891. She was born on the Fancher homestead, settled by one of the early families of the town of Florida. She was the daughter of Schuyler and Eunice Fancher, whose forbears were pioneers of Montgomery county. The children of Charles and Olive (Fancher) Wright were: 1. Schuyler F., born January 11, 1842, died July 23, 1907; married (first) Laura Parker, who bore him a son, George F., now of Amsterdam; (second) Mrs. Mary (Brumley) Van Horne, who survived him and resides in Amsterdam. 2. George, see forward. 3. Richard, August 25, 1847; a farmer and resides on the old Fancher homestead, where his mother was born; married (first) Annie Parks, of Florida, who bore him a daughter, Caroline, now

wife of Charles McKinney; (second) Rachel Padgett; they have no issue. 4. Caroline, October 25, 1853; married Jesse May, of English birth; they have no issue. 5. Cora Belle, 1862; married Cornelius V. Williams; children: Olive, Charles W. (2), Ada and Clifton Williams, and two who died in infancy. Their daughter Olive is married and resides in Cleveland, Ohio. It is worthy of note that Charles Wright and his wife Olive had a married life of over fifty years, the first death in the family being that of Mrs. Wright.

(V) George, son of Charles and Olive (Fancher) Wright, was born on the old Fancher homestead, December 31, 1843. He was educated in the public schools of the town, and made the best possible use of his opportunities to obtain an education. He worked on the farm until he was twenty-two and then left home and learned the trade of carpenter. He was a natural mechanic and became an expert workman. In 1868 he settled in Amsterdam, and in a few years began contracting. He has been very successful and is recognized as one of the leading contractors and builders of the city. He has erected some of the largest business buildings in the city, notably the Atlas Knitting Mills, the Pioneer Broom Factory, the Central Hotel, the Pythian Temple, and others of equal prominence, as well as many fine private residences. In politics Mr. Wright is a Democrat, and before the city was incorporated was assessor of the village for seven years. He is connected with the Presbyterian church, as is his wife. He holds fraternal relations with Woodbine Lodge, No. 250, Knights of Pythias. He married, December, 1869, in Amsterdam, Julia O. Hart, born 1849, died September 3, 1870. He married (second) in Canajoharie, New York, March 25, 1875, Mrs. Mary (Ellsworth) Collins, born February 21, 1845, near Sharon, New York. She is the daughter of John and Jedida (Clum) Ellsworth, who died at Fort Plain, New York. John Ellsworth was a cousin of Colonel E. E. Ellsworth, who was one of the first victims of the civil war, shot in Alexandria by the owner of the house from which Colonel Ellsworth had just torn down a Confederate flag. The grandfather of John Ellsworth and of Colonel Ellsworth was George Ellsworth, of English descent. He was a resident of Half Moon, Saratoga county, before the revolution; when Burgoyne invaded the territory he joined the continental army, though only fifteen. He was at the battle of Bemis Heights and at the surrender of Burgoyne. He married Sarah Reynolds, who bore him fourteen children, one of whom was John, father of Mrs. George

Wright; another, Ephraim D., father of Colonel Ellsworth, was a captain in the ordnance department during the civil war. He had another son killed in the war. Colonel Ellsworth was born in Malta, Saratoga county, New York, April 11, 1837. He went west and studied law with President Abraham Lincoln, who was ever afterward his warm friend and sincerely mourned his tragic death. He was colonel of the First New York Zouaves, who instantly avenged his death. By her former marriage, Mrs. George Wright has a daughter, Emma J. (Collins) Watson, born June 8, 1870, wife of A. R. Watson, a flour and feed merchant of Amsterdam. They have Grace and George W. Watson. Mr. and Mrs. George Wright have a daughter, Grace Cora born May 29, 1876; she married Clarence D. Dean, a commission merchant of Amsterdam, and has a son, Charles D. Dean, born May 27, 1895. Clarence D. Dean is a son of Charles D. and Melissa (DeGraff) Dean.

Henry Wright was born in the town of Wright, Schoharie county, New York, November 30, 1833. He was the son of Tunis and Mary (Ketchum) Wright. He was the oldest child, and was but twelve years old when his mother died and the home was broken up. From that time forward he was obliged to support himself, never receiving a dollar's help from anyone. At the age of eighteen, while living at Gallupville, he was converted and joined the Methodist Episcopal church. Soon after he felt that he was called of God to the work of the ministry. There was at that time no fund in the Methodist church to aid young men in obtaining an education, but in 1862, after much hard work and rigid economy, he graduated with honor from Union College and in the same year joined the Troy conference. His first appointment was Westbush and Pleasant Square. Among his parishoners at Westbush was Miss Mary Elizabeth Shuts, who, on October 11, 1863, became his wife. They were married in the little church at Westbush on quarterly meeting day by the presiding elder, Dr. William Griffin. Many a time during the thirty-one years of his married life did he congratulate himself on having chosen so capable a helpmeet. For, with the meager salary of a Methodist preacher and a family of five children to be fed, clothed and educated, there was need of a wise manager, and such Mrs. Wright proved herself to be. The rule of the Methodist Episcopal church at that time permitted a pastor to serve a charge but two years, though the limit was soon after extended to three years. During

the thirty-two years of his ministry Mr. Wright served fifteen different charges, in Fulton, Montgomery, Albany, Schoharie, Rensselaer, Warren, Washington and Saratoga counties, and at Stamford, Vermont. On some of them the work was laborious and difficult, but every appointment was received as from the Lord, and with simple faith and lofty courage he performed with untiring faithfulness every duty. By his sweetness of spirit, gentle courtesy and sterling integrity he won the love of many and the respect of all. On some of his charges there were large revivals, and during every pastorate some were added to the church. He loved music, had a good voice, and in the absence of chorister or choir could lead the congregation in singing. He was never at a loss for an appropriate hymn, for his memory was well stored with the good old hymns of the church. An ardent temperance advocate, he sometimes incurred the wrath of the rum-seller and his friends. He believed that religion and politics could be mixed without harm to either, and though it cost him a struggle to leave the ranks of the Republicans, some years before his death he became a third party Prohibitionist. A sunny disposition enabled him to enjoy to the full the simplest pleasures. The care of a garden, his horse and a few hens was his usual recreation, and an occasional fishing trip his extraordinary delight. Nowhere was he happier than in his own home. His son and his daughters were his greatest earthly treasures. Knowing that he could leave them little of material wealth, he sought to train them to habits of industry and self-reliance, and to give them the best education his limited means would allow. He lived to see his eldest daughter and his son graduate with honor from Syracuse University, and his second daughter from the State Normal College at Albany. These children, when they had finished their school days, began planning a home for father and mother when he should be old and no longer able to preach. A lot was bought in Gloversville that the mother might be near her relatives and the house was in process of building when the father was called to the Heavenly Home. Never in all his life had he had any protracted illness, and he had no experience of the infirmities of age. His hair had become snowy white and was indeed "a crown of glory," but he was almost in his usual health when in the midst of his work God called him home. He died December 27, 1894, at Clifton Park, Saratoga County, and was buried in Prospect Hill cemetery, Gloversville. Children of Rev. Henry and Mary Elizabeth (Shutts) Wright:

1. Mary E., born February 17, 1865; married

- Howard J. Banker.
2. Joseph A., June 11, 1868; married, December 25, 1901, Fannie Martha Russ; children: Dorothy, born January 3, 1903; Helen, July, 1905; George, July 17, 1907.
3. Anna C., September 4, 1869.
4. Helen E., September 20, 1871; married, September 3, 1888, Fred W. Pawling; children: Harold Ballantine, born February 14, 1896; Clarence Wright, June 17, 1898; Helen Beatrice, February, 1906; Hazel M., July, 1908.
5. Emma Louisa, March 1, 1877.

The progenitor of the Shutts family of Gloversville, New York, was Silas Shutts, born in Canada, October 29, 1807, son of Simon Shutts, who emigrated to Canada from Massachusetts. Silas Shutts came to the United States in 1827, settled in Johnstown, New York, and was an expert lumberman. He died April 26, 1902. He married Ann Maria Smith, born June 25, 1811, in Fulton county, New York, died April 1, 1904. Children: 1. Ophelia, born October 27, 1832; married, September 30, 1851, Miles Ephraim Wheeler; children: Ida, Arnold, Hamilton, Dewitt, May. 2. Emily, born August 27, 1834; married, October 25, 1853, James Holcomb; children: Anabel, Burton James, Carrie M., Edward. 3. De Witt, born October 17, 1836, died August 5, 1862. 4. Mary Elizabeth, born August 7, 1838; married, October 11, 1863, Rev. Henry Wright; children: Mary E., Joseph A., Anna C., Helen E., Emma L. 5. Cordelia, born March 3, 1840; married, February 8, 1865, Dr. John E. Burdick; both deceased; no children. 6. Harlan Page, see forward. 7. William L., born April 25, 1846; married Altana Fosmire; children: Howard, a regular in the United States army; and Burton A., married Emily D. Philips. 8. Minerva, born February 16, 1848; married, September 14, 1871, James E. Rice, born May 28, 1845. 9. Edward D., born May 16, 1850. 10. Ella C., born May 26, 1852; married, February 12, 1879, Charles H. Powell, born September 23, 1846; children: Roscoe, born November 25, 1879; John, born May 1, 1883. 11. Howard, born April 6, 1855, died September 28, 1862.

(II) Harlan Page, third child of Silas and Ann Maria (Smith) Shutts, was born in Fulton county, New York, October 2, 1841. He was educated in the public schools, and after completing his studies his father took him to the lumber camps with him, where he remained three years. He then began life on his own account. He obtained employment on the canal, and took the eastern trip as far as Albany, and returned west as far as Orrsville, where he decided he was not fitted for canal

life and took sudden leave. He worked as clerk in the general store of William Putnam for two years, then returned to Gloversville, and entered the employ of Jonathan Ricketts, where he learned the trade of glove making. Later in life he formed a partnership with Denton Smith, and as Shutts & Smith manufactured gloves and mittens until 1875, when the firm dissolved. Mr. Shutts then engaged in the sewing machine business, which he carried on with successful results until 1909. Since 1885 he has been a partner of E. S. Parkhurst & Company, and is also interested in western mining lands, the Glen Telephone Company, the Gloversville Knitting Mill and other enterprises of his city. He has been a member of the Knights of Pythias for forty-two years and is past chancellor and past chancellor commander of the local lodge. Politically he is a Republican.

He married, January, 1888, Sarah Elizabeth, born November 7, 1845, daughter of Cornelius and Sarah Ann (Gonsaults) Fonda, and granddaughter of Peter Fonda, a descendant of Jillis Fonda, the gunmaker of Schenectady, the grandson of Jillis Douwerse, the founder, of Beverwyck as early as 1654. Sarah Ann (Gonsaults) Fonda was born July 20, 1820, died January 31, 1893. She married Cornelius Fonda, born February 5, 1820. They had twelve children: 1. Mary Jane, born October 4, 1840, died August 31, 1879; married, February 22, 1858, Benjamin Van Buren. 2. Catherine, March 16, 1842; married, December 29, 1860, James Bancroft. 3. Charles Wesley, December 1, 1843, died October 14, 1909. 4. Sarah Elizabeth, married Harlan P. Shutts. 5. Henrietta, March 15, 1847; married, February 22, 1864, Henry A. Dopp. 6. Gradsir (?), April 26, 1849. 7. James M., October 30, 1851; married Elizabeth Sweet. 8. Harriet, July 29, 1853. 9. William H., March 8, 1855; married Jennie Young. 10. Ida F., June 13, 1857, died October 27, 1895; married a Mr. Nellis. 11. Edwin L., January 21, 1859; married, September 25, 1890, Jennie Wells. 12. Margaret M., April 8, 1862.

STEVENSThe Stevens family is of English origin and in 1620 were living in Cornwall and Berkshire counties, England. Nathaniel Gove Stevens, born September 14, 1786, is descended from a member of this family who emigrated to America and was one of the first settlers in Warwick, Massachusetts. His father, also named Nathaniel Gove Stevens, was born April 7, 1752; married Lois Stowe, of Marlboro, Massachusetts, born 1752, died 1813; children as fol-

lows: Lois, Abel, Simon, Anna, Nathaniel Gove, Jr., Samuel. Besides being a prosperous farmer, Nathaniel Gove, Jr., successfully managed a saw mill and tan yard. He rafted lumber down the Connecticut river. In religion he was a Unitarian. He married Nancy Stoughton. Children: Nathaniel Edwin, Sarah, married a Mr. McClenathan, Lois C., Charles, Mariah, Timothy Gilbert, Samuel Stoughton.

(II) Samuel Stoughton, son of Nathaniel Gove and Nancy (Stoughton) Stevens, was born at Warwick, Franklin county, Massachusetts, August 25, 1829. He acquired his education in the schools of his native village. In 1848 he went on a raft to South Hadley Falls. He journeyed from there to Hartford, Connecticut, and other places, seeking a shop to learn the machinists' trade. In Worcester, Massachusetts, he engaged with the firm of Goddard & Rice, tool makers, and manufacturers of paper machinery, his only remuneration being board and lodging. He remained until the expiration of his apprenticeship, when he accepted a position with Severance & Tourtellotte, who with others, had established a works for building paper machinery, taking the position of foreman. He remained with this firm three years in Hartford, Connecticut. From there he went to Troy, New York, to set up a machine which he had superintended in building for A. W. Orr & Company, with whom he remained five years. In 1858, in connection with the Orrs, he purchased the North Hoosick mill, which had been partly fitted up for making wrapping paper. He completed this mill to make hanging paper, and in a short time brought the production from one ton per day to that of two tons. He remained with the Orrs for about twelve years. In 1869, after the death of Alexander Orr and William O. Cunningham, he, with George S. Thompson, bought out the interest of the Orrs and continued the business under the firm name of Stevens & Thompson. In 1874 Stevens & Thompson in connection with R. H. Thompson, leased the Walloomsac Paper Mill, formerly owned and managed by Austin and Pratt. After running this mill for a term of six years they purchased the property from Henry Smith, of New York, and immediately commenced enlarging the plant. This in connection with the North Hoosick mill brought the production up to considerable over twenty tons per day.

Mr. Stevens, assisted by his son Frank L. Stevens, had exclusive charge of the mechanical departments. He had made several valuable inventions for which he had secured patents. The first, for a continuous process of the treatment of paper stock in the form of old

papers, by which the stock is not handled from the time it is put into the duster until it comes out on the machine in the form of paper. Another is a variable speed device for paper machines. His third invention is a centrifugal continuous process pulp dryer. In recent years he had introduced into this line several specialties of paper, the manufacturing of which his younger son, Fred N. Stevens, has full charge. Samuel S. Stevens married Marcia Maria Lamberton, of Ware, Massachusetts, daughter of Gideon Lamberton, born in Ware, 1798, died at the same place in 1892. He was a prosperous farmer, a Republican in politics and a member of the Presbyterian church. He married in Ware and had three children: 1. Alfred, born in Ware, died in Oregon, not married. 2. Melzar, died in Gilbertville, Massachusetts, married and had two children: i. Walter, died at age of twenty-four at North Hoosick about 1884; ii. Clara, married Fred Barlow and had two children: Marian, Stanley. 3. Marcia Maria, born July 18, 1830, died in North Hoosick, May 17, 1904. Children of Samuel Stoughton and Marcia Maria (Lamberton) Stevens: 1. Anna Maria, married Hiland Carpenter, of North Hoosick, New York; four children: Warwick, Harold, Samuel (deceased); and Marcia. 2. Lois, married Arthur Bolton Cobden, cashier of People's Bank of Lansingburg; one child, Allen Stevens, born September 22, 1892. 3. Frank Lamberton, see forward. 4. Fred Nathaniel, see forward.

(III) Captain Frank Lamberton, eldest son of Samuel Stoughton and Marcia Maria (Lamberton) Stevens, was born October 28, 1864. He was educated at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, and early began his career in the paper making industry. He entered the mills of Stevens & Thompson in 1884, and continued until the incorporation in 1903, when he was elected vice-president, an office which he still holds. He is also vice-president of the Walloomsac Paper Company, a corporation in which he has been interested since 1900, when he purchased in connection with his brother, Fred N., the interest formerly held by his father, Samuel Stoughton Stevens. Frank L. has always been closely associated with the practical side of paper making, and was his father's assistant in the exclusive charge of the mechanical department of the mills. To a thoroughly practical knowledge of paper making he adds executive ability of a high order, which is recognized by his associates in the various corporations in which he holds official positions. He is president of the Noble & Wood Machine Company, of Hoosick Falls, New York; vice-president of The

Stevens & Thompson Paper Company of Middle Falls, New York, and a director of the First National Bank, Hoosick Falls, New York. He served in the National Guard, New York, and during the Spanish-American war was captain in the Second Regiment of Infantry. He was captain of the Thirty-second Separate Company, New York National Guard, with which he had served sixteen years. He is a Republican in politics and in 1904-05 represented his district in the New York State assembly. Mr. Stevens is a member of Van Rensselaer Lodge, No. 400, Free and Accepted Masons, of Hoosick Falls, New York; Raymond Chapter, No. 248, Royal Arch Masons, of Hoosick Falls, Hoosick Falls Lodge, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, and exalted ruler (1910) of that body. He is a member of the Hoosick Club, the Pafracts Dael Club of Troy, and the Army and Navy Club of New York. He married, February 20, 1884, Frederica, daughter of Joseph Carl and Katherine (Schaffer) Wallich, of Detroit, Michigan. Joseph Carl Wallich was born at Trier-on-the-Rhine, Germany, in 1833. He learned the trade of cabinetmaker, which then included pianos and weaving machinery, the latter an important branch. He came to the United States in 1851, locating first at Cleveland, later in Berea, Ohio. During the civil war he was selected as carpenter to an engineering corps, his ability in construction being well known to the officer in charge. In 1862 he settled in Detroit, where he purchased a residence, now 405 Cass avenue, then far in the country surrounded by woods. He became a prominent contractor and builder, completing several important government contracts including the post office and Marine Hospital buildings. He was deeply interested in the study of anthropology and was deeply versed in his favorite study. He was a source of wonder to the professional men with whom he conversed. His last words expressed his life ambition "Ein guter erieircherungs sim." (A good, well-enlightened perception.) He was at different times a member of the Concordia and Harmonic Singing Societies, and was affiliated with Zion Lodge, No. 1, Free and Accepted Masons. He married, at Berea, Ohio, Katherine Schaffer. Children: Charles W., of Detroit, Michigan; Claud, superintendent of fisheries at Yes Bay, Alaska; Frederica, married Frank L. Stevens; Julia Minetta, married Fred N. Stevens, of whom further; Lilly, married Gustav R. Schimmel, of Detroit; Wilhimina, of New York City, unmarried; Julius of Buffalo, New York; Catherine, married George R. Doemling, of Detroit. Mr. Wallich died at Detroit, Michigan,

at the age of seventy-three years. The children of Frank L. and Frederica (Wallich) Stevens: Lois, born December 18, 1892; Christian, June 30, 1897; Samuel Stoughton, September 2, 1901.

(III) Fred Nathaniel, son of Samuel Stoughton and Marcia Maria (Lamberton) Stevens, was born at North Hoosick, January 3, 1868. He was educated in the public schools of the district and at private schools, Peekskill Military Academy, Graylock Institute, South Williamstown, Massachusetts, Wiliston Seminary at East Hampton, Massachusetts, Boston Institute of Technology, Boston, Massachusetts, one year. He entered the paper manufacturing business with his father in the firm of Stevens & Thompson. In 1900 he, with his brother, Frank L., bought out his father's interest in the Walloomsac Paper Company. They successfully operated as a firm until 1906, when they incorporated, with Fred N. Stevens as secretary. The business of this corporation is the manufacture of wall paper. Mr. Stevens is also secretary of Stevens & Thompson, Incorporated, manufacturers of wall, filter, manilla, and tissue paper. The corporations are well managed and successful and add materially to the prosperity of the villages in which their works and offices are located. Walloomsac and North Hoosick. Mr. Stevens is a director of the People's Bank of Hoosick Falls, New York, president of the Hudson Valley Humane Society (Hoosick branch), member of the Church of Christ (Scientist), member of the board of governors of the Hoosick Club. In politics a Republican and fraternally an "Elk." He married, January 27, 1892, Julia Minetta Wallich, born in Detroit, Michigan, daughter of Joseph Carl Wallich, who was born at Trier-on-the-Rhine, Germany, 1833. Children: Frederick Wallich, born October 12, 1892, died February 28, 1901; Carl Wallich, born June 24, 1894, entered Culver Military Academy, Culver, Indiana, for 1910-11; Marcia Lamberton.

(II) Gilbert Timothy Stevens,*

STEVENS son of Nathaniel Gove (q. v.) and Nancy (Stoughton) Stevens, was born May 23, 1827, at Warwick, Massachusetts, died at Walpole, New Hampshire, November 25, 1897. He was by trade a tanner and currier, but gave up his trade when a young man to become a farmer. About 1859 he removed to Walpole, New Hampshire, where he took prominent part in church

and town affairs. He was an active Republican, a member of the Christian church. He married, November 25, 1853, Elizabeth Arnold, now living in Walloomsac, New York, with her son William N. She is the daughter of William Arnold, see forward. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Stevens: William Nathaniel, see forward; Josephine Elizabeth, born Walpole, New Hampshire, January 14, 1856, died January 18, 1871.

(III) William Nathaniel, son of Gilbert Timothy and Elizabeth (Arnold) Stevens, was born in Warwick, Massachusetts, March 4, 1855. He was educated in Walpole's common and high schools. He learned the machinist's trade, but left it to become a bookkeeper and assistant superintendent for his uncle, Nathaniel Edwin Stevens, at Winchester, New York, a farmer and currier, where he remained four years. In July, 1883, he removed to Walloomsac where he accepted a position as bookkeeper with the Walloomsac Paper Company; he is still with them, having been promoted to assistant superintendent. He owns and runs a farm of one hundred and fifty acres which he bought in 1906. It is historic ground, being land on which the first part of the battle of Bennington was fought, where Colonel Baum came to seize stores and was reinforced on this land. It is now called Hessian Hill. He is in the retail coal business in Walloomsac. He is a Republican, active in town affairs, having held the office of justice of the peace from 1901 to 1910, interested in education, having been trustee of the school district for several years. He is notary public, first appointed under the administration of governor David B. Hill. He is a prominent member of the Presbyterian church of Hoosick Falls; he was elected elder September 20, 1880, has been trustee since 1902, and has been clerk of the sessions since 1907. He has been elected several times to the Presbytery and by the Presbytery to the Synod in 1906, and also by the Presbytery to the general session of the Presbyterian Church of America in 1907. He has served several years as superintendent of the Sabbath school and is a member of the Christian Endeavor Society. When the Presbyterian church was repaired in 1897-98, he was on the building committee and rendered efficient service. He is a member of the Masonic Order, having been made a Mason at Philecian Lodge, No. 40, Winchester, New Hampshire, in 1881, demitting from that lodge in 1886 and joining Van Rensselaer Lodge at Hoosick Falls, New York. He is a Royal Arch Mason of Raymond Chapter, No. 248, Hoosick Falls, and has filled all the principal

*In some branches of the family this name appears as Timothy Gilbert Stevens.

chairs including election to the office of high priest, an honor he felt impelled to decline. He is past worthy patron of Van Rensselaer Chapter, No. 161, Order of Eastern Star, of Hoosick, having served two years. His social club is the Hoosick of Hoosick Falls.

William N. Stevens married (first) Jane E. Watkins, by whom he had one son, William Earl, born in Walpole, 1878. He is living in Bellows Falls, Vermont, a machinist by trade. He is now engaged in a machinery and jobbing repair shop. He married Estella Willington and has three children: William N. Stevens, married (second) October 13, 1886, at Hoosick Falls, Katherine Helen, daughter of Thomas Moses, who was a son of Dr. Salmon Moses. Children of second wife: Mary Elizabeth, born September 28, 1887, died June 21, 1900; Nathaniel Edwin, March 4, 1889, died June 29, 1900; John Haswell, June 18, 1891, died March 16, 1896; Katherine Lois, July 28, 1892, died March 20, 1906; Ruth, November 30, 1897; Helen Jeanette, November 16, 1900; Naomi and Anna, twins, March 19, 1903. Naomi died March 19, 1903. Anna died December 23, 1903.

William Arnold, grandfather of William N. Stevens, was born in Westmoreland, New Hampshire, March 29, 1792. He learned the machinist's trade, and worked at that business in his younger days. At what time he came to Walpole is not known, but at one time he worked for Thomas Moore as a hired man on his farm, and married one of his daughters, Naomi, October 3, 1822, who was born September 14, 1795. After his marriage he worked at his trade a while in Pawtucket, Rhode Island, where some of his children were born. He returned to Walpole and purchased the Robinson tavern stand and commenced keeping a public house in 1837, in which business he continued till the building of the Cheshire railroad, when the tavern keeping was relinquished. When he commenced keeping tavern there was a large amount of travel over the road that passed his house, it being the third New Hampshire turnpike. Here, he and his wife did their best to please, thereby securing a good share of customers, who were sure to be well cared for. After he relinquished tavern keeping, he turned his attention to farming, which occupation he followed till the infirmities of age caused him to suspend labor. He died August 27, 1876. Children: Elizabeth, born May 22, 1823; married (first) Levi Winchester, of Westmoreland; one son, Frank L.; married (second) Gilbert Timothy Stevens, had two children; Mary P., born September 27, 1824, married O. H. P. Watkins, May 14, 1847;

three children: William, born December 26, 1826, married Mary S. Stevens, of Warwick, Massachusetts, September, 1852; three children: Sarah Jane, born August 29, 1828, married Henry D. Bacon, and has one daughter, Sophia, born July 19, 1834, married Nelson Johnson, October 19, 1865; two children: Frances N., born March 2, 1836, married George A. Sherman, June 13, 1866; no issue.

John Moses of Plymouth, Massachusetts, ancestor of Katherine Helen (Moses) Stevens, was a shipwright; he came to New England between 1630 and 1640. He died October 14, 1683.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) Moses, settled at Windsor, Connecticut, previous to 1647. He was a soldier of Captain John Mason's troop of horse. He married Mary Brown, May 18, 1653. He died October 14, 1683; she died September 14, 1689. Children, John, William, Thomas, Mary, Sarah, Nathaniel, Dorcas, Margaret, Timothy, Martha and Mindwell.

(III) John (3), son of John (2) Moses, settled in Simsbury, Connecticut, on his father's farm near Mount Philip. He married Deborah Thrall, July 14, 1680. She belonged to the Puritan church, November 10, 1697, of forty-three persons. She died May 16, 1715. Children: John, Deborah, William, Thomas, Joshua, Deborah, Caleb (1), Othniel, Moses, Caleb (2), Mary and Martha.

(IV) Joshua, son of John (3) Moses, married (first) December 12, 1717, Hannah Strickland. She died January 16, 1718 or 1719, leaving twins three days old. He married (second) June 28, 1722, Mary Brook. He deeded lands in New Hartford in 1744 and 1745. We find in Norfolk records, deeds July 2, 1772, from "Joshua the elder to son Joshua." Also be bought lands in Norfolk in 1769. He died February 6, 1773, of an eating cancer of the mouth, aged about eighty-five years. By his will dated September 18, 1772, he leaves property to "Sons Joshua Othniel and John; to daughters Hannah, Mary and Rachel." Children: Hannah and Mary, twins; Rachel, Joshua, Othniel and John.

(V) Joshua (2), son of Joshua (1) Moses, resided in Norwalk, Connecticut. From Norwalk town records we find that on April 24, 1769, "Joshua Moses of Simsbury bought land in Norfolk of Matthew Phelps." Also a deed July 2, 1772, from "Joshua the elder to son Joshua." In the distribution of the estate of Joshua Moses, November 4, 1795, Norfolk, Pro. Rec. mention is made of wife Abigail and the reservation of a "shop" to Jonathan; then further distribution is made

to Joshua, Thomas, Jonathan, Abigail Palmer and Jesse Moses and "heirs of Joshua." Previous to this are recorded several deeds November 30, 1792, for "love and good will" to "son Jesse," "son Thomas," "son Joshua Jr.," and September 17, 1794, to Jesse Moses from "his honored father." It seems a little singular that a son Jonah was left out of this distribution as we find in Norfolk records this entry: "Jonah Moses, son of Joshua Moses and Abigail, his wife, born October 25, 1777." In the history of the Terry family, we learn that Abigail Terry, born January 18, 1740, married Joshua Moses, of Norfolk.

(VI) Thomas, son of Joshua (2) Moses, was born July 19, 1768, died September 24, 1851. He spent his life on his father's old homestead at Norfolk, Connecticut. He married (first) November 24, 1791, Abigail Brown, born August 17, 1769, died February 16, 1823. He married (second) November 11, 1839, Caroline Brown. Children: Salmon, Thomas, Jr., Ralph, Benjamin, Hiram, Betsy, Julia, Eunice, Abigail, Ruth.

(VII) Dr. Salmon, son of Thomas and Abigail (Brown) Moses, was educated at Hamilton (New York) College, and had a large practice as a physician at Hoosick Falls, New York. An interesting letter from him is published in the History of Norfolk, Connecticut. He was a zealous churchman, reading service for several years in the school house, until funds were provided to build the present St. Mark's Episcopal Church at Hoosick Falls. He married, February 18, 1823, Sarah Haswell. Children: Robert Haswell, Harriet Haswell, Sarah Julia, Thomas Salmon, Elizabeth Tweedale, Cynthia Haswell, Mary, Charles Arthur.

(VIII) Thomas Salmon, son of Dr. Salmon and Sarah (Haswell) Moses, was born June 23, 1828, died April 28, 1902. He resided at Bennington, Vermont. He married Mary Ann Whitehead, of Hoosick Falls, New York. Children: Jane, Maria, Francis, William, Catherine H., Thomas, Walter, Martha, Harriet, Alice.

Among the Dukes of Austria between 976 and 1493 was Albrecht II, who reigned as Margrave of Austria and Duke of Bavaria in the year 1139. He died without posterity. In 1282 Albrecht III, Duke of Austria, reigned as Albrecht I, Emperor of Roman Germany. He was born in 1248, and assassinated in 1308. Albrecht II (The Wise) reigned as Duke of Austria, 1330-58. He married, and was succeeded by his son,

Rudolph IV, who was succeeded by Albrecht III (the astrologer), his brother, who reigned 1365-95. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Karl IV, German Roman Emperor, who died in 1373. He married (second) Beatrice, daughter of Friederich IV, of Nurmberg. He was succeeded by his only son, Albrecht IV, who reigned 1395-1404. He married Johanna, daughter of Albert, Count of Holland and Duke of Bavaria. Albrecht V succeeded his father, and reigned Duke of Austria, 1402, King of Hungary, King of Bohemia and German Roman Emperor, as Albrecht II, 1438-39, when he died. Six dukes of Austria now reigned until another Albrecht came to the throne. In 1475 Albrecht VI, born 1418, died 1463, came to the throne and reigned Count of Tyrol and Duke of Austria 1457-63. In 1493 this particular title seems to have become extinct with Maximilian, the First. It is from this line of Austrian dukes that Heinrich Albrecht descended. The name in America has become Hendrick Albright, but the family name is Albrecht, and the given name Heinrich. The family were noble for centuries, and the emigrant to America was a man of means and education. The family everywhere that descend from this ancestor show the effects of those centuries of high breeding, and are distinguished in their several walks, inclining largely to the professions, particularly the pulpit and music. In the United States the name is a very familiar one, and has been given wide prominence by Rev. Jacob Albright, born near Pottsville, Pennsylvania, of German parentage, who became an exhorter and noted Methodist minister. He made many converts, almost exclusively Germans, and in 1800 a separate church was organized, Albright being first presiding elder. He was appointed bishop in 1807. His denomination is now known as the "Evangelical Association," but in many places its adherents are called "Albrights."

(I) The American progenitor of the Albright family of Voorheesville, Albany county, New York, is Hendrick Albright, born in Austria in 1716, and came to America in 1740. He was a man of means, as immediately upon his arrival he purchased four hundred acres of the best land in Guilderland, Albany county, now the town of New Scotland. He married Elizabeth Folent (Foland), and on their Guilderland farm, in 1783, he built the original stone house that was the family home for several generations, and stood in good repair until destroyed by fire in 1894. He was an ardent revolutionist, and so deep was his hatred of a Tory that it is

said he ordered his son-in-law, — Strauss (who had joined the British army during the revolution), to quit not only the farm and neighborhood, but to leave the country. Although this was after the war had closed, Strauss was so impressed with the old man's warnings that he removed to Canada, where he remained until his death. Part of the original purchase of four hundred acres, which was divided among the four sons, has always remained in the Albright family. His wife Elizabeth was of Scotch birth and ancestry. Children: John, baptized August 6, 1749; married and had issue; Jacob, Hannah, Rachel, Elizabeth and Frederic; Eva, baptized September 29, 1751; Anna, November 11, 1753; Philip, September 28, 1755, died unmarried; Helena, January 15, 1758; Jacob, October 11, 1763; Hendrick, October 10, 1765 married Helen Bratt, and had children, including George W., a prominent attorney of Washington, District of Columbia; Frederick, baptized April 10, 1768.

(II) Jacob, son of Hendrick and Elizabeth (Foland) Albright, was born in Guilderland, Albany county, New York (now New Scotland), baptized October 11, 1763, died March 20, 1829. He inherited part of the paternal acres, and was engaged in their cultivation all his active years. He was a Whig in politics, and a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married (first) Hannah Arnold; (second) Elizabeth Wheeler, born and reared on the Albright home farm. Children by first wife: Elizabeth: John, born in 1786; Henry, 1788, married Rosa Bradt; Hannah, 1793. Children by second wife: Philip, born 1794, died, unmarried, 1834; Mary, 1795; Isaac, see forward; Magdaline, 1798, died unmarried; Jacob, 1800, died 1896, a farmer of Jordan, New York; Peter, 1803, died 1886, leaving two married daughters; Eve, 1805, married Solomon Wiltse, died in Syracuse, New York; Sarah, 1807, died young; Catherine, twin of Sarah, died young; Diana, born 1810, died 1874; Gideon, twin of Diana; Susan, born 1813, married Abraham Wynkoop; Mercy, twin to Susan, died in infancy.

(III) Isaac, seventh child of Jacob Albright, and the third by his second wife, Elizabeth (Wheeler) Albright, was born in the old stone house on the homestead farm in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, January 11, 1797, died January 20, 1888. He was a continuous resident of the original homestead farm until his death at the age of ninety-two years. He became the owner of that portion left to his father, and added many improvements. He was a faithful member of the Reformed church of New Salem,

and never missed a service until a few weeks before his death, unless kept away by sickness or unavoidable detention. He was free from the bigotry of his day, called all Christians his brethren, and was a friend to all those persecuted for conscience sake. He was a strong Democrat, as had been his father and grandfather. His last vote was cast for the same party as his first had been. He was prosperous in worldly affairs, and gave to each of his sons a good farm. He married, September 9, 1820, Cicely, born November 4, 1801, died December 29, 1885, daughter of Peter Simmons, an early settler of Clarksville. Children: i. Peter S., born on the homestead farm, February 8, 1821, died March 3, 1899; he remained on the home farm until eight years after his marriage; in 1854 he purchased ninety acres adjoining, which he added to the original farm and cultivated until he retired from active labor; he was a Democrat, and a member of the Reformed church; he was prosperous, and respected; he married, March 14, 1846, in New Salem, Catherine Ellen Hallenbeck, born in Bethlehem, May 22, 1828, who survives him and lives at the old home with children surrounding her to minister to her in her old age. She is a daughter of Ephraim G. and Mary Magdalene (Bartlett) Hallenbeck, granddaughter of Isaac and Catherine E. (Provost) Hallenbeck, a descendant of Caspar Jacobse Hohenbeck, who was in Beverwyck in 1654, died about August, 1703, leaving two sons, Isaac and Jan. Children of Peter S. and Catherine E. (Hallenbeck) Albright: i. Mary Magdalene, born May 2, 1848; married Henry Moak, and lives in Elsmere, New York; children: Dr. B. Harris Moak, the well-known bacteriologist of Brooklyn, New York, married Mary Smedley; William A. V. D. H., of Schenectady, New York, married Catherine Whitman; Marian G., unmarried. ii. Sarah M., November 18, 1849; married Franklin M. Jones, a merchant of Albany, and has a son Carlton F. iii. Isaac S., July 1, 1852; a farmer on the home estate; married Ella McCormick. iv. Emmeline, March 10, 1858; married S. F. Fowler, whom she survives, residing at Altamont; has a daughter Lillian, who is connected with Dudley Observatory. v. Rodelia, February 26, 1860; married Alvenus Hurst, and has children: Ethlyn A., Mabel, Helen M., Mildred C., Mary Eleanor. vi. George H., February 22, 1862, died in Denver, Colorado, 1882. vii. Katherine M., March 30, 1864; unmarried; lives at home where her rare home-making talents are exercised for the comfort and happiness of her

aged mother. viii. Adelbert, March 17, 1871, graduate of Chicago Veterinary College; located in Mishawaukee, Indiana; married Etta Weidman, deceased. ix. Odella, September 30, 1873; married David Finch, and has Hilda E., Merlin, David Nelson. 2. Jacob, born March 28, 1822, see forward. 3. Harriet, October, 1824; married James Houck, now of Clarksville, New York. 4. Sarah, August 13, 1826; died, unmarried, aged seventy years. 5. Emmeline, January 8, 1828; married John Ward, whom she survives; resides in Albany, New York; children: Julia, Celia, Nathan and Nellie, the latter deceased. 6. Mary E., August 2, 1830; married James W. Reid, and left a large family. 7. Isaac (2), see forward.

(IV) Jacob, son of Isaac and Cicely (Simmons) Albright, was born in the old homestead in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, March 28, 1822, died 1902. He was educated in the public schools, reared a farmer and on arriving at man's estate was given the farm by his father on which stood the old stone house built in 1783 by his grandfather, Hendrick Albright, the founder of the family in Albany county. He was the last to occupy the old stone house previous to its destruction by fire. He was a man of thrift and energy, and highly respected in his community. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Methodist church. He married (first) in New Scotland, Eliza E. Reid, born in the town in 1825, died 1867. She was a daughter of an early Scotch settler of Scotch parentage. She was also a member of the Methodist church, and reared her children in that faith. Children: 1. Cicely, married James Beebe, a farmer of New Scotland, whom she survives; child, Irene, married John Weidman; children: Maud and Kenneth. 2. Mary, married Abraham Koons, a farmer of the town; children: Emma, Rosetta, Jacob, George, Alice and Roy. 3. Emma, married William Relyea, a farmer of New Scotland; child, Ada, married Frank Osterhout; children: Myra, Willard and Mildred. 4. Catherine, married Lyman Bell; children: Jennie, Frederick, deceased; Catherine, married James Harkey. 5. Isaac, graduated M.D. Albany Medical College, class of 1884, and is now practicing his profession in Chicago, Illinois. 6. James, a farmer of South Dakota; married Belle Furgeson; children, Alice, Ralph, John. 7. Harriet, married John V. Wynkoop, born February 6, 1855, son of Abraham and Susanna (Albright) Wynkoop, and grandson of Joshua Wynkoop, a revolutionary soldier; he is a farmer of New Scotland; children: i. Newton A., born January

4, 1876, died 1899; married Bertha Knee-holts, of Albany; ii. Edna B., September 15, 1878; unmarried; iii. Margaret Van O'Linda, February 16, 1883, married Conrad D. Hallenbeck; iv. Elizabeth Shelp, October 10, 1894; unmarried. 8. John W., see forward. 9. Jacob, born 1861; married Ella Koons, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, children: Henry, Raymond, George and Elsie. 10. Edward, a resident of Rutherford, New Jersey; married Elizabeth Hotaling, of New Scotland; children: Harry, Alice, Esther and Harold. Jacob Albright married (second), Amanda O'Brien. Children: 11. Ira, now a resident of Iowa, married Mildred Winne. 12. Ivy, married George Van Atten, a farmer of the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, and has a daughter Ruth. 13. Anna, married "Bert" Creble, a farmer of Feurabush, New Scotland, and has a daughter Naomi.

(V) John W., son of Jacob and Eliza E. (Reid) Albright, was born on the homestead farm in New Scotland, May 8, 1859. He was reared on the homestead, which came into his possession by purchase in 1908. He has brought the property to a high state of cultivation, and is considered one of the prosperous and substantial men of his town. He is a Republican in politics. He married, in Lysander, Onondaga county, New York, Belle Bratt, born in that town August 9, 1864, daughter of John and Matilda (Wilson) Bratt. John Bratt was a carpenter by trade; a member of the Christian church, and a Democrat, died in 1900. Mrs. Albright is the fourth of their six living children. Children of John W. and Belle (Bratt) Albright: 1. Charles W., born May 14, 1889; served a term of enlistment in the United States Navy, and made part of the trip around the world with the battleship fleet in 1907-08; honorably discharged at San Francisco, account of sickness; is now a machinist, unmarried. 2. Howard B., July 23, 1895. 3. Wesley A., April 9, 1897. 4. Henry Cary, August 23, 1903.

(IV) Isaac (2), youngest child of Isaac (1) and Cicely (Simmons) Albright, was born on the homestead farm in New Scotland, March 29, 1833. He has been engaged in agriculture all his life, and is now retired, living in New Salem village. He is a Republican in politics. He married Hannah E., daughter of Peter A. and Eleanor (Rosseau) Bradt, and maternal granddaughter of Frederick Rosseau, of French birth. Children: 1. Peter, born October 19, 1858, died, June, 1908, unmarried. 2. Jacob, July 17, 1860; married Frances Gilbert, and resides in Virginia City, Montana. 3. Adam, see for-



John W. Albright

ward. 4. Frank, born August 13, 1867; now a farmer of New Scotland; married Eunice Wheeler. Children: Mildred, Adelaide, Walter W., Charles and Irene. 5. Ella, July 18, 1872; married Charles Livingston, and has a daughter Catherine, (see Livingston VII). 6. Edna M., May 20, 1874; a resident of Albany; unmarried. 7. Isaac R., October 21, 1875; connected with the government mail service in Albany; married Helen Taylor; children: Denton, Robert R. and Alice.

(V) Adam, son of Isaac (2) and Hannah E. (Bradt) Albright, was born October 15, 1862. He was educated in the public schools, and developing remarkable musical talent was placed under capable instructors, who encouraged him to train and cultivate his voice for professional purposes. He placed himself under the best vocal instructors, including Madam P. H. Shafter, the famous vocalist, of Albany; Madame Edna A. Hall, of Boston, and other equally famed teachers. He worked hard to master his profession, and has gained fame. He sang in Trinity Church, Buffalo, and completely filled that great audience room. He is also an accomplished instrumentalist, and has charge of the auditing in the large Florida hotels during the winter months. He is well known in the musical world, and has established reputation both as an instructor and performer. He holds an important official position with the southern hotel syndicate. Mr. Albright is unmarried.

GILBERT

There is historic propriety in preserving the memory of the services and name of Gilbert, as no one is more honorably or intimately connected with American discoveries and early history. It stands conspicuous among such names as Raleigh, Drake and Cavendish, to whom the Gilberts were joined by lineage. The name is Saxon, and is written in the Roll of Battle Abbey and in the Book of Domesday. Richard Fitz-Gilbert was a kinsman of the Conqueror. Sir Humphrey Gilbert devoted his life to geographical discovery, principally in North America. He was the first Englishman who projected settlements in America, in attempting which he lost his life. He projected the settlements later perfected by Sir Walter Raleigh. These men laid the foundations of the trade and naval power of Great Britain. Sir Humphrey was also an eminent scientific authority in "Computation astronomical and cosmographical" and "a man both valiant and experienced in martial affairs." In 1758 Queen Elizabeth granted letters patent to Sir Humphrey "to

discover and take possession of all remote and barbarous lands, unoccupied by any Christian prince or people." On August 5, 1582, "he took Seizen of New Foundland and the adjacent territories for the Crown of England." The Gilberts of New England came from Devonshire, England. They settled in Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Maryland, some of the name also going to Virginia.

(I) John Gilbert was at Dorchester, Massachusetts, as early as 1636. About 1640 four brothers, Jonathan, Thomas, Obadiah, and Josiah Gilbert, were living in Connecticut. Matthew Gilbert, one of the first colonists of New Haven, was the progenitor of the Gilbert families of Hamden, Connecticut. He is numbered among the first principal settlers of New Haven. He was one of the persons chosen in 1639 for the seven pillars of the church and one of the first magistrates of the colony and deputy-governor. He left two sons, Matthew and Samuel.

(II) Matthew, son of Governor John Gilbert, died in 1711, leaving a son, Daniel.

(III) Daniel, son of Matthew Gilbert, died in 1753. He was a settler in that part of New Haven called Hamden. He left five sons, Matthew, Solomon, Michael, Caleb and John. Michael and John were killed when the British troops invaded New Haven, July 5, 1779. John was captain of the Uptown militia. He met the British troops at the head of his company and was killed with five of his men.

(IV) Captain John was the grandfather of William and the progenitor of the Albany county Gilberts.

(V) A son of Captain John Gilbert, (record wanting).

(VI) William, grandson of Captain John Gilbert, of New Haven, Connecticut, was born about 1705. He removed to Albany county, New York, where he settled in the town of Bethlehem. He purchased a tract of land and followed the life of a farmer. He served in the American army during the war of 1812. He was a Whig in politics. He married (first) Ora Hart, daughter of one of the early families of the town. Children: Glazie, Noah, Elkanah, Maria, Laura, Ann, Bradley, Alvin and Calvin (twins); Prudence and William (2). He married (second) Charity Barber. Children: Eliza, Rachel Ann, Joseph and Elisha.

(VII) William (2), son of William (1) and Ora (Hart) Gilbert, was born in Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, April 1, 1823, died September, 1893. He settled on a farm in New Scotland which he cultiva-

ted until 1856, then purchased a farm in the town of Guilderland, where he resided until 1865. In the latter year he sold his Guilderland farm and removed to Glenville, Schenectady county, where he purchased an estate on which he resided until his death. He married, December, 1843, Hannah Houghton, born in New Scotland, April 4, 1821, died there January 19, 1895, daughter of David and Anna (Bryant) Houghton. David Houghton was born in Massachusetts, January 24, 1778, died August 18, 1836. Anna Bryant, born February 2, 1777, in Massachusetts, died January 18, 1859, daughter of John and Dorcas (Lawrence) Bryant, both of Massachusetts, but later of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, where they settled on a farm and died. The Bryants and Houghtons are of the oldest and best New England families. Children of David and Anna (Bryant) Houghton: 1. Mary (Polly), born December 4, 1798, died April 11, 1858; married Joseph Phillips. 2. Lucy, born July 4, 1801, died February 20, 1881; married James Hallenbeck; children: Rachel, Katie, Ann, Sarah, William, Silas. 3. John, born March 21, 1803, died December 26, 1859; children: John, David, James, Henry, Mary, Kate, Ann Margaret. 4. Silas, born November 13, 1804, died November 25, 1848; left no issue. 5. Eli, born May 21, 1808, died April 16, 1882; married Laura Gilbert, sister of William Gilbert; children: William, David, Calvin, George, John, Henry, Charles, Hannah, Harriet, Sarah, Calvin and George served in the civil war, now deceased. 6. Catherine, born September 25, 1811, died March 13, 1883; married James Patrick; children: Robert, James, George, Anna, Mary, Clarissa, Charlotte, Lydia, Jennie; Mary, married Alexander Lloyd, she is deceased, but he is living at the present time (1910) aged nearly ninety years; children: Brigadier-General James H. Lloyd, of Troy, New York, prominent in state militia, assistant chief of Troy fire department, thirty-third degree Mason and flag bearer; William, deceased; Emma and Alexander. 7. Smith, born September 14, 1814, died at age of eighty-five years; married Catherine Wetherwax; children: James, Eli, David, Daniel, Andrew, William, Jane Ann, Sarah, Dorcas. 8. Sarah (Sally), born November 1, 1816, died February 18, 1876; married John Hart; children: David; Eli, veteran of civil war; Alexander, veteran of civil war; all living; Margaret, deceased, and Mary. 9. Hannah, born April 4, 1821; married William Gilbert; child, Henry S. 10. Jane Ann, born October 7, 1823, died March 3, 1883; married Henry Retallick; no issue; by first mar-

riage to Kate Ann Houghton, Henry Retallick had children: Maria, Martha, Henry. Hannah, aforementioned as the wife of William (2) Gilbert, was the last survivor of the Houghton children.

(VIII) Henry Smith, only son and child of William (2) and Hannah (Houghton) Gilbert, was born near the village of New Salem, town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, March 5, 1846. He was educated in the public schools and rapidly developed a strong, robust physique. His early interest in political life was shown when at the semi-centennial of old Fremont political veteran's reunion at Saratoga, New York, in 1906, he was an invited guest, and won a badge made especially for the occasion. Among his treasures is the badge that was worn on that occasion. He remained with his father until the latter's death. He inherited the homestead in Glenville which he sold in spring of 1874, and purchased his present one hundred acre estate at Fullers, to which he removed in 1875. His specialties are fine horses and cows and dairy farming. In 1889-90 he engaged in mercantile life at Fullers where he was also postmaster, holding the office under President Harrison. Not finding merchandising a congenial business, he disposed of his store interest and returned to his farm. He has been actively engaged in the sale of agricultural machinery for many years, and is director, stockholder and vice-president of the Altamont Driving Park and Fair Association, also a prominent exhibitor. From the days of the organization of the Republican party he has retained the liveliest interest in political life. To his early education he has added from wide experience and well-chosen reading, and has risen to the front rank as a leader in his town party. He is a pleasing, forceful speaker, and at county and state conventions is often heard. He impresses his audience with his sound, clear reasoning and earnestness. He fights all his battles in the open, and is intensely loyal to party mandates as expressed in convention. He is one of the Old Guard, but never uses the knife to revenge convention defeats. He is truly a "lifelong" Republican. He is a member and a liberal supporter of the Methodist church of Guilderland. Mr. Gilbert is decidedly temperate in his tastes, never having tasted any kind of liquor and smoking but little. He married, January 6, 1867, in Glenville, Schenectady county, Helen C. Weaver, born November 12, 1850, daughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Closson) Weaver. Children: 1. William W., born January 14, 1868, educated in the public schools, now in flour,

feed and produce commission business at Voorheesville, New York; a Republican in politics, member of Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Voorheesville; he married Hattie L. Main; children: Ethel and Florence. 2. Burton H., born April 29, 1876, educated in the public schools; he is now operating his father's farm, and resides at home; a Republican in politics, member of Blue Lodge, of Masons at Altamont; he married Floy Brown, born October 31, 1879.

CROCKER The Crocker family first appear in New England at Scituate and Barnstable, Massachusetts, where William and John Crocker, brothers, resided. They are said to have come to America in 1634. William united with the church in Scituate, December 25, 1636. He was of Barnstable in 1639. He was deputy and a man of importance. He married Alice —; children, John, born May 11, 1637, at Scituate; Elizabeth, baptized December 22, 1639, at Barnstable, died at the age of eighteen; Samuel, born July 3, 1642; Job, March 9, 1645; Joseph, September 19, 1649; Eleazar, July 21, 1650; Joseph, 1654.

(II) Eleazar, son of William and Alice Crocker, was born at Barnstable, Massachusetts. He married, April 7, 1681, Ruth, daughter of John Chapman, who died April 8, 1698. Children: Benoni, born May 13, 1682, died at the age of nineteen; Bethel, September 23, 1683; Nathan, April 27, 1685; Daniel, March 23, 1687; Sarah, March 23, 1688; Theophilus, March 11, 1691; Eleazar, August 3, 1693; Ruth, twin of Eleazar; Abel, June 15, 1695; Rebecca, December 10, 1697. Some of this generation settled in Tolland county, Connecticut.

(IV) Eleazar, grandson of Eleazar and Ruth (Chapman) Crocker, was born April 10, 1754, died in Washington county, New York, September 10, 1820. He left Connecticut in 1787 and settled on a large tract of wild land, covered with forest, lying in the town of White Creek, Washington county, New York. This was cleared, improved and cultivated during his lifetime. He was one of the organizers of the Presbyterian church in the town and a Whig in politics. He married Susanna Hinkley, also of Connecticut, born November 30, 1755, died June 28, 1836. Children: Eleazar, (also spelled Eleasor); Benjamin, of whom further; Colonel Francis; Rowena, married William Aikin; Elizabeth.

(V) Benjamin, son of Eleazar and Susanna (Hinkley) Crocker, was born in Willington, Tolland county, Connecticut, July 4, 1788,

died March 10, 1874. He was an infant in arms when his parents migrated to New York state, where he was educated and grew to manhood. His father gave him a farm containing between two and three hundred acres which he cultivated, being principally a wheat grower. He was prosperous and influential in his town. For many years he was justice of the peace; was supervisor and member of the state legislature. He was an elder of of the Presbyterian church and actively interested in its advancement. He married, June 13, 1811, Cyllinda Norton, died March 9, 1882, aged eighty-nine years, daughter of William Norton, of White Creek, an officer of the revolutionary war. She traced her descent to Thomas of Waters, born 1582, died 1648. The line traces through George (II), died 1659; George (III), born 1641; George (IV); George (V), born March 6, 1697; George (VI), born September 12, 1724, served in the revolution, wounded at the battle of Trenton, New Jersey, 1776, died February 15, 1777. William (VII), born April 13, 1754, also a soldier of the revolution, married Lurana Kimberly, widow of a Mr. Morehouse. Their daughter, Cyllinda, of the eighth generation, married Benjamin Crocker. Children: 1. Nathaniel Scudder Prime, born May 19, 1814, died October 30, 1889; he married (first) January 4, 1837, Sarah Jane Day; (second) October 3, 1843, Helen Jeanette Wilder; (third) Elizabeth Norman. 2. Mary Wood, of whom further. 3. Benjamin P., born July 22, 1817, died January 22, 1896; a merchant of Cambridge. Washington county, New York, postmaster for sixteen years, an organizer and director of the village bank and prominent in the church. He married, June 18, 1868, Sarah Josephine Weston, of Cohoes, New York, born in New Hampshire. 4. Rufus King, born August 16, 1819, died November 2, 1891; a lawyer and editor and member of the New York legislature. He married (first) Sarah J. Meyers, October 18, 1848, he married (second), October 22, 1874, Abbie Sherman Taylor. 5. Celinda Ann, born April 27, 1822, died March 2, 1894. 6. Harriet Maria, born October 31, 1824; married, September 6, 1865, Frederick Julian. 7. James Norton, born May 13, 1827, married, June 17, 1852, Mary Ann Dillon. 8. William Harvey, born April 1, 1830, died October 24, 1831.

(VI) Mary Wood, daughter of Benjamin and Cyllinda (Norton) Crocker, was born in the town of White Creek, Washington county, New York, November 24, 1815, died June 24, 1896. She married, October 18, 1837, Nelson Reid Simpson, born September 17,

1806, son of David and Rachel (Reid) Simpson. David Simpson was born October 26, 1762, Rachel born December 3, 1773. Nelson Reid Simpson was a farmer of Washington county, an elder of the Presbyterian church and a man of high character. Children: Hetty Cornelia, of whom further; Mary Francis, married Alexander Marshall Sherman; Annie Harriet, deceased.

(VII) Hetty Cornelia, daughter of Nelson Reid and Mary Wood (Crocker) Simpson, married William Stanley Gilbert, born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, January 21, 1841, died August 18, 1885 in Cohoes, New York. He was a graduate of Beloit College, Wisconsin. He served in the civil war in Company D, Forty-ninth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry. He was one of the "forlorn hope" that made the charge on the Confederate works at Port Hudson that resulted only in the loss of many brave men. He ranked as sergeant and came through without serious injury. After the war he was in business for several years at Cohoes, New York, a member of the manufacturing firm of J. H. Parsons & Company. He was a Republican in politics and served as alderman for several terms. He was a member and most generous supporter of the Dutch Reformed church. He stood high in his community as an able business man and exemplary citizen. His widow resides in Cambridge, New York.

"Jeremiah Wood was married unto Dority Benett the 29th March 1709," is the first record found of the progenitor of the Wood family of Hoosick Falls, New York, herein recorded. This record is found in Lyme town records, Vol. 2, page 354. According to the tombstone record of Jeremiah Wood he was born in May, 1678. "Dorete" Benett was born May 16, 1688. While the parentage of Jeremiah can be traced no further, we find that his wife, Dorothy, was the granddaughter of Henry Champion, who was born in England in 1611. He came to New England and was one of the first settlers of Saybrook and East Saybrook (Lyme), Connecticut. He married and had five children, the eldest of whom was "Saraw" (Sarah), born in 1649. Herriman, in his "Early Puritan Settlers of Connecticut," says: "Few families in the Connecticut Colony have been more prospered than that of Henry Champion." His descendants bore an important part in the revolution, among them Colonel Henry and General Epaphroditus Champion. Henry Champion removed to Lyme many years before his death at great age, February 17,

1708. The papers concerning the final settlement of the estate are on file at the probate office, New London, Connecticut. Among the heirs who signed a paper declaring themselves satisfied with the distribution of the estate, is "Henry Benet."

Sarah Champion, eldest daughter of Henry Champion, married Henry Benett, December 9, 1673. He died in 1726, leaving three sons, and four married daughters. "Dorete," the sixth child and fourth daughter, was born May 19, 1688. A "Deed of Gift" to his daughter "Dorothy" is found among the papers of her husband.

(I) Jeremiah Wood, the American ancestor, married Dorothy (as the name came to be spelled) Benett, March 29, 1709. He lived in Stow, Massachusetts, where his first four children were born; the other eight were born in Littleton, Massachusetts, which may mean that the establishing of the boundaries of the town threw his residence in Littleton. The birth of his daughter Luce is recorded in Stow, the birth of the next in Littleton, and it seems probable that he remained on the same estate from marriage until death. He is styled in his account books and papers a "Weaver," a "Yeoman" and "Gentleman." He was constable, collector, selectman and treasurer at different times of the town of Littleton. He was a member and supporter of the church at Littleton. He purchased his farm from the town, January 13, 1717, a part being still in possession of his descendants. He died July 15, 1730, aged fifty-two years, two months and eight days. His wife Dorothy was appointed administratrix; the estate inventoried one thousand pounds. Dorothy Wood survived her husband twenty-two years and two days. She was left with a large family, but she cared for them and improved the estate left her by her husband. In the inventory of her estate is sixteen barrels of cider and a gold necklace appraised at fourteen pounds. She died July 17, 1752, and was buried in the Littleton churchyard by the side of her husband where grave-stones mark the resting place of five generations of their family. Children of Jeremiah and Dorothy (Benett) Wood: Sarah, Elizabeth, Joseph, see forward; Luce, Benett, John, Jeremiah, Sarah (2), Jonathan, Elephalet.

(II) Joseph, eldest son of Jeremiah and Dorothy (Benett) Wood, was born in Stow, Massachusetts, May 22, 1713. He married Grace Whettemore, of Concord, Massachusetts, daughter of Benjamin and Esther (Brooks) Whettemore, and sister of Rev. Aaron Whettemore, for many years minister at Suncook, (now Pembroke) New

Hampshire. He first settled at Littleton where his first child was born. In May, 1738, Joseph and his wife were dismissed from the church at Littleton to the church at Suncook, New Hampshire. The births of some of his children are recorded at Concord, Massachusetts, and Cambridge records show transfers of land. His wife survived him and married (second) Ephraim Stow, of Concord, January 14, 1745, which would place the date of Joseph's death between 1741 and 1744. Children: Benjamin, born September 17, 1734; Aaron, see forward; Grace, born in Concord, Massachusetts, December 1, 1741, married William Wheeler, January 18, 1763.

(III) Aaron, second son of Joseph and Grace (Whettemore) Wood, was born in Suncook, New Hampshire, in 1739. He was a blacksmith. He settled at Pepperell, Massachusetts, upon land bought of Jonas Wheeler, as per record of 1762. He married Rebekah Wheeler; children: Rebecca, Lucy, Halah, Lydia, Grace, Hepzibah, Aaron (2), see forward; Susanna, Benjamin, Joseph, Hannah and Sarah.

(IV) Aaron (2), son of Aaron (1) and Rebekah (Wheeler) Wood, was born at Pepperell, Massachusetts, May 30, 1776, died at Rensselaerville, New York, June 4, 1848. He removed to Mason, New Hampshire, where he resided many years and engaged in trade with marked success. By reason of unwise endorsements he lost heavily and returned to Massachusetts, for a time, from thence removing to Rensselaerville, Albany county, New York, where he made wagons and was among the first to manufacture the celebrated "Jethro Wood" cast iron plow. He carried on a successful manufacturing business, but his greatest success was in training and developing in his machine shops, the founder of a great business, the product of which is adding to the world's comfort and wealth somewhere, every month and week in the year. Like the shot fired at Lexington, the click of the reaper is "heard round the world." Aaron Wood married (first) Eady Curtis, born January 10, 1778, died at Mason, New Hampshire, August 13, 1811. Children: Beckey, Mary, Aaron Curtis, Suky, Benjamin F. and Eady. He married (second) February 2, 1812, Rebekah Wright, of Westford, Massachusetts. Children: 1. William Anson, a manufacturer and for fifteen years associated with his brother, Walter A. Wood, as head of a department, later of the William Anson Wood Reaper and Mower Company, of Youngstown, Ohio. He died November 18, 1884. He married Jane Dodge, daughter of Judge Luther Carter, and had two children, Mary

Janette, Frank, who married Alice Cranford Thayer, of Hoosick Falls, New York. 2. Walter Abbott, see forward. 3. Eliphalet, merchant of Albany, New York, partner of Gaylor Sheldon & Company, later Sheldon & Wood. In 1854 sold his Albany interests and removed to Chicago, where he engaged in the lumber business under the firm name of the Newaygo Company. There he became an exceedingly wealthy and prominent man. He was well known in business and political circles, was nominated for mayor of Chicago, in 1860, but declined the honor; was of incalculable value to the government, and the Union cause, through his work on the Union defence committee; was active and liberal in church relation; was trustee and treasurer of the Presbyterian North West Theological Seminary, retaining his interest until 1869, when he retired to Irvington-on-the-Hudson. He associated with the Walter A. Wood Company and was manager of their New York City office. He married Mary J., daughter of Swelton Grant, of Hobart, Delaware county, New York, and had eight children, seven dying in infancy. Caroline Whitely, the only surviving child, married Joseph Ormsby Rutter, of Chicago, Illinois, a banker of that city. 4. Rebeckah Ann, born May 16, 1821, died unmarried February 5, 1851. 5. Sarah Jane, born March 18, 1823; married E. D. Selden, of Saratoga Springs; no issue. 6. Harriet Newell, died in infancy. 7. Susan, died in infancy. 8. Luther Wright, died at the age of five years.

(V) Walter Abbott, second son of Aaron (2) and Rebekah (Wright) Wood, was born at Mason, Hillsboro county, New Hampshire, October 23, 1815, died at Hoosick Falls, Rensselaer county, New York, January 15, 1892. He was of a mechanical turn of mind and until he was twenty years of age remained with his father in his wagon and plow manufacturing works, where he became an expert machinist. In 1835 he went to Hoosick Falls and worked at his trade in the machine shops of Parsons & Wilder, where after a few years, having acquired a small capital, he established a like business of his own. He devoted his great mechanical skill and inventive genius to the improvement of the then crude and unsatisfactory farming machinery. The first result of his work was the introduction of the Manny Harvesting Machine with Wood's Improvements, and in the year 1852 over a hundred of these machines were sold. In 1853 he had still further improved the machine, and the sales ran up to five hundred machines that year. He had now convinced the farmer of the great

value of his inventions, and half-satisfied himself that they were practical and saleable. He now set about to increase his manufacturing facilities to meet the demand he had created. In 1859 he made and sold six thousand machines for harvesting and mowing; in 1860, 23,000; in 1879, 25,000; in 1884, 48,000. In the meantime other companies had entered the field and the great war of the rival companies was under full headway. Mr. Wood conducted his great and growing business until 1865, when he organized a stock corporation under the laws of the state of New York, and in 1866 began business as the Walter A. Wood Mowing & Reaping Machine Company, with a capital of \$2,500,000. Mr. Wood was the first president of the company and the only one up to the date of his death. In 1860 and again in 1890 the entire works were destroyed by fire, but in each case were quickly rebuilt on a greatly enlarged scale. The Wood mowers and reapers were of superior design and construction, and up to the period of consolidation of several of the leading makers, his sales surpassed in volume any single competitor. In field trials and competition events he easily was first and received from county, state, national and international expositions, medals and certificates of first merit and far in excess of any rivals. He developed the foreign trade, established a London office, and sent abroad fifty machines, the first like shipment ever made. They were soon sold and a foreign trade assured. He met all comers in the foreign field as he had at home, and received the highest awards in England, 1861, at Leeds, London. At Paris, in 1876, he took leading rank, receiving the gold medal of honor, also the cross of the chevalier of the Legion of Honor. At the French international field trial, he took first prize against the world. At the Vienna International Exposition in 1873, after a sharp contest, he was awarded the highest prize, the Grand Diploma of Honor, and knighted with the Cross of the Imperial Order of Francis Joseph. It was at this trial that he first brought into the field his celebrated harvester and binder. At the World's Paris Exposition of 1878, he won the highest prize and honor, the prize being "an object of art," the honor consisted of being promoted to "The Cross of an officer of the Legion of Honor." His prizes numbered in 1885 over one thousand five hundred, many of them of great intrinsic value; his home at Hoosick Falls being a veritable museum of rewards of merit. He continued his successful career, and in perhaps the most bitter and costly war ever waged between rival companies, upheld the honor of

the Walter A. Wood Company, and fairly fought a winning battle. At last peace settled over the scene, and the efforts of the various companies turned to the legitimate ambition of furnishing the world with American-made harvesting machinery. In this they have succeeded and brought untold wealth to their own country; a white loaf to the countless millions of our own and foreign lands, and everlasting honor and fortune to themselves. In this great work the inventions of Mr. Wood have led, and he may justly be considered not only a benefactor to his own country, but to the entire agricultural world.

During his absence in Europe attending the Paris Exposition in 1878 he was nominated by the Republicans of the seventeenth New York congressional district, composed of Washington and Rensselaer counties, as their candidate for congress. On his return in October, he acceded to the wishes of his friends and accepted the nomination. Although the district had elected a Democrat by five hundred majority the previous election, Mr. Wood was elected to succeed him, by a majority of seven thousand. He was renominated in 1880, and elected by seventeen thousand majority. He served creditably during his four years in congress but expressed no regrets when his term expired, politics being less congenial to him than his business. He was a warm and liberal friend of the church, belonging to the Episcopal denomination, and serving as senior warden of St. Mark's parish, Hoosick Falls, contributing largely to the building of the church edifice and to its support. During the civil war he rendered valuable service, and saw that no soldier's family was in need. At the immense works of his company at Hoosick Falls, a great many hundred men were constantly employed and there existed between them and Mr. Wood the utmost harmony and good will.

He married (first) in 1842, Betsey A., born at Hoosick Falls, New York, June 19, 1821, died May 24, 1867, daughter of Hon. Seth Parsons, of Hoosick Falls. Children: James S., died at the age of five years; Lyn P., born April 30, 1850, at Brattleboro, Vermont, died April 22, 1877; married August 28, 1873, Mary E. Jack; child, Bessie Lyn, born December 20, 1876. Mr. Wood married (second) September 2, 1868, Lizzie Warren, daughter of Rev. George Huntington Nicholls, rector of St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Hoosick Falls (see Nicholls IX). Children: Walter Abbott (2), see forward; Julia Nicholls, born in London, England, June 9, 1874, she was educated at Miss Peebles School for Young Ladies, New York City. married, No-

ember 16, 1898, Hugh P. Blackinton, of Massachusetts, now of Hoosick Falls, treasurer of Noble & Wood Machine Company, no issue.

(VI) Walter Abbott (2), only son of Walter Abbott (1) and Lizzie Warren (Nicholls) Wood, was born at Hoosick Falls, New York, January 2, 1871. He prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire, and entered Yale University where he was graduated Ph.B., 1892. He traveled in Europe for a year before entering Yale, and after graduation entered his father's business at Hoosick Falls, where he continued four years. For several years thereafter, until 1907, he was not engaged in business. This interval was spent in travel at home and abroad, and in various phases of public political life. He is a director of the Walter A. Wood Company; vice-president of the First National Bank of Hoosick Falls, director of Noble & Wood Machine Company, of which he was one of the founders, and has other and varied business interests. He enlisted in the New York National Guard, was promoted December, 1893, second lieutenant of the Thirty-second Separate Company, and served until 1898. He enlisted for the Spanish-American war as first lieutenant of Company M, Second Regiment, New York Volunteers, and served during the war, was mustered out 1899; was elected captain of the same company, serving until February, 1908, when he resigned. He is an active Republican; served as trustee of the Village Corporation of Hoosick Falls three terms; was supervisor 1904-08, and chairman of the county board, 1907-08. He is a frequent delegate to county and state conventions of his party, and prominent in party councils. He is a member of the Episcopal church and vestryman of St. Mark's. He has attained the thirty-second degree in Scottish Rite Masonry, and is now (1910) serving his second term as master of Van Rensselaer Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Hoosick Falls. He is a member of the Berzelius Society of Yale, and of the Hoosick Club, the Troy Club of Troy, the Graduate of New Haven, and the University of New York City. He is interested in all that pertains to the welfare of his town; is public-spirited, charitable and a good citizen.

He married, October 6, 1906, Dorothy Lieb Harrison, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, daughter of Charles Custis, and Ellen Nixon (Waln) Harrison. Charles Custis Harrison, LL.D., was born in Philadelphia, May 3, 1844, son of George Leib Harrison; LL.D., and Sarah Ann (Waples) Harrison. George

Leib Harrison was an honorary graduate of Harvard, where he received his A.M., 1878; was the founder of the Franklin Sugar Refinery; President of Pennsylvania State Board of Charities, trustee of the Protestant Episcopal Divinity School, Philadelphia, and author of works on sociology and philanthropy. Charles Custis Harrison was graduated at University of Pennsylvania, Greek salutatorian, A.B., 1862; A.M., 1865. He was senior partner of Harrison Frazer & Company until the dissolution of that firm. He was elected a trustee of the University of Pennsylvania, 1876; chairman of the committee on ways and means, 1885; acting provost, 1894; provost of the University, 1895, to present time. He was manager of the Protestant Episcopal Hospital; member of American Academy of Political and Social Science; Pennsylvania Historical Society; American Philosophical Society; Numismatic and Antiquarian Society. He endowed the "George Leib Memorial Foundation," of the University of Pennsylvania by a gift of \$500,000, and later, in connection with Mrs. Harrison, gave another \$250,000 to the general purposes of the University. In 1895 Columbia University conferred LL.D., and Princeton the same, in 1896. He married, in 1870, Ellen Nixon, daughter of Edward Waln, of Philadelphia, and great-granddaughter of Robert Morris.

(The Nicholls Line).

Mrs. Lizzie Warren (Nicholls) Wood was a descendant of that ancient English family of whom Burke says: "The origin of the ancient family of Nicholls has been by antiquarians variously and largely treated upon. It is stated that at the time of Edward the Conqueror, one, Nicholas de Albine, alias Niggell or Nicholl, came over from Normandy and was the common ancestor." The founder in America, from whom Mrs. Wood descends, was Francis Nicholls, born in England before 1600, son of Francis and Margaret (Bruce) Nicholls, and brother of Governor Richard Nicholls, who commanded the British fleet to whom the Dutch surrendered New Amsterdam. He received the surrender of the Dutch authorities, proposed the name New York for the new province, was governor of New York in 1664, and returned to England in 1667. Margaret Bruce was a daughter of Sir George Bruce, of Carnock, Scotland, and tenth in descent from King Robert Bruce, of Scotland. Francis Nicholls came to America prior to 1636, bringing three sons: John, Isaac and Caleb, and a daughter, Mrs. Richard Mills. In 1639 he appears at Stratford, Connecticut, where he died 1650.

There is no mention of the first wife, and she is believed to have died in England. Francis was one of the original proprietors of Stratford, Connecticut, and one of the first band of seventeen families to settle there. He was sergeant and captain of "ye Train Bande." His second wife was Anne Wynes, daughter of "Saintly Deacon Barnabas Wynes," born in Wales, who was one of the original proprietors of Southold, Long Island.

(II) Isaac, son of Francis Nicholls, was born in England, 1625, died at Stratford, Connecticut, 1695; was deputy to the general court, 1662-64. He married Margaret ——— and had issue. One of his daughters married Rev. Israel Chauncey, army surgeon during King Philip's war; pastor of the Stratford church, one of the founders of Yale College, and elected its first president.

(III) Isaac (2), son of Isaac (1) and Margaret Nicholls, born in Stratford, died 1690, aged thirty-six years. He married Mary ———, and had issue.

(IV) Richard, son of Isaac (2) and Mary Nicholls, was born in Stratford, November 26, 1678, died September 29, 1756; married, June 3, 1702, Comfort, daughter of Theophilus Sherman, and granddaughter of Hon. Samuel Sherman, ancestor of General William T. Sherman, the famous military genius of the civil war.

(V) Theophilus, son of Richard and Comfort (Sherman) Nicholls, was born in Stratford, March 31, 1803, died April 7, 1774. Magistrate, deputy to forty-one sessions of the Connecticut general court, 1736-72; vestryman of Christ Church, Stratford, 1746-69; built the first store and opened the first trade on the harbor of Bridgeport, Connecticut. He married, January 2, 1732, Sarah, daughter of Lieutenant Ebenezer Curtis, and granddaughter of Captain William Curtis, captain of "such forces as shall be sent from Fairfield county (Connecticut) against the Dutch of New York."

(VI) Philip, son of Theophilus and Sarah (Curtis) Nicholls, was born in Stratford, January 2, 1726, died May 15, 1807. He was captain and chairman of the committee to relieve the suffering poor under the Boston poor bill, 1794; vestryman of Christ Church, 1769-85; first lay delegate from Connecticut to the general convocation of the Protestant Episcopal church. He married (first) Mehitabel, daughter of William Peet, who died September 23, 1756; married (second) Mary, daughter of Joseph Prince, and niece of Rev. Thomas Prince, pastor of Old South Church, Boston, 1718-58. "The most assiduous annalist of New England history since the first

generation." She was the great-granddaughter of Thomas Hinckley, governor of Massachusetts, 1680-92.

(VII) Charles Theophilus, son of Philip and Mary (Prince) Nicholls, was born at Stratford, Connecticut, July 21, 1771, died at Bridgeport, Connecticut, October 19, 1849. Paymaster of the Fourth Regiment Connecticut Cavalry under General Joseph Walker, July, 1809. Senior Warden of St. John's Church, Bridgeport. Married (first) Sarah Lewis, daughter of Hon. Jabez Huntington Tomlinson, an officer of the continental army; representative and magistrate, and his wife, Mrs. Harriet Heller (Morris) Tomlinson, daughter of Rev. James Heller, a chaplain of the British army during the occupation of New York City. Sarah Lewis (Tomlinson) Nicholls was also a sister of Gideon Tomlinson, governor of Connecticut, 1827-30.

(VII) Rev. George Huntington Nicholls, only son of Charles T. and Sarah Lewis (Tomlinson) Nicholls, was born at Bridgeport, Connecticut; graduated at Trinity College, 1839; ordained deacon Protestant Episcopal church, 1841; priest, 1842; rector of St. John's Church, Salisbury, Connecticut, 1845; rector of Grace Church, Cherry Valley, New York, 1854; rector St. Mark's Church, Hoosick Falls, New York, 1865; rector emeritus 1882; Hobart College conferred title of S.T.D., 1886. He married, June 8, 1842, Julia Louisa, daughter of Walter Phelps, a direct descendant of Judge William Phelps, born in England, settled in Windsor, Connecticut, 1635, and his wife Julia Steel (Beach) Phelps, a direct descendant of Secretary John Steel, a pioneer of Hartford, Connecticut.

(IX) Lizzie Warren, daughter of Rev. George H. and Julia Louisa (Phelps) Nicholls, married September 2, 1868, Walter Abbott Wood, Sr., of Hoosick Falls, New York (see Wood V).

There was a town in Norfolk, England, called Heydon, which was a mile long and half as much broad. The present name of Heydon or Haydon, as it is commonly called, signifies the High Down, or plain on the hill, which is agreeable to its situation. It is located in the Liberty of the Duchey of Lancaster; the seat and demesne were called Heydon Hall or Manor—alias Stinton Hall and Manor. Heydon and Stinton Manors were subsequently divided. The legal settlement of Heydon Manor makes the eldest son heir. The town of Heydon lies about fourteen miles a little west of north from Norwich, the shire

town of Norfolk county. The lands there, according to Domesday Book, were at the time of the Conqueror's survey under the lordship of one Whither, a Saxon, from whom the Conqueror took them and bestowed them upon the Earl of Warren—William de Warrena. The Heydons must have had their tenure from the Warrens as adherents or retainers of theirs. Very early we find them intermarried with the Warrens, also with the descendants of the Conqueror, with the Says, Mowbrays, Longvilles, Gurneys, Boleyns, etc. We find the name of Thomas de Heydon mentioned as one of the prominent men of the twelfth century.

(I) Thomas de Heydon, above referred to, was born in April, about 1185, died about 1250. He lived in South Erpingham, and served as justice itinerant for Norfolk county in the reign of Henry III, 1221. The office of justice (in Erye) was a commission held directly from the king, having appellate jurisdiction of superior cases, to save going up to Westminster. One of the five provisions of Magna Charta signed by King John in 1215 was that such local justice be appointed in the county. This was not fulfilled, however, until after the death of John, during the minority of his son, Henry III, and under the regency of Robert De Burgh. Thomas de Heydon, therefore, was the first judge in Norfolk appointed under Magna Charta.

(II) William Heydon, son of Thomas de Heydon, was probably born about 1220, died about 1272. He was the first of the Devon line.

(III) John de Heydon, son of William Heydon, was a younger brother of the William who was the third of the Norfolk line. John served as judge in Devon county in the first year of the reign of King Edward I, 1273, according to the records which we find in the Tower of London by Henry St. George Richmond. He was a younger branch of a knightly stock, so called, which flourished in the eastern parts of England, that is Norfolk. Whom he married is not known, but he had children, among them Robert.

(IV) Robert Haydon, son of John de Heydon, appears to have been the first to change the spelling of the first syllable by inserting "a" instead of the "e" which thenceforth distinguishes the Devon line. He settled at Boughwood in the nineteenth year of Edward I. The same year he deeded this estate to his son Henry and his wife Julian; the deed is attested by Thomas Frances, Ralph de Todwell and several others. His wife's name was Joan.

(V) Henry Haydon, son of Robert and

Joan Haydon, appears to have married his own cousin or near relation, as his wife Julian is stated to be daughter and heir to Heydon, of Ebford, which made said Henry possessor of several thousand dollars per annum.

(VI) William (2) Haydon, son of Henry and Julian Haydon, inherited Boughwood. He married and among his children was Robert.

(VII) Robert (2) Haydon, son of William (2) Haydon, succeeded him as owner of Boughwood. He married and among his children was John.

(VIII) John (2) Haydon, son of Robert (2) Haydon, succeeded to the ownership of Boughwood. He married and among his children was Henry.

(IX) Henry (2) Haydon, son of John (2) Haydon, was of Boughwood and Ebford, and seems to have been the first to come into full possession of both estates. This was in the twentieth year of the reign of Richard II, 1397. Henry was succeeded by his son, John, of Boughwood and Ebford, who came into possession the eighth year of the reign of Henry IV, 1407. He married and had issue which seems not to have lived to inherit, so he was succeeded by his brother, William.

(X) William (3) Haydon, son of Henry (2) Haydon, was of Lymston. He succeeded to the estates of Boughwood and Ebford. He married and among his children was Richard.

(XI) Richard Haydon, fourth son of William (3) Haydon, was living on the estate during the fifteenth year of the reign of Edward IV, 1476. He married and had two sons, Richard and John, and one daughter, Jane.

(XII) Richard (2) Haydon, son of Richard (1) Haydon, was of Boughwood and Ebford, and was living there in the thirteenth year of the reign of Henry VIII, 1522. He married Joan, daughter of Morice Trent, of Ottery, St. Mary. They had three sons, Thomas, John and George.

(XIII) Thomas (2) Haydon, eldest son of Richard (2) Haydon, succeeded his father to the estates. He married Joan, daughter of Richard Weeks, of Honey Church, and among their children was Thomas.

(XIV) Thomas (3) Haydon, son of Thomas (2) Haydon, succeeded his father to the estates. He married Christiana, daughter and heir of Robert Tidersleigh. They had two sons, Robert and Thomas.

(XV) Robert (3) Haydon, son of Thomas (3) Haydon, became heir to his great-uncle, John, and on the death of this relative he removed his family to Cadhay and resided there. He served as justice of the peace, and was living in 1620. He married Joan, eldest

daughter of Sir Amias Paulet, of George Hinton Somerset, and had three sons, Gideon, Amias and Drew, and one daughter, Margaret.

(XVI) Gideon Haydon, son of Robert (3) Haydon, owned the estates of Ebbford and Cadhay, having succeeded his father, and is quoted as a very worthy, honest gentleman. It is said that the estates of Cadhay have never changed hands except by inheritance for seven hundred years. Sir Thomas Hare, the present owner, received them through the female line from the Williamses, as he himself believes. Gideon Haydon married Margaret, daughter of John Davy, Esquire, of Creedy, and had seven sons and five daughters. Three of the sons were William, John and James. Several of the sons grew to manhood and were living in 1630. Haydons, descendants of this line, are still at Tiverton, and a number having this spelling are in London. The late well-known B. R. Haydon, painter and native of Plymouth, belonged to this line.

The above account was originally taken from the English records. In 1888 Mr. Jabez Haskell Hayden, of Windsor Locks, Connecticut, wrote a book on the Hayden genealogies, and therein, through the researches of Rev. William B. Hayden, of Portland, Maine, and Mr. Levi Hayden, of Roslindale, Massachusetts, show that there were three brothers, William, John and James Hayden, who came from England on the ship, "Mary & John," in 1630, landing at Dorchester, Massachusetts. William is mentioned below. John remained a short time in Dorchester, later settled in Braintree, and his descendants are known as the "Braintree branch." James settled in Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1635, and died in 1675. He had a family of eight children. The Haydens of Saybrook, now Essex, Connecticut, belong to this line.

There were several other men who came over from England on the "Mary & John," among them being Roger Clapp. He was then a young man of twenty-one. The Rev. John Warham and Rev. John Maverick, both older men, came over at the same time and gave considerable advice to the young men of the party, as is shown from the records. All of these men came from three counties in England, namely: Devon, Dorset, Somersetshire.

(XVII) William (4) Hayden, son of Gideon Haydon, came from England on the "Mary & John," 1630, landing at Dorchester, Massachusetts. After remaining there a short time, he removed to Windsor, Connecticut, where he resided until his death, and from him sprang the numerous descendants who are known as the "Windsor branch" of the Hayden family. He served under Captain Mason

in the famous Pequot war in 1637. He received land in the first distribution made in Hartford in 1639, and sold the same with dwelling house thereon February 9, 1642. Also about this time he purchased lands in Windsor, towards "Pine Meadow," and built a house upon it. In 1859 the site of this house was occupied by the residence of the late Henry Hayden, on the east side of the highway at the junction of the two roads, south of Hayden Station, near Windsor, Connecticut. On that part of his farm lying west of the railroad station, he had a stone quarry which was worked as early as 1654. In 1669 he deeded all his lands in Windsor, and buildings thereon, to his son Daniel, who probably had not left the old homestead. His first wife died in 1655. He married (second) in Fairfield, Connecticut, Widow Wilcoxon. William Hayden died at Killingworth, September 27, 1669. He was the father of three children: Daniel, born September 2, 1640; Nathaniel, February 2, 1642; Mary, June 6, 1648.

(XVIII) Daniel, son of William (4) Hayden, was born September 2, 1640, died March 22, 1712-13. He married, March 17, 1664, Hannah Wilcoxon, who died April 19, 1722. They were the parents of eight children.

(XIX) Samuel, fifth child of Daniel and Hannah (Wilcoxon) Hayden, was born February 28, 1677, died October 12, 1742. He married, January 24, 1703, Anna Holcomb, of Windsor, who died June 13, 1756, aged eighty-one years. They were the parents of six children.

(XX) Samuel (2), second child of Samuel (1) and Anna (Holcomb) Hayden, was born October 7, 1707. He married, November 7, 1737, Abigail Hall, of Somers, who bore him eight children.

(XXI) Moses, third child of Samuel (2) and Abigail (Hall) Hayden, was born September 23, 1742. When a young man he left Windsor, Connecticut, taking up his residence at Conway, Franklin county, Massachusetts. He married twice, names of wives unknown, and had one child by first wife, Moses.

(XXII) Moses (2), son of Moses (1) Hayden, was born in 1761, died at the home of his daughter, Asenath (Mrs. Daniel Bloss), in June, 1855, aged ninety-three years, and was buried in the cemetery at the stone church at Day Center, near where he had lived so many years. It appears that the young boy and his stepmother did not agree very well, and at the age of ten years he left home and thereafter depended upon his own resources. He located at what is now known as Holyoke, Massachusetts, where he resided for several

years, and about 1790 or 1792, having heard favorable reports about the section of the country in and around the town of Day (called Concord), Saratoga county, New York, removed thither, purchased a farm, built a house, and in the course of a year or two returned to Massachusetts and married Mary Boyd, a resident of Holyoke, whom he brought to his new home, where they lived together until her death, in 1828. Mr. Hayden married (second) Eunice Deming. The farm where Moses Hayden lived has been known as the "Hayden Farm" for more than one hundred years. Moses Hayden was of a religious turn of mind and affiliated with the Baptists. There was no Baptist church in that locality but the inhabitants of that denomination were in the habit of gathering at the school house for worship. Children of Moses and Mary (Boyd) Hayden: Polly (Mary), born November 8, 1795, died May 5, 1863; John Boyd, February 21, 1798, died July, 1831; Solomon, see forward; Asenath, April 4, 1802, died January, 1882, aforementioned as the wife of Daniel Bloss; Parmelia, January 2, 1804; Perce, December 20, 1805; Moses, March 29, 1811; Susannah M., April 11, 1814, died 1887.

(XXIII) Solomon, son of Moses (2) and Mary (Boyd) Hayden, was born January 30, 1800, died March 20, 1879. He married, March 12, 1821, Annie Bloss, born March 3, 1805, died May 23, 1886. They lived on a farm in the town of Day, New York, near his father's farm, until 1850, when they moved to the town of Edinburg, Saratoga county, New York, where they purchased a farm, residing thereon until the death of Mr. Hayden. They were both members of the Baptist Society at Day, and upon their removal to Edinburg they joined the Baptist church at Northville, New York, and were regular attendants at the services during the remaining years of their lives. Children: Bethiah R., born September 27, 1822, died July 26, 1863; she married the Rev. Timothy Day; three children, two sons and one daughter; the sons enlisted in the civil war and both lost their lives in their country's service; one was killed by a shell in battle and the other died of typhoid fever, contracted while at the front; James H., February 12, 1824, died June 12, 1881; Rosina C., March 27, 1826, died April 30, 1830; Sally M., March 1, 1828, died May 16, 1830; Elvira E., March 20, 1831, died August 15, 1857; John C., see forward; Adeline L., February 22, 1836, died September 4, 1865; Rosannah E., August 17, 1838, died May 25, 1850; George Levi, April 18, 1841, died May 17, 1863; Anna M., September 22, 1844, living at the present time (1910). George Levi

Hayden enlisted in November, 1861, at Saratoga Springs, New York, and was assigned to Company D, Seventy-seventh Regiment, New York State Volunteer Infantry. He was trained at Saratoga Springs for some months and then his company was sent to the front. He was in several battles but escaped injury. In 1862, however, while the regiment was at White House Landing on the Pamunkey river, state of Virginia, he contracted typhoid fever. He was placed on a transport and sent with a large number of sick and wounded soldiers up the Potomac river to a hospital, but on the way up the river, during his delirium, he jumped overboard and was drowned. The body was recovered by his comrades and buried on the bank of that river.

(XXIV) John Carmi, son of Solomon and Annie (Bloss) Hayden, was born March 13, 1834, died March 24, 1899, in Saratoga Springs, New York, at the home of his son, Adelbert C. Hayden. Notwithstanding the fact that his brother had lost his life in the war, John C. enlisted for service in the fall of 1864. He enlisted at Amsterdam, New York, and was assigned to Company I, Ninety-first Regiment, New York State Volunteer Infantry. Early in the following year he was wounded in battle in Virginia and was sent to the hospital at Alexandria, and while there, recovering from his wounds, occurred the assassination of President Lincoln. Shortly after the close of the war he was mustered out of the service at Washington and returned to the town of Northampton, Fulton county, New York, where he had purchased a farm during the early years of the rebellion, removing thither from his farm near Edinburg, where he resided for two or three years after his marriage. He continued to live on the latter-named farm until after the death of his wife, in 1891. He married, November 19, 1856, Martha Haight Quinby, daughter of Aaron and Mary (Wilbur) Quinby (see Quinby VIII), who bore him six children, namely: Adelbert Carmi, see forward; Willis Adelman, born October 16, 1860; Charles Aaron, December 20, 1863; Mary Anna, June 3, 1866; George Jay, September 21, 1870; Eugene Elmer, December 13, 1873. The parents of John C. Hayden were members of the Baptist church, and the ancestry all seem to have been Baptists back through their history in this country. The parents of Mrs. Hayden were Quakers, members of the Quaker church at Quaker street, New York, and the ancestry for nearly three hundred years was known to have been Quakers. However, the nearest church to their home on the

Sacandaga river at Osborne Bridge was a Methodist Episcopal church, which they both joined and continued to be members in good standing as long as they lived.

(XXV) Adelbert Carmi, eldest child of John Carmi and Martha Haight (Quinby) Hayden, was born April 26, 1858, at Northville, Fulton county, New York. He graduated at the State Normal School, Albany, in 1882. He served in the capacity of teacher in the schools of Conklingville and Crescent, Saratoga county, and in Montgomery county, a position for which he was well qualified. Early in 1884 he accepted a position in the general postoffice department, Washington, D. C., and at the expiration of four years he resigned in order to accept a position at Saratoga Springs, New York, where he has since resided. For the past six years he has served as vice-president of the Lincoln Spring Company, and is actively identified with the interests of the company. During his residence in Washington he was a member of the Calvary Baptist Church, a member of the board of trustees and a teacher in the Sunday school. After coming to Saratoga Springs he and his wife joined the First Baptist Church, in which he has taken an active part, serving as a member of the board of trustees for twelve years, superintendent of the Sunday school five years, and either an officer or a teacher in the school for twenty years. He has been an active worker in the Young Men's Christian Association, been a member of the board of directors for almost fifteen years, being elected the first time under the presidency of G. F. Harvey, when they were located in the old Favorite Spring building; he served on the board while money was being raised and the site chosen for the present building. In 1901 he was elected a member of the Board of Education of the village for a term of three years, re-elected in 1904, and was nominated for School Director of the town of Saratoga Springs in 1910 on the Republican ticket, but was defeated, owing to the Democratic landslide. He was chairman of the teachers' committee for five years and a member of the teachers' committee for both his terms of office; he was also a member of the committee on schools for the entire six years; these were important committees of the board. He was one of the special committee that recommended the adoption of the domestic science department in the local public schools, was a member of the special committee that recommended the addition of manual training to the local curriculum, and was chairman of the teachers' committee that engaged the first instructors in each of these departments. Mr.

Hayden married, March 9, 1887, Nellie Farr Lohnas, born in Schuylerville, New York, August 28, 1863, daughter of Deyoe and Huldah L. (Farr) Lohnas. Children: Grace Lohnas, born August 8, 1888, and Rita Marion, born February 13, 1893.

(The Quinby Line).

The name of Quinby, spelled now Quinby, Quimby and Quinbury, all of which are derived from the original name, Quinborough, corrupted to that of Quinbury, and finally Quinby, which is now the generally adopted style of writing the name. The name was derived from the name of a town in Norfolk county, England, called Quinborough. The family was originally of Norman-French extraction. The ancestors of the Quinby family in this country came from England. So far as known, only two men of that name came to America, viz., Robert and William Quinby. Robert Quinby settled in the town of Salisbury, Massachusetts, in June, 1653. He married Elizabeth Osgood, who bore him four children: Lydia, William, John and Thomas. Two of the sons moved to the state of New Hampshire and are the progenitors of the Quinby family in that state and in Maine. Some families there spell the name Quimby.

(I) William Quinby, the other early progenitor of the Quinby family in America, settled in Westchester, Westchester county, New York. In those early days the village of Westchester was only a small scattered collection of houses and even up to 1700, one writer says, "the inhabitants lived up and down" and even in towns they lived on farms of ten acres. It is uncertain who William Quinby married. There is only one son named in the local history and family records. His name was John.

(II) John, son of William Quinby, signed his name to one public document as "Quimbie." He was a man of weight and influence in his community. In 1664, when a patent was given for the land he and his neighbors occupied, he with five others, received it in trust for all. In 1665 he was a representative for his town in the assembly, summoned by Governor Nichols. He was a member of the organization corresponding to our present school board. He and his father were "dissenters," being members of the Congregational church, and when, at one time, they had no minister, John Quinby and three others were appointed to fill the vacancy. He married Deborah ———; who bore him four children: John, Charles, Josiah, Mary.

(III) Josiah, son of John and Deborah Quinby, moved to Mamaroneck, New York,

where he purchased three hundred and twenty acres of land, comprising what was then called the "Great Neck." He is described later as being "late of Mamaroneck," so that it is probable that he returned to Westchester to live. He married Mary Mullinex (Molyneux), June 17, 1689. Children: Dorcas, Josiah, Jonathan, Samuel, Son, who died in infancy; Ephraim, Aaron, Moses, Daniel, Phoebe, Isaiah, Martha. It appears that Josiah Quinby and his wife joined the "Society of Friends" while living in Mamaroneck. The Society met with much acceptance in this neighborhood, and Thomas Chalkley mentions visiting there as early as 1725. In 1739 land was purchased and a meeting house erected. The half-yearly meetings for Friends in all this section were held in this house.

(IV) Moses, son of Josiah and Mary (Mullinex) Quinby, married Jane, daughter of Francis and Elizabeth Pelham, in 1730. Children: Elizabeth, Samuel, Frances, Mary, Josiah, Phoebe, Hannah, Isaiah, Martha, Son, who died in infancy; Susannah.

(V) Samuel, son of Moses and Jane (Pelham) Quinby, was born in Northcastle, Westchester county, New York. He married (first), March 17, 1756, Anna, born at Beth Page, Long Island, October 2, 1736, daughter of Moses and Catherine Powel. He married (second) Phoebe Underhill, who bore him ten children, namely: Mary, Moses, Obadiah, Josiah, Jane, Catherine, Clara, Anna, Eliza A., and ———.

(VI) Obadiah son of Samuel and Phoebe (Underhill) Quinby, was born March 5, 1761, died June 12, 1821. He married Freeloove, born October 27, 1761, died December 1, 1829, daughter of Caleb Haight. Children: Anna, James, Mapelett, Hannah, Samuel, Aaron and Deborah. Obadiah Quinby lived at Milan, Dutchess county, New York, where his children were reared.

(VII) Aaron, son of Obadiah and Freeloove (Haight) Quinby, was born August 2, 1799, died May 15, 1875. He married, at Milan, New York, June 6, 1826, Mary, born November 29, 1806, died July 4, 1886, daughter of Reuben and Susannah (Dean) Wilbur. Shortly after their marriage they moved to Duaneburg, Schenectady county, New York, where four of their children were born. About 1839 they moved to Glens Falls, New York, where they remained a few years. Their youngest child, Aaron Jay, was born there. Soon afterward they moved to the town of Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, where they resided three years, on the bank of the Hudson river, between Mechanicville and Stillwater. About 1850 they

moved to the town of Edinburg, New York, where they resided on a farm until their death. Children: Sarah Ann, Susannah Freeloove, Martha Haight, Edmond Carpenter, Aaron Jay.

(VIII) Martha Haight, third child of Aaron and Mary (Wilbur) Quinby, married, November 19, 1856, John Carmi Hayden (see Hayden XXIV), and they are the parents of Adelbert Carmi Hayden.

This family settled in the Mohawk Valley about the middle of the eighteenth century.

They are originally of German nativity, the American ancestor being Lawrence Shuler. He became possessed of a tract of six hundred and forty acres, part of the two thousand acres conveyed to Edward and Philip Harrison, known as the Harrison patent. The original survey was made in 1737 by Christopher Yates. From the Harrisons one Dubois, a wealthy man of New York City, purchased six hundred and forty acres. This purchase was the immediate cause of the emigration to America of Lawrence Shuler, the founder. Dubois died, and his widow having need of the services of an agent to look after her northern lands was led, through recommendation, to write to Lawrence Shuler in Germany, offering him the position. This was in 1767, and he was then probably about twenty-one. He was born in Luxemburg, Germany, and had received a good education and possessed good business ability. He accepted the offer and came to America and acted as Mrs. Dubois' agent in the management of her Florida lands. Their business acquaintance resulted in their marriage, and thus the estate passed into the Shuler name, where it remained for over one hundred and twenty-five years. The estate is situated one and a half miles east of Minaville, in one of the best and most beautiful parts of the town. No owner of the Shuler name has ever died upon the estate, it so happening that they were absent from home when their final hour came. Neither Lawrence Shuler nor his wife died there. Their children were: John, see forward; Jacob, Solomon, Lawrence (2), Elizabeth. Lawrence (1) Shuler married (second) Magdalena Servoss, who bore him Abraham and Sarah, and possibly others. Abraham died an old man, unmarried; Sarah married Cornelius Van Derveer, afterward accidentally killed, leaving a daughter Helena. The children of the first wife, all married and reared families. The estate was divided into smaller farms and each, at times, owned portions.

(II) John, son of Lawrence Shuler, the founder, and his wife (Mrs. Dubois), was born on the original homestead, November 12, 1769, died at Gasport, New York, at the age of eighty-nine years. He came into possession of the farm about 1790. He was a well-educated man, well known in public life. He was elected to the legislature, September 26, 1814, and re-elected in 1815. He was a friend of Alexander Hamilton, and acquainted with Aaron Burr. He was one of the invited guests of Governor Clinton at the exercises opening the Erie canal. He was a member of St. Patrick's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Johnstown, Fulton county, New York (then No. 1, now No. 4), the oldest English-speaking lodge in the state, organized by Sir William Johnson under a charter from the Grand Lodge of England. He was a Whig in politics, later a Republican, which was the political faith of the family. He married, in Florida, Hannah Buck, born in Canaan, Massachusetts, died in Ames, New York, at the age of seventy-five. Children: 1. David Cady, married (first) Pervely Butler; (second) a Miss Nellis, both natives of Jefferson county, New York. 2. Sarah, married Elijah Wilcox; they removed to Elgin, Illinois, where they died. 3. Ransom, married Katherine Talmadge; they settled in Cumberland county, where they died. 4. Daniel, see forward. 5. Ann, married Louis Griffin; they were residents of Unadilla, New York, where they died. 6. Jacob, a merchant, later a farmer; married (first) Katherine, daughter of the Reverend Colonel Matise; (second) Amelia Case; he died in Cortland county, aged fifty-six years. 7. Cholett, lived to be one of the oldest inhabitants of Amsterdam; he was born May 20, 1807, on the Shuler estate; he married Ann Mallory; they are both buried in Green Hill cemetery, Amsterdam. 8. Adeline, married Oliver Wilcox; they died at Gasport, Niagara county, New York. 9. Lydia, married William Carlyle, M.D., of Elgin, Illinois. 10. Caroline, married George A. Wolvert, of Albany.

(III) Daniel, fourth child of John and Hannah (Buck) Shuler, was born on the Shuler homestead in Florida, February 27, 1803, died February 17, 1882. He grew up on the farm, and adopted farming as his vocation. He married and settled in the same town, where he resided all his days. He married, in Florida, Katherine Van Derveer, who died July 26, 1874, at the age of sixty-nine, daughter of Henry Van Derveer. Children: 1. Ann, born February 8, 1830, died March 4, 1904; she married Jacob Schuyler,

born in 1829, died October 19, 1899. 2. Freeman, see forward. 3. Henry Van Derveer, born at the old homestead, June 3, 1842; he has resided all his life within the confines of the town, and for the past nine years has been employed in the "Brown" store at Minaville; he married Eveline Haver, born in 1852; she resides in California.

(IV) Freeman, second child and eldest son of Daniel and Katherine (Van Derveer) Shuler, was born on the homestead in Florida, New York, September 12, 1833, died at his home in the city of Amsterdam, New York, April 4, 1909. He was a successful farmer of Montgomery county, owning and operating, for many years, a farm east of Amsterdam, near the Mohawk river. He retired from active labor to a comfortable home in Amsterdam, where he passed in ease his latter days. He took an active part in town affairs, was assessor for ten years, and a leading member of the Dutch Reformed church. He stood high in his community, and was a man of unblemished character. He married, at the Young homestead, in Florida, in 1860, Mary A. Young, born in the town, May 17, 1838. She survives her husband and resides in Amsterdam (Port Jackson). She is a member of the Dutch Reformed church. Children: 1. Carrie A., born August 2, 1863; married Zachariah Jacoby, born January 25, 1859; he has been many years a member of the New York National Guard, for which he wears a service medal; is an employee of the State, connected with the State armory, at Amsterdam. 2. William H., see forward. 3. Annie E., born May 10, 1867; married Andrew McClumpha, a farmer of Florida; they have a son, Raymond McClumpha, born October 4, 1901. 4. Daniel, born September 16, 1889; married Edna A. Young, and has a daughter, Ruth A.; their son, Wilbur S., died in infancy. Daniel is a farmer of Holley, New York. 5. Mary A., born April 14, 1875, died January 25, 1877.

(V) William H., son of Freeman and Mary A. (Young) Shuler, was born on the Montgomery county farm, February 21, 1865. He was educated in the town schools, and upon his father's retirement succeeded to the management of the farm. He is a worthy successor and maintains the property in the same excellent condition, and ranks among the best of his town. He married, January 16, 1890, Martha M. Conover, born in Glen, November 3, 1871. The Conover family are among the older Mohawk Valley settlers, Seth Conover, her father, being of the third generation in direct line. Seth Conover married Annie Lynch, both born in Florida, but afterwards



Fremam Shuler

settlers of Amsterdam. Their children, all born on the Conover homestead: Martha M. (Mrs. William H. Shuler); Seth J., born July 28, 1875, married Lizzie Field, and resides in Amsterdam; Howard L., died at the age of eighteen; Edward, married Rose —, and has issue. Mrs. William H. Shuler (Martha M. Conover) was educated in Glen, and is a member of the Reformed church, as is her husband. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Shuler: Alice, born November 8, 1891; Lawrence, February 22, 1893; T. Howard, March 4, 1894; Marion, June 16, 1906; Myra L., July 1, 1908.

MUNSON

The English Munsons belonging to the peerage have a recognized history extending through five centuries. According to "Burke's Peerage," John Munson was living in 1378, and denominated of East Market Rasen, county of Lincoln, from whom lineally sprang William Munson, Esq., who died in 1558. It is the opinion of eminent members of the family that their common ancestor was a Dane. The name is common in Denmark, and that portion of England where the family were dwelling in the fourteenth century had been overrun by the Danes.

(I) Thomas Munson, the American ancestor, was among those exiles who left England for conscience sake, brave and spirited men who were loyal to their God and their convictions. He was born in England about 1612, died May 7, 1685. It is not known how or when he came to America. He is first found of record in Hartford, Connecticut, in 1637, where he performed service in the Pequot war. He received a grant of one hundred acres, which was confirmed by the general court, May 13, 1637, no doubt in recognition of his services in that war. In 1639 he became one of the pioneer settlers of New Haven, Connecticut, where he acquired a house lot in February, 1640. He was one of the sixty-three signers of the "Agreement." He took the oath of fidelity July 1, 1644, and was appointed sergeant of the "trayned band," a title he bore for nineteen years. May 19, 1656, he was chosen one of seven townsmen (selectmen). In 1661 he was appointed "Ensigne," and was assigned "seat No. 2 of the shorte seats in the meeting house." April 28, 1663, "Ensigne Thomas Munson and John Moss were chosen deputies for the jurisdiction General Courte for the yeare ensuing." In 1665, after the union of New Haven Colony with Connecticut Colony, John Winthrop, governor, he was chosen deputy to the general assembly. July 6, 1665, he was confirmed by

the general assembly lieutenant "of ye traine band at New Haven." In 1666 he was again chosen deputy, and in 1668 assigned a new seat in the meeting house; he was now one of the thirteen persons seated "in the first seat" in the gallery. April 29, 1668, he was elected one of seven townsmen (selectmen), and in 1669 again chosen deputy; in fact, this office was bestowed upon him, as well as that of selectman, almost continuously until his death in 1685. At a session of the general court, held at Hartford, August 7, 1673, the following "special order" was passed: "Whereas there is now at present a great appearance of danger towards the Colony by the approach of the Dutch, for our own safety and defence till the general court in October next, it is now ordered by this court that the committee hereafter named, viz: The Governor, Deputy-Governor, and assistants (five others), and Lieutenant Thomas Munson, are hereby empowered to act as the Grand Committee of this Colony in establishing and commissioning of military officers, in pressing men, houses, ships, barques, or other vessels, arms, ammunition, provision, carriages, or whatever they judge needful for our defense, and to manage, order and dispose of the militia of the colony in the best way and manner for our defense and safety." This was the first appointment of a grand committee, or as afterwards termed "council of war." During King Philip's war he was in command of troops in and around Saybrook, and May 15, 1676, was appointed captain of New Haven county soldiers, and in 1682 was a commissioner to treat with the Indians. September 29, 1684, he was, for the last time, elected deputy to the general court, and May 7, 1685, he closed an exceedingly busy and useful life. He was continuously in the service of town, colony and church until the last. He married Joanna —, born about 1610, died December 13, 1678.

(II) Samuel, only son of Thomas and Joanna Munson, was baptized in New Haven, Connecticut, First Church, August 7, 1643, died 1693. He was made a freeman of New Haven, May 9, 1667, and assigned in the meeting house a seat with fourteen others in the "second seat in the gallery." In 1670 he was one of the thirty-nine men who signed the agreement to become "Planters" and settle in the wilderness north of New Haven, now Wallingford, Connecticut. Here he was assigned a house lot on the "Long Highway" (Main street), and a farm of eight acres. He was chosen selectman in April, 1672, and June 7 "Samuel Munson shall be allowed forty shillings for maintaining and beating the

Drum in good order for the yeare ensuing." In 1674 he was again chosen one of five "townsmen." King Philip's war now being waged, he was appointed "Ensign of Wallingford Traine Band." Under date of September 10, 1677, it was "voted that Ensign Munson shall have forty shillings allowed him for meeting in his house this yeare." He was chosen "lister" in 1678, and one of the two sealers of leather. November 27, 1678, occurs the first mention of schools in the town record. December 24 it was voted to allow ten pounds for a schoolmaster and three pence per week for each scholar attending. April 12, 1679, Samuel Munson was chosen to serve as the first schoolmaster. He was successively auditor, selectman, treasurer, and recorder of the town. In 1682 he apparently returned to New Haven to reside, perhaps to make a home for his widowed father, perhaps to become master of Hopkins grammar school. The earliest record book of the Hopkins grammar school begins with 1684, under date of January 4, "agreed that Ensign Munson go on with the grammar school at New Haven to make up his year current, and his allowance to be £40 per annum as formerly, also that trial be made of the sufficiency of the said Ensign Munson and if he be sufficient to instruct or fit hopeful youth for the College that he have £50 for the ensuing year." Three months later he "laid down his charge," and was succeeded by a graduate of Harvard College. It is uncertain whether he was rector of the school one, two or three years. He was one of the sealers of leather in New Haven, 1683-85-86, and in 1692, lister, and constable. This useful life ended the following year. He married, October 26, 1665, Martha, daughter of William Bradley.

(III) Thomas, second son of Samuel and Martha (Bradley) Munson, was born March 12, 1671, died in Cheshire, Connecticut, September 28, 1746. He was a husbandman, and resided in New Haven. He was favored in the distribution of his grandfather's estate, and dealt largely in real estate during his life. He held several of the town offices, and in 1716 was a contributor to the amount of land donated to secure Yale College for New Haven. He thus assisted in founding that celebrated university which, a little later, was removed to New Haven from Saybrook. Like all the family preceding him, he was a member of the Congregational First Church, which he joined in New Haven, September 25, 1735. His wife had been a communicant of the First Church since 1698. He married, September 15, 1694, Mary Wilcox, who died November 28, 1755.

(IV) Obadiah, fourth child of Thomas and Mary (Wilcox) Munson, was born in New Haven, April 3, 1703, died in Wallingford, April 29, 1773. He was a mill owner and farmer, and during his life he dealt extensively in real estate, residing in New Haven, Cheshire and North Haven (Wallingford). He is buried in the North Haven cemetery. He married, March 27, 1729, Hannah Booth.

(V) Obadiah (2), eldest son of Obadiah (1) and Hannah (Booth) Munson, was born in New Haven, August 27, 1731, died May 26, 1805. He was a mill owner and farmer of Connecticut, his home, until 1771, when he removed to the Wyoming valley, Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1778, when he returned to Connecticut (Plymouth), dying at Harwinton, that state. His residence in Pennsylvania was in Luzerne county, near Pittston. "He purchased a tract of land on the eastern bank of the Susquehanna, built his log cabin and hoped to make for himself and family a permanent home." When the valley seemed in danger from Indians and British he left his family and went back to Connecticut to prepare a home for them. His wife died at the time of the massacre, and at least four of his sons were in the revolutionary army. During his absence the massacre at Wyoming occurred, and he never returned to the valley. He was a member of the First Church of Christ, of Harwinton, Connecticut. He was a man of remarkable constitution, broad-shouldered, and very strong. He could lift a barrel of cider and put it over the rave of a cart. He was a good business man and led an active, useful life. He married Rachel Tyler.

(VI) Stephen, fourth child of Obadiah (2) and Rachel (Tyler) Munson, was born in Wallingford (now Cheshire), Connecticut, February 10, 1759, died July 9, 1824. He was a saddler and a farmer. At the time of the Wyoming massacre he was with the army of Washington at Morristown, New Jersey, in Captain Durkee's company. He was also a member of one of the "Valley Independent Companies" that saw much hard service. He is described on the roster of Captain Durkee's company as five feet five inches tall, aged eighteen. He was a man of means and genial nature. He resided in various towns of Connecticut, and in Westfield and Huntington, Massachusetts. He married, March 13, 1783, Elizabeth, daughter of William Andrus.

(VII) Daniel, eldest child of Stephen and Elizabeth (Andrus) Munson, was born January 22, 1786, died at Huntington, October 7, 1859. His early schooling was in Southington and at Wolcott. At fourteen the family re-

moved to Westfield, Massachusetts, where he attended academy two winters. He "farmed it" during summers, and after leaving the academy taught a winter school at Blanford, the next winter at Chesterfield, the next at Goff's Hill, and then at Falley's Roads. A sedentary life did not agree with him, and he gave up the idea of going to college, for which he had been preparing. He was a farmer all his days. He served as constable in Norwich and three terms as selectman. He is remembered as a person of elevated character and courtliness of manner. He was a Whig and Congregationalist. He married, January 18, 1810, Jerusha, born May 1, 1786, died March 10, 1852, daughter of Ebenezer Fowler, of Westfield, Massachusetts.

(VIII) Garry, eldest child of Daniel and Jerusha (Fowler) Munson, was born December 29, 1810, died June 5, 1882. After leaving the district school he attended Westfield (Massachusetts) Academy five terms and then engaged in teaching. In April, 1829, at the age of eighteen, he opened a store on Chester Hill in connection with his father, and this business continued eight years. On the day he was twenty-one he began making twist buttons, and the year following, the production of lasting buttons. In 1835 he was employing over two hundred persons. After a few years the introduction of machine-made buttons drove him out of the business. During the financial panic of 1837 he lost two-thirds of his property, and he removed to Springfield, where for two and a half years he was a partner with Galen Ames in the dry goods business. In 1840 he removed to Huntington, where he took possession of the farms at Norwich Bridge, which had been owned by his father and grandfather since 1807. He also opened a store which he operated for five years. He acquired a half interest in a lumber mill. In 1848 he built a store in the village, where he carried on business three and a half years until fire destroyed the building. For many years he was an extensive wool buyer. In 1870-71 he was a member of DeLaney & Munson, with paper mills at Unionville, Connecticut. In 1872 he became a partner in the Massasoit Knitting Mills at Cohoes, New York. He devoted much of his time during his later years to the settlement of estates. He was trial justice in the Huntington district, and at the time of his death commissioner of insolvency, and president of the Cemetery Association and of Huntington Hall Association. Politically, he was a Whig and later a Republican. At the age of thirty-four he was elected to the legislature, and was repeatedly elected selectman. For twenty-

five or thirty years he was almost continuously moderator of the town meetings. He was a member of the Congregational church and one of the founders of the Second Congregational church in Huntington. When it was destroyed by fire he gave more than any other toward replacing it. For twenty-five years he served as deacon. He was diligent in attendance upon public worship and in maintaining family worship. He keenly enjoyed family reunions, and for years he and three brothers had annual gatherings in their homes successively. After his children began to form homes of their own he established the custom of having them gather at the old homestead every alternate Thanksgiving. He had rare sagacity, rare judgment, rare power to execute, and a rare wealth of practical information. The judicial quality of his mind was noteworthy, and his proper function, had he been educated for it, was upon the bench. He was devoted to his family and gave his sons every encouragement, both in advice and practical help. He married, November 6, 1833, Harriet Lyman, born October 10, 1810, died August 18, 1860, daughter of Colonel and Deacon Samuel Lyman, of Chester, Massachusetts. She bore him seven children.

(IX) Samuel Lyman, fifth child of Deacon Garry and Harriet (Lyman) Munson, was born in Norwich, now Huntington, Massachusetts, June 14, 1844. His early education was acquired in the common school, and at the age of twelve he entered Williston Seminary, where he studied three years. He then entered a Boston dry goods store, where he remained two years. Impaired health brought him back to the farm, where a year of outdoor work restored him to vigor. After a course at the Bryant & Stratton Commercial School at Albany, New York, he became a traveling salesman for Wickes & Strong. Four years he remained with them, and then in 1867, in company with two other young men, established a factory for the manufacture of linen collars. Two years later he assumed sole control, steadily increasing his business until 1884, when he purchased the Hudson Avenue Methodist Church and converted it into a factory where he has since been engaged in the manufacture of linen and lace goods, employing about one thousand hands. In 1889 he built another factory at Cobleskill, New York, for the exclusive manufacture of shirts. As an organizer to plan and conduct a business Mr. Munson has few equals; from a very small beginning he has built up a business of large dimensions. While he has always given the closest attention to his business, other interests have attracted him. He

has been trustee, secretary and vice-president of the Home Savings Bank of Albany, director of the National Exchange bank; trustee of the Chamber of Commerce, and chairman of its committee on manufactures. He is trustee of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church. His social clubs are the Fort Orange and County of Albany, and the Colonial, Arkwright, and Republican, of New York City. He is a life member of the New England Society of New York, and interested in the collection and preservation of family history and genealogy. He was a generous supporter of the "Munson Family History," and has his father's love of family and kindred. He is president of the Weekapaug Chapel Society, Weekapaug, Rhode Island; governor of the Albany Chapter of the Society of Founders and Patriots; regent of Philip Livingston Chapter, Sons of the Revolution, and a manager of the State Society. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity. He attained, by reason of long connection with the order, membership in the Masonic Veterans' Association, of Albany, of which he became president. He is an extensive traveler, and frequently delivers lectures on travel and other subjects. His large collection of books afford him one of his principal recreations, and with golf, his favorite pastime, fill the hours of leisure. In politics he is a Republican, that having been, almost without an exception, the family politics ever since the formation of the party. He was a presidential elector in 1901. He resides in Albany, where, in a beautiful home, his large library of well-selected books, indicates his breadth of mind, and wide range of thought.

He married, May 21, 1868, Susan Babcock Hopkins, born in Hudson, New York, June 29, 1844, daughter of Lemuel J. Hopkins. Children, all born in Albany, New York: 1. Harriet Lyman, March 8, 1869; educated at Miss Mackie's school, Newburg, New York; married Robert H. Lyman, managing editor of the *New York World*, and has a daughter, Susan Elizabeth, born November 18, 1905. 2. Anna Hopkins, died in infancy. 3. Edward Garry, February 16, 1873, graduate of Norwalk Military Institute. 4. Paul Babcock, November 5, 1875; graduate of Norwalk Military Institute, Phillips Andover Academy, and Yale University. 5. Samuel L., May 3, 1878; graduate of Harvard, class of 1900, and of Harvard Law School, class of 1903. 6. Amy Treadwell, February 1, 1881; graduated from Miss Runts-Rees' school, Greenwich, Connecticut; in 1908 made a trip around the world. 7. Robert, October 27, 1888; preparing at Lawrenceville, New Jersey, for ad-

mission to Princeton University. Edward G. Munson is managing a wadding plant in Cohoes, owned by Mr. Munson. The two next older sons are associated in business with their father in Albany.

William Munson, son of William Oscar and Ann (Patrick)

Munson, was born in Hebron, Washington county, New York. He learned the trade of blacksmith, which he followed for two years in Hartford, Washington county, after which time he went into the hotel business, first in Hartford, then in Middle Granville, where he remained about two years, and then went to Granville and conducted the old Woodard Hotel. On the site of the old building he erected the present Munson House, of which he was the proprietor a number of years, retiring in 1905. Since then he has managed the Forrest House at Lake St. Catherine, besides engaging in real estate business. He has held the office of town supervisor. He married, July 10, 1882, Clarissa Caroline Lincoln (see Lincoln II). Children: Dr. William Leslie, of whom further; Oscar P., of whom further.

(II) Dr. William Leslie, son of William and Clarissa Caroline (Lincoln) Munson, was born November 1, 1886, in Granville, Washington county, New York. He was educated in the public school of Granville, Albany Medical College, from which he was graduated in the class of 1908. He was house physician and surgeon in Albany City Hospital from 1908 to 1909. He is now practicing in Granville. He is a member of the county and New York State medical societies; member of Lodge No. 55, Free and Accepted Masons, of Granville.

(II) Oscar P., son of William and Clarissa Caroline (Lincoln) Munson, was born in Granville, July 25, 1887. He was educated in the public school of Granville and Troy Conference Academy. He entered Granville National Bank in 1907, and is now assistant cashier of that institution. He married Madeline, daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Wescott) Woodard. Daniel Woodard, son of Daniel and Anna (Case) Woodard, married Mary, daughter of James and Lydia (Marten) McNitt. Children: Lydia, married William Shaw; James McNitt married (first) Georgia Bocker; (second) Elizabeth Stetson; Emma, married Captain Joseph Hays; Daniel, of whom further; Frances; Martin; Ely, married Nettie Bush. Daniel, son of Daniel and Mary (McNitt) Woodard, was born January 7, 1854, in Hebron, Washington county, New York. He married Elizabeth, daughter of

James and Elizabeth (Warren) Westcott. Children: Ethel, married, December 25, 1908, Dr. W. D. Coolidge; one child, Elizabeth Belnap; Allan J., born 1885, married Mary Allen; Madeline, born 1890, married Oscar P. Munson.

(The Lincoln Line).

Harvey Lincoln was probably born in Hebron, Washington county, New York. He married Lucy Farrar. Children: Lucy, married David Thompson; Blossmer, died young; William P., of whom further; Lewis B., died young; Lewis A., died young; Homer, married Sarah Gardiner; Laura Louise, married Edwin Hannibal; Merrett C., married Clarissa Raibo.

(II) William Philetus, son of Harvey and Lucy (Farrar) Lincoln, was born in Danby, Vermont, April 11, 1822, died August 11, 1885. He lived in Danby, Vermont, during his early life, then in Rupert, Vermont, and later removed to Hebron, Washington county, New York, where he resided until his death. He was a farmer, owning lands in these different sections of Vermont and New York state. He was reared in the Baptist church, but later joined the Adventists, in which he became an active member, leading the singing for many years. He was a man of sterling integrity and highly respected by all who knew him.

He married, February, 1844, Maria Hay. Children: 1. Helen R., born December 30, 1844; married Charles Hudson, one son, Sidney. 2. David W., October 16, 1846; married Fannie R. Burke; one son, Orien. 3. Lucy Ann, December 24, 1848; married Aaron Loveland; children: i. William, married Gladys Coolidge, and has one child, Kenneth; ii. Frederick; iii. Elbert. 4. Mary Augusta, March 31, 1851; married John Moore; Children: Jay; Etta, married Charles Chamberlain, two children, Florence and Leon; Minnie, married Ray Hanna, two children: Marietta and Earnest. 5. Clarissa Caroline, married, July 10, 1882, William Munson.

Peter and Charity Hull came
HULL from England and settled in Nova Scotia a short time; from there they went to the town of Kent, in Connecticut. In England he was a merchant, and kept books and stationery. Peter and Charity Hull had one son, Daniel.

(II) Daniel, son of Peter and Charity Hull, married Ruth Barnum. They went to the town of Queensbury, New York, where he took up a large tract of land; here he lived and died. He was a member of the Society of Friends. Their children were: Daniel;

Nehemiah; Benjamin; Joseph, of whom further; David; Ruth; Sarah; Phoebe.

(III) Joseph, son of Daniel and Ruth (Barnum) Hull, was born in Queensbury, New York, May 28, 1795, died October 3, 1867. He was a member of the Society of Friends, and a leading farmer of his town. He married Polly Burnham, born April 25, 1795, died November 29, 1873. Children: 1. Lorenzo, born December 12, 1819. 2. Clorinda, born December 4, 1821, died September 6, 1859; married John Piester; children: Mary and Halsey. 3. Nelson, of whom further. 4. Leonard, D. D., born August 7, 1828; he inherited the Polly Burnham farm, which was granted to her patriotic ancestor in recognition of his revolutionary services as captain of a company at Bunker Hill, and Lake George; Leonard, D. D., married Melissa Sweet; children: Eber, Annie (M. D.) and Orville. 5. Orange, born October 27, 1830. 6. Orville, born July 30, 1833; married Sara Louisa Adams; he removed to Cedar Rapids, Iowa, where he became an extensive owner of real estate, also having large tracts in Florida with orange groves at DeLeon, Deland, Daytona and Ormond; he died in Deland, Florida, 1889. 7. Judson B., born March 23, 1835, died August 21, 1867; married, in 1859, Annie Foster; children: Charles, Jennie and Etta.

(IV) Nelson, son of Joseph and Polly (Burnham) Hull, was born on the Hull homestead at Glens Falls, New York, January 12, 1824, died in Hubbard, Iowa, December 29, 1899. Early in life he was in the furniture business in Granville, New York, until 1860, when he removed to Glens Falls to the farm inherited from his father, Joseph Hull. In 1884 he removed to Hubbard, Iowa, where he purchased a farm. He remained there engaged in agriculture until his death. (The Joseph Hull farm is yet (1910) in the possession of the Hull family.) Nelson Hull was a member of the Society of Friends, and always adhered closely to its most excellent tenets, and in both New York and Iowa was a recognized minister of that faith. He married, February 2, 1852, Hannah K. Dillingham (see Dillingham VIII). Children: 1. Otis Dillingham, of whom further. 2. Joseph, born July 4, 1854; married Josephine Staples; children: Anson and Orange. 3. Josephine, twin of Joseph, married Amos C. Norton; children: James, Nelson, Joseph, Lena, Louisa, Otis and Elizabeth. 4. Lydia Elizabeth, born March 22, 1859; married James E. Norton; children: Hiram, born 1884; Carrie, 1890; George, 1892. 5. Nelson (2), born July 4, 1861, died September 8, 1862. 6.

Louisa C., born March 22, 1872, died May 4, 1887.

(V) Otis Dillingham, son of Nelson and Hannah K. (Dillingham) Hull, was born in the town of Granville, Washington county, New York, January 26, 1853, died November 19, 1908. While still a boy his parents removed to the town of Queensburg near Glens Falls, where he was educated at the Glens Falls Academy. He inherited the Otis Dillingham farm from his Grandfather Dillingham, and early in life assumed its management. Later he sold his property, that is now a part of the village of Granville. Mr. Hull then went south and engaged in orange culture at Daytona, and De Leon Springs, Florida. He remained in the south until 1900 when he returned to Granville and engaged in the manufacture of slate. He was a member of Granville Lodge, No. 55, Free and Accepted Masons, a Knight Templar and Shriner. He married, October 23, 1876, Carrie, daughter of Hiram and Hannah Norton. Children: Lulu Norton, born February 17, 1880, a resident of Granville; George Nelson, born October 8, 1882, a resident of Granville.

(The Dillingham Line).

Edward Dillingham, born in England, died in Sandwich, Massachusetts, in 1666. Of his life in America, French's "An American Ancestry," says: "One of the earliest comers to Lynn (1632) was Edward Dillingham, Gentleman, who bore arms and brought over considerable money to invest for his friends in Bitterswell, Lancastershire, England. In 1647 he became one of the ten original settlers of Sandwich. In 1647-48 we find him one of those to inventory the property of James Holloway and George Knot. In 1657 he was arrested and admonished for sympathizing with the Quakers. He left but two sons, his only daughter having died in 1650." He married Druscilla ———, born in England, died in Sandwich in 1655. Sons: 1. John, born in England, died May 21, 1715, in Maverick, Massachusetts; married, March 24, 1650, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Feake; she died November, 1720. 2. Henry, of whom further.

(II) Henry, son of Edward and Druscilla Dillingham, was born in August, 1672, died in Sandwich, Massachusetts, 1695. He was a resident of Sandwich and his will was probated there August 25, 1705. To his son John gave he "land from my dwelling house to Falmouth, part of which my son John now dwells on." He married, June 24, 1653, Hannah Perry. Children: John, of whom further; Deborah, born December 21, 1659, mar-

ried Daniel Wing; Dorcas, married Ralph Earl; Edward, born about 1669.

(III) John, son of Henry and Hannah (Perry) Dillingham, was born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, February 24, 1658, died 1733. He was still a resident of Sandwich in 1702. He married ———. Children: Henry, born about 1685; Edward, born about 1687; John, about 1689, married, August 11, 1715, Jael, daughter of Elisha and Elizabeth Turner; Mary; Jeremiah, born 1697; Meletiah, of whom further.

(IV) Meletiah, son of John Dillingham, was born 1699, died January 25, 1786, at Hanover, Massachusetts. He is mentioned in the settlement of his father's estate. He lived in Sandwich until after his first marriage, but removed to Hanover before his first wife died. He was a large land owner, holding property in several adjoining towns. He married (first), in Scituate, Massachusetts, October 28, 1723, Mary Curtis, died December 17, 1727, aged twenty-four years. He married (second), in Hanover, February 18, 1730, Phebe Hatch, died January 20, 1732. He married (third), January 2, 1735, at Hanover, Maria Gifford, born October 16, 1709, died December 21, 1784. Children of first marriage: Edward, born 1724 or 1725; Lemuel, married, September 23, 1756, Sarah Palmer, of Hanover, daughter of Joshua and Sarah Palmer. Child by second marriage: Mephibosheth, born December 29, 1730, died June 9, 1731. Children by third marriage: Lydia, born March 22, 1736, married Zachaeus Gifford; Hannah, February 6, 1738; Content, June 30, 1739; Thomas, March 17, 1740; Joshua, of whom further; Meriba, November 4, 1745; William, September 16, 1747; Ann, September 9, 1749; Phebe, January 14, 1757.

(V) Joshua, son of Meletiah and his third wife, Maria (Gifford) Dillingham, was born in Hanover, Massachusetts, March 21, 1743. He married, July 6, 1773, Hannah, born October 4, 1747, daughter of Thomas and Deborah Rogers, of Marshfield. Children, born in Marshfield, Massachusetts: Stephen, of whom further; Deborah, born June 6, 1775; Otis, May 3, 1777; Joshua, December 11, 1779, died young; Lydia, twin of Joshua, died young; Joshua (2), December 7, 1782; Hannah, November 3, 1783; Sarah, December 9, 1784; Rhoda, April 9, 1787.

(VI) Stephen, eldest son of Joshua and Hannah (Rogers) Dillingham, was born in Marshfield, Massachusetts, March 6, 1774. He married Amy Tucker, born September 15, 1775, at Chappaqua, New York, died in Westchester county, New York, October 16, 1856. Children: Joseph, married Ruth Smith; Debo-

rah, died young; Abraham, of whom further; Hannah, married David Rogers; Stephen, married Eliza Rogers; Otis, of whom further; Reuben, died young.

(VII) Abraham, son of Stephen and Amy (Tucker) Dillingham, was born March 10, 1800. He married Lydia Rogers, born June 28, 1807, at Danby, Vermont, daughter of Aaron and Dinah (Folger) Rogers. Child, Henry, born July 17, 1833. He married, August 22, 1854, Lillys, daughter of Russell and Jane (Hoag) Borden. Their daughter, Lemoyne Dillingham, born October 28, 1865, married, January 4, 1893, G. Myron Allen.

(VII) Otis, son of Stephen and Amy (Tucker) Dillingham, was born November 18, 1811, died July 12, 1878. He married (first), June 12, 1832, Elizabeth Keese, of Peru, New York, born March 3, 1810, died January 10, 1845. He married (second) March 11, 1846, Lydia, daughter of Isaac and Mary Barker, of Granville, Washington county, New York. Children, all by first marriage: John K., married Sarah Potter; Hannah K., of whom further; Deborah, married William Huntington; Edwin, died young; Eliabeth, married Anson Rogers.

(VIII) Hannah K., daughter of Otis and Elizabeth (Keese) Dillingham, was born August 1, 1834, died May 4, 1900. She married, February 2, 1852, Nelson Hull (see Hull IV).

The surname Parker is derived from the Latin "parcius," parkkeeper, or shepherd.

Danes, Saxons and Normans all seem to have had the name at an early date. Parcum and de Parco are found in Domesday Book. As early as 900-925, in the reign of Edward I, a Geoffrey Parker is mentioned even before the common use of surnames in England. The family bore arms, that of the Brownsholme family of Parker, the pedigree of which is traced to William le Parker, of Witzwistle, Lancashire, before 1400 is: Vert, a chevron between three stags' heads cabossed or; crest: a leopard head affrontee erased or, ducally gorged gules; motto: Sevre Ande (dare to be just). This coat-of-arms descended through the Park Hall and Staffordshire lines, and is that used by Sir Thomas Parker, Earl of Macclesfield, England. A Parker branch that settled in Dutchess county, New York, descended from James Parker, a taxpayer in Woburn, Massachusetts, in 1645.

(I) John Parker was born in 1799, died November 30, 1848, aged forty-eight years, ten months and sixteen days. He had a brother, Samuel, who had children: Philip and Philo, twins, who were of Shelbyville, Illi-

nois. John Parker settled at an early date in Saratoga county, New York, where he engaged in farming and lumbering. He married Nancy McQueen, who died December 26, 1888, aged eighty-four years, four months, six days, daughter of Robert and Betsey McQueen. Robert McQueen died July 6, 1834, aged seventy-five years; Betsey McQueen died November 14, 1840, aged seventy-seven years.

(II) Robert, son of John and Nancy (McQueen) Parker, was born in the town of Galway, Saratoga county, New York. He engaged there in the lumber business and operated a farm. In 1888 he removed to Michigan, where he yet resides (1910). He married Margaret Timeson, who died in 1860. Their only child was John Nicholas, see forward.

(III) John Nicholas, only son of Robert and Margaret (Timeson) Parker, was born in the town of Providence, Saratoga county, New York, September 20, 1854, died in Schenectady, New York, February 23, 1907. His mother died when he was a lad of six years, and his early training devolved upon an aunt, who cared for him until he was ready to go out into the world and make his own way. This time came all too soon. He attended the winter schools, and in summer worked on a farm, receiving, at first, six dollars a month, working at this wage for two years, when he was raised to eight dollars. After two years more on the farm he yielded to the charm the Erie canal had for the farmer boy, and secured a job as water boy, where he earned a good round dollar every day. His uncle, Hiram Parker, was proprietor of a hotel at Acqueduct, and for eleven years John N. lived with him. He was treasuring his dollars, and after eleven years had sufficient capital to engage in business on his own account. For the next seven years he conducted the hotel at Rexford Flats, at the same time operating in all kinds of farm produce, under the firm name of John N. Parker & Company. He shipped large quantities of hay, grain and kindred products, and conducted a profitable business, which he continued until his death. After disposing of his Rexford Flats' property he operated the hotel at Acqueduct for four years. He built a fine residence at that place, which was his home ever after. He sold his hotel interest, and henceforth devoted himself to his produce business, the public service in the state of New York, and to business interests in the city of Schenectady. He was treasurer of the Schenectady Paving and Contracting Company, a concern that carried on the largest business of the

kind in northern New York. He also had an interest in the Niskayuna Ice Company, and was a director of the Schenectady Trust Company. He continued his successful business career up to the time of his death. In public life Mr. Parker was well known and prominent. He was a local leader in the Republican party, and influential in state party councils. He was honored and respected as a leader in Schenectady county, and always proved a formidable opponent at the polls. He held many public offices in the county; was road commissioner; for two terms represented his town on the board of supervisors, being elected without opposition. In 1894 he was appointed by Governor Levi P. Morton division superintendent of the eastern division of the Erie canal, going back in authority to the scene of his boyhood labor, and held this position twelve years. He was a capable official, and served his state well. At the time of his death he was assistant superintendent of public works of the state of New York. He was a familiar figure at party state conventions, and frequently was a delegate to Republican national conventions. His public life was clean, and he always made it his boast that he never had a dollar which he did not earn. He spent a life of active effort, and earned a deserved success. He was prominent in the Masonic order, belonging to St. George Lodge, Chapter and Commandery, and was a noble of Oriental Temple, Order of the Mystic Shrine. He was a charter member of Schaughmaugh-ta-da Tribe of Red Men, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He married, October 14, 1881, Katherine, daughter of John Blair, of Schenectady, and Julia Blair, of St. Johnsville, New York, who survives her husband. Children: 1. John Robert, see forward. 2. Ethel B., born July 21, 1884; married George G. Schieffelin; child: Richard G. 3. James C., July 20, 1887; educated at Phillips Exeter Academy; now a real estate dealer of Schenectady; married Grace Gilbert.

(IV) John Robert, eldest son of John Nicholas and Katherine (Blair) Parker, was born at Rexford Flats, Saratoga county, New York, October 14, 1882. He was educated in the public school, Schenectady high school, Union Classical Institute, Albany Business College, Mt. Beacon Military Academy, Fishkill, New York, and was graduated LL.B. from Cornell University, class of 1907. He was admitted to the Kentucky bar, and in 1907 to the New York bar, and at once began the practice of his profession in Schenectady, as a partner of the law firm of Wemple & Parker. In 1909 this partnership was dis-

solved, and he is now conducting a general law practice alone. He has always taken an active part in politics, following in the footsteps of his father. In 1909 he was the Republican candidate for the state legislature from Schenectady, being beaten by the slender majority of two hundred and eighty-seven votes. He is a member of the Episcopal church; Sigma Chi (Cornell); Phi Delta Phi, a legal fraternity; Phi Psi, a preparatory school fraternity; Schenectady County Bar Association; Schenectady Board of Trade; Mohawk Club; Mohawk Golf Club, and the Press, Republican and Boat clubs of Schenectady. He married, July 3, 1907, at Newcastle, Kentucky, Fannie Symes, born February 21, 1883, daughter of Major Sanford, of an old Kentucky family, and Fannie (Smith) Sahford, and granddaughter of Charles Sanford. Mr. and Mrs. Parker have a son, John Robert (2), born September 12, 1908.

From the time of the Dutch ancestor, Mathys Hooghteeeling, this name had caused deepest woe to those bearing it, on account of the many ingenious ways it can be spelled. Houghteling is one of the most common forms, but the tendency now seems to be toward the simpler form, Hotaling. Mathys Hooghteeeling was born 1644 (it is supposed in Holland), died 1706. He is the first of his name in the Hudson Valley. In 1697 a patent of land was granted him in Rensselaerwyck in the present town of Cossackie. He married Maria Hendrickse and had three sons and two daughters.

(II) Coenradt, son of Mathys and Maria (Hendrickse) Hotaling (Hooghteeeling), was born about 1667. He married, 1688, Tryntja Willemse Van Slyck, and had eleven children.

(III) Willem, second child of Coenradt and Tryntja W. (Van Slyck) Hotaling, was baptized January 17, 1692. He was a farmer and a freeholder of the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, in 1742. He married Lena Uzile, November 9, 1716, and had nine children.

(IV) Jonathan, son of Willem and Lena (Uzile) Hotaling, was baptized September 12, 1736. He married Jannetie Slingerland, November 2, 1754. He cultivated a farm in New Scotland and Bethlehem, and died, leaving sons, Coenrad, Johannes and Wouter. His eldest child and only daughter was Neeltje, baptized September 28, 1755.

(V) Coenrad, son of Jonathan and Jannetie (Slingerland) Hotaling, was baptized November 1, 1761, died in the town of Berne in 1831. He owned a large tract of land which, at his

death, was divided among his two sons, Aaron and Jonathan. Coenrad was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and was a class leader. He was a Democrat and a man of influence in his town. He was twice married. Children: Aaron, of whom further; Jonathan, died in Montezuma, New York, in 1903, leaving a son, Gabriel; Solomon, settled in the west, where he married, and had thirteen children.

(VI) Aaron, son of Coenrad and Janetta (Bogardus) Hotaling, was born in the town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, in 1797, died in the city of Albany in 1866. At the division of his father's property it was supposed that he got the less valuable half, but he later discovered upon it quarries of bluestone that made him a very rich man. Albany sidewalks are paved almost exclusively with flagstones taken from these quarries, and innumerable carloads have been shipped to distant points. In 1855 he retired from the active operation of his quarries and settled in a comfortable home in Albany, where he died eleven years later. The quarries are located near Reedville, in the town of Berne, and are yet a source of supply for flagging purposes. He was originally a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, but later became connected with the First Baptist Church in Albany. He was a man of religious nature, and lived a most exemplary life. In politics he was a Democrat. He married, in 1826, in Berne, Mary (Polly) Rogers, born in Albany county about 1800, died in Albany shortly after the removal to that city in 1855. She was a daughter of Captain Thomas and ——— (Wheat) Rogers. Captain Thomas Rogers was a soldier of the revolution. He was extensively engaged in lumbering and gained his title of captain from his river operations. He owned large tracts of timber in Washington county, and drove his logs, when practicable, down the Hudson to mills below. He was a well-known character, and with Deacon Philips, established the First Baptist church in Albany county, and was officially connected with it during his lifetime. He was one of the leading business men of his day. His two sons, Dr. Samuel and Dr. Hiram Rogers, went west, settled in Quincy, Illinois, where they helped to organize and build the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad. They became well known as prosperous business, rather than as professional men. His son, Thomas Rogers, was a farmer of New Scotland, and still another, Peniel, also settled in Quincy, Illinois, married, and left two sons, George, a prominent attorney of Springfield, Illinois, and Hiram, leading druggist

of Quincy. Captain Thomas Rogers died in Berne in 1849, in the ninety-first year of his age. Children of Aaron and Mary Hotaling: Hiram, of whom further; Oscar, born in Reedville, New York, 1830, died in New Scotland in 1905; married Leah Loucks and left Harry, now a resident of New Scotland, and a daughter, Mariette Mickle; William Chauncey, died in Albany, 1904; married Eleanor, daughter of John Moore, of Albany; they have no living issue; Louisa, married William H. Conger.

(VII) Hiram, eldest son of Aaron and Mary (Rogers) Hotaling, was born in the town of Berne, Albany county, New York, March 16, 1828. He was educated in the public schools, and in early life was a farmer. He was especially interested in fine stock breeding, and owned some of the first Durham short-horned cattle. In 1858, after the removal of the family to Albany, he engaged in the ice business in that city, which he prosecuted with such vigor that in a few years he had earned the title of "Ice King" of the Hudson river. During one year he had a complete monopoly of the city ice trade, supplying, in addition to the family trade, the large beef companies, hotels and restaurants. He became very prosperous and extended his operations to more distant points, not, however, with satisfactory results. He was a most capable man of business and a hard worker, richly deserving the success he won. He affiliated with the Democratic party until 1870, when he transferred his allegiance to the Republican. He now lives in quiet retirement in Albany, spending his summers in his home in the suburbs. He is a member of the First Baptist Church of Albany and a man of high character. He married, in Berne, Louisa Gardiner, died in Albany in 1892. She was, in later life, a member of the Baptist church, of deeply religious nature and truly womanly character. She was a daughter of Hon. James D. Gardiner, of the Gardiner's Island, New York, family. Gardiner's Island lies three miles east of the most easterly point of Long Island, and is seven miles in greatest length and one mile in greatest width. The area is about three thousand, three hundred acres, some in barren hills, ponds and beaches. The island was first granted to Leon Gardiner, born in England about 1599, died in East Hampton, Long Island, 1663. For two hundred and fifty years the island has been kept in the family name and in possession of the descendants of the first owner, eight proprietors having lived in the mansion house. Leon Gardiner was a man of great prominence in early colonial affairs, and had great influence

with both the colonial officials and with their foes, the Indians. He married May Wilemson, born in Holland. The line of descent is through David Gardiner, son of Leon, and second proprietor of Gardiner's Island, which Governor Dongan erected into "One Lordship and Manor of Gardiner's Island," September 11, 1686.

James D. Gardiner married Catharine Simmons, daughter of one of the oldest Albany county families, Colonel James Gardiner, an uncle of James D. Gardiner, served in the revolutionary war, where he held the commission of colonel, and a part of his equipment is still preserved in the family as a sacred relic. Hon. James D. Gardiner was a member of the New York state assembly in 1827.

Hiram and Louisa (Gardiner) Hotaling had two daughters: 1. Mary, born in New Scotland; was educated in Albany, and died in New York City in 1892. She married Samuel Curtis Parks, no issue. 2. Anna H., educated in the Albany schools; married William Curtis Saxton. She survives her husband and resides in Albany with her venerable father, they being the last survivors. She is a member of the Baptist church, and a woman of refinement and culture. William C. Saxton was born in Rockport, New York, died in Albany, January 18, 1910. He was finely educated and became well known in the literary world as a strong and interesting magazine and newspaper writer. He was for many years connected with the department of state at Albany, resigning on account of failing health. He then engaged in Albany as a wholesale dealer in coal until his sudden death. In early life he prepared for the profession of law and was admitted to the New York state bar in 1878. He was a pleasing and forcible public speaker and often in demand. He was a brother of Judge Saxton, of Clyde, New York, ex-lieutenant-governor of New York state.

The Pittz family of Albany, here-
PITZ in considered, of whom Dr. John Pittz is the head, descend from German ancestry. The grandfather of Dr. Pittz lived to be over ninety years of age, as did his father, John (1), who was born in Battledorf, Germany, in a Rhine province, in 1782. John Pittz, Sr., was a proficient musician, and served in the army of Napoleon the Great, followed that great commander in his disastrous invasion of Russia, and was one of the few who saw the burning of Moscow and lived to return to their homes. He was pensioned for his military service and lived many years to tell of that great campaign.

He was a man much loved in his village and sought after for his musical attainments and general good qualities. He died in 1871, in his native province. He married Weyler Dreis, born in the same house in which she was married. Her father was also a soldier of the Napoleonic wars, and held an office under the government. Children: Nicholas, born July 17, 1841, yet a resident of the German town of his birth; he served in the German army; two of his sons are soldiers in the German army, and served in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71. Jacob, for many years a police guard under the local government, died in 1880, leaving a daughter Catherine. The eldest child, Marguerite, married — Heunie, also a soldier in the war of 1870-71. Dr. John, see forward. Nicholas and Dr. John Pittz are the only surviving members of the family (1910).

(II) Dr. John Pittz, son of John (1) Pittz, was born July 16, 1844. He was educated in the public schools. He was but a boy when an epidemic of fever carried off hundreds of the residents of his province, among them many of his own relatives. The boy seems to have been born with an aptitude for treating diseases. He gave water to the sick, although this was strictly forbidden by the physicians. He did it out of pure sympathy, and observing that in every case they seemed to experience relief he gave them cool water in abundance and his four cases all recovered. When the war between Prussia and Austria was being waged he was drawn and assigned to hospital duty. Although without medical knowledge his natural aptitude made him a valuable assistant, and he gained valuable experience. He decided to adopt medicine for his profession. In August, 1869, he left home and came to the United States, landing from the steamship "America" in New York, after a passage of eleven days. He proceeded to Albany, where he soon afterwards began the study of medicine under Dr. Albert Van Derveer, and in 1872 was granted a diploma and state license to practice. He is a very successful physician and has a large practice all over the city. His success in fever cases is marked, few being lost. He is identified with the medical societies, and with the local German singing society, Cecilia and Harmonica. He is a trustee of the German Veteran Association, and a prominent and popular member of German life and society.

He married (first) Theresa Whitemier, who died soon after her marriage. He married (second), in 1878, Louise Heisler, born in Albany, August 1, 1859, of German parentage. Her father, Martin Heisler, born No-



John Pitts M.D.

vember 11, 1820, died in 1906. His wife, Mary (Smith) Heisler, died in 1878. Children of Dr. John and Louise (Heisler) Pittz: 1. John, accidentally drowned in the Hudson river, at the age of fourteen years. 2. Anthouy, born September 5, 1881, with a wholesale fruit house of Albany; married Elizabeth Hughes; daughter, Louise, born December, 1908. 3. Joseph, born May 15, 1884; painter; unmarried. 4. Louise, married Jacob Decker. 5. Edward, born June 29, 1892.

ADAMS Henry Adams, of Braintree, Massachusetts, called thus because he was one of the first settlers in that part of Massachusetts designated "Mt. Wollaston," which was incorporated in 1640 as the town of Braintree. He arrived in Boston with his wife, eight sons and a daughter in 1632. The authorities at Boston allotted him forty acres of land "at the Mount" for the ten persons in his family, February 24, 1639-40. Henry Adams died in Braintree, October 6, 1646. His descendants have probably filled more high public offices in the United States and rendered greater public service than the descendants of any other man who ever landed on the coast of America. Every page of American history is enriched by the deeds of an Adams. They alone can point to a son succeeding his father as president of the United States, namely: John Adams and John Quincy Adams, also Charles Francis Adams, who served as minister to England. In law, business, church or state, they have been leaders. Sons of Henry Adams, all born in England, were: 1. Lieutenant Henry, killed by the Indians at his own doorway, February 21, 1676; his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Moses Paine, was accidentally shot the same day and died eight days later, February 29; Lieutenant Henry was the first town clerk of Braintree, Massachusetts, and representative of the town in the general court, 1659-65-74-75. 2. Lieutenant Thomas, married Mary Blackmore; he was town clerk, selectman and representative of the town of Chelmsford, Massachusetts, to the general court; he died in Chelmsford, July 20, 1688, aged seventy-six years. 3. Captain Samuel, married (first) Rebecca, daughter of Thomas Graves; married (second) Esther, daughter of Nathaniel Sparhawk; he had four hundred and fifty acres of land granted him, near where the city of Lowell now is, and exclusive right to erect and run a saw-mill, provided he would sell boards at three shillings per one hundred; and another grant of one hundred acres and right to build and run a grist mill or corn mill, provided he

would keep a sufficient mill and miller; he was commissioner to the court, 1667, from Chelmsford. He died January 24, 1668-69. 4. Deacon Jonathan, married (first) Elizabeth, daughter of John Russell. He settled in Medfield, where his house was burned by Indians in 1676; he died 1690, aged seventy-one years. 5. Peter, see forward. 6. John; there is a grave doubt as to John being a son of Henry of Braintree. So much has been written pro and con that it cannot be here stated that he was. By many he is believed to have been the sixth son. Thayer says: "John was in Chelmsford 1654, after which we are not able to trace him." President John Quincy Adams (see his letter in Gen. Reg. vol. XXXIV, p. 67) says the ten persons in Henry Adams family for whom land grant was made in 1640, were himself, wife, daughter and seven sons. John Adams was of Cambridge, and the progenitor of a large posterity. 7. Joseph, married Abigail, daughter of George and Margaret (Paddy) Bazter, of Boston; he was a "malster," and selectman in 1673; died in Braintree, 1694, aged sixty-eight years. 8. Ensign Edward, married (first) Lydia, daughter of Richard and Agnes (Bicknell) Rockwood; married (second) Widow Abigail (Craft) Ruggles, of Roxbury, Massachusetts; he was of Medfield; selectman and representative for Medfield in the general court, 1689-92-1702; he died in Medfield, November 12, 1716 "the last of the original settlers."

(II) Peter, fifth son of Henry Adams, of Braintree, was born in England, 1622, died about 1690. He settled in Medfield, Massachusetts, in 1652, his wife and son John coming with him from Braintree. He married, and had six children: 1. John, see forward. 2. Rachel, married George, son of George and Mary (Adams) Fairbanks; she died 1678. 3. Dr. Peter, married Experience Cook, a teacher; he called the first preaching service in Medfield, making use of an old drum used in the Indian wars; Savage says he was a physician of Medway; he died December 8, 1723. 4. Hannah, married (first) John, son of Joshua Fisher; married (second) Joseph, son of John Metcalf; she died 1746. 5. Mary. 6. Jonathan (2). 7. Ruth. 8. Joseph, married Mary, daughter of Charles Davenport, of Dorchester, Massachusetts; his will was proved December 27, 1746. 9. Dr. Samuel, married Sarah Savin; he was called a "cordwainer," and the records say he practiced medicine; he died 1731. 10. Henry, died young.

(III) John, eldest child of Peter and Rachel Adams, was born in Braintree, Massachusetts. He was a farmer and removed to Canterbury,

Connecticut. He married (second), April 2, 1685, Michael Bloice, of Watertown, Massachusetts. She is there recorded as "Mychall," daughter of Richard and Mychall (Jenneson) Bloice, also "Boyce." She was born April 3, 1664, died February 26, 1724. Children: 1. Samuel, died April 24, 1742; married (first) Mary Plimpton, (second) Margaret Adams. 2. Mary. 3. Patience. 4. Ruth, married Abraham Paine; they removed to Dutchess county, New York. 5. Josiah, died young. 6. Captain John, died 1762, aged sixty-six years; he married Mrs. Abigail (Cleveland) Brown, daughter of Josiah and Abigail (Paine) Cleveland. 7. Isaac, see forward. 8. Richard, died April 17, 1733; married Mary Cleveland. 9. John. 10. Abigail. 11. Bethia. 12. Captain Michael, died August 26, 1776; married Sarah Shuttleworth; he was of Thompson, Connecticut.

(IV) Isaac, fourth child of John and Michael (Bloice) Adams, was born in Medfield, Massachusetts, January 30, 1697-98. He was of Canaan, Connecticut. June 28, 1751, he bought land and settled at Salisbury, Connecticut, which he later deeded to his son Jeremiah. In January, 1752, he deeded to his brother, Captain John, all his right and interest in his father's estate. He died in Salisbury, November 24, 1763. He married February 17, 1728, Zerviah Brown, of Canterbury, Connecticut, who died in Salisbury, July 20, 1787, aged seventy-five years. Children: 1. Phineas, married Elizabeth Selleck; he was the executor of his father's will; he died January 7, 1779. 2. Joshua, see forward. 3. Jeremiah, removed to Poultny, Vermont; served in Captain Zebediah Dewey's company in March and October, 1780, and in 1781 in Captain Abraham Moseley's company; he died in Hampton, Washington county, New York, May 23, 1816, aged eighty-four years.

(V) Joshua, second son of Isaac and Zerviah (Brown) Adams, was born in Canterbury, Connecticut, June 2, 1731. He settled in Egremont, Massachusetts, where July 6, 1768, Joshua Adams, yeoman, is said to be "of Tanconock Mountain, in the county of Berkshire, province of Mass. Bay." February 2, 1772, Joshua Adams was "of Egremont," and deeded land to one Van Gilder, of Noble-town, Albany county, New York. Children, all born in Egremont, Massachusetts: 1. Joshua (2), born 1757; enlisted in Captain Carr's company, Eighth Massachusetts regiment, November, 1779. A Joshua Adams, supposed to be the same man, was a private from Egremont in Captain Ingersoll's company, Colonel David Brewster's Berkshire regiment, enlisted May 22, 1775, and served

for two months. "Joshua Adams, of Alford, Mass.," was awarded a bounty of two hundred acres of land, or \$20 cash, for services in the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment. 2. Benjamin. 3. Dr. Peter Charles, see forward. 4. Peletiah, settled in Albany, New York; married Hannah Best, and died 1827, aged sixty-two years. 5. Thomas. 6. Charlotte. 7. Olive.

(VI) Dr. Peter Charles Adams, son of Joshua Adams, was born in Egremont, Massachusetts, June 12, 1673, died September 3, 1823. He was sheriff of Greene county, 1802-06, and represented the county in the state senate, 1806-09. He married, September, 1785, Christina Van Bergen, born February 26, 1767, died August 11, 1833. Children, all born in Cocksackie, New York: 1. Dr. Henry, see forward. 2. Rhoda, married Isaac A. Hollenbeck, no issue. 3. Peter, died 1814, unmarried. 4. William Van Bergen, died 1861, unmarried. 5. Herman Cuyler, died March 8, 1876; married Adeline, daughter of Roswell Reed, of Cocksackie. 6. Eleanor Eliza, died 1832, unmarried. 7. Anna Maria, married Walter R. Jones; she died July 31, 1845. 8. Charlotte Christina, married (first) Henry Tomlinson, (second) William Farmer.

(VII) Dr. Henry Adams, eldest son of Dr. Peter Charles and Christina (Van Bergen) Adams, was born in Cocksackie, New York, January 6, 1787, died at Cohoes, New York, July 6, 1857. He adopted the profession of medicine, and in 1849 removed to Cohoes, New York. He was a devout Christian, as well as a skillful physician, and was greatly esteemed in the city where he was known as the "beloved physician." During the war of 1812 he was brigade-surgeon at Sackett Harbor, New York. He is buried in the family plot at Cocksackie. He married, in 1823, Agnes, daughter of Anthony Egberts, an officer of the revolutionary army. Children all born in Cocksackie, New York; Hon. Charles Henry, see forward; Evalina M., born January 23, 1830, died January, 1854, she married Rev. Charles Newman Waldron, LL.D., of Cohoes, New York, died in Detroit, Michigan; Egbert E., born 1832, died 1848.

(VIII) Hon. Charles Henry Adams, eldest son of Dr. Henry and Agnes (Egberts) Adams, was born in Cocksackie, New York, April 10, 1824.

He was educated at the Albany Academy; after studying law he was admitted to the bar and practiced his profession in Albany until 1850, when he removed to Cohoes, and operated the Watervliet Mills in that city, which was his home for thirty years. He

was not only a leading manufacturer of the city, and one of her most active, progressive business men, but was a most prominent and well-known citizen in public official life. He was elected the first mayor of Cohoes under the city charter, was president of the water board that gave to Cohoes its wonderful system of water power supply that turns the wheels of industry in so many mills in that city. He was president of the First National Bank of the city of Cohoes many years; president of the National Knit Goods Association, in fact while in Cohoes was interested in all that pertained to the welfare of the city. He invested heavily in real estate, built the Egberts Woolen Mills, presented the city with a much needed steam engine "as an expression of my personal interest in the welfare of the community." ("Adams steamer" is still in service, doing valiant service and successfully competes with newer rivals.) He built business blocks, fostered new enterprises, and was one of the purchasers of Grandview Park, and had it laid out as a park for the use of the city. He was greatly appreciated in the city, and when he returned from Europe, during his incumbency of the mayor's office, was accorded a most enthusiastic and cordial public reception. When the news of his death was made public, the flags on the City Hall were displayed at half mast and the general grief was most remarkable. Mr. Adams had a most distinguished political career. He was aide-de-camp with rank of colonel to Governor Hunt in 1851, member of the assembly in 1857; state senator, 1872-73; member of congress from the Albany district, 1876. He was presidential elector in 1873, and was appointed by President Grant United States commissioner to the World's Fair and Exposition in Vienna, 1873. About the year 1880 he removed to New York City, where he continued to be interested in business. There he was president of the Mercantile Corporation of the United States and South Africa; director of the Bank Clerk's Corporation Building and Loan Association, and trustee of the Metropolitan Savings Bank, retaining as well his large interests in Cohoes. He was truly a man of affairs, and had many interests in life outside business and politics. He had artistic and scientific tastes that he gratified, and held memberships in the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the American Geographical Society. He was proud of his descent from a famous ancestry, and connected himself with the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society, and the Sons of the American Revolution. His social interests were conserved by membership in the Metro-

politan Club and St. Nicholas Club of New York. He was of a most charitable and benevolent disposition, but so modest and retiring that his benefactions were known only to the giver and the beneficiary.

He married, September 15, 1853, Elizabeth, daughter of William Barnes Platt, of Rhinebeck, New York. She died in 1866, leaving two children: Mary Egberts, born in Rhinebeck, New York, 1854, married Robert Johnston, of Cohoes, who died two years later, leaving a son Robert; William Platt Adams, see forward. He married (second) Judith Crittenden, daughter of Chapman and Mary (Crittenden) Coleman, of Louisville, Kentucky. Children: Agnes Ethel; Judith Berlina (Mrs. E. C. Converse, Jr.).

(IX) William Platt, only son of Hon. Charles Henry and Elizabeth (Platt) Adams, was born in Rhinebeck, New York, February 18, 1859. He is a lineal descendant of Presidents John and John Quincy Adams. Through his great-grandmother, Christina (Van Bergen) Adams, he is descended from Captain Martin Van Bergen, who came from Holland in 1630, and also from Major Derrick Wessel Ten Broeck, mayor of Albany. His great-great-grandmother, Nellie Salisbury Van Bergen, was a great-granddaughter of the famous Admiral Salisbury; his grandmother, Agnes (Egberts) Adams, was a daughter of Anthony Egberts, who was an officer in the American army during the revolutionary war, and a sister of Egbert Egberts, the father of the knit goods industry in Cohoes, first president of the National Bank of Cohoes and the donor of Egberts Institute to the city.

William Platt Adams was educated at De Garmo Academy at Rhinebeck, from which he was graduated 1875. After finishing his preparatory course he matriculated at Union College, where he made an enviable record, graduating A.B., class of 1879. He won both the Clark and Allen prizes for excellence in literary work and was chosen class orator. He was prominent also in athletics, and on several occasions brought his college colors first over the winning line in running contests. In 1880 he formed a partnership with John L. Newman, of Albany, for the manufacture of knit underwear, locating their mills at Cohoes, which has since been his home. This connection with Mr. Newman existed ten years, when both retired and have not since been actively engaged in public business. He represented his father's interests in Cohoes, the latter having removed to New York. Since his father's death, in 1902, he has represented and managed the Adams estate, consisting of mills, business blocks and other im-

proved and unimproved real estate. He directs and manages his own private estate and serves as director of the First National Bank of Cohoes, and the Commerce Insurance Company of Albany. He also has large real estate interests in Rhinebeck, New York. His taste for travel is abundantly gratified by frequent journeys at home and abroad, one tour of Europe and foreign lands extending over a period of three years, accompanied by his family. He is a Republican in politics, but the Adams love of public life and prominence is not one of his characteristics. In 1909 he was appointed by Governor Hughes one of the commissioners of the Hudson-Fulton celebration, October to November, 1909, and chairman of the committee to accompany the Governor on his up-river trip from New York City to Cohoes. At the latter city, which was the culmination point of the celebration, Governor and Mrs. Hughes were entertained during their stay by Mr. and Mrs. Adams at their beautiful home. In 1910 he is a trustee of Union College, and a member of the Graduate Council. He is a member and an elder of the Dutch Reformed church of Cohoes. He is a member of the college fraternity, Alpha Delta Phi, and of the Alpha Delta Phi Club of New York City. He has been a member of the County and Castle Club, Isle of Wight, England; the St. Nicholas of New York City, and is a member of the Waterford Country Club; University Club of Albany, of Troy Chapter, Sons of the Revolution, Dutchess County Society of New York, and the American Club in Paris.

He married, January 23, 1884, at Red Hook, New York, Katherine Whiteman, born at Red Hook, daughter of Jacob W. Elseffer, born in Red Hook, September 6, 1831, died November 15, 1907, a prominent attorney of Dutchess county, New York, and descendant of a family founded in that county a century and a half ago. In 1580 Louis Elzvier, a printer, left Germany for Holland to escape religious agitations, and soon thereafter books bearing the imprint of "Elzvier" appeared. He had seven sons, five following the business of their father and becoming distinguished therein, and the other two returning to the highlands of Germany. From this noted family of printers, whose fame spread throughout the civilized world as the printers of the Elzvierian Bibles, a male descendant came to America in 1738 and settled in Rhinebeck. Since then the now Elseffer family have been prominent in Dutchess county, holding various high positions in financial and political life. Through the Whitemans the Elseffers are descended from Jacob Sharpe, who had

conveyed to him and others by Governor Hunter in 1710 six thousand acres of land in Columbia county, in trust for themselves and the other Palatines. Jacob W. Elseffer married Delia Eliza Bonesteel, born at Claremont, Columbia county, New York. Children of William Platt and Katherine W. (Elseffer) Adams: Elizabeth Platt and Katherine Elseffer.

(The Platt Line).

The Platts were prominent in England in the time of Edward III. In the records of the Heraldry office in London it is called the ancient and honorable family of Platt.

(I) Richard Platt was of English birth, and came to America in 1638, landing at New Haven, Connecticut. He was one of the founders of the town of Milford, where he was a landowner and deacon of the first church in 1669. His estate inventoried six hundred pounds sterling. He died in 1684. Children: Mary, John, Isaac and Sarah, born in England; Epenetus, Hannah, Josiah and Josiah, baptized in Milford. Isaac and Epenetus settled at Huntington, Long Island.

(II) Epenetus, son of Richard and Mary Platt, was recorded as one of the land holders of Huntington, Long Island, in 1666. With his brother Isaac he was imprisoned by the tyrannical Governor Andros. He was known as Captain Epenetus. In 1667 he married Phebe Wood, and died in 1693. His children were: Phebe, Mary, Epenetus, see forward, Hannah, Elizabeth, James, Jeremiah, Ruth and Sarah.

(III) Epenetus (2), son of Epenetus (1) and Phebe (Wood) Platt, was born April 4, 1674. He was known as Major Epenetus and was a member of the colonial assembly from 1723 to 1737. He died in 1744. Children: Epenetus (3), Zaphar, Uriah, Solomon, Elizabeth and Phoebe.

(IV) Epenetus (3), son of Major Epenetus (2) Platt, owned a large landed estate. He was captain of militia.

(V) Eliphalet, son of Epenetus (3) Platt, was born July 12, 1733, died 1795. He was of Pleasant Valley, Dutchess county, New York, where he was ruling elder of the Presbyterian church, and inspector of the Dutchess county presbytery. He married Mary Scudder. Children: Henry, John, Jemima and Betsey.

(VI) John, son of Eliphalet Platt, of Pleasant Valley, was of Clinton, Dutchess county, New York. He was a deacon of the Presbyterian church of Pleasant Valley, and inspector of the Dutchess county Presbytery. He served in the war of the revolution. He

married Catherine Barnes. Children: Dr. Eliphalet, William Barnes and Isaac I.

(VII) William Barnes, second son of John and Catherine (Barnes) Platt, was born in Pleasant Valley, New York. He was a banker of Rhinebeck, Dutchess county, New York. He married Sara Catherine Stoutenberg, of Hyde Park, New York. Children: John H. and Elizabeth.

(VIII) Elizabeth, only daughter of William Barnes and Sara Catherine (Stoutenberg) Platt, married Hon. Charles Henry Adams (see Adams VIII).

(The Whiteman Line).

Hendrick Werdman, afterward written Whiteman, an early settler of the town of Red Hook, Dutchess county, New York, came from Zurich, Switzerland, settling in Ulster county, New York. He married Claphena Kock at Esopus. They had been members of the same church in Zurich, and were betrothed there. In 1748 he settled in Rhinebeck, acting as land agent, and the farm on which he located is still in possession of the family. He was a noted patriot of the revolutionary period, as was his son. On October —, 1777, a band of Tories threatened their house, but the Whitemans barricaded the doors and windows so effectually that the Tories withdrew. Jacob Whiteman drew wheat to the continental army quartered at Newburg, under General Washington. He started before daybreak with sixty bushels of wheat and returned the same night, traveling seventy-six miles. He married Catherine Neher, daughter of Frederick Neher, a farmer. He died in 1838, leaving two children, Henry and Maria Whiteman. Henry Whiteman was noted for his liberal opinions and his hospitality. He was a staunch follower of Thomas Jefferson and strongly opposed. He married Rebecca, daughter of George Sharpe. Their only child, Catherine Whiteman, married John Elseffer, who maintained the reputation of Whiteman Place for open-handed hospitality. John Elseffer was a magistrate for twenty-four years, and it was said that no decision made by him was ever carried to a higher court. He was a member of the legislature in 1843. He left three children: Henry D., Jacob W., and William L. Elseffer, all of whom had distinguished careers. Jacob W. studied law and came to high station in his profession. He married Delia E. Bonesteel, daughter of Henry N. and Helen (Miller) Bonesteel. The Bonesteel family began in the county with Nicholas, who married Anna Margaretha Kuhns, and settled about 1714; a portion of

the town of Red Hook is on his farm. Katherine Whiteman, daughter of Jacob W. Elseffer, married William Platt Adams (see Adams IX).

John Hall, emigrant ancestor of HALL the Halls of Westminster, Vermont, Troy and Hoosick Falls, New York, who are here recorded, came from Coventry, Warwickshire, England, in 1630, to Charlestown, Massachusetts, perhaps in the fleet with Governor Winthrop. He was then about twenty-one years of age. His name is number nineteen on the list of members of the First Church of Charlestown at its organization, July 30, 1630; the church was removed and became the First Church of Boston. He was made a freeman, May 14, 1634, was of Barnstable, 1640, and of Yarmouth, 1653. He made his will July 15, 1694, in which he mentions eight sons. He died July 23, 1696, and was buried on his farm. He married (first) Bethia ——. Children: 1. Samuel, married Elizabeth Pollard; had no issue, but willed his property to his widow and seven brothers. 2. John, of whom further. 3. Sheba, baptized in Charlestown, September 12, 1639, died in infancy. Children by second wife, Elizabeth: 4. Joseph, baptized in Yarmouth, July 3, 1642, died May 31, 1716; removed to Mansfield, Connecticut; deacon of the first church of Mansfield and the first town clerk; married Mary ——, left no children. 5. Benjamin, baptized July 14, 1644, died in infancy. 6. Nathaniel, baptized February 8, 1646; fought as captain under Colonel Church, September 30, 1689, in defence of Falmouth, Maine, and November 19, 1689, it was ordered that Captain Nathaniel Hall take charge as commander-in-chief of the forces. He was an inn keeper in Yarmouth and also practiced medicine to some extent; finally removed to Lewiston, Sussex county, Pennsylvania, near the Delaware river. He married Anna, daughter of Rev. Thomas Thornton, of Yarmouth, and left no children. 7. Gershom, baptized March 5, 1648, died October 31, 1732; a millwright; he lived in Harwich, Massachusetts; was a selectman in 1710, continuing until 1722; a representative 1712-13-14. He acted as minister and received salary of twenty-six pounds yearly from the town of Chatham, also from Harwich. He married (first) Bertha Bangs; (second) Martha Branball; five children. 8. William, baptized June 8, 1651, died June 11, 1727, buried at Mansfield, Connecticut. He held rank of captain at Norwich, Connecticut. He married Easter, Esther or Hester ——, the name being given all three ways in the

records; four children. 9. Benjamin, baptized May 29, 1653, was found dead in his bed, February 7, 1678; a soldier of the Second Narragansett expedition, lived in Harwich, Massachusetts, and Mansfield, Connecticut. He married Mehitable Matthews and had three children. 10. Elisha, born 1655; in 1716 was called "Ensign Elisha" and lived in Yarmouth. He was chosen representative in 1703 and held office five years. He married Lydia ——— and had eight children.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Bethia Hall, was born in Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1637, died in Yarmouth, Massachusetts, October 14, 1710, and is buried in Dennis, a part of Yarmouth. He was a deacon of the Yarmouth church and lived on the old homestead in Dennis, where he and his wife are buried. He married Priscilla, born March 10, 1643, died March 30, 1712, daughter of Austin Bearse, of Barnstable, who came from Southampton, England, in the ship "Confidence," April 2, 1638, aged twenty years. Children: John, born 1661, died in infancy; Joseph, of whom further; John, born 1666, married Margaret, daughter of Rev. John Miller, nine children; Priscilla, born 1668, died in infancy; Priscilla, born February, 1671; Esther, April, 1672; Mary, March 1, 1674; Martha, May 24, 1676; Nathaniel, September 15, 1678, married Widow Jane Moore; removed to Lewiston, Pennsylvania, where he was living with two children in 1733.

(III) Joseph, son of John (2) and Priscilla (Bearse) Hall, was born September 29, 1663, died January 29, 1737. He settled on his father's farm in Dennis; was chosen deacon of the Yarmouth church; selectman in 1701 and held the office twenty-eight years; a representative in 1715-16. He married (first) February 12, 1690, Hannah, born April 19, 1666, died August 23, 1710, daughter of Rev. John Miller, first minister of the Yarmouth church. He married (second) Mary Pounce, widow of John Morton. She died May 31, 1761, aged eighty years. Children of first wife: 1. Hannah, born February 20, 1691, married, November 22, 1715, Ebenezer Crocker, of Barnstable. 2. Priscilla, March 28, 1693. 3. Margery, February 24, 1695. 4. Joseph (2), August 6, 1697; he was a deacon of the Yarmouth church; married Rebecca, daughter of Paul and Mercy (Freeman) Sears; eleven children, five dying young. 5. Daniel, of whom further. 6. Josiah, August 12, 1701, died April 9, 1758; married Rebecca Howes, eight children. 7. David, August 6, 1704, died May 8, 1789; a graduate of Harvard College, 1724; received degree of D.D. from Dartmouth College;

1777 was candidate for presidency of Princeton College at the time Dr. Jonathan Edwards was elected; minister at Sutton, Massachusetts, sixty years until his death; was of "noble bearing, intellectual vigor and fervent piety." A monument stands to his memory erected by the people of Sutton. He married, June 24, 1731, Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. Jonathan and Rebecca (Berkley) Prescott, of Concord, Massachusetts. She died August 7, 1803, aged ninety years; twelve children and probably more. (A young minister exchanged pulpits with Dr. Hall, and being at his house and seeing Mrs. Hall with a child in her arms and looking very youthful, asked her if it was her first child. She replied, "Yes, it is the first of the second dozen.") Children of second wife: Mary, born March 30, 1712. 9. Peter, May 19, 1715; married Abigail Sears; five children. 10. John, January 30, 1717, died January 1, 1792; married (first) Abigail Hay; (second) Elizabeth Sears; nine children. 11. Bathshebah, July 5, 1719.

(IV) Daniel, son of Joseph and Hannah (Miller) Hall, was born July 15, 1699, died October 24, 1768. He lived in Yarmouth, Massachusetts, all his days. He was a deacon of the church there for many years. He married (first) Lydia ———; (second) Sarah Downs; (third) Rebecca Bangs. He had sixteen children, seven of whom are mentioned; there were two sons and seven daughters whose names are not recorded: 1. Daniel, born August 6, 1722, died August 3, 1774; married (first) Priscilla Paddock; (second) Jerusha Howes; two children. 2. David, March 6, 1724; married (first) Tamsen Sears; (second) Ruth Atkins; (third) Rebecca Crosby; six children. 3. Lot, of whom further. 4. Joshua, May 5, 1737. 5. Ather-ton, March 7, 1748; married Ruth Crowell; nine children. 6. Peter, February 10, 1750. 7. Samuel, March 7, 1752; married Elizabeth Sears; six children.

(V) Lot, son of Daniel Hall (by which wife cannot be stated), was born March 18, 1725. He resided all his life at Yarmouth, Massachusetts. He married Hannah Doane. Children: 1. Daniel, born October 14, 1754; he was a lieutenant on board the privateer "Arnold," and froze to death off Cape Cod, December 26, 1778, with seventy-seven others (see Freeman's History of Cape Cod). 2. Lot, of whom further. 3. Urian, born September 17, 1759. 4. William, September 14, 1764; married Polly ———; one son.

(VI) Hon. Lot (2) Hall, son of Lot (1) and Hannah (Doane) Hall, was born at Yarmouth, Barnstable County, Massachusetts,

1757. Little is known of his youthful days. He was well educated, as is proven by his after career. At the outbreak of the revolution he warmly advocated the cause of the colonies and at the first opportunity entered the service. South Carolina, "being in want of seamen," offered inducements to the young man through Elijah Freeman Payne, who furnished him with enlistment papers. Payne was then lieutenant of a twenty-gun ship, "The Randolph," lying at Charleston, South Carolina, commanded by Captain Cockran. He promised Hall a lieutenancy in the marine department provided he would enlist fifteen men and transport them to Providence, Rhode Island. Entering upon his task with energy, he secured twenty-nine men and a boy, residents of Barnstable county, procured a schooner and conveyed his recruits to Providence. At Stonington a vessel was procured with cannon and stores, named the "Eagle," and in her Captain Payne and Lieutenant Hall put to sea, intending to cruise to Charleston and there join "The Randolph." They took several prizes, one of them "The Spears," being placed in command of Lieutenant Hall as prize master. The ships became separated and the prisoners on board greatly outnumbered the crew, mutinied and on September 13, 1776, obtained control of the ship. They arrived at Glasgow, Scotland, and Lieutenant Hall was delivered to the city authorities, who ordered him imprisoned. Through Masonic friends whom he found in power he received many favors and was given unusual liberties. In April, 1777, he was released; on his way home, and within sight of the Virginia coast, when the vessel on which he was a passenger, "The Duke of Grafton," was captured by a British man-of-war of sixty-four guns, "The St. Albans," and the lieutenant was again a prisoner. His second captivity lasted only ten days. Through the efforts of Patrick Henry, then governor of Virginia, he was exchanged and provided with a horse and money to enable him to reach Massachusetts. Many years afterward his descendants received pay for his naval services. On returning to Barnstable he began the study of law and remained there until 1812, when he removed to Vermont, first settling at Bennington. In 1783 he was at Westminster. He rose to eminence in his profession; was elected to the Vermont general assembly, 1789-91-92 and 1808. In 1792 he was presidential elector and with his colleagues cast the vote of his state for George Washington and John Adams. He was a fellow of Middlebury College, a member of the council of censors, and for seven years, 1794-1801, was judge of the

supreme court of the state. Of Judge Hall it was written: "He is one of the Judges of the Supreme Court, which office he fills in such a manner as to reflect honor on even so important a station." He died May 17, 1809, in his fifty-third year. He married, in Boston, February 13, 1786, Mary Homer, of that city, an orphan, only fifteen years of age. She outlived her husband many years, died February 21, 1843, aged seventy-two years. Under the title "A True Story," a romantic account of her courtship and marriage appeared in the *Herald of Freedom* in December, 1789. The "A True Story" was again printed in the *Barnstable Journal* in August, 1829, and reprinted in the *Troy Daily Post*, February 21, 1845.

(VII) Daniel (2), eldest child of Lot (2) and Mary (Polly) (Homer) Hall, was born in Westminster, Vermont, 1787, died in Troy, New York, December 10, 1868. He was educated at the University of Vermont, and in 1804 came to Troy, New York, where he began the study of law with A. Paine. He was admitted to the bar of New York and was actively engaged in the practice of his profession in Troy all his life. He was a careful, painstaking lawyer, a safe counsellor, but not an advocate. His was largely an office business and his clients' interests were well safeguarded. He was a Whig, and on the formation of the Republican party became an active, earnest worker in that organization. He was a very strict observer of religious forms and always insisted that his family accompany him to public worship. He married Anjinette Fitch. She was a descendant of Thomas Fitch, the emigrant ancestor who came from Bocking, Essex county, England, with his widowed mother in 1635-38. He was in Norwalk, 1652. He is the ancestor of Thomas Fitch, governor of Connecticut, and of all the family of Fitch claiming Norwalk ancestors. Children of Daniel and Anjinette (Fitch) Hall: Mary Olivia, died 1909, aged over seventy years; Fitz Edward, married, in India, ——— Sherldham and had several children; George Canning, born March 29, 1828, married Mary Marvin; Benjamin Homer, of whom further; Richard Fitch, of whom further; James Stephenson, of whom further.

(VIII) Benjamin Homer, son of Daniel (2) and Anjinette (Fitch) Hall, was born in Troy, New York, November 14, 1830, died in that city, April 6, 1893. He prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, and was graduated at Harvard, A.B., class of 1851. He prepared for the profession of law by a thorough course of study and

was admitted to the bar in 1856. He was in the active practice of his profession in Troy from 1856 to 1893. He was city chamberlain of Troy, 1884-85. He was a well-known author and a poet of local prominence, his works of that kind that are preserved being largely of a humorous nature. One of his poems, entitled "The Tale of the Whale," was published in the September number of *Our Young Folks* in 1866. In it the author blends in verse the strange names of the contemporary people of Rensselaerwyck in the quotations, describing the inspection of the great mammal (cast ashore on Whale Island, opposite Lansingburg in 1647) and the disposition made of its blubber; another read during the Centennial Celebration at Troy, on "The Naming and Progress of Troy," thus described the reception of the name at Albany.

"But when next day a shallop,
Sailed proudly down the stream,
And brought the news that Troy
No longer was a dream.
The streets were all deserted,
Each true Albanian wailed,
A fast day was appointed,
Five sturgeon vendors failed."

Verse, however, was his recreation. For two years he was editor of the *Troy Morning Whig*, 1878-79. He published anonymously while at Harvard "A Collection of College Words and Customs," and on the authorship becoming known, Jared Sparks, president of Harvard, presented him with three histories of Harvard, then extant, inserting in each volume, "Presented to Mr. Benjamin H. Hall, by the Corporation of Harvard University, June 18, 1851. Jared Sparks, president." In 1856 he revised the work. He published "A History of Eastern Vermont" (1858, new edition 1865), "Bibliography of the United States," Vermont (1860); "A Tribute of the Citizens of Troy to the Memory of Abraham Lincoln" (1865), and articles in the *Harvard Book* (1875) and in *Sylvester's History of Rensselaer County, New York* (1880). He was an eloquent, forceful orator and many of his orations survive in published form. He was president of the Young Men's Association of Troy, and at their Semi-Centennial, December 12, 1884, read a most effective and interesting sketch of the association. He took an active part in the Troy Centennial, delivered eulogies on Hon. John Paine Cushman, David Buel, Jr., and William L. Marcy, on Historical Day, and on another day addresses on Troy's "two great teachers," Emma Willard and Amos Eaton. He built the then immense "Hall Building" in Troy in 1871, that is yet a noticeable feature of Troy's

business streets. "A cultured, polished gentleman, an able lawyer and a true friend." He married, June 1, 1859, Margaret McConn, daughter of Jacob L. Lane, of Troy. Children: Derick L., of whom further; Anjinette; John Griswold; Mary Howard. Margaret McConn (Lane) Hall survives her husband and resides in Troy, New York.

(VIII) Richard Fitch, fifth child of Daniel (2) and Anjinette (Fitch) Hall, was born September 24, 1833, in Troy, where his early education was obtained in a private school. He prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, and was graduated from Harvard University, A.B., class of 1854. In 1855 he established a wholesale lumber business at West Troy, near Watervliet, where he continued for twenty years in successful operation. He was superintendent of the West Troy Gas Company for nine years. January 17, 1855, he joined the Troy Volunteer fire department; in 1856 he was elected assistant captain of Washington company; in 1857-58 he was captain of the same company; from 1860 until August, 1866, he was chief engineer of the department. In March, 1869, he was appointed fire commissioner and held the office twelve years. In 1870 he was appointed water commissioner and served continuously until the commission was dissolved, a period of thirty years. In 1893 he was appointed superintendent of construction of the water works, and in 1900 superintendent of the water works, served four years and then retired. He was a director of the National Bank of Watervliet for twenty years; a director of the Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad Company; member of the Troy Chamber of Commerce; trustee and secretary of the Troy Orphan Asylum; trustee of the Episcopal Church Home; member of St. John's Episcopal Church and Republican in politics. He was a man of great energy and a hard worker in whatever he undertook. He was a member of the Alpha Delta Phi and the Hasty Pudding Club of Harvard University, and for two terms president of the Exempt Firemen's Association of Troy. He married, February 2, 1860, Sarah Helen, born April 22, 1833, died August 13, 1899, daughter of Wells and Sarah Helen Belding, of Troy.

(VIII) James Stephenson, son of Daniel (2) and Anjinette (Fitch) Hall, was born at Troy, August 9, 1835. He was educated at private schools in Troy, was graduated from Phillips Andover Academy, class of 1854; Harvard University, A.B., class of 1858. He prepared for the profession of law and was admitted to the bar and for a short time was

in private practice. After abandoning the law he devoted his time to his real estate interests and those of his brother, Fitz Edward, and this has been his principal business throughout his life. He is a Republican in politics and an attendant of the Presbyterian church.

(IX) Derick Lane, son of Benjamin Homer and Margaret McConn (Lane) Hall, was born in Troy, New York, June 5, 1860. He was educated in private schools at Norwalk, Connecticut, and at the "Gunnery," Washington, Connecticut. After completing his studies he returned to Troy and entered the employ of J. M. Warren of that city. He was an employee of the Troy post office for three years, and during his father's term of chamberlain of Troy was a clerk in his office. He was connected with the Walter A. Wood Machinery Company for ten years, located in the central west. Returning east in 1901, he purchased the newspaper plant at Hoosick Falls, and has since been editor and proprietor of the *Standard*, a weekly newspaper, Republican in politics and devoted to the interests of Hoosick Falls and vicinity. He is a member of St. Mark's Episcopal Church at Hoosick Falls and has served as vestryman since 1896. He was one of the organizers of the Pafraet Dael Club of Troy, and is a member of the Hoosick and of the Hoosick Country clubs. He holds fraternal membership with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He served seven years in the Troy Citizens Corps and is now a member of the Senior Corps. He married, February 4, 1892, Isabella Mary Flett, of Scotch parents who came to America in 1850. Children: Benjamin Homer, born November 14, 1893; Harriet Robertson, born November 21, 1899.

This family name is of Saxon origin. The settlers in England from the region about the city of Halle, in Saxony, for sake of distinction before the use of surnames, were called de Halle, which became shortened to Halle, and finally to Hall. A large number of the name came to New England during the Puritan exodus from England prior to 1650. The name became common in Connecticut, and has been worthily borne. From among the many there recorded the family mentioned here seems to stand alone. The names and locations are different, and cannot belong to other branches. Among the first to settle in Connecticut were Josiah, Zadoc, Bashni and Libni Hall, supposedly brothers, who came from Wales and settled on what has become known as Hall Hill, at Somers. The line traces to

the Troy (New York) family through Josiah, presumably the eldest brother, and who had sons, Joseph, Reuben, Alpheus and Josiah.

(II) Joseph, son of Josiah Hall, is buried at Somers, Connecticut. He married, and had sons Joseph Nelson and Horatio.

(III) Joseph Nelson, son of Joseph Hall, was born in Somers, Connecticut, August 15, 1809, died September 27, 1864, in Windsor. His boyhood days were spent in his native town; after his marriage he resided for a time in Simsbury, then removing to Windsor. He married, about 1835, Wealthy Ann Lord, of East Windsor, born August 12, 1812, died October 27, 1897. Children: Adelaide, born December 31, 1836, died April 23, 1907, married Henry C. Woodward; William Lord; Caroline, born 1842, died 1861.

(IV) William Lord, only son of Joseph Nelson and Wealthy Ann (Lord) Hall, was born in Simsbury, Connecticut, June 7, 1838. He was educated in the public schools. He began his business career as clerk in a mercantile house, and was so engaged until 1878, in which year he became associated with Miller & Bingham, manufacturers of shirts, collars and cuffs, at Troy. The firm was originally established in 1866, when Justus Miller, A. P. Hamlin and Joseph Wheelock began manufacturing collars and cuffs. The firm passed through various changes and in 1884 was reorganized by Justus Miller, William Lord Hall and Charles E. Hartwell, as Miller, Hall & Hartwell. In 1898 the firm personnel was again changed. Mr. Miller having died and Joseph McKay being admitted, the firm took the name of Hall, Hartwell & Company, William Lord Hall being the senior partner, and since that time the capable head of a vast business with which he became connected as an employee thirty-two years ago. For many years the firm have operated branches at Hoosick Falls, Mechanicsville, Albany, and several other places, furnishing employment to a great number of work people, and their business ranks with the most modern and progressive of twentieth century manufactories. Mr. Hall is also actively interested in other business concerns of importance. He is vice-president and director of the City National Bank of Troy, and in various ways shows his interest in the development of his city. He is a communicant and vestryman of St. John's Episcopal Church, a member of the Troy Club, and in politics is a Republican. William L. Hall married, June 9, 1886, Lucia H., daughter of Lewis and Lucy (Vaughn) Cady (see Cady VI), of Bennington, Vermont. They have no children.

(The Cady Line).

The word Cady is derived from Ca-dia, a Gaelic word, meaning the House of God. Cadie is an old Scotch word for messenger! As a surname the word has been variously spelled, Cade, Caddie, Caddy, Cadye, Kayde, Cadey and Cady, and, of course, in a variety of other less common forms. Families of this name bearing coats-of-arms of some antiquity are found in counties Essex, Kent, Suffolk and Gloucester, England. The surname is found in the ancient Hundred Rolls and was not uncommon as early as 1450 in county Sussex.

(I) Nicholas Cady, immigrant ancestor, was born in England, came to this country, landing near Boston, Massachusetts, 1635, later settled in Watertown, Massachusetts. He and John Knapp, who appears to have been a relative, bought of William Potter, of Watertown, December 8, 1645, a house and land in Watertown. Cady deeded his share to John Knapp in August, 1650. Nicholas Cady married (first) Judith, daughter of William Knapp, about 1648. William Knapp was a carpenter; died at Watertown, August 30, 1658, aged about eighty years. Nicholas Cady married (second) Priscilla Akers, widow of Thomas Akers. He took the oath of fidelity in 1652; was of the train band in 1653. He removed to Groton, Massachusetts, early in 1668, and sold his land in Watertown. He was highway surveyor at Groton in 1671. At the time of the abandonment of the town in King Philip's war, he went to Cambridge, where in 1678 he bought a farm of John Wincoll. He was a soldier in King Philip's war and was in Mr. Williams' garrison. He returned to Groton after the war and served as surveyor in 1680-83-85-86. He was constable in 1685 and was corporal of the military company. He died prior to 1712. Cady's pond, about a mile from the village of Groton, takes its name from him. Children, born at Watertown: John, January 15, 1650-51; Judith, September 2, 1653; James, August 28, 1655; Nicholas, August 2, 1657, died young; Daniel, November 27, 1659; Ezekiel, August 14, 1662; Nicholas, February 20, 1663-64; Joseph, mentioned below.

(II) Captain Joseph, son of Nicholas Cady, was born at Watertown, May 28, 1666. He married Sarah, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Waters) Davis, of Groton, born August 12, 1667, died at Killingly, Connecticut, December 29, 1742. He went to Groton with the family when a child and served in the garrison defense of the town in 1691-92. In 1695 he was constable of Groton, and in 1699-1701 was granted permission to keep an inn by the

general court. He sold his holdings at Groton, February 22, 1702-03, and bought one hundred and fifty acres of land of John Chandler, of Woodstock, later Killingly, now Putnam, Connecticut, whither he went with his family and where he spent the remainder of his life. His farm was located north of the old Providence road, about one mile east of the village of Putnam. The site of the first log house can still be identified. He built a frame house in 1714 and at last accounts it was still standing, though not occupied. A short time before his death, Joseph Cady, Jr., sold this homestead to Darius Session, deputy governor of Rhode Island. In 1708 Joseph Cady, Sr., was chosen lieutenant of the train band of Aspinock; in 1721 he was commissioned captain, and was engaged in Father Rase's war. He was noted for his giant frame and physical prowess and gained great influence over the Indians. This story is told of him: "As Joseph Cady was one day cutting brush alone, an Indian approached him from the neighboring forest and expressed a strong desire to try the skill of a white man in wrestling. Cady thought to himself that if he could throw the fellow it might operate to deter the Indians from hostilities against the settlements, and accepted the challenge. Both men struggled long and desperately, but Cady at last prevailed and the Indian was prostrated. Unfortunately he fell among the brush which his antagonist had been cutting, and one of the sharp stumps perforating his skull, he died on the spot." Captain Cady had charge of the public lands of Killingly for many years and was useful in public affairs. He was townsman in 1728 and deputy to the general court, 1731-34. Children, of whom the six eldest were born in Groton, the others in Killingly: Joseph, October 3, 1690; William, about 1692; James, November 22, 1694; Isaac, January 17, 1696-97; Abigail, January 22, 1699; Stephen, June 16, 1701; David, mentioned below; Jonathan, baptized April 4, 1714; Benjamin, baptized April 4, 1714.

(III) Captain David, son of Captain Joseph Cady, was born at Killingly, September 17, 1703, baptized there April 4, 1714. He married, November 17, 1722, Hannah, born May 29, 1705, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Waters) Whitmore. He died at Killingly, November 1, 1788; his wife died July, 1803, aged ninety-nine years. They joined the Killingly church, October 18, 1726. He lived at Killingly on land deeded to him by his father, January 20, 1737-38. In October, 1747, he was commissioned captain of the train band of Killingly. Children, born at Killingly: Sarah,

January 9, 1723-24; Hannah, July 2, 1725; Joseph, June 25, 1727; Bridget, December 10, 1729; Mary, December 15, 1731; Alice, November 17, 1734; Jerusha, October 3, 1736; Thankful, March 4, 1739; Isaac, January 21, 1741; David, February 10, 1742-43; Jonathan, mentioned below.

(IV) Captain Jonathan, son of Captain David Cady, was born at Killingly, June 14, 1748. In January, 1775, Jonathan Cady, with others, contributed to a fund and secured three acres of land in Killingly for a training field. He was commissioned May 18, 1774, lieutenant of the Fourth Company, Eleventh Regiment, Colonel Ebenezer Williams. His brother, Joseph Cady, was captain. Jonathan was commissioned captain May 25, 1779. He was a lister or assessor of Killingly in 1785. About 1790 he removed to Providence, Rhode Island, and leased land on what is now Cady street, and erected a house, the timber of which was drawn by ox team from his farm in Killingly. He was admitted to the First Baptist Society of Providence, July 25, 1805. In 1796 he was on a committee to procure a bell for the North Church, Killingly. His application for a pension on account of revolutionary service, dated August 20, 1832, aged eighty-four years, was granted as a lieutenant, January 17, 1833. He was a shoemaker by trade. He married, November 20, 1766, Rebecca Cady, his cousin, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Church) Cady, granddaughter of Captain Joseph Cady (II). He died July 12, 1834; she died February 23, 1826. Children, born at Killingly: David, mentioned below; Shubael, May 6, 1770; Asenath, February 19, 1772; Matilda, June 25, 1774; Permelia, February 7, 1775, died August 21, 1796.

(V) David (2), son of Captain Jonathan Cady, was born at Killingly, December 12, 1769, died December 7, 1837, at Providence, and is buried in Riverside cemetery in East Providence. He was a dyer by trade and during the war of 1812 was engaged in the manufacture of cotton cloth at West Greenwich, Rhode Island; later he removed to Providence. He married (first) January 28, 1789, Nancy Waterman, born October 26, 1769, died May 22, 1812, buried at Thompson, Connecticut. He married (second) January 5, 1813, Catherine, born April 1, 1779, died May 7, 1836, daughter of Moses Lippitt. Children of first wife, born at Killingly: Lucia, December 9, 1791; Milton, August 3, 1792; Lewis, mentioned below; Lawton, July 24, 1796; Permelia, April 10, 1798; Wesley, February 21, 1800; Jonathan, January 9, 1802; Eliza, October 4, 1803; Ann, Septem-

ber 3, 1805; Susan J., August 1, 1807; Resolved Waterman, May 10, 1810; Christopher Allem, twin of Resolved Waterman. Children of second wife, born at Killingly: Tabitha, October 6, 1813; Moses Greene, December 20, 1814; David, March 12, 1817; Rebecca, July 26, 1819; Shubael, February 10, 1821.

(VI) Lewis, son of David (2) Cady, was born in Killingly, February 20, 1793, died at Bennington, Vermont, September 27, 1864. He married (first) Sally Smith, born September 20, 1798, died November, 1814; married (second) Lucy Vaughn, born January 10, 1806, died April 14, 1873. Child of first wife: Horace S., born August 30, 1814; married Eliza Dusenbury, born August 4, 1815, died March 11, 1888; he died August 20, 1879. Children of second wife: James, born August 10, 1820, died July 1, 1869; Mary Ann, September 13, 1823, died January 12, 1842; George B., March 5, 1826, died February 4, 1893; Susan E., March 31, 1828; married Dr. Thomas H. Stuart; died September 18, 1907; Harriet L., October 30, 1830; married Calvin Norton; died August 27, 1906; Jane Eliza, September 17, 1833; married Charles Hall; died October 12, 1862; William H., June 6, 1836; married Maggie Hunter; he died February 24, 1879; Lucia H., May 28, 1839; married William Lord Hall (see Hall IV); Mary A., April 29, 1842, died December 13, 1859; Sarah P., March 5, 1845, married Aseph Childs; died May 31, 1897.

WASHBURN

In Herald's College, London, vol. i, p. 54, is given: Washbourne, "A name of ancient Norman descent; the founder was knighted on the field of battle by William the Conqueror and endowed with the lands of Little Washbourne and Great Washbourne, counties of Gloucester and Worcester." Burke's General Armory gives: Washbourne, county of Worcester, a family of knightly degree, previous to time of Edward III. * * * Arms: "Argent on a fess between six martlets gules, three cinquefoils of the field." Crest: "On a wreath a coil of flax argent, surmounted with another wreath argent and Gules, thereon flames of fire proper." Motto: "Perseverd decogue confide." The name is derived from two words—wash, the swift current of a stream, burn or bourne, a brook or stream. The name is still spelled Washbourne in England, but in America Washburn is almost universal. The earliest form of the name was "de Wassebourne."

John Washborne was the first secretary of the Plymouth council in England and was succeeded by William Burgess in 1628. Whether

the same John ever came to America is a matter over which genealogists differ. In America the name is a distinguished one. Maine, Vermont, Massachusetts and Wisconsin have all had governors from the Washburn family; three brothers served as congressmen from three states at the same time, and some of the nation's greatest men in civil and private life, statesmen, soldiers in all American wars, have borne the name. The emigrant ancestor of all the early New England families was John Washburn, there being strong probability and grave doubt as to whether he was the Secretary John Washburn previously mentioned or not.

(I) John Washburn, born at Eversham, Worcester, England, settled in Duxbury, Massachusetts, in 1632. He and his son John, who came later, were among the fifty-four original proprietors of Bridgewater, Massachusetts, in 1645. They bought the lands from the Indian sachem, Massasoit, for seven coats of one and one-half yards each, nine hatchets, twenty knives, four moose skins, ten and one-half yards of cotton cloth. The transfer was signed by Miles Standish, Samuel Nash and Constant Southworth. He died at Bridgewater in 1690. His wife Margery bore him John and Philip, the latter born in 1624, died unmarried.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Margery Washburn, was born at Eversham, Worcester, England, in 1621; married Elizabeth, daughter of Experience Mitchell. By the marriage the Washburn descendants gain "Mayflower" ancestry, through Francis Cook, the Pilgrim. Jane, daughter of Francis Cook, married Experience Mitchell, and their daughter married John Washburn (2). John (2) was eleven years old when he came to America with his mother and brother Philip on the ship "Elizabeth." Experience Mitchell was with the Pilgrims at Leyden and came to Plymouth in the third ship, the "Anne," 1623. Children of John (2) and Elizabeth Washburn: John, married Rebecca Lapham; Thomas, married (first) Abigail Leonard; (second) Deliverance Packard; Joseph, married Hannah Latham, granddaughter of Mary Chilton, "the first to land at Plymouth from the Mayflower"; Samuel, born 1651, married Deborah Packard; Jonathan, married Mary Vaughn; Benjamin, served in Chipps expedition against Canada; Mary, married Samuel Kinsley, 1694; Elizabeth, married (first) James Howard; (second) Edward Sealey; Jane, married William Orcutt (2); James, married Mary Bowden, 1693; Sarah, married John Ames, 1697. John Washburn (2) died at Bridgewater before 1690. Samuel, his

fourth son, was the ancestor of the Washburns of Maine. In that line the next seven generations bore the name of Israel, Joseph, third son of John (2), was the ancestor of ex-Governor Washburn of Massachusetts, 1853. Samuel was also the progenitor of the family in Albany, New York, herein recorded.

(III) Samuel, son of John (2) and Elizabeth (Mitchell) Washburn, was born in Duxbury, Massachusetts, 1651, died 1720, at Bridgewater. He was called "Sergeant Washburn." He married Deborah, daughter of Samuel Packard, who came from Windham, England, on the ship "Delight of Ipswich," and settled at Hingham, Massachusetts, 1638. Children: Samuel (2); Noah, married Elizabeth Shaw; Israel, married Waitstill Sumner; Nehemiah, see forward; Benjamin, married Joanna or Susanna Orcutt; Hannah, married Joseph Keith.

(IV) Nehemiah, son of Samuel and Deborah (Packard) Washburn, was born 1686, at Bridgewater, Massachusetts; married, 1713, Jane Howard, and had issue.

(V) Nehemiah (2), son of Nehemiah (1) and Jane (Howard) Washburn, married Relief, born September 21, 1729, daughter of John and Lydia (Lincoln) Joy, of Hingham, Massachusetts (see Joy V). Relief Joy was a sister of Lydia Joy, who married Timothy Edson, of Bridgewater, Massachusetts, and removed to Stafford, Connecticut.

(VI) William Edson, son of Nehemiah (2) and Relief (Joy) Washburn, was born in Connecticut, about 1750. He appears in Otsego county, New York, during the revolutionary period, in the towns of Milford and Westford. The Edsons also were early settlers in Otsego county, settling in Milford, where there was a hamlet known as Edson's Corners. The Edsons and Washburns were connected by marriage and seem to have been close friends. William E. Washburn purchased land, married, reared a family and was a prosperous, respected farmer.

(VII) Hiram Lucius, son of William Edson Washburn, was a contractor and builder. He removed to Albany, where he carried on extensive building operations. He was the builder of a great many churches in the vicinity of Albany, and prospered. He later retired to a farm in Montgomery county, New York, in the section early farmed by the Indians, also the scene of some of the fights with Sir John Johnson and his Indian-Tory allies. Here he ended his days. He married Magdalena T. Clark, and had issue. A tradition in the family is that the branch of the Clark family descended from a Sergeant Clark, of the English army, who when the

British evacuated New York was too sick to be moved, was left behind, recovered, remained in America, married and reared a family.

(VIII) Hiram Lucius (2), son of Hiram Lucius (1) and Magdalena T. (Clark) Washburn, was born in Westford, Otsego county, New York, June 14, 1840, died in Albany, September 5, 1904. He was educated in the schools of Albany and at Ballston Institute. He studied law with Hungerford & Hotaling, attorneys, of Albany, and in 1862 was admitted to practice at the Albany county bar, continuing in practice until his death. He was connected with several of the loan associations of that period between 1860 and 1875 at Albany, and spent a great amount of time in the office of the county clerk, searching titles. He tried and won a famous case in New York legal reports involving the rights under the law of soldiers who had enlisted to fill unexpired terms. The decision in this case caused the United States government to suspend the granting of writs of "Habeas Corpus" for a period of six months, in order to hold soldiers to their enlistments, should they seek that remedy. He was greatly interested in the New York National Guard, and was instrumental in improving the marksmanship of the soldiers. He was inspector of rifle practice with the rank of major on the general staff for ten years, and spent a large amount of his time in the performance of his duty. He was on duty at the time of the West Albany riots. He was at various times connected with the Third, Fifth and Ninth brigades, New York National Guard. He was a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Master's Lodge, No. 6, Free and Accepted Masons; De Witt Clinton Council, Royal and Select Masters. He was a member of the Episcopal church. He married, April 18, 1866, Phebe, daughter of Joseph B. and Elizabeth (Holmes) Neemes, of Albany. Joseph B. Neemes was born in Cumberland county, England, and Elizabeth Holmes was of Welsh descent, born in Chester, England. Children: Lucius Hiram, see forward; Elizabeth W., married Dr. William J. McKown, a practicing physician of Albany; Katherine W., married, June 3, 1896, Randall J. Le Boeuf, son of Peter J. and Sarah A. (Saunders) Le Boeuf.

(IX) Lucius Hiram, son of Hiram Lucius (2) and Phebe (Neemes) Washburn, was born in Albany, New York, January 12, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of Albany, and graduated from the high school. He studied law with his father and was admitted to the Albany county bar, July 7, 1896.

He has been continuously in practice from that date in Albany. His practice is general, but in real estate and corporation law and practice in the surrogate's court he devotes particular attention. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Episcopal church. His clubs are the Aurania and Unconditional of Albany. He belongs to the Masonic order, affiliating with Ten Eyck Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Capital City Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. He married, September, 1899, in Albany, Anna D., daughter of John J. and Anna (Kirchen-er) Holler, of Albany.

(The Joy Line).

The earliest mention of Thomas Joy, the immigrant ancestor of most of the Joy families in America, is found in the records of Boston, Massachusetts. He was born in England, about 1610, came to America between the years 1629-40. He was an architect and builder. Until 1646 he was a prosperous, successful man. In that year his independent spirit brought him into collision with the established authorities, with disastrous results. His principal resistance was against the narrow policy of the colonial government which restricted the right of suffrage to the members of the local Puritan churches. He failed in his efforts, removed his family to Hingham, and made his home in the Rev. Peter Hobart's parish. He afterward regained his fallen fortune, returned to Boston in 1656, and in 1657, in company with Bartholomew Bernard, was awarded the contract to build the first "Town House" of Boston, which links his name forever with an interesting and historical edifice. This first capitol of Massachusetts stood for half a century. It was destroyed by fire in 1711, and on its site was erected the "Old State House," one of the most venerated monuments of Colonial Boston. Thomas Joy died October 21, 1678, aged sixty-nine years. He and his wife were buried in the Hingham churchyard back of the meeting house, which still stands, the most ancient Protestant church in the United States. He married Joan Gallup (Gallop), born in England, daughter of Captain John and Christabel Gallup. Captain John Gallup came from England in 1630 in the ship "Mary and John." He was a skillful pilot and Indian trader of dauntless courage, and distinguished himself on many occasions in the Indian warfare constantly going on. His trading shallop was the principal means of communication between the Bay Colony and the settlement on Narragansett bay and Long Island sound.

(II) Joseph, son of Thomas and Joan

(Gallup) Joy, was born April 1, 1645. He was constable, carpenter, farmer and ensign of the "train band." He married Mary, daughter of John and Margaret Prince. He died May 31, 1697.

(III) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) and Mary (Prince) Joy, was born July 30, 1668. He was constable, 1697-1711. His gravestone with the inscription still legible is in Hingham churchyard. It is the most ancient Joy grave mark in America. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas and Ruth Andrews. He died April 29, 1716.

(IV) John, son of Joseph (2) and Elizabeth (Andrews) Joy, was born February 7, 1695. He married, December, 1724, Lydia, daughter of Samuel and Deborah (Hershey) Lincoln. "Lydia Joy was admitted to the First Church of Hingham February 1728." Lydia Joy, his eldest daughter, married Timothy Edson (2), son of Timothy (1) and Mary (Alden) Edson, descendant of John Alden and Priscilla (Mullins) Alden, of the "Mayflower," and of Deacon Samuel Edson, an original proprietor of Bridgewater, born in England, 1612.

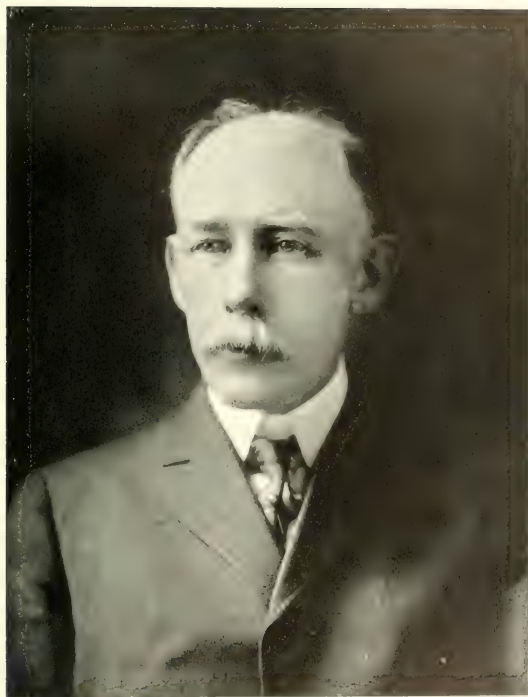
(V) Relief, second daughter and third child of John and Lydia (Lincoln) Joy, was born September 21, 1729. She married Nehemiah Washburn, a descendant in the fifth generation of John Washburn "the emigrant," one of whose representatives in the ninth generation is Lucius H. Washburn, of Albany, New York (see Washburn V.).

A branch of the New England family of Washburn (see John Washburn I) settled in Cortland county, New York, and from this branch Charles Spencer Washburn, of Schenectady, New York, descends. Reuben Washburn settled in the village of Homer, Cortland county, New York, where he was engaged in mercantile life as owner and proprietor. Some of the older inhabitants of Homer asserted that Reuben Washburn was the first merchant in the village, while Goodwin, in his history, says John Coats was. This point cannot be settled, but the best evidence seems to prove that Washburn was the first. His store formerly stood between the Windsor House and Sherman's "Homer Exchange." Reuben Washburn married and reared a family, one son becoming a noted physician. During the civil war he was surgeon in a New York regiment, contracted disease and died during the war period. Dr. Washburn married a daughter of ex-Congressman Reed, formerly of Homer. His children, Lucy and Arthur, removed to Cali-

fornia, where they established and conduct a fashionable private school. Another son, Reuben Washburn, was connected with Wells, Fargo Express Company, and died in the west.

(II) George Washington, son of Reuben Washburn, was born in Homer, New York, where he was reared and educated. After a commercial training with his father in the Homer store, he became identified with a New York wholesale house as their commercial traveler. He was a well-educated, courteous gentleman, and a capable, energetic business man. His residence after marriage was Poughkeepsie, New York, and Brooklyn. He died October 14, 1854, at the early age of thirty-one years. He married in Watervliet, Albany county, New York, Laura Spencer, born in Waterford, Saratoga county, New York, died in Schenectady, daughter of David Spencer, born February 4, 1787, died February 2, 1859. He was of English descent, and an early settler in Waterford. His wife, Rachel Spencer, was born in 1785, and died in Waterford, October 7, 1842. Children of David and Rachel Spencer were: Dr. James, born July 11, 1810; became a physician and practiced on Staten Island, New York. 2. Eliza, January 22, 1813, died November 18, 1826. 3. Caroline, November 6, 1815, died June 10, 1865; married, February 12, 1846, James Roy, died in 1878, noted as the maker of a famous weave of shawls known as the "Spencer," a very fashionable article of apparel in that day. 4. Anna, November 10, 1818, died August 11, 1849; married James Jewett, who died 1850, leaving a son David. 5. Laura, July 24, 1823, died November 18, 1891; she was a devout member of the Episcopal church, and actively interested in church work; she married, February 12, 1851, George Washington Washburn. Children of George Washington and Laura (Spencer) Washburn: 1. Charles Spencer, see forward. 2. Caroline Roy, born August 26, 1853; married James M. Stewart, a civil and mining engineer of Philadelphia, where they reside; children: William M.; Charles W., died in childhood; James M. (2), died in early manhood; Roy, born 1898.

(III) Charles Spencer, only son of George W. and Laura (Spencer) Washburn, was born November 15, 1851. He was educated in the schools of Homer and Schenectady, New York. Subsequently was a clerk for a number of years in the Mohawk National Bank. Went west to California and Nevada, two years later was also connected with G. G. Maxon Sons, grain merchants. In 1882 he became an associate of John Wiederhold in



L. S. Washburn

the manufacture of woman's wear. The mills and factory of John Wiederhold & Company are located at Schenectady, and it is one of the prosperous industries of that city. Mr. Washburn is actively engaged in the business, chiefly in the office department. He is a director and vice-president of the Mohawk National Bank, where his early business years were passed. He is a member of St. George's Episcopal Church, in which he has held several offices. At present he is a member of the vestry; junior warden and treasurer; trustee of the Schenectady Savings Bank; trustee of the Children's Home and Young Men's Christian Association. He is prominent in the Masonic order, belonging to St. George's Lodge, Chapter and Commandery of Schenectady. He is a member of Albany Consistory, Thirty-second Degree Scottish Rite. Politically he is a Republican. His clubs are the Mohawk and Mohawk Golf, both of Schenectady. He is unmarried.

OSTRANDER The earliest Ostrander of whom there is record in New York annals is Peter, a French Huguenot, who fled to Holland and thence to America with wife and three children. He settled at Esopus (Kingston), New York, where he died.

(II) Peter (2), son of Peter (1) Ostrander, of Kingston, was born in Holland, 1650, settled in Kingston with his father and there married, January 16, 1676, Rebecca Traphagen.

(III) Hendrick (Henry), son of Peter (2) and Rebecca (Traphagen) Ostrander, was born and reared in Kingston, New York. He became a large land owner and farmer. He married, May 12, 1724, Elizabeth Van Bommel.

(IV) Wilhelm, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Van Bommel) Ostrander, was born April 29, 1743. He was a lieutenant in the Fourth Regiment, Ulster county militia, during the revolution and was at Burgoyne's surrender. He married, November 2, 1771, Sarah, daughter of Dene Relyea, a French Protestant. Wilhelm and Sarah were the parents of nine sons and one daughter.

(V) Philip, son of Wilhelm and Sarah (Relyea) Ostrander, was born in Dutchess county, New York, 1775, died in the town of Duaneburg, Schenectady county, New York, 1850. Philip was a versatile character, had no settled occupation, but was always engaged in some profitable enterprise. He was a well-known Democrat and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married, in Dutchess county, Eva Sager, born in that

county, of early Dutch ancestors, died in Schenectady county when past ninety-five years old. Children: 1. Jane, born in Dutchess county, New York, 1800, died 1894; she was most wonderfully preserved for her great age, being quite active and reading without glasses; she married Joseph Durfay, a farmer, whom she survived, he dying at the age of eighty years. 2. Philip, of whom further. 3. Peter, born 1806, died unmarried at Gunderland, aged twenty-five years. 4. Charles, born 1808, accidentally drowned in Black Creek; he married Sarah Stafford and left a son, Charles J., and others. 5. Henry, born 1810, died 1897; married Eliza Bumzey, of Knox; children: George, Abraham, William, Edward, Edith, Charles, Elizabeth. 6. Abraham, born 1812, settled near Syracuse, New York, where he died at the age of fifty years; he married (first) Eliza Judge; (second) Jane Gray, having issue by both wives. 7. Edward, born 1814, died at Syracuse, New York; married Nellie Cheeney and left a son, William, and a daughter.

(VI) Philip (2), son of Philip (1) and Eva (Sager) Ostrander, was born in Duaneburg, Schenectady county, New York, being the first child born there to his parents, February 16, 1804, died in the same town, April 3, 1899. He was a farmer, carpenter and merchant; a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married, in Gunderland, Albany county, August 7, 1840, Catherine Shoudy, born in Gunderland, August 14, 1823, who survives him, a resident of Schenectady, although in her eighty-eighth year she is very active, with clear mind and memory. She does a great deal of fine sewing without the aid of glasses and keeps up a course of modern reading. She is a devoted Methodist. She is a descendant of John Shoudy, born in Germany, who came to the United States with his parents when twelve years of age, settled with them in Gunderland, where he died at the age of seventy years. He was a small, wiry, energetic man; a blacksmith by trade. He was a member of the Lutheran church and a Democrat. He married Catherine Kiser, born in Holland, of a wealthy Dutch family. The Kisers, for reasons unknown, left wealth and position to seek a home in the New World. They had twelve children, all of whom married and reared families. The sons all learned and worked at the blacksmith's trade. John, Israel, George, Henry, Michael, Nicholas, Peter, Magdalene, Catherine, Margaret, Barbara and Rebecca. Nicholas, the sixth son of John, was born in Albany county in 1800, died in 1876. He followed the trade of blacksmith

all his days. He married Maria Vrooman, born in Albany county, 1800, died 1863. She was a daughter of Andrew and Nancy Vrooman, of Dutch ancestry. They had several sons, Maria being the only daughter. Children of Nicholas and Maria Shoudy: 1. John, born 1821; married Nancy Fryer; children: Nancy, Eliza, Margaret, George, Alfred and Milo. 2. Catherine, married Philip Ostrander. 3. Margaret, born 1825, died 1900; married Harmon Kettle, who survives her, a resident of Newago, Tioga county, New York, aged ninety years; children: Erskine, Marshall, William, Malinda and Ann. 4. James, born 1827, died 1907; married Rosa Gill, who survives him, a resident of Delancy; children: Lulu, Minnie, Alice, Hazel, Charles and Harry. 5. Nancy, married James Broacham, a farmer, who died 1897; she survives him, a resident of Princetown, Schenectady county; children: Myra and Lela. Children of Philip and Catherine Ostrander: 1. Mary, born May 1, 1841; married John Delamater, of Albany, New York, who was killed by a railroad train in 1887; children: i. Walter, of Oneonta, New York; ii. Horace, of Schenectady; iii. Earl, of Delancy; iv. Elizabeth, deceased; v. Ada, deceased; vi. Edith (twin of Ada), of Delancy; vii. Mattie, of Oneonta. 2. William J., a soldier of the civil war; wounded in battle, died at Fortress Monroe, Virginia, at the age of eighteen years; member of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth New York Volunteer Infantry. 3. Margaret A., of whom further. 4. Maria E., born 1844; died 1869; married Darwin Mott, of Cobleskill, New York, also deceased; children: Lester and Nettie, both married and have children. 5. Adelia, born 1846; married Hugh Mott, whom she survives, a resident of Alplaus, New York; children: Viola and Bertha. 6. Sarah J., born 1850; married Sanford Becker, of East Cobleskill, New York, died November, 1910; has a son Arthur. 7. John M., born August 4, 1853; educated in public schools, now helps run sister's homestead; married Mary J. Hunt; children: Darwin P., William K., Elliott H., Margaret, Albert B., at home. 8. George, born 1858; resides in Schenectady; married Amanda Frederick; children: Ernest, Martha, Gertrude, Hattie. All married and have issue.

(VII) Margaret A., daughter of Philip and Catherine (Shoudy) Ostrander, was born November 27, 1842. She was reared and educated in Guilderland, and has for many years owned and operated a well-improved, well-stocked farm of one hundred and eighty acres on Norman's Kill. She married (first) in Guilderland, John Lenegor, a soldier of the

civil war, a private of the One Hundred and Fifteenth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, Captain Van Deusen's company. He enlisted in 1861, leaving wife and infant son at his country's call. He was killed during the battle of Aluska, Florida, in 1862, and was buried with a brave soldier's honors on the field of battle. He had five brothers in the same company, one, Abraham, being killed. He left one child, William Ellsworth, born December 3, 1860; married Emma Van Duren and has sons: i. Willard, married Belle Gross; ii. Lloyd, unmarried; iii. Abraham, at home. Margaret A. married (second) Jacob Pangborn, born 1843, died October 12, 1884; a farmer; left one child, George, married Nettie Cotten; children: i. Margaret, married William B. Grover and had daughter Dorothy; ii. Frank J., unmarried; iii. Sarah J., unmarried. Margaret A. married (third) William Willie, born March 16, 1842, died October 23, 1906, adopted son of Peter Ball. No issue. Margaret A. married (fourth) December 24, 1907, William F. Ellers, born in Rotterdam, Schenectady county, June 22, 1864, son of Henry and Ann (Dubber) Ellers, born in Germany, came when young to United States, married in Schenectady county, and died in Rotterdam, New York. William F. Ellers is a Democrat, and both he and his wife attend and are generous supporters of the Lutheran church.

Many of this name were descended from Taillefer, the Norman baron who took part in the battle of Hastings under William the Conqueror, and this name gradually changed to Taylefer, Taylour, Tayleur, Tailer, Tailor and Taylor. The surname Taylor is a very common English family name, and is found also very generally in Ireland. A branch of the family settled in the north of Ireland at the time of the grants to the Scotch and English Protestants, from whom the race of Scotch-Irish, so called, are descended. The Taylor family of the town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, descend from this Scotch-Irish race.

(I) Robert Taylor was born in Dublin, Ireland, about the year 1757, died in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, in 1834-35. He emigrated to America in 1783, and after a slow and stormy passage joined his uncle, Samuel Taylor, who had previously settled on a farm in New Scotland. He lived with his uncle, helped to clear and improve the farm, which on the death of Samuel came to him as a legacy. The property then was in great part unbroken and heavily timbered.

Robert did not inherit the entire tract, but by subsequent purchases increased his holdings, until his acres numbered two hundred and seventy-five. At the time of his death he had a well-improved property on which he had erected a house and other substantial improvements. This farm is still in the family name, and then comprised what is now known as the "Three Taylor Farms." He was a man of great energy and upright character. He married Mary Hotaling (also spelled Houghtaling and Hootaling). She was a descendant of the Tribes Hill branch of the family, and a descendant of the Dutch emigrant ancestor. Robert and his wife lived to ripe years, and are buried side by side in the old Center Presbyterian Church burying ground, they both having been members of that congregation. Children: 1. Matthias, born February 18, 1785, died February 24, 1846; he was a farmer of the town of New Scotland, where he was born; he married Phoebe Irwin, born in Ireland, February 10, 1790, died January 26, 1862; he left children, two of whom yet survive (1910). 2. John, see forward. 3. Robert (2), settled in Rensselaer county, where he became a successful farmer; late in life he retired to Albany where he died at the home of his daughter, having reached the extreme age of ninety years; he was twice married and had issue by both wives. 4. Samuel, settled in Schenectady, where he was in trade; later removed to Centralia, Illinois, where he died leaving issue. 5. Rachel, married Robert Coughtry. 6. Harriet, married Joseph Moak. 7. Rebecca, married William Pangborn. 8. ———, married William Moak, and left issue.

(II) John, second son of Robert and Mary (Hotaling) Taylor, was born on the original Taylor homestead in New Scotland about 1790, died 1850. He succeeded to one of his father's farms, which he cultivated during the years of his active life. He became a member of the Dutch Reformed church, and was a Whig in politics. He married, in New Scotland, Christianna, born in Guiderland, Albany county, New York, 1796, died in 1882, daughter of Rev. Harmanus Van Huysen, an early minister of the Dutch Reformed church filling every Sunday three or four different pulpits widely separated. He traveled after the fashion of the early itinerant minister, on horseback with saddle bags, and was accompanied by his daughter who rode behind him. He was well known about the country, where his services were in constant demand at weddings, funerals and baptisms. In addition to his ministerial labors, he cultivated a farm, now occupied by Robert Boyd Taylor.

He was a soldier in revolutionary war. He married Rachel Van Der Bogert. The Van Huysens and the Van Der Bogerts were among the early Dutch settlers of Albany county. Children of John and Christianna (Van Huysen) Taylor: 1. James, a farmer of New Scotland, who after his active years were ended retired to Amsterdam, New York, where he died at the age of seventy-five years; he married Hannah Houck, and had a son John L., who died in youthful manhood. 2. Mary J., married Israel Goodfellow, a farmer of Guiderland; children: James, Louise, Christianna. 3. Rachel, died unmarried. 4. Harriet, married Nicholas Houck, who survives her, a resident of Clarksville, aged ninety-three years; they have many descendants. 5. John V. H., married Lucy Mitchell, died aged thirty years; left a son William James, now a resident of Chicago, Illinois, married Florence Rockwell, no issue. 6. Sarah L., married Guilian Van O'Linda, both deceased, leaving daughters, Christianna, died after her marriage to Winfield L. Young, no issue; ii. Catherine, married William Mathias, and has Floyd and Whitney. 7. Robert Boyd, see forward. 8. Eve Ann, who on August 10, 1910, celebrated her seventy-ninth birthday; she is unmarried. 9. Eliza, died unmarried, aged twenty-three years. 10. Catherine, deceased, married William Hendrickson; had daughter, died in infancy.

(III) Robert Boyd, son of John and Christianna (Van Huysen) Taylor, was born at the Taylor homestead, New Scotland, Albany county, New York, March 10, 1829. He was educated in the public schools, and remained at home until his marriage when he settled on the farm near the homestead, which he yet owns. He has been a farmer all his life. He is a Republican in politics, and has been a deacon and elder of the Reformed church for many years. He married, December 7, 1852, in New Scotland, Elizabeth, born August 17, 1831, died November 28, 1909, daughter of Peter and Mary (Ostrander) Furbeck, both of New Scotland. Peter Furbeck was a farmer all his life, and died on the farm upon which he was born. He was a son of John Furbeck, who enlisted from Holland in the English army for service in America during the revolution. He was captured by the Colonials, and after his release enlisted in the revolutionary army and fought for the cause of freedom. He was accompanied in this experience by his boyhood friend, ——— McKimbe. After the war was over, he purchased land in New Scotland, which became the family homestead for several generations. He married ——— Coons.

They lived to a great age, were members of the Presbyterian church of New Scotland, and are buried in the cemetery of that congregation. Children of Robert Boyd and Elizabeth (Furbeck) Taylor: 1. Alfred J., see forward. 2. Mary Ann, died unmarried, aged eighteen years. 3. John Boyd, now connected with the General Electric Works, Schenectady, New York; married Catherine Wands; children: Vreeland Rensselaer, Charlotte, Stanley. 4. Peter Rensselaer, a farmer of the home acres; married Nellie Wands; children: Clara, born 1895; Dudley Alcott, born 1900. 5. Ella, died in infancy. This family are all members of the Reformed church, and the men are voters of the Republican party. The mother was a woman of noble character, an active church worker and died deeply lamented.

(IV) Alfred J., oldest son of Robert Boyd and Elizabeth (Furbeck) Taylor, was born at the home farm in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, June 19, 1854. He was educated in the town schools, and was reared a farmer, an occupation he successfully followed. He now resides on a fine farm on the state road, near New Salem. He has been a deacon and an elder of the Reformed church for many years. Politically he is a Republican. He married, December 30, 1874, in New Scotland, Anna Prudence, born on the McMillan homestead farm, which is now her home, daughter of William J. and Elizabeth W. (Rushmore) McMillan, and great-granddaughter of Alexander McMillan, born in New Scotland, of Scotch parentage. Her ancestors were early settlers in the town. He married ——— Smith. He died aged eighty-six years, and she died in middle life. Alexander McMillan had children: 1. John, see forward. 2. Andrew, married Eliza Young; children: Alden, David, John, Alexander. 3. James A., veteran in rebellion; a farmer of Schoharie county, deceased; had three wives, and by the first had issue. 4. Aaron, a farmer near Clarksville, now deceased; children: Jacob, William, Nelson and Helen. 5. Catherine, deceased, married Matthew Young. 6. William, deceased; married Margaret Sager. 7. Mary, deceased; married Robert Moak, who lives in New Scotland. 8. Alexander, deceased; married Margaret Van Schaick, and left issue. His widow married (second) Robert Moak, former husband of Mary. John, eldest son of Alexander McMillan, was born in New Scotland about 1818, died aged seventy. He married Prudence McCulloch, born in 1813, died July 9, 1909, in her ninety-seventh year. They had children: 1. William J., see forward. 2. Charles, born 1836; married

Catherine Houck; one son Frank, who married Lizzie Relyea. 3. Hannah Catherine, 1837; married Thomas Tygart, of Voorheesville; deputy sheriff of Albany county, New York, since 1900; one son, William. 4. Alexander, of Voorheesville; married Hannah Tygart; children: Laura, deceased; Estelle, Ruth, Grace and Maud, the latter deceased. William J., eldest son of John and Prudence (McCulloch) McMillan, settled on the farm now owned by his daughter, Mrs. Alfred J. Taylor, which he successfully cultivated all his life. He was a Republican in politics. He was reared in the faith of the Reformed church, but later became with his wife a member of the Society of Friends, in which faith they died. He married Elizabeth W. Rushmore, born on the old Rushmore farm on which she lived after her marriage. She was born October, 1837, died February 25, 1907. She was a daughter of Titus and Annie (Wood) Rushmore, of Scotch ancestry, members of the Society of Friends, both of whom died on the Rushmore farm, on which they settled over a century ago, and cleared of the timber with which it was thickly covered. They had four children: 1. Elizabeth W., married William J. McMillan. 2. Olivette A., married John H. Hotaling; now living at Rutherford, New Jersey. 3. Mariett, died young. 4. Henry, died, aged seventeen, while in college. William J., and Elizabeth W. (Rushmore) McMillan had one child, Anna Prudence, who married Alfred J. Taylor. The home of the Taylors is the old Rushmore farm, later the McMillan farm, which came to Mrs. Alfred J. Taylor by inheritance. Alfred J. and Anna Prudence (McMillan) Taylor have four children: 1. Ada, born May 12, 1877; graduate of the Albany high school; married Frank J. Hallenbeck. They reside upon and cultivate the home farm, Mr. Taylor having retired from active labor. 2. Florence, March 2, 1881; educated in the public schools; married George H. Martin, a farmer of New Scotland. 3. Grace, April 22, 1887; graduate of the Schenectady high school; married Frank W. Martin, a farmer of New Scotland; children: Frances E., born August 21, 1907; Chester Shaw, January 27, 1910. 4. Ethel, October 22, 1892; educated in the Albany schools, specializing in music as did her sisters, resides at home unmarried.

The Long Island families of the name of Hicks are of English descent. The English ancestor of the family is traditionally stated to have been a Sir Ellice Hicks, who fought under the

Black Prince in France and was made a knight banneret by King Edward III. for capturing a French standard at the battle of Crecy, when he is said to have a grant of the arms herein described: Arms.—Gules, a fess wavy argent there fleur de lys or. Crest: A buck's head, couped at the neck or, forged with a chaplet of cinquefoils vert. Motto: "Semper paratus."

During the turbulent reign of Charles I. many of the family crossed over to Holland for refuge from persecution. In 1641 three brothers, Thomas, John, and Robert Hicks, settled in the town of Flushing, Long Island, coming from Holland under an arrangement with the Dutch West India Company. Robert Hicks went later to New England; Thomas located in what is called Little Neck; John was among the patentees of Flushing in 1645 (as was Thomas), and also owned lands in Hempstead and was a subscribing witness to an ancient Indian deed there. Later he settled in that part of Hempstead now called Far Rockaway. Previous to 1650 both John and Thomas held offices, civil and military. Thomas Hicks was a captain of militia in 1686, and in 1691 was the first judge of the county of Queens, appointed under the act of that year, holding the office until 1699. The descendants of these brothers are numerous on Long Island, where the village of Hicksville is yet found. Thomas had two wives, six sons and four daughters. Thomas, his eldest son, married Deborah, daughter of Daniel Whitehead, and settled at Bayside, Flushing. He had four sons and six daughters, of whom Thomas (3), the eldest, succeeded his father in the ownership of the Bayside estate in 1712. In 1738 he was appointed judge, and in 1749 first judge of Queens county, as then constituted, which office he held until 1777. He was a member of the state legislature from 1738 to 1775. It is from one of the sons of Thomas Hicks (2) that the Granville, New York, family of Hicks descend. A noted descendant of John Hicks was Elias Hicks, the noted divine of the Society of Friends and founder of the branch called "The Hicksites."

(IV) David Hicks, grandson of Thomas Hicks, of Flushing, Long Island, married and had issue.

(V) Asa, son of David Hicks, was born on Long Island, New York. He married Zillah Cass and had issue.

(VI) Joseph, son of Asa and Zillah (Cass) Hicks, was born on Long Island, where his youth was spent. He removed from Long Island and settled in the town of Granville, Washington county, New York, where he pur-

chased a tract of heavily timbered land, built a log house, and in time cleared and improved a farm. The homestead is still in possession of the family, owned by a grandson, William Hicks. Joseph Hicks married Jerusha Roblee. Children: Jay, Almina, married Ephraim Northup; William, married (first) Amy Tripp; (second) Fannie Park; Edwin B., of whom further; Orlando, married Charlotte Lamb; Almera, married Lucian Webb.

(VII) Edwin B., son of Joseph and Jerusha (Roblee) Hicks, was born in the town of Granville, Washington county, New York, October 18, 1820, died May 3, 1888. He was an extensive farmer and stock raiser, also a dealer in cattle, sheep and wool. He made large shipments of sheep, etc., to various parts of the country, doing a large business with the western states. He was a large land owner, and in his day was considered a very wealthy man. The present homestead at Slyboro was built by him for a residence. He was a member of the Baptist church and wielded a strong influence for good in his community. He married Sarah Ophelia, daughter of Abijah and Sarah (Brown) Smith, born September 1, 1826. Children: 1. Salome, born August 1, 1844, died 1853. 2. Sarah Louise, December 17, 1845; married Fred M. Mason, of Granville, December 30, 1868; child, Edwin. 3. Frank Edwin, of whom further. 4. Almera Jeanette, July 14, 1850; married (first) February 12, 1867, Hiram D. Duel, and had Frank E., born November 22, 1867; Frederick H., February 6, 1869; Arthur B., December 14, 1871. She married (second) July 13, 1880, Dr. Willis A. Tenney; children: Ashton M., born May 29, 1888; Florence H., June 5, 1893. 5. Theresa Ophelia, November 14, 1854; married, October 23, 1873, T. B. Jewett; children, Julia, married George Ballard; Jennie and Frederick.

(VIII) Frank Edwin, son of Edwin B. and Sarah Ophelia (Smith) Hicks, was born on the homestead farm in Granville, Washington county, New York, March 19, 1848. He was educated in the public schools; Fort Edward Collegiate Institute and Eastman's Business College at Poughkeepsie. He returned to the farm after completing his studies and after arriving at man's estate rented the homestead and operated it for his own account. After the death of his father he purchased the property and has since been continuously engaged in agriculture, stock raising and dealing. He also deals extensively in farm produce, especially in fruits and wool. He specializes in fine cattle, maintaining on his farm specimens of choice breeds. He is a thorough

man of business and practices the most approved modern methods in his farming operations. He is interested in other important lines of activity in his county; is president of the Granville Telephone Company; director of the Granville National Bank and of the National Bank of Whitehall, New York. He is also interested in the Washington County Agricultural Society; served as president and is a leading exhibitor in his special lines. He is a Republican in politics and for two years was supervisor of his town. He married, September 6, 1871, Ida Josephine Wait, born March 18, 1852, daughter of Mansir K. and Julia Ann (Hale) Wait (see Wait VII). Children: 1. Edwin B., born May 23, 1873; married Laura Irene, daughter of Morvalden and Mary (Beecher) Brayton; children: Dorothy, Arthur D. and Laura Irene. 2. Mansir Wait, of whom further. 3. Harry Davis, October 12, 1877; married, May 4, 1910, Alice Baldwin. 4. Frank Edwin (2), July 9, 1879; married Mary Brayton. 5. Ida Estelle, March 16, 1887.

(IX) Mansir Wait, son of Frank Edwin and Ida Josephine (Wait) Hicks, was born on the Granville homestead farm in Washington county, New York, May 3, 1875. He was educated in the public schools and Albany Business College. For a few months thereafter he was in the employ of S. B. Thing, shoe dealer of Albany, but was then obliged to retire from active pursuits, owing to impaired health, and later located in the village of Granville, and on the organization of the Granville Telephone Company, became active in its construction and operations; was construction foreman, exchange manager, secretary, treasurer, and is now general manager; later he opened an insurance office, carrying lines of life, fire and indemnity insurance. He is a capable man of business and accomplishes results that give little evidence of his infirmity. He is a member of the Baptist church and politically a Republican. He married, January 20, 1906, Cora, daughter of Lorenzo and Rose B. (Haskins) Shaffner. Children: Hulda Elizabeth, born August 8, 1907; Mansir Wait, October 8, 1908; Merilla, twin of Mansir Wait.

(The Wait Line).

Thomas Wait, of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, died in 1677. He was made a freeman in 1641. On April 30, 1661, he bought land in Acushnet and Cohasset. His will was made by the town council, he having died intestate. There is no reference to his wife in the settlement of his estate, leaving the inference that her death preceded his own.

He had six children: 1. Samuel, died 1694; married Hannah ———; children: Samuel, Joseph and Susanna; the latter married Moses Barber and had fourteen children. 2. Joseph, died August 25, 1665; married Sarah ———; had a son William. 3. Jeremiah, died 1677; married Martha Brownell, born May, 1643, died February 15, 1744; no issue. 4. Thomas, died June, 1733; married Sarah Cook, died 1733. Children: Mary, Thomas and Benjamin. 5. Mary, married, April 5, 1676, Joseph Anthony; children: John, Joseph, Susanna and Thomas; she died in 1713; Joseph died in 1728. 6. Reuben, of whom further.

(II) Reuben, son of Thomas Wait, of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, died October 7, 1707. He was one of the proprietors of Dartmouth, Massachusetts, in 1685. His will, proved November 5, 1707, names wife Tabitha as executrix, and gives to son Thomas, one-half of the farm; to wife, twenty acres, dwelling house and orchard for life and movables forever. He names four sons, Benjamin, Joseph, Reuben and Jeremiah, and gives them lands in Dartmouth, etc. To daughters, Eleanor, Abigail and Tabitha, he gives three pounds each. His wife, Tabitha (Lounders) Wait, died in 1707.

(III) Thomas (2), son of Reuben and Tabitha (Lounders) Wait, was born in Dartmouth, Massachusetts, where he always resided, April 23, 1683. In 1721 he sold his right in his father's homestead to his brother Benjamin. He married, January 25, 1711, Mary, daughter of Joseph and Mehitable (Fish) Tripp. She was born August 22, 1689. Children: John, born November 30, 1711; Reuben, February 7, 1714; Thomas, of whom further; Mary, April 5, 1718; Meribah, July 20, 1720; Mehitable, November 18, 1722; Martha, April 5, 1725; Alice April 23, 1729.

(IV) Thomas (3), son of Thomas (2) and Mary (Tripp) Wait, was born February 29, 1716. He married, June 6, 1743, Tabitha Ellis. Children: Gideon, born March 3, 1746, married, April 6, 1766, Lois Tripp; Jeremiah: Thomas, April 10, 1755, married Naomi Weeks; Mary, February 11, 1757, married May 11, 1775, Reuben Wait; Lydia, March 19, 1759, married Doke Moon; Peleg, of whom further; Rufus, April 23, 1764, married, December 2, 1784, Eunice Hill; Alice.

(V) Peleg, son of Thomas (3) and Tabitha (Ellis) Wait, was born October 23, 1761, died October 7, 1847. He was a soldier of the revolution and is probably the P. Wait named as private of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, payroll drawn for amount of gratuity due non-commissioned officers and sold-

iers of the Massachusetts line of the continental army, agreeable to resolve of January 15, 1781. (See Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors, vol. xvi, page 399.) He married, 1783, Mary, born March 24, 1766, died February 3, 1862, daughter of Henry and Margaret (Rathbone) Greene. Children: Greene, born September 26, 1784, married (first) Diadema —, (second) Alida Moon; Clark, of whom further; Mercy, April 4, 1789, married William Gardner; Thomas, May 1, 1791, married Chloe Roblee; Benjamin, April 21, 1793, married Mary Odell; Alice, July 6, 1795, married James Hewitt; Tabitha, April 18, 1797, married Spink Madison; Mary, April 30, 1799, married Caleb Wells; Lois, Dec. 8, 1801, married Calvin P. Hill; Laura, Nov. 4, 1804.

(VI) Clark G., son of Peleg and Mary (Greene) Wait, was born April 3, 1787. He removed to Petersburg and later settled on a farm in the town of Granville, Washington county, New York, where he afterward always resided, engaged in agriculture. He married Abigail, daughter of Thomas and Martha (Jones) Phillips. Children: Pamela, born May 6, 1809; Ehalton, March 5, 1812; Clark G., (2), April, 1814; Hamilton, March 22, 1817; Mansir K., of whom further; Abraham, July 5, 1821; Priscilla, October 13, 1823; Martha, September 29, 1824; Philetas, March 27, 1828; Leander, October 20, 1830; Abigail, April 20, 1832; Dwight, May 25, 1835; Harlan, July 8, 1837.

(VII) Mansir K., son of Clark G. and Abigail (Phillips) Wait, was born at Granville, Washington county, New York, May 24, 1819, died December 2, 1892. He married, January 16, 1840, Julia Ann, daughter of Richard and Olive (Whedon) Hale. Children: Josephine, born May 10, 1841, died October 27, 1846; Pamela, April 11, 1843, died January 23, 1880, married Davis Northup; children: Mansir, James and Maud; Clark, June 11, 1845, died December 11, 1864; a veteran of the civil war; Casseus, February 19, 1847, married Ella Rogers; children: Mansir, Agnes, Carlotta and Clark; Charles, June 3, 1849, died September 3, 1849; Zilpha, July 12, 1850, died May 6, 1854; Ida Josephine, March 18, 1852, married Frank E. Hicks (see Hicks VIII); Emma, September 24, 1855, died November 13, 1856; Estella, April 13, 1858, married, October 8, 1879, George McDonald; children: Harry, married Ada Bromley, Ida and Mabel.

During the earlier generations of

ROSA the family in America this family retained the original spelling, Roosa. The latter-day family, or at least some

of them, spell it Rosa, which is the orthography used by the family in Schenectady herein recorded. It is one of the old Dutch families of the Hudson-Mohawk that settled first in Esopus, then in Albany and Schenectady. The sons of the emigrant all founded families and many of them still may be found in the same localities, settled by their earliest ancestors. Gelderland, in Holland, was the home of the emigrant ancestor.

(I) Albert Heymanse (Albert, son of Heyman) Roosa, was a farmer of Gelderland, Holland, where he married Wyntje Allard, and had eight children, born in the "faderland." He came with his entire family to America in the ship "Spotted Cow," arriving at New Amsterdam, April 15, 1660, and made permanent settlement at Esopus, New York, shortly afterward. He was a person of more than usual importance, for on May 16, 1661, he was appointed by Governor Stuyvesant one of the three "schepens," or magistrates, his associates being Evert Pels and Cornelis Barentse Slecht. He brought with him from Holland considerable property, and soon "occupied an influential position in the new settlement." In 1661 he was appointed one of the three commissioners to enclose the new village at Esopus, called Hurley. At the destruction of the village of Hurley, on June 7, 1663, by the Indians, two of his children, with forty-three other women and children, were taken captive. The story of the rescue of these captives by the colonial forces, under command of Captain Martin Krieger, is one of the most interesting episodes in the early history of New York. The records cite many instances of his participation in the early making of Kingston that show him to have been a leader. He rebelled against the tyrannies of Governor Nicholls, and in 1667 a commission appointed by the governor, sat at Esopus, investigating the "mutiny at Esopus." Albert Heymanse Roosa, Cornelis Barentse Slecht and two others were "found guilty of rebellious and mutinous riot" and were taken to New York for sentence. Nicholls, by advice of his council, on May 3, sentenced Roosa to be banished for life out of the government, and the others for shorter terms out of Esopus, Albany and New York. All these sentences were subsequently modified and the offenders returned. Governor Lovelace restored him to favor, and in 1669 appointed him overseer of the town of Hurley, called New Dorp, or New Village. "In 1673 he was confirmed as one of the officers of Esopus by Governor Anthony Colve, and described as Captain Albert Heymans Roosa, who had been prominent in the riot of 1667."

He served in the military forces of the colony as mustering officer, and in other capacities; was sergeant of Captain Henry Pawling's company, and in 1673 was captain of a company recruited from Hurley and Marbletown. He died at Hurley, February 27, 1679. In 1685 his widow, Wyntje Allard, secured a grant of 320 acres at Hurley. Children, the first eight born in Holland, the last two born in Esopus, New York: 1. Arie (or Aria); married, at Kingston, Maria, daughter of Magistrate Evert Pels. 2. Heyman, married Margreit Rosevelt. 3. Jan, married Hellegond Williams. 4. Ikee, married Roeloff Keirstede. 5. Maritje, married Albert Jansen. 6. Neeltein, married Hendric Pauldin, banns published November 4, 1676. 7. Janetie, married Matys Ten Eyck, November 16, 1679. 8. Aert, married Wyntje Aundreum d'Ong. 9. Annatje. 10. Guert, died June 15, 1664.

(II) Heyman, second son of Albert Heymanse and Wyntje (Allard) Roosa, was born in Holland, and came to America with the family in 1660. He lived in Esopus and Hurley. He married Margreit Rosevelt, born 1645. Children: 1. Geysbert, of whom further. 2. Albert, born March 2, 1679; in 1715 was sergeant in Captain Johannes' company, in Ulster county. 3. Claase, born April 27, 1684. 4. Neeltje, October 13, 1689. 5. Rachel, April 19, 1696. 6. Leah, September, 1698.

(III) Geysbert, eldest child of Heyman and Margreit (Rosevelt) Roosa, was born October 16, 1676. He lived in Hurley, and in 1715 was a private in Captain William Nottingham's company. He married, October 13, 1695, Greetje Bond, of Schenectady, New York. Children: 1. Hellegond, born August 6, 1696. 2. Jan, of whom further. 3. Hendrick, born August 20, 1703, died in infancy. 4. Hendrick, born March 20, 1707; in 1738 was private of Captain B. Brodhead's company, Ulster county militia; married, May 2, 1735, Zara Frear, of New Palz. 5. Greetje, born October 5, 1712.

(IV) Jan, eldest son of Geysbert and Greetje (Bond) Roosa, was born May 28, 1699. He married (first) August 27, 1725, Machteldt (Myeltje) Van Kampen. He married (second) Eva Klearwater. Children: 1. Guert, born June 9, 1727. 2. Johannes, November 22, 1728. 3. Abraham, April 29, 1733; a soldier of the revolution. 4. Elizabeth, September 7, 1735. 5. Isaac, of whom further. 6. Jacobus (James), born August 10, 1740; a soldier of the revolution; married Sarah Ennis. 7. Maria, born December 13, 1741. 8. Helena, August 21, 1743. 9. Gysbut, born

March 11, 1745; a soldier of the revolution. 10. Margaret. 11. Henrikje, born June 14, 1749. 12. Teunis Klearwater, June 23, 1751. 13. Greetje, March 28, 1756.

(V) Isaac Rosa, son of Jan and Myeltje (Van Kampen) Roosa, was born February 5, 1739. He married, in Albany, November 22, 1763, Maria, daughter of Ryckert Van Vranken. Children: 1. Johannes, born August 13, 1764. 2. Annatje, August 18, 1766; married, December 12, 1788, Joseph Yates. 3. Ryckert (Richard), of whom further. 4. Machtelt, born April 20, 1772; married Hocholas Marselis. 5. James (Jacobus). 6. Maas Van Vranken, born September 20, 1780.

(VI) Ryckert (Richard), son of Isaac and Maria (Van Vranken) Rosa, was born December 11, 1769, died August 30, 1809. He married, July 21, 1793, Annatje (Nancy), born January 1, 1772, died October 8, 1835, daughter of Nicholas Peek. Children: 1. Maria, born November 7, 1794. 2. Henry, August 17, 1795, died June 11, 1829. 3. Isaac R., of whom further. 4. Elizabeth, born October 13, 1799. 5. John, May 28, 1802, died February 9, 1835. 6. Jane P., born August 19, 1803, died June 27, 1879. 7. Martin, born July 30, 1805. 8. Catherine Ann, May 15, 1807.

(VII) Isaac R., son of Ryckert and Nancy (Peek) Rosa, was born September 8, 1797, died September 21, 1849. He removed to Fulton county, New York, where for many years he kept a house of entertainment for the traveling public, also owning and operating a farm. He married, July 15, 1827, Matilda Waite, born December 19, 1807, died August 31, 1828. He married (second), November 1, 1830, Phoebe Ann Alvord, born August 14, 1805, died September 27, 1884. Children, all by second marriage: 1. Richard H., born July 25, 1835, died October 1, 1890. He was a prominent lawyer, and served as district attorney of Fulton county twelve years. He was a charter member of Kenyetto Lodge, No. 599, Free and Accepted Masons, was the first senior warden under its charter of July 3, 1865, and the second worshipful master, 1868-71. He continued a member until November 25, 1878, when he demitted to St. Patrick's Lodge, No. 4, at Johnstown, where he died. 2. Isaac A., born November 3, 1836; a prominent contractor and lumberman; ex-sheriff of Fulton county, and supervisor eight years. 3. Elijah A., born April 9, 1842, died November 23, 1882. 4. James P., of whom further.

(VIII) James P., son of Isaac R. and Phoebe Ann (Alvord) Rosa, was born May 6, 1848, in Broadalbin, Fulton county, New

York. He was educated in the public schools, and at the age of seventeen years went to New York City, where he secured employment as a clerk in a dry goods store, remaining but a year. Returning to Broadalbin he engaged in mercantile life as junior partner of Chase & Rosa, general merchants, at Union Mills. In 1868 he located at Vail's Mills, town of Northampton, Fulton county, where he purchased a general store, and through firm changes continued until 1880, when he disposed of the business (being then sole owner), and located at the village of Broadalbin, where in association with Charles Butler he engaged as Rosa & Butler in the hardware business. Later Mr. Rosa conducted a gentlemen's furnishing store. In 1907 he disposed of his mercantile interests, having previously organized the Broadalbin Lumber Company, with which he is yet connected as principal owner. He has been successful in his various undertakings, and is an influential, highly respected citizen. Politically he is an Independent Republican, and has been the choice of his party for important offices. He is public-spirited and deeply interested in the cause of public education. For twelve years he has been president of the Board of Education, and for the same length of time president of the Board of Trade. He is a member of Kenneyto Lodge, No. 599, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he was master 1884-90. He is a member of the Baptist church, and since 1881 has served as trustee. He was postmaster at Vail's Mills, serving four years under President Grant, and at Broadalbin held the same office under President Cleveland. He married, January 26, 1870, Ruth Augusta, born October 7, 1846, daughter of John G. and Eliza C. (Smith) Pettit, of Edinburg, Saratoga county, New York. John Gattton Pettit was born February 6, 1818, died February 2, 1893; married, December 29, 1841, Eliza Cook Smith, born August 26, 1821, died March 23, 1874; children: 1. Esther, born July 27, 1843, died October 2, 1907; married March, 1865, David Allen; children: i. Carrie, born January 8, 1866, married Edward Armstrong, and had Edward and Amy; ii. Lizzie, born February 22, 1873, died 1873; iii. May E., born February 7, 1875, died October 26, 1908, married, February 5, 1902, Frederick Trapp; iv. David W., born April 7, 1883, married, October 21, 1907, Edith Hearst. 2. Ruth Augusta, married James P. Rosa. 3. Smith, born February 13, 1848, died May 9, 1874. 4. Sadie Ophelia, born October 30, 1850, died November 1, 1870. 5. Gattton, born August 15, 1852, died November 11, 1863. 6. Rebecca P., born June, 1858, died

November 13, 1863. James P. and Ruth A. Rosa have children: 1. Martha C., born September 15, 1870; married, February 9, 1906, Clarence C. Van Buren, and they have one son, James R., born January 9, 1907. 2. Nellie B., born February 5, 1880; married, June 22, 1907, Marvin R. Borst.

Clarence C. Van Buren, who married Martha C., daughter of James P. Rosa, is a lineal descendant of Cornelis Van Buren, the founder of the noted Van Buren family of the Hudson Valley, which includes a former president of the United States, Martin Van Buren. The line is as follows:

(I) Cornelis Van Buren came to America from Holland, in 1631. (II) Martin Cornelis, son of Cornelis Van Buren. (III) Pieter Martense, son of Martin Cornelis Van Buren.

(IV) Barent, son of Pieter Martense Van Buren, married Maria Whinney. He was a resident of Kinderhook. Children: Ariantje, born November 8, 1724; Elsie, October 23, 1726; Francis, of whom further; Maria, September 2, 1730; Pieter, February 18, 1733.

(V) Francis, son of Barent and Maria (Whinney) Van Buren, was born at Kinderhook, November 16, 1728, died May 6, 1815. In 1779 removed to what is now the town of Mayfield, Fulton county, New York, where he purchased and settled upon a tract of five hundred acres. He served during the revolution in the Seventh Regiment, Albany county militia. He married, about 1760, Johanna Van Slyck, born October 23, 1736, died April 5, 1815, also a descendant of an early Dutch Mohawk Valley family. Children: Barent, born September 28, 1762, died February 20, 1763; Angelica, born January 22, 1764, died February 19, 1850; Barent F., born November 26, 1769, died January 7, 1862; Peter, born August 2, 1772; Harmon F., of whom further.

(VI) Harmon F., son of Francis and Johanna (Van Slyck) Van Buren, was born March 29, 1775, died September 30, 1858. He accompanied his father to the Mohawk Valley and became the owner of one-quarter of the Mayfield purchase. Here he followed agriculture all his days, becoming prominent in town and church affairs, being especially active in the latter. He married, about 1796, Catherine Miller, born 1774, died March 13, 1845. Children: Hannah, born February 1, 1798, died in infancy; Charles, born March 5, 1799, died February 15, 1860; Johanna, born October 10, 1800, died January 18, 1853; Lucinda, born November 22, 1802, died March 3, 1874; Francis, born February 22, 1805, died March, 1872; Oliver Miller, of whom further; Angelica, born March 6, 1809, died

August 11, 1884; Peter, born May 4, 1813, died November 17, 1885.

(VII) Oliver Miller, son of Harmon F. and Catherine (Miller) Van Buren, was born in Mayfield, Fulton county, New York, April 4, 1807, died June, 1882. He was a farmer and a devoted member of the Presbyterian church. He married, January 21, 1829, Sallie Maria Hayes, born April 9, 1811, died April 18, 1883. Children: Elizabeth, born January 9, 1830; Charles Henry, born May 17, 1836, died March 2, 1897; Harmon E., of whom further; Ansel Hayes, born April 17, 1846, died August 31, 1910; Granville, born August 2, 1853.

(VIII) Harmon E., son of Oliver Miller and Sallie Maria (Hayes) Van Buren, was born June 28, 1839. He was a glove manufacturer, and served the town of Mayfield as assessor for ten years. He married, February 4, 1874, Adeline Thompson, born June 29, 1846. Children: Harriet T., born November 18, 1874; Clarence Edward, of whom further; Samuel T., born July 17, 1880, married, March 1, 1908, Ruth T. Martling, and has Oliver N., born October 3, 1909.

(IX) Clarence Edward, son of Harmon E. and Adeline (Thompson) Van Buren, was born January 30, 1876. He was educated in the Gloversville high school and at the New Britain (Connecticut) normal school. After completing his studies he taught at Lake George, New York, until January 1, 1903, when he was elected school commissioner of Fulton county, entering upon the duties of his office on that date. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Baptist congregation. He married, February 7, 1906, Martha Charlotte, daughter of James P. and Ruth A. Rosa. They have James Rosa Van Buren, born January 9, 1907.

Three towns in the United States have been named after descendants of Simon Lobdell, viz: Lobdell, Louisiana, near New Orleans, where, in close proximity, reside descendants of Abraham James and John Little Lobdell, the pioneer Lobdell settlers of Louisiana and Mississippi; Lobdell, Clinton county, New York, named from descendants of Jared Lobdell; Lobdell, Kane county, Kansas, named after Charles E. Lobdell, formerly speaker of the Kansas House of Assembly, also a descendant of Jared Lobdell.

(I) The name of Simon Lobdell appears among the "Afterplanters" names of Milford, Connecticut, about forty—a framed list of names which hangs in the town clerk's office at Milford. The best supposition is that he came

as a young lad with a party from Hereford, England, near the Wales boundary, in 1645, and that his sisters, Ann and Elizabeth, came at the same time, but remained in Boston. From public records it appears that Simon Lobdell, in 1646, was given by the "first planters" a home lot containing a half acre of ground. In 1657 he took the freeman's oath at Hartford, Connecticut, and was a taxpayer of that place in 1667. He removed to Springfield, Massachusetts, where his sisters were living, both having married and settled there. From 1666 to 1674 he was keeper of the prison in Springfield, and accumulated considerable property. In 1681 he purchased land (but did not settle) at Stony River, and in 1682, at Hull, Massachusetts. He returned to Milford, where his wife, Persis, was admitted to the church January 7, 1677, and on April 9, 1710, Simon united with the same church. He died at Milford prior to October 4, 1717, as on that date letters of administration were granted on his estate. In his will he styles himself Lieutenant. He married Persis ———, date unknown. Children: 1. Mary, married David Wooster, born 1666, eldest son of Edward Wooster, of Milford; children: Jerusha, Persis and Tamar. 2. Elizabeth, married William Roberts. 3. Joshua, of whom further. 4. Anna, born December 1, 1674, unmarried at time of her father's death. 5. Rebecca, born at Springfield, Massachusetts, 1677; married Deliverance Downs, born 1669, son of John and Mary Downs, of New Haven, Connecticut; children: Rebecca, John, Mary and Elizabeth.

(II) Joshua, only son of Simon and Persis Lobdell, was born at Springfield, Massachusetts, December 23, 1671, died previous to October 31, 1743, as on that date Caleb Lobdell agrees to assume the support of his mother, "Eunice, widow of Joshua Lobdell, deceased, late of Ridgefield." He married and lived in Milford, until after the death of his first wife, Mary, then in 1712, with his children, removed to Ridgefield, Connecticut. He purchased, March 3, 1712, of James Brown, of Norwalk, one-twenty-ninth part of the town of Ridgefield. During the succeeding twenty or thirty years Joshua was continually adding to his estate by purchase from the proprietors or their grantors. He married (first), August 11, 1695, Governor Robert Treat performing the ceremony, Mary, daughter of John and Alice Burwell, early settlers of Milford. He married (second), in 1713, Eunice, born 1689, daughter of Lieutenant John and Mary (Benedict) Olmstead, of Norwalk, Connecticut. Children of first wife, all born in Milford, Connecticut: 1. Samuel, born February 2,

1699, married Rebecca St. John; children: Rebecca, Mary, Abigail and Samuel. 2. Sarah, born February 1, 1702, died young. 3. Joshua, born March 15, 1703; was captain of Westchester county militia, and fought with his five sons in the French and Indian wars of 1755-60; married Mary Reynolds, and had Mary, Joshua, Ebenezer, Jacob, Rachel, Daniel, and John. This family removed over the state line and settled in Cortland Manor, Westchester county, New York. 4. Mary, born October 30, 1704, married Samuel Plum. 5. Ebenezer, born February 24, 1707, married Rebecca Benedict. 6. Susannah, born February 27, 1709, married Seaborn Burt. Children of Joshua Lobdell and his second wife, Eunice, all born in Ridgefield, Connecticut: 7. Sarah, born September 27, 1714; married, March 6, 1734, Jabez Northrup. 8. Caleb, born February 1, 1716; married (first), June 27, 1749, Elizabeth ———, who died 1752; (second) Bertha Paddock, who died after 1761; (third) Ruth ———, who survived him; children: Caleb (2), Paddock, and Philip. 9. John, of whom further. 10. Darius, born October 18, 1729; settled in Danby, Vermont; was a revolutionary soldier and fought at Bennington; he married Mary Balwin; children: Mary, Eunice, Darius (2), Rev. Jacob, and John. 11. Elizabeth, born November 13, 1732; married (first) Harrie Gunn, (second) Isaac Northrup (his second wife). 12. Simon. 13. David.

(III) John, son of Joshua and Eunice (Olmstead) Lobdell, was born in Ridgefield, Connecticut, August 21, 1721, died in Brookfield, Connecticut, 1778. In 1742 he received from Daniel Sherwood, his father-in-law, various sums of money and tracts of land on his wife's, Ruth's, account. In 1746 John, being very sick and thinking himself near death, made his will giving all his possessions to his wife, Ruth, and an unborn child, and of this will he says, "I appoint my duly trusty brother, Samuel Lobdell, executor." John however, recovered and lived until 1778, having nine children. He married, June 25, 1744, Ruth Sherwood, born in Ridgefield, March 29, 1723, died May 4, 1787, daughter of Daniel and Ruth (Bradley) Sherwood. Ruth Bradley was a daughter of John and Hannah (Sherwood) Bradley, of Ridgefield. Children, all born in Brookfield, Connecticut: 1. Ruth, March 26, 1745; married Nathan Bradley. 2. John, September 21, 1746; married Abigail Barlow; children: Orpha, Dennis Barlow, Huldah, and Phoebe Ruthina. 3. Caleb, July 4, 1748; married in Westchester county, New York, Patience Boughton; lived in Brookfield, but after the British raid of 1777

he moved to New York state with his brother, Daniel. They stopped at Rensselaerwyck, where one or more children were born, then continued to Northville, Fulton county, New York, where Caleb and Patience died. Children: Jerusha, Lucy, Daniel, Caleb, Noble, John Boughton, Ruth, Lanie, Jacob, Elias, Melinda, Samuel, Abigail, George, Rodney and Pliny. 4. Sarah, baptized April 14, 1749, married ——— Peck. 5. Abigail, born May 4, 1753; married ——— Dunning. 6. Hannah, born June 4, 1755; married ——— Hepburn. 7. Daniel, of whom further. 8. Lewis, born March 7, 1760; married, September 22, 1780, Elizabeth Osborn. 9. Chloe, born 1765; married, July 10, 1782, Elijah Baldwin.

(IV) Daniel, son of John and Ruth (Sherwood) Lobdell, was born at North Brookfield, Connecticut, September 22, 1757, died at Northville, Fulton county, New York, June 13, 1843. In 1777, in company with his brother Caleb he left Brookfield, and journeyed north, and after a residence of several years at Rensselaerwyck (now Hudson, Columbia county), located, in 1790, in Northville (then called Old Ford, Fulton county, New York), where his relatives, Samuel Olmstead and Zadock Sherwood, had preceded him. Daniel and Caleb Lobdell were the third and fourth families to locate there, Daniel served six years as a revolutionary soldier. Northville then was in Montgomery county, Fulton county being erected later. Daniel purchased a farm of ninety-four acres and spent his after-life in its development and cultivation. He was a man of influence and possessed sterling qualities of character that he transmitted to his posterity along with his material wealth. He was a Whig in politics and public-spirited in all things. He married (first) Rachel Osborn, born December 13, 1757, at Brookfield, Connecticut, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Mead) Osborn. She died at Northville, July 13, 1821. He married (second) Betsey Bryant, who died without issue. Children of first wife: 1. James, born October 25, 1784, at Hudson, New York, died in West Troy, May 19, 1860; married, October 18, 1807, Sally Van Arman, of Pittstown, New York. He was a merchant of Johnstown and Troy; one of the first members of Trinity Episcopal Church, of which he was warden in 1834. Children: Rachel, Alexander St. John, Maria, Harriet, Helen Maxwell, James Dow, Richard Saddler, and William Henry. 2. Daniel Granby, born March 1, 1788, in Fulton county, New York, died unmarried, March 28, 1808. 3. Nathan Bradley, of whom further.

(V) Nathan Bradley, son of Daniel and Rachel (Osborn) Lobdell, was born at Broad-

albin, Montgomery county, New York, July 15, 1791, being the first white child born in that section. He grew up in the town, where he became a man of wealth and influence, highly respected, and enjoying, to the utmost, the confidence of his townsmen. He was the lawyer of his day, and did a great deal of the legal business of the town. He was justice of the peace, captain of militia, and for ten years postmaster at Northville. When Fulton and Hamilton counties were formed from Montgomery in 1888, he had charge of the work of transcribing the records belonging to the new county of Fulton. He was a Democrat in politics. When his wife died he did not again marry, but kept all of his large family together, none leaving until they went to homes of their own. He married, December 27, 1812, at Providence, Saratoga county, New York, Nancy Richardson, born October 2, 1788, at Providence, died February 4, 1834, at Northville, daughter of William and ——— (Montgomery) Richardson, a descendant of General Montgomery, of revolutionary fame. Children:

1. Daniel Granbee, born December 7, 1813, died unmarried, at Washington, D. C., July 9, 1875. He became a lawyer of prominence, and was a partner of Judge Yost, of Fort Plain, to whom he bequeathed his library. He entered government employ during President Pierce's administration; was supervising special agent of the Treasury. After visiting the principal custom houses in the United States he went to Europe and investigated the customs methods of different countries. In politics he was a Democrat. He is buried in Albany, New York.

2. Mary Ann, born January 12, 1816; married Gilbert Le Fevre; child: Arthur Le Fevre, of Albany, New York.

3. James H., born February 14, 1818; married (first) Maria M. Greenfield, in 1845; (second) Mary Stone. Child of first wife: Helen, born April 6, 1846, married October 22, 1864, John Obias Van Hoesen, and removed to Wisconsin, where her husband died, January 1, 1901. Children of second wife: Emma, born March 15, 1856; James Edward, March 15, 1859; Mary Elizabeth, October 11, 1861; Charles E., March 15, 1864.

4. William Richardson, died in childhood.

5. Maria Rachel, born December 10, 1821; married Truman Gilbert; children: Truman James, William Nathan, Virginia and Elizabeth.

6. Emily Nancy, born March 25, 1824, died unmarried, May 17, 1849.

7. Hiram W., born April 20, 1826; married Phoebe Eliza Hood, born July 24, 1837. He

studied for a physician, located at Flat Rock, Michigan, where he died January 10, 1884. Children: Dr. John H., Daniel Granbee, and Mary E.

8. Charles Nathan, born January 3, 1829, died in infancy.

9. Bradley Nathan, of whom further.

(VI) Bradley Nathan, son of Nathan Bradley and Nancy (Richardson) Lobdell, was born in old Montgomery county, now Benson, Hamilton county, New York, June 20, 1832. He was educated in the public schools, and until twenty-one years of age was engaged in farming. He then went West, and for five years was in the lumber and real estate business. He went to Northville in 1859, and after a few years in the grain trade, began, in 1865, the manufacture of gloves and mittens, a business he conducted for twenty-three years with great success. He was one of the board of charter members of the Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville railroad, and mainly instrumental in having the road built to Northville. Mr. Lobdell may claim to be one of the fathers of forest preservation; certainly he has not only talked and fought for their preservation, but has probably restored a larger area than any other single individual. In 1870 he first conceived a plan of replanting the former forest, and since that time has bought large tracts of despoiled land, and now has growing on lands of his own a quarter of a million white pine trees, all scientifically cared for. His experiment was with thirty-two acres of shade maple and a few pines that had sprung up. He trimmed and cared for them and was so well pleased with their growth and development that he has since made pines a specialty. Since 1899 he has planted chestnut, white oak and black walnut on old meadow and pasture land. In 1902 he planted a large quantity of black walnut, besides other kind of timber. He is enthusiastic over his favorite, tree culture, and cheerfully gives of his vast fund of information and experience to those desiring to follow his example and restore the waste places. He also owns large and valuable tracts of lands in Michigan. He is a Democrat in politics, and has served as town clerk and assessor. He is connected with the Masonic order in Northville, and is a member of the Episcopal church.

Mr. Lobdell married Sabrina E. Miller, born November 6, 1836, died June 5, 1890, daughter of David N. and Mardula E. (Olmstead) Miller, of Northville. Children: 1. Emilie Maria, born May 26, 1856; married Leander McLean. 2. Ida, born August 26, 1863, died March 5, 1864. 3. Josephine, born

June 24, 1866; married William Hollearn; children: Clara, born October 13, 1892; Margaret, April 25, 1894; Grace, January 25, 1896; Blanche, November 10, 1897.

RESSEGUIE

The history of the Resseguie family is unknown prior to the settlement of the American progenitor at Norwalk, Connecticut, but it is believed they descend from the De Resseguie family, of the province of Languedoc, in southern France, and of Toulouse, capital city of the department of Haute Garonne.

(I) Alexander Resseguie settled in Norwalk, Connecticut, in 1709. Tradition says he was the younger son of Alexander Resseguie, a Huguenot refugee from France, who brought with him a small hair trunk containing title deeds to property in France. Hoping to return and establish his claims, Alexander educated his eldest son to the law, but his death at the age of twenty years so disheartened the father that he gave up his intention and passed the trunk and papers into the possession of a younger son. Later they were destroyed by fire. Another theory is that the family fled to England before coming to America, and that Alexander Resseguie, a silk manufacturer of London, 1696, was the father of Alexander of Norwalk. As there is no previous record of a male Resseguie in America, Alexander must be considered the ancestor. He purchased land in Norwalk, April 1, 1709, and frequently thereafter. There is little record of his life save that of his possessions. He died in October, 1772; his place of burial is unknown. He married, October 19, 1709, Sara, daughter of Pierre and Marguerite (Collinot) Bontecou, of New York. She was born in France and came to New York with her parents in 1689, and died in May, 1757. The estate of Alexander inventoried £10,500, an immense sum in that day. One-half the estate was left to his widow, Sara, during her widowhood. Children: 1. Alexander (2), of whom further. 2. Peter, born December 19, 1711, died young. 3. James, born November 6, 1713, died in the French and Indian war. 4. Abraham, born July 27, 1715, died July 31, 1797; married, and had six children. 5. Isaac, born May 24, 1717; settled across the border in New York state. 6. Jacob, born August 14, 1719; married Mary Center; five children. 7. Sarah, born July 12, 1721, died May 25, 1753.

(II) Alexander (2), eldest son of Alexander (1) and Sara (Bontecou) Resseguie, was born August 27, 1710, and was living in 1793. He was a large landowner and farmer, much

of his land being inherited from his father. His will, written in a beautiful script, is dated July 27, 1793. It is a relic from the hair trunk previously mentioned, and has the lower half of the sheet burned away. He married, in Wilton, Connecticut, February 16, 1738, Thankful Belden, who was living in 1793. Children: 1. Sarah, died in childhood. 2. Margaret, born February 20, 1741, died in Ballston, Saratoga county, New York, October 10, 1842, aged 101 years; she married, September 18, 1764, Joseph Riggs (second wife). She made the journey from Groton, Tompkins county, New York, to Ballston, during the last year of her life, driving the first forty miles to Syracuse; six children. 3. Alexander, died in infancy. 4. Alexander, born December 10, 1745, died May 5, 1777; married Eunice Blackman, in Weston, Connecticut; three children. 5. William, married Susannah Patrick; removed to Fishkill, New York, where he purchased four hundred acres of land; he had seven children. 6. Timothy, born December 28, 1754, died at Verona, Oneida county, New York, January 19, 1838; served in the revolutionary war; removed to New York state after his marriage, and after several locations finally settled in Verona; married, June 5, 1785, Abigail Lee; eleven children. 7. Mary, born 1764; married, November 28, 1779, Thomas Cole, a soldier of the revolution. He was taken sick while the army of Washington occupied New York City and the British were at White Plains. She rode to headquarters from her home in Wilton, Connecticut, on horseback, passing through both British and American lines and brought her husband safely home. She drew a widow's pension until her death; seven children. 8. Daniel, of whom further.

(III) Daniel, son of Alexander (2) and Thankful (Belden) Resseguie, was born in Ridgefield, Connecticut, May 1, 1769, died in the town of Northampton, Fulton county, New York, February 2, 1825. He resided for a time on Long Island, removed to Charlton, Saratoga county, and in 1790 to the town of Northampton (then Broadalbin, Montgomery county), where he settled on and cultivated a farm until his death. He married Mary Monroe, born 1763, died October 2, 1828, daughter of Captain David Monroe. Children: 1. David, of whom further. 2. Mary, born January 29, 1787, died in Houndsfield, New York, January 18, 1845; married, 1804, Joshua Crouch; children: Esther, died in infancy; Daniel Resseguie; Cynthia, Hannah Field, William Harrison, Samuel, John, and Emily Samantha. 3. Esther, born March 31, 1788, died August 6, 1844; married Charles

Scott, deceased; no issue. 4. Hannah Maria, born 1790, died in Houndsfield, December 25, 1815; married, 1810, Spafford Field, of Watertown, New York. During the war of 1812 he was employed by the government in building the naval vessel, "New Orleans," at Sackett's Harbor, and at the battle here served as a "minute man." For his services he received a grant of one hundred and sixty acres of land. He had one child, who married Nathaniel Warren Green. 5. Daniel, born March 9, 1792, died 1867; he was a farmer of Northampton, where he was born, lived and died; married, in Benson, New York, about 1819, Eunice Crane, born September 8, 1794, died June 9, 1870; children: Orville and Mary. 6. Alexander, died at age of seventeen years. 7. Charles, born in Northampton, September 9, 1797, died in Edinburg, Saratoga county, New York, April 18, 1881. At the beginning of the war of 1812 he walked, with his brother David, to Sackett's Harbor, where the latter enlisted, but Charles, being too young, was employed to draw wood to the barracks. During the construction of the Erie canal he had the superintendence of a portion of the work. Later he settled down to the life of a farmer. He was an official of the Methodist Episcopal church, and highly respected by all who knew him. He married, January 20, 1830, Lucy, daughter of Joseph and Anna (Runnells) Corey. She died December 13, 1889. Children: Charles, Edwin, Samuel, Daniel, Lucy Ann, and James Birney. 8. Samuel, born November 28, 1800, died in Houndsfield, March 24, 1853; married, 1822, Lydia, daughter of John and Lydia (Sprague) Brown, of Ballston, New York. After their marriage they made their way with a yoke of cattle through the forest to Houndsfield, spending days on the journey, the road being indicated by "blazed" trees. Children: Daniel, Esther, Belden, Samuel, Cordelia, David, Mary Emily, Minerva and John Brown. 9. Jacob, born October 21, 1803 died in Chili, New York, December 11, 1875. He was born and lived in Northampton a number of years, then removed to Chili. He was a railroad and canal contractor. He married, in Edinburg, New York, 1826, Elizabeth Cole; children: Jerome, Fidelia and Charles Lester. 10. Belden, born May 2, 1806, died in Rock county, Wisconsin, February 9, 1874. He was foreman during the construction of the Erie canal, and also helped to build the Black river canal. He purchased a farm in Wilna, Jefferson county, and during the winter months taught school, later removing to Wisconsin. He married, at Northville, New York,

December 10, 1831, Polly Maria Carpenter, born in Reading, Vermont, November 2, 1812. Children: Alexander, Elizabeth, Belden, Stephen Hubbard Wakeman, Samuel and Marion. 11. Gaylord, died unmarried. 12. Minerva, born February 9, 1809; married, in Northampton, January 11, 1832, Hiram, son of Joseph Lewis, of Northville. He was born in that village January 22, 1804, died December 26, 1858. He was a farmer and tanner; filled the offices of assessor, highway and poor commissioner. Children: Mary Maria, Celestia Ann and Hannah Minerva.

(IV) David, son of Daniel and Mary (Monroe) Resseguie, was born May 19, 1784, died in Northampton, New York, March 21, 1882. He removed, with his parents, to Charlton, Saratoga county, New York, and from there to Northampton (Broadalbin), reaching the latter place at the age of three years. He served through the war of 1812, and during the last twenty years of his life drew a good pension. He was a member of the Methodist church, and very hospitable in his entertainment of the ministry and brethren. He died at the great age of ninety-seven years and ten months, ninety-four of these years having been spent in Northampton. He married, March 5, 1805, Mary Case, born in Massachusetts, died Northville, July 14, 1871, daughter of Aaron and Patience (Simmons) Case, of Northampton. Children: 1. Miranda, born August 2, 1806; married, November 15, 1826, Isaac Grosbeck. She married (second) February 10, 1845, Joshua Wells. 2. Maria, died at age of eighteen years. 3. John, of whom further. 4. Alexander, born September 13, 1809; married, February 24, 1839, Jerusha Norton, born June 10, 1816; the family removed to Janesville, Wisconsin. 5. Rufus, born February 23, 1811; married (first) August 28, 1845, Lydia Ann Bennem, who died December 17, 1851; (second) June 22, 1853, Phoebe Amelia Blachly. This family resides in Brooklyn, New York. 6. Mary, born February 17, 1813; married, November 23, 1830, Ebenezer Gifford, born February 26, 1804; this family resides in Hunter, Illinois. 7. Hiram, born June 13, 1815; married, January 8, 1840, Mary M. Rogers, born June 1, 1818; this family reside in Northville, Dakota. 8. Hannah, born July 3, 1821; married, May 17, 1842, Joseph McCuern, of Northville, New York.

(V) John, son of David and Mary (Case) Resseguie, was born in Broadalbin, Fulton county, New York, February 8, 1808, died May 27, 1898. He was educated in the public school and grew up a farmer. He owned a tannery at Hope Falls, where he produced

heavy sole leather in partnership with William A. Smith. He was the contractor for building the railroad from Gloversville to Northville, and also had large lumber interests. He removed to the town of Hope, Hamilton county, New York, a few miles from Northville. He was a trustee of the village and supervisor of the town. In all his enterprises he was fairly successful. He held high rank in his town, where he was always influential and useful. He married, January 20, 1830, Velitta Palmer, who died March 31, 1878. Six children:

i. Emily, born July 2, 1831; married, November 29, 1849, Joseph Brooker, born October 6, 1823, died August 27, 1881; children: i. Amay, born November 24, 1850, died May 13, 1907; married, December 27, 1868, William B. Abrams, and had four children: a. Delos, born January 25, 1870, married, June 27, 1894, Minnie Knight, and has Ruth, born June 7, 1895, and William, born November 8, 1897. b. Rupert J., born June 27, 1872, married, July 17, 1895, Edna Cole, and has Carrie, born June 27, 1896; Delos B., June 23, 1900; and Lewis E., August 28, 1902. c. Mae, born May 11, 1878, married February 1, 1897, Charles R. Fowler, and has Charles, born November 8, 1897, died August 24, 1898; Kenneth, born October 8, 1900; and Marion C., born September 30, 1907. d. Charles B., born November 8, 1883, married, June 19, 1907, Jean W. Bearcroft, and has Dorothy, born October 9, 1909. ii. Lydia, born July 31, 1853, married Fred Benton; children: Edwin, married Alice Keller, and has Mina and Raymond. iii. Hiram, born July 29, 1855, married Mary Gould; children: Catherine, married Alfred Noyes, and has Genevieve and Mildred. iv. Augusta, born March 14, 1873, married Grant Holley; children: Grant (2), Milton, Eleanor May, Mabel, Sterling R., and Ruth.

2. Hiram, born in Northampton, Fulton county, New York, September 5, 1833, died February 22, 1903. He was a most energetic and influential man. Though deeply interested in business he was ever mindful of his duty as a citizen. He served as president and again as treasurer of the village; was treasurer of the school board, and helpful in every way. He was a trustee of the Methodist church and a most useful member. He married, August 4, 1861, Charlotte M. Stoddard, born April 11, 1836; children: i. Alma C., born April 21, 1864, married Thomas N. Parker; ii. Charles H., born March 9, 1866, married Louise Balcomb, and has Ruth B., born March 24, 1890, and Raymon, December 1, 1893; iii. Harriet R., born April 28,

1868, married A. J. Cooper, and has Mabel R., born March 21, 1900.

3. Alexander P., born in Northville, Fulton county, New York, April 25, 1835. He was engaged in the lumber business in Brooklyn, New York, for several years, then returned home and was superintendent for his father in grading and building the Northville railroad. He then began the manufacture of shoe lasts, in which he continued twenty-five years, building up a very large business. He is now living retired, after a life of activity and success. He is a Republican in politics, and a trustee of the Methodist church. He has been a Mason for many years, and has always taken an active interest in that order. He married, January 8, 1857, Mary A. Lawton, born May 15, 1835, daughter of Squire and Zarnis (Finch) Lawton. Her father served in the war of 1812, and her maternal great-grandfather Pixley served in the revolution. Children: i. Estella A., born November 16, 1857; ii. Fred; iii. Louise D., born February 17, 1863, married, October 6, 1892, J. B. Anible, born October 29, 1859.

4. John M., born September 11, 1838. He was engaged in tanning with his father until the outbreak of the civil war, when he enlisted in the Thirty-second Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, and served four years. He returned home and soon after died from the effects of exposure. He married Augusta Partridge.

5. Minerva F., born May 4, 1842; married, March 5, 1860, Dr. John F. Blake (second wife), born in Greenwich, Washington county, New York, June 8, 1821, died May 2, 1896. He practiced in Saratoga county, then took special courses in New York City, and located in Sacramento, California. In 1852 he returned to Northville, where he practiced until his death. His grandparents Blake were born in Scotland. He was a son of Andrew and Electa (Wood) Blake. Children of Dr. and Minerva F. Blake: i. Clarence R., graduated from Burlington University, of Vermont, M.D.; in practice with father until the death of the latter; married, May 27, 1886, Hattie A. Brownell, born November 25, 1867, and has son, John Harry, born March 4, 1887; ii. Louise, born March 25, 1864, married, November 4, 1896, James R. Willard, born July 23, 1855, and has James R. (2), born January 6, 1900, and Gladys, born July 13, 1901; iii. Margaret, born March 6, 1874.

6. Charles B., of whom further.

(VI) Charles B., youngest son of John and Velitta (Palmer) Resseguie, was born in Northville, New York, November 9, 1847.

He was educated in the public schools and grew up in the tannery business. He became interested with his father in his various enterprises while a young man; then became a clerk for George A. Streeter & Brother, later Streeter & Son, finally purchasing their grain business. He next bought an interest in the hardware business of James B. Wilson, later becoming sole owner. He admitted Scott Partridge, and as Resseguie & Partridge they continued the hardware business and added glove manufacture. Mr. Resseguie has been a successful business man, and worthily carries his family name. He has been president of the village of Northville, and treasurer of the village school board. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, the Improved Order of Red Men, and is a Republican in politics. He married, September 14, 1870, Robertina Hubbell, born August 23, 1847. Children: 1. Ray, born November 9, 1871, died May 5, 1902; married, June 17, 1893, Elizabeth Scribner, and had son, Clarence L., born April 9, 1894. 2. Fred, born August 12, 1874; a physician of Saratoga Springs; married, October 27, 1905, Helen Hanson. 3. Edwin W., born July 3, 1880; married, June 27, 1906, Mae Carpenter, and has Helen, born February 16, 1908, and Margaret, January 5, 1910.

The present is the third generation of this branch of the West family in the United States. None of the name, honorably as it has been borne, will be more gratefully remembered or tenderly cherished than Hon. George West, of Ballston Spa, New York.

George West was born in Brandon, England, February 17, 1823. He received a good common school education, and early in life began work in a paper mill, where he thoroughly mastered the various processes of making paper. He married, in England, in February, 1840, and having then reached his twenty-sixth year he came to the United States. For one year he was employed in New Jersey, then removed to Massachusetts, where he obtained a position in a large paper mill. He soon became manager of the mill, and in a very few years was admitted a partner. In 1861 he removed to Ballston Spa, New York, where he was superintendent of one of the large mills at Rock City Falls. It was now the period of the civil war, and the scarcity of cotton was being severely felt, particularly by the mills producing cotton bags; many mills closed, and the demand for flour sacks became very great. At this juncture Mr. West saw his great opportunity. Leasing an idle

mill he announced that he would make bags of paper. All doubted that he could make them strong enough to carry in safety fifty pounds of flour. He very soon demonstrated that he could, and began the manufacture of manila paper bags, and employed Martin V. E. White, an ingenious mechanic, to make the first lot by hand. The bags were all that Mr. West claimed for them, and orders began to pour in. He erected a bag mill adjoining his paper mill at Rock City Falls, and with a slow hand process laid the foundation of his large business and fortune. After he had been operating by the hand process for several months, a man of ordinary appearance called at his office one day and told him he could construct a machine that would do the same work far more rapidly. Mr. West at once entered into a contract with his visitor to build such a machine in his mill. The man made his promises good, and within a few weeks the machine was in successful operation. The mechanical principle of his first bag-making machine is the same upon which the wonderful machines of to-day are built. Mr. West was the pioneer paper-bag manufacturer, a business which has grown to be one of the world's greatest industries. In 1862 he purchased the Empire Mill at Rock City Falls, and in 1866 built the Excelsior Mill, at the same point, and from time to time, as business increased, built or purchased additional mills along the stream. The death of John Howey, in 1875, compelled the sale of his four cotton factories, his mansion in Ballston Spa, and a large number of tenement houses. Mr. West became the purchaser of the entire estate. He converted one of the factories into a paper mill and one into a bag mill. When the Milton avenue factory was burned he replaced it with the large Union Mill. In 1880 he purchased the paper mill at Hadley on the Hudson, and erected another large mill. He was now the largest manufacturer of his specialties in the entire world. He owned and operated nine paper mills, a pulp mill and two mills making nothing but manila paper and paper bags. He admitted his son, George, and his son-in-law, Douglass W. Mabey, to the business, which in 1899 was sold in its entirety to the Union Bag and Paper Company, and Mr. West retired from active business after a career of unprecedented success. He died at his home on Milton avenue, September 20, 1901, in his seventy-ninth year.

He gave a great deal of time to the public service. In 1871 he was elected to the state assembly, and re-elected 1872-73-74-75; in 1881 was elected to congress and served



George West



George West Jr

two terms; was again elected in 1887. He spent eleven years in office and declined all further honors. He was an ardent Republican, and always retained an active interest in political affairs. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, his liberality enabling that society to erect, in 1892, their present fine church in Ballston Spa. He contributed one-half the cost, besides giving the pipe organ and other fixtures. He contributed a princely sum toward the erection of a fine museum building at Round Lake, New York, and provided an endowment fund for its permanent support. His liberality toward every worthy cause was very great, and he left behind a most gracious memory. He was large in physique as well as mentally. He accomplished much and left the world better for his having lived in it.

He married Louisa Rose, born in England; six children, three of whom lived to adult life, George, Walter S., and Florence L., who married D. W. Mabey, and has seven children: Louise, George, Walter, Florence, Alfred, David, Margaret.

(II) George (2), son of George (1) and Louisa (Rose) West, was born February 17, 1845, in Devonshire, England, died January 25, 1906. He was engaged with his father in the manufacture of paper all his life, and in later years was his partner. He was an eminently capable business man, and of fine mind and character. He married, June 13, 1870, Emily Hewitt, born May 3, 1848, daughter of Orrin and Cynthia (Hewitt) Hathorn, of Greenfield, Saratoga county, New York (see Hathorn VIII). Children: Fred Hathorn, Walter Scott, and George (3) West.

(The Hathorn Line).

This name is spelled either Hathorne, Hathorn or Hawthorne, by members of the same family, descendants of William and John Hathorn, of early colonial record. There have been many distinguished men who have borne the name, and the curse pronounced by the husband of a woman who was being tried for witchcraft before Judge John Hathorn in Salem, seems to have spent its force long ago. There are ugly records of these trials, but it is probably to this one that the traditional curse is traceable, the husband having exclaimed that God would avenge his wife's sufferings. William, the father of John Hathorn (also a magistrate), spent the force of his wrath against the Quakers, and was notorious for his remorselessness towards some of their women, "Annie Coleman and her four friends." Albeit, before being appointed a magistrate he had opposed the persecution

of Quakers. Yet he is to be credited with the execution of John Flint for killing an Indian, and to the protest against English interference with the internal affairs of New England, which sounded a note of independence even at that early day.

(I) William and Sara Hathorn, of Bimfield, Berkshire, England, had eight children, three of whom, William, Eliza and John, emigrated to America. William, the eldest son, came over with Governor Winthrop's company in the "Arbella," and settled in Salem, Massachusetts, June 12, 1630. Eliza married ——— Davenport. John came over in 1635 and settled in Salem. William became a man of great importance in the colony. He was deputy to general court; major of the first regularly organized company, or train band, in Salem, and fought in the Indian campaigns; was also a magistrate and sullied his fair fame by cruelly persecuting the Quakers, although, from the Puritan standpoint, they were doing God and the church a service. He died in 1681, in his seventy-fourth year; will proved June 28, 1681. Children: A daughter, who married ——— Helwise; Sarah, married, April 13, 1663, Joseph Coker; Eleazer, married Abigail, daughter of Captain George Curwen; Nathaniel, born August 11, 1639; John, see forward; Anna, married Joseph Porter; Captain William, married Sarah ———; Elizabeth, married Israel Porter.

(II) John, son of William and Anne (Davenport) Hathorn, was born August 4, 1641, died May 10, 1717. He was deputy, colonel, magistrate, judge, and a cruel and remorseless leader in the witchcraft persecution. Much as we may feel like condemning these men for their cruel and often inhuman treatment of those brought under their authority, all admit that they founded a state and reared a posterity that make glorious the pages of American history. John Hathorn was the ancestor of the gentle and gifted Nathaniel Hawthorne, of the sixth generation, who in later years wrote of his two earlier ancestors: "The present writer, as their representative, hereby takes shame upon myself for their sakes, and pray that any curse incurred by them, as I have heard, and as the dreary and unprosperous condition of the race for many a long year back would argue to exist, may be now and henceforth removed." Captain Daniel Hathorne, of the revolutionary army, and many, many others of note, also descend from John. He married, January 22, 1674, Ruth, daughter of Lieutenant George Gardner. Children: John (2), born January 10, 1675; Nathaniel, November 25, 1678; removed to Gosport, England; Ebenezer, see

forward; Joseph, married Sarah, daughter of Captain Bowditch; Ruth, married James Putman; Benjamin.

(III) Ebenezer, son of John and Ruth (Gardner) Hathorn, was baptized March, 1685, and was of London, England, in 1726. He married Esther Witt and children were born to them.

(IV) Ebenezer (2), son of Ebenezer (1) and Esther (Witt) Hathorn, was baptized July 7, 1715. He was a soldier of the French and Indian war of 1755, and after the surrender of Fort William Henry by the English, was taken prisoner by the Indians and afterwards made his escape by strategy and fleetness of foot. He was a blacksmith by trade, and carried on business with his brother. They also manufactured steelyards. In 1755 he was constable, and from 1777 to 1796 highway surveyor and auditor. He married Keziah Collins, born October 11, 1730. They had three sons, all of whom were of Jaffrey, New Hampshire.

(V) Collins, son of Ebenezer (2) and Keziah (Collins) Hathorn, was of Jaffrey, New Hampshire. He was an enrolled soldier in 1784. He married Sarah Dean. Children: Benjamin, born 1761; Keziah, 1763; Collins (2), 1765; Sally, 1767; Hepzibah, 1768; William, 1772; Rebecca, 1774; Olive, 1776; Samuel, 1778; Polly, 1781; Seth, 1785.

(VI) Collins (2), son of Collins (1) and Sarah (Dean) Hathorn, was born in Jaffrey, New Hampshire. He was the first of his family to settle in New York state. (New Hampshire state papers, vol. 15, pages 216-217.) Payroll of Captain Salmon Stone's company, in Colonel Nichols' regiment, General Stark's brigade . . . which company marched from Rindge, in state, July 17, 1777, and joined the northern Continental army at Bennington and Stillwater; Collins Hathorn, private; ditto; an enrolled soldier in 1784. He married Annie Smith, and settled in Greenfield, Saratoga county, New York. Children: Seth, born May 2, 1797, died March 13, 1880; Lyman, March 2, 1801; Smith, July 8, 1804, died about 1890; Orrin, September 7, 1806, see forward; William, December 31, 1809; Phoebe, August 3, 1811; Henry Harrison, November 28, 1813, died February 20, 1887; James D., July 14, 1817.

(VII) Orrin, son of Collins (2) and Annie (Smith) Hathorn, was born in Greenfield, Saratoga county, New York, September 7, 1806. He was a farmer all of his life; he was a Baptist and a Republican. He married Cynthia Hewitt. Children: Charlotte, Henry, Fannie, Cordelia, Emily H. and Isaac.

(VIII) Emily Hewitt, daughter of Orrin

and Cynthia (Hewitt) Hathorn, married George (2) West (see West II).

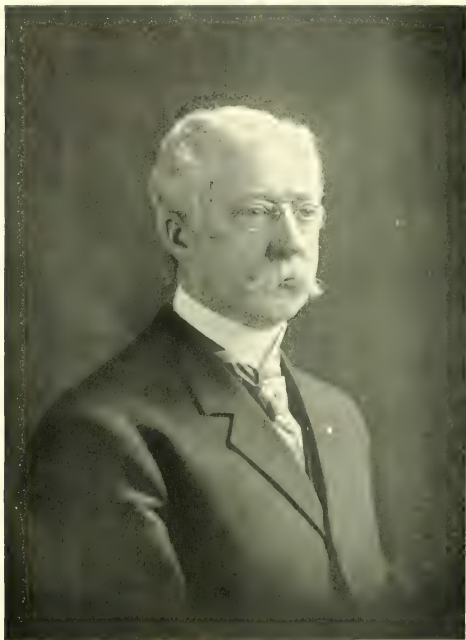
John Hathorn, "distinguished in civil and military affairs." (See Farmers' General Register of First Settlers of New England.) William Hathorn (and brother), in 1645, agent to treat with D'Aulnay, French agent at St. Croix; deputy general court Massachusetts; first speaker; served in King Philip's war; ordered sent to England by Charles II. in 1660. (See Appleton's American Biography.)

John Hathorn, great-grandson of John (II) Hathorn, although not in the line direct of Emily H. Hathorn West, was colonel of Orange County Militia, Fifth Regiment, New York; was successively captain, colonel, brigadier and major-general; his military service covered a period of many years, 1775-1812; commanded at Minisink; member New York assembly, 1777-87; speaker of the assembly that met in New York in 1784; state senator, 1787, and in 1804 presidential elector; member of congress, 1789-91, and from 1795 to 1797.

The West family were of English origin and were early settlers in New England. They have been prominent and influential wherever found.

(I) Matthew West was of Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1636; freeman, 1637. In 1646 he was of Newport, Rhode Island, where he was made a freeman in 1655. He was a tailor by trade. There is no record of his marriage, and it is assumed by the Genealogist Austin in his "Genealogical Dictionary of Rhode Island" that his sons were Nathaniel, John, Robert, Bartholomew and Francis, who cannot be confounded with Francis of Duxbury, although the latter may have been related to the Rhode Island Wests. 1. Nathaniel, died at Newport in 1659; he and wife were among the first twelve members of the First Baptist Church; accidentally drowned. 2. John, of Newport; made a freeman in 1655. 3. Robert, of Providence, Rhode Island, and Monmouth county, New Jersey; in 1667 was one of the original purchasers in Monmouth, New Jersey; died 1697; married Elizabeth —; children: Joseph, John and Robert. 4. Bartholomew, see forward. 5. Francis, of Kingstown, Rhode Island; married; children: Francis and Richard.

(II) Bartholomew, son of Matthew West, was of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, and Monmouth, New Jersey. In 1667 he was an early and original purchaser of lands in Mon-



Geo. H. West.

mouth with his brother Robert, and in the same year was elected deputy. He died prior to October 30, 1703, as is seen by a deed of that date from his son, John West, of Shrewsbury, New Jersey, wherein he reserves one-half acres of ground where his father is buried. He married Elizabeth, daughter of William and Audry Almy. Children: Bartholomew, William, John and Stephen.

(III) Stephen, son of Bartholomew and Elizabeth (Almy) West, was born in 1654. There is no record that shows whether he went to New Jersey with the family or not, but if he did he returned to Massachusetts and settled at Dartmouth, where his children were born. His wife's name is not recorded, but the births of nine children are as follows: Katherine, born September 9, 1684; Sarah, August 1, 1686; Ann, July 9, 1688; Bartholomew, July 31, 1690; Amy, May 22, 1693; Stephen, May 19, 1695; John, April 27, 1697; Eunice, June 21, 1699; Lois, April 12, 1701.

(IV) Stephen (2), son of Stephen (1) West, was born May 19, 1695, in Dartmouth, Massachusetts, died in that town between 1768 and 1770. He was a man of considerable means, as shown by proceedings attending the settlement of his estate. His first wife was Susannah —, as in 1729 and 1730 Stephen and Susannah West conveyed lands. He married (second) Hopeskill —, who survived him, and made a quit claim of dower right October 15, 1778. Stephen had three sons and three daughters, mentioned in his will, which was made January 3, 1768. Samuel, Stephen, Bartholomew, Anna, Susannah, Hannah.

(V) Stephen (3), son of Stephen (2) and Susannah West, was born about 1730 in Dartmouth, where he lived and probably died. He inherited property under his father's will, and in 1770 an indenture shows a division of Cedar Swamp property between him and his brothers, Bartholomew and Samuel. He was a private of Captain Robert Earl's company (Dartmouth), Colonel Josiah Whitney's regiment, in service from August 4, 1777, to September 10, 1778; one month, seven days, at Rhode Island; also Captain Avery Parker's (first) company, Colonel John Hathaway's, (second) Bristol company; entered service August 3, 1780, discharged August 8, 1780; service six days on an alarm at Rhode Island. (Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolution, vol. xvi, p. 901.) Stephen West married, and had issue, including a son, Jonathan, founder of the Saratoga county, New York, family.

(VI) Jonathan, son of Stephen (3) West, was born about 1765 or 1770. He was the

first of his family to settle in northern New York. He was living in New Bedford, Massachusetts, and from there, in 1791, journeyed to Saratoga county with an ox-team, two cows, two sheep and such household goods as could be packed and transported in one wagon through an unbroken wilderness a good part of the way. He located in the town of Galway, purchased a tract of land, then in a wild state, that he converted into a fertile farm, and lived upon its proceeds until his death in 1857. He was twice married, his first wife, whom he married in Massachusetts, succumbed to the pioneer privations after reaching New York. She bore him seven children. He married (second) Betsey Warren, in Galway, where she was born, lived and died.

(VII) Matthew, son of Jonathan West, was born in Galway, Saratoga county, New York, in 1816, died in 1881. He was a farmer and lived his entire life on the old West farm in Galway. He became an important man in the town; was captain of militia and held many local political offices; was a Democrat, and during the civil war was an intense Union man. He married, in Charlestown, Montgomery county, New York, February 14, 1839, Elizabeth Doty, of Duanesburg, Schenectady county, New York, a descendant of Edward Doty, a "Mayflower" passenger (see Doty VII). Children: James Marvin, born March 12, 1840; William Henry, October 8, 1842, died July 5, 1861; George Nelson, October 17, 1849, died February 14, 1854; George Herrick, see forward.

(VIII) George Herrick, youngest son of Matthew and Elizabeth (Doty) West, was born in Galway, Saratoga county, New York, December 23, 1854. He was educated in the public schools of Galway, Troy Business College and the Union Classical Institute of Schenectady. He taught school for four years, then engaged in mercantile life in Galway until 1891. In 1897 he removed to Ballston Spa and engaged in a general insurance and real estate business, continuing until 1905, when he retired. Mr. West has had an important and interesting public career, beginning when a boy of nineteen years of age. In that year he began his fight against licensing the liquor traffic under the law of 1874, electing commissioners of excise, and was one of the five organizers of the first temperance society of the town of Galway. In 1889 he was elected school commissioner of the first school district of Saratoga county, New York, which office he held for six years. In 1897 he was special agent for the forest, fish and game commission. In 1898-99 he was elected to

the New York assembly, serving with credit and force. In 1901 he was appointed clerk of Saratoga county by Governor Benjamin B. Odell, and by successive re-election still retains that office. He has made a faithful and efficient county clerk, and has the confidence of the people, and the commendation of those having business to transact with that office. Was chairman of Republican county committee from 1895 to 1909. The Secret Law and Order League of the State of New York was founded and organized in 1905 through his efforts, and he is now its president and superintendent, working without compensation. This organization was incorporated in January, 1909, for the purpose of discouraging and suppressing Sunday desecration, distribution of obscene literature, the social evil, the white slave traffic, and to secure the enforcement of the laws against illegal liquor selling in license and no-license towns, gambling places and all dens of vice. The League has secured good results from its efforts, and is continuing its work with vigor. In all reform movements, whether political or social, Mr. West has always taken an active part. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he joined in 1870. His fraternal orders are the Free and Accepted Masons, International Order of Good Templars and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married, May 18, 1881, Carrie L., of Galway, New York, daughter of Peleg Burdick, of that town.

(The Doty Line).

Elizabeth Doty, mother of George H. West, was of the eighth generation of Dotys in America, she being the daughter of the seventh Doty in direct succession, beginning with Edward Doty, a passenger on the "Mayflower," 1620, and signer of the compact. Governor William Bradford, in his "History of Plymouth Plantation," gives, in his list of "Passengers of the Mayflower," this item: "Mr. Stephen Hopkins and Elizabeth, his wife, and two children, called Giles and Constanta, a daughter both by a former wife, and two more by this wife, called Damaris and Oceanus, the last born at sea, and two servants called Edward Doty and Edward Litster." Further on he states: "Edward Doty and Edward Litster, the servants of Mr. Hopkins, Litster, after he was at liberty, went to Virginia and ther dyed, but Edward Doty, by a second wife, hath seven children, and both he and they are living" (1650). Stephen Hopkins was a tanner, and the term "servant" probably means a workman, or in this case an apprentice. Edward Doty was invited to

sign the compact, was treated as one of the company, and received the same allotment of land and stores as all other single men. This would indicate that he had reached his majority, though he probably owed some service to Stephen Hopkins. He is spoken of as a youth, and the presumption is that he had reached his twenty-first year. If this be true he was born about 1599. The name is spelled variously Doty, Doten, Dote and Dotez.

(I) Edward Doty arrived in America on the "Mayflower," 1620. He was a wild youth apparently, and was a principal in the first duel fought in New England. He settled down and became one of the leading land owners and respected citizens. In 1672 he was one of the purchasers of Dartmouth, and owned much land elsewhere. He died at Plymouth, August 23, 1675. He married Faith Clarke, who survived him, born 1619, daughter of Thurston and Faith Clarke. She was but sixteen years old when married, January 6, 1635. They had ten children.

(II) Joseph, youngest son of Edward and Faith (Clarke) Doty, was born at Plymouth, Massachusetts, April 30, 1651. He was a farmer and surveyor, and was one of the original purchasers and proprietors of Rochester, Massachusetts, where he was a man of importance. He was ensign, treasurer and large land owner. He married (first) Elizabeth, born at Plymouth, September 5, 1654, daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah (Walker) Warren. She died about 1679, and he married (second) Deborah Hatch, born in Scituate, Massachusetts, about 1662, daughter of Walter and Elizabeth (Holbrook) Hatch. She died at Rochester, Massachusetts, June 21, 1711, and he married (third), at Rochester, March 9, 1712, Sarah Edwards, who died about 1732-35. He had two children by first marriage, seven by second and nine by third marriage.

(III) John, son of Joseph and Deborah (Hatch) Doty, was born in Rochester, Massachusetts, March 1, 1688. He left Rochester after his marriage and probably settled at Sharon, Connecticut, although there are no records to support the supposition. There is little record of him except land transfers in Rochester and Wareham, where he sold land in 1742-45. He married Elizabeth ———, and had two children, Samuel and Simeon.

(IV) Samuel, son of John and Elizabeth Doty, was born in Rochester, Massachusetts, about 1714. He was a mariner and was called "captain." He settled in Sharon, Connecticut, where he was an active dealer in real estate and a surveyor. He later removed

to Amenia, Dutchess county, New York. He was a man of ability and energy. He married (first), January 19, 1738-39, Zeruah Lovell, who died December 11, 1760. She is buried at Sharon, Connecticut, where her tombstone says "died aged forty-three years." He married (second), April 16, 1761, Elizabeth Southard. They had thirteen children, and he also had ten by his first marriage.

(V) Asa, son of Samuel and Zeruah (Lovell) Doty, was born at Warcham, Massachusetts, November 6, 1746. He was fatally injured at Sharon, Connecticut, in 1788, by falling from a wagon. He was a soldier of the revolution, and in 1775 was an ensign in Albany county. He married Sarah Barnum, in Sharon, Connecticut, who survived him and removed to southwestern New York with her daughter. They were the parents of seven children.

(VI) Joshua Lovell, eldest son of Asa and Sarah (Barnum) Doty, was born in Sharon, Connecticut, 1769. He removed to Schenectady county, New York, where he died at Braman Corners in 1842. He married Mary Clayton, born in Connecticut, 1783, died in Schenectady county, New York, April 1, 1868. They had six children.

(VII) Elizabeth, daughter of Joshua Lovell and Mary (Clayton) Doty, born July 5, 1822, died 1893, married Matthew West (see West VII).

(VIII) George Herrick, son of Matthew and Elizabeth (Doty) West, married Carrie L. Burdick (see West VIII).

The Finch family was founded FINCH in the town of Broadalbin, Fulton county, by Rev. Jonathan Finch, a native of Saratoga county, a minister of the Baptist church. During the war of 1812 he accompanied the American army as chaplain and received a wound which crippled one of his hands. He came to Broadalbin in December, 1793, and there founded the first Baptist church in the town. He married, and among the children was a son.

(II) Joshua, son of Rev. Jonathan Finch, was born in Saratoga county, New York, in the town of Providence. He was a farmer and contractor, prominent in town affairs and a member of the Baptist church. He married Sarah Clement and had children. Samuel Rogers, of whom further; Lansing; Judson; Judson; Emily; Thomas; Charles.

(III) Samuel Rogers, son of Joshua and Sarah (Clement) Finch, was born in Providence, Saratoga county, New York, August 18, 1815, died in Broadalbin, Fulton county, May 13, 1895. He was a prosperous farmer,

and after his active days were over, retired to Broadalbin, where his sons were living. He was a member of the Baptist church, and a Republican in politics. He married, February 15, 1842, Pamela Shew, born May 11, 1821, died April, 1901. Children: i. Elizabeth A., born December 28, 1843; married, September 4, 1865, John W. Gardiner; children: i. Irwin; ii. Roger, married Harriet Smith, and has a son, Allen; iii. John, married Catherine Miller, and has a son, Wesley; iv. Bessie, married Howard Coombs, and has Elizabeth, Howard and Roger; v. Miriam. 2. William W., of whom further. 3. Susan E., born September 26, 1848; married, December 23, 1874, Addison A. Gardiner, see forward; children: i. Fannie, born September 12, 1875, married, September 21, 1898, Daniel D. Nelson; children: Evelyn, Ruth and Donald; ii. Harry, born January 25, 1877; iii. John, born October 8, 1878, married, October 20, 1900, Miriam Burr; iv. Nellie, born April 28, 1883; v. Paul, born August 14, 1887. 4. Henry Clement, of whom further. 5. Alice C., born April 26, 1862, in Northampton, Fulton county, New York; educated at Broadalbin high school and Cortland State Normal, since graduation has been engaged in teaching.

Addison A. Gardiner, who married Susan E. Finch, was son of Sylvester and Mary Ann (Perry) Gardiner. He was born October 10, 1844, in Athens, Greene county, New York, died May 7, 1909. He was educated in the public school, and worked with his father at brickmaking until he was seventeen years of age, when he enlisted in Company I, Ninety-third Regiment, New York Volunteers, and served for three years. He then re-enlisted. At the battle of the Wilderness, May 5, 1864, he was wounded in the left leg in such a manner that amputation was necessary. He returned to Athens where he was appointed postmaster and served for several years. Later he removed to Broadalbin where he opened a real estate and insurance office. He was also pension agent, justice of the peace and justice of sessions. He was editor of the *Broadalbin Herald*, and for ten years served as postmaster. He was a Republican in politics and represented his town in the Fulton county board of supervisors. He was a member of the board of education, and was connected with the different social and fraternal orders of the town, including the Grand Army of the Republic Post, which he helped to organize, and the local lodge of Red Men. He was an active and earnest member of the Baptist church, which he served as deacon and trustee.

(IV) William W., eldest son of Samuel

Rogers and Pamela (Shew) Finch, was born in Old Saratoga, New York, April 2, 1846. He was educated in the public schools at Perth and Fish House. When but a lad of fifteen years he enlisted November 3, 1861, in Company D, Seventy-seventh Regiment, New York State Volunteers, Bemis Heights' Battalion, and served with that regiment for three years. He was honorably discharged and returned home and spent that winter in school. In April, 1865, he re-enlisted in the Eighth Regiment Veteran Volunteers, known as Hancock's Corps, from which he was honorably discharged in 1866. During his first enlistment his regiment was attached to the Army of the Potomac and for three years his fortunes were those of that hard-fought, often-whipped, but finally victorious army. He participated in forty-three battles. On his sixteenth birthday he was under fire at Yorktown, Virginia. A few days after passing his seventeenth birthday he was wounded during the second battle of Fredericksburg, after he fell, severely injured, the Union forces retreated, pursued by the Confederates, both armies passing over him. The Union troops rallied, repulsed the rebels, drove them back and when his own regiment again reached him they discovered the lad bruised and wounded. He was taken from the field, sent to the hospital, and, recovering from his injuries, returned to his regiment. At the battle of the Wilderness he received his second wound; his third was received in conflict near Washington. During his second term of enlistment he was on garrison duty while the Union army was being mustered out and disbanded. During his first term of service he was promoted to the rank of sergeant, and was discharged the second time, ranking as corporal.

After the war he came to Broadalbin, where he joined his father and remained at home five years engaged in farming. He next engaged in mercantile life, first as clerk, later as a member of the firm of W. W. Finch & Company, general merchants, continuing until 1883. In that year he took advantage of the homestead laws and, going west, took up a soldier's claim and returned to farming, continuing four years, after which he was engaged in mercantile business until 1895, when he sold out, and returned to his eastern home. He established in Broadalbin a coal and wood yard, where he also operates a steam mill, grinding flour, feed, etc. He has had an adventurous, prosperous life and still continues the active, energetic man of business. He is a member of Colonel McKean Post, No. 289, Grand Army of the Republic, of which he is past commander. He is a deacon of the

Baptist church of Broadalbin, and a member of the Masonic order. He is Republican in politics and served for two years as town clerk.

He married, November 4, 1871, Caroline E. Lee, born January 1, 1846, daughter of Thomas and Adeline (Guinad) Lee (see Lee I). Children: Nelson L., born January 12, 1873; Ada, January 22, 1876, died May 3, 1888; W. Wallace, December 4, 1877; Lewis, January 19, 1878, married, August 15, 1907, Elsie Kersey; children: Sayna and Gladys, born June 17, 1908; Bessie M., July 8, 1880; T. Rogers, February 10, 1888, died June 3, 1910.

(IV) Dr. Henry Clement, fourth child and second son of Samuel Rogers and Pamela (Shew) Finch, was born in Broadalbin, Fulton county, New York, April 27, 1858. He was educated in the common and high schools of his town. Deciding upon the profession of medicine he began his studies with Dr. Barker, of Broadalbin, after which he entered Albany Medical College, where he was graduated M.D., class of 1882. He at once entered on the practice of his profession at Broadalbin, where his medical and surgical skill, combined with rare personal qualities, have endeared him to the people and gained him a most satisfactory practice. Dr. Finch has not only achieved professional success and reputation, but is one of Broadalbin's most capable, successful business men. In 1884 he established a drug business in the town. In 1886 Richard Lee was admitted a partner under the firm name of Finch & Lee, and so continued until January 1, 1909, when they consolidated with Bradford & Dickinson as the Broadalbin Drug Company, with Mr. Bradford as president, Dr. Finch as vice-president, Mr. Lee, treasurer. He was one of the organizers of the Broadalbin Knitting Company, of which he is president and treasurer. He is secretary and treasurer of the Broadalbin Electric Light & Power Company, president of the Kurje-Nuck Hall Association, and is a member of the firm of W. W. Finch & Company. He is a Republican in politics, and served a term as coroner of Fulton county, New York. He is an ex-president of the Fulton County Medical Society, and is a member of the State Medical Society. He is a member and trustee of the Baptist church of Broadalbin. He married, September 1, 1881, Lottie A., born February 27, 1862, daughter of Dr. Barker, of Broadalbin. Children: 1. Burton Roland, born September 20, 1882, died December 23, 1900. 2. Grace May, August 19, 1884, a graduate of Gloversville high school and Vassar College, class of 1908, now



Henry C. Finch

a teacher in Broadalbin high school. 3. Percy Henry, January 21, 1890, a graduate of the Broadalbin and Gloversville high schools, now a student of Union University (Albany Medical School), class of 1911. 4. Cecil Clement, August 8, 1893, educated in Broadalbin high school, attended Colgate Academy two years, now a student in Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, New York, class of 1914. 5. Millicent Marian, April 25, 1898.

The Lees of Broadalbin, New York, LEE are of English ancestry, and but two generations removed from their native land. Thomas Lee, born 1818, in Barby, Northamptonshire, England, came to the United States in 1831, alone, and only a lad, settling at Greenbush (opposite Albany), now the city of Rensselaer. He here learned the trade of locksmith with a Captain Gaines. After completing his years of apprenticeship he formed a partnership with Lawrence Van Buskirk, and located in Troy, New York, as Lee & Van Buskirk. They carried on a prosperous business in Troy for several years when the firm dissolved, Mr. Lee going to Broadalbin, Fulton county, where he purchased a small farm of fifty-six acres and devoted the remainder of his years to its cultivation. During the civil war he enlisted in the Tenth Regiment, New York Cavalry, and served three years. He enlisted from Broadalbin, September 4, 1862, being then forty-four years of age, mustered in October 30, 1862, sick in hospital from April, 1864, to July, 1864. He was also sick in the First Division, United States General Hospital, Alexandria, Virginia, November and December, 1864; mustered out June 2, 1865. He saw much hard service with the "Tenth," a famous fighting regiment. He was a member of Colonel McKean Post, Grand Army of the Republic, a Republican in politics, and a member of the Baptist church. He married, March, 1844, Adeline Guinad, born February 28, 1827. Children: Caroline E., born January 1, 1846, married William W. Finch, November 4, 1871 (see Finch IV), and had children: Nelson L., Ada, W. Wallace, Lewis, Bessie M., and T. Rogers; Rebecca, married James B. Spence; Charlotte, married William Vail; Henrietta, married Thomas Cleveland, and had Lee and Percy; Lewis M., married Elva Stone, and had Miriam, Ernest, Elwood and Carrie; Richard H., of whom further; Jennie, died in infancy.

(II) Richard Henry, second son and fifth child of Thomas and Adeline (Guinad) Lee, was born in Broadalbin, Fulton county, New York, June 16, 1860. He was well educated

in the public schools, and, after completing his studies, taught in the public schools for four years. He began his commercial life in 1884, with Dr. Henry C. Finch as partner in the drug firm, Finch & Lee, continuing until the incorporation of the Broadalbin Drug Company, of which he is treasurer. He is an able business man and a citizen of high standing. He is a member of Kenyetto Lodge, No. 599, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Niskayuna Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men. He is a member of the Methodist Church and a trustee, in politics a Republican. He married, December 11, 1884, Ida R. Tymerson, born May 3, 1861, daughter of Martin H. and Mary (Sawyer) Tymerson, who had children: Frances, married George A. Brummer; Ida R., married Richard Henry Lee; Mary, married William J. Sheldon; Cora, married Walter A. Smith; James; Walter, married Nellie Skiff; Charles, married Rose Brennan, and had children, Herbert, Elise, Ruth, and Irene. Richard H. and Ida R. T. Lee have two children: Martha, born January 8, 1886, and Lessie, born December 4, 1889.

The Murray family settled in MURRAY Massachusetts and Connecticut prior to the revolution. One branch settled at Torrington, Connecticut, and it is from this family that Daniel Murray, grandfather of Dr. William H. Murray, of Albany, descends. Through the marriage of Francis M. Murray to Sarah Lockwood, descent is obtained from Robert Lockwood, "the emigrant," 1630, from England. Burke's "General Armory" gives the arms of Lockwood—Argent, a fesse between three martlets sable. Crest: On the stump of an oak tree erased proper a martlet, sable. Motto: Tutus in undus (Secure against the waves).

(I) Robert Lockwood came from England about 1630 and settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, where six of his children were born. He was made a freeman, March 9, 1636. About 1646 he removed to Fairfield, Connecticut, where he died 1658. He was made a freeman of Connecticut, May 20, 1652. He was appointed sergeant of the train band, May, 1657. He died intestate, and the court ordered the division of his property; one-third to the widow, the ten children dividing the remainder. His widow, Susannah, married (second) Jeffery Ferris, and died at "Grinwich," December 23, 1663. Children: 1. Jonathan, of whom further. 2. Deborah, born October 12, 1636. 3. Joseph, born August 6, 1638; "Sergeant Joseph Lockwood departed this life, April 14, 1717, aged seventy-

eight years, eight months and eight days." 4. Daniel, born March 21, 1640, died 1691. 5. Ephraim, born December 1, 1641; married Mercy Senton (St. John). 6. Gershom, born September 6, 1643, died March 12, 1718. "Lieutenant Gershom Lockwood was the principal carpenter and builder in the town of Greenwich, Connecticut, and filled many offices of trust and importance." He married Lady Ann Millington. (This lady's romantic story has often been told, together with that of the chest containing a half bushel of guineas, and fine silk dresses.) The chest is yet in evidence in Greenwich. 7. John. 8. Abigail, married John Barlow. 9. Sarah. 10. Mary, married Jonathan Husted.

(II) Lieutenant Jonathan, eldest son of Robert and Susannah Lockwood, was born in Watertown, Massachusetts, September 10, 1634, died in Greenwich, Connecticut, May 12, 1688. He signed a paper January 1, 1657, at "Easttowne" in the New Netherlands, promising allegiance to the Dutch governor, "so long as we live in his jurisdiction." He was of Stamford, Connecticut, October 16, 1660, resided there until 1665, when he sold his estate there and removed to Greenwich. He became a freeman there in 1670, was assistant in May, 1671, and in 1672 "one of the twenty-seven proprietors." He became a leading citizen, and represented the town in the legislature four years. He died in 1688, the people met in town meeting and passed resolutions deploring the loss of so good a man and valuable a citizen. He married Mary, daughter of Jeffery Ferris, his stepfather, by a former marriage. Mary survived him and married (second) Sergeant Thomas Merritt, of Rye. Children of Lieutenant Jonathan Lockwood: Jonathan (2), died November 9, 1689; Robert, died prior to January 23, 1732; Gershom, deputy to colonial assembly, married Hannah —, and had nine children; Joseph, of whom further; Still John, an important wealthy man; married, and had thirteen children; Sarah, married Michael Lounsbury; Abigail.

(III) Joseph, son of Lieutenant Jonathan and Mary (Ferris) Lockwood, was born at Stamford, Connecticut, 1675, died 1759, at Poundridge, Westchester county, New York, where he removed in 1743. He married (first), May 19, 1698, Elizabeth Ayres, who died December 16, 1715. Married (second), August 10, 1716, Margery Webb, born October 4, 1683, died January 2, 1736, daughter of James and Hannah (Scofield) Webb. Children by first wife: 1. Joseph, of whom further. 2. Hannah, born March 24, 1701, married David Ham. 3. John, born Septem-

ber 18, 1703, died 1776; married (first) Sarah Scofield; (second) Abigail —. 4. Nathaniel, died young. 5. Elizabeth, married Job Hoyt, and had twelve children. 6. Israel, born June 14, 1710; married Susannah Smith. 7. Mary, married James Jump. 8. Reuben, born December 15, 1715, captain of Westchester county militia (see N. Y. Col. Mas. 85, for muster roll of Captain Reuben Lockwood's company, April 22, 1758). He married (first) Sarah Cramp; (second) Elizabeth Stevens. Children by second wife: 9. Nathaniel, born May 20, 1717; married Mary Palchin, and had twelve children. 10. Nathan, born March 25, 1719. 11. Lieutenant-Colonel James, born July 15, 1722. From Colonial records, vol. 10, page 42, October 2, 1751: "This Assembly do appoint Major Lockwood to be Lieutenant-Colonel of the 9th Regiment of the colony." He married May Norton, and had eight children.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) and Elizabeth (Ayres) Lockwood, was born at Stamford, Connecticut, March 15, 1699, died at Poundridge, Westchester county, New York, June 15, 1757. He removed with his father to Poundridge in 1743. He was a farmer. He married Sarah, born April 1, 1706, died 1790, daughter of Joshua and Mary (Pickett) Hoyt. Her father was one of the proprietors of the Stamford patent, granted 1685. Children: 1. Eliakim, died in childhood. 2. Joseph, of whom further. 3. Elizabeth, born March 7, 1733; married Nathaniel Waring. 4. Gilbert, died young. 5. Major Ebenezer, born March 31, 1737; justice of the peace under the king until the revolution; major of Westchester county militia, and was in active service during the revolution; the British burned his house, drove off his stock, then stripped him of his home and property; after the war he was judge of the county court, frequently elected to the legislature, entrusted with loaning of the state money in his county. He married (first), February 16, 1701, Hannah Smithy; (second) Sarah —; ten children. Major Lockwood died, aged eighty-four years, at Poundridge, New York. 6. Rachel, born January 19, 1739; married Ebenezer Wood. 7. Mercy, married David Dan. 8. Hezekiah, died aged seven years. 9. Prudence, married Elijah Weed.

(V) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) and Sarah (Hoyt) Lockwood, was born at Stamford, Connecticut, June 30, 1731, died at Poundridge, Westchester county, New York, March 17, 1792. He continued on the farm with his father until his death, when the estate of five hundred acres was divided between his brother, Major Ebenezer Lockwood

and himself, being the only surviving sons. The farm is located on a beautiful ridge of land on which a pound being located gave it the name, Poundridge. (This property is yet in the family name.) He was elected town clerk in 1760, was commissioned captain of a military company, September 13, 1775. He was at Ticonderoga in 1775 in command of his company. He married Hannah, daughter of Solomon Close, of North Salem, New York. She survived and became the third wife of Captain James Richards, of New Canaan, Connecticut. She died December 22, 1806. Children: Hannah, married Captain Philo Lewis; Sarah, married Thaddeus Hoyt; Joseph (4), married Mary Drake; Solomon, of whom further; Prudence, married John Smith; Mindwell; Matilda, died young; Mercy, married Jonathan Waring; Matilda (2), married Seth Kellogg; Nancy, married Henry Jones.

(VI) Solomon, son of Joseph (3) and Hannah (Close) Lockwood, was born at Poundridge, New York, August 28, 1766, died March 9, 1841. He married Mary, born April 16, 1770, died May 6, 1848, daughter of Odle Close, of Greenwich, Connecticut. Children: 1. Bethia, born June 21, 1791; married Hon. Horatio Lockwood. 2. Odle, born May 4, 1793, died August 15, 1873; married Maria Barnum. 3. Leander, born November 21, 1794, died March 22, 1795. 4. Joseph, born September 23, 1796, accidentally drowned in the Alleghany river, February 28, 1830. 5. Hannah, born March 9, 1798, died February 21, 1868. 6. William, born September 14, 1800, died November 15, 1880, at Bedford, New York. He married (first) Maria J., daughter of Rev. Daniel and Anna (Austin) Crocker; married (second) Jane, daughter of Joshua and Reuhuma Raymond; married (third) Rebecca, daughter of Uriah and Sarah Raymond. Four children, two by the first and two by the second wife. 7. Catherine Mary, born October 13, 1802; married John L. Silliman; died April 17, 1879. 8. Sarah Elizabeth, born September 10, 1805, died June 30, 1884, married Francis N. Murray (see Murray II). 9. Nancy, born and died November, 1807. 10. Solomon (2), born September 5, 1810, died September 22, 1811.

(The Murray Line).

Daniel Murray was of Scotch ancestry and may have been a descendant of William Murray, of Amherst, Massachusetts, who was born in Scotland, 1690, came to America in 1720, married Hannah Dickinson, descendant of Nathaniel Dickinson, who came in 1635, one of the founders of Hadley, Massa-

chusetts. Daniel Murray died in Connecticut, at the age of eighty years. He married and had a large family, including Edgar, married Lucinda Lodes, went to California in 1848, and was never again heard from; Hannah, married Samuel Whitlock, of Norwalk, Connecticut, and had daughter, Sarah; Francis N., see forward.

(II) Francis N., son of Daniel Murray, was born in 1810, in Westport, Connecticut. He was educated and grew to manhood in that state. In 1849 he caught the gold-seeker's fever and joined a company going to California. He left his family in Connecticut and traveled westward by way of the Isthmus. Taking ship from there he sailed for San Francisco and died just before reaching that port. He was buried at sea and it was many months before his family learned his fate. He married Sarah Elizabeth Lockwood, born at Poundridge, Westchester county, New York, daughter of Solomon and Mary (Close) Lockwood (see Lockwood VI).

(III) William H., son of Francis N. and Sarah Elizabeth (Lockwood) Murray, was born at Poundridge, Westchester county, New York, December 2, 1845. He was five years of age when his father left home on his fatal California trip, and his early training and education depended upon his widowed mother. He was educated under a private tutor and at Bett's Military Academy, Stamford, Connecticut, where he was graduated in 1863. He entered Union College the following autumn and, pursuing a full course, was graduated A.B., class of 1867. He taught a private school at Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, with much success. At this time a young man in town was striving to secure an education. Dr. Murray, to help him both in his study and slender purse, allowed him to share his room and tutored him in Latin and Greek branches, in which he was unusually proficient and well qualified to teach. This young man was, later, Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania. He never forgot the assistance rendered him, but always gave Mr. Murray great credit for his success in life. With the capital secured while an instructor he took a course at Albany Medical College, where he was graduated M.D., 1869. In 1870 he began the practice of medicine in Albany, where he yet continues. He is a popular and skilled physician and surgeon, standing high among his professional brethren and highly regarded everywhere. It was said at one time he could call every man in the city by name. He has been much in public life, and is identified with the leading social and fraternal organizations. He is a member of the State and Coun-

ty Medical societies, and was president of the latter. He was an organizer of the Hospital for Incurables, and since its inception has been president of the board of trustees. His desire to be of service to his city and fellowmen had induced him to accept numerous public trusts. He served as supervisor of his ward for five years; president of the board of alderman for one year; district physician; police surgeon; county physician; coroner's physician; penitentiary physician and city physician. During his incumbency of the office, president of the board of aldermen of Albany, the contest occurred between Dr. Swinburne and Nolan over the mayoralty. While this contest was passing the courts, Dr. Murray, by virtue of his office, was acting mayor of Albany. He is a prominent member of the Masonic order, holding all degrees of the York Rite, and is a thirty-second degree member of the Scottish Rite; and a member of the Shrine. He has passed all the chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, and the Red Men. His clubs are the University and Albany. He is a Democrat and retains his active influential position in the party he has served so well.

He married, in Schenectady, in 1868 (Rev. Dr. Payne, Episcopal minister, officiating), Martha B., daughter of James M. Bouck, and granddaughter of William C. Bouck, governor of New York, elected in 1842. James M. Bouck was a prominent lawyer of Schenectady, New York, and postmaster of that city. His brother, Colonel Gabriel Bouck, served in the civil war in 1861-65, removed to Oshkosh, Wisconsin, where he became attorney-general and one of the most prominent and wealthy men of the state; was grand master of the Free and Accepted Masons, and a man of sterling character. James M. Bouck married Charlotte Van Vorst, of Burnt Hills, Saratoga county, New York, sister of ex-Mayor Van Vorst, of Schenectady. Dr. and Martha B. Murray have one son, Frank N. born April 19, 1870, educated in the Albany high school, Boys' Academy and Business College, now (1910) private and confidential secretary to Vice-President Rice, of the General Electric Company, who trusts to him in all matters affecting private and business affairs. He married Anna Bridges, and has Dorothy Bouck Murray.

The Lohnas family herein recorded descend from Adam Lohnas, born in Germany, 1754, died in Valley Falls, New York, April 14, 1839. He was a private in Captain Chris-

topher Kilmer's company, Sixth Albany Regiment Militia, Colonel Stephen H. Schuyler. He married Elizabeth Boritt, born May 22, 1771, died February 15, 1858. Children: Jacob, of further mention; Solomon, born April 8, 1806, died unmarried, March 24, 1893; Adam (2), born May 5, 1808, died November 2, 1883, he was a resident of Rensselaer county, New York, where he followed the business of packer in the powder mills, he married (first) a Miss Siser; children: Alonzo, Sarah and Jane A.; married (second) Jane Whalen, born March 14, 1820, died February, 1870; children: Nancy, Mary, George, Isabell, Clara, Adam.

(II) Jacob, eldest child of Adam and Elizabeth (Boritt) Lohnas, was born March 8, 1802, died August 29, 1839. He settled in the town of Pittstown, Rensselaer county, New York, where he is buried with his wife. He married, March 8, 1832, Charity Deyoe, born February 2, 1812, daughter of Zachariah and Phoebe (Oakley) Deyoe (see Deyoe VII). Children, all born in the town of Pittstown, Rensselaer county, New York: Phoebe, born February 17, 1833, married David McWhithey, no issue; Edwin, born December, 1834, married, December 15, 1882, Jane Rastel, no issue; Deyoe, of further mention; Charity Maria, born 1839, died 1847.

(III) Deyoe, son of Jacob and Charity (Deyoe) Lohnas, was born at Valley Falls, town of Pittstown, Rensselaer county, New York, December 15, 1836. He was educated in the public schools and at Schuylerville Academy. At the age of fifteen years he began business life in Schuylerville as a dealer in groceries and meats, continuing there until 1866, when he removed to Saratoga Springs, engaging in the same line of trade, dealing extensively in grain, flour, and groceries, and erected, 1881, the first cold storage plant in the state of New York. He first introduced Chicago dressed beef and erected, for the sale of same, wholesale houses in Glens Falls, Saranac Lake and Lake Placid. He has acquired large business interests, and is one of the leading citizens of Saratoga Springs. He was formerly a director of the First National Bank of Saratoga, and is the present principal owner and president of the well-known Lincoln Spring Company. He is a Republican in politics. In 1887 he was elected president of the village of Saratoga Springs and again in 1889. He served for three years as a member of the village board of education. He is prominently identified with the Masonic order, being affiliated with Lodge, Council, Chapter, Commandery, and is a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. He was



D. Lohm

a member of Saratoga Club, and is a member of the Saratoga Business Men's Association. He married, October 9, 1860, Hulda L. Farr, born July 5, 1839, at Fort Ann, New York, daughter of Leonard and Amanda A. (Nelson) Farr. Children: 1. Nellie Farr, born August 28, 1863; married, March 9, 1887, Adelbert C. Hayden, of Northville, New York; children: Grace Lohnas Hayden, born August 8, 1888, and Rita Marion Hayden, born February 13, 1893. 2. Harriet M., born November 8, 1866; married Edward B. Ashton, of Argyle, Washington county, New York, September 9, 1897; son, Deyoe Lohnas Ashton. 3. Grace M., born July 11, 1875, died February 19, 1883.

(The Deyoe Line).

Among the twelve original patentees of the town of New Paltz, Ulster county, New York, the last to cross the ocean from France was the Huguenot, Christian Deyoe. He was accompanied by his son Pierre, the latter's wife, Agatha Nickol, and child, and the unmarried daughters, Maria, Elizabeth and Margaret, who later became the wives respectively of Abraham Hasbrouck, Simon Le Fevre and Abraham DuBois. The earliest records in the Dutch church at Kingston and the Huguenot church at New Paltz show different ways of spelling the name, Doyau, Doioie, Doyo and Deyoe, the latter now being the generally accepted form. In the treaty with the Indians in 1677, Pierre (also a patentee) wrote the name "Doyo." His father, Christian, did not write his name but made his mark and the name is written "de Yoo." The Huguenots, of whom there were quite a number at Kingston and Hurley, were desirous of forming a settlement of their own where they might speak their own language, French, and form a community of their own. They finally purchased land from the Indians which included all the present town of Lloyd, about two-thirds of New Paltz, one-third of Esopus and one-fourth of Rosendale. In the records of the patentees, as the twelve signers were called, long preserved in an ancient trunk in the Huguenot Bank at New Paltz, is the copy of the document, signed by the Indians on their part, and by Louis Du Bois and his eleven associates, one of whom was "Christian de Yoo his X mark," and his son, "Pierre Doyo." The bargain was approved by Governor Andros, April 28, 1677. The patentees at once settled on their purchase at the point now known as New Paltz, all undoubtedly living on what is now Huguenot street, in that village. The records of the church from 1683 to 1702 are written in French, and record

many births, marriages and deaths of the Deyoes and others. The descent is through Pierre Deyoe, son of Christian, who died about ten years after the settlement at New Paltz and must have been a very old man. He made his will February 1, 1686-87. There is a tradition that Pierre Deyoe, son of Christian, died while on an expedition to find a route from New Paltz to the river, and that many years afterward a buckle from a truss he had worn was found among his bones. This Pierre was probably Pierre, a grandson of Christian and son of Pierre.

(II) Pierre, son of Christian Deyoe, came with his father to America bringing his wife, Agatha Nickol, and one child. He was one of the twelve patentees of New Paltz. He left four sons and two daughters. In 1675 he was still in the Palatinate of Germany, as shown by his certificate of good standing, yet preserved in the family. "This is to certify that Peter Doio and Agatha Nickol, both in honor living in Curr Pfalz, Mutterstadt, circuit of Newstadt, have been united in marriage, the intent of such marriage having been announced three times from the pulpit, that they are members of the Reformed Church and as far as we know the same are well behaved people. Mutterstadt. Curr Pfalz 21 January, 1675. Jacob Amyot, Pastor." Children: 1. Christian, of further mention. 2. Abraham, born at Hurley, New York, October 16, 1676; married, 1702, Elsie Clearwater; he died in 1725, leaving a son Abraham, and daughters Marytje, and Wynthje. Abraham (2) was the father of Abraham Deyoe, of the revolutionary army. 3. Pierre, baptized at New Paltz, New York, 1683; grew to man's estate; left no issue. 4. Hendricus, baptized at Kingston, New York, October 12, 1690; married, at Kingston, December 31, 1715, Margaret Von Bummel, baptized at Kingston, 1693; in the old graveyard at New Paltz is a gravestone believed to mark the burial place of Margaret, wife of Hendricus. Of the two daughters of Pierre Deyoe, Mary, the eldest, born 1679, married Jacob Clearwater, settled at Vontecoe, had son Abraham, baptized at New Paltz, 1699. Margaret, the second daughter, left no issue.

(III) Christian, son of Pierre and Agatha (Nickol) Deyoe, was born in the Palatinate of Germany, 1674, and is the child alluded to as coming to America with his father and grandfather, Christian Deyoe. He appears in the list of taxpayers in 1712; in the list of soldiers of Captain Hoffman's company, 1716, in the list of those who built the first stone church in New Paltz in 1728; in the list of slave-holders in 1755. He was a deacon of

the New Paltz church, 1733, and an elder in 1765. He married, at New Paltz, 1702, Marytje De Graff (in French Le Conte). He left sons Moses and Jacobus, and daughter Mary. Moses married Claris Stokhard and had sons Christian and Johannes. Mary married, 1731, Jeems Ackmooi, a Scotchman, and ancestor of the Auchmoody family.

(IV) Jacobus, son of Christian and Marytje (De Graff) Deyoe, removed to Kingston, New York. His name does not appear upon the records at New Paltz, but in 1738 it is found in a list of foot-soldiers of Kingston. Afterwards he or his widow moved to Dutchess county, and in the Poughkeepsie church records appears the following entry: "Janitje Freer, widow of Jacobus De Joo, born at New Paltz, married April 22, 1754, to Richard Gryn, born at Oswego." In 1724 Jacobus Deyoe married, at Kingston, Janitje Freer, both at the time residing at New Paltz. They had several daughters, and one son, Jacobus, born 1732, also a son, Peter.

(V) Peter, son of Jacobus and Janitje (Freer) Deyoe, was born in 1738, baptized by Dominic Mancius, October 21, 1739, as shown by the Kingston church records, James Auchmoody and Greetje Deyoe being sponsors. He removed to Pittstown, Rensselaer county, New York, where he died in 1812. He married, 1765, Charity Maria Cramer, born 1745. They were married in New York City, but resided the remainder of their lives in Pittstown. Children: Zachariah, of whom further; James, Peter, Jacob, John, Sarah, Jane, Katherine, Charity.

(VI) Zachariah, son of Peter and Charity Maria (Cramer) Deyoe, was born in Dutchess county, New York, September 24, 1774, died 1826, and is buried with his wife at Schroon, New York. He married, February 13, 1799, Phoebe Oakley. Children: Jacob, William O., who settled in the west; Dorcas, married Ephraim Grimes; Charity, of further mention; Peter.

(VII) Charity, daughter of Zachariah and Phoebe (Oakley) Deyoe, married Jacob Lohnas (see Lohnas II).

the most considerable dealer in house lots in the village. In 1664, in company with Volkert Jan Douw, he bought the whole of Apjas or Schotack and the mainland opposite on the east side of the Hudson river from the Indians. He married Geertruy Andriese Dochter in New Amsterdam. Children: Andries Janse, Johannes, Lucas, Hendrick, Jonathan, Thomas, Catharina, married Jacob Sanderse, of Glen, and in 1696 married (second) Jonas Volkertse Douw.

(II) Andries Janse Witbeck, son of Jan Thomas and Geertruy Andriese (Dochter) Van Witbeck, married Engeltje Volkertse Douw. Children and dates of baptism: Andries, died young; Lucas, January 16, 1687; Jan, of further mention; Willetje, June 30, 1689; Andries, January 1, 1692; Geertruy, December 26, 1694; Dorothee, January 1, 1698; Jonas, November 10, 1700.

(III) Jan, son of Andries Janse and Engeltje Volkertse (Douw) Witbeck, was baptized April 24, 1687. He married (first) Agnietje Bronck; (second) January 9, 1726, Maria Williams. Children and dates of baptism: Andries, July 4, 1707; Lena, March 27, 1709; Jan, September 27, 1713; Volkert, of further mention; Pieter, May 6, 1722; Agnietje, October 8, 1827.

(IV) Volkert, son of Jan and Agnietje (Bronck) Witbeck, was baptized August 10, 1718, died 1802. He was of Red Hook, New York. He held the commission of lieutenant in Captain Hoffman's company, dated February 27, 1757, signed by Henry Livingston, clerk of Dutchess county. He married and had issue.

(V) John, son of Volkert Whitbeck (as the name was now written), was born April 13, 1747, died at Claverack, Columbia county, New York, and is buried in the old Dutch church in that place. He married Elizabeth Delameter, born January 31, 1746. He is said to have been an officer of the revolutionary army. Children: Volkert, born February 10, 1770; John, of further mention; Peter, twin of John; Jeremiah, May 26, 1776; Dolly, January 30, 1778; Harman, August 18, 1780; Jacob, March 30, 1784.

(VI) Major John (2), son of John (1) and Elizabeth (Delameter) Whitbeck, was born June 16, 1772, died April 15, 1859. He lived at Claverack, where he died and is buried. He learned the blacksmith's trade, which he followed in connection with his farming operations. He was an officer of the war of 1812, ranking as major. He married Maria Decker, born December 30, 1772, died April 28, 1854, daughter of George Decker. Children: Maria, born October 27, 1797; John, October

Jan Thomas Van Witbeck, born at Witbeck in Holstein (formerly a duchy of Denmark) was of Beverwyck in 1652. The name as first used was Van Witbeck (from Witbeck), the Van was soon dropped and Witbeck alone used as a surname. The name is written both Witbeck and Whitbeck, but the first of the name recorded in Albany is Jan Thomas Van Witbeck, who from 1652, when Beverwyck was laid out, to 1678, was

18, 1799; Volkert, of further mention; Jacob, February 24, 1805; Elizabeth, July 12, 1807; Cornelia, twin of Elizabeth; Jane, April 14, 1811; Dorothy Augustina, June 24, 1817; John Henry, April 4, 1823; Calvin Augustus, May 22, 1825.

(VII) Dr. Volkert Whitbeck, son of Major John (2) and Maria (Decker) Whitbeck, was born in Claverack, New York, January 24, 1802, died in Hudson, New York, in 1887. He was educated at Hudson Academy, later in Pittsfield, Massachusetts. He prepared for the profession of medicine and was graduated M.D. in 1835. After practicing in Greenport and Rhinebeck, New York, for a short time he settled in Hudson, where for a period of half a century he was the leading physician and surgeon. He had an extensive practice in and around Hudson, being well known as a skillful surgeon and medical authority. He was a member of the State and County Medical associations, taking an active part in their meetings and deliberations. He was health official of the city, where he held high position. He was interested in the National Guard of his state and held the rank of captain of artillery, his battery being located at Hudson. He served his city as alderman and supervisor, rendering efficient service. Politically he was a Whig, which had been the previous family politics. He attended the Dutch church. He married (first) ——— Sharp; (second) Caroline, daughter of Captain Jacob and Gertrude (Schermerhorn) Rockefeller. Jacob Rockefeller died about 1858, in the town of Claverack, New York. He was survived by four children, namely: Seth L., a resident of Greenport, later in New York; Caroline, aforementioned as wife of Volkert Whitbeck, of Hudson; Harriet, wife of Peter Best, of Claverack, New York; Catherine M., of Claverack, New York. Gertrude was a daughter of Riah Schermerhorn, who with his father owned a flour mill located on the Hudson at Rhinebeck that was burned by the English soldiers. Riah's father emigrated from Holland, where Riah returned and became a man of importance. The family have a portrait of him in his court dress and letters describing balls and functions he attended at the Dutch court. He started on his return to America, but was taken sick on board and compelled to go back to land, where he soon died. He left a will leaving a considerable fortune, including money and valuables on his person when leaving the ship that could never be found. Children of Dr. Volkert and Caroline Whitbeck: 1. Jacob R., born in Greenport (near Hudson), New York; became a dry goods mer-

chant of Hudson; was a Whig, later a Republican; an attendant of the Dutch Reformed church; married Caroline Gifford, of Hudson; children: i. Willis Kendall, died in Brooklyn, New York, where he was engaged in the plumbing business; ii. George, now in jewelry business in Brooklyn; iii. Caroline, unmarried. 2. Dr. Ansel McKinstry, a physician of Brooklyn; practiced in Hudson and Albany, New York, before settling in Brooklyn; resides at 515 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn; he married Emma Ellis; child, Ansel McKinstry (2), of Detroit, Michigan. 3. John Volkert, born April 8, 1838, at Rhinebeck, died June 29, 1907, at Hudson; he was a graduate of the Albany Law School, LL.B.; was justice of the peace; surrogate of Columbia county, 1896; president of the school board in Hudson; captain of Company A, One hundred and twenty-eighth Regiment New York Volunteers; assistant quartermaster-general on staff of General N. P. Banks, served three years in civil war and saw much hard service, wounded at New Orleans and compelled to return home, never fully recovered; was past master of Aquilla Lodge, No. 700, Free and Accepted Masons; a member of the Grand Army of the Republic; he married Harriet Anna Ham, granddaughter of Rev. Herman Vedder and daughter of Colonel Henry H. Ham, who was born in Dutchess county, July 7, 1818, died at Pine Plains, August 5, 1895. Colonel Henry H. Ham married Clarissa Antoinette Esselstyn, born April 27, 1819, died September 9, 1872. Children of John Volkert and Harriet A. (Ham) Whitbeck: i. Antoinette Vedder, married Charles Benedict; child, Harriet A., deceased. ii. Ellogeane Ridner, married Abraham Vosburgh. iii. Henry Ham, born June 1, 1875, resident of Hudson; iv. John Volkert (2), born June 2, 1878, a graduate of Albany Law School, 1900, LL. B.; city judge of Hudson, 1907; prominent in law, politics and fraternal orders; married, October, 1902, Gertrude McEntee Hoysratt; children: Elizabeth, and John Volkert, born March 14, 1905. 4. Volkert, of further mention. 5. Sherwood, born September 5, 1843, died October 1, 1844. 6. Ellogeane, born November 22, 1845, died June 27, 1887; married Joseph H. Ridner. 7. Charles, of further mention. 8. Gertrude, born August 24, 1850; married Edgar E. Wright.

(VIII) Volkert (3), fourth child of Dr. Volkert (2) and Caroline (Rockefeller) Whitbeck, was born in Hudson, November 28, 1840. He was educated in the district schools and Hudson Academy, April 18, 1861, he enlisted in Company K, Fourteenth Regiment,

New York Volunteers, served two years, and was honorably discharged with the rank of first sergeant. He served in the Peninsula campaign with the Army of the Potomac two years, was in the seven days' battles under General McClellan at Chancellorsville, under General Hooker at Fredericksburg, where he received a slight wound. He saw much hard service, as these battles testify. After his discharge from the army he returned to Hudson. In 1863 he engaged in photography in that city, an art he still continues, having the leading studio in the city. He was one of the organizers of the Cowles Guard and captain for several years, and served as police commissioner five years. He is one of the oldest members of the Masonic fraternity in Hudson. He attends the Reformed church, and is a member of the Hudson Club. Politically he is a Republican.

(VIII) Charles, son of Dr. Volkert (2) and Caroline (Rockefeller) Whitbeck, was born in Hudson, New York, April 3, 1848. He was educated in the public schools and at Bradbury School. He chose the profession of law, but never engaged in practice. For twelve years he was engaged in the insurance business in Hudson. For three years he conducted a retail coal yard. In 1879 he was elected clerk of Columbia county and served as such three years. In company with George C. Power, as the Hudson River Bridge Company, engaged in the manufacture of iron and steel bridges and built up a large and prosperous business, continuing five years. Through the failure of the Catskill railroad to meet a payment of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, the Hudson River Bridge Company was forced to the wall. After ten years as a dealer in cotton, he organized the Athens Knitting Company for the manufacture of knit underwear. He was secretary, treasurer and manager of the company which has had a prosperous career. The company was organized in 1897, with factory at Athens. Mr. Whitbeck continues (1911) in the same office mentioned. He is president of the Hudson and Catskill Ferry Company and secretary, treasurer, and superintendent of the Hudson and Athens Ferry Company. He is a Republican in politics, and served as alderman of Hudson. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church, of the Masonic fraternity of Hudson, and a member and ex-president of the Hudson Club. He married, September 17, 1874, Margaret, daughter of George H. and Adeline (Coffin) Power. Children: 1. Charles, born July 4, 1875, died July 28, 1875. 2. George Power, born 1876; a graduate of Hudson high school, engaged

with his grandfather, George H. Power, and for three years was with him in New York & Hudson Steamboat Company; in 1897 he went with his father and is now superintendent of the Athens Knitting Company; he married Mrs. Millie Harrington, daughter of Aaron Vanderpoel. 3. Adele, born 1879, died 1886. 4. Dr. Sherwood Volkert. 5. Katherine Power, a graduate of Hudson high school.

(IX) Dr. Sherwood Volkert Whitbeck, son of Charles and Margaret (Power) Whitbeck, was born in Hudson, December 26, 1879. He was educated in the public schools, a graduate of Hudson high school, 1896, graduate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, was two years at the Roosevelt Hospital, and at Sloan Maternity Hospital three months. In 1904 established in Hudson in general practice, specializing in surgery. He served in the New York National Guard one year. He is a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Hudson board of health, surgeon of the City Hospital, consulting physician and surgeon of New York State Training School for girls, a member and vestryman of the Christ Episcopal Church, a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Elks Club, the Alumni Association of Roosevelt and Sloan Maternity Hospitals of New York City, Columbia County Society of New York. American Medical, New York State, and Columbia County Medical societies. He married, April 12, 1904, at Hudson, Caroline, daughter of Albert Hoysradt, and granddaughter of Jacob Warren Hoysradt.

Jacob Warren Hoysradt, grandfather of Caroline (Hoysradt) Whitbeck, was born in Columbia county, New York, died in Hudson, New York, where he resided, October, 1890. He married Caroline Lucinda McArthur. Children: Albert, see forward. Charles, died in infancy. Arthur died in infancy. Grace, married Dr. William Stanton Gleason (always known as Dr. Stanton Gleason), graduate of New York University, medical department; resides at Newburg, New York; child, Charles B. Gleason, born June 22, 1890, graduate of Hotchkiss Preparatory School, sophomore at Yale, 1908. Jessie, married Dr. Theodore Von Riepmst; resides in Boston. Florence, married Dr. Clark E. Rossman. Warren Jacob, born December 7, 1878; graduate of Yale; engaged in mercantile business in New York City; resides in Lawrence Park, New York; married Ethel Wolf, of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania; children: John McArthur, born October, 1904, and Eleanor.

Albert Hoysradt, father of Caroline (Hoysradt) Whitbeck, was born in Hudson, New

York, February, 1854, died there in December, 1896. He was a graduate of Yale, receiving therefrom the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1877; he was a member of the Skull and Bones fraternity. He served as attorney for Hudson, in which capacity he fulfilled faithfully all the duties required of him, also served as county recorder, and was nominated for the office of mayor, but was defeated by his Democratic opponent. He was highly esteemed in his native town, in the affairs of which he took an active and leading part. He married, July 10, 1877, at Hudson, Alice, daughter of William Henry and Cordelia (Newland) Gifford, and granddaughter of Elihu Gifford. Children: Caroline, married April 12, 1904, Dr. Sherwood Volkert Witbeck (see Witbeck). Gertrude McArthur, married, October 8, 1902, Judge John Volkert Witbeck. Sanford Gifford, born July 28, 1882; resides in Hudson. Marjorie, born June 1, 1886, died August 7, 1902. Children of Dr. Sherwood Volkert and Caroline (Hoysradt) Witbeck: Mary Gifford; Volkert Sherwood, born January 30, 1910.

WHITBECK (IV) Andries, son of Jan (q. v.) and Agnietje (Bronck) Witbeck, was

baptized July 4, 1707, died November 22, 1765. The family were now settled in the town of Coeymans, Albany county, New York, where they possessed lands and were well-considered among the settlers. Andries Witbeck married, about 1738, Mayke, first-born of Pieter Barentse and Elizabeth (Greveraad) Coeymans. Pieter Barentse was a son of Barent, "the Miller," and grandson of Pieter Coeymans, the emigrant to Rensselaerwyck in 1636 from Utrecht. Mayke Coeymans was baptized October 19, 1714. Children: Elizabeth, born in 1739, died July 29, 1820; married, 1757, Thomas, son of Hendrick Hoogteling; Zelotte, born 1741; Agnietje, 1742; Peter, see forward; Charlotte, 1746, married, 1771, David McCarty, and died in Cossackie, April 22, 1828; Gerritje, married Daniel Van Antwerp; Mayke, married Cornelius ———.

(V) Peter, son of Andries and Mayke (Coeymans) Witbeck, was born March 22, 1744, died February 12, 1813. He married, October 16, 1766, Maria Van Alen. Children: Mayke, born March 12, 1769, died March 31, 1825; married, March 3, 1787, Peter Van Bergen; Catherina, born March 30, 1770, married John Ten Eyck; Elizabeth, born July 12, 1778, died 1779; Elizabeth, born November 18, 1785, married David Verplanck; Andrew, see forward.

(VI) Andrew, son of Peter and Maria (Van Alen) Witbeck, was born February 3, 1790; married Charlotte Amelia Bronck. Children: Peter, died young; Elizabeth; John, see forward; William, David, Henry, Van Alen, Maria and Peter.

(VIII) John, son of Andrew and Charlotte A. (Bronck) Witbeck, (or Whitbeck) was born in the town of Coeymans, Albany county, New York, about 1816, died in the town of New Scotland, same county, July 13, 1885. He was educated in the town schools, and grew up to the business of a farmer. He settled in New Scotland in 1847, where he purchased a farm adjacent to the village of New Scotland. He was a thrifty farmer and a good man of business. He was an earnest, devoted Presbyterian, serving the New Scotland congregation as trustee. He was a local leader of the Democratic party and a man of much influence. He was open and generous by nature, and had a wide acquaintance. He married in Coeymans a kinswoman, Maria Whitbeck, born 1817, died at the New Scotland farm, January 11, 1899. She was an active, energetic woman and a devoted Presbyterian. Children of John and Maria (Whitbeck) Whitbeck: 1. Catherine, died unmarried at the age of thirty-one years. 2. Gitty Ann, born in 1838, died in Voorheesville, New York, February 14, 1906; she married James H. Coughtry, born August 27, 1834, died in 1904, son of Jacob, born February 25, 1797, died 1829, and Rachel (Taylor) Coughtry, grandson of William Coughtry, born in Scotland, January, 1765, married in New Scotland, great-grandson of John Coughtry, baptized August 13, 1732, emigrated to this country from Scotland, 1774, locating in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, on a farm, and great-great-grandson of John and Margaret (Skellec) McCoughtry (as the name was spelled in Scotland), natives of Tamaled, Scotland. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Coughtry: i. John W., now a merchant and postmaster of New Scotland; married ———; children: Florence, married Calvin J. Nicholson and has Elwood, Marie and Ruth; they reside in Tonawanda, New York; Edmund C., clerk for his father, unmarried; ii. William M., farmer of New Scotland; married Lizzie Wideman and has James, Minnie, Frank and Harriet; iii. Harriet M., born April 2, 1862, married Samuel D. Raynsford, of Voorheesville, New York, and has a son Raymond, born October 21, 1894; iv. Robert T., messenger and agent for National Express Company at Voorheesville, New York, married Charlotte Stevens and has Gertrude, Laura and Royal. 3. Martin, a retired mechanic of

New Scotland; married Ellen J. Hotaling; children: i. Sarah, deceased, married Jerry Mead and had Nellie and Martin M.; ii. Carrie, wife of Charles Underhill, merchant of Albany. 4. Andrew J., see forward.

(VIII) Andrew J., youngest child of John and Maria (Whitebeck) Whitbeck, was born July 30, 1847, the year his parents removed from Coeymans to New Scotland. He was educated in the public schools and grew up a farmer. He owns and cultivates the homestead acres and is a prosperous, highly regarded citizen. He served the town as tax collector and enjoys the distinction of having turned over his books to the treasurer with every dollar collected. He is now serving his third term as supervisor. He is a Democrat in politics and attends the Presbyterian church. He married, December 2, 1868, in New Scotland, Amelia Hotaling, born January 11, 1846, daughter of Garret and Sarah A. (Relyea) Hotaling, both life-long residents of New Scotland. Child of Andrew J. and Amelia Whitebeck: Jay M., born 1871, educated in the public schools, reared a farmer, now a hay, grain and produce dealer of New Scotland. He married Eretta Crouse, born in Guilderland, daughter of Henry P. Crouse. Child, Pauline, born 1896.

The earliest record of Henry

WHITNEY Whitney, the American ancestor of this branch of the

Whitneys, is found October 8, 1649, when he was associated with two others in the purchase of land in Southold, Long Island. He was born in England in 1620, died in Norwalk, Connecticut, 1673. He removed to Huntington, Long Island, where he built a grist mill for Rev. William Leverich, about which there was some trouble resulting in law suits. He next removed to Jamaica, Long Island, where his name appears several times on the records—1662-63-64. In 1665 he appears in Norwalk, Connecticut, where he built a "Grounde Corn Mill" at the mouth of "Norwake River by the falls." His last appearance on the records is October 11, 1669, in "A true and perfect list of all the freemen appertaining unto the plantation of Norwake." His will was dated June 5, 1672. An inventory was sworn to November 8, 1673. He was twice married, but nothing is known of his wives further than that his second wife was a Widow Ketcham.

(II) John, son of Henry Whitney, "the founder," (the only child mentioned in his father's will) was most likely born before his father went to Southold, Long Island, as he was of legal age prior to January 20, 1665-66.

He settled with his father in Norwalk, followed the business of miller and millwright, succeeded him in the possession of the mill and homestead, later building a fulling mill at Norwalk, and seems to have been a busy, prosperous man. He married, March 17, 1674-75, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Smith. Children: 1. John, born at Norwalk, Connecticut, March 12, 1676-77; married, March 4, 1709-10, Elizabeth Finch; he was a miller. 2. Joseph, of whom further. 3. Henry, born February 21, 1680; a weaver; he married, June 14, 1710, Elizabeth, daughter of "the late lieutenant John" and Mary (Benedict) Olmstead. 4. Elizabeth, born about 1684; married Joseph Keeler, son of Samuel and Sarah (St. John) Keeler. 5. Richard, born April 18, 1687; a millwright; married, April 7, 1709, Hannah, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Beers) Darling, of Fairfield, Connecticut. 6. Samuel, born 1688; removed to Stratford; married, January 18, 1721, Anne Laboree. 7. Anne, born 1691; married, October 13, 1709, Matthew St. John, one of the original settlers of Ridgefield, Connecticut. 8. Eleanor, born January 27, 1693; married, June 13, 1717, Jonathan Fairchild, a fuller and cloth dresser of Norwalk. 9. Nathan, settled at Ridgefield after his marriage, about 1715, to Sarah ———. 10. Sarah, married, June 13, 1717, Samuel Smith, a farmer. 11. Josiah, married, October 30, 1720, Eunice Hanford.

(III) Joseph second son of John and Elizabeth (Smith) Whitney, was born in Norwalk, Connecticut, March 1, 1678, died 1741. After the death of his elder brother John, he came into possession of the grist mill by deed from his father, stipulating to pay all his debts and give him one-half the tolls which the mill should earn during his father's lifetime. He was a very eccentric man about whom many anecdotes are told. He married, in Norwalk, July 6, 1704, Hannah, daughter of Zerubbabel Hoyt, of Norwalk. She was a member of the First Congregational Church in Norwalk in 1725. Children: 1. Hezekiah, born April 10, 1705; married, January 3, 1732 Margaret Harris. 2. Hannah, born November 5, 1707; married (first) Daniel Keeler, a farmer of Norwalk; married (second) Samuel Betts, of Wilton. 3. Joseph, born December 6, 1710; married Mary Coit. 4. Thankful, born March, 1713; married Ebenezer Benedict; settled at New Canaan, Connecticut. 5. Elizabeth, born 1717; married (first) June 26, 1735, Miles Riggs, of Stamford, Connecticut; married (second) David Rockwell, a great-grandson of John Rockwell, an early settler of Stamford in 1641; married

(third) 1791, being then about seventy years of age, Agur Fairchild, who was six years her senior; he died in 1797, after which she lived in Ridgebury until she was ninety-four years old, then went to live with her son, Miles Riggs, at Newfield, Connecticut, where she died in August, 1815, aged ninety-eight years. Miles Riggs, her son, was a soldier of the revolution, and tradition says that on one of his visits home from the army he found two of his three children dead and his wife very ill. 6. David, of whom further. 7. Abraham, born February 23, 1723; married, December 23, 1750, Anne Plumb.

(IV) David, son of Joseph and Hannah (Hoyt) Whitney, was born at Norwalk, Connecticut, May 11, 1721.

He was an ardent patriot, and rendered good service during the revolution. "For many years he owned and commanded a sloop which was used by the Government in carrying despatches and supplies sometimes under the very guns of the enemy." "When Norwalk was burned in 1779 he ran out of the harbor with his sloop loaded with the families and goods of his neighbors, escaping from the British and safely reaching Stamford." He conducted a grist mill in Norwalk in which his son Ebenezer succeeded him. He married, May 11, 1741, Elizabeth, born at Norwalk, June 6, 1718, daughter of Ebenezer and Elizabeth Hyatt. She died October 28, 1798, aged "80 years, 4 months and 22 days." He died at Silver Mine in New Canaan, Connecticut, April 16, 1816. Children: 1. Ebenezer, of whom further. 2. Timothy, born July, 1744; a cooper, served in the revolution; married, February 25, 1770, Anna Wood, born November 3, 1742, daughter of Alexis Wood, of Norwalk. 3. Betsey, born April 5, 1746; married, about 1767, James Jerrett. 4. David (2), born February 17, 1748, died March 30, 1748. 5. Anna, born February 14, 1749, died September 16, 1754. 6. Esther, born February 3, 1751; married, October 27, 1773, Phineas St. John, son of Nathan and Lois (St. John) St. John; they settled in Wilton, Connecticut, and later in Walton, New York, where they died; Phineas was a soldier of the revolution. 7. Abigail, born April 3, 1754, married, July 6, 1775, John Reed, a soldier of the revolution. 8. Anna, born April 10, 1756, married Samuel Seymour; they settled at Walton, Delaware county, New York, where they died. 9. Deborah, born July 20, 1758; married, September 26, 1781, Isaac Keeler. 10. David Hyatt, born August 25, 1761; cooper, miller, millwright, farmer, and soldier of the revolution; he married, May 12, 1796, Nancy Raymond, who survived him,

dying at the home of her son in Taylor, Cortland county, New York.

(V) Ebenezer, eldest son of David and Elizabeth (Hyatt) Whitney, was born in Norwalk, Connecticut, August 8, 1742. After following the sea for forty-five years he moved to Silver Mine, in New Canaan, Connecticut, where he bought and managed a grist mill. He was a master mariner (or captain) but seems to have been equally proficient in the time-honored family business of milling. He died in Silver Mine, April 3, 1808, and is buried in the cemetery there. He married, December 19, 1771, in Norwalk, Ruth, born November 15, 1756, daughter of Simeon Raymond. Tradition says he was a paymaster in the revolutionary army and that it was he and not his father who took the sloop load of women and furniture out of Norwalk harbor in 1779. Children: 1. Betsey, born February 1, 1773; married (first) January 31, 1793, Richard Sherman, of Albany, New York, a sailor who was lost at sea; married (second) January 5, 1812, Deodate Gaylord, a soldier and a pensioner of the revolution; she died October 16, 1846. 2. Asa, born and died in 1774. 3. Abby, born June 8, 1775; married, July 19, 1796, Henry Fitch; she lived to be eighty-three years of age; he to the age of "95 years, 9 months, 12 days." 4. Asa, of whom further. 5. Lucretia, born July 19, 1778, drowned in a well, May 22, 1781. 6. Clarissa, born February 21, 1780, died in Dunsville, Ingham county, Michigan, in her ninetieth year; she married (first) Lockwood Hoyt; (second) Lewis Blackman; (third) Jacob Wright. 7. Aaron Wilkes, born October 17, 1781; settled at Wilton, Connecticut, where he was ordained a minister of the Baptist church; he married, July 5, 1804, Sarah Bennett. 8. Eben, born November 19, 1783; was bound to his brother Asa, May 15, 1798, to learn his trade of silversmith and watchmaker; he was in business many years in New York City; his tombstone records that "The law of truth was in his mouth and iniquity was not found in his lips. He walked with me in peace and equity and did turn many away from iniquity"; he married (first) Esther Patterson, born at Red Bank, New Jersey; married (second) Emeline Hoyt, of Stamford, Connecticut; married (third) Elizabeth Raymond, of Norwalk. 9. Lucretia, born June 27, 1786; married Daniel Fitch. 10. Roxana, born October 26, 1789; married, March 19, 1815, James Taylor. 11. Maud, born in Troy, New York, June 27, 1792; removed to Norwalk, Connecticut; married, January 21, 1816, Benjamin Weeks, a soldier of the war of 1812; they settled in Henrietta,

Monroe county, New York, then in Webster, same county, where he served the Baptist church as deacon for thirty years; Maud lived in Webster until 1874, the last survivor of the thirteen children of her parents. 12. George Washington, born July 26, 1794; settled in East Venice, New York, a farmer; married, April 4, 1816, Matilda Olmstead; he died December 18, 1861; she was living in August, 1874. 13. Hannah Hoyt, born February 4, 1796, married, September 23, 1817, Miles Root, of New Canaan.

(VI) Asa, son of Ebenezer and Ruth (Raymond) Whitney, was born in Norwalk, Connecticut, August 17, 1776, died in New York City, December 8, 1812. He learned the trade of silversmith and watchmaker; settled in New York City where the directory names him at different business locations from 1798 to 1811 and with home at 123 Cherry street, where he died. He and his wife are buried in the "Cemetery of the Brick Meeting-house" on Christie street. He married, in Norwalk, October 7, 1797, Catherine Leggett, born June 26, 1778, died December 31, 1813 or 1814. Children, all born in Norwalk: 1. Edwin, died in infancy. 2. William Reed, born October 5, 1799; a jeweller of New York City; died December 16, 1824; his place of business was on Wall street near Broadway. 3. Catherine, died in childhood. 4. Edwin Leggett, born July 15, 1803; a merchant of New York City and Philadelphia; married, February 22, 1825, Joanna Eliza Bicknell, born in Portsmouth, England, October 20, 1809. 5. Henry, died in infancy. 6. Thomas Richard, born April 30, 1807; author and engraver; he was a senator of New York in 1854-55 from the fourth district, representative in the thirty-fourth congress from the fifth New York congressional district, 1855-57; he was at one time editor of *The Republican* and *The Sunday Times*; published 1845 an historical poem "The Ambuscade"; was also the author of the "American Policy"; he died in New York City, April 12, 1858, and is buried in Greenwood; he married (first) October 7, 1827, Elizabeth Comstock, born November 6, 1808; he married (second) Sarah Ann Heustis, born at Westchester, New York, May 8, 1810. 7. Simeon Raymond, died in infancy. 8. Asa Harvey, of whom further.

(VII) Asa Harvey, youngest son of Asa and Catherine (Leggett) Whitney, was born at Norwalk, Connecticut, February 25, 1811, died May 1, 1846. He engaged in the lumber business in northern New York, where he also owned a farm. He was a successful and capable business man, but at an early age

contracted consumption which carried him away while still a young man. He married, September, 1836, Almira Matilda Wait, born February 8, 1815, died February 7, 1897. Children: 1. Josephine, born April 18, 1838; married, March 17, 1858, George R. Phelps. 2. Isabelle Alsina, born January 1, 1840. 3. Sarah Emily, born August 13, 1842; married William Rufus Washburn; child, Charles. 4. Warren Edwin, of whom further.

(VIII) Warren Edwin, only son of Asa Harvey and Almira Matilda (Wait) Whitney, was born in Hadley, Saratoga county, New York, December 24, 1844. He was educated in the public school, and for a few years engaged in farming. He later began work in the glove factory of William Case, following with six years in the employment of Uriah Case. January 1, 1871, he began glove manufacturing at 14 School street, Gloversville, where he remained two years, when he removed to Prospect street. He purchased a property on the Height on which he erected a home with factory on the same plot of ground. This has now developed and become one of the leading residential streets. His business is a large and prosperous one, his special line of manufacture being fine goods for men's and women's wear. Mr. Whitney has been a director of the City National Bank since its organization and vice-president since 1891. Since 1903 he has been treasurer of the Prospect Hill Cemetery Association. He has now been in active business life for forty years and is gradually withdrawing wherever possible from outside affairs. Since 1901 he has been a member of the school board, and since 1898 president of the Nathan Littauer Hospital board, having been a director since its organization. He was chairman of the building committee that had in charge the erection of the new Congregational church in 1894; he is now an active member and trustee. Politically he is a third party Prohibitionist and supports his convictions with all his energy. He married, October 31, 1867, Anna Sarah Robertson, born February 25, 1843, daughter of Robert Robertson, granddaughter of Duncan Robertson, and great-granddaughter of Robert and Jane (McMartin) Robertson, of Scotch ancestry. Duncan Robertson married Tirzah Woodruff. Their son Robert (2) married Angelina Brownell; children: Mary, Jane, Duncan, Anna, Sarah and Frances. Children of Warren Edwin and Anna Sarah Whitney: 1. Marion R., born September 26, 1869. 2. Florence Anna, born June 26, 1876; married, October 20, 1903, Charles J. Fox; born October 20, 1873; children: 1. Charles Warren,



W. E. Whitney

born July 24, 1904; ii. Marion Gertrude, October 1, 1906; iii. and iv. Donald Whitney and Dorothy, twins, March 7, 1909. 3. Walter Duncan, born January 25, 1878. 4. Jane Bell, born February 9, 1883.

CHAPMAN

This name is of Saxon origin and one of the numerous class derived from an occupation, business or trade. The Saxon word Chapman means a chapman, marketman, merchant. The surname Chapman occurs among the earliest of English surnames, and the family in many of its branches was somewhat distinguished at an early period. The name occurs in several of the early settlements of New England, also in Maryland and Virginia. Fifteen of the name settled in these colonies at a date from about 1635 to 1645. Hence the difficulty genealogists experience with the name, as they now number many thousands from one ancestor, Robert, of Saybrook, Connecticut.

(I) Edward Chapman came to Windsor, Connecticut, it is supposed in 1660. According to the town records he married Elizabeth Fox in England. He died of wounds received in fighting the Indians, December 19, 1675. He resided in that part of Windsor called Simsbury. His widow married Samuel Cross, July 12, 1677. His children were: Henry, Mary, Mary (2), Elizabeth, Simon (see forward), Hanna, Margaret and Sara.

(II) Simon, son of Edward and Elizabeth (Fox) Chapman, was born April 30, 1669. His wife's name is unknown, but the marriage was performed in 1692-93. They were the parents of Samuel and Simon, the only two children of record.

(III) Captain Samuel, son of Simon Chapman, was born March 2, 1696. He removed to Tolland, Connecticut, where he was admitted an inhabitant in 1726. In 1736 he was captain of the train band. He was killed in the French and Indian war while in his country's service. His marriage to Hannah Strong, August 8, 1717, is recorded in the Windsor records. Their children were: Elijah, see forward; Samuel, Ruth, Simon and Margaret.

(IV) Deacon Elijah, eldest child of Captain Samuel and Hannah (Strong) Chapman, was born in Windsor, Connecticut. —, and died February 22, 1812. He moved to Tolland, where he was a deacon in the church. He represented the town in the legislature of 1765-76-81-82. He married Ruth Steele, who died February 17, 1808. She bore him twelve children: Joanna, married Joshua Griggs; Reuben; Sarah; Elijah; Ashbel (see forward);

Sarah; Ruth, married John Palmer; Esther, married Ammi Paulk; Roxanna, married Jabez West; Aaron; Dorcas, married Vine Robinson; Daniel. Samuel, brother of Elijah Chapman, commanded a company in the French war, and was also an officer in the revolutionary war. He represented Tolland in the legislature, 1755-90, with the exception of three years when absent in the army.

(V) Ashbel, fifth child of Deacon Elijah and Ruth (Steele) Chapman, was born in Tolland, Connecticut, June 28, 1755, died October 26, 1822. He represented Tolland in the legislature, in 1808-11-12-26. He married November 17, 1789, Lydia Lord. Children: Ashbel, born 1790; Carlos, 1792; Caroline, 1793; Lydia, 1795; Mary B., 1796; John Buckley (see forward); Lucy, 1801.

(VI) John Buckley, sixth child of Ashbel and Lydia (Lord) Chapman, was born at Windsor Locks, Connecticut, May 12, 1799. He was a lumber dealer. He was at sea with a cargo of lumber when he was taken with yellow fever and died near the Cuban coast. He married (first) Lydia Holkins; children: Albert, Frederick Augustus (see forward); John E., Louise, Harvey. He married (second) Lydia Dwight; no issue. He married (third) Lydia Lord, no issue.

(VII) Frederick Augustus, eldest child of John Buckley and Lydia (Holkins) Chapman, was born May 25, 1832, died July 19, 1889. He began his business life as a clerk in the Albany, New York, stores. He then went to Chicago, where he engaged in a wholesale hardware business, the firm being Loomis, Abbott & Chapman. He sold his interest in that firm and engaged in the wholesale bag business with his brother in Chicago, and died while on a business trip to Minneapolis. His remains were brought to Lansingburg, where he is buried, in Oakwood cemetery. He was a member of Trinity Episcopal church in Chicago. He married, in 1855, in Lansingburg, New York, Sarah Louise, born 1833, only child of Gilbert Eddy Vandercook (see Vandercook IV). Children: 1. Hattie, born in Lansingburg, July 25, 1858; married Abraham Reamer, born August 12, 1855, a coffee importer of New York City; children: i. Fred Chapman, born September 14, 1883, died August 1, 1884; ii. Dexter Wright, born September 14, 1885; iii. Louise, born July 11, 1887, died January 25, 1907; iv. T. Murray, born November 25, 1890. 2. Kathleen, born January 31, 1870, at Lansingburg, died at age of nineteen. Mrs. Chapman survives her husband, and lives in Lansingburg, New York. She was educated at Lansingburg Academy and Troy Seminary.

(The Vandercook Line).

(I) Michael Vandercook, founder of the town of Cooksborough, New York, was of Holland descent, born in the province which today is the state of New Jersey, November 10, 1715. He came with his family to New York state and patented land, settling on what is known as "Cooks Patent," in May, 1762. Here he founded the town of Cooksborough (now Cooksburg), and died in 1786. His name on the tombstone in the Cooksborough cemetery is "d Cook." He married Cornelia Van Ness in 1742. She was born in 1721, and a direct descendant of the famous Anneke Jans. Children: Michael (2); Simon (see forward); Henry, born 1751; Hester, 1752; Cornelius, 1754; Isaac; Cornelia; Sarah.

(II) Simon, eldest child of Michael and Cornelia (Van Ness) Vandercook, was born in New Jersey, August 17, 1749, and died in Cooksburg, Albany county, New York, November 28, 1829. He was a soldier in the revolutionary war, holding the rank of ensign in Captain Henry Van Der Hoff's company, Albany county (New York) militia, Colonel Peter Yates. A Michael Vandercook was a private in the same regiment, but it is hardly likely that it was his father, as he was sixty-one years of age in 1776. Simon Vandercook married Levina Van Der Hoff, born May 5, 1754. Children: Michael S., see forward; Hetty, Peter, Henry, Simon, Gilbert, John, Cornelia, and Sarah.

(III) Major Michael Simon, eldest son of Simon and Levina (Van Der Hoff) Vandercook, was born in Pittstown, New York, April 5, 1774, and died there February 17, 1852. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, attaining the rank of major, commanding New York state troops. He was a general man of business and of high standing in the community. He was three times married. His first wife, whom he married August 27, 1792, was Mehitable Haskins. She died June 19, 1806. He married (second) December 14, 1806, Sally Eddy, born January 30, 1789, died April 4, 1823, a daughter of Major-General Gilbert Eddy. He married (third) September 25, 1825, Mrs. Betsey Roberts Pickett, born September 4, 1784, died October 28, 1865. Children of Major Michael S. Vandercook, by first wife, Mehitable Haskins: 1. Simon, born January 10, 1794, died October 20, 1794. 2. Michael M., born March 2, 1795, died August 24, 1873. 3. Polly, born April 10, 1799. 4. Sally, born July 24, 1803. By second wife, Sally Eddy: 5. Gilbert Eddy, see forward. 6. Simon Henry, born June 24, 1812, died September 25, 1884. 7. Russell A., born August 25, 1814, died August 24, 1839. 8. Tisdale Eddy, born

June 11, 1818, died November 15, 1869. 9. Charles Raney, born May 20, 1819. 10. Prudence, born April 20, 1821. By third wife, Mrs. Betsey Roberts Pickett: 11. Roberts, born September 5, 1826, died in San Francisco, California, March 29, 1871; he was a California pioneer of 1849; member of the California Pioneer Society, Sons of Revolution, and became a man of prominence on the Pacific coast. 12. Frederick Augustus, born September 28, 1829, died May 29, 1871, in San Francisco, California; he was a banker of that city.

(IV) Gilbert Eddy, son of Major Michael Simon and his wife Sally (Eddy) Vandercook, was born in Pittstown, New York, July 25, 1808, died in Lansingburg, Rensselaer county, New York, June 13, 1886. He was educated at Pittstown. He was a man of good business ability, and operated along various lines. He conducted the United States Hotel at Saratoga Springs for some time, and owned and operated a farm in Brunswick, called "Hillcrest." He built a house in Lansingburg, where he died. He was an attendant of the Episcopal Church. He married, January 31, 1833, Sarah Fox, born November 13, 1813. Their only child, Sarah Louise, married Frederick Augustus Chapman (see Chapman).

MILLER

The Miller family has for many years been established in Montgomery county, New York. The founder, Conrad Miller, was probably an emigrant from Germany. He had nine children, Peter, Conrad, Daniel, Henry, John, George, Christiana, Mary and Nancy.

(I) John, son of Conrad Miller, married Margaret Garlock and had children: Henry, Adam, Conrad, John, Jacob, Peter I., Elizabeth.

(III) Peter I., son of John and Margaret (Garlock) Miller, born in the town of Minden, Montgomery county, New York, May 5, 1789, died October 12, 1841. He was educated in the district schools. He was a tavern keeper at Mohawk, New York, for several years, after which he turned his attention to farming, following that occupation for the remainder of his active life. He was a Whig in politics. He married Christina Devendorf, born November 27, 1798, died in Minden, January 28, 1867, daughter of Solomon and Christina Devendorf, granddaughter of Jacob Devendorf, one of the original patentees of the town of Minden. The Devendorfs came from Switzerland prior to the revolution, and one of the name served under General Herkimer and was killed at the battle of Oriskany in 1777.

Children of Peter I. and Christina Miller: Chauncy, married Barbara Stauring; Harvey, married Margaret Stauring; Mary, married Charles J. Devendorf; Martha, twin of Mary, married Stephen Z. Walrath; Jerome, married (first), Louisa Walrath, (second), Martha Davy; Peter, of whom further.

(IV) Peter, son of Peter I. and Christina (Devendorf) Miller, was born in the town of Minden, March 17, 1839. He was educated in the district schools and at Fort Plain Institute. For several years he engaged in farming in Minden, then spent two years in Canada in the produce business. On his return from Canada he disposed of his interest in Minden, and settled in Lockport, New York, where he engaged in the wholesale grocery business, under the firm name of Miller & Smith. He continued in active business life until about 1900 when he retired from active business; since which time he has spent the greater portion of his time in his native town, and now resides at the village of Fort Plain, New York. He has had a successful business career and has been the architect of his own fortune. He is well known in the community as a man of high character and generous impulses. He is a Republican in politics and served while living in the town of Minden as school trustee. In religion he is a Universalist. He married, December 30, 1868, Katherine, born July 29, 1841, daughter of John I. and Eliza (Sanders) Zoller, granddaughter of Jacob I. Zoller, who was a son of Jacob Zoller, one of the four brothers, Jacob, Henry, Casper and Andrew, who came into the Mohawk Valley from their native land, Switzerland, during the revolutionary war, settling at Fort Willett, in Dutchtown, Montgomery county. Jacob and Andrew Zoller served in the battle of Oriskany, where Andrew was taken prisoner and Jacob was shot through the shoulder and also taken prisoner. Andrew returned but Jacob was never after heard from. Jacob I. Zoller was born in Minden, where he died June 18, 1863, aged eighty-six years. He served in the war of 1812, and was stationed at Sacketts Harbor. He married Katherine, daughter of John Christian and Elizabeth Ehle. She was born August 30, 1782, died October 29, 1868. Their children are: John I., of whom further; Mary, born May 9, 1807, married Henry I. Crouse; James born April 20, 1809, removed to northern New York and settled near Ogdensburg; Jacob, born July 29, 1811, died at the age of seventeen years; Josiah, born September 27, 1813, built the Zoller House at Fort Plain of which he was proprietor for many years; Henry Chauncy, born December 18, 1815, removed

to Columbia, Herkimer county, where he still resides (1910); Abraham, born May 16, 1818, died September 27, 1854, at Racine, Wisconsin; Katherine, born October 25, 1821, married John C. Van Camp, and removed to Otranto, Iowa; Elizabeth, born August 16, 1825, is living at Otranto Station, Iowa, unmarried. John I. Zoller, eldest child of Jacob I. Zoller, was born in Minden, March 9, 1805, died November 15, 1891. He was for many years engaged in mercantile business. In 1843 he was a member of the New York legislature. He married Eliza Sanders. Children: 1. Katherine Elizabeth, died young. 2. Jacob, born April 15, 1833, died January 27, 1907; he was engaged in the wholesale grocery and provision business in Little Falls, New York; married Mary Jane Dygert. 3. Abram P., born July 28, 1835, died April 8, 1908; married Rachel Newkirk; no issue; he was a resident of Fort Plain. 4. Martha, born May 4, 1837; married Robert Smith, of Hallsville; three children living: Fred J., Robert Z. and Claude A. 5. Mary, born May 26, 1839, deceased. 6. Katherine, married Peter Miller. 7. Elizabeth, died aged thirteen years. 8. Charles, married Ianthe Klock, and died on the homestead farm, October 3, 1902, aged fifty-five years. Peter and Katherine Miller have no children.

If, as is believed, this name was
MILLER originally Muller, the family in
Slingerlands can claim descent

from Cornelis Stephense Muller, of Greenbush, Rensselaer county, New York, 1663; also a land owner in Albany, devising same to sons Jacob and John.

(I) Russell Miller died in Westerlo, Albany county, New York, in 1829, in middle life. He was a farmer and land owner and died on his own farm. He was a member of the Christian church, and an active worker for good. He married Nancy Conger, who died April 1, 1868, aged seventy-two years, twelve days. The Congers are an old Albany county family. Children: 1. David, born in Berne, died February 27, 1866, aged forty-nine years; a farmer of that town; he married Catherine daughter of Duncan Fisher; children: i. Russell, deceased; ii. Caroline, deceased, married Walter Clapper, who died in the west. 2. Margaret, died at the age of seventy years; married Ambrose Lamb, a farmer of Westerlo; no issue. 3. Eli, died aged forty-seven years; a farmer of Westerlo, later of the town of Coeymans, Albany county; married Hannah Nodine, who died leaving two sons, James and Jarvis, who are married, and have families at Indian Fields, New York. 4. James, see

forward. 5. Emmeline, born in Westerlo, New York, 1824 died January 28, 1906; married George Lawson, who died in Berne.

(II) James, son of Russell and Nancy (Conger) Miller, was born in Westerlo, Albany county, New York, July 14, 1822, died in New Scotland, April 4, 1904. He located in the village of Reedville, town of Berne, where he was a merchant for twenty years. He was a farmer of New Scotland for thirty years, owning one hundred and thirty acres now a part of his son's estate. He was a man of substance and influence. He was active in the Democratic party, and while in Reedville was postmaster for several years under Buchanan and Lincoln. He married, in Westerlo, July 4, 1842, Julia A. Adriance, born in that town, September 4, 1825, died in New Scotland, September 5, 1901. She was possessed of the womanly virtues of gentleness, patience and piety, coupled with great courage, strength and endurance. She was her husband's trusted partner and associate, and contributed a full share to his success in life. She was a daughter of Albert and Catherine (Snyder) Adriance, who both lie in the Snyder burying ground in Westerlo. They were members of the Christian church. Their children were: 1. Eliza M., born March 29, 1823; now a resident of Westerlo, aged eighty-seven years, widow of Nelson Appleby; children: Julia and Abraham. 2. Julia A., married James Miller. 3. Henry D., born January 4, 1828, now a resident of Westerlo, aged eighty-two years; married Katherine Betchem, born in Albany, February 22, 1848, and has three living children: William H., Albert G. and Charles M. 4. Caroline, October 8, 1830; unmarried. 5. George A., March 27, 1833, died July 28, 1906; married Lucy Smith, deceased; children: Annie and Emma, married; deceased after marriage. Children of James and Julia A. (Adriance) Miller: 1. Charles, see forward. 2. Mariette, born May 15, 1846; married John J. Mahar, a farmer of the town of Bethlehem; child, James H., born May 29, 1868; married Nettie Bennett, and has a son James B., born December 26, 1909.

(III) Charles, son of James and Julia A. (Adriance) Miller, was born in Westerlo, Albany county, New York, at the Miller homestead, July 12, 1844. His early years were spent in Berne, and in the store of his father at Reedville. He bought land in Berne, which he sold and removed to a farm he purchased in New Scotland on Norman's Kill in 1876. Here he remained two years, then purchased his present estate of one hundred and ninety-six acres consisting of two farms with all

improvements on both. This was the "old Taylor farm," and was partly owned by his father, who died at this place. Mr. Miller is a modern farmer and everything about his home and farm bespeaks progress and prosperity. He stands high in his community and highest where best known. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and a Democrat in politics. He married, January 3, 1876, Edith J., born in the town of Guilderland, May 27, 1855, daughter of John and Edith (Jacobson) Oliver, and granddaughter of Evert and Mary A. (Albright) Oliver. John Oliver was born in Bethlehem, New York, January 12, 1836, died January 23, 1907, in New Scotland. He was a farmer, married (first) Edith, daughter of Jacob and Maria (Leonard) Jacobson, of Bethlehem. They were members of the Presbyterian church. Children of John and Edith (Jacobson) Oliver: 1. Daniel, died in 1904, at Binghamton, New York; he was a railroad man; married Elizabeth Hines, also deceased; had issue. 2. Adeline, married Christopher La Grange, of Bethlehem, New York; issue: Emery, married; Hattie, married; Alice, married; Raymond; Wesley, deceased; Maude, married and lives in Binghamton, New York. 3. Edith J., married Charles Miller. 4. Sarah Alice, married Myron Hungerford, a farmer of New Scotland; no issue. 5. Elizabeth, married Jacob Wagoner, of Albany; two daughters: Minnie, married; Jennie, married. John Oliver married (second) Margaret Hart; no issue. He married (third) Lavinia Dyer, now deceased; children: 6. Irving, a farmer of Bethlehem, New York, married Mary McNarry; has issue. 7. Lewelyn, married Jacob Weis, of New Scotland, a farmer; three children. 8. John, a farmer of Bethlehem; married Sadie Rathburn; six children. 9. Christopher, a farmer of New Scotland; married Hattie Hallenbeck; four children. 10. George, a farmer of New Scotland, married Eva C. Albright; one child. Children of Charles and Edith J. (Oliver) Miller: 1. Victor, born October 24, 1876; graduated Albany Business College, 1894; now a farmer of Bethlehem; he married Sarah A. Fitch, and has a son, Charles A., born August 2, 1909. 2. Ernest, born October 12, 1878; educated at Albany high school; now a farmer of New Scotland; married Edna J. Mackey. 3. James, born December 5, 1881; educated in Albany high school, 1898, now a farmer of New Scotland; married Nettie Johnson; children: i. Julia, born July 9, 1906; ii. Jane, February 29, 1908; iii. Edith, July 3, 1909. 4. Julia A., born March 12, 1884; well educated, resides at home. 5. Frank, born May 15, 1886, resides at home. The family are members of the Pres-

byterian church, and the sons are Democratic in principle.

The ancestor of the Van
VAN ORDEN Ordens of New Baltimore, Greene county, New York, is William Van Orden, who came from Holland in the ship "Arms of Norway" about 1670. He settled at Katts Kill, where in 1718, after his marriage, he took possession in right of his wife of lot No. 4, containing about fifteen hundred acres. Here he built a house that was his home until death and stood for over a century and a half before being torn down. It was built partly of logs and partly of stone quarried from the Kalkberg. It was built against the hill, so that it was two stories high on the east side and one story on the west. In front was the Hudson, and the jealously guarded "canon place" at which the boats were tied. William was one of the first elders of the Dutch Reformed church at old Catskill, where he was well known and highly respected. He died in 1765, and was buried on the brow of the hill northwest from his house. The stone that marked his grave bears the inscription "W. V. O. 1765." The inventory of his property shows him to have been a wealthy man for his day. He married, in 1716, Temperance, daughter of William Loveridge (the patentee of what is known as the "Loveridge Patent"), and his wife, Margrietje Dumond. Children: 1. William, born 1717; married, December 22, 1842, Sarah Dubois, died March, 1793, aged seventy-six years, daughter of Hezekiah Dubois of Kingston; children: i. Temperance, married John Burhans; ii. Hezekiah, married (first) Engeltje Loeck; (second) Elizabeth Van Vecten; iii. Annatje, married James Miliken. Hezekiah served in the revolutionary war; was justice of the peace, supervisor and very influential. 2. Margaret, baptized January 23, 1726; married Jan Baptist Dumond; children: Ignatius, Temperance Loveridge, William Van Orden, Ignatius (2), David, Jan Baptist. 3. John, born May 26, 1727; married, February 15, 1751, Tryntje (Catherine) Dubois; children: Catryntje, William, Benjamin, Sarah, Peter, John, Margery. John was too old to become a soldier of the revolution, but he was very active and zealous in the cause of the colonies. William, his oldest son, fought at Stillwater and Saratoga, and died in the service. Benjamin, the second son, was commissioned quartermaster of the 11th Regiment, New York Volunteers, and served until the close of the war. 4. Elizabeth, baptized June 29, 1729; married David Dumon. 5. Ignatius, of whom further. 6. Peter, baptized

December 9, 1732, died before January 30, 1761; no issue. 7. Sarah, baptized 1735.

(II) Ignatius, third son of William and Temperance (Loveridge) Van Orden, was baptized at Kattsbaan, February 4, 1731, died July 9, 1807. From 1765 until his death he lived in the house which his father built near the Hudson. In 1778 he received a major's commission in Colonel Anthony Van Bergen's regiment, and saw active service. He married (first) Annatje Oosterhoudt, who was the mother of his children; married (second) Sarah Breasted Mynderse. Children: 1. Sarah, born July 1, 1758; married, March 1, 1781, Jeremiah Overbagh. 2. Jane, married Hendrick Freligh. 3. William, of whom further. 4. Ignatius, died about 1854.

(III) William, son of Ignatius and Annatje (Oosterhoudt) Van Orden, was born April 4, 1765, died November 14, 1840. He built his house on the beautiful knoll "Green Point." He was a farmer and a noted sportsman. At the age of seventy-five, while out gunning for wild ducks, he was drowned in the Hudson, on the flats near his dwelling. He married, December 19, 1787, Catherine Ten Broeck, born October 19, 1766, died February 12, 1820, daughter of Wessel and Jannetje (Persen) Ten Broeck, of Germantown, New York. Children: 1. Wessel Ten Broeck, of whom further. 2. Henry, born September 4, 1790; married, February 20, 1822, Temperance, died July 13, 1863, daughter of Henry and Catherine (Dumond) De Witt. 3. William, born October 16, 1794, died July 18, 1830. 4. Jane Ann, born February 3, 1799, married Benjamin Van Denburg.

(IV) Wessel Ten Broeck Van Orden, M.D., eldest son of William and Catherine (Ten Broeck) Van Orden, was born September 12, 1788, died at New Baltimore, New York, January 31, 1871. He married Maria Schumacher (Schoonmaker), born 1795, died May, 1892, daughter of Tjirck and Jane Mynderse Schoonmaker, of Ulster county, New York. Children: 1. Jane Catherine, born November 12, 1812; married John Ham, of Columbia county. 2. Wessel Ten Broeck (2), born January 24, 1821, died August 11, 1877. 3. Edmund Henry, of whom further.

(V) Edmund Henry, youngest child of Wessel Ten Broeck and Maria (Schoonmaker) Van Orden, was born at Germantown, Columbia county, New York, October 7, 1828, died at Colorado Springs, Colorado, February 27, 1909, and was buried at New Baltimore, New York. He was an extensive farmer and an influential citizen. He married, November 17, 1859, Almyra Van Bergen, who was born August 20, 1827, died August 20, 1874,

daughter of Philip and Sarah Ann (Bushnell) Van Bergen.

(VI) Wessel Ten Broeck, only child of Edmund Henry and Almyra (Van Bergen) Van Orden, was born December 2, 1861, at New Baltimore, Greene county, New York. He was educated in public and private schools, and succeeded to his father's estate, and has spent his life in its management. He is a member of the Holland Society of New York; Philip Livingston Chapter, Sons of the Revolution; Social Friendship Lodge, No. 741, Free and Accepted Masons of New Baltimore, of which he is past master; non-resident member of the Albany Club and Pike's Peak Club, Colorado Springs, Colorado. He is a member of the First Reformed Church of New Baltimore; is a Republican in politics, and belongs to the Greene county Republican Association. He married, January 7, 1885, Jennie A., daughter of William and Lydia A. Fuller of New Baltimore.

(The Van Bergen Line).

(I) Almyra (Van Bergen) Van Orden descends from Martin Gerretse Van Bergen (or Marte Gerretse, as he always called himself), who came to New Netherlands about the year 1640. He is said to have been a relative of Killian Van Rensselaer, patroon, of Amsterdam, and to have come to Rensselaerwyck under his patronage. He soon became a man of note in the colony and for many years was commissary of Fort Orange, a member of the governor's council; one of the justices of the peace for the county of Albany, and captain of the militia company. He was a wealthy and liberal man, and gave freely of his substance when the colony or his church was in need. In 1689 few subscribed a greater sum than he for the defence of the frontier, and no one paid a larger sum for the support of Godfrey Dallius, the minister of the Dutch Reformed church of Albany. He died in 1696, on his estate of several hundred acres, lying on the west side of the Hudson. It is a well founded tradition of the family that a party of Canadian Indians attacked his house with the intention of carrying him off a prisoner; he resisted the attack, and was killed in the affray. He left a large estate consisting of lots in Albany and farm properties. He married, (first) Jannetje Martense; (second) in Albany, January 21, 1686, Melkje, daughter of Myndert Frederickse Iveren, who survived him. Children: Gerrit, Myndert, Martin, Pieter (of whom further); Johannes.

(II) Pieter, son of Marte Gerretse Van Bergen, was baptized in Albany, February 21; 1694, died January 4, 1778. He married, No-

vember 7, 1724, Christina Costar, born 1700, died December, 1777, daughter of Anthony and Elizabeth (Ten Broeck) Costar. Children: 1. Martin Gerritse, born September 9, 1725; a prominent burgher of Albany, magistrate, member of the governor's council; he never married, and was familiarly known as "Mart Gers, the bachelor." 2. Elizabeth, died in infancy. 3. Anthony, of whom further. 4. Henry, born November 6, 1731, married Nellkje, daughter of William and Tuntje (Staats) Salisbury. 5. Elizabeth, born January 8, 1733, married Harmanus Cuyler. 6. Myndert, baptized October 16, 1739. 7. Peter, born April 23, 1742, married Elizabeth, daughter of John Fryer.

(III) Anthony, son of Pieter and Christina (Costar) Van Bergen, was born November 1, 1729. His will is dated February 10, 1792. He was an officer of the revolutionary war, a colonel commanding the 11th Regiment, of which Ignatius Van Orden was major and Henry Van Bergen, his brother, was captain of the First Company. This regiment belonged to the northern army, and was engaged at the battles of Stillwater and Saratoga, and present at the surrender of Burgoyne. He married in Catskill, in 1762, Maria Salisbury, baptized April 22, 1739, daughter of Abraham and Rachel (Ten Broeck) Salisbury, granddaughter of Francis and Maria (Van Gaasbeck) Salisbury and great-granddaughter of Silvester Salisbury, born about 1629, in England or Wales, came to the New Netherlands in 1664. Children: 1. Peter, born July 11, 1763, died August 30, 1804; a large landowner, and state senator 1802-4, dying while in office; married Hester, only daughter of Thomas Hoogteling and his wife, Elizabeth Whitbeck. 2. Abraham, born December 3, 1764, died unmarried, November 11, 1848. 3. Myndert, baptized in Cocksackie, January 17, 1767. 4. Catherine, baptized July 17, 1767, married Conradt Hoogteling. 5. Martin Gerritse, of whom further. 6. Christina, baptized July 17, 1774; married Arthur MacCloskey. 7. Henry Costar, baptized 1777, died unmarried, August 11, 1816. 8. Rachel, baptized July 16, 1780. The last six children were baptized at Cocksackie, New York.

(IV) Martin Gerritse, son of Anthony and Maria (Salisbury) Van Bergen, was born December 17, 1768, he married, March 30, 1793, Sallie, daughter of Philip and Commertje (Bronk) Conyn. He died August 2, 1855. Children: 1. Anthony M., born February 1, 1794, married Maria Vandenburg; (second) Pamela Prentiss; (third) Susan, daughter of Leonard Bronk, and widow of Philip Conyn. 2. Maria, born March 24, 1796; married An-

thony Hoogteling. 3. Philip, of whom further. 4. Hannah, born April 15, 1803; married Henry, son of Peter Coeymans and Elizabeth (Van Wie) Bronk. 5. Catherine, born March 16, 1806; married Andrew T. Van Slyck.

(V) Philip, son of Marten Gerritse and Sallie (Conyn) Van Bergen, was born March 21, 1797. He married Sarah Ann Bushnell and they are the parents of Almira (Van Bergen) Van Orden. (See Van Orden V.)

(II) William (2), eldest

VAN ORDEN son of William (1) and Temperance (Loveridge)

Van Orden (q. v.), was born 1717, died March 17, 1793. He lived a quiet, uneventful life in the Inbogat. In a deed of indenture he is described as a weaver, but it is doubtful if he ever worked at his trade, as his farm of one hundred and twenty-four acres supplied all his wants. He built his own house in 1742 and it stood for nearly one hundred and thirty years. An addition was built at the request of his son, Hezekiah, who wanted a "Yankee House," that is, one built of wood, and of this material the addition was made. He married, December 22, 1742, Sarah, daughter of Hezekiah Dubois, of Kingston. Children: Temperance, married John Burhans; Hezekiah, of further mention; Annatje, married James Miliken, a private of the continental army.

(III) Hezekiah, only son of William (2) and Sarah (Dubois) Van Orden, was born in Germantown, New York, January 22, 1749, died August 18, 1796. During the war of the revolution he was an ardent Whig. As a member of the military committee of the Groote Inbogat district he kept close watch upon the Tories of the neighborhood and took his turn in patrolling the roads. In October, 1777, he joined the yeomen who flocked to Green Point and Maquaa's Hoek to oppose the British in their progress up the Hudson. In 1781, at the age of thirty-two, he was a justice of the peace, an office at that time of considerable honor and usually conferred upon older men. He married (first) Engeltje Luke; (second) Elizabeth Van Vechten.

(IV) Jacob, son of Hezekiah and Elizabeth (Van Vechten) Van Orden, born September 5, 1788, died March 25, 1833. He married Harriet Schuyler, born September 15, 1783, died December 4, 1868, daughter of Philip Pieterse and Annatje (Wendell) Schuyler.

(V) William (3), son of Jacob and Harriet (Schuyler) Van Orden, was born at Catskill, February 9, 1816, died April 18, 1894. He was educated in the schools of Catskill and Albany. After his graduation he entered

the law office of Abram Van Vechten, a prominent lawyer of Albany. He was admitted to the bar and practiced his profession in Catskill. During his later years he resided on the old Van Orden farm, situated about two miles from Catskill. He was master in chancery in Greene county. He was a member of the First Reformed Church to which he contributed liberally. He married, June 24, 1840, Mary, daughter of Caleb and Katurah (Hill) Hopkins. Children: Philip V., born March 11, 1841, died December 13, 1910; William, of further mention; Charles H., April 11, 1847; Mary Louise, March 11, 1856; Anna, January 3, 1858.

(VI) William (4), son of William (3), and Mary (Hopkins) Van Orden, was born November 20, 1845. He received his education in private schools, and attended an academy conducted by Rev. Dr. R. B. Fairbairn, an Episcopal minister. Upon the completion of his schooling he took up agricultural pursuits on the farm which is now his home. He is a member of the Holland Society, also a member of the Dutch Reformed church of Catskill. In politics he is an Independent Democrat, but never held office. He is unmarried.

Two members of the Lipe family LIPE came from Germany to the American colonies prior to the revolution. Johnannes (John), born 1764, settled on a farm in Montgomery county near Sprakers. During the revolution he owned the land on which the defences of Fort Plains were built. The property descended to his son David; later to his grandson, Seeber Lipe. With the consent of the owner, the Montgomery county Historical Society erected small marble monuments in August, 1882, marking the site of the original fort erected 1776, and another the block house built in 1781. John engaged both in farming and in trade at Sand Hill, at that time in the town of Minden. He passed through the trying scenes of the revolution safely, although Minden suffered much from the Indians and Tories. After the war was over John married, November 11, 1788, Elizabeth Lambert, and left numerous descendants. He continued in business until his death.

The ancestor of Ephraim Lipe, of Canajoharie, is also John Lipe, of the town of Root, Montgomery county, New York. He was a farmer and was killed by a running horse while attempting to cross the road. He lived in the troublous times of the revolution and served with the militia against the Indians. He married a Miss Hays and had four children: Delia, married Adam Dockstader; Eva,

married John Burns; Mary, married John Vancroast; Adam I., of whom further.

(II) Adam I., son of John and ——— (Hays) Lipe, was born in the town of Root, Montgomery county, New York, June 28, 1794, died June 28, 1872. He grew up on the homestead farm, and later became a land owner and farmer. He was a soldier in the war of 1812; was a Whig in politics and a man of influence in his town. He married, about 1816, Catherine Rickard, of German and revolutionary ancestry, born March 17, 1796, died November 19, 1884. Children: 1. John L., born October, 1817, died December 28, 1883; he married Elizabeth Wormuth; children: i. Martin; ii. Adam, married Margaret Pullman, of Johnstown, New York, and had Earl; iii. Jeanette, married Charles Snow. 2. Kate, born May 29, 1821, died December 31, 1908; she married Jacob Bellinger, a descendant of William Bellinger, born in Germany; children: William and Adam. 3. Delilah, born March 2, 1824, married Jacob Mowers; children: Wesley and Edna. 4. Hiram, born February 9, 1828. 5. Eve, born March 1, 1831 married, March 7, 1849, Charles H. Hubbs, born September 3, 1824, died November 20, 1892, son of Charles Root Hubbs, of Long Island, New York, settled in the town of Root in 1802 near Rural Grove; he married Miriam Coffin and had ten children. Children of Charles H. Hubbs: i. Catherine, born July 3, 1851, died November 16, 1851; ii. David, March 4, 1855, married Addie Burroughs; iii. Carrie, October 20, 1857, married, June, 1893, Simon Van Buren; iv. Adam, June 4, 1860, died November 24, 1889; v. A. Seymour, December 9, 1862, married Hope Conover; vi. Lillian, July 5, 1866, married, October 19, 1892, Dorris Carr; children: Edwin J., born August 17, 1889; Leland, November 1, 1891; vii. Raymond B., August 16, 1871, married, October 17, 1889, ———; viii. Iva A., May 19, 1875. 6. Harriet, born February 16, 1834; married Samuel Jamison and has son Mortimer. 7. Ephraim, see forward.

(III) Ephraim, youngest son and child of Adam I. and Catherine (Rickard) Lipe, was born in the town of Root, Montgomery county, New York, July 14, 1837. He was educated in the public school and reared on the farm, succeeding to ownership of the homestead on the death of his father. Here he lived until after the birth of all his children, a period covering twenty-five years of ownership. The farm contained one hundred and fifty-five acres and he managed it profitably. In 1868 he began buying and selling hay in rather a small way but the business soon took on large proportions, and in 1883 he left the

farm and located in the village of Sprakers and carried on business on a much larger scale. In February, 1889, he removed to the village of Canajoharie, which has since been his home. He remained in active business until 1909, when he retired. He became a very large dealer in hay and was well known throughout the valley where for forty-one years he bought hay from the farmers, doing business with some of them for nearly the entire period. About 1878 he admitted his eldest son to a partnership, the firm name being E. & W. H. Lipe. He is held in the highest regard in the community where his entire life has been spent with the exception of seven years he spent in New York City taking charge of and marketing the hay shipments. During his residence in the town of Root he was much in the public service, serving as town collector of taxes and highway commissioner. In Canajoharie he has served as trustee and auditor of the village. He is a Republican in politics. He has been for many years a devoted active worker in the Dutch Reformed church which he serves as trustee.

He married, February 23, 1860, in St. Mark's Lutheran Church, (Rev. Lewiston Hippee officiating) Eliza Anne Wood, born in Canajoharie, New York, August 16, 1840. They began their married life on the farm near Sprakers, their home until 1883. Mrs. Lipe is a devoted member of the Dutch Reformed church, and with her husband has contributed much to the church and social life of the community. On Wednesday, February 23, 1910, Ephraim and Eliza Anne (Wood) Lipe celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding day, an occasion that will long live in the memories of the one hundred and seventy-five guests present, including every living son and daughter. Eliza A. Wood is a daughter of Abram and Ann (Wiles) Wood, granddaughter of David and Elizabeth (Vanderberker) Wood, and maternal granddaughter of Joseph Wiles, old Montgomery county families. Children of Abram and Ann Wood: John, married Elizabeth Moguin; Isaac, married Elizabeth Platner; Eliza Anne, married Ephraim Lipe; Mary, married De Witt Davis; Boyd, married Elizabeth Wills; David, married Ella Harp; Richard; Margaret, married Charles H. Burdick; Jennie, married William Lausen. Children of Ephraim and Eliza Anne (Wood) Lipe: 1. Walter H., born December 4, 1860; educated in the public schools, engaged for many years in business as junior member of E. & W. H. Lipe; in 1890 he organized the Imperial Packing Company and for ten years was engaged in curing and packing the well known "Beech Nut" products; in

1900 Bartlett Arkell became a partner and as the Beech Nut Packing Company, the business continued with Walter H. Lipe as treasurer and general manager; he married, July 20, 1896, Christina A. Goodall; children: i. Virginia, born May 24, 1900; ii. Rose Ann, March 5, 1906. 2. Mary Estelle, born April 10, 1864; married, October 3, 1889, William E. Tompkins, a hay and grain merchant of Toledo, Ohio; child, Anna Eliza, born September 25, 1890. 3. Fred Willard, born March 1, 1866; a hay and grain merchant of Toledo, Ohio; married, May, 1899, Sadie Allen. 4. Raymond P., born October 6, 1870; a hay and grain merchant of Toledo, Ohio; he married, March 3, 1893, Maude Vosburgh; children: Katherine Vosburgh, born March 14, 1896, Elizabeth Bartlett, November, 1898. 5. Bertha Virginia, born September 25, 1874; married, June 25, 1902, Lyell T. Hallett, assistant treasurer of the Beech Nut Packing Company; children: Walter Wellington, born March 11, 1906; Florence Elizabeth, May 11, 1908. Two children died in infancy, Anna and Ephraim (2), and Jennie, who died in her nineteenth year.

John Brown was born in Newport, Rhode Island, in 1695, died January, 1764. He was a large vessel owner and a very wealthy man for his day. The family, however, lost most of their property during the revolution, as they remained loyal to the King. He married Jane Lucas, and had issue.

(II) Colonel Robert, son of John and Jane (Lucas) Brown, of Newport, was born April 9, 1735, died August, 1794. His wife Elizabeth was born January 28, 1744, died November 27, 1815. The tradition of the family is that this Robert was the Robert Brown captured by pirates, together with two boys who were with him on his vessel. Brown and the two boys (not his own) were set afloat in a rowboat near some rocky cliffs, the pirates supposing they could not land. But Brown being a good sailor landed in safety, although in ascending the rocks one of the boys was lost and drowned. Colonel Robert said, "He hoped and prayed that he would live to see the day when they were hung." He did live to see them hung at Newport and told them of his wish, which they remembered. Colonel Robert Brown married Elizabeth —; children: 1. Colonel Robert B., born November 19, 1763, died October 27, 1845; he was the father of eight sons, Peter, Barker, Philip, Robert, George, Henry, Edmund and David. 2. John, born January 10, 1765, died December 19, 1836, leaving nine children: John,

James, Samuel, Clark, Charles, Betsy, Becky, Mary and Susan. 3. Silas, born November 28, 1766, died May 18, 1820; children: Silas, Brinton, Fanny, Elizabeth, Susan and Sarah Ann. 4. Elizabeth, born July 27, 1767, died young. 5. Peleg, of whom further. 6. James, born July 11, 1771, died July 31, 1839. Mary, his wife, was born September, 1778; children: Robert, John, Benjamin, Mary, Lucy and Tabathy. By his second wife: Henry, Peleg, James, Caroline and George. 7. Henry, born July 2, 1773, died September 25, 1845; his wife was a Miss Hammon; they left one son, Silas.

(III) Peleg, son of Colonel Robert and Elizabeth Brown, was born August 7, 1769, died September 23, 1838. He married Dorcas —, who died September 15, 1856. Children: William B., born September 22, 1793, died December 27, 1860; Mary, July 6, 1795, died June 22, 1875; Tabathy, August 13, 1797, died November 26, 1825; Elizabeth, September 30, 1799, died October 17, 1799; Joseph W., March 27, 1801, died June 5, 1878; Elizabeth C., December 30, 1802, died June 29, 1872; Ann M., June 22, 1805, died June 7, 1884; Jeremiah G., May 22, 1807, died November 24, 1820; Peleg, of whom further.

(IV) Peleg (2), son of Peleg (1) and Dorcas Brown, was born June 28, 1810, died June 23, 1891. He married, March 10, 1836, Ann Hoxie, born March 23, 1810, died February 17, 1887. Children: John P., born July 1, 1838, died May 24, 1881; Joseph H., of whom further; William H., born September 7, 1843, died February 17, 1844; Infant son, deceased; Mary Esther, May 15, 1849, died April 16, 1884, married Charles H. Bradish, December 21, 1881; children: Leila and Annabel.

(V) Joseph H., son of Peleg (2) and Ann (Hoxie) Brown, was born January 12, 1841, at Petersburg, New York, died March 27, 1904. He was a successful farmer of Hoosick where he lived all his life. He was a Republican and took a deep interest in the politics of the county, holding local offices. He was a member of the Baptist church. He married June 16, 1861, Mary E. James. She died August 13, 1898. Children: William Joseph, born June 23, 1862, died March 8, 1893; Hattie M.; Edward James, of whom further.

(VI) Edward James, son of Joseph H. and Mary E. (James) Brown, was born June 27, 1866. He was educated in the public schools of Hoosick, and then followed the occupation of his father, that of farming, and remained on the homestead with him. In 1894 he relieved his father of the care of the farm, taking full charge. He removed to Plattsburg, New York, for a much needed rest and remained there two years, 1895-96, and then re-

turned to the farm where he has made his home. His farm is a dairy farm, requiring much extra work. He is a Republican in politics and takes an active part in town affairs. He is a member of All Saints Episcopal Church. He married, November 28, 1879, Marion Stetson, daughter of Elizur Larkin, died April 25, 1891; and Helen (Stetson) Larkin. Children: Helen Mary, Rowland Hoxie, Elizabeth Larkin.

The progenitor of the Turner family in Amsterdam was of English descent and Irish birth.

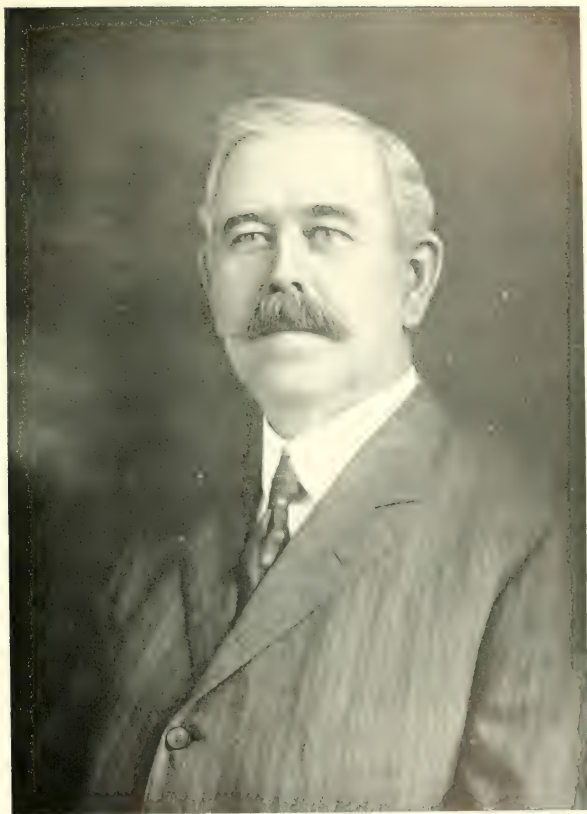
The founder of the family in Ireland was born in England of English parents. He came to Ireland when a young man, settled in Wexford county, where he married Bridget Doyle, born in Wexford, where she died at the age of eighty-nine. The husband changed his religious belief and became, like his wife, a communicant of the Roman Catholic church. They were the parents of a son, Patrick.

(II) Patrick, son of James and Bridget (Doyle) Turner, was born in Wexford, Ireland, died at New Castle, same county, at age of fifty-two years. He was a successful contractor. He married and had issue. 1. Richard, married Ellen Bell; removed to England, reared a family, one coming to the United States. 2. Jennie, married Henry Jordan, with whom she emigrated to Van Diemen's Land, Australia, where they died, leaving two sons and three daughters. 3. Eliza, married John Whalen; they removed to Marlborough, Australia, leaving a daughter, Mary, who is also deceased. 4. Patrick, was for fifteen years on the Irish constabulary force, was transferred to England, where he was killed in the performance of his duty; he married in England. 5. James, married Maria Wright, of Irish parents, settled in England, later on emigrated to Marlborough, Australia; had Emily, Maria and Catherine. 6. Terrence, came to the United States, settled in the south, where he died. 7. John, married Eliza Fox; came to the United States, settled in Amsterdam, New York, where he died from sunstroke, eleven days after his arrival here; he left John and Mary; the former a soldier of the One Hundred and Fifteenth New York Volunteer Regiment; died in the service. 8. William, settled in Halifax, Yorkshire, England; married Ellen Thompson, of that town, and had William and Emily. 9. Catherine, also removed to Halifax, England, where she married — Whalen; they are both deceased, leaving a daughter, Mary. 10. Michael, see forward. 11. Mary, died aged three years. 12. Bridget, born September 22,

1832, in Wicklow county, Ireland; educated in Dublin; came to the United States on the sailing vessel, "P. Sage"; after a six weeks' voyage arrived in New York, proceeded to Amsterdam, New York, where she married Alexander Doyle, born in Wicklow county, Ireland, December 25, 1828, came to the United States when a young man, died in Amsterdam, November 9, 1904; children: Mary, Charles, William, Jennie, all deceased, John, Jane, Catherine F., Martha, Elizabeth and James Doyle.

(III) Michael, tenth child of Patrick Turner, was born in Ireland, 1828. He emigrated to the United States in 1849, coming on a slow sailing vessel. He settled in Amsterdam, where he became a well known and prosperous mason and builder. He was also a builder of tan bark furnaces for the consumption of old tan bark. He met a tragic death, April 24, 1876. The spring freshets had carried away the bridge across the Mohawk river at Amsterdam; late in the evening in company with two attorneys of Amsterdam, John I. Snell and Cuthbert Patterson, he attempted to cross the river in a small boat, which on the way across overturned and all three were drowned. Mr. Turner's body was found eleven months after on Scotia Flats, Schenectady. The tragic death of these three well-known men caused universal sadness in their city. He was a man of thrift and energy, highly respected. He married, in Amsterdam, Bridget McCormick, born in county Meade, Ireland, emigrating to the United States about the same time as her husband. They settled on a farm in the town of Day, Saratoga county, where she died in 1873, aged thirty-eight years. He married (second) Kate Burns, who survives him, a resident of Amsterdam. Children of first wife: 1. John J., see forward. 2. William, in the undertaking business in Amsterdam; married Eleanor Fox and has George, D.D.S., William and Florence. 3. Richard, married Mary Bowes and had a son Richard (2), deceased. 4. Eliza, widow of John H. Denning; resides in Saratoga; has children: Mary, wife of John Sheridan, Hugh and John Denning. 5. Mary, died in youthful womanhood, unmarried. 6. George, resident of Schenectady, New York; is in the employ of his brother John J.; married (first) Angie Dailey and has a daughter Theresa. 7. Ellen, died young. 8. Catherine, educated for the church, at Notre Dame, is a sister at Notre Dame, Washington, D. C. 9. Nora, died in infancy. Child by second wife: 10. Jessie, born September 19, 1875.

(IV) John J., eldest child of Michael and



John J. Surges

Bridget (McCormick) Turner, was born in Day, Saratoga county, New York, November 19, 1853. He learned the mason, building and contracting trade with his father, working in connection with him until the death of the latter in 1876, when he succeeded him, took the business in charge and has since successfully conducted extensive building operations all over the section known as Eastern New York. He was for a time, 1890-97, in partnership, but since the latter date has carried on the business alone. He is one of the best-known contractors of his own city and has erected many large and costly buildings in neighboring and distant cities. For years he has erected many of the buildings of the General Electric Company of Schenectady the largest being eight hundred fifty-two by one hundred fifty-three feet in size. Among public buildings may be noted: the Elk Club House, and St. Mary's Parochial School, recently completed. Much of his success in his building operations he ascribes to the competent co-operation of the architect, C. M. Underwood. Politically Mr. Turner is a Democrat. He is a member of the Amsterdam board of trade, and since 1903 has been a member of the board of water commissioners. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, Amsterdam Lodge, No. 101, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks; Ft. Johnson Club and Country Club. The family are members of the Roman Catholic church. He married, June 5, 1878, in Amsterdam, New York, Marie, born there in 1853, daughter of Thomas and Marie (Dooley) Egan, both born in Ireland, but residents of Amsterdam for many years. Thomas Egan was a baker and died in 1882. Marie, his wife, died in 1897. They were extremely old people. Children of John J. and Marie (Egan) Turner: 1. Elizabeth, educated in St. Mary's Convent; resides at home. 2. John P., a civil engineer; educated at St. Mary's and the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; is engaged with his father; married October, 1909, Agnes Schermerhorn, of Troy, New York. 3. Richard, civil engineer; educated at St. Mary's and the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; unmarried. 4. Thomas A., associated with his father; was educated at St. Mary's and the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; unmarried.

This particular branch of the PHILLIPS family has been seated in the Mohawk valley for more than a century. They descend from the New England family of Phillips, whose ancestors date back to an early period in the history of that section. The history of the

Schenectady branch begins with George Phillips, of Montgomery county, New York, who was born at Fort Plain about 1800, and died near that village aged sixty-five years. He married Miss Adams, who survived him, but a short time. He was a farmer and a Democrat. Children: 1. Robert, of further mention. 2. Winchell, lived and died at Little Falls, New York; married Sarah Marsh, who survives him, a resident of Little Falls. 3. Julia, married Gottlieb Ludwig; children: Harry and Harriet. 4. Matilda, married, but left no issue. 5. Sarah Jane, unmarried, the only surviving child.

(II) Robert, eldest son of George Phillips, was born in Fort Plain, New York, June 27, 1823, died in 1885. He received a good education in the public schools and for several years was a teacher and instructor. He later engaged in mercantile life and was a merchant of Fort Plain. Later he engaged in the lumber business and removed to Bridgeville. He was a Democrat until the outbreak of the civil war, when feeling that his party was not living up to the promises of its platform, he voted the Republican ticket. He married, in Fort Plain, Sarah, born June 8, 1828, daughter of Jonas and Wyncha A. (Low) Myer. Wyncha Low was of the Low family of Saugerties, Ulster county, New York, and was related to ex-Mayor Seth Low, of New York City. The Myer family were early settlers of Ulster county; Jonas died in Saugerties at the age of fifty-six, and Wyncha, his wife, at the age of sixty. Of their family, two daughters, Angelina and Sarah, are the only survivors (1910). Robert and Sarah Phillips were formerly Presbyterians, but later connected with the Congregational church. They were brought into the latter communion through the preaching and teaching of Henry Ward Beecher, the eminent divine of Brooklyn, New York. Children: 1. Eugene Wilson, born August 29, 1849, now a merchant of Saugerties, New York; married Martha J. Decker, and has a daughter Ella, married Edward Morgan. 2. George Wellington, of further mention. 3. Sarah Lavina, born March 8, 1856, deceased. 4. Henry Ward born April 11, 1858, deceased. 5. Estelle, born June 27, 1860, deceased. 6. Ann Grace, born March 19, 1862; married David W. Tobinsson, and resides in Saugerties, New York; eight living children. 7. Ella Frances, born September 22, 1865; married Sheppard Guise, of Camden, New Jersey, and now resides in Schenectady, New York; three daughters, one of whom, Hazel, married Hiram Williams and has issue. Mrs. Sarah (Myer) Phillips survives her husband, and is a resident of Sau-

gerties, New York, with her son Eugene W. Phillips. She is now (November 27, 1910) eighty-two years of age, yet so well preserved in mind that she has contributed many of the dates and facts contained herein, but says she "is weak and feeble and cannot write as I once could."

(III) George Wellington, second son of Robert and Sarah (Myer) Phillips, was born in Saugerties, Ulster county, New York, October 16, 1852. In 1865 his parents removed to Bridgeville, Delaware, where he completed his studies. His father was engaged in the lumber business until his death, at the age of sixty-two years. He worked with his father at lumbering, and later became his traveling salesman. An important feature of their business was the burning of charcoal, and George W. traveled among the leading users of charcoal, disposing of large quantities of their product. After the death of Robert Phillips, his wife and family returned to Saugerties. While in Delaware, George W. had become greatly interested in the fruit and nursery farms of that section, and after his return to New York started a nursery in Saugerties, which he continued until 1897. Finding soil and climate not well suited to this enterprise, in September of that year he removed to Schenectady, New York, where he established the coal business, which he has since successfully operated. He has taken more than passing interest in local affairs, and when civic conditions were not satisfactory, organized and was secretary of the Taxpayer's Association, that brought about some needed reforms. He is a member of the Albany Street Methodist Episcopal Church, and a Republican in politics. He married, in Saugerties, Josephine Trought, born near New Brunswick, New Jersey, September 24, 1857, and came to Saugerties, New York, with her parents in 1865. She is a daughter of Robert, son of John Trought. Robert Trought enlisted in 1861 in Company S, 30th New Jersey Volunteers, recruited from New Brunswick, and served until the close of the war. He was a good soldier and made an honorable war record. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His daughter, Mrs. Josephine Phillips, is a member of the Dutch Reformed Church of Schenectady. Children of George W. and Josephine (Trought) Phillips: 1. George H., born October 10, 1874; educated in Saugerties; now a photographer with a studio in New York City; he married Effie Bailey, of Glens Falls, New York. 2. Robert, died in 1876, aged ten months. 3. Lillian, born 1877, died aged twenty months. 4. Bertha M., born October 29, 1879, married Lawrence Kemp-

ton, manager of the Phillips Coal Company. 5. Maude, born June 16, 1884; married William H. Pier, of Schenectady. 6. Mabel, born October 6, 1858, died aged seven years.

The many forms of spelling this name is confusing when an attempt is made to trace from the present to past generations. It is supposed that Philip, Phillip, Phillips, Philips, Philipse and Philipps are families all owning a common ancestor. The name Phillips is derived from the Greek and signifies "horse lover." Its use as a surname has continued in Wales and other parts of Great Britain for at least five centuries, perhaps longer. There are many branches of the family in the United States dating from 1630 at Watertown, Massachusetts. "A Phillips crossed the water with John Winthrop and from him descended a long line of ministers, judges, governors and councilors,—a sturdy race, temperate, just, and high-minded." From the address of Dr. Porter at the centennial celebration of the Claverack Church we find that the ancestor of the Philip family in Columbia county was an early settler of Germantown. He had six sons, four of whom removed to Claverack: George, William, Henry and David. Two sons remained in Germantown. Germantown was settled by the Palatines but not exclusively. In a list of heads of families reported as willing to remain in Germantown, August 26, 1724, is the name of Hans Peter Phillip. He may be the ancestor referred to by Dr. Porter. The village of Philmont, in the town of Claverack, is named in honor of George P. Phillip, who was the first to manufacture there on an important scale. A branch of the Philip family settled in Mellenville, where George Philip and Stephen Miller were among the first to engage in trade. They were succeeded by their sons and afterwards by William Phillip, who was long in trade there. Captain George Phillip kept one of the first public houses there, which other members of the family continued. The branch of the family that settled in Ghent, Columbia county, were among the most numerous in that town, where one of the name still owns the old homestead. Mellenville was originally known as "Hard Scrabble," and the Phillip family were among the first settlers. George Phillip was a blacksmith. He served in the revolution and gained the title and rank of captain.

(1) William Phillip was long in trade in Mellenville, (Hardscrabble). He married Rebecca Ostrander, who bore him David, Aaron, (see forward); John, Gertrude, Catherine and Elizabeth Ann.

(II) Aaron, second son of William and Rebecca (Ostrander) Phillip, was born in Claverack, Columbia county, New York in 1819, and died in Mellenville, January 26, 1905. He was quite young when his parents removed to Mellenville, where he obtained his education. His parents were religious people and trained the boy to read and study the Scriptures, which in later life gained him a reputation as a Bible scholar. He learned the carpenter's trade, worked for several years as a journeyman, later became a contractor, and in Claverack and Mellenville erected many buildings and dwellings. He was a most tireless worker in the Dutch Reformed church at Mellenville, and was an elder and superintendent of the Sunday school for many years. He was charitable, generous and ever thoughtful of others. He married Ann Fowler of Mellenville, who survived him four years, dying in August, 1909. Children: Oscar W.; Harriet Elizabeth; Rebecca (see forward); James E.; Sarah E., married Frank Horton; John H., married and has Fred W. and Catherine; Emma, married Jacob Fassett; Mary Augusta; David Franklin; Gertrude.

(III) Rebecca, third child of Aaron and Ann (Fowler) Phillip, was born in Mellenville, Columbia county, New York, where she received her education. After leaving school she removed to Troy, New York, where she entered the factory of William A. Harden; she was capable and ambitious, soon rising to the position of forewoman, becoming a trusted and valuable employee. She was generously remembered in Mr. Harden's will.

The first Burdick of record in America, and the ancestor of the Burdicks of Galway, Saratoga county, New York, is Robert Burdick, of Westerly, Rhode Island, who died in 1692. He was a farmer of Newport, Rhode Island, 1655, and was of Westerly, November 1, 1661. He was a seceder from the Baptist church, joining with the Seventh Day Baptists. He was in the thick of the fight with Massachusetts over jurisdiction, and was arrested with Tobias Sanders and others, brought before Governor John Endicott, charged with "forcible entry and intrusion" into the bounds of Southertown in the Pequot country. He admitted he was upon the lands mentioned and had built a small house there. He and Sanders were committed to prison, both refusing to give bail for their appearance at general court, denying that Massachusetts had any jurisdiction over them or the territory in which the house was built. They were committed to the Boston jail and kept there two years, finally

being exchanged for two Massachusetts officials taken in retaliation by the Rhode Island authorities. May 8, 1669, he was on a list of the inhabitants of Westerly. May 17, 1671, he took the oath of allegiance. July, 1675, he and his family went to Newport on account of the Indian war, but later returned to Westerly. May 17, 1691, he and wife Ruth sold one hundred acres of land for ten pounds. March 8, 1692, he made an agreement with his son-in-law, Joseph Crandall, by which the latter was to take care of his father-in-law and "find him with suitable meat, drink, washing, lodging and apparel, etc., for life, in consideration of which Joseph Crandall was to have the dwelling house and land adjoining forever." He died October 25, 1692. He married, November 2, 1655, Ruth Hubbard, who was the first white child born in Springfield, Massachusetts, January 11, 1640, died 1691, daughter of Samuel and Tacy (Cooper) Hubbard. Children: 1. Robert, married Dorcas Lewis. 2. Hubbard, died 1758; married Hannah Maxon, died 1752; children: Hubbard (2), Nathan, John and Ezekiel. 3. A son, died 1683. 4. Thomas, married (first) Martha ———; (second), February 9, 1738, Penelope Rhodes. 5. Naomi, married Jonathan Rogers; child, Content. 6. Ruth, married, in 1682, John Phillips. 7. Benjamin, died in 1741; married (first) Mary ———; married (second) Mrs. Jane Shelley, a widow, died 1748. He was a deacon of the Seventh Day Baptist Church. By first wife he had eight children: Mary, Rachel, Peter, Benjamin, John, David, William and Elisha. 8. Samuel, died 1756; was one of the thirty who purchased five thousand three hundred acres of "vacant lands." He married Mary ———, and had five children. 9. Tacy, died 1747; married Joseph Maxon, born 1672, died 1750; children: Joseph, John, Tacy, Mary, Judith, Ruth and Elizabeth. 10. Deborah, married Joseph Crandall, died September 12, 1737; children: John, Joseph, and a daughter. From this sturdy, conscience-guided ancestor, Robert, sprang all the Burdicks who claim an early Rhode Island ancestry. The history of the Saratoga county family herein recorded begins with Daniel, a descendant of Robert Burdick, of Westerly.

(VI) Daniel Burdick was born in Rhode Island, and settled in Saratoga county, New York. He married Nancy Lewis, in New London, Connecticut. Children: 1. Pardon, died young. 2. Lewis, went west, all trace lost. 3. Mary, married Josiah Gibbs, lived in Michigan, and is buried there. 4. William, married (first) ——— Arnold, of Saratoga; married (second) Mary Pulling, of East Gal-

way, New York. 5. Truman, married Patricia Webb, of Greenfield, Saratoga county. 6. Frank, married Susan Tabor, of Benedict Corner, Fulton county, New York. 7. Peleg, see forward.

(VII) Peleg, youngest child of Daniel and Nancy (Lewis) Burdick, was born in the town of Galway, Saratoga county, New York, September 30, 1826, died December 28, 1894, in the same town. He was educated in the town schools, and was still a young man when he engaged in agricultural pursuits in Galway. He owned a farm in the town which he operated until seven years before his death, when he retired to the village of Galway. He was a prominent man of Galway; was an active Democrat, and a leader of that party in his town, holding many local offices. He married (first) August 26, 1849, Louisa Clark, of Galway, daughter of William V. and Mary J. Clark, who bore him a daughter, Mary Amelia, November 4, 1851. She died in 1890 after her marriage to Allen S. Glenn, a soldier of the civil war. Peleg Burdick married (second) March 21, 1860, Clarissa Morehouse, born June 13, 1840, who yet survives him (1910). She is a daughter of William and Rhoda (Monroe) Morehouse, of Galway, and granddaughter of Caleb Morehouse, born February 1, 1767; married, May 7, 1794, Rhoda Peck. Children of Caleb and Rhoda (Peck) Morehouse: 1. Ransom, born June 5, 1795, died November 24, 1824. 2. Carlton, December 11, 1797, died April 7, 1855. 3. Erastus, October 19, 1800, died August 26, 1857. 4. Orrin, March 24, 1804, died April 24, 1804. 5. Henry, June 30, 1805, died February 2, 1875. 6. William, August 17, 1812, died March 22, 1884; married Rhoda, daughter of Eliphalet and Rebekah (Nash) Monroe. Children of William and Rhoda Morehouse: Clarissa, born June 13, 1840, married Peleg Burdick. 2. Frances, November 30, 1842, married John Waring. Children of Peleg and Clarissa (Morehouse) Burdick: 1. Carrie Louise, born April 5, 1861; married George Herrick West, then of Galway, now of Ballston Spa, New York. (See West VIII.) 2. Scott M., May 6, 1863, died April 12, 1865. 3. Frances, June 4, 1865, married, May 22, 1907, Thomas Chester Kelley, who died April 7, 1908. She survives her husband and resides at Ballston Spa, New York.

(Monroe Line).

Rhoda Monroe, wife of William Morehouse, descended from Thomas Monroe, who came from England to Plymouth, from there removed to Bristol, finally settling at Rehoboth, Mass. He married and had a son John.

(II) John, son of Thomas Monroe, was

born in 1702, died April 11, 1793. He married Hannah, a granddaughter of Benjamin Church. In his will, proved in Rehoboth, Massachusetts, John mentions his widow and children, Comfort Bowen, Nathan, Rosbotham, Benjamin and John.

(III) Rosbotham, son of John and Hannah Monroe, was born 1731 or 1732, died in Galway, Saratoga county, New York, 1831. He was a farmer and land owner of Galway, his land lying in the northern part of the town. He married and had sons.

(IV) Eliphalet, son of Rosbotham Monroe, was born August 16, 1769, died September 26, 1848. He was a farmer of Galway, having the homestead acres. He married Rebekah Nash, born March 7, 1779, died 1853. Children: Clarissa, Willard, Fanny, Azor, John, Major, Rhoda, see forward, E. Lloyd and Hannah.

(V) Rhoda, daughter of Eliphalet and Rebekah (Nash) Monroe, was born September 22, 1817. She married William Morehouse, August 8, 1839. Children: Clarissa and Frances.

(VI) Clarissa, daughter of William and Rhoda (Monroe) Morehouse, was born June 13, 1840; married 1860, Peleg Burdick (see Burdick VII).

The Morrows of Albany for half a century have been prominent in the professions.

The family descend from a Virginia settler who was also early in the settlement of Kentucky and Ohio.

(I) James Morrow was born in the north of Ireland, of Scotch and English parents. He was a young man when he came to America about 1770. He settled in Virginia. He married there Elizabeth Frame, born in Virginia where both died. They had issue including a son, James.

(II) James (2), son of James (1) and Elizabeth (Frame) Morrow, was born in Virginia, October 22, 1774. He grew to manhood and was commonly known as Colonel Morrow, probably obtaining his title from service in the militia. He was a printer by trade. Soon after his marriage he removed to Kentucky, settling near the present city of Lexington. He there purchased a small newspaper outfit and started a paper called *The Columbus Herald*. After a short time he sold his paper and removed to Ohio, settling in Green county between Xenia and Jamestown. Here he again acquired newspaper interest and became well known as a writer and debater. He was ruling elder in the Associate Presbyterian church and was the author of

several tracts or addresses arguing and defending doctrinal points then under discussion. His home was at Massie's Creek near Xenia, Ohio, which included a large farm, well-improved and fertile. He married (first) in Virginia, Anna Kyle, born in Pennsylvania, November 27, 1779, died in Green county, Ohio, June 14, 1821, daughter of Joseph and Catherine (Chambers) Kyle. He married (second) Margaret (Anderson) Fulton, widow of Rev. Andrew Fulton, of Indiana; by her first husband she had children: Margaret, Mary, Rev. Andrew (2) Fulton. By her second marriage no issue. Children of Colonel Morrow by first wife: 1. Kittie, born in Clark county, Kentucky, April, 1802, died June 21, 1822, accidentally drowned. 2. James C., born April 2, 1804. 3. Eliza, born in Green county, Ohio, September 20, 1805, the first child born to her parents in Ohio, died young. 4. Mary, born February 8, 1807, died March 23, 1883. 5. Ann, born December 10, 1808, died young. 6. Isabella, born August 24, 1810, died February 17, 1875; married and had issue. 7. Joseph, born April 25, 1812, married but had no issue. 8. Robert, born April 18, 1814, married and had Albert, Arthur and a daughter. 9. Margaret J., born April 12, 1816. 10. Rev. Samuel F., of whom further. 11. Ruth, born May 10, 1821, died June 21, 1821.

(III) Rev. Samuel F. Morrow, youngest son of Colonel James (2) and Anna (Kyle) Morrow, was born on the home farm in Green county, Ohio, January 29, 1819, died January 12, 1904. He was educated in the district schools and the Massie's Creek Academy, sometime called "Dogwood" Academy. He was reared and intended for the ministry and, in fulfillment of the plans of his parents, was sent to Hanover College where he was graduated in September, 1836. His alma mater conferred upon him the degree of D.D. in 1873. He was about eighteen years of age when he was graduated. After leaving college he taught for some years at Carmi, Illinois. In 1841 he began the study of theology under the private instruction of the Rev. Andrew Heron, D.D. In 1842 he entered Canonsburg Seminary at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, taking the theological course, graduating in 1845. In June of that year he was licensed to preach and in November, 1845, was ordained a minister of the Associate Presbyterian church, July 1, 1846, he received calls at Cambridge, Florida and Albany, New York, accepting the last as its pastor, which church afterwards became a part of the United Presbyterian Church. (For the history of the consolidation and establishment of the United

Presbyterian church in Albany see Munsell's "Annals of Albany," in an article prepared by Rev. Samuel F. Morrow.) He was settled over the Albany congregation from July, 1846, to July, 1886, a period of forty years, his only pastorate. He was a faithful minister of the Gospel, a pulpit orator of pleasing address and convincing manner. He was strong on doctrinal points, yet mindful of the rights of others and courteous to an opponent. He was a well-beloved pastor and dear to the hearts of his parishioners. He was honored by the general synod of his church and received many flattering testimonials of the high appreciation of his brethren in the ministry. His long years of service rendered him well-known in the city outside his own church.

He married, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, June 8, 1848, Mary Roseburgh, born in Pittsburg, June 22, 1827, died November 16, 1886, in Albany, New York. She was a well-educated woman and a devoted Christian, a daughter of Samuel Roseburgh, a contractor of Pittsburg, postmaster of that city, and a prominent member of the Presbyterian church of that city. He married Isabelle Miller, also born in Pittsburg, both died in the city of their birth, past fifty years of age. Samuel was son of ———, and Isabella Bruce (Miller) Roseburgh, the latter of Scotch ancestry, members of the Covenanter faith. Children of Rev. Samuel F. Morrow: 1. Dr. Samuel Roseburgh, was born in Albany, May 6, 1849; graduated from Albany Academy in 1866; Yale University, A.B., 1870, receiving A.M. from same in 1874. He was a tutor at Yale in Greek and Mathematics 1873-76; graduate from College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City, M.D., 1878; on the house staff of Bellevue Hospital, October, 1877, to April, 1879; studied at London Hospital, Vienna Hospital and at Halle until 1880. He began the practice of medicine and surgery in Albany, 1880, and continues in his profession. He has been lecturer, adjunct professor and professor at Albany Medical College since 1881, subjects: Anatomy, surgery, general and orthopaedic; surgeon to St. Peter's Hospital for Incurables; Albany Hospital and Childs Hospital; a member of the State Medical and vice-president of Albany County Medical societies, and a contributor to leading medical journals. He married Elizabeth Gwynne Hutchins, of distinguished revolutionary ancestry, (who served in both army and navy), daughter of Stephen C. (of Cooperstown, New York), and Mary (Wiggins) Hutchins (of Albany), and sister of Walter L. Hutchins, secretary to Mayor McEwan of Albany. Stephen C. Hutchins was on the edi-

torial staff at different times of the *Albany Journal, Albany Argus* and *Rochester Chronicle and Democrat*; he died in Albany, February 22, 1883. Child of Dr. Samuel R. Morrow: an adopted son, Sydney King, born February 8, 1892. 2. Anna, of whom further. 3. Isabella, born December 9, 1853, died December 30, 1890, unmarried. A well educated woman of high character and a devoted Christian. 4. Mary, born April 25, 1856, died March 27, 1858. 5. James Linton, born October 15, 1858; he is now in business in Pittsburg, and a man of education and prominence in that city. He married Anna Copeland; children: James Douglas, Mary Adeline. 6. Jeanette R., born May 17, 1861, died May 3, 1863. 7. Alice, born May 30, 1863, died April 17, 1895; married Esek Bussey Williamson, of Troy, now deceased, son of Rev. Robert D. and Phoebe (Cruikshank) Williamson. Esek B. Williamson was prominent Troy man of the firm of Alexander and Williamson, jewelers. He was lieutenant of the One hundred and second New York Regiment, raised for service in Spanish-American war. 8. William, born August 13, died August 23, 1866.

(IV) Anna, eldest daughter of Rev. Samuel F. and Mary (Roseburgh) Morrow, was born in Albany, New York, May 20, 1850. She was educated in the Albany Female Academy. She is a member of the United Presbyterian church over which her father was for so long the pastor. She is a woman of culture and refinement whose influence is always exerted for good, and one thoroughly appreciated by a large circle of warm friends.

KENYON The Kenyon family is of record in Rhode Island as early as 1687, when John Kenyon's name appears on the tax list of Kingstown. The family was numerous in the state of Rhode Island, and marriage of the sons and daughters of the various branches are of frequent note in the records.

John Kenyon, born 1657, died 1732, was the son of John, the emigrant, of whom nothing can be told. John (2) married and had a son John (3), born January, 1682, married July, 1704, Elizabeth Remington.

(V) William Kenyon, born about 1755, was of the fifth generation including the emigrant. Who he was the son of does not appear in the records. He was evidently a grandson of John (3) and Elizabeth (Remington) Kenyon, of Kingstown, Rhode Island. He married Nancy Greene, born August 17, 1761, died 1824, daughter of Amos and Amy (Knowles) Greene. They lived in Rich-

mond. Amos Greene was a great-grandson of John Greene, the emigrant ancestor of North Kingstown, Rhode Island, 1639. Children of William and Nancy (Greene) Kenyon: Sally, William, Catherine, Jeremiah and Joseph.

(VI) William (2), son of William (1) and Nancy (Greene) Kenyon, was born about the year 1785. He removed from Rhode Island and settled in what is now the town of Luzerne, Warren county, New York, then Washington county. He was a farmer and operated a small saw mill, most likely using the logs cut from his own lands. He married and had issue.

(VII) Hiram, son of William (2) Kenyon, was born in Luzerne, Warren county, New York, February 10, 1811, died 1884. He grew to manhood in his native town, and was educated in the public schools. He early became engaged in the lumber business, leaving home at the age of twenty years, paying his father one hundred dollars to release him from the remaining year of his minority. He first located in the town of Moreau, where he owned and operated a saw mill located just across the Hudson river opposite Sandy Hill. The manufactured lumber from his mill was floated across the river to the Glens Falls feeder of the Champlain canal, where it was carried away by boat to distant points. In 1846 he removed his plant, and residence to Sandy Hill, which was his home ever afterward. He was a successful business man and conducted operations that brought added prosperity to his village. His lumber yards and mills at Sandy Hill were extensive and up to the year of his retirement (1872) he was the most important lumber merchant of the town. He dealt largely in timber lands as well as in manufacturing, and owned large tracts in Northern New York. He was a faithful member of the Presbyterian church of Sandy Hill, and was a Democrat in politics. He served as supervisor for two or three terms, but he was primarily a business man, public office having no attractions for him. He was well regarded in his community and his genial nature brought him a host of friends. He married Hannah A. Griffin, born in Queensbury, Warren county, New York, January 3, 1813, died at Sandy Hill, January 6, 1900, daughter of Jonathan Griffin, born in Rhode Island, moved to the town of Queensbury at an early day and engaged in farming and milling of lumber. She was a devoted member of the Presbyterian church until death. Children: Sylvanus Hill, see forward; Hiram, born March 16, 1838, died August 5, 1839; Norman



L. H. Kuyper

Schuyler, August 17, 1840, married Jean Miller; children: Enid, Helena, J. Miller, Jean; Hiram S., July 23, 1842, married Jane Underhill; children: Minnie, Norma; James R., June 20, 1845, married Jane Fennell; one son, Edward, deceased; Frederick F., May 29, 1848, married Jane O'Connor; children: Betsey, Hiram, Catherine; Caroline Elizabeth, February 10, 1852, married Charles Skinner.

(VIII) Sylvanus Hill, son of Hiram and Hannah A. (Griffin) Kenyon, was born in Chester, Warren county, New York, November 14, 1834, died at Sandy Hill, Washington county, New York, May 13, 1906. When a lad of twelve his parents removed to Sandy Hill, where he was educated in the public schools, later attending Glens Falls Academy, completing his studies at the Poughkeepsie, Vermont, Academy. He early engaged in the lumber business with his father, who in 1855, the year of his majority, admitted him as a partner to the lumber firm of Kenyon, Robinson & Company. This firm continued in active and successful operations until 1872. In that year Mr. Robinson died and the firm was dissolved. The entire plant and property was purchased by Sylvanus H. Kenyon and William B. Baldwin, trading as Kenyon & Baldwin, who continued its operation until January 1, 1894, when the Kenyon Lumber Company was incorporated as their successor. Mr. Kenyon became general manager of the corporation. The business was enlarged to include lumber yards, steam saw planing and molding mills, sash, blind and door factory and grist mill. They transacted a very large business and prospered accordingly. Mr. Kenyon had other business interests in Sandy Hill and elsewhere. He was vice-president and manager of the Sandy Hill Power Company, engaged in the manufacture of dry pulp used by the paper makers. During his active business life he did not neglect his duty as a citizen but gave freely of his time and ripe business experience to the concerns of his village. He took an unusual interest in the welfare of the Union school and served as treasurer of the school for thirty-one years. He was always a loyal Democrat and was twice elected supervisor from a Republican district. He was well known, popular, and commanded the respect of his community. He was a liberal supporter of the Presbyterian church. He married, September 4, 1860, Josephine, daughter of Joseph McFarland, of Sandy Hill, who was a native of Warren county, New York, born April 27, 1813, removed to Sandy Hill in 1848; active in town affairs and for thirty years an official of the Union school; a lumber dealer and mill owner. He was

prominent in the Democratic party, and for many years superintendent of the Champlain canal. He married Lydia Ann Bull, and died in December, 1871, aged fifty-seven years, leaving two children: Josephine (Mrs. Kenyon) Livonia, born December 1, 1842, married, in 1861, Henry E. Baker. Children of Sylvanus Hill and Josephine Kenyon: Anna A., born June 12, 1861; William Marsh, married, October 7, 1890, Estella L. Shute, daughter of H. L. and Clara (Brown) Shute, of Minneapolis, Minnesota; child, Dorothy Louise, born January 27, 1892.

Nearly eleven centuries ago, there appeared at the court of Halfdan Huilbein, King of Norway, a soldier of fortune named Ivar. He was said to have been originally a shepherd. One day he was captured by a roving band of Northmen and carried off. After a series of adventures he made his appearance at the Norse King's Court about 700. Being of handsome presence he became a favorite of the King, who made him a general of his army, Prince of the Uplands, and in 725 bestowed upon him in marriage his daughter Euritte, the heiress of the realm. King Halfdan died in 725, leaving his crown to his grandson Eystein, son of Ivar, who served as Regent during the King's minority. King Eystein reigned until 755 and left Harold Harfagar, successor, and another son Rogenwald who left a son Rolf or Rollo, the most adventurous prince of his day, who overran Normandy in 910. His sixth and youngest son, Walter, received the town and castle of Caen as his inheritance. His great-grandson, Walter de Caen, accompanied William the Conqueror to England. To this nobleman the line of Dickinson descended from the emigrant ancestor, Nathaniel, may be traced. The family name is found spelled with varying time, location, and circumstance in many ways: de Kengon, Dykenon, Dykonson, Diconson, Dickoson, Dickon, Dickason, Dickeson, Dickingson, and Dickinson. From Walter de Caen, later Walter de Kengon (taking the name of his manor in Yorkshire, England) comes:

(II) Johnne Dykonson, freeholder, Kingston-upon-Hull, Yorkshire, married, 1260, Margaret Lambert, and died 1316.

(III) William Dykenon, freeholder, Kingston-upon-Hull, Yorkshire, died 1330-31.

(IV) Hugh Dykenosonne, freeholder, Kingston-upon-Hull, Yorkshire, died 1376.

(V) Anthoyne Dickensonne, freeholder, Kingston-upon-Hull, Yorkshire, married, 1376, Catheryne De La Pole, and died 1396.

(VI) Richard Dickinson, freeholder, Kingston-upon-Hull, Yorkshire, married, 1399, Margaret Cooper, died 1441.

(VII) Thomas Dickinson, freeholder, Kingston-upon-Hull, Yorkshire, married, 1430, Margaret Lambert, a Kingston woman. He was alderman of Hull, England, from 1443 to 1444, and mayor from 1444 to 14—, and died 1475.

(VIII) Hugh Dickinson, freeholder, removed to Kenson Manor, Yorkshire, married, 1451, Agnes Swillington, died 1509.

(IX) William Dickinson, freeholder, of Kenson Manor, Yorkshire, married, 1475, Isabel Langton, and died 1546.

(X) John Dickinson settled in Leeds, Yorkshire, England. He married, 1499, Elizabeth Danby, was alderman 1525 to 1554, and died in 1554.

(XI) William Dickinson settled at Bradley Hall, Staffordshire; married, in 1520, Rachel Kinge; died in 1590.

(XII) Richard Dickinson, of Bradley Hall, Staffordshire, married, in 1540, Eliza Bagnall, and died in 1605.

(XIII) Thomas Dickinson, clerk of Portsmouth navy yard, England, from 1567 to 1587; removed to Cambridge in 1587; married, 1567, Judith Carey, died 1590.

(XIV) William Dickinson settled at Ely, Cambridge, and married, 1594, Sarah Stacey, of Ely, died 1628.

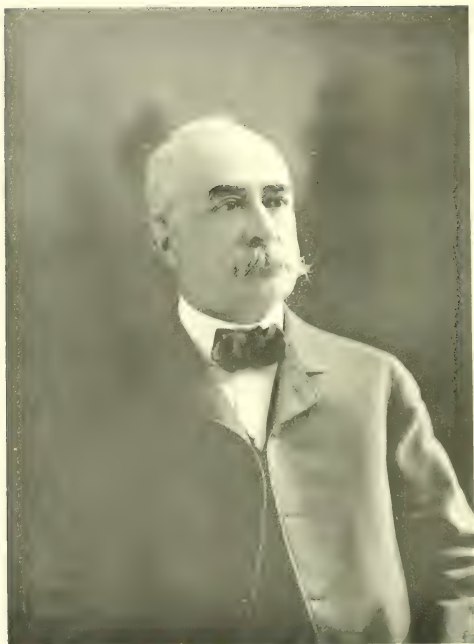
(XV) Nathaniel Dickinson, the American ancestor, was born in Ely, Cambridge, England, in 1600. He married (first) in January 1630, at East Bergolat, Suffolk, England, Anna, widow of William Gull. They came to Wethersfield, Connecticut, in 1636-37, where Nathaniel became one of the leaders of the colony. He was town clerk in 1645, deputy to the general court in 1646-47. In 1649 he removed to Hadley, Massachusetts, where he was admitted a freeman in 1661. He was the first recorder of the town, selectman, assessor, town magistrate, deacon of the church, member of the Hampshire troop, and on the first board of trustees of Hopkins Academy. He resided also for a few years at Hatfield. He died at Hadley, June 16, 1676. He married (second) Anne ——. Children, all by first wife: 1. John, born in 1630, killed in King Philip's war. 2. Joseph, born in 1632, was slain in King Philip's war with Captain Beers; married, September 4, 1675, Phebe Bracy. 3. Thomas, born 1634, married Hannah Crow. 4. Anna, married (first) John Clarey; (second) Enos Kingsley. 5. Samuel, born July, 1638, married Martha Bridgeman. 6. Obadiah, born April 15, 1641. 7. Nathaniel, born August, 1643, married (first) Hannah ——,

(second) Mrs. Elizabeth Gillette. 8. Nehemiah, born 1644, married Sarah Cowles. 9. Hezekiah, born February, 1646, married Abigail Blakeman. 10. Azariah, born October 4, 1648, killed in the swamp fight, August 25, 1675; married Dorcas ——.

(XVI) Obadiah, son of Nathaniel "the Emigrant" and Anna (Gull) Dickinson, was born in Wethersfield, Connecticut, April 15, 1641. He removed to Massachusetts with his parents and to Hatfield in 1659. His house was burned by the Indians in 1677, and he and his child carried to Canada. He returned the next year and settled in Wethersfield, Connecticut, where he died June 10, 1698. He held the military rank of sergeant. He married (first) in 1668, Sarah Beardsley; (second) in 1692, Mehitable Hinsdale. Children by first wife: Sarah born 1670; Obadiah (2), 1672; Daniel, 1674; Eliphalet, of further mention. Children by second marriage: Noadiah 1694; Mehitable, 1696.

(XVII) Eliphalet, son of Obadiah and Sarah (Beardsley) Dickinson, was born in Hatfield, Massachusetts, in 1676. He returned, probably with his father, to Wethersfield, Connecticut, where he married November 24, 1697, Rebecca, daughter of Jacob Brunson, who died May 2, 1755, aged seventy-six years. Children: Sarah, born November 8, 1698; Obadiah, of further mention; Eliphalet (2), August 1, 1703; Rebecca, December 28, 1705; Eunice, July 22, 1708; Lois, August 18, 1710, died November 8, 1712; Eleazer, August 23, 1712, married, April 20, 1737, Jemima Nott.

(XVIII) Obadiah (2), son of Eliphalet and Rebecca (Brunson) Dickinson, was born in Wethersfield, Connecticut, August, 1702. He married, November 22, 1733, Hannah, born June 20, 1708, daughter of Joseph and Mary Rockwell, of Norwalk, Connecticut. Joseph, was the son of John (2) Rockwell, of Stamford, Connecticut, son of John (1) and Elizabeth (Weed) Rockwell, the founders of this branch of the Rockwell family in America. John (1) Rockwell was one of the first settlers of Stamford, Connecticut, where his name appears December 7, 1641, when he received his home lot and two acres of ground. Obadiah and Hannah resided in Middletown, Connecticut, until the birth of their fourth child, then removed to the town of Wethersfield, where they lived and died in Stepney Parish, Rocky Hill. He died April 23, 1782, and she May 23, 1781. Children: Lois, born October 28, 1734, married and died before her parents: Elias, of further mention; Elizabeth, November 19, 1736, married — Galpin; Obadiah, May 2, 1739, married Elizabeth Smith; Hannah, February



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24, 1745, died unmarried September 26, 1810. (XIX) Elias, son of Obadiah (2) and Hannah (Rockwell) Dickinson, was born about 1735. He married Ruth Savage, of Wethersfield, December 25, 1766, and resided at Rocky Hill. Children: Lois, born August 2, 1768; Harvey, of further mention: Rockwell, November 18, 1771; Seth, June 8, 1774; Sally, September 19, 1776; Burrage, July 4, 1779; Elias (2), July 18, 1782. While the Connecticut revolutionary rolls do not contain the military service of Elias Dickinson, they do of Elias Dicky. In the sixth census, taken in 1840, the name of Mary Dickinson, aged eighty-eight years, is returned from the town of Wethersfield, Connecticut, as a revolutionary pensioner. There is a strong probability that she is Mary (Savage) Dickinson and was in receipt of her pension on account of the military service of her husband, Elias Dickinson.

(XX) Harvey, son of Elias and Mary (Savage) Dickinson, was born at Rocky Hill, Connecticut, March 29, 1770, died in Raleigh, South Carolina, 1822. He married, October 7, 1792, Hannah Grimes, died at Rocky Hill, September 1, 1831, daughter of Alexander, son of Hezekiah, son of Joseph, son of Henry Grimes. Joseph and Ruth (Stebbins) Grimes are the progenitors of the Rocky Hill family. He was a wealthy farmer, his estate inventorying about one thousand pounds, which he devised to all of his seven living children. Children of Harvey and Hannah Dickinson: Rockwell, died at sea, September, 1824, aged twenty-two years; William, lost at sea, September, 1823, aged nineteen years; Elias, died in Mississippi, 1837, aged thirty years; Mary died May 24, 1830, aged twenty-two years; Susan, died October 8, 1826, aged twelve years; Harvey (2).

(XXI) Harvey (2), son of Harvey (1) and Hannah (Grimes) Dickinson, was born in Rocky Hill, Stepney Parish, town of Wethersfield, Connecticut, died at Hartford, Connecticut, October 28, 1865. He married (first) October 1, 1824, Rachel, born November 18, 1806, died August 19, 1845, daughter of Jesse and Rachel (Studley) Stoddard, of Wethersfield and Great Barrington, Massachusetts; married (second) September 22, 1847, Jane A. Allison, who died June, 1882. Children of first marriage: 1. William, deceased. 2. Sarah, born January 10, 1827; married January 24, 1853, Lazarus Barrell. 3. Henry, deceased. 4. Frances, deceased. 5. William, born October 6, 1833, died October 15, 1870. 6. Caroline, deceased. 7. Frank, born August 2, 1836; married (first) September 6, 1865, Laura M. Beaumont; married (second) Feb-

ruary 20, 1883, Malinda Tenney. 8. Robert, deceased. 9. Ellen Stoddard, born September 22, 1843. 10. Infant, deceased. Children by second marriage: 11. Alida, born September 6, 1848; married, February 7, 1887, William H. Roberts. 12. Susan, born February 9, 1851, died July 17, 1889. 13. Harry, born October 24, 1852. 14. Frederick, born October 24, 1855.

(XXII) Ellen Stoddard, daughter of Harvey (2) and Rachel (Stoddard) Dickinson, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, September 22, 1843. She married (first) June 20, 1866, Robert Henry White, born March 3, 1834, died in Hudson, New York, April 5, 1896, son of Joseph and Bathsheba (Hammond) White. Robert H. White was a hardware merchant of Hudson, a member of the Universalist church, and a Democrat. Children 1. Cora D., married, November 30, 1887, James Lawther, born September 3, 1868, died March 30, 1888; no issue. 2. Arthur H., born January 2, 1872, at Hudson, New York, died in California, February 21, 1905; he was connected with United States embassy to China as deputy consul at Shanghai. 3. Bertha M., born in Hudson. Robert H. White was survived by his widow who married (second) Cornelius Henry Evans, who died March 5, 1902.

(The Stoddard Line)

"Arthur's Etymological Dictionary of Family and Christian names" says, concerning the origin of this name that there is a tradition that the first of the family came to England with William the Conqueror, as standard bearers to Viscomte De Pulesdon, a noble Norman, and that the name is derived from the office of a standard bearer and was anciently written De Le Standard, corrupted to Stoddard or Stodart. In Wethersfield, Connecticut, records, the name frequently appears as Stodder, Stoder, Stodker, Studder and Stoddard.

(I) John Stoddard, born about 1620 in England, was an early settler in Wethersfield, and was a juror, March 2, 1643. In 1639 he was called "Sergeant." He figures in the court records both as plaintiff and defendant. He married, 1642, Mary, daughter of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Deming) Foote, and died at Wethersfield, December, 1664. He was a well-to-do farmer and left an estate of four hundred pounds. He had seven children of whom John (2) was the oldest son and second child.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Elizabeth (Foote) Stoddard, was born April 12, 1646, will dated November 30, 1703, inventory dated January 10, 1704, amounted to

seven hundred and twenty-five pounds. He married, May 26, 1674, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Curtis. They had nine children of whom Jonathan was the seventh.

(III) Jonathan, son of John (2) and Elizabeth (Curtis) Stoddard, was born in Wethersfield, Connecticut, died August 31, 1757. He is named in his father's will (1703) as a minor. He married (first) in 1717, Abigail, daughter of Colonel Meph and Sarah (Satterlee) Wickham, married (second) Esther —, a widow. He had six children of whom Zebulon was the eldest.

(IV) Zebulon, son of Jonathan and Abigail (Wickham) Stoddard, was baptized in 1717. He removed to Litchfield, Connecticut, where his children were born. He married, March 21, 1745, Abigail Hun. He died February 19, 1761, and she married (second) Hezekiah Atwood. He had seven children of whom Joseph was the second and eldest son.

(V) Joseph, son of Zebulon and Abigail (Hun) Stoddard, was born August 21, 1747, died 1792. He lived at Wethersfield where his children were born. He married, June 23, 1768, Mary Fuller, who was baptized and joined the church, June 26, 1774, six years after her marriage. They had eleven children of whom Jesse was the tenth.

(VI) Jesse, son of Joseph and Mary (Fuller) Stoddard, was born April 14, 1789. He married (second) Rachel Studley.

(VII) Rachel, daughter of Jesse and Rachel (Studley) Stoddard, married Harvey (2) Dickinson, (see Dickinson XXI).

DE GRAFF The De Graffs were among the early settlers of Schenectady, and were as a family distinguished in public life and highly-regarded in their several communities. They were connected by marriage with the Visschers and other prominent families of the valley. Colonel Frederick Visscher, the revolutionary hero and victim of the savage scalping knife, married Gazena De Graff, of Schenectady, and lived at beautiful "Danas-cara Place," his country seat and latter day home of the De Graff family herein recorded. The founders of the family in the Mohawk Valley were Andries De Graff, who was of New Amsterdam in 1661, and Jan Andriese, his son, who was in Albany as early as 1655.

(II) Claas Andriese, son of Andries De Graff, died about 1697. He was an early settler of Schenectady. He lived in Glenville, at the "Hoek." He married Elizabeth, daughter of William Brouwer, of Albany; she died in 1723. Children: Abraham, Isaac, Ant-

je, Sara, Elizabeth, Eva, Margarita, Jesse, see forward, Andriese, Rebecca, Claas.

(III) Jesse, son of Claas Andriese and Elizabeth (Brouwer) De Graff, was born in Glenville, Schenectady county, New York. It is said he was carried away captive to Canada by the French and Indians, but afterward returned. He married Aaltje (Adeline and Adela) Hennions in New York, October 20, 1705. Children: Claas, baptized December 25, 1706; Daniel, see forward; Elizabeth, Anna, Aaltje, Marytje (Mary), Catharine, Saartje (Sarah), Alida, Eva, Rachel, baptized June 29, 1729.

(IV) Daniel, son of Jesse and Aaltje (Hennions) De Graff, was baptized May 26, 1708, died March 12, 1790. He married Gazena, daughter of Simon Swits, June 26, 1735. She died January 22, 1801, aged eighty-eight years. Children: Daughter, died unbaptized; Susanna, married Andreas Truax; Jesse, died in infancy; Gazena, married Colonel Frederick Visscher; son, died unbaptized; Jesse, baptized January 13, 1745; Alida, married Johannes Vedder; Simon, born April 6, 1753; Elizabeth, died in infancy; Isaac, see forward.

(V) Judge Isaac De Graff, son of Daniel and Gazena (Swits) De Graff, was born in Schenectady, New York, November 16, 1757. He was a man of prominence, a devoted patriot, and served in the revolutionary army, holding the rank of major. He was a friend of Lafayette, who administered to him the oath of office prescribed by congress. After the close of the war he returned to Schenectady, where he was appointed judge of the court of common pleas, holding that office during the greater part of the remaining years. He died December 21, 1844, just having passed his eighty-eighth birthday. He married Susanna, died March 14, 1829, aged sixty-eight years, daughter of Jan Baptist Van Eps. Children: 1. Daniel, born June 16, 1780, died young. 2. Annetje, died young. 3. John I., born October 2, 1783; during the war of 1812 he rendered the United States government patriotic service in advancing money to equip the fleet on Lake Champlain that later defeated the British fleet. He represented his district in congress for two terms and was honored by President Van Buren with the offer of port of folios, secretary of the treasury, which he declined. He was one of the organizers of the Mohawk & Hudson railroad, the first railroad ever built in America; was a successful merchant, and several times mayor of Schenectady. 4. Jesse, died young. 5. Gazena, born January 13, 1788; married Abraham Oothout. 6. Neeltje, born January 7, 1790; married Rev. D. Cuyler, of

Philadelphia. 7. Susanna, born February 12, 1792, died young. 8. Susanna (2), born May 29, 1793; married Pieter Banckee; died June 29, 1855. 9. Annetjie (Nancy), married Captain Philip R. Toll, of the prominent Toll family of Schenectady, a physician; served with distinction in the war of 1812 as captain of artillery; they removed to Fawn River, Michigan, where their son, Isaac R. Toll, became a distinguished public man. 10. Jesse, see forward.

(VI) Judge Jesse (2) De Graff, youngest son of Isaac and Susanna (Van-Eps) De Graff, was born in Schenectady, New York, January 9, 1801. He was graduated from Union College, and studied law with Alonzo C. Paige of that city. He was admitted to the bar, and removed to Albany where his professional career was marked with honor and success. He was appointed judge of the court of common pleas for Albany and was a wise and impartial judge. After retiring from the bench he busied himself with the care and improvement of his large estate inherited by his wife. He made the old Visscher mansion his home and entertained lavishly, their home becoming a social center. He died August 4, 1868, and is buried in Rural Cemetery, Schenectady, by the side of his wife. He married, August 10, 1830, Gazena Catherine, only child of Frederick Herman Visscher, who was son of Colonel Frederick Visscher, of revolutionary fame. Children: Susan, married William Fainham, of Troy; Charles Herman, died early; Alfred, see forward; Isaac Howard, died young.

(VII) Alfred, only surviving son of Judge Jesse (2) and Gazena Catherine (Visscher) De Graff to survive youthful years, was born at the old home, "Danascara Place," New York. He inherited "Danascara Place" and was the fifth generation in ownership of the beautiful estate on the Danascara creek. The property lies in the town of Mohawk, Montgomery county, three miles east of Fonda. He reconstructed and enlarged the mansion and added modern improvements, adorned the interior with valuable pictures, other works of art and a choice library. Among the relics and heirlooms preserved there was a silver dollar that had then been in the family one hundred and fifty years and is still preserved, having been a family possession for two centuries. Mr. De Graff lived the life of a country gentleman and the management of his estate was his only business. He married, October 14, 1869, Anna, only daughter of Cornelius Phillips, of the town of Florida, Montgomery county, who died in 1865, proprietor of the Phillips farm settled on originally by

his grandfather, Cornelius Phillips, who was killed at the battle of Oriskany. His son William was the next proprietor and he handed it down to his son Cornelius, father of Anna, wife of Alfred De Graff. Children: Edith, married Fred S. Haslett; Howard A., see forward; Florence, unmarried.

(VIII) Howard A., only son of Alfred and Anna (Phillips) De Graff, was born at "Danascara Place," town of Mohawk, Montgomery county, New York. He received his early education in the public schools, prepared for college at Union Classical Institute, entered Union University, where he graduated, class of 1899. After leaving college he engaged in the banking business in Fonda. He is vice-president of the Fultonville National Bank and director of the Glen Telephone Company. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He is a member of Fultonville Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and his college fraternity is Alpha Delta Phi. He married Elizabeth K., born September 15, 1884, daughter of James L. Northrup, of Johnstown, and granddaughter of Charles M. Knox.

This branch of the Parker family in New York state descends from Alexander Parker, a native of the north of Ireland, where he married and has issue.

(II) William Henry, son of Alexander Parker, was born in the north of Ireland, where he grew to manhood. The family were members of the Presbyterian church in which faith William H. was reared. He was associated with the organization of Orange men and in full sympathy with his Protestant brethren. He came to the United States, and settled in Hudson, Columbia county, New York. He had little capital, but by close economy managed to get a small sum saved with which he purchased a team and did general teaming. He soon became engaged in the ice business, teaming during the day for others, hauling and storing his ice at night. In this way he soon became well established and continued a most successful career, dying possessed of a large estate. He was not only a man of great industry, but of unusual business ability as well. He was upright and honorable in his business dealings, holding the respect and confidence of his townsmen. He continued his membership in the Presbyterian church until death, and affiliated with the Republican party. He married (first) Agnes McKague. Children: 1. Phoebe, died in 1907; married Albert Lamsure. 2. John, deceased. 3. Annie, resides in Chicago, Illinois; widow of John Lee; children: Henry,

Alice, John, Benjamin and Alexander. 4. Samuel M., of further mention. He married (second) Ellen Maney. Children: 5. William H. 6. Edward M.

(III) Samuel McKague, fourth and youngest child of William Henry and Agnes (McKague) Parker, was born in Hudson, New York, where he died January 13, 1908. He was educated in the public schools and at Hudson Academy. After finishing his studies he was engaged with his father in the ice business until the retirement of the latter, when in company with his brother John he succeeded to the business to which they added a coal yard. The brothers continued in business as partners until the death of John Parker, when Samuel M. continued alone until his death in 1908. He was a prosperous and efficient man of business and possessed of considerable real estate in his city. He adhered to the family religion and was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church of Hudson. In political belief he affiliated with the Democratic party. He was a member of the Masonic order and of the Fraternal Order of Eagles.

Mr. Parker married, in Hudson, Elizabeth Frances, daughter of Allen J. Race, of Hudson. Children: 1. Allen J., born in Hudson where he is engaged in the livery business; married Mary Powers. 2. Edith May, married William H. Clapp, of Hudson, connected with the office of the county clerk of Hudson county; child, Dorothy Elizabeth. 3. Ada Ella. 4. Hilda Belle. Allen J. Race, father of Elizabeth Frances (Race) Parker, was born in the north of Ireland in the same parish the Parkers lived. He married Samantha, daughter of William H. and Frances (White) Tunner, and had issue. He was the son of Jonathan and Elizabeth Race, who for many years kept the old tavern on the turnpike between Humphreyville and Greenport, called the "Race Inn." This was a famous and popular resort where many dances and suppers were given in the early days.

Of the parentage, birthplace.

BROWN and early history of Chad

Brown nothing definite seems to be now known. Accompanied by his wife, Elizabeth, and son John, then eight years old, and perhaps his younger sons, he emigrated from England in the ship "Martin," which arrived in Boston, Massachusetts, July, 1638. He did not long remain in Massachusetts, but soon removed to Providence, Rhode Island, where he at once became a leader in the colony and one of its most valued citizens. In the north burial ground stands a stone marked

In memory of
CHAD BROWN
Elder of the Baptist church in
this town.

He was one of the original proprietors of
the Providence Purchase.

Having been exiled from Massachusetts
for conscience sake.

He had five sons,

JOHN, JAMES, JEREMIAH, CHAD and
DANIEL.

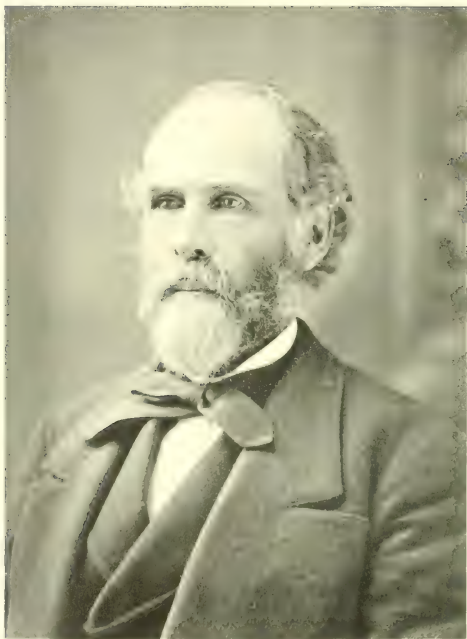
who have left a numerous posterity.

He died about A.D. 1665.

This monument
was erected by the town of
Providence.

Descendants of Chad Brown have been conspicuous in early and subsequent Rhode Island history. They have served the colony and state in every public capacity including the high office of governor. Brown University owes not only its name, but its early life to the family generosity. John and Moses Brown had much to do in founding the free school system in Providence. They were successful business men in each generation and equally prominent in the church and the professions. Far beyond the confines of Rhode Island they have scattered and made honored names. The Browns of Cocksackie descend through Daniel Brown.

(II) Daniel, fifth and youngest son of Chad and Elizabeth Brown, may have been born after the family arrived in America. He was a resident of Providence, but died while temporarily at Newport, September 29, 1710. He married, December 25, 1669, Alice, born 1652, died after 1718, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth (White) Hearnden. Daniel Brown was a farmer living "on the neck." Children: 1. Judah, of further mention. 2. Jabez, of Providence, married Ann ——. 3. Sarah, born October 10, 1677, died after 1744; married, April 4, 1700, married Thomas Angell, ancestor of James B. Angell, graduate of Brown University, now editor of *Providence Daily Journal*; president of the University of Vermont; president of the University of Michigan; United States minister to China; was appointed by President Cleveland a member of the commission to consider questions connected with the United States right of fishing in waters adjacent to Canada and Newfoundland. 4. Jeremiah, a brickmaker and innkeeper of Smithfield, Rhode Island; married, December 8, 1715, Sarah Tucker. 5. Hallelujah, died 1771; married, August 31, 1702, James Olney, and had eight children, one of whom: Mary, married Arthur Fenner. She was a wonderful woman. Her husband was sickly for many years and unable to do business. She



Hiram Brown



Richard D. Buckle

acquired and continued the business and kept the family of twelve children in affluence. Her eleventh child, Arthur Fenner, was the popular governor of Rhode Island, 1790-1805. His son, James Fenner, was elected governor 1807-11, re-elected in 1824, serving until 1831, elected again 1842, serving until 1844. He was United States senator from 1805 to 1807, resigning to become governor. 6. Hosanna, married Mary Hawkins. 7. Jonathan. 8. Daniel (2), a cooper of Providence; married Mary Sprague.

(III) Judah, eldest son of Daniel and Alice (Hearnden) Brown, died January 18, 1734. He lived in Providence and Scituate, Rhode Island. He married Hannah —, who died after 1745. Children: Joseph, Deborah, Abigail, David, Hannah, Elisha, Phoebe.

(IV) Joseph, eldest son of Judah and Hannah Brown, was born in Rhode Island. He settled in the town of Malta, Saratoga county, New York, where he died aged about eighty years. He married a Miss Chase and had issue.

(V) Josiah, son of Joseph and — (Chase) Brown, was born in Malta, New York, 1800, died June 22, 1888. He married (first) Betsey Ashley; (second) Ruth Pettit.

(VI) Hiram, son of Josiah and Betsey (Ashley) Brown, was born in Malta, Saratoga county, New York, September 20, 1830, died at Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, June 13, 1900.

Hiram Brown was educated in the public schools where he acquired a good knowledge of the English branches. He taught school for two years, and then removed to New York, where he was clerk in a grocery store. In 1856 he made permanent location in Coxsackie, first engaging in coal trade, later in a general lumber business. He was an energetic, prosperous man of business and stood well in his community. He was a strong supporter of the cause of Prohibition, and to its upbuilding devoted much time and money. For forty years he was a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal church, serving on the official board and as superintendent of the Sunday school. He was not a mere money maker, but devoted himself in a large degree to the service of his brethren. His life teemed with kindly deeds and he left a well-cherished memory.

He was married December 25, 1854, to Phoebe, born January 16, 1836, daughter of Richard F. and Elizabeth (Gritman) Buckbee, of Dutchess county, New York, (see Buckbee IV). She survives her husband and lives a quiet life in her Coxsackie home. She has no children.

(The Buckbee Line).

This family settled first in Westchester and Dutchess counties, New York. Their origin is difficult to determine as the name is evidently a corrupted form of another surname. The Bockee family of Dutchess county have as branches claiming common origin, Buckey, Bocke, Bowker, Bockes and Barikes. The surname Buckbee may come from a descendant of Matthias Buquet. The first of mention in Dutchess county annals is Israel Buckbee, of Stanford, born about 1740, died 1820. Ten of the name Buckbee served in the revolution from New York state, but the family identification is impossible. Israel had sons.

(II) John, son of Israel Buckbee, of Stanford, Dutchess county, New York, died 1821. He married Nancy Cole. His descendants settled in the town of Chatham, Columbia county, New York.

(II) Richard, son of Israel Buckbee, was born in Stanford, Dutchess county, New York, about 1780. He continued his residence in Stanford, until 1837, when he removed to Washington county, New York, settling near Sandy Hill. He later removed to Saratoga county, New York, where he died in 1848. He married Phoebe Boyce.

(III) Richard Ferguson, son of Richard and Phoebe (Boyce) Buckbee, was born in Dutchess county, New York, 1808, died in Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, 1874. He was educated in the public schools. After the removal to Saratoga and Washington counties, where he followed the occupation of a farmer, he finally located in Coxsackie where he engaged in the lumber business, continuing until his death in 1874. He married Elizabeth Gritman, and had two children: 1. Elzada, married Gilbert Fitchett, and had one daughter, Julia F., wife of Dr. A. Beach and has one son, Richard B., married Claribel Newberry. 2. Phoebe, see forward.

(IV) Phoebe, daughter of Richard F. and Elizabeth (Gritman) Buckbee, was born January 16, 1836, married, December 25, 1854. Hiram Brown, born 1830, died 1900 (see Brown VI).

The ancestor of this branch of the Patterson family in America was James Patterson, born in Scotland about 1633. He was one of the prisoners of war taken by Cromwell, probably at the battle of Worcester, September 3, 1651. These prisoners were sold as bond servants by the English government and a large number of them were sent to New England in the ship "John and Sarah" of London, Captain John Green, Mas-

ter. They embarked November 6, 1651, sailed about November 14, 1651, and arrived at Boston in the May following. In 1658 James Patterson was a resident of Billerica, Massachusetts, where he received a grant of land from the town followed by sixteen other grants issued between the years of 1658 and 1685. He was admitted a freeman, April 18, 1690. At a meeting of the selectmen and committee held October 8, 1675, an order from the honorable council sent them was read "twelve garrisons were formed in Billerica." "They appoint James Paterson's house for garrison, etc." His will was dated May 12, 1701, and he died in Billerica, July 14, 1701, aged about sixty-eight years. He married, May 29, 1662, Rebecca Stevenson, before married to Thomas Dantforth, Esq. She was born about 1642, daughter of Andrew Stevenson, of Cambridge, Massachusetts. Children: Mary, James, Andrew, John, Joseph, Rebecca, James and Jonathan.

(II) Andrew, son of James and Rebecca (Stevenson) Patterson, born in Billerica, Massachusetts, April 4, 1672, was a mariner and tradition says "was lost at sea." He was alive March 27, 1707, as appears by deeds. He married, 1697, Elizabeth Kebbe, of Charlestown, Massachusetts. She died in Reading, Massachusetts, June, 1738. Child: James.

(III) James (2), son of Andrew and Elizabeth (Kebbe) Patterson, was born in Medford, Massachusetts, October 5, 1707, died at Princeton, Massachusetts, May 4, 1766. He was a blacksmith and in 1730 purchased a homestead in Sudbury where he resided till 1763, he later was of Princeton where he died. He married, October 14, 1730, Lydia, born in Lexington, daughter of Deacon Jonathan and Abigail (Reed) Fisk. Children: Jonathan, David, Andrew.

(IV) Andrew (2), son of James (2) and Lydia (Fisk) Patterson, was born in Sudbury, Massachusetts, April 14, 1742. He later lived in Princeton and then removed farther west. He married (first) in Worcester, Massachusetts, October 21, 1761, Elizabeth Bond, who died September 13, 1772, aged thirty-six years. He married (second) Mrs. Anne Russell, a widow. Children of first wife: Sarah, James, died young. Children of second wife: David and perhaps others.

(V) David, son of Andrew (2) and Anne (Russell) Patterson, was born in Sudbury, Massachusetts, August 31, 1778. He married and had a son Levi.

(VI) Levi, son of David Patterson, was born in Princeton, Massachusetts, in 1800, died in Ohio. He removed to Ohio where he

was postmaster and a man of prominence. He married Abigail Chapin, of the Massachusetts Chapin family, so largely interested in the Boston and Albany railroad. Children: Augusta, who married Theodore Kline, and David Chapin.

(VII) David Chapin, son of Levi and Abigail (Chapin) Patterson, was born at Mt. Washington, Massachusetts, February 17, 1820, died August 2, 1907, at Newark, New Jersey. He resided in Hudson, New York, where he was engaged as a contractor. During the civil war he enlisted in the Forty-ninth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, and served in the quartermaster's department for one year. He was a Democrat in politics, and a Universalist in religious belief. He married Catherine Ann Doty, eighth child of Samuel and Elizabeth (Sanford) Doty, of North Egremont, Massachusetts, later of Milan, New York, where Catherine Ann was born, a direct descendant of Edward Doty, who came in the "Mayflower," and his wife, Faith (Clarke) Doty. The descent is through Isaac, fifth son and seventh child of Edward and Faith, who lost his father when he was six years of age. Isaac settled at Oyster Bay, Long Island, where he owned a great amount of land. He married Elizabeth England and had six children. Their son Samuel, born at Oyster Bay, married Charity, daughter of Jarvis Mudge, and had eight children. Their son Charles, born at Oyster Bay, about 1730, removed to the town of Clinton, now Hyde Park, Dutchess county, New York, in 1755, where he died 1803. He is buried in the Quaker burying ground but was not a member of the Friends Meeting. He married Sarah Baker and had nine children. Their son Samuel (2), born in Clinton, Dutchess county, New York, in 1764, died at Milan, New York. He married (first) Sarah Shaw; (second) Mrs. Rebecca Coppernail. Ten children by first wife, three by second. Samuel (3), son of Samuel (2) and Sarah (Shaw) Doty, married Elizabeth Sanford and had ten children. Their daughter Catherine Ann, born in Milan, New York, June 12, 1833, married David Chapin Patterson, and died at Hudson, New York, 1899. Children: 1. Agnes, married Rector Stickle; children: Lloyd and Blanche. 2. Merritt Smith. 3. Imogene, married William Reitz and lives in New Jersey. 4. Nettie, married (first) Arthur Holley and (second) Luther Shute. 5. Ezbon, married (first) Meda Pierce, child Edward; married (second) Julia Martin.

(VIII) Merritt Smith, son of David Chapin and Catherine Ann (Doty) Patterson, was

born at North Haven, Massachusetts, November 18, 1853. He received a good education, and joined his father in the contracting business which he still continues in Hudson, New York. He is an energetic, successful business man and held in highest esteem. He is a member of the Sons of Veterans and affiliates with the Democratic party. He is an efficient member of the Hudson board of health and deeply interested in all that pertains to the public welfare. He is prominent in his party and is frequently a delegate to county and state conventions. He married, January 20, 1888, Elizabeth Perks, born in London, England, September 28, 1862, died in Hudson, May 25, 1910. Children: 1. David Chapin (2), born January 24, 1889, at Hudson, educated in public and private schools, now associated with his father in business. He is a Democrat and member of Christ Episcopal Church, having been a member of the choir of that church since he was a boy. 2. Florence Beatrice. 3. Imogene Blanche. Mr. Patterson is best known as Smith Patterson, that being his business and official signature.

DU BOIS The Dubois families of Ulster and other Hudson river counties in New York state are the descendants of Louis and Jacques Du Bois, Walloons and Huguenots. Louis was born October, 1626, in the province of Artois in Wicre, a hamlet about twenty miles southwest of the ancient city of Lille; son of Christian Du Bois. Little is known of his early life; he was possessed of some education and was reared a Protestant. While young he removed to Manheim in the Palatinate of Germany. October 10, 1655, he married Catherine Blanjean (or Blanshan), daughter of a burgher of that ancient city. They had two children born in Germany. In 1660 with his wife and two children he came to New Netherland. He first settled at Esopus near or in what is now the village of Hurley, where he engaged in trade. In the Indian war of 1663 when Esopus was destroyed, his wife and three children were carried off by the savages, but were subsequently recaptured by a pursuing party, including Louis Du Bois. In 1677 he with eleven other Huguenots and Frenchmen, like himself, obtained from Governor Andros a patent for a large tract of land which now lies in the Valley of the Walkill in the town of New Paltz; removed there with the other patentees, and began the life of a pioneer. A church was founded and until 1689 Louis remained in New Paltz, removing in that year to Kingston, New York,

where he died about 1695. He left a numerous progeny and descendants yet own and till the soil, first brought under cultivation by their sturdy faithful Huguenot ancestor. Children: 1. Abraham, born in Manheim, Germany, was one of the twelve patentees of New Paltz and the last survivor, dying October 7, 1731, aged about seventy-four years; he married Margaret Deyo. 2. Isaac, born in Manheim, Germany, was one of the patentees of New Paltz, where he died June 28, 1690, aged thirty-one years; married Marie Hasbrouck. 3. Jacob, the first child of American birth, born in Kingston, October, 1661; he settled upon one of his father's farms at Hurley; married Gerilje Gerritsen, daughter of Gerrit Cornelissen, son of Cornelius Van Nieuw-kirk. 4. Sara, married Joosl Jansen. 5. David, married Cornelia Varnoe. 6. Solomon, married Trintjn Gerritsen, sister of Jacob's wife. He was a very large land owner in Ulster and Greene counties, New York, and in Pennsylvania; one tract of three thousand acres in the Walkill Valley he gave to his son Cornelius (subject to certain payments); he was also an official of the French church at New Paltz and held many public trusts. 7. Rebecca, born 1671, died young. 8. Rachel, born 1675, died young. 9. Louis, born 1677, married, 1701, Rachel Hasbrouck. 10. Matthew, born 1679; married Sarah Mattheyson; he inherited half of his father's Hurley farm and his house and lot in Kingston where he was living in 1706.

Jacques Du Bois, a near relative and perhaps a brother of Louis Du Bois, born in the same neighborhood as Louis, came to Esopus fifteen years later than his kinsman. The letter of church membership from the Walloon church at Leyden, Holland, which he took with him when leaving that city, is dated April 15, 1675, as is evidenced by the church records still extant. He must have died after his arrival as his widow, Pieronne Bentyn, married (second) prior to December, 1677. On leaving Leyden in 1675 Jacques had put on record a power of attorney to sell his house in that city which would indicate that he had been a resident there some time. He is described in the Leyden records as a manufacturer of gros-grains, coarse grained fabrics of cloth and silk. He left three sons of tender years: Jacques born in Leyden where he was baptized in the Protestant church of the Walloons, by the name of Jacobus, in March, 1665; John, baptized July, 1671; Pierre (known as Pieter), born at Leyden, March 17, 1674, being but three years of age when his mother again married. Jacques also left daughters, Maries, Jean and Anne. Louis and Jacques

Du Bois are the ancestors of all who bear the name who trace early Huguenot ancestry. Louis left seven sons to perpetuate the name, Jacques but three, one of whom it is thought never married. The name is not a frequent one and is invariably borne by men and women of worth. It is an eminent name in the Hudson Valley, representatives being found in the profession and in business. Many served in the continental army and fought for the land that gave their ancestors asylum from religious persecution.

Peter (Pierre), son of Jacques Du Bois, is the ancestor of the Dutchess county family, from whom the Columbia county family descend through the following generations:

(II) Peter (Pierre), son of Jacques Du Bois, married Jeannette Beuhans and had issue.

(III) Jonathan, son of Peter Du Bois, married Ariantje Osterhout, and had issue.

(IV) Cornelius, son of Jonathan Du Bois, married Charity Griffin and had issue.

(V) Cornelius (2), son of Cornelius (1) Du Bois, married Deborah Payne and had issue.

(VI) Richard, son of Cornelius (2) Du Bois, married Harriet Brink and had issue.

(VII) Charles, son of Richard and Harriet (Brink) Du Bois, was born in Columbia county, New York, August 3, 1843, died May 3, 1881. He was educated in the public schools, and after completing his studies learned the trade of a smith, making a specialty of carriage smithing. He lived an honorable, useful life, and died universally regretted by his friends and neighbors in Kingston, where he had been in business many years. He was a Democrat in politics, and a faithful, consistent member of St. John's Episcopal Church of Kingston. He married Catherine S., daughter of Robert Merritt, born at Clermont, Columbia county, New York, married Hannah Hover, and had a family of ten children. Children of Charles and Catherine S. Du Bois: 1. Harriet Louise, married George Edward Race. 2. Albert, born March 12, 1868, resides in New York City. 3. Mary Frances, died in infancy. 4. Charles Royal, born June 8, 1875, resides in New York City. Mrs. Catherine S. (Merritt) Du Bois survives her husband and resides in Hudson, New York, which city is the home of her only daughter, Mrs. Harriet Louise Race.

William Wood was
WOOD-ALDRICH born in England in
1852. He emigrated

to America from Mattock, Derbyshire, Eng-

land, in 1638, with his wife Margaret, and settled at Concord, Massachusetts, where he filled some of the important offices of the town and died May 14, 1671. His wife died September 1, 1659. Children: Michael and Ruth.

(II) Michael, son of William and Margaret Wood, was born in England and came to America with his parents in 1638. He was a farmer and said to have had an interest in the Concord Iron Works. His wife's name was Mary. He died suddenly, May 13, 1674. Children, born in Concord: Abigail, April 10, 1642; John, Nathaniel, Mary, Thomson, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob.

(III) Jacob, youngest child of Michael and Mary Wood, was born in Concord, March 3, 1662, died October 6, 1723. He married, April 15, 1697, Mary, born in Concord, September 15, 1673, daughter of John and Sarah (Larkin) Wheeler. Children, born in Concord: Jacob, Mary, Ephraim, of further mention; Dorcas, Hannah.

(IV) Ephraim, son of Jacob and Mary (Wheeler) Wood, was born in Concord, February 4, 1702, died March 20, 1789. He lived upon the farm occupied by father and grandfather before him. He was selectman in 1749, and is called "Captain" on the Concord records. He married Mary Bass, who died September 11, 1781. Children, born in Concord: Oliver, Ephraim, Amos, Peter, Mary, Rebecca.

(V) Ephraim (2), son of Ephraim (1) and Mary (Bass) Wood, was born in Concord, August 1, 1733, died April 8, 1814. He was a shoemaker by trade, and was town clerk, selectman, assessor, overseer of the poor and re-elected twenty-seven years. He was one of the first justices appointed by the council after the war of independence and held the office until his death. He was also one of the judges of the court of common pleas. "As a Christian he was humble and devout, sincere and ardent." He married (first) October 24, 1758, Mary, born March 23, 1737, died July 13, 1807, daughter of Amos and Elizabeth (Billings) Heald.

(VI) William, son of Ephraim (2) and Mary (Heald) Wood, was born at Concord, January 10, 1775. He removed to Charlestown, New Hampshire, where he died August 24, 1841. He married (first) Nancy Myrick, born in Charlestown, May 3, 1780, died August 22, 1844. He married (second) Mary Pillsbury, born April 1, 1780, died November 27, 1852. Children, eight by first wife: William (2), of further mention; Daniel, Ann, Mary, Edward Myrick, Martha M., Caroline, Alexander.

(VII) William (2), eldest son of William (1) and Nancy (Myrick) Wood, was born in Charlestown, September 23, 1801. He removed to Springfield, Vermont, where he settled on a farm. He married Frances (Glazier) White, widow of Luther White, by whom she had sons Calvin and Henry. The Glazier family were from Massachusetts where many of the name are shown on revolutionary war records. Her Grandfather Glazier fought at the battle of Lexington and brought away as a trophy the red coat of a British soldier. Children of William and Frances Wood: Elizabeth, died at the age of twelve years, Ann, Harriet, Ellen, Willis, Charles Frank.

(VIII) Charles Frank, son of William (2) and Frances (Glazier) (White) Wood, was born at Springfield, Vermont, March 28, 1843. He was adopted by James Madison Aldrich, of Weathersfield, Vermont, and his wife Mary (Atwood) Aldrich. Charles Madison Aldrich was a prominent citizen and a member of the Vermont legislature. The adoption was legal and Charles Frank ever after bore the name of Aldrich. He married Abbie Louise Spaulding, born at Cornish, New Hampshire, November 3, 1847, and had issue.

(IX) Charles Spaulding, son of Charles Frank and Abbie Louise (Spaulding) Aldrich, was born at Weathersfield Center, Vermont, April 1, 1871. He prepared for college at Vermont Academy, Saxton's River, Vermont, where he was graduated, class of 1890. He then entered Brown University, whence he was graduated A.B., class of 1894. During 1895 and 1896 he took post graduate work at Wesleyan University where he was also an instructor. In 1896 Wesleyan conferred upon him the degree of A.M. Deciding upon the profession of law he prepared in the offices of Shaw, Bailey & Murphy, at Troy, New York; was admitted to the bar in 1898 and has since been engaged in legal practice in Troy. He pays especial attention to corporation, probate and real estate law, confining his practice to these special lines. He is director and vice-president of the Illum Realty Company; treasurer of the Stockwell Purser Realty Company; treasurer of the International Land and Development Company; secretary and treasurer of the Colar City Land Company; and director of the Union National Bank. He served a term of enlistment in the Troy Citizen's Corps, and while at Brown University in the Rhode Island National Guard. While usually acting with the Republican party he is thoroughly independent in politics. In religious faith Mr. Aldrich is a member and trustee of the First Particular Baptist Church of Troy. He mar-

ried, September 9, 1897. Helen Parker, born at Manchester, New Hampshire, April 8, 1871, daughter of Frank James and Harriet Charlotte (Eaton) Drake, of Manchester, New Hampshire, who were married June 7, 1869. Frank James Drake was born in Pittsfield, New Hampshire, November 3, 1842, died August 20, 1891. He was a son of James Drake, born June 29, 1805, at Pittsfield, New Hampshire, died April 7, 1870, and Betsey (Seavey) Drake, born October 14, 1811, died September 28, 1865; they were married August 13, 1834. James Drake was a son of James Drake, born November 14, 1775, at Pittsfield, New Hampshire, died February 26, 1834, and Hannah (Ward) Drake, born October 31, 1763, died December 17, 1848; they were married December 17, 1781.

The first settlement of the FITCHETT Fitchetts of which there is record was in New Jersey where Isaac Fitchett was born in 1725. In 1750 he removed to the colony of New York, settling at Poughkeepsie. He married Frances LeRoy, of that city, October 5, 1753. In 1774 he removed to the Wyoming valley of Pennsylvania, settling at Nanticoke, now in Luzerne county. He remained there until his death.

(II) Isaac (2), son of Isaac (1) and Frances (LeRoy) Fitchett, was born in New York, and removed with his parents to Pennsylvania, later settling in Dutchess county New York, where there are many descendants. He married Polly Hart. Children: Isaac (3), Peter, of further mention; Catharine, Frances, Caroline, Maria.

(III) Peter, son of Isaac (2) and Polly (Hart) Fitchett, was born in the town of Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, April 4, 1809. He was educated in the town schools, and early began boating on the Hudson river, later engaging in mercantile life as a dry goods merchant and groceryman. After several years spent in business of this nature he purchased a farm near the village on which he resided until his death. He was prosperous in all his business affairs and was well regarded in his locality. He married, February, 1834, Susan Nelson, born 1810, died March 8, 1904, daughter of Gilbert Nelson, of Gay Head, Greene county, formerly of Dutchess county, New York. Children: 1. James H., born March 1, 1835; resides in Coxsackie, New York. 2. Gilbert Isaac, of later mention. 3. Frank L., born October 1, 1838, now a resident of Omaha, Nebraska; married (first) Mary J. Cook; (second) Isabella McGeorge. 4. Sarah E., born March 25, 1841,

died June 17, 1884; married Palmer Searles and had two daughters: Addie, born December 22, 1868, married Floyd Kniffen, October 3, 1888; Grace, born March 2, 1871; married, April 6, 1892. Clarence Woolford, who died 1896 leaving a son, Leroy Woolford. 5. Charles, born September 1, 1843, died January 9, 1889; married, November 12, 1867, Frances Bouton; had one child, Jennie C., born February 19, 1869, married Schuyler C. Bishop, November, 1892. 6. Caroline, born May 3, 1845, in the town of Coxsackie, where she was educated in the public schools and resided on the home farm until the death of her father, when she removed to the village of Coxsackie, where she now resides having with her as companion her deceased sister's daughter Grace, and nephew, Leroy Woolford. She is a member of the Dutch Reformed church, having joined many years ago. 7. Myra S., born April 15, 1848; married (first) Nelson Van Bergen; (second) Lewis Flansburg; resides in Coxsackie.

(IV) Gilbert Isaac, son of Peter and Susan (Nelson) Fitchett, was born in the town of Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, March 10, 1837. He was educated in the public schools. He engaged in farming for a few years after reaching manhood but soon abandoned the farm for a business career. In 1861 he established a coal trade in Coxsackie and pursued that line of business with energy and success until 1907 when he retired. He occupies a beautiful residence overlooking the Hudson and here passes a quiet life amid congenial surroundings. He never sought or held public office, but is a supporter of the Democratic party. He married (first) 1857, Elzada Buckbee, died 1885, daughter of Richard Buckbee. He married (second) Alice, daughter of Henry Fitchett, of Watervliet, New York. Child of first marriage: Julia Clearwater, married Dr. Ambrose Beach, of Coxsackie.

The Van Denburgs are
VAN DENBURG of mention in early records of Albany,

New York. Arent was a corporal of the service of the West India Company at Fort Orange, 1654, and still there in 1666. Claas Cornelis was in Beverwyck, 1660-65. The history of this branch of the family begins with Richard Janse Van Denburg, who married, November 13, 1699, Tryntje, daughter of Matthias Hooghteling; children: Maria, baptized May 12, 1701; Antje, May 17, 1702; Jan, September 19, 1703; Matthys, January 15, 1706; Racheltje, February 22, 1708; Dorotia, October 30, 1710; Hendrick, of further mention;

Lidia, April 24, 1715; Robert, June 31, 1717. Richard Van Denburg settled in Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, at a date not definitely known. April 18, 1729, he bought land of Thomas Williams and in the same year leased land from Petrus Van Bergen but he owned land and built a stone house on the banks of "Mender's Kill" before 1725. This land was known as the Matthias Houghtaling patent. Through subsequent purchases by sons of Richard, the family became the owners of a large tract of land west of the upper village of Coxsackie. Robert, son of Richard J., built a sawmill on a small stream which flows into the west branch of Potick creek, the remains of the dam being yet visible.

(II) Hendrick, son of Richard J. and Tryntje (Catrina) (Hooghteling) (Hotaling) Van Denburg, was baptized October 19, 1712. A deed dated October 20, 1770, recites that Hendrick Houghtaling for the sum of ten shillings and other consideration did convey to Hendrick and Robert Van Denburg "All that southermost half of the whole tract XXV containing eighteen hundred forty-three acres XXXX and one-half of all mines which may be found hereafter on the above lands." This tract of land thus set off to the brothers became popularly known as the "Van Denburg Patent" though it was not an original patent grant. Later it was divided into lots and December 21, 1745, Hendrick Van Denburg conveyed to Richard, Wilhelmus and John Van Denburg seventeen of the lots each containing it was supposed fifty acres, but of one of them the story is told that by some reason it contained sixty acres. This caused later legal proceedings which gave it the name of "Chancery lot." Hendrick resided in the stone house, north of the creek, which he built. He married, November 21, 1743, Katherine Hotaling. Children: Catherine, Lena and Ryckert.

(III) Ryckert, only son of Hendrick and Katherine (Hotaling) Van Denburg, was baptized in Albany, New York, June 24, 1753. He married Maritje, daughter of Godfrey Brandow, a revolutionary soldier in Captain John Van Denburgs, Coxsackie company of nine months men, Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia. He had part of the "Van Denburg Patent," and built a stone house on the hill along an Indian foot path.

(IV) Henry, son of Ryckert and Maritje (Brandow) Van Denburg, was born March 17, 1776, died May 12, 1853. He was known locally as "Bush Hank," probably from the fact that his farm was covered with trees and undergrowth, which kept him employed in clearing and burning the bush. He mar-

ried Rebecca Van Loon, born October 22, 1777, died February 3, 1852, a descendant of Jan Van Loon, the first settler of the name and ancestor of a numerous family; supposed to have come from Holland about 1686. The present village of Athens is built on the old farm owned by his son Matthias.

(V) Richard, son of Henry and Rebecca (Van Loon) Van Denburg, was born February 8, 1817, died July 21, 1860. He had a share of the Van Denburg lands, inheriting his father's farm, and always followed farming as an occupation. He married, November 30, 1842, Rachel Lampman, a descendant of Stephen Lampman, of German parentage. She was born August 26, 1824, died March 4, 1910.

(VI) Albert, son of Richard and Rachel (Lampman) Van Denburg, was born February 1, 1846, at Coxsackie, Greene county, New York. He was educated in the public school and at Coxsackie Seminary. He was a prosperous farmer and a highly regarded member of his community. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Republican in politics. He married, August 30, 1868, Emma, daughter of Lewis and Hannah Augusta (Roberts) Powell.

(VII) Richard Henry, only son of Albert and Emma (Powell) Van Denburg, was born in Midway, Greene county, New York, November 2, 1877. He was educated in the Coxsackie common and high schools. After completing his studies he taught school for six years, in the meantime preparing for the profession of medicine. In 1900 he entered Albany Medical College (Union University) where he was graduated M.D., class of 1904. He was interne at St. Peter's Hospital, Albany, for one year, then in 1905 began the practice of his profession in Coxsackie, where he is enjoying a satisfactory patronage. He is a member of the Greene County Medical Society, State Medical and American Medical Associations; Free and Accepted Masons, master of Ark Lodge, No. 48; Coxsackie Chapter, No. 85; Lafayette Commandery, No. 7; Coxsackie Lodge, No. 351; Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Eureka Lodge No. 131, Knights of Pythias; Coxsackie Camp, No. 8490, Modern Woodmen of America. He is a member of the Methodist church, and affiliates with the Republican party. He married, June 14, 1905, Carrie F., born February 13, 1877, daughter of Charles Warner and Hannah V. (Collier) Mackey, a descendant of John Mackey, who came from the north of Ireland to this country during the war of the revolution in which he fought as a soldier of the continental army. He was of Scotch ances-

try. Jeremiah, son of John Mackey, married Anna Tuttle. Fermon, son of Jeremiah and Anna (Tuttle) Mackey, was born in the town of Milton, Saratoga county, New York. He married Eliza Strait. Charles Warner, son of Fermon and Eliza (Strait) Mackey, married, in 1876, Hannah V. Collier and had two children: Carrie F., who married Dr. Richard Henry Van Denburg, and Eliza S. Mackey.

The founder of the Bogardus family in America was the famous Dominie Everardus Bogardus, pastor, counsellor and friend of the early Dutch settlers of New Amsterdam, who cheered them amid their toils and adversities and in dark hours of peril; joined many of them in marriage; baptized their children; oft performed in their stricken homes the last sad rites and frequently acted as guardian of their estates. He was the first settled minister of the Dutch church at New Amsterdam, where he continued until his last trip to Holland in 1647. He sailed from New Amsterdam in the ship "Princess" in company with Director Kieft, August 16, 1647. On September 27, having mistaken their course, they were wrecked upon a rock on the coast of Wales. Dominie Bogardus and Director Kieft both perished, although many were saved. (For an extended account of his career see Bogardus in Gray family history.) He was a valuable man in the settlement, his advice was constantly sought in matters affecting both individuals and the community and the amount of public business with which he was intrusted on his final departure for Holland evinced the continued respect and confidence of his people. He married, June 21, 1642, Anneke (Annetje) Jans, or Jansen, who had a grant of sixty-two acres between the present Warren and Christopher streets, New York City. This land has probably caused more bitter controversy than any other on earth. It forms the basis of dispute between the heirs of Anneke and Dominie Bogardus on the one hand and Trinity church corporation on the other. Its immense value makes the ownership a prize worth striving for and fierce legal battles have been fought over it. The title, however, seems to rest with Trinity corporation. After the death of Dominie Bogardus, his widow took up her residence in Albany, continuing there until her death in 1663. Children: William, in 1656 a clerk in the secretary's office in New Amsterdam and in 1687 postmaster of the province; Cornelis, baptized September 9, 1640, in New York City, later of Albany, married Helena Teller;

Johannes or Jonas, baptized January 4, 1643; Pieter, of further mention.

(II) Pieter, son of Dominie Everardus Bogardus, was baptized April 2, 1645. He resided in Albany, New York, until near the close of his life, when he removed to Kingston, New York, where he died in 1703. In 1673 he was one of the magistrates of the town and in 1690 was commissioned with others to treat with the Five Nations and to look after the defence of the town. He made his will February 3, 1701-02. He married Wyntje Cornelis Bosch. Children: Evert; Shibboleth; Hannah, born January 22, 1679, married Peter Bronck; Maria, married Johannes Van Vechten, of Schaghticoke; Anthony; Rachel baptised February 13, 1684; Ephraim, of further mention; Petrus, baptized April 30, 1691.

(III) Ephraim, son of Pieter and Wyntje Cornelis (Bosch) Bogardus, was baptized August 14, 1687. He married, September 23, 1719, Agnietje De Garmo, born March 20, 1692. Children baptized: Petrus, April 10, 1721; Catherine, September 16, 1722, died young; Wyntje, March 8, 1724; Ephraim, of further mention; Jacob, July 14, 1728; Catherine, February 7, 1730; Maria, May 7, 1732; Anna, October 6, 1734.

(IV) Ephraim (2), son of Ephraim (1) and Agnietje (De Garmo) Bogardus, was born August 7, 1726, in Cossackie, Greene county, New York. He served in the war of the revolution as private of Captain James Waldron's company, Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia. He ran a licensed ferry across the Hudson river at the Upper Landing shortly after the revolution. He was a farmer. He married, October 19, 1748, Annetje Hallenbeck.

(V) Anthony, son of Ephraim (2) and Annetje (Hallenbeck) Bogardus, was baptized in the Dutch Reformed church at Cossackie, Greene county, New York, 1772. He was a farmer of the town of Cossackie and a member of the Dutch church. He married Elizabeth Vander Hoof.

(VI) Ephraim (3), son of Anthony and Elizabeth (Vander Hoof) Bogardus, was born in Cossackie, New York, June 27, 1795, died April 21, 1866. He served in the American army during the war of 1812. He was a farmer, owning the homestead farm of his grandfather, Anthony Bogardus, located just outside the limits of the village of Cossackie. This was his home and place of death. He was a member of the First Reformed Dutch Church, and a Democrat in politics. He married, January 21, 1823, Hannah, born June 6, 1801, died July 25, 1885, daughter of James

and Helena (Groom) Rea. Children: Anthony, born December 29, 1823; William, August 7, 1825; John, September 7, 1827; Joseph, June 14, 1830; Charles (q. v.).

(VII) Charles, youngest son of Ephraim (3) and Hannah (Rea) Bogardus, was born on the Bogardus homestead in the town of Cossackie, Greene county, New York, September 16, 1833. He was educated in the public schools, and early became engaged in the ice business. He continued in this line all his active life and reaped a prosperous harvest. In 1895 he retired from active labor, devoting himself to his own private affairs. For twelve years he served on the Cossackie school board. He is an attendant of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Democrat in politics. He married, December 17, 1857, Mary Helen, born October 12, 1836, daughter of Henry B. and Esther (Wilson) Briggs, of Cossackie. Children: Mary Esther, Charlotte. Mary Esther married Charles Crabbe, of Far Rockaway, Long Island, New York; children: Daisy M. (married Robert Nelson Curtis, of Rochester, New York, November 5, 1906; child: Mary Helen); Bernice, Benthia Helen, Phyllis Esther, Ruth, Charles Bogardus.

The Lampmans of Cossackie, Greene county, New York, descend from German ancestors, long seated in the Palatinate, Germany. The emigrant ancestor settled in Greene county at the south end of Kings Hill in the town of Cossackie.

(I) Stephen Lampman, with whom the history begins, was born in Greene county, about the year 1730. He married and had issue.

(II) Peter, son of Stephen Lampman, was born about 1760. He married and had issue.

(III) John Peter, son of Peter Lampman, was born September 17, 1792, died January 2, 1855. He married Abigail King, born November 11, 1795, died January 2, 1882. They removed from Kings Hill some three miles to the eastward where they settled on a farm.

(IV) Obadiah, son of John Peter and Abigail (King) Lampman, was born on the Greene county homestead upon which his parents settled prior to his birth, May 25, 1818, died at Cossackie, New York, 1901. He was first a farmer, but the greater part of his life was spent in the general mercantile business. He married Elizabeth Vandenberg, born November 22, 1817, died October 31, 1890, daughter of Peter R. Vandenberg. They were the parents of five children, two of whom survive, Catherine Elizabeth Burroughs, of Brooklyn, New York, and Rev. Lewis, of further mention.



Charles Bogardus

(V) Rev. Lewis Lampman, son of Obadiah and Elizabeth (Vandenbergh) Lampman, was born in the town of Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, February 5, 1843. He was educated at Claverack Institute on the Hudson, where he prepared for college. He entered Yale University, where he was graduated in the class of 1866 with the degree of B.A. The following year he entered Union Theological Seminary, then spent one year in Europe, and on his return re-entered the Union Theological Seminary, where he was graduated, class of 1870. He was ordained a minister of the Presbyterian church and at once entered upon active work. He was first stationed as pastor in charge of the First Presbyterian Church of Jamaica, where he remained until 1888. In that year he accepted a call from the High Street Presbyterian Church in Newark, New Jersey, where he continued until December, 1906, when he retired from active work in the ministry. During his thirty-six years of active pastoral labor he served only these two churches, serving each eighteen years. He married, December 5, 1871, Adelaide Ely, daughter of Leonard (2) Bronck, a descendant of Jonas Bronck (see Bronck VII). Children: Leonard Bronck and Maria Bronck Lampman.

(The Bronck Line).

The founder of the Bronck family in America was Jonas Bronck, born in Copenhagen, Denmark, died at Bronxland, Westchester county, New York. He married Antonia Slagboom. He came to America in 1639 from Amsterdam where he had married. He came in his own ship "Fire of Troy," a private armed vessel manned by himself, accompanied by his friend and officer in the Danish army, Captain Jochiem Pietersen Kuyter. He brought a cargo of cattle and each was attended by his family and a number of farmers or herdsmen. He was a man of means, and loaned money in large sums to his friends. He was of a family long distinguished in Sweden, though probably himself from Copenhagen. He located his land north of the Great Kill and built a "stone house covered with tiles, a barn, tobacco house, two barracks, etc." He later purchased from the Indians five hundred acres on the now Bronx river, later included in the Manor of Morrisania. He had cattle, servants, landed possessions, a substantial home, and his vrouw pronounced "a good housekeeper." He was a devoted Lutheran, and brought with him Luther's Catechism and a folio Danish Bible. From it he drew a name for his home "Emaus." It was here that Director Kieft send dele-

gates to meet the Indian chiefs and made a treaty. This treaty was followed by the unproved murder of the Indians for which they exacted frightful vengeance upon the Dutch settlers. It was at this time that Jonas Bronck met his death, perhaps at the hands of the savages, but as his property was spared, they may have been guiltless. "Seignor" Bronck, as he was styled, must be rated above the ordinary colonist. His Danish and Latin library, stored with law, history, and books of divinity, indicate taste, culture and piety. His widow, Antonia Slagboom, daughter of Jurriaen Slagboom, whom he married in Amsterdam, Holland, married (second) Arent Van Curler, of Rensselaerwyck, whom she also survived. She died at Schenectady, New York, December 19, 1676.

(II) Pieter Jonasen, son of Jonas Bronck, was born in Holland, died in Coxsackie, New York, 1669. He was a brewer of Beverwyck as early as 1645, owned houses and lots which he sold in 1662, and purchased land in Coxsackie, which was the colonial grant known as the Bronck patent, upon which he settled. His wife was Hilletje Tyssinck. Of their children there were two sons, Pieter, Jan.

(III) Jan, son of Pieter Jonasen and Hilletje (Tyssinck) Bronck, was born in Albany, New York, 1650, died at Coxsackie, New York, 1742. He built a saw and grist mill. He married Commertje Leendertse Conyn. His will speaks of the following five sons only: Pieter, Jonas, Philip, Casper, and Leendert Janse. Daughters, Antje and Helena.

(IV) Leendert Janse (Leonard Janse), son of Jan and Commertje Leendertse (Conyn) Bronck, was born about 1699. He married, February 26, 1717, Anna de Wandalaer. Children: Jan Leendertse, Sara, Commertje and Catharina.

(V) Jan Leendertse, son of Leendert Janse (Leonard Janse) and Anna (de Wandalaer) Bronck, was baptized July 14, 1723, died 1794. He married (first) June 17, 1747, Elsje Van Buren; (second) Susanna Hotaling (Hooghteeling). Elsje Van Buren was a descendant of Cornelis Maase and Catalina Martense Van Buren, who came to America on the ship "Rensselaerwyck;" Cornelis M., died 1643, his wife, 1648. Their son, Martin Cornelis Van Buren, was born in Houten, province of Utrecht. He married Maritje ——. Their son, Pieter Martinse Van Buren, of Kinderhook (1720), married Arientje Barentse, January 15, 1693. Their son, Barent Van Buren, married (first) December 29, 1719, Maria Winne, daughter of Livinus Winne and Willempe (Viele) Winne, widow of Simon Schermerhorn, and granddaughter of Peter

Winne, from Ghent in Flanders, and Jannetje (Adams) Winne, of Friesland. Their daughter, Elsje Van Buren, married Jan Leendertse Bronck. They had an only son Leonard.

(VI) Leonard, only child of Jan Leendertse and Elsje (Van Buren) Bronck, was born May 11, 1751, died April 22, 1828. He was a member of the New York state assembly, 1786-98; of the state senate, 1800. Was first judge of the court of appeals of Greene county; was an officer in the revolutionary army, first as a lieutenant, later as captain, and was discharged with rank of lieutenant-colonel; was supervisor of Albany county. He was an intimate friend of General Schuyler and General Gansevoort. He married (first) January 11, 1779, Tryntje, daughter of Robert Van Denbergh; (second) Albertje Van Buren. Tryntje (Catherine) Van Denbergh was a daughter of Robert and granddaughter of Richard Janse Van Denbergh and Catherine (Tryntje) Houghtaling (Hotaling), who were married November 13, 1699. Catherine was a sister of Matthys Houghtaling, born 1644, died 1796. Robert Van Denbergh married ——— Brandow. Their daughter Tryntje (Catherine) married Hon. Leonard Bronck. Children of Leonard and Tryntje (Catherine) Bronck: Elsie, born December 23, 1782, married, November 27, 1799, in Kinderhook, Rev. Jacob Sickles (see Sickles VI), and Leonard, see forward.

(VII) Leonard (2), son of Leonard (1) and Tryntje (Catherine) (Van Denbergh) Bronck, was born June 29, 1797, married Maria, daughter of Dr. John Ely. Their daughter, Adelaide Ely Bronck, married Rev. Lewis Lampman (see Lampman V). Children: Leonard Bronck, and Maria Bronck Lampman.

LUSK John Lusk, of Massachusetts, was an associate of General Hyde, of Lenox, Massachusetts, in the settlement of "Township 13, Range 7" of the "Phelps and Gorham" purchase and had fifteen hundred acres of land at the head of Irondequoit Bay (now Monroe county, New York). He was a pioneer in the settlement of that township, going with his son Stephen and a hired man early in the summer of 1789. The father went by way of Schenectady, from there by batteau; the son and hired man drove cattle overland, crossing Lake Cayuga on a raft, swimming their cattle. They returned to Massachusetts in the fall. In the spring of 1790 he returned with his family and permanently settled on his tract. He died 1814, aged sixty-six years. He had sons, Stephen, Erastus, Norman, John Kellogg and Aaron.

(II) John Kellogg, son of John Lusk, was born in Massachusetts, April 25, 1781, died in Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, November 23, 1818. He lived for a time in Coxsackie, later removed to West Coxsackie, where he was engaged in general mercantile business until his death. He married Christina Van Denburgh, and had children: John Kellogg (2); Jacob; William Henry and Matthias.

(III) Matthias, son of John Kellogg and Christina (Van Denburgh) Lusk, was born September 9, 1807, died April 13, 1883, in Coxsackie, New York. He was a graduate of Rutgers College, New Brunswick, New Jersey, also of the Theological Seminary of same college. Ordained a minister of the Gospel, and was pastor of the First Reformed Dutch Church of Jersey City for seventeen years, when he retired, and moved to Coxsackie in 1864. He was a man of substance and high character. He married Ann Sickles, born April 23, 1806, in Kinderhook, Columbia county, New York, died November 30, 1872, daughter of Rev. Jacob and Elsie (Bronck) Sickles. (See Sickles VII; the Bronck line appears in preceding sketch). Children, born in Jersey City, New Jersey: Jacob S., died in childhood; Elizabeth C., born November 10, 1840; Anna L., July 3, 1843; Sarah C., twin of Anna L., died 1882. Matthias Lusk in 1864 purchased the handsome residence in Coxsackie, New York, which has since been his home.

(The Sickles Line).

Zachariah Sickles was born in Vienna, Austria, about 1630, went to Holland, thence to Curacao, where he served as a cadet. When Governor Stuyvesant returned from a visit to Curacao in 1655 Sickles came with him and was soon after attached to the garrison at Fort Orange. He remained in Fort Orange until after the surrender in 1664; removed to New York, 1693, admitted a freeman, 1698. He married, 1658 or 1660, Anna, daughter of Lambert and Annatie Van Valkenberg, who were residents of New Amsterdam, 1644, afterwards settled in Albany.

(II) Zachariah (2), son of Zachariah (1) and Anna (Van Valkenberg) Sickles, was born in Albany in 1670, died January 20, 1729. In 1693 he went to Harlem where he bought land of his father-in-law. He married (first) August 23, 1693, Maria, daughter of Jan Hendricks and Annatie (Bastians) Brevoort; married (second) July 19, 1717, Myntje Dyckman. Sons: Johannes, Jacobus, Zachariah, Hendrick, Geraldus, William, Cornelis and Robert.

(VI) Rev. Jacob Sickles, descendant of Zachariah Sickles, was born April 25, 1781. He lived in Tappan, Rockland county, New York. He married Elsie Bronck, November 27, 1799 (see Bronck VI.).

(VII) Ann, daughter of Rev. Jacob and Elsie (Bronck) Sickles, was born April 23, 1806, at Kinderhook, Columbia county, New York, died November 30, 1872. She married Matthias Lusk (see Lusk III.). Children: Jacob S., died in childhood; Elizabeth C., Anna L., Sarah C., deceased.

The Story family of Catskill, STORY New York, are of Scotch descent. The founder of the family in Greene county, Francis Story, was born in Birgham on the river Tweed, Scotland, near Berwick, in the year 1804, died in Catskill, New York, June 26, 1891. Leaving his native land he began a long search for a promising location. He located successively in Edinburg, London, Quebec, Montreal, Canada and New York City, finally at Catskill, where he engaged in merchant tailoring. He continued in active business for twenty or thirty years, then retired from business to an estate near the village where he lived the quiet life of a gentleman farmer until his death. He was a man of quiet habits and cultured tastes, having had the advantages of a good education. He married, October 27, 1832, Jane Overbagh, born January 27, 1813, died October 16, 1888, daughter of Frederick Overbagh, of Catskill. Children: Anna, born 1833, married Henry Wynkoop, of Catskill; Robert F., of further mention; Frederick, 1837; John, 1839; James, 1841; Margaret M., 1843, died 1868; Martha T., married Sanford D. Plank, of Catskill; Francis, 1845, died 1906 married Mary Lucinda Van Orden; Isabella, married Charles H. Person, died 1898; Jacob, deceased. Jane (Overbagh) Story was a descendant of Johann Pieter Overbagh, who came to this country in 1722, bought land in the second division of the Loveridge Patent, and died in 1734. He had six children, namely: Johannes, Johann Jury, Marytje, Catharine, Annatje, Elizabeth. He devised his land to his two sons. Johann Jury married Catharine, daughter of Paulis Smith: four children: i. Catharine, married William Dewitt; ii. Peter, married Catharine Fiero; iii. John, married Hannah Conyes and their children were: a. Frederick, born March 22, 1784, died June 11, 1861, married (first) Catherine Mallory, died June 5, 1809, (second) Hannah, daughter of Abraham and Rachel (Freligh) Overbagh, she was born November 7, 1791, died April 6, 1864; child of second wife, Jane,

forementioned as the wife of Francis Story; b. Jacob; c. William; d. Rebecca; e. Hannah; f. Rachel. iv. Jeremiah, married Sarah Van Orden.

(II) Robert F., son of Francis and Jane (Overbagh) Story, was born at Catskill, New York, June 30, 1835. He was educated in private schools and at Fergussonville Academy, Delaware county, New York. He began farming immediately after leaving school and followed that business all his active life. In 1906 he retired from the farm to a pleasant home in Catskill; here he now (1911) resides. He is vice-president of the Catskill Traction Company and is the oldest director in the Catskill National Bank; was an original director and stockholder in the Catskill Cement Company; was member of the school board six years. He is an attendant of the Reformed church, and in politics a Republican. He married, November 25, 1857, Esther Du Bois, born August 28, 1833, died August 16, 1891, daughter of Joel and Sally Jane (Hunter) Du Bois, a descendant of Louis Du Bois, a Huguenot, born in the province of Artois near the ancient city of Lille. He was one of the twelve original proprietors of New Paltz, where he lived until 1689 then removed to Kingston where he died in 1695. Of the children of Robert F. and Esther (DuBois) Story, two died in infancy, and the surviving children are: 1. Jane, born October 18, 1858, married Charles A. Elliot, of Catskill; their son, Edsall DuBois Elliot, is a practicing physician. 2. Sarah (Sally), born December 7, 1862. 3. Mary B., born November 26, 1865. 4. John H., born October 2, 1867, married Grace Donohue. 5. Martha T., born February 13, 1870, married Fred W. Cussler, of Catskill.

The DuBois and Overbagh families of Catskill are intimately connected with the early history of the village and town. The farm of Johann Jury Overbagh was in the form of an oblong, and near the center he built a stone house twenty feet square. During the revolution the cottage was a place of muster for the minute-men of the district and a refuge for their families when it was rumored that the Mohawks were about. The tombstone of John Pieter Overbagh, a narrow slab of gray flagstone, bears the inscription "1734, September 14, J.P.O.B." It is the oldest tombstone in Catskill. (The DuBois family is further considered in this work.)

The Penfield family of Con-
PENFIELD necticut were early settlers
of ancient Farmington,
which then contained the territory now known

by many names. The first settlers in the section were emigrants from Boston, Newtown and Roxbury, New York. Settlement was begun in 1640 in Meriden, Wallingford, New Britain and other towns of the section. The history of the Penfields of Catskill, New York, begins with Samuel Penfield, who in 1675 married Mary Lewis. Whether he was the emigrant or the son of the emigrant does not appear. His wife, Mary (Lewis) Penfield, was born in 1652. Children: Samuel, of further mention; May, born 1678; John, 1680; Sarah, 1683; Isaac, 1685; Hannah, 1687; Jonathan, 1689; Rebecca, 1692; Abigail, twin of Rebecca; Benjamin, 1696.

(II) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) and Mary (Lewis) Penfield, was born 1676, died at Wallingford, Connecticut, 1714. He was a resident of that town for several years and left a widow and four children: Samuel, born 1700; Peter, of further mention; Abigail, 1704; Nathaniel, 1706.

(III) Peter, son of Samuel (2) Penfield, was born 1702. He removed to Fairfield, Connecticut. He married, in 1730, Mary Allen, born 1708. They had an only son, Samuel.

(IV) Samuel (3), son of Peter and Mary (Allen) Penfield, was born 1734, died April 2, 1811, at Fairfield, Connecticut. He served in the French and Indian war and in the revolution. He was lieutenant of Captain Thorp's company, Colonel Whiting's regiment, Fourth Militia, at Peekskill, in October, 1777; marched October 5, discharged October 30. He married, September 2, 1757, Elizabeth Lewis.

(V) Samuel (4), son of Samuel (3) and Elizabeth (Lewis) Penfield, was born in 1763, died 1791. He married Hannah Hoyt, born 1766, died 1825.

(VI) Samuel (5), son of Samuel (4) and Hannah (Hoyt) Penfield, was born in 1790, died at Catskill, New York, 1851. He married, April 6, 1812, Ximena Taylor, born 1794, died 1856.

(VII) Samuel (6), son of Samuel (5) and Ximena (Taylor) Penfield, was born in Catskill, New York, 1823, died there in 1894. He married, April 19, 1872, Harriet T., daughter of Danforth K. and Almira (Blanchard) Olney. (see Olney VIII). Two children.

(VIII) George, only son of Samuel (6) and Harriet T. (Olney) Penfield, was born in Catskill, New York, 1872. He was early educated in the public school; entered Yale University, whence he was graduated in the class of 1894. He is by profession a civil engineer.

(VIII) Ellen, only daughter of Samuel

(6) and Harriet T. (Olney) Penfield, was born in Catskill, New York. She married Pierre Jennings, of Catskill, and has two children: Frances E., and Penfield S. Jennings.

(The Olney Line).

Mrs. Harriet T. (Olney) Penfield descends from Thomas Olney, born in St. Albans, Hereford county, England, 1600, came to America in 1635 on the ship "Planter"; settled first in Boston, Massachusetts, later in Providence, Rhode Island. He was thirty-five years of age at the time of his coming, and was accompanied by his wife, Mary, aged thirty years. He brought with him a certificate from the minister of St. Albans to show the authorities at London, lest they delay his departure. October 8, 1638, he was one of the twelve persons to whom Roger Williams deeded land that he had bought of the Indian Sachems, Cononicus and Miantonomo. The same year he was elected treasurer of the town. In 1639 one of the twelve original members of "The First Baptist Church." July 27, 1640, signed with thirty-eight others in an agreement for a form of government. During the years 1649-53-54-55-56-64-65-66-67 he was assistant; in 1656-58-59-61-63 he was commissioner; 1665-67-70-71 he was deputy; in 1665-66-69-70-71-74-77-81 he was a member of the town council; in 1669 he was town treasurer. His will was proved October 17, 1682. He married, in England, Mary Small, born 1605, died 1679. Children: 1. Thomas, born 1632; town clerk of Providence, 1664-65-66-67, and continuously from 1683 to 1715; he was an ordained minister of the Baptist church; six years assistant; thirty years a member of the town council; fourteen years deputy; he married Elizabeth Marsh, died 1722. 2. Epenetus, of further mention. 3. Nedediah, born August, 1637, died young. 4. Stephen, died 1658, unmarried. 5. James, died October, 1676, unmarried; he was one of those "who staid not away" in King Philip's war and so had a share in the disposition of the Indian captives whose services were sold for a number of years.

(II) Epenetus, son of Thomas and Mary (Small) Olney, was born in St. Albans, Hereford county, England, 1634, died June 3, 1698. He was a year old when his parents brought him to America. He kept tavern at Providence. In 1666-76-84-86 he was deputy: 1695-96-97 he was a member of the town council. He married Mary, born 1648, died 1698, daughter of John and Sarah Whipple. Children: 1. Mary, born January 13, 1668, died 1725; married, May 9, 1692, Nathaniel

Waterman. 2. James, November 9, 1670, died October 6, 1744; married, August 31, 1702, Hallelujah Brown. 3. Sarah, September 10, 1672. 4. Epenetus (2), January 18, 1675, died September 18, 1740; married Mary Williams. 5. John, of further mention. 6. Thomas, born May 18, 1686, died January 28, 1752; married, June 15, 1710, Patience Burlingham. 7. Lydia, January 26, 1688, died 1727, married Henry Harris.

(III) John, son of Epenetus and Mary (Whipple) Olney, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, October 24, 1678, died November 9, 1754. He was a blacksmith by trade. He married, August 11, 1699, Rachel Coggeshall, died June 24, 1760. Children: John, born May 27, 1701; William, February 22, 1706; Jeremiah, November 4, 1708; Free-love, November 10, 1711; Nebadiah, February 10, 1715; Stephen, Abigail; Tabitha, 1733; Jabez.

(IV) Jeremiah, son of John and Rachel (Coggeshall) Olney, was born in Smithfield, Rhode Island, November 4, 1708, died 1765. He married, 1734, Susanna Brown.

(V) Ezekiel, son of Jeremiah and Susanna (Brown) Olney, was born in Eastford, Connecticut, 1740, died 1826. He served in the revolutionary army with the rank of captain. He married Mary Warner.

(VI) Jeremiah (2), son of Ezekiel and Mary (Warner) Olney, was born in Eastford, Connecticut, 1775, died 1826. He married Abigail Cheney.

(VII) Danforth K., son of Jeremiah (2) and Abigail (Cheney) Olney, was born in Eastford, Connecticut, 1807, died in Catskill, New York, 1872. He was a leading lawyer of Catskill. He married, 1837, Almira Blanchard, born 1813, died 1846. Children: Ellen, born 1841; George, 1842; Harriet T., 1844; Elisha, 1855.

(VIII) Harriet T., daughter of Danforth K. and Almira (Blanchard) Olney, married, April 19, 1872, Samuel Penfield (see Penfield VII).

(The Blanchard Line).

Almira (Blanchard) Olney, was a descendant of Thomas Blanchard, who came to America in 1639 on the ship "Jonathan"; settled in Braintree, Massachusetts, where he died. The line of descent is through his son, by his first wife, whom he married in England.

(II) Samuel, son of Thomas Blanchard, was born in France in 1629, was brought to America by his parents in 1639, died in Andover, Massachusetts, 1707. He married, 1654, Hannah Daggett, born 1646, died 1725.

(III) John, son of Samuel and Hannah (Daggett) Blanchard, was born 1677, died

at Andover, 1750. He married, 1701, Mary Crosby, born 1680, died 1748.

(IV) Simeon, son of John and Mary (Crosby) Blanchard, was born 1726, died 1796. He married, 1746, Rebecca Sheldon, born 1729, died 1814, at Billerica, Massachusetts.

(V) Justus, son of Simeon and Rebecca (Sheldon) Blanchard, was born 1758, died 1831, at Catskill, New York. At the age of seventeen he joined the patriots on the alarm at Lexington, fought with them that memorable day and later at Bunker Hill. He was captured by the British and confined in the old "Sugar House" on Liberty street, New York City. On his release he again joined the patriot army. He was with Washington's army at Valley Forge, and in their subsequent marches and victories. He married Chloe Marshall, born 1767, died 1811.

(VI) Joseph, son of Justus and Chloe (Marshall) Blanchard, was born in 1788, died 1850. He married Mary Woodruff, born 1792, died 1832.

(VII) Almira, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Woodruff) Blanchard, was born 1813, died 1846. She married, 1837, Danforth K. Olney.

(VIII) Harriet T., daughter of Danforth K. and Almira (Blanchard) Olney, married Samuel Penfield.

It has been transmitted from FANNING one generation to another that in the Fanning family their ancestor, Edmund Fanning, escaped from Dublin in 1641, at the time of the great rebellion, and after eleven years of wandering and uncertainty he found a resting place in that part of New London, Connecticut, now called Groton, in the year 1652. On the town records his name is not mentioned until ten years later, but it is then in such a way that denotes previous residence. In the inventory of goods of Richard Poole, April 25, 1682, one article is "two cows and one steer now with Edmon fanning." After this he had a grant of land and is propounded to be made a freeman in Stonington. His estate was distributed to his widow and four sons, Edmund, John, Thomas and William. A descendant, Captain Edmund Fanning, of Stonington, Connecticut, in 1797-98-99 made a voyage for seals in the ship "Betsey." He discovered several islands near the Equator not before laid down on any chart. They are known as Fannings Islands. Nathaniel Fanning, a brother of the discoverer, was an officer in the ship commanded by Paul Jones in his famous naval battles and by his gallant.

daring contributed to the brilliant result. He was stationed in the maintop of the American ship and led his men upon the interlocked yards to the English ship's top which was cleared by the well-directed fire from his men. He died in Charleston, South Carolina, September 30, 1805.

(II) Thomas, son of Edmund Fanning, was born in England. He married Elizabeth Capron, born in England, and settled at Groton, Connecticut.

(III) Walter, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Capron) Fanning, was born in Groton, Connecticut. Died April 19, 1820, at Gilboa, Schoharie county, New York. He enlisted as a private, May 9, 1775, in Captain Waterman Cliff's sixth company in Colonel Samuel Parson's sixth Connecticut regiment of New London, Hartford and Middlesex Volunteers. He married, at Preston, Connecticut, November 6, 1771, Grace Benjamin, who died July 2, 1832. They had thirteen children among whom was Benjamin.

(IV) Benjamin, son of Walter and Grace (Benjamin) Fanning, was born in Preston, Connecticut, August 30, 1776, died at Gilboa, Schoharie county, New York, 1854. He was a well-to-do farmer. He married Christina Dies.

(V) Nelson, son of Benjamin and Christina (Dies) Fanning, was born in Gilboa, Schoharie county, New York, February 14, 1808, died in Catskill, New York, February 28, 1896. The following obituary notice from his brethren of the profession is inserted in full: "It is scarcely five months since this Society was called upon to mourn the death of Dr. Nelson Fanning, Senior, of Catskill, New York, whose death at an advanced age removes from this Society its oldest practitioner; from his many patients a warm friend and physician; from the county a reputable and upright citizen, and from his family a kind and most indulgent father. His burial was marked by a large attendance of his friends and patients who thus offered a last tribute of respect to the memory of a friend and of sympathy with the family in their bereavement.

"Dr. Nelson Fanning was born at Bristol (now Gilboa), February 14, 1808. He began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Gaius Halsey of Kortright, Delaware county, New York, and graduated from the Berkshire Medical College in 1830. He began the practice of his profession at Broome (now Conesville), and in 1837 moved to Gilboa. On the 25th of September, 1861, he went as surgeon with the 134th New York Volunteer Infantry to the front, and was present in many en-

agements. He was also Brigade Surgeon of the 11th Army Corps, his commission dating from July 23, 1862, under General Sigel, occupying the Chancellorsville church as hospital headquarters during the battle of Chancellorsville. He returned home from the war on account of ill health during the summer of 1863, his discharge dating, May 22, 1863. November 1, 1863, he moved to Catskill in which place he lived and practiced steadily until he died, never having been known to take a vacation.

"He became a member of the Greene county Medical Society in 1864, was its vice-president in 1867, and its president in 1867 and during 1868. He was elected to permanent membership in the New York State Medical Society in 1871 and was an Honorary member of the same at the time of his death. He also served as supervisor for the town of Catskill and was coroner, by appointment of the Governor for the county of Greene in 1875. He died in Catskill, February 28, 1896, at the ripe age of eighty-eight years and fourteen days, being the oldest practicing physician in the county, if not in the state.

"The funeral took place at Catskill March 2, 1896 from Christ's Presbyterian church, Reverend C. G. Hazzard, pastor of the church, officiating. In addition to the tribute offered by Mr. Hazzard, Reverend G. A. Howard, D. D., former pastor of Christ's Church, wrote beautiful letters of condolence to the family, he being at Washington at the time, and Reverend E. Van Slyke, D.D., of the Reformed Dutch church of Catskill assisted at the services and spoke feelingly of his many good qualities as physician, friend and citizen.

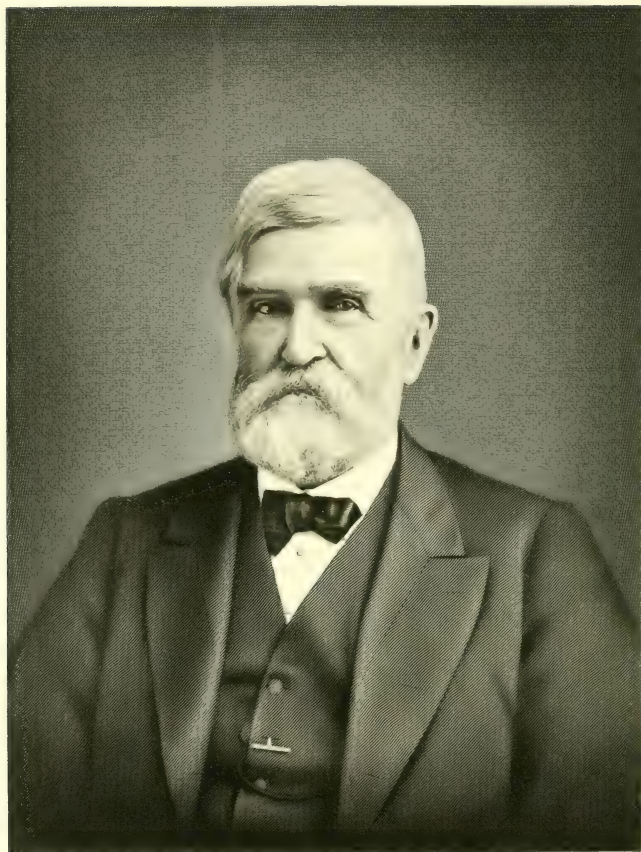
"The local physicians attended in a body acting as pall-bearers. The burial was in the village cemetery.

"WHEREAS, In the death of Dr. Nelson Fanning of Catskill, New York, this Society has lost its oldest and most prominent member, therefore be it

"RESOLVED, That the Society hereby express its sense of loss and sympathy with the family of the deceased in their bereavement, and further be it

"RESOLVED, That a copy of this record of the life of our late member, together with these resolutions, be inscribed in the minutes of this Society; a copy sent to the family of the deceased, and a copy furnished the *Catskill Recorder and Examiner* for publication.

"COMMITTEE, Robert Selden, M. D.; Charles E. Willard, M.D.; Elmore E. Elliott, M.D."



1881 - 1882



Anna H. Fanning

Dr. Fanning married Anna Howell, daughter of Richard and Sarah Hoy, of Albany, where Richard Hoy was engaged as a merchant. Children: 1. Mary who died in infancy. 2. Benjamin, of Gilboa, New York. 3. Nelson, who was a prominent physician, and met with an accident that resulted in his death. 4. Walter Dies, died, aged five years. 5. John Tuttle, died at the age of fifteen years. 6. Harriet C. 7. Sarah E. Mrs. Anna (Nancy) H. Fanning died January 24, 1893.

This name is a corruption of LESTER Leicester which as a surname is taken from the locality of that name and has been borne by some of the most powerful nobles of Great Britain. The first authentic record in New England is of Andrew Lester, 1648, although in June and July, 1635, John Lester was master of the ship, "Blessing." As early as 1623, Thomas Leister, aged thirty-three, was living at or near "James Citye," Virginia. Andrew Lester first appears at Gloucester, Massachusetts, where he was licensed to keep a house of entertainment by the county court, February 26, 1648-49. The births of four of his children are recorded at Gloucester. He removed to New London, Connecticut, in 1651, where he was constable and collector in 1668. He died June 7, 1669. His first wife, Barbara, died February 2, 1653-54, and is the first death of a woman recorded at New London. He married (second) Joanna, believed to be a daughter of Isaac Willey and widow of Robert Hemstead. She died without issue prior to 1660. He married (third) Anna —, who survived him and married (second) Isaac Willey, died 1692. Children by first wife: Daniel, born April 15, 1642, settled in Bolton, Connecticut; Andrew, born December 26, 1644, married Lydia Bailey; Mary, born December 26, 1647, married Samuel Fox; Anna, born March 21, 1651, married Thomas Way. Children by third wife: Timothy, born July 4, 1662; Joseph, born June 15, 1664; Benjamin, of further mention.

(II) Benjamin, youngest child of Andrew and Anna Lester, was born in New London, Connecticut. He was an inhabitant of New London all his life, and died there in 1737. He married Ann, daughter of Thomas and Hannah (Isabell) Stedman. She died January 27, 1711, "after living with her husband twenty-two years, left nine sons and two daughters." Only six children are found recorded at New London. Timothy, John, Ann, Benjamin, Isaac and Jonathan. Where the other five were born, or if in New London, why they were not recorded cannot be ex-

plained. One of the five was undoubtedly Simeon, born early in the year 1700.

(IV) Simeon, grandson of Benjamin and Ann (Stedman) Lester, removed to Lester Junction, Vermont, where he married Sally, daughter of Captain Nathaniel Gove, of Vermont, a descendant of Major Nathan Gove, of Fairfield, Connecticut, assistant 1657-95, a "Gentleman" of high reputation in New England. His son Nathan (2) was long engaged in the public service, was recorder of the town of Fairfield for many years, assistant 1694-1723; lieutenant-governor, 1698, chief justice of the supreme court of Connecticut, 1712, Captain Nathaniel Gove was an officer of the revolution. Children of Simeon and Sally (Gove) Lester: Charles Gove; Maria, married Ralph Taylor, of St. Albans, Vermont.

(V) Charles Gove, only son of Simeon and Sally (Gove) Lester, was born 1780, died in Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, 1836. He was a graduate of Middleburg College, Vermont, and was for a long time engaged in mercantile business at Montreal, Canada. Later he settled in Albany county. He married Susan Wells Smith, born in Massachusetts. Children: Charles Smith, of further mention; Elizabeth Curtis, married Alembert Pond, of Saratoga Springs, New York, a lawyer and member of the New York constitutional convention of 1867-68.

(VI) Charles Smith, only son of Charles Gove and Susan Wells (Smith) Lester, was born in Worcester, Massachusetts, March 15, 1824, died at Saratoga Springs, November 17, 1904. He was educated in the public schools and at Washington Academy, Salem, New York. In September, 1841, he entered the law office of Cray & Fairchild as a clerk, and in October, 1843, removed to Saratoga Springs where he continued his law studies with his uncle, Judge John Willard, then circuit judge and vice-chancellor of the fourth district. He was admitted to the bar as solicitor and counsellor in chancery at the age of twenty-one years, and in 1845 to practice in the supreme court. He established his practice in Saratoga and quickly won popular favor. In 1859 he was elected district attorney on the Democratic ticket, although that party was then in the minority in Saratoga county. He held the office three years, and then retired to private practice. In 1870 he was elected county judge, holding the office six years, and after quitting the bench again retired to private practice. He had a large and varied practice and was especially noted for his fidelity and devotion to his clients. He was an orator of high order, direct,

forcible and logical in his argument, yet pleasing and happy in his lighter vein. As a judge he was noted for his quick dispatch of business and the justice and impartiality of his decisions. He held many positions of honor and trust other than those mentioned. He was supervisor of the town; president of the village corporation; president of the board of education; president of the commercial bank and business agent for A. T. Stewart, the merchant prince of New York City, after his purchase of the Grand Union Hotel in 1872.

Judge Lester possessed literary merit of a high order, in recognition of which Yale College conferred upon him in 1854 the degree of A.M. He married, in 1849, Lucy L. Cooke, of Otsego county, New York, born 1828, daughter of Timothy Cooke. She survives her husband and is now (1910) a resident of Saratoga Springs. Children: 1. Charles Cooke, of further mention. 2. John Willard, a graduate of Union College. 3. Susan, married Professor Bernadotte Perrin, of Yale University. 4. Colonel James W., born at Saratoga, September 8, 1859, a graduate of Union College, A.B., class of 1881; Columbia Law School; served in the New York National Guard, entering as private, and rising through the intervening ranks to colonel, second Regiment, served in the United States army during the Spanish-American war as major, Second Regiment New York Volunteers, May 2, 1895, to October 25, 1898. He is a member of the law firm of C. S. & C. C. Lester, of Saratoga Springs, and secretary of the United States Hotel Company; member of the State Bar Association. He married, Bertha North Dowd. Children: James Dowd; Charles Willard, Dudley Gove, Ralph Westcott.

(VII) Charles Cooke, eldest son of Judge Charles Smith and Lucy L. (Cooke) Lester, was born at Milford, New York, June 27, 1850. He was educated in the public schools of Saratoga Springs and was graduated from Union University, A.B., class of 1870, entering at the age of sixteen years, receiving the A.M. degree three years later in 1873. He decided upon the legal profession and began his studies with his father. In 1873 he was admitted to the bar and at once formed a partnership with Judge Lester under the title of C. S. & C. C. Lester, the firm continuing until the death of his father in 1904. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1894, and in 1901 was elected surrogate of Saratoga county, serving until January 1, 1906, when he resigned. In November, 1905, he was appointed miscellaneous reporter by Governor Higgins; reappointed to same office

by Governor Hughes, January, 1907. He is the author of the law framed in 1904, simplifying the proceedings for the sale of real estate of decedents for the payment of debts and funeral expenses, also of the bill providing for recording agreements for the settlement of estates. He is a learned lawyer and a skillful practitioner. He is a member of the State Bar Association; has been a trustee of Union College; representing the Alumni; trustee of Albany Law School; member Phi Beta Kappa fraternity; State Historical Society, and Saratoga Club of Saratoga. He married (first) 1876, Catherine Perrin, died 1886, daughter of Dr. Lavelette Perrin, a member of Yale University Corporation. He married (second) December 24, 1889, Mary Lane, daughter of George O. and Sarah (Strachan) Tuck, of Petersburg, Virginia. Children: Charles Tuck, born December 14, 1893; Bernadotte Perrin, May 19, 1896.

Aaron Weatherbe was WEATHERBE born September 5, 1780, died May 25, 1840. He married in August, 1801, Sarah Smith, born April 23, 1783, died May 8, 1847. Children: Eliza, born February 9, 1803; died December 16, 1842; Sally, January 22, 1805; Aaron, July 17, 1808; Orril, mentioned below; Warren Smith, March 4, 1812, died in March, 1888; Mary, October 12, 1814; James, December 10, 1817; Charlotte, September 13, 1820; Caroline, April 7, 1823, died November 10, 1844.

(II) Orril, daughter of Aaron Weatherbe, was born March 12, 1810; died May 26, 1891. She married (first) ——— Bliss; (second) Henry V. Middleworth, who was born in Greenwich, Saratoga county, New York, December 7, 1813, son of Henry and Jemima (Flagler) Middleworth. Henry V. Middleworth came to Sandy Hill, New York, about 1840 from Adamsville, New York, and became an apprentice to Philip Neer, a wagon maker and blacksmith, and in 1831 established himself as a manufacturer of wagons. He continued in this business for a number of years. Afterward he bought land and erected houses in various parts of Washington county, New York. His building operations in Sandy Hill were very extensive and he contributed materially toward the development and improvement of the village. He built the Middleworth House, which is one of the most important business buildings of Sandy Hill. He opened River street and laid out Walnut street, which he gave to the village. Mr. Middleworth was also for a time owner of a livery stable. He was kindly,

sympathetic and generous to a fault, and held the confidence and esteem of the entire community. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Middleworth: 1. James Henry, died in infancy. 2. Ella Josephine, born August 21, 1843; married (first) October 25, 1859, Frederick C. Burdick; (second) April 16, 1867, Burton Cuyler Dennis, of Albany, New York, who died October 23, 1890, aged fifty-eight years: Mr. Dennis was a clerk for a number of years in Albany, coming to Sandy Hill in 1865 and conducted the Middleworth House to the time of his death; child of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis: Fred M. Dennis, born February 21, 1874, died June, 1881. 3. Warren H., born June 4, 1848; married, May 27, 1870, Eunice, daughter of Perry and Sophia (Ives) Scoville.

The ancestor of all who inherit the name De Lamater in the United States is Claude Le Maitre (De Lamater), a native of Richebourg in Artois, France, a scion of an ancient family in Picardy. He was a Huguenot who, like the Puritan of England, found in Holland a temporary home as well as a safe refuge from the storm of persecution that swept over both countries and drove thousands of the best families into exile. He located in Amsterdam, Holland, where, April 24, 1652, he married Hester, daughter of Pierre Du Bois, of that city. Claude and Hester Le Maitre came to America, where they resided at Flatbush, Long Island, from 1652 until 1662. Here four of their children were born. In 1662 they removed to Harlem, New York, which was their home the remainder of their days. Claude was one of the sturdy, successful pioneers of early New York. He secured lands by allotment and purchase; held various civil and church trusts; aided in the defense against hostile Indians; and by industry and thrift accumulated a fortune. He was of a determined and obstinate temperament. Between 1666 and 1673 he served four terms as magistrate. He died about 1683. Hester, his widow, survived him many years. Children: first four born at Flatbush: 1. Jan (John), born 1653, died 1702; married Ruth, daughter of Resolved Waldron, and had six children. 2. Abraham, born 1656, removed in early manhood with his brother Jacobus to Esopus (Kingston), Ulster county, New York; became an elder in the church, and prominent in public affairs; married (first) Celeste, daughter of Cornelius Vernoye; (second) Elsie Tappan; seven children. 3. Isaac, born 1658; married Cornelia Evarts, of Albany, eight children, was deacon of the Har-

lem church; constable and commissioner. 4. Susannah, born about 1660; married Albert Hermans Bussing, two children. 5. Hester, born at Harlem, 1662; married Moses Le Count De Graf, and resided in Kingston. 6. Jacobus, of further mention.

(II) Jacobus (James), youngest child of Claude and Hester (Du Bois) Le Maitre, was born at Harlem, about 1665, died 1741. In 1680 he settled at Kingston, New York, where he resided in the section called Marbletown, on a farm of two hundred and ninety-six acres bought in 1715. He was trustee of Kingston village, and a devout member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married, in 1688, at Kingston, Gertrude, daughter of Martin Cornelis Ysselsteijn, of Claverack. Children: 1. Claude, of further mention. 2. Isaac, born June 3, 1694, died at Amenia, 1775; he was known as Captain Isaac, served in the French and Indian war; was justice of the peace; married his cousin, Rebecca De Lamater. 3. Martha, November 8, 1696. 4. Jacobus, 1699. 5. Martin, 1701, married Elizabeth Nottingham. 6. Bata, 1705; married John Leg. 7. Hester, 1706. 8. Cornelius, 1708; married Catalyna Osterhout. 9. Jannetke, 1711; married Joris Middagh. 10. Susannah, 1713; married Thomas Nottingham.

(III) Claude (2), eldest son of Jacobus and Gertrude (Ysselsteijn) De Lamater (as the name was then written), was born 1692, died at Claverack, New York, 1770. He resided on the farm at Claverack left him by his father, who divided the Marbletown farm between his sons Isaac and Martin. Claude De Lamater married Christina ———, and had sons: Jeremiah Jacobus, John, Dirck; daughters: Gertrude, married John M. Van Valkenburgh; Catalina Christina, married John Van Deusen; Rachel, married John Leggett.

(IV) Dirck, son of Claude (2) and Christina De Lamater, was born at Claverack, died at Greenport, New York. He married Thryntie Osterhout and had issue, including a son Claudius.

(V) Claudius, son of Dirck and Thryntie (Osterhout) De Lamater, was born at Claverack, later settling at Greenport, New York. He was a farmer, and a strong supporter of the Whig party. He married ——— Elting and had issue.

(VI) Tunis Osterhout, son of Claudius and ——— (Elting) De Lamater, was born in Greenport, Columbia county, New York, where he died. He was a Whig and Republican, and a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married Mary (always known as Polly), daughter of Nicholas Decker, a

prominent, wealthy farmer of the town, descendant of one of the old families of the Hudson Valley. Twelve children, seven of whom grew to maturity: 1. Jane Ann. 2. Henry, see forward. 3. Christina, married Henry Scism. 4. Harriet D., married, February 14, 1876, Jacob Mandeville Rivenburg, born June, 1835, died December, 1900, a prominent merchant of Hudson. 5. George, of further mention. 6. Albert, born in Greenport, New York, 1842, died at Hudson, June 18, 1900; a merchant of Hudson; Republican in politics, member of the Dutch Reformed church, and of the Masonic order; married Albertina, daughter of Jeremiah and Ann Sagendorph; children: i. Maud, married John Lee, now of Oklahoma; two children: Jeannette, died in infancy, and Agatha; ii. Clarence, of Poughkeepsie. iii. Jessie, graduate of State Normal College, Albany, class of 1899; teacher in the public schools of New York City; iv. Jennie, twin of Jessie, graduate of the Nurses' Training School, Hudson Hospital. 7. Mary Adalah, married Luke Wynds, now a retired educator living in Fishkill, New York.

(VII) George, son of Tunis Osterhout and Mary (Decker) De Lamater, was born in Greenport, Columbia county, New York, June 17, 1838. He has followed farming on a very large scale and is an extensive and successful stock breeder and dealer. His farming operations included a large dairy, although the feature is not now so prominent. He is an ardent Republican, and supporter of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married, in 1865, Sarah Louise, daughter of Dr. Richard Henry Mesick, of Mellenville, a prominent physician noted for his skill and liberal treatment of those unable to pay for his services. Dr. Mesick married (first) ———; married (second) Mary Groot, of a prominent family of the town of Ghent; she died at the age of forty-five years; married (third) Mary, daughter of Dr. Elton Palmer, of Mellenville. Sarah Louise is the daughter of Dr. Mesick and his second wife, Mary Groot. Children of George and Sarah Louise De Lamater: 1. Harriet, married Martin H. Simmons, of Hillsdale, New York; children: Blanche Louise, a teacher, and Myrtle, a senior at Hillsdale Free School. 2. Harry, born August, 1867, a progressive, successful farmer of Hillsdale; married, March 19, 1894, Valona Tyler. 3. Andrew, August 25, 1870, educated at Troy Business College and for twelve years bookkeeper for his uncle, Jacob Rivenburg; now with the Van Deusen Company of Hudson. 4. Wilbur Mesick, January 22, 1880; a successful modern farmer with

farm in Hillsdale; married Lillian, daughter of James and Philena (Dickey) Benner; children: Ira George, born April, 1909; Douglas, May, 1910. 5. Ira George, of further mention.

(VIII) Ira George, son of George and Sarah Louise (Mesick) De Lamater, was born on the homestead farm (where his parents have lived ever since their marriage and where all their children were born) at Hillsdale, New York, September 1, 1883. He was educated in the public schools of Hillsdale and New Paltz Normal School, spending three years at the latter institution and graduating with honor, class of 1904. On the high recommendation of the principal of his alma mater, he secured a position as teacher and for two years taught at Hillsdale. Not being satisfied with a teacher's life he took a course at Eastman's Business College, took the necessary examinations, and was appointed, February 1, 1909, clerk in the railway mail service with headquarters at Albany. He has also land and farming interests that are cared for by others. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the North Hillsdale Methodist Episcopal Church. He is unmarried.

(VII) Henry De Lamater, eldest son of Tunis Osterhout (q. v.) and Mary (Decker) De Lamater, was born at the homestead farm in Columbia county, New York, January 7, 1820; died at Hudson, New York, April 5, 1900. He was educated in the public schools and spent his minor years on the farm. He later learned the carpenter trade and became a well-known contractor and builder. In connection with his trade and building operations, he owned and operated a farm in the town. He was a man of quiet tastes and habits; a member of the Dutch Reformed church, and a supporter of the Republican party. He figured little in public official life beyond serving as commissioner of highways. His character was of the highest and no man was more truly respected. He married, December 5, 1849, Cornelia, twin sister of Cornelius F. Moul. Children, five dying in infancy: 1. Charles, deceased. 2. Richard, born in Greenport, March 6, 1855; educated in the public schools, worked with his father on the farm, also learned the trade of carpenter; at the age of twenty-three years he went to Texas where he spent several years; then returned to Greenport where he was associated with his father in contracting and building; since 1900 he has been in business alone; he is a Republican in politics; he married, August 8, 1902, Anna M., daughter of Philip Coons, of Germantown; no issue. 3. Frank Spoon, of further mention. 4. Mary Louise,

married, December 12, 1882, Charles Henry, son of Charles and Frances Bronk, and grandson of Henry and Anna (Sharp) Bronk, of Stuyvesant Landing, New York, and grandson of Foy Bronk, a descendant of Jonas Bronk, one of the founders of upper New York in the region now known as the "Bronx"; Mr. Bronk resides in Hudson, where he is engaged in the jewelry business; children: Edward Henry, born March 15, 1884; in New York Central railroad employ, married, December 19, 1905, Blanche Westcott; Bessie Louise, born January 31, 1889, died October 16, 1889; Florence Cornelia, born December 20, 1894, died February 13, 1895.

(VII) Frank Spoor, third son of Henry and Cornelia (Moul) De Lamater, was born in Greenport, Columbia county, New York, on the home farm, September 17, 1856. He was educated in the public schools, and remained on the farm with his parents until 1879, when he purchased the homestead farm of his father, and until 1887 remained there, engaged in cultivating his own acres. In that year he removed to the city of Hudson. He had learned the carpenter's trade during the years spent with his father, and after his removal to Hudson worked at this trade, becoming a well-known building contractor. He has always been a Republican in politics, and while living in Greenport served as commissioner of highways, town clerk and inspector of elections; in 1887 he was appointed deputy sheriff of Columbia county, holding that position three years. He married, May 20, 1879, at Hudson, Mary A., born April 12, 1856, daughter of Thomas and Harriet (Clum) Lasher, of Germantown, New York, a descendant of Sebastian Loescher (Lasher),

(The Lasher Line).

Little is known further of Sebastian Loescher (Lasher) than he was in all probability a German; was at West Camp, now town of Sagerties, Ulster county, New York, in 1710; was in the list willing to stay at Livingston Manor, East Camp, now Germantown, Columbia county, on lands surveyed to them, date of August 26, 1724, and that his wife's name was Elizabeth. Children: 1. Sebastian, born 1696, married Elizabeth Livingston and had nine children. 2. Conrad, of further mention. 3. George, married Elizabeth Hemmon and had eight children. 4. Maria Elizabeth, born April (June) 1, 1710.

(II) Conrad, son of Sebastian and Elizabeth Lasher, was born in 1708. He married Angeline Sestis and had children, baptized at Athens, Germantown and Rhinebeck, New

York: 1. Gerrit, baptized December 29, 1723; lived at Germantown and served in the Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia, during the revolution. 2. Sebastian, of further mention. 3. John, baptized November 27, 1733; married, April 6, 1756, Christina Holtzappel. 4. Anna Maria, baptized March 6, 1735, died March 15, 1813. 5. George, baptized January 1, 1739. 6. Conrad, baptized January 18, 1741.

(III) Sebastian (2), son of Conrad and Angeline (Sestis) Lasher, was baptized 1729. He married Margaret Schumacher, April 4, 1748, and lived at Germantown, New York. Children: 1. Conrad B., baptized August 2, 1749, died 1824; served as a soldier of the revolution in the Tenth Regiment, Albany county militia, and was later second lieutenant of the First Regiment, Dutchess county troops; he married Catharine Clum. 2. John B., baptized November 28, 1756, died 1834; he was a soldier of the revolution, serving in the Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia; married Annie Moore. 3. Jacob B., of further mention. 4. Philip B., baptized October 29, 1774; married Catharine Moore; four children. 5. George B., died 1849; was a soldier of the revolution, serving in the Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia; married Christina Clum. 6. Christina. 7. Peter B., married Gertrude Lasher. 8. Sebastian. 9. Mark, married Christina Best. 10. Adam, married Catharine Schoonmaker.

(IV) Jacob B., son of Sebastian (2) and Margaret (Schumacher) Lasher, was baptized August 22, 1773, died 1857. He made his will May 5, 1853, proved July 9, 1857. He married (first) Maria Saulpaugh (second), when about fifty-seven years of age, Catherine, widow of Jacob Finger. Children, all by first wife: 1. Maria, baptized June 8, 1799. 2. Jacob (2), baptized June 17, 1801; married Catharine Malinda Rifenberg. 3. Elizabeth, baptized November 12, 1805, died 1831. 4. Elias, baptized July 3, 1808; married Polly E. Rockefeller. 5. Thomas, of further mention. 6. Sally, baptized May 20, 1815, married Jacob I. Lasher. 7. Ephraim, baptized July 19, 1818; married Jane A. Cole.

(V) Thomas, son of Jacob B. and Maria (Saulpaugh) Lasher, was baptized April 17, 1812, died October 21, 1881. He was a resident of Germantown, New York. He married, December 4, 1839, Harriet Clum, born November 16, 1816, died November 28, 1874. Children: 1. Cyrus, born February 17, 1841; married, in 1862, Ella Gaul, and resided at East Greenbush, New York. 2. Eugene, born March 27, 1843; married, in 1873, Mary L. Tomlinson, and removed to Webster City,

Iowa. 3. Jacob C., born January 7, 1845; married Katherine E. Van Bramer, and lived in Webster City, Iowa; children: Irving and T. Earl. 4. Caroline, born August 28, 1846; married, 1873, Charles S. Pratt, and lived in Pittsfield, Massachusetts; child, Mary A. 5. Thomas, born March 31, 1850; lives at Webster City, Iowa, unmarried. 6. Frances, born May 5, 1853; married, in 1874, Charles Van Buren, and lived at Wilmington, Delaware; child, Harriet. 7. Mary A., born April 12, 1856; married, May 20, 1879, Frank Spoor De Lamater; child, Alice Cornelia, born June 27, 1883, educated in the public and high school of Hudson, learned telegraphy; now (1911) manager of the Hudson offices of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

The ancestors of the Salisbury family of Catskill, New York, is Silvester Salisbury, born in England or Wales about the year 1629. That he was a kinsman of the ancient family of Salisbury in Denbigshire, Wales, is proven by his coat-of-arms, which he brought with him from the mother country, and which is now in the possession of his descendants in Catskill. This coat-of-arms is carved in hard wood, and except that the demi lion in the crest does not hold a crescent or, in its paws is identical with the coat-of-arms of the Welsh Salisburys. Two swords or rapiers also brought by Silvester Salisbury are preserved in the family, one stamped 1544 and in a hollow near the hilt is the word "Sachgum." The other sword bears the date 1616. Another heirloom is the portrait of Anne Boleyn, second wife of Henry VIII; said to have been painted by Holbein. That he was well educated is shown by his letters. In 1664 Silvester Salisbury, being an ensign in the English army, took part in the conquest of the New Netherland. In 1670 he was sent either as lieutenant or captain to take command of Fort Albany, and was almost immediately appointed schout fiscal of Rensselaerwyck. The next year he aided in making a treaty of peace between the Mohawks and the Indians of New England. Soon afterward he was appointed one of the justices of the peace of Albany. In 1673 he was forced to surrender his post to the Dutch, who sent him a prisoner to Spain, at that time an ally of the United Provinces. During the next year he was released; returned to New York, and placed in command of his old post. In 1675 he was sent to England as bearer of dispatches to the king. He was probably chosen for this mission on account of his gentle birth. He was most graciously re-

ceived by the Duke of York, to whom he had been commended by Sir Edmond Andros. He returned to New York in the spring bearing letters from the duke to the governor of the province. In one of the letters the duke wrote, "I send you this by the hand of Captain Salisbury; of him I have a good character and therefore would have you remember him, upon any fit occasion for his advantage in my service." Since 1677 he in company with Marte Gerritse Van Bergen became the purchaser of an immense estate at Catskill, included within the boundary of the "Catskill Patent." But before a patent was obtained for their purchase Silvester Salisbury died. The date is unknown, but it was between August 26, 1679, the date of his will, and March 24, 1680, the day on which his widow was confirmed as executrix of his will. He married, in 1669, Elizabeth, daughter of Peter Cornelise Beck, a master carpenter from Rotterdam. She survived him and married (second) Cornelius Van Dyck, a physician of Albany. He died in 1687 and in 1691 she married (third) Captain George Bradshaw, of the English army. Children of Captain Silvester Salisbury: 1. Pieter, baptized in New York, March 15, 1676, died in infancy. 2. Mary, born August 5, 1678; married, in New York, May 15, 1701, Jacob Marius Groven; she was living in 1755. 3. Francis, of further mention. 4. Silvester (2), died leaving no issue.

(II) Francis, son of Captain Silvester and Elizabeth (Beck) Salisbury, was born in 1679. He became of age in 1700, but did not enter into possession of his father's estate in Catskill for several years thereafter, as it passed through a long and severe legislation before its boundary was finally settled by the court of error. While still a lordly domain, much of it was lost by the line being established by circular instead of straight lines of a specified distance. In the division between the Salisbury and the Van Bergen families, Francis took the northern portion of the lowlands, which included the plain on the Katskill between the highway from Leeds to Kaaterskill and Wolcotts Mills. It contained forty thousand acres in what is now the town of Leeds. Prior to coming into his inheritance, Francis lived at Albany and Kingston. In the autumn of 1699 he enlisted as a private soldier for the defence of the frontier against a threatened invasion by the French. In 1703 he removed to Catskill and was appointed supervisor of the district between the Inbogat and the northern bounds of Cox-sackie. Two years later he built the Salisbury mansion on the northeastern side of the

Windham turnpike on the terrace beyond Leeds. It was then the largest and most costly house between Albany and Newburg. Its walls were of massive stone quarried from the sandstone ledge in the neighborhood and pierced with loopholes, reminders of the days when all lived in terror of the Indians. Under the eaves are the initials of the builders and the date of building in letters of wrought iron, F.S. 1.7.0.5. Here Francis Salisbury lived until his death, about 1755. He married Maria, daughter of Abraham Van Gaasbeck, of Kingston, New York. She died in 1756. Children, all baptized in Kingston, except William. 1. Laurentia, baptized June 2, 1695, died young. 2. Sylvester, October 10, 1697, died unmarried, January 1738-39. 3. Abraham, December 17, 1699, married, November 6, 1730, Rachel, daughter of Wessel Ten Broeck. 4. Peter, April 25, 1703, died young. 5. Lourens (Lawrence), August 18, 1706; married, January 2, 1735, Anna Maria Van Gaasbeck. 6. William, January 30, 1709, died young. 7. Elizabeth, August 3, 1712, married Rensselaer Nichols. 8. William, of further mention.

(III) William, son of Francis and Maria (Van Gaasbeck) Salisbury, was baptized in Kingston, December 25, 1714, died 1801. He received by his father's will the farm of Potick with the house which stands near the tollgate. The house built of stone was erected in 1730 by Francis Salisbury for his son Abraham, and was originally a story and a half high. He married, March 27, 1740, Teuntje (Eunice), daughter of Barent and Neeltje Garritse (Van Denberg) Staats. Children: 1. Sylvester, baptized in Albany, January 27, 1741, died 1815-16, at the house of his brother Abraham at Leeds, Greene county, New York; he married, in 1764, Neeltje Staats and had eleven children. 2. Francis, baptized at Catskill, October 8, 1742, died before the date of his father's will; married, January 27, 1772, Elsie, daughter of Joachim Staats, and had six children. 3. Neeltje, baptized in Catskill, November 23, 1744, died November 3, 1825; married, December, 1763, Henry, son of Pieter and Christina (Costar) Van Bergen, and had nine children. 4. Maria, baptized in Kingston, October 12, 1746, married Nicholas Staats. 5. Barent Staats, baptized in Albany, April 3, 1749, died April 11, 1797; in 1776 he was appointed first lieutenant in First Regiment of the New York line and remained in the service during the war of the revolution. He served with distinction at the battles of Saratoga, Monmouth and at Yorktown. He married, October 13, 1782, Sara, daughter of Solomon

and Margaret (Sammons) Du Bois, and had three children. 6. Elizabeth, baptized in Albany, May 12, 1751. 7. Annatie, baptized in Catskill, January 7, 1756, died young. 8. Catrina, baptized in Catskill, March 25, 1758, died December 16, 1809; married Benjamin, son of Solomon and Margaret (Sammons) DuBois, and had seven children. 9. Abraham, of whom further. 10. Laurens, baptized in Catskill, September 28, 1760, died February 10, 1825; married Nancy, daughter of James Barker, of Freehold, and had three children. 11. William, baptized in Catskill, July 24, 1763; unmarried.

(IV) Abraham, son of William and Teuntje (Staats) Salisbury, was baptized in Catskill, October 3 or 8, 1758, died June 16, 1825. He inherited the Salisbury homestead and the land adjoining, including the farm of Potick with the stone house built in 1730 by the first Francis for his son Abraham. He married (first) Hannah Staats; (second) December 1, 1799, Rachel Eltinge, widow of ——— Van Dusen; she died April 11, 1844, in her eighty-sixth year. Children of second wife: 1. Anna, born June 13, 1800; married, December, 1825, Henry Lane. 2. William, of further mention.

(V) William, son of Abraham and Rachel Eltinge (Van Dusen) Salisbury, was born August 13, 1801, in the old Salisbury homestead at Leed or "Old Catskill," died at Catskill, May 12, 1883. At the decease of his father he inherited a large tract of land in the most fertile part of the Catskill patent. His home at Leeds was the mansion built by Francis Salisbury, before mentioned, where he resided until overtaken by severe financial reverses, when he left the old farm and removed to the village of Catskill, which was his home until death. Throughout his active life he was connected with the militia of the county and advanced through all grades of service from sergeant in 1822 to lieutenant-colonel of the Third Regiment; brigadier-general, commissioned July 15, 1835, by Governor William A. March, and major-general of the Eighth Division by Governor Silas Wright, January 17, 1845. His agricultural operations were conducted on a very extensive scale, and his connection with the Greene County Agricultural Society and the American Institute continued throughout his active life. He was progressive in his methods as a farmer and stock breeder, and his operations along these lines marked an era in the way of local development. He was extremely benevolent and a great lover of nature, particularly of trees, flowers and domestic animals. He was a faithful member of the Dutch Re-

formed church, serving the old church at Leeds as deacon, and was one of its most liberal supporters. His home at Catskill contained many relics of the past, among them a portrait of Queen Anne Boleyn; the arms of the family carved in wood, brought from Europe by Captain Silvester Salisbury, together with Indian deeds and land grants. General Salisbury married Jane Mairs, born 1813, died 1886, daughter of Rev. James Mairs, a minister of Galway, Saratoga county, New York. Children: 1. Rachel E., died in 1909. 2. James, died in Memphis, Tennessee. 3. William, died in infancy. 4. William L., died in St. Louis, Missouri. 5. Elizabeth M., resides in Catskill. 6. Eli H., died in Michigan. 7. Romeyn, resides in Brooklyn; engaged in wall-paper business; married Lillie M. Kenyon, of Brooklyn, New York; children: i. Jane K., wife of Harold W. Chapman, and has Chester and Thayer; Albert T.; Helen M. 8. Anna, resides in Catskill, New York.

Pearson and Munsell, in
VAN ZANDT their early families of Albany and Schenectady,

say this name is of Spanish origin and that in the earliest records the name was Van Santen and Van Sant. The first record given is of Jan and Jannetje Van Zandt, who had sons, Johannes and Joseph. Johannes married Margarita Vanderpoel and about 1693 removed to New York.

(II) Joseph, son of Jan and Jannetje Van Zandt, was a Spaniard by birth and was naturalized December 6, 1715. He was buried October 16, 1753. He married Sentje Marcellis in 1688. Children baptized: Jannetje, August 11, 1689; Anna, May 4, 1693; Gerrit, October 24, 1695; married (first) Antje Van Den Bergh, (second) Hester Winne; Maria, January 2, 1698; Anthony, October 27, 1700, buried September 2, 1751; Celia, August 1, 1703; David, August 6, 1704; Gysbert, of further mention; Celia, June 12, 1709; Johannes, married Sara Hilton.

(III) Gysbert, son of Joseph and Sentje (Marcellis) Van Zandt, was baptized December 22, 1706. He married, February 22, 1740, Margarietje Kaarn (Carel). Children baptized: Joseph, January 11, 1741, married, November 13, 1766, Rebecca DeGarmo; Hendrick, of further mention; Marytje, October 25, 1747; Elizabeth, April 26, 1752.

(IV) Hendrick (Henry), son of Gysbert and Margarietje (Kaarn) (Carel) Van Zandt, was baptized October 24, 1742. He was a farmer of Albany county. He married Temperance, daughter of William John and ———

(Bradt) Shutta. Temperance lived with Francis Moak, an officer of the revolutionary war, whose grandson James married a niece of Temperance. During the absence of Francis with the army the two women were left alone; one night they were alarmed by seeing the face of an Indian at the window; they were greatly frightened and falling upon their knees prayed for protection; the Indians did not molest them further at that time nor afterward, the Indian chief saying the Moaks were their good friends and must not be molested. Children of Henry and Temperance Van Zandt: Henry; Joseph, of further mention; David; John and several daughters.

(V) Joseph, son of Henry and Temperance (Shutta) Van Zandt, was a boot and shoemaker of Jerusalem, a town of New Scotland, Albany county, near Feurabush, New York. His lot in the Dutch cemetery was bought June 21, 1871, which is supposed to be about the time of his death. While tradition is that the Van Zandts were of French descent, Joseph spoke the Dutch language and was considered one of the Dutch settlers. He married Catherine Long. She was related to the Wynkoop, and a sister married an Ambergman of Jamaica, Long Island. Children: 1. Peter Henry, of further mention. 2. James Edward, born in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, died in Rockford, Illinois. He married (first) Emma Wager; (second) Mary E. Stewart; no issue by either marriage.

(VI) Peter Henry, son of Joseph and Catherine (Long) Van Zandt, was born in Jerusalem, town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, July 9, 1836, died January 14, 1907. He was a shoemaker by trade and a merchant at Eagle Mills, to which place he removed when a young man. He married, at Jerusalem, November 19, 1859, Mary Esther, daughter of Robert Stafford. Robert Stafford was born August 21, 1816, died June 30, 1884, a son of Elnathan Stafford, of Vermont, a soldier of 1812, who married Mary Ann, daughter of Henry Zeh, of Berne, Albany county, New York. Children of Peter Henry Van Zandt: 1. Charles Edward, born at Eagle Mills, New York, August 29, 1860; educated in the public schools; was with his father for nine years until 1888, when he removed to Troy, where he was a bookkeeper for fourteen years; he became secretary and assistant treasurer for the "Burt Shirt Manufacturing Company," of Troy, in 1899; in 1910 the company reorganized as the "Burt Shirt Company," headquarters at Troy, New York, in which he holds the same offices; in 1904 the Van Zandt, Jacobs Company was

organized, of which he is secretary. He is a Prohibition Republican, and ran for comptroller of Troy on the Prohibition ticket. He is a member of the Church of Christ, of which he is trustee. He married, December 17, 1883, Viola Hedden, born February 20, 1863, died July 28, 1908; no issue. 2. Clarence Elmer, of whom further. 3. Edna May, a graduate of Hiram College, Ohio (in music); married, June 23, 1907, Howard Norman Conrad; child, Ralph, born August 29, 1908.

(VII) Clarence Elmer, youngest son of Peter Henry and Mary Esther (Stafford) Van Zandt, was born at Eagle Mills, Rensselaer county, New York, November 7, 1861. He was educated in the public schools, and Albany State Normal College, graduating therefrom in class of 1880. He taught school for a short time, then became a bookkeeper and cashier of the Boston Store of Troy, New York. About 1890, in company with John E. Jacobs, he founded a collar business, beginning in a small way, and this increased steadily until it assumed its present large proportions, the industry now (1910) giving employment to some fifteen hundred people. In 1904 the Van Zandt, Jacobs Company was incorporated for the manufacture of shirts, collars and cuffs. Mr. Van Zandt is president of the company, vice-president of the Albia Box Company, treasurer of the Burt Shirt Company, and director of the National State Bank of Troy. He is a man of great business capacity, and is a natural leader. He is a Prohibitionist in politics, and enforces his opinions with his ballot. He is a member and elder of the Church of Christ, and devoted to its tenets. He is prominent in the Masonic order, holding thirty-second degree Scottish Rite, and a member of the lodge, chapter and commandery of the York Rite. He is a member of the Troy Club. He married, June 15, 1884, Carrie Derrick Abbott, born in Rensselaer county, New York, daughter of Henry and Martha J. (Derrick) Abbott. Children: Gladys A., now senior at Vassar College; Marjorie, now senior at the Emma Willard School. The sisters will graduate the same day in 1911.

DOWNING The progenitor of the Downings of Troy, New York, was David Downing, born in County Tyrone, and raised in Ireland. He came to Troy when a young man, direct from his native land. He prospered in his adopted city, and owned a plant suitable for general teaming purposes. He married Jane McCrossan, of Glasgow, Scotland. Children: 1. Eliza, married William McGillivray, of Troy;

children: Margaret E., Leila Kate, Edward Otto; Eliza is buried in Rural cemetery, Albany. 2. Sarah Jane, unmarried; buried in Mount Ida cemetery. 3. Harriet Blatchford, born in Troy, 1851; married John S. Macklin, of Watervliet; they removed to St. Louis, Missouri, where he died February 21, 1906, aged fifty-six; no issue. 4. John J., served in the civil war; buried at Mount Ida cemetery. 5. David Smith, served in the civil war; buried at Mount Ida cemetery. 6. Samuel Hamilton, served in the civil war; buried at Harrison's Landing. 7. Edward Halley, see forward.

(II) Edward Halley, youngest son of David and Jane (McCrossan) Downing, was born in Troy, New York, in 1849, died in that city, 1903, and is buried in Oakwood cemetery. He was educated in public and private schools. He entered the employ of the Burdens in their mills where he was employed until 1864. In that year he enlisted in Company A, Twenty-first Regiment, New York Cavalry, and went to the front during the civil war. He was wounded in a skirmish and taken prisoner, was confined in Libby prison for a time, but the end of the war coming soon after his imprisonment he did not partake of the earlier horrors of the historic prison. After the war he returned to Troy and obtained an appointment as letter carrier. He remained but a short time, then again entered the employ of the Burdens, where he was in charge of one of their most important inventions, the horseshoe-making machine. Later he entered the employ of William Kemp, of Troy, engaged in the manufacture of articles of brass composition. He remained with William Kemp until his retirement about five years prior to his decease. He was a member of the Park Presbyterian Church of Troy, and a Republican, but took no active part in politics. He married Anna Brown, daughter of John Cantrell, of Troy. Child: Harold Kemp, of whom further.

(III) Harold Kemp, only child of Edward Halley and Anna Brown (Cantrell) Downing, was born in Troy, New York, September 21, 1875. He was educated in the public schools of Troy, New York, and began his business career as messenger boy in the National State Bank of Troy, rising through successive promotion until February 1, 1898, when he was appointed receiving teller of the Manufacturers' National Bank, where he remained until December, 1901. At the organization of the Troy Trust Company in the latter year he was elected assistant secretary and treasurer. In 1907 he was elected treasurer, an office he is now (1910) filling. His

entire business life has been spent in banking, and he occupies a commanding position among the financier of his native city and state. He is also assistant treasurer of the Rensselaer Improvement Company of Troy. He served in the Troy Citizens Corps from 1894 to 1900, ranking as corporal. He is a member of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, and in politics a Republican. He stands high in the Masonic order, both in the York and Scottish Rites, belonging to Commandery, Consistory and Shrine. Is a member of the Masonic Club of Troy and the Commercial Travelers' Association, and president of the Alumni Association of the Troy High School. He married, June 1, 1899, Jennie Riggs, daughter of Cornelius Luckerhoff, of Boston. Mr. Luckerhoff was manager of a large estate in Boston, but in 1908 settled in Troy; he married Gertrude, daughter of — and Eleanor Riggs. Harold Kemp and Jennie (Riggs) Downing have a daughter Eleanor.

Edward Hogben was born in
OGDEN Sandgate, England; married and had children: Charlotte, Thomas, George, Eliza and Edward.

(II) Edward (2), son of Edward (1) Hogben, was born in Sandgate, England, November 11, 1826, died in Albany, New York, September 23, 1900. He was an architect by profession, and a man of good education and fine ability. He came to the United States and settled in Albany, where he followed his profession. In some manner the name after coming to Albany became Ogden, and as such he was known everywhere. He admitted his son Charles G. to a partnership under the firm name of Ogden & Son, architects. He married Julia Hand (see Hand VII), born 1827, now living in Albany, New York. Children: Edward (3), deceased; Mary, married George H. Stevens, of Albany, child, Ogden Stevens; Jennie, deceased; Charles G., of further mention.

(III) Charles G., son of Edward (2) and Julia (Hand) Ogden, was born in Albany, New York, January 25, 1858. He was educated at Albany in a private school and at the Boys' Academy, continuing his studies there until seventeen years of age. At eighteen he began the study of architecture with his father, and in 1892 was admitted to a partnership. The firm of Ogden & Son established offices at 61 State street, and conducted a large and successful business. After the death of Edward Ogden in 1900, Charles G. continued the business alone at the same location. During his professional career, Mr.

Ogden has planned many noted buildings in Albany, in New York state and throughout the United States. Some of his more important works in Albany include St. John's Roman Catholic Church in the South End; Academy of The Holy Name and the Young Women's Christian Association building. He married, September 6, 1881, Lizzie D., daughter of Peter Kinnear, of Albany. Children: Kenneth, born March 3, 1884; Jane, September 6, 1893.

(The Hand Line).

The Hands originally came from England, settling at Lynn, Massachusetts. The tradition is that the emigrant ancestor returned to England to obtain his share of some property which he inherited in common with others, and on his return voyage was murdered. He left two sons, of whom John of Easthampton is the progenitor of the family here recorded. The English arms of the family are: "Argent, a chevron azure between three hands, gules. Crest; on a wreath argent and gules a buck trippant or."

John Hand was one of the nine first settlers of Easthampton, Long Island, coming as did five others from Lynn, Massachusetts. He was originally from the village of Stansted in the county of Kent, England. The exact date of his coming to Easthampton is not known, but a power of attorney given by him is dated October 31, 1649, which is probably the year after the settlement. His name appears on a whaling list at Southampton in 1644. One of the oldest deeds on record in Easthampton is dated 1660 for lands purchased by John Hand and others from the Indians. He died 1663. He married Alice, sister of Josiah Stanbrough, one of the early settlers of Southampton. Children: John, Stephen, Mary, Joseph of further mention, Benjamin, Thomas, Shamgar and James.

(II) Joseph, son of John and Alice (Stanbrough) Hand, was born 1638, died January, 1724. He removed to Guilford, Connecticut, the other children are supposed to have remained on Long Island. He married, 1664, Jane, daughter of Benjamin and Jane Wright, of Killingworth, Connecticut. Children: Sarah, born March 2, 1666, died 1751; Jane, September 9, 1668, died December 13, 1683; Joseph (2), April 2, 1671; Benjamin, February 8, 1673; Stephen, of further mention; Elizabeth, March 12, 1677, married Benjamin Wright; Silence, March 12, 1679, married Ephraim Wilcox; Annie, July 10, 1683, married Jonathan Wright; Jane, April 25, 1686, married Cornelius Dowd.

(III) Stephen, son of Joseph and Jane (Wright) Hand, born February 8, 1670, died



Edw. W. Mabey



J. H. Call

in Guilford, Connecticut, August 14, 1755. He married (first) November 6, 1700, Sarah Wright, died September 18, 1706. Children: Joseph, died young; Joseph (2), of further mention; Mary, born October 30, 1704, married Josiah Meigs; Sarah, September 9, 1706; Stephen. He married (second) November 16, 1708, Sarah, daughter of Abraham Pierson, of Killingworth, Connecticut. Children: Stephen, born June 13, 1710; Abigail, October 20, 1712, married Daniel Bradley.

(IV) Joseph (2), son of Stephen and Sarah (Wright) Hand, was born in Guilford, Connecticut, January 10, 1703. He married, August 31, 1731, Hannah, daughter of Nathaniel Holabird. Children: Sarah, died young; Sarah (2), died young; Samuel, born February 5, 1736; Sarah (3), March 30, 1744, married William Throop; Joseph, of further mention; Hannah, December 28, 1753, married Jared Leet.

(V) Joseph (3), son of Joseph (2) and Hannah (Holabird) Hand, was born April 15, 1749. He married, May 8, 1771, Prudence Wright. Children: Luman, Stephen, Prucia, Sarah, Arminda, Elizabeth, Huldah, Josiah, of further mention.

(VI) Josiah, son of Joseph (3) and Prudence (Wright) Hand, was born about 1790. He married Jane Pierson and had issue.

(VII) Julia, daughter of Josiah and Jane (Pierson) Hand, was born 1827. She married Edward (2) Ogden (Hogben).

The early spelling of this name MABEE was Mebie, and in that form was borne by Jan Pieter Mebie, the Dutch ancestor, who was of Schenectady, New York, at an early date. His home lot in the village was on the east side of Church street, next door to the Dutch church. He also had farm land on the Third Flat on the south side of the Mohawk, eight miles above Schenectady. The house on the farm, known as the "Old Mebie House," was built or at least its stone walls date from 1670-80, and is doubtless the oldest house in the Mohawk Valley. In 1697 Rode, a Mohawk Sachem, called Dirk by the settlers, with the consent of all the other Indians, granted eighty acres on both sides of Schoharie Creek to Jan Pieter Mebie, who married Anna Pietrese, daughter of Pieter Jacobus Borsboom. He made his will, April 3, 1725, died April 8, following. Children: Pieter, of further mention; Catherine, married Arent Samuelse Bratt, died 1773, aged eighty-two years, two months, seventeen days; Annetje, baptized April 16, 1693, in Albany, married Helmers Veeder; Abra-

ham, baptized June 26, 1695; Engletie, November 10, 1697, married Pieter Danielse Van Antwerp; Jacob, baptized May 5, 1700, died April 18, 1755; Maritje, married Cornelis Van Dyck; Margaret.

(II) Pieter, son of Jan Pieter and Anna P. (Borsboom) Mebie, was baptized in Albany, New York, January 20, 1686. He settled on the north side of the Mohawk river on "Arent Mebie's Kill," just north of the stone bridge on the New York Central railroad. He married, November 12, 1721, Susanna, daughter of Arent Vedder. Children baptized: Anna, October 26, 1722, married Abraham Van Antwerpen; Sara, March 21, 1725, married Abraham Yates; Johannes, January 19, 1728; Arent, 1729; Margarieta, April 15, 1733; Marietta, October 13, 1734; Hermanus, October 9, 1737; Maria, April 13, 1740; Petrus, November 14, 1742; Rebecca, October 6, 1745, married Simon Van Antwerpen.

(III) Jan (Johannes), son of Pieter and Susanna (Vedder) Mebie, was born January 10, baptized January 19, 1728, died November 24, 1796, and was buried in the Fifth Flat. He married, December 13, 1755, Alida, daughter of Simon Toll, a revolutionary soldier who served under Colonel Philip Schuyler, First Regiment, and in the Fourteenth under Colonel John Knickerbocker. Children baptized: Susanna, May 2, 1757; Simon, August 2, 1761, died young; Pieter, August 5, 1764, "a practitioner of physic"; Hesje, November 9, 1766; Simon, August 13, 1769. The family residence had up to 1705 been in and around Schenectady. In that year "John Mabie was granted eighty acres of land in the town of Glen, and in 1722 a tract of six hundred acres was granted to his brother Peter (Petrus)." Jan and Peter are believed to have been the first permanent white settlers in the town of Glen, Tryon county, now Montgomery county, New York.

(IV) Simon, son of Jan and Alida (Toll) Mabie, was born July 21, 1769, at Westina, Albany county, and baptized August 13, 1769. In 1799 he was a resident of the town of Charleston, with his wife, Susannah. About 1797 he and his brother Pieter built the first sawmill and carding machine in that section. (This is now the town of Glen, Montgomery county.) In 1799 Jan (John) sold his land there, and probably returned to Schenectady. He served in the revolutionary war as a private of the Second Regiment, Albany county militia, Colonel Abraham Wemple commanding. He married Susannah Nexsen, and had issue: Catherine G., George J. W., Jacob S. G. and Elias A. N.

(V) George James Warner, son of Si-

mon and Susannah (Nexsen) Mabee, was born in the town of Charleston, Montgomery county, New York, February 16, 1814, died September 25, 1870. He was educated in the public schools, and became a merchant of New York City with a home in Brooklyn. He was a member of the wholesale drug firm of Williams, Mabee & Clapp, whose place of business "at Old Slip" was totally destroyed in the disastrous fire that devastated New York City in 1835. Later he engaged in the same business under his own firm name. He married Margaret Tiers Nostrand, born February 7, 1818, died September 27, 1900, daughter of Foster and Christianna (Tiers) Nostrand, of the old New York family. Children: 1. Foster Nostrand, born December 6, 1839, educated in the public schools, enlisted in the Seventh Regiment New York Volunteers, April 18, 1861, went to the front with his regiment and served through three campaigns and is a member of the Seventh Regiment Veteran Association. For eighteen years he was chief paymaster for the Erie railroad with headquarters at Owego, Tioga county, New York, which is still his legal home. Since 1896 he has been statistician of the New York state department of excise, created in that year. He is a member of the Masonic order, in which he holds high position; is past master of Friendship Lodge, No. 153; past high priest of Jerusalem Chapter, No. 47, both of Owego; past eminent commander of Malta Commandery, No. 21, Binghamton; past grand commander of New York State Grand Commandery, Knights Templar; thirty-second degree Mason of Corning Consistory; a charter member of Mecca Temple, New York City, and past grand sword bearer of the New York Grand Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. Politically a Republican, and in religious faith an Episcopalian. He married Sarah Elizabeth Campbell and his children: Susan Campbell and Marian Bowers. 2. Edward Tiers, born March 22, 1841, died August 12, 1843. 3. George J. W., born October 26, 1842, resident of Denver, Colorado. 4. Emily Tiers, born May 8, 1844, married George Cronyn, whom she survives, a resident of Brooklyn, New York. 5. Julia Bach, born April 5, 1846, married Edward Schofield, and resides in Brooklyn, New York. 6. Douglass William, of further mention. 7. Addie Tiers, born December 27, 1851, died January 16, 1897. 8. Maggie Nostrand, born September 12, 1853, died October 21, 1862. 9. Courtland Babcock, born July 21, 1855. 10. John Allston, born May 25, 1857, died September 13, 1899. 11. William Marsh, born January 30, 1859.

(VII) Douglass William, son of George James Warren and Margaret Tiers (Nostrand) Mabee, was born in Brooklyn, New York, March 5, 1848. He was educated in the public schools, and entered business life as a clerk in his father's wholesale drug house in New York City. For several years he was ticket agent for the Erie railroad at Binghamton, New York. After his marriage he became manager of the estate of his father-in-law, George West, of Ballston Spa, New York, and now resides at Saratoga Springs. He is a member of Saratoga Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks of Saratoga; Knights of Pythias, of Ballston Spa; member of Saratoga Club, Eutopian Club of Ballston and the Republican Club of New York City. He is vice-president of the Adirondack Trust Company, of Saratoga, director of the First National Bank of Ballston Spa, director of the National Folding Box & Paper Company of New Haven, Connecticut. He married, October 13, 1875, Florence Louise, daughter of Hon. George and Louisa West, of Ballston Spa. Children: 1. Louisa West, married William P. Boone; they have three children: Douglass M., John Rowan, Florence Mabee. 2. George West, married Blanche Aiken Wiley. 3. Douglass Walter, married Edna L. Marvin; they have one child, Edna Louise. 4. Alfred Lounsbury. 5. Florence Jane, married C. H. R. Compton; two children: William R. and Douglass M. 6. David Walton. 7. Margaret Nostrand.

The Odell family, so long occupying a prominent place in the county of Westchester, New York, descend from William Odell, who was of Concord, Massachusetts, 1630. He came to New England with the Rev. Peter Bulkley, who was rector of the parish of Odell in Bedfordshire, England, 1620. William Odell died at Fairfield, Connecticut, June, 1676, and from his sons John and William the Westchester family spring. The family have been eminent in war, politics and business.

Jonathan Odell, the Patriot, great-grandfather of William Odell, owned a large estate in the town of Greenburg, Westchester county, and lived in the old Stone Inn, still standing on the roadside at Albottsford just below Irvington. This old Odell Inn at Albottsford was erected by Captain John Harmse probably as early as 1693. It is noted as having been the building in which a session of the provincial assembly was held August 31, 1776. Jonathan Odell served in Colonel Samuel Drake's regiment, Westchester county militia, as did many of his sons and nephews.

He was held a prisoner in the old Sugar House Prison at New York City for a time and suffered much loss of property from the depredations of the British General Vaughn and his troops. Jackson Odell, also a soldier of the revolution, was probably a brother of Jonathan. The line of descent is thus traced.

(I) William Odell, of Concord, Massachusetts.

(II) William (2), son of William (1) Odell, married ——— Vowles.

(III) John, son of William (2) Odell, married Johanna Turner.

(IV) Johannes, son of John Odell, married Johanna Vermilye.

(V) Jackson, son of Johannes Odell, born in Westchester, New York, about 1735, served in the revolutionary war under Colonel Van Cortlandt. He lived and died in his native county, married and left a son, Jackson.

(VI) Jackson (2), son of Jackson (1) Odell, was born in Van Cortlandt, Westchester county, New York, in 1770, died there in middle life. He was a farmer. He married and had children: 1. John, of further mention. 2. William, a farmer of Peekskill, New York; married Hattie Ten Eyck. 3. Gilbert, married Kate Foster. 4. Nathan, lived and died a farmer of Westchester county; he married and had issue. 5. Sarah, married Hiram Booth.

(VII) John (2), eldest son of Jackson (2) Odell, was born in Van Cortlandt, Westchester county, New York, in 1790, died near Peekskill, New York, in 1845, and is buried with his wife in the old Van Cortlandt churchyard. He was a farmer, a Whig and member of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Nancy Foster, born in 1800, died in 1866, daughter of Robert and Martha Foster, both of Westchester county, where they died, leaving children: Nancy, Kate, Phoebe, Charlotte, Ruth, Robert, John and James, all of whom lived to mature years, married and reared families. Children of John and Nancy (Foster) Odell: 1. Isaac, died unmarried at the age of twenty-two years. 2. Sarah, married Jacob Lent, of Peekskill, New York, both now deceased; children: Arthur and Martha, both married and have families; residence Peekskill. 3. Martha, married Elias MacLean, and lived in Peekskill, where they died, leaving Jane, who married Captain L. C. Trott. 4. John W., of further mention.

(VIII) John W., son of John (2) and Nancy (Foster) Odell, was born on the Odell farm near Peekskill, New York, September 10, 1839. He grew up on the farm, and was educated in the schools of Peekskill. He was reared to habits of industry, and at the age of

eleven years was self-supporting. These habits of industry and thrift contributed in a large measure to his success in after life. He was not contented with a farmer's life, and leaving home began teaming and trucking. In this manner he secured a foothold in the business world, and made many friends who were disposed to help a young man of such energy as he displayed. In 1876 he sold his teaming outfit and came to Albany. Here he secured an appointment as special deputy sheriff and held that office eleven years. He saw an opportunity to increase his capital and purchased a small restaurant, which he operated for six years, when he disposed of it at a good profit. His next venture was in a large restaurant at Troy, New York, which he did not long operate, selling out and returning to Albany where he purchased the Globe Hotel Restaurant. Here he successfully continued the catering business for ten years, then retired after eighteen years spent as a caterer. During these years he had prospered and he invested his profits in real estate, to the management of which he now devotes his entire attention. He owns several apartment houses and other business renting dwellings in Albany and has other business interests. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Lodge, Chapter, Temple and Consistory, being a thirty-second degree Mason. Politically he is a Republican. He married (first) in Peekskill, Theodosia Hadden, born in Peekskill Valley, 1849, died in 1886, without issue. He married (second) in Albany, Sarah Coleman, born in Leicestershire, England, daughter of John and Fannie (Turner) Coleman, of old English families. She came to the United States in 1879, and is an earnest member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Albany, as is her husband. He served as steward for several years and since 1906 has been trustee. A handsome memorial window in the church is the gift of John W. and Sarah Odell.

The Dorrers are an ancient English family. Joseph Dorr, ancestor, came to America from England in 1670, took the oath of fealty at Pemaquid, purchased land in Boston in 1674, afterward removed to Roxbury, where he died.

The family in Albany herein traced descent from Edmund, son of Joseph Dorr, born in England, died in 1734, at the age of eighty-six years. He came to America in 1674, landed in Boston, later settling in Roxbury, Massachusetts, near Boston, where he became selectman and influential in town affairs. He married (first), 1679, Elizabeth Howley,

of Roxbury, born 1656, died 1719, in Roxbury. He married (second) Elizabeth D. Clapp, born 1669, died 1773. Children, all by first wife: 1. Edward, born 1680, died in infancy. 2. Ann, died in infancy. 3. Edward, died in infancy. 4. Edward, died in infancy. 5. ———, unmarried. 6. Edmund, born 1686, died in infancy. 7. Ebenezer, June 7, 1688, died in Roxbury, Massachusetts, February 25, 1761; married and left numerous descendants. 8. Rev. Joseph, 1690, died March 9, 1760; a graduate of Harvard College, was ordained to the ministry and settled over the church at Minden, Worcester county, Massachusetts, for forty years. His son, Joseph (2) Dorr, attained local eminence and left a notable posterity. He had several daughters all of whom married clergymen. 9. Edmund, of whom further. 10. Harbottle, born May 11, 1696; married and settled in Boston; children: Susannah, born January 24, 1725, died unmarried; Harbottle (2), born January 24, 1729, died unmarried. 11. Elizabeth, married ——— Scutt. 12. Clarence, born July 17, 1700; married, July 8, 1725, a daughter of Edmund Weld, and had six children.

(II) Edmund (2), ninth child of Edmund (1) and Elizabeth (Hawley) Dorr, was born in Roxbury, October 19, 1692. He settled in Lyme, Connecticut, where he died November 21, 1776. He married, in Lyme, September 24, 1719, Mary, born April 24, 1704, daughter of Matthew and Phoebe (Hyde) Griswold, of Lyme, both prominent families of early Connecticut. Children: 1. George, born August 4, 1720; was a lawyer and magistrate of Lyme for thirty-three years, and attorney for the king for thirty-three years; died 1786. 2. Rev. Edward, born November 2, 1722, a graduate of Yale College; married Helena, daughter of Governor Talcott, of Connecticut; he settled in Hartford, where he was pastor of the First Church; died there October 20, 1772, without issue. The Rev. Dorr is buried in the old Centre Church cemetery. The stone covering the Rev. Dorr's grave is a table monument, on which is cut the following inscription:

"Here lies interred the body of The Reverend Edward Dorr, the late Learned and Pious Pastor of the first church of Christ in Hartford, who departed this life Oct. 20th Anno Domini 1772 in the 50th year of his age and 25 of his ministry

And Jesus said I am the
Resurrection and the Life."

3. Matthew, of whom further. 4. Elizabeth, born 1725; married (second) Dr. Elisha Tracy, of Norwich, Connecticut. 5. Mary,

born 1727, died July 6, 1742. 6. Eve, born 1733; married George Griffin, of East Had-dam, Connecticut. 7. Deborah, born 1739, died 1768, unmarried.

(III) Matthew, third son of Edmund (2) and Mary (Griswold) Dorr, was born in Lyme, Connecticut, 1724, died at Athens, Ohio, 1801. He married (first) November 4, 1747, Elizabeth Palmer. She died about 1775. He married (second) Lydia Wood, died at Athens, Ohio, 1815. By first wife he had seven sons and three daughters; by second wife three sons and two daughters.

(IV) Elisha, son of Matthew and Elizabeth (Palmer) Dorr, was born in Lyme, Connecticut, March 27, 1764, died in Albany, New York, April 30, 1843. He came to Albany when a young man and became a furrier and dealt in furs and skins, many of which he bought of John Jacob Astor, a business he was engaged in until his retirement through advancing years. He was surrogate of Albany county, 1808-10, and an incorporator and director of the Mechanics' and Farmers' Bank. He was a member, deacon and elder of the First Presbyterian Church of Albany and a potent force for good in the city. He married, in Albany, Elizabeth Brouer, born 1776, died September 19, 1837. She was also a worker in the First Presbyterian Church. Children: 1. Palmer, born November 4, 1797, died July 30, 1840; unmarried; a graduate of Middlebury College, Connecticut; a physician of Albany. 2. Cornelius, born July 30, 1799, died September 17, 1820; unmarried; he was admitted to the bar, but died before establishing a practice. 3. Harriet, born December 25, 1802, died March 31, 1819. 4. Alfred, born March 27, 1806, died April 17, 1849; graduate of the United States Military Academy at West Point; married Mary C. Milderberger, died December 18, 1836, in her thirty-fourth year; children: i. Harriet, died in childhood; ii. Elizabeth, married James Dempsey, of Albany, and left two sons, William James and Elisha Dorr Dempsey, both of Newark, New Jersey; iii. Ellen R., born July 20, 1834, married William Livingston Ostrander, of Hudson, no issue. 5. Edmund, of whom further. 6. Elisha (2), born July 9, 1810, died October 2, 1882.

(V) Edmund (3), son of Elisha and Elizabeth (Brouer) Dorr, was born in Albany, New York, August 11, 1808, died October 10, 1881. He was educated in Albany and for many years was a commission merchant of that city. He, together with Arthur Root, of Albany, were promoters of the board of trade of Albany. He was an energetic, prosperous and public-spirited man, highly regarded in his

city. He was a Presbyterian, and a Republican but never active in political affairs. He was married in New Brunswick, New Jersey, April 26, 1836, by Rev. Dr. Howe, to Maria M. Englehart, born in New York, November 11, 1815, died near Albany, New York, June 7, 1888, a woman of strong mentality and high character, a member of the Presbyterian church and interested in many good causes. She was a daughter of George and Margaret (Hartell) Englehart, of New York City, the former of whom was a wholesale leather merchant of New York City, with Jacob H. Lorillard, who was his cousin. She was a granddaughter of George Englehart, who was twice married, one of his wives being Mary Lorillard of the well-known Lorillard family of New York and New Jersey. Children of Edmund and Maria M. Dorr: 1. Margaret Elizabeth, born March 19, 1838, on Ferry street, Albany, New York, then a noted residential street. She was educated in Albany private schools and Female Academy, and with her sister resides at Glenmont, near Albany, unmarried. 2. Emma Lorillard, born April 3, 1840, at the northeast corner of Swan and Lydins streets, now Madison avenue, Albany, the old home there being yet a landmark. She was educated in private schools and Female Academy, and now has her home in the most beautiful surroundings overlooking the Hudson Valley. The sisters are members of the Presbyterian church, and are women of culture and refinement.

This family has for several generations been prominent in the history of the town of Guilderland and Albany county, where the pioneer of the family settled prior to 1790. Michael Barckley, born in Germany, came when a young man to America, perhaps then the United States, settled on a farm in Guilderland, where he married and died in middle life. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He had a son Evert.

(II) Evert, son of Michael Barckley, was born in Guilderland about 1785, died there in 1816. He was a farmer and a member of the Reformed church. He married Gertrude Waldron, born April 27, 1793, died March 28, 1864. Children: Henry, of whom further; Henrietta, born 1814, died unmarried at the age of sixty-seven years. She survived her husband and married (second) Dr. Jonathan Johnson, an early practitioner of Guilderland. By her second husband she had children: Adeline, born 1818, died unmarried; George Young, born 1820, married Mrs. Ella Corbett, now of Binghamton, New York; Elizabeth,

born 1822, unmarried; Jane Ann, born 1824, unmarried.

(III) Henry, only son of Evert and Gertrude (Waldron) Barckley, was born in the town of Guilderland, Albany county, New York, in 1812. He learned the trade of blacksmith, which he followed in early life. He later purchased a farm in the town of Knox near the village. In 1856 he opened a general store, but continued the operation of his farm. He conducted a prosperous mercantile business, and accumulated a substantial fortune. He was prominent in the politics of his town, being a Whig and later a Republican. He was town clerk, supervisor and postmaster for many years. He was a man of sterling character and held in universal esteem. He was an active member of the Reformed church which he served as elder. He was a big-hearted, generous soul, and none were turned away empty-handed that appealed to him for aid. He was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and took a deep interest in that order. He married in Guilderland, Magdalene (or Madeline) Livingston, born 1814, died in Knox, December 6, 1900, daughter of Aaron and Nancy (Hallinbeck) Livingston, lifelong residents of the Helderberg region, where they died in old age, faithful members of the Presbyterian church. Children of Henry and Magdalene Barckley: 1. Michael, born in Knox in 1840, educated in the public schools, and grew to manhood on his father's farm; when the civil war broke out he was active in raising a company and went to the front as lieutenant of Company K, Seventh New York Heavy Artillery; at the battle of Cold Harbor he was wounded by a bursting shell, taken to a military hospital at Washington, D. C., where he died from the effects of his wound, 1864; he was unmarried; his memory is preserved in Altamont where Michael Barckley Post, Grand Army of the Republic, is named in his honor. 2. Edward Livingston, of whom further.

(IV) Edward Livingston, second son of Henry and Magdalene (Livingston) Barckley, was born on the farm in Knox, June 9, 1842, died October 3, 1905. He was educated in the public schools and at Knox Academy. He grew up on the farm, and at an early age became his father's trusted assistant, both in farm management and in the store, thus acquiring a thorough business education that stood him well in the heavy responsibilities of his later life. Years before his father's death Edward L. had assumed full control of both store and farm of one hundred and thirty-five acres, later becoming owner of both and con-

tinuing in active business until his death. He was a Republican in politics and became the recognized leader of his town. In the years 1885-86-87 he represented Knox on the Albany county board of supervisors. In 1895 he was appointed commissioner of prisons and in 1896 was elected treasurer of Albany county. He served the full term of three years, declining re-election. He was frequently a delegate to county and state conventions, where he was counted among those whose opinion was of weight. During the administration of President Harrison he was postmaster at Knox, where in private or public life he was the soul of honor and held the confidence of his townsmen in a degree seldom equaled. He was a warm-hearted, generous man and a friend of education, the church, and all good causes, supporting liberally the institutions that depended on the public for their existence. He was a member of the Masonic order and of the Lutheran church. He married, in Knox, November 22, 1865, Eunice Esther French, born in East Worcester, Otsego county, New York, December 12, 1841. At the age of ten years her parents removed to Knox where she completed her studies, being a schoolmate of her late husband. In 1905 she purchased a home in Altamont, New York, where she moved in June, 1906, and still resides. She is a daughter of Alva and Amanda (Tyler) French.

Alva French was born in Nashua, New Hampshire, came to Otsego county, New York, later to Knox, Albany county, and died in Guilderland, 1870, at the age of seventy years. He was a Baptist in religion, and a Democrat in politics. Amanda (Tyler) French, born in Knox, 1803, died 1850, was a daughter of Jesse Tyler and a granddaughter of John and Eunice (Crarey) Tyler, of Connecticut. (This is the family to which John Tyler of Virginia, president of the United States, belonged.) Jessie Tyler was a farmer and a carpenter, owning a large farm which he operated in connection with his building operations. He was a Whig, and a member of the Reformed church. He died at the age of eighty years; Amanda, his wife at the age of eighty-seven years. She was a Methodist. Children of Alva and Amanda French: 1. Eunice Esther, married Edward L. Barclay and has a daughter, Grace Tyler, born February 6, 1867, a graduate of Albany Girls Academy, resides with her mother at Altamont, New York, unmarried. 2. Sarah, married Ezra Wright, lived in Schoharie county, where he died leaving a daughter Amanda, also deceased. 3. Datus, died in Knox; married Margaret Reid, of Guilder-

land; child, Mary, married Alber Hansen, of Schenectady. 4. Dorothy, married Edmund Crawford, of New Scotland, died June 1, 1910, without issue. 5. Harriet, died at the age of six years.

The Relyeas were early settlers RELYEA in the town of Guilderland, Albany county, where they attained honorable position. They descended from a Huguenot family of France, one member of which settled in America prior to the revolutionary war.

(I) Adam Relyea was born in Guilderland, Albany county, New York, in the year 1800. He was a prosperous farmer, living to a good old age. He married Margaret Van Patten and had issue.

(II) Jacob A., son of Adam and Margaret (Van Patten) Relyea, was born February 27, 1831, died May 3, 1907. He was educated in the public schools and grew to manhood on the farm. He later took up farming as a life occupation, possessing a farm in the beautiful Helderberg region. He was assessor of his town and otherwise politically important in town life. He was a Republican, and a member of the Reformed church. He married, January 17, 1852, Nancy Maria, daughter of John P. and Anna Barbara (Crounse) Livingston and granddaughter of Peter I. Livingston. She was born June 21, 1834, on the old Peter I. Livingston estate, in the same house which she still owns and has occupied during her lifetime, with the exception of seventeen years of her married life, when she resided in another part of the town. Children of Jacob A. and Nancy Maria (Livingston) Relyea: 1. Orpha, born August 27, 1853, married Cornelius Hallenbeck, who died October 16, 1894, aged forty-one years; children: Alta, Laura N., Anna and Charles H., the three daughters are married. 2. Edward, born April 22, 1856, now a resident of Schenectady; married Julia Sharp and has one son, Lloyd Verner. 3. Anna, born March 16, 1859, resides in Dunnsville, married Frank Coss, deputy sheriff of Albany county; children: Alta and Addie, twins; Addie, deceased; Leland. 4. Jacob H., born August 9, 1872, resides in Albany, train master, Boston & Albany railroad, married Sarah L. Crounse, and has children: Amelia and Barton.

(The Livingston Line).

Peter I. Livingston was born in Albany county, New York, where he died December 18, 1838, aged sixty-nine years and nine days. He owned and cultivated the Livingston homestead farm now owned by his grand-

daughter, Mrs. Jacob A. Relyea. This farm commands a grand view of the "Indian Ladder" entrance to the Helderberg mountains, and the picturesque scenery together with its fertile, well-kept condition, render the estate unusually attractive. He married (first) Maria Warner, who died aged fifty-five years and thirteen days; he married (second) Eva Frederick. Children of first wife: Aaron and Anna, both deceased. Children of second wife: John P., see forward; Margaret, married Jacob Van Wormer; Magdalene, married Jacob Fryer; Catherine N., married Frederick Mynderse.

(II) John P., son of Peter I. and Eva (Frederick) Livingston, was born on the homestead which he later owned, November 20, 1807, died in 1894. He was a farmer, a Lutheran in religious belief, and politically a Republican. He married (first) in Guilderland, Anna Barbara Crouse, born April 16, 1808, died February 4, 1861, daughter of Conrad and Margaret (Livingston) Crouse; he married (second) Mrs. Catharine (Ostrander) Stevens, no issue by this marriage. Children of John P. and Anna Barbara (Crouse) Livingston: Evaline, born September 18, 1831, married Peter Wagoner, died leaving no issue. 2. Catharine, born August 14, 1832, married Isaac Smith, died leaving no issue. 3. Nancy Maria, born June 21, 1834, married, January 17, 1852, Jacob A. Relyea (see Relyea II). 4. Rebecca, born January 10, 1837, widow, living in Poughkeepsie, has three living children. 5. Julia, born March 29, 1839, widow, residing in Greater New York, has one daughter. 6. Peter I., born August 26, 1841, resides in Schenectady, married Mary E. Mann, of Guilderland Center, has one daughter, Meta L. 7. Harriet, born June 15, 1844, married and lives in Union, Broome county, New York. 8. Helen, born September 6, 1846, died young. 9. Helen (2), born February 18, 1849, married and lives in Guilderland Center.

— — — This is an ancient family of

LITHGOW Scotland, famed for its scholars, artists, men of letters and ministers. A noted member of the family, William Lithgow, born in Lanark about 1582, eldest son of James Lithgow, Burgess of Lanark, and Alison Gahame his wife, published in 1632 a collected edition of his travels under the title of "The Totall Discourse of the Rare Adventures and painefull Peregrinations, of long nineteen yeares Travayles, from Scotland to the most Famous Kingdomes in Europe, Asia and Affrica." He was educated at Lanark grammar school and according to Sir Wal-

ter Scott was "bred a tailor." He seems to have started his travels at an early age. He says "neither ambition, too much curiosity, nor any reputation I ever sought, did expose me to such long peregrinations and dangerous adventures past"—but, that "underserved Dalida wrong." From Paris on March 7, 1609, he set out on the first of the three journeys of which he gives an account in his "Totall Discourse," where he claims that his "payneful feet traced over (besides my passages of seas and rivers) thirty-six thousand and odder miles, which draweth neare to twice the circumference of the whole earth." It was on the second of his journeys, while passing through Spain, that he was thrown into prison in Malaga as a spy and severely tortured. He was released by the intervention of the English consul there and the English ambassador at Madrid backed by a division of King James navy. On his arrival at Datford, fifty days after leaving Malaga, Lithgow was carried to the court at Theobalds and exhibited his "martyred anatomy" to the whole court, "Even from the King to the Kitchen." At the king's expense he was sent twice to Bath, where he recovered his health although his left arm and crushed bones were incurable. Early in 1622 he was sent to Marshalsea prison for a long period for assaulting in the presence chamber Gondomar, the Spanish ambassador, whose empty promises of redress for his sufferings at Malaga had exasperated Lithgow beyond endurance. In 1624 he preferred a bill of grievance to the House of Lords, which he daily followed for seventeen weeks, without result. In 1627 he left the court for Scotland, traversed the Western Isles and was "kindly entertayned" in Bodick Castle by James "Marquiss of Hamilton." In 1637 he left Scotland mounted on a "galloweigan nagge" for another journey to Russia, but instead went to Breda publishing a volume on his return. In 1643 he again left Scotland, embarking at Prestonpans for London. "In all which deserted way between Forth and Gravesend were found only three ships, two Scotsmen, an Norwegian, and one of the royall whelps lying at anker in Aermouth." He published his last work in 1645. From this date all trace of him is lost; the date of his death and the place of his burial are unknown, though there is a tradition that he died in Lanark and lies buried in the churchyard of St. Kentigern there. It is from the same Lithgow family that David C. Lithgow, of Albany, descends.

(I) Robert Lithgow, of Lin Lithgow, Scotland, the first of the name of whom we have knowledge, married and had children: Gil-

bert, a teacher of Stevenson, Scotland; James, a designer; John, a potter; William, of further mention; Elizabeth and Janet.

(II) Rev. William Lithgow, son of Robert Lithgow, was born in Alexandria, Scotland. He was a graduate of the University of Glasgow; became a minister of the Church of Christ and has been continuously in the active ministry for the past thirty years, and is still preaching (1911), although eighty years of age. He married Catherine, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Corcoran) Cunningham and granddaughter of Alexander Cunningham, a soldier of the Crimean war. Children: Elizabeth, Gilbert, David C., of further mention, Robert, Jessie (or Jesse), Catherine, Margaret, John, William.

(III) David Cunningham, son of Rev. William and Catherine (Cunningham) Lithgow, was born in Glasgow, Scotland, November 12, 1868. His preparatory education was obtained in the Glasgow public schools supplemented by a course at Glasgow Technical College. Having artistic talent and desire he became a pupil at the Haldan Academy of Art, at Glasgow, where he pursued his studies until 1887, when he went to London and enrolled as a student at Kensington School of Art under Sir Frederick Leighton. After completing his studies he came to the United States in 1888, establishing himself in New York City, where he remained until 1890. In that year he came to Albany where he opened a studio and still continues (1911) in landscape and portraiture. He is a member of the Albany Club and a charter member of the Albany Art League. In religious faith he is a Baptist. He married, February 10, 1890, at Altamont, New York, Amelia, daughter of Edward and Augusta (Crounse) Kenholts, both old Albany county families. Child, Millie, born November 4, 1900.

Three generations of the Geiger family are herein recorded, each generation claiming a different country as a birthplace. George Geiger, grandfather of Albert Geiger, of Hudson, was a native of Poland, and fled an exile from his native land, taking refuge in Germany. He was a man of ability, and is supposed to have become implicated in some revolutionary movement that placed him under the ban of the government. He settled in the province of Württemberg, Germany, where he lived and reared his family. He was twice married and one of his sons, John, was a noted sculptor of Munich, giving promise of becoming famous in his art, when he was stricken by death at the early age of twenty-five years. The only

record of others of his family is of Leonard, founder of the American branch.

(II) Leonard, son of George Geiger, the Polish exile, was born in Württemberg, Germany, October 23, 1829. He remained there until 1849 when, to avoid military service, he came to the United States. He was educated in the German schools, secured a good education and developed a strong genius for invention. He learned the trade of stone and marble cutting, but on his arrival in New York worked for a time for the Hudson River railroad. He did not long remain in that employ, but soon settled in Hudson, New York, where he followed his trade. In 1858 he formed a partnership with James N. Townsend and until 1870 operated a stone and marble yard, doing principally monumental work. In the year mentioned the partnership was dissolved and he continued the business alone for a year or two, then sold out to his former partner and retired from that line of business, devoting himself to his inventions. These included many articles of value which should have netted him a large fortune; but through the chicanery of those whom he trusted, he received only a small return for the product of genius. Two of his inventions were of the greatest value in military warfare and were universally adopted. His greatest, perhaps, was the breech-loading rifle which he brought out in 1864. While he was well-paid for his invention, the amount was but a trifle compared with the value of the invention. Those promoting the gun received large sums. Another invention was a copper-jacketed bullet, which is yet in use in several of the armies of the world. While his pay for this was to have been \$30,000, he really received but a small sum, being swindled out of his right. Mr. Geiger was a Republican in politics, but extremely independent. He joined with the Liberal movement of 1872, and supported Horace Greeley for the presidency. After the overwhelming defeat of his favorite he took little interest in political affairs. Aside from one term as alderman of Hudson, he held no public office. He was reared in the Catholic faith, but after coming to the United States attended the Episcopal church, later becoming a follower of Robert Ingersoll. He was a member of the Masonic order, charter member of Aquilla Lodge of Hudson, also a Chapter Mason and a Knight Templar. He married, February 14, 1852, Margaret Firewig at Hudson, New York, who survives him, residing in Hudson. She was born in Nuremberg, Germany, and came to the United States in 1850. Children: 1. Frederick, a resident of Hudson. 2. Albert, of further mention. 3.



Samuel Cooper

Emma, married Daniel W. Bugel; four children: Leonard G., married Mabel Hallenbeck, one child, Leonard; Daniel; Winifred and Gladys, twins. 4. George W., born 1858, died 1869. 5. Fannie, married Thomas J. Zimmer, of Poughkeepsie, New York; children: Thomas J., Margaret, Gertrude and Leonard G. 6. Rosa (twin). 7. Lillie (twin), married John Billingham.

(III) Albert, son of Leonard and Margaret (Firewig) Geiger, was born at Hudson, New York, January 25, 1854. He was educated in the public schools, and after completing his studies entered business life as a clerk, continuing as such in the dry goods business for eighteen years. In 1892 he entered the employ of the New York and Hudson Steamboat Company, and in 1895 was appointed general agent of the company, with headquarters at Hudson, which position he now holds (1911). He has served eight years in the National Guard, enlisting in the Twenty-third Separate Company as a charter member. He is a Republican in politics and served on the board of fire commissioners in 1906-07-08. He is an earnest worker for the good of the service in the Hudson fire department, which he joined in 1873, and is still on the roll (1911) of J. W. Hoysradt Hose and Chemical Company No. 8, and also was an active member of the Firemen Association of the State of New York in the early years of its existence, serving on many important committees. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Knights of Pythias and the order of Elks. He married, February 2, 1902, at Hudson, Ruth Ludlow, daughter of John Jessup, who died in 1857. During his earlier days Hudson was a great whaling port and Mr. Jessup sailed as a seaman on several whaling trips.

VAN SLYKE The Van Slykes of Cocksackie, New York, descend from Willem Pieterse Van Slyke, who was in Beverwyck in 1655. He had sons: Pieter, Jacob, Dirck and Teunis. There were Van Slykes, early settlers in Beverwyck; Cornelius, whose descendants settled in the Mohawk Valley, and Willem, whose descendants settled below Albany in Columbia county, then crossed over into Greene county where they held large possessions.

(II) Teunise Willemse, son of Willem Pieterse Van Slyke, was born at Heyvelt, province of Utrecht, Holland. He was of Beverwyck in 1666, when he sent to Holland for his inheritance. He was the founder of the Van Slykes, who settled on the west bank of the Hudson, now Greene county, New York.

In 1678 he purchased and occupied a farm at Niskayuna, Schenectady county, New York. In 1713 he built the stone house on the west bank of the Hudson, one mile south of where the village of New Baltimore now stands. In 1733 he was one of the four church officers who received the deed for the land upon which to build the Dutch Reformed church at Cocksackie. The *Boston Morning Journal* of January 12, 1903, described the Bible once owned by Teunise Willemse Van Slyke as the oldest printed Bible on earth, made in Dordrecht, 1518-55, now owned by Benjamin Fredenberg Van Slyke, of Saginaw, Michigan, handed down from father to son, about four hundred years, and containing the family record. The paper devoted a column and a half to the description of this Bible, which was seventeen inches long, eleven inches wide and five and three-quarter inches thick. The workmanship on the same was equal to that of the present time; the binding was of calf, and the illustrations (which were beautiful), as well as each initial letter, was all hand work, there being no modern machinery (such as used to-day) at that early period. It was claimed that the Massachusetts Historical Society offered \$10,000 for the book; that an attempt was made to secure it for the World's Fair at Paris; that it took thirty-seven years to make the book, made by Richard Paul Eelbo. It was taken from New Baltimore to Michigan in 1858 by Benjamin's father, Peter J., son of General Pieter Van Slyke, a general in the revolution, son of Gerrit, son of Teunise Willemse Van Slyke. Teunise Willemse Van Slyke's wish was to be buried in sight of the passing vessels on the Hudson, and his grave on a knoll in the woods south of his house is yet to be found. The Van Slyke coat-of-arms comes down from the fourteenth century. A clover leaf on one side of a battlement, three fish natant on the other side. He married, February 6, 1696, Jannetje, daughter of Henrick Van Wie, a volunteer in the colonial war, in Rensselaerwyck in 1654. Children, born at Albany: Beertje, November 15, 1696; Willem, October 23, 1698; Hendrick, November 3, 1700; Ida, June 28, 1702; Andreis, September 17, 1704; Gerrit, May 19, 1706; Pieter, September 26, 1708; Alida, November 5, 1710; Dirk, March 1, 1713; Agnietje, June 19, 1720; and others.

(III) Kintje, daughter of Teunise Willemse and Jannetje (Van Wie) Van Slyke, was born in Albany, September 17, 1704. He married Maria Van Benthuyzen, born July 16, 1721, daughter of Balthus, born February 22, 1707, son of Pieter, married

and Catalyntje Barentse Van Benthuyzen, the latter daughter of Barent Balthus, of Flatbush, Long Island, who died before 1660. All the children born after 1747 were baptized in Cossackie, New York. 1. Jannetje, born March 1, 1747, married in the Helderbergs and when over one hundred years of age visited New Baltimore. 2. Baltus, of further mention. 3. Lydia, June 9, 1751, married John Van Den Berg, of Cossackie. 4. Tunis, February, 1754, married Jane, daughter of Peter Van Slyck. 5. Mary, March 28, 1756, married John Van Pelt, of Staten Island. 6. Catherine, July 3, 1757, married Albert Van Derzee. 7. Gertrude, March 1, 1761, married ——— Clow. 8. Alida, May 5, 1765, married Tunis, son of Peter Van Slyck. 9. Jane, married John Reamer. 10. Andrew, born 1704, built the stone house still standing by the New Baltimore depot of West Shore railroad.

(IV) Baltus, eldest son of Andrew and Maria (Van Benthuyzen) Van Slyke, was baptized at Cossackie, Greene county, New York, February 26, 1749, died September 19, 1827. He served in the war of the revolution as private in the Cossackie company, Albany county militia. He married Annatje Lewis, born November 10, 1751, died November 2, 1819, daughter of Barent, born February 17, 1717, in New York, and Catherine (Van Slyck) Lewis. Children: 1. Andrew, born April 25, 1773, married ——— Matthews. 2. Barent, June 3, 1775, married Jenny Bronck. 3. Catherine, May 3, 1777, lived to near ninety years of age, married Charles McCardell. 4. Maria, December 25, 1779, lived to be very old, married James Dunn. 5. Jane, October 27, 1780, married Norman Humphrey. 6. Lydia, April 13, 1783, lived to be ninety-seven years of age, married John Van Slyck. 7. Alida, January 7, 1785, lived to ninety-seven years of age, married Henry Hosford. 8. Teunis, of further mention. 9. Peter, born April 14, 1790, married Sally Coovert.

(V) Teunis B., son of Baltus and Annatje (Lewis) Van Slyke, was born October 14, 1787, died December 18, 1860. He married, December 19, 1812, Judith Bronck, born March 13, 1788, died December 27, 1864, a descendant of Jonas Bronck, who came to New Amsterdam in 1639, purchased land now known as "The Bronx," upper New York City. His son, Pieter Bronck, of Beverwyck, purchased Cossackie of the Indians. He had a fine collection of books brought from Holland when he came in his own ship with family, servants and wealth, and these books are said to be the first library of mention in New York State. He met his death, it is supposed, at the hands

of the Indians, although his property was undisturbed, which may prove that he came to his death in a less horrible manner than by the tortures said to have been inflicted upon him ere death mercifully released him. The belief is that he came to America from Denmark via Amsterdam. Rev. Everardus Bogardus, the first settled minister of New Netherland, assisted in the administration of his estate (See Bronck, in this work). The Bronck family had a coat-of-arms, as displayed on a silver cup brought by Jonas Bronck—a shield bearing a rising sun, rayed, with the motto: *Ne cede malis* (Yield not to evil).

The descent from Jonas Bronck to Judith (Bronck) Van Slyke is through his son, Pieter, who married Hillette Tyssinck. Jan Bronck, son of Pieter, born 1652, married Commetje Conyn, and served in the wars. She was daughter of Leendert Philipse Conyn, in Beverwyck, 1655, married Agnetje ———. Peter Bronck, son of Jan, married, in Albany, Antje (Anna) Bogardus, born January 22, 1679, daughter of Pieter Bogardus, born April 19, 1644, and granddaughter of Rev. Everardus Bogardus, the first settled minister of New Netherland (See Bogardus genealogy). Peter Bronck, son of Peter, born November 10, 1707, married Rachel Van Hoesen, a descendant of Jan Franse Van Hoesen, who bought Claverack, New York, from the Indians in 1662. Ephraim Bronck, born March 1, 1755, served in Cossackie company, Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia, was at the surrender of Burgoyne; married Annetje Knott, born 1756 in New York City, daughter of James Knott, buried in Trinity churchyard, and his wife, Nancy Dunbar. Judith Bronck, born March 13, 1788, married Teunis B. Van Slyke. A descendant of Jonas Bronck, Amelia Cornelia Bronck, widow of Andrew Whitbeck, of Coeymans, and likewise a great-granddaughter of Hendrickse Van Wie, died in Cossackie, aged one hundred and three years. Children of Teunis B. and Judith Van Slyke: 1. Hannah Jane, born August 7, 1813, married Benoni Clapper. 2. Ephraim T., of further mention. 3. Baltus, April 28, 1817, married Esther Garnsey. 4. Barent, October 15, 1819, married Elizabeth Hawley. 5. Charlotte, April 25, 1831, the only surviving of all the above children, lives at New Baltimore, New York.

(VI) Ephraim T., eldest son of Teunis B. and Judith (Bronck) Van Slyke, was born March 5, 1815, died June 19, 1899. He resided on the ancestral lands in Greene county, New York, all his life. He married, September 21, 1840, Mary, born March 3, 1816, died May 13, 1898, daughter of Andrew and Anna (Ten Eyck) Van Derzee. She de-

scends on the paternal side from Storm Van Derzee and on the maternal from Coenradt Ten Eyck, both early Dutch settlers of New Amsterdam and Rensselaerwyck. Storm Van Derzee was born on the ocean while the ship "Rensselaerwyck" was passing through a furious storm, 1636, which accounts for his peculiar name.

The line of descent from Storm Van Derzee to Mary Van Derzee is through his son Wouter (Walter), who married, July 2, 1695, Jannetje Swart. Storm (2), son of Wouter Van Derzee, was baptized August 3, 1701, married, September 5, 1735, Elizabeth Slingerland. Andrew, son of Storm (2) Van Derzee, was born April 10, 1781, died March 8, 1829, captain of New Baltimore militia company and served at Sackett's Harbor, war of 1812, married, November 12, 1807, Anna Ten Eyck, born May 17, 1786, died September 8, 1872. She received revenue from the Ten Eyck estate in Holland until near her death, when she relinquished her right, signing the necessary papers with the Dutch consul at Albany. Mary, daughter of Andrew and Anna (Ten Eyck) Van Derzee, married Ephraim T. Van Slyke. Conradt Ten Eyck, who died 1687, the ancestor of Anna (Ten Eyck) Van Derzee, was of the wealthy and important Ten Eyck family of Holland. The coat-of-arms borne by the Holland family may be seen on the windows of the Ten Eyck Hotel, Albany, but without the motto "Mea virtute involvo" (I wrap myself in my virtue). Coenradt Ten Eyck was a boot and shoe manufacturer of New Amsterdam, and owned a tannery. The first map of New York City, made 1640, shows two lots owned by him and Coenties Slip, the dock used by the early Hudson sloops, was named for him. He married, 1646-47, Maria Boele, a devoted worker in the early Collegiate Dutch church. Jacob, son of Coenradt Ten Eyck, was born 1647 in New Amsterdam, moved to Albany, 1675, married, 1676, Gertruy Coeymans, born 1654, died February 27, 1735, daughter of Barent Pietersen Coeymans, the Dutch emigrant. Coenradt, son of Jacob Ten Eyck, was born April 9, 1678, died 1753, married Geertruy Van Schaick, September 8, 1687, daughter of Anthony, born 1655, and Maria Van DerPoel, and granddaughter of Captain Goosen Van Schaick, 1649, and Teunise Cornelise Van DerPoel, 1660. Anthony, son of Coenradt Ten Eyck, was born September 17, 1712, and was a merchant of New York City. He married, November 29, 1740, Sara E. Ten Eyck, a great-granddaughter of Coenradt Ten Eyck. Coenradt A., son of Anthony Ten Eyck, was born May 15, 1746 (the name is written with

a small *t* in the records of the Collegiate Dutch church in New York), died December 14, 1825. He owned the land where the village of Ravena, Albany county, now stands. He and his wife are buried on the knoll west from the depot.

He married Rachel Hallenbeck, of Coxsackie, born April 18, 1752, died April 19, 1839, daughter of Martinus and descendant of Caspar Jacobse Hallenbeck, who was of Beverwyck, 1654; his son, Jan Caspar Hallenbeck, died at Albany, December, 1730, married Rachel Willemse; their son, Caspar Janes Hallenbeck, died 1756, married Magdalena ——. Their son, Martinus Hallenbeck, born December 19, 1715, married, January 30, 1736, Annatje, daughter of Cornelius Woomer. Their daughter Rachel married Coenradt Ten Eyck. Their daughter Anna married Andrew Van Derzee. Their daughter Mary married Ephraim T. Van Slyke. They had two sons: Andrew W., of further mention; Bronck, of New Baltimore, New York, born July 20, 1852.

(VII) Dr. Andrew W. Van Slyke, eldest son of Ephraim T. and Mary (Van Derzee) Van Slyke, was born in New Baltimore, December 5, 1846. He prepared for the profession of medicine at Rutgers College, New Brunswick, New Jersey, attended Albany Medical College, where he was graduated M. D., class of 1869; also took post-graduate course in New York City. He has practiced medicine at Coxsackie, New York, since 1872, and is held in high regard as a physician and a citizen. He is greatly interested in matters genealogical and historical, owning many treasured mementoes of his Dutch ancestors, including wills, deeds, and articles of household use. It is to him that this family record is in a large measure due. He is, moreover, the accepted authority on many other Coxsackie families, not of his own name, and constantly called on for genealogical data. He attends the Dutch church. He is a trustee of Heermans Memorial Library and president (1911) of the board. He was raised a Mason in April, 1868, in Ark Lodge, No. 48, Free and Accepted Masons, of Coxsackie, New York, and passed through the degrees to Commandery. He is a Republican in politics and served as health officer of the town of Coxsackie since the organization of the state board of health and has also served in the office of coroner.

He married (first) January 1, 1877, Marie Antoinette McCarty, who died February 18, 1907, without issue. He married (second) Henrietta Houghtaling, July 22, 1907. Child, Maria E. G., born September 2, 1909.

The Mac Cabs were one of McCABE Ireland's most powerful clans. Originally coming from county Cavan, they spread over Cavan and the neighboring counties, dominating wherever the branches of the family settled. They were descended from Colla da Chrioch, founder of the Kingdom of Origiale, the first king of which was a Mac Cabe. His descendants continued to rule over that kingdom, and were also styled Kings of Ulster down to the time of the subjugation of that province by the English in the twelfth century. The Mac Cabs were men of great strength and valor, and in the old days gave many famous commanders and galloglasses to Ulster. With the decline of Irish influence in Ulster the hand of adversity fell hard upon the Mac Cabe clan. The clansmen, although subjugated, were never conquered. The spirit of the old chieftains was inherited by their descendants, and the Mac Cabs, broken in fortune but not in spirit, kept up an almost continuous warfare against the conquerors. In the course of the centuries, however, the Mac Cabe clansmen became scattered over the widely distant parts of the world, carrying in their hearts, however, a wildly passionate devotion to Hibernia, and as passionate a hatred of her conquerors. They also carried with them the same rugged strength and courage which characterized them in the early history of Ulster.

In the days of their supremacy in Ireland they had allied themselves with the O'Reillys and the O'Neils, who with the Mac Cabs were the three most powerful families in county Cavan. Their influence was paramount in every branch of county affairs, military and civil, and they also contributed many powerful prelates to the Irish church of that period.

(I) Descended from a long line of those pure Celtic ancestors was James McCabe, who emigrated with his family to America in 1844, and settled in Albany, New York.

(II) John, son of James McCabe, married, in Albany, Anne, daughter of Patrick and Mary (Daley) Cassidy, both of whom were natives of Dunganna, county Tyrone, Ireland, and who had come to the United States in 1828, and after a three months' voyage across the ocean settled in Albany, where March 9, 1833, their daughter Anne was born. Anne survived her husband and is still living in Albany, being now in her seventy-eighth year. She is a fine type of Irish-American womanhood, and now in the winter of her life may well look back with pride upon a life full of good works. The writer, an old friend, re-

members her as always a sweet, charitable and neighborly woman, deeply religious, and an earnest and constant advocate of total abstinence, in a field in which she accomplished immeasurable good. Her life's story, far-reaching and womanly as it has been, is an inspiration to all who know her. Children: 1. James, born 1857, died 1898, married Mary J. Holton, also deceased, leaving one child, a son, John J., who is unmarried and resides in Albany. 2. Patrick Edgar. 3. John F., born 1861, married Catherine Reagan, and still resides in Albany. 4. Mary T., born 1863, died 1885, unmarried. The sons were all educated in the Christian Brothers' Academy, at Albany, New York, and have all manifested considerable activity in political affairs, Patrick E. being especially prominent.

(III) Patrick Edgar, second son of John and Anne (Cassidy) McCabe, was born in Albany, New York, June 26, 1859. Upon leaving school he learned the trade of moulder, moulding being at the time about the most remunerative trade open to a young man. Dissatisfied with the limited opportunities which his trade seemed to hold out to him, he took the United States civil service examination and in 1885 was appointed to a clerkship in the Albany, New York, post office. Here his early education and great natural ability soon asserted themselves, and, together with his constant activity in politics, caused him to be appointed assistant county treasurer, an office which he filled with signal ability. He occupied this position for six years, and at the end of that time had become one of the recognized leaders of the Democratic party in the county of Albany. In 1898 he was elected clerk of the county of Albany, and in the year 1900 was chosen as the representative of Albany county on the Democratic state committee, a position which he still holds. He has since become one of the recognized leaders of the Democratic party in the Empire State, and is always a familiar figure in state and national conventions. He has proven himself an able and resourceful leader and counsellor, and has often exhibited qualities of rare courage and strategic genius in the face of odds which would be the undoing of a less able man. On January 4, 1911, Mr. McCabe was elected clerk of the senate of the state of New York, a position the importance of which can hardly be over-estimated. His conduct of this office has met the unqualified approval of all students of public affairs. He is a Roman Catholic and a member of the congregation of the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Albany. In 1898 he married Elizabeth T. Kielev,

a native of Albany, daughter of Jeremiah and Anne (Kennedy) Kieley, both now deceased. Jeremiah Kieley, who died in 1863, was a man of considerable wealth and influence in his day, and was supervisor in the old first ward of Albany sixty years ago. Mr. and Mrs. McCabe reside in Albany, New York.

The Sutherlands came to America from Scotland, and are of Scotch and English ancestry. The family in Cocksackie descend from Joseph Sutherland, of Horseneck, Connecticut, who came from Scotland. He married and left sons. His descendants are found in Columbia, Greene, Albany, and Schoharie counties, New York. The first of the line in Cocksackie was the following named:

(I) James Sutherland, who owned property and died there. He married and left several children.

(II) Abram, son of James Sutherland, was born at New Baltimore, Greene county, New York. He married Jane, daughter of Henry and Cornelia (Van Pelt) Van Slyke (see Van Slyke VI).

(III) George, son of Abram and Jane (Van Slyke) Sutherland, was born in New Baltimore. He located in Cocksackie, New York, where he was extensively engaged in the harvesting and shipping of hay. He married Lettie A. Rowe, born in New Baltimore, of an old New York family.

(IV) Frank Herbert, son of George and Lettie A. (Rowe) Sutherland, was born at New Baltimore, New York. He was educated in the common schools. He has for many years been engaged in the freighting business and in other enterprises. He is a director of the National Bank of Cocksackie, having served in that capacity for many years. He is prominent and active in public affairs, and for many years has been president of the village corporation. He is prominent in the Masonic order, holding the degrees of Knights Templar. In political faith he is a Democrat, and in religious faith a Methodist.

(The Van Slyke Line).

There were two early settlers of Beverwyck of this name, Cornelius, whose descendants settled in the Mohawk Valley, and William Pieterse, whose descendants settled below Albany in Columbia and Greene counties. The name originally Van Slyk is now spelled both Van Slyck and Van Slyke.

(II) Teunis Willemse, son of William Pieterse Van Slyk or Van Slyke, of Amster-

dam, married, February 5, 1696, Jannetje Hendrickse Van Wie. He settled on a large tract of land in Greene county, and one mile south of New Baltimore built, in 1713, the stone mansion which was long the family seat. His family Bible, printed by hand, 1515-18, said to be the oldest printed Bible on earth, is owned by a descendant in Saginaw, Michigan. Children: Hendrick, Ida, Andries, Gerrit, of further mention, Pieter, Alida, Dirck, Agnietje, Willem. Jannetje H. Van Wie, wife of Teunis Willemse Van Slyke, was the daughter of Hendrick Gerritse Van Wie, who was in Beverwyck, 1659-91; made his will in 1690, wherein he spoke of his wife and eldest son Gerrit. In 1691 Pieter Schuyler petitioned the governor for the relief of Hendrick Gerritse Van Wie, "a volunteer in the late expedition to Canada, who was desperately wounded at Prary in Canada and was cared for at the house of the widow of Jacob Tys Van Derheyden." He died soon after.

(III) Gerrit, son of Teunis Willemse and Jannetje H. (Van Wie) Van Slyke, was baptized May 19, 1706, married Annatje Turk. Children: Catharyna, Sara, Jacobus, of further mention, Sarah, Teunis.

(IV) Jacobus, son of Gerrit and Annatje (Turk) Van Slyke, served in the revolution, Captain Cox's company, Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia. He married Jannetje Clow.

(V) Henry, son of Jacobus and Jannetje (Clow) Van Slyke, married Cornelia Van Pelt, descendant of Wouter Teunise Van Pelt, of Long Island, was the daughter of John Van Pelt, of Staten Island, who married ——— Van Slyke, daughter of Andries, son of Teunis Willemse, son of William Pieterse Van Slyke, the founder. Andreis Van Slyke married Maria Van Benthuyssen, daughter of Balthus, son of Partus Martense Van Benthuyssen, an early settler of Fort Orange and extensive land owner in the village. He married a daughter of Barent Balthus, of Flatbush, Long Island. Balthus Van Benthuyssen was a merchant. He married, February 22, 1707, ——— in New York City, Maria, his youngest daughter, baptized July 16, 1721, married Andries Van Slyke. They had daughters: Jannetje, Lydia, Alida, one of whom married John Van Pelt, father of Cornelia Van Pelt, wife of Abram Sutherland.

(VI) Jane, daughter of Henry and Cornelia (Van Pelt) Van Slyke, married Abram Sutherland (see Sutherland II).

These lines carry back to the early Dutch occupation and to the families of Van Slyke, Van Pelt, Van Benthuyssen and Van Wie, an indisputably strong Dutch lineage.

William Parker came from England in the autumn of 1633 in the ship "James." He was an original proprietor of Hartford, Connecticut, 1636. About 1649 he removed to Saybrook, Connecticut, where he was a large land owner, also holding a large tract in Hebron. He probably served in the Pequot war. He filled several town offices, served on numerous committees, and was deputy to the general court at the special session of 1652; also served 1678-79-80. About 1636 he married (first) Margery —, who died December 6, 1680. He married (second) Elizabeth Pratt, widow of Lieutenant William Pratt. He died at Saybrook, December 28, 1686. He had ten children, of whom Joseph (1), Jonathan and Deborah died early. They were: Sarah, Joseph (1), John, Ruth, William, Joseph (2), Margaret, Nathan, David, Deborah. Sarah, Ruth and Margaret married.

(II) John, son of William and Margery Parker, was born at Hartford, Connecticut, February 1, 1641-42, died at Saybrook, same state, 1706. He was regarded as a proprietor of Saybrook and given one hundred pounds accommodation. He was active and influential in town affairs. He was deputy to the general court, 1686-88-89-1700. He was a large land owner at Saybrook and Hebron. He was appointed gunner and master of the artillery at Fort Saybrook, November 30, 1683, and was in charge of the fort under Governor Andros with rank of lieutenant. He married, December 24, 1666, Mary, daughter of Thomas Buckingham, a settler of Milford, Connecticut, and sister of Rev. Thomas S. Buckingham, pastor of the Saybrook church in 1670. Children: John, Deborah, Ebenezer, Samuel.

(III) John (2), son of Lieutenant John (1) and Mary (Buckingham) Parker, was born October 6, 1667, died at Norwich, Connecticut, December 24, 1709. He served as constable 1694, and was one of the first to act as attorney-at-law under the act of 1708. He married, December 11, 1690, Mary, daughter of Lieutenant Samuel and Mary (Bushnell) Jones. They had seven children.

(IV) John (3), son of John (2) and Mary (Jones) Parker, was born March 11, 1696. He was prominent in the Ecclesiastical Society; sergeant of the "train band" 1731; ensign in the Cape Breton expedition, and died at Louisburg, May 15, 1746. He married (first) May 8, 1723, Mary Chapman; married (second) Elizabeth Dunk; seven children.

(V) The earliest settler in Northern New York of this branch of the New England fam-

ily of Parker was Nathaniel, son of John (3) and Mary (Chapman) Parker, who settled in Middle Granville, Washington county, about 1778. He came from Connecticut, where he was born January 6, 1738. Eliphalet and Michael Parker settled on farms adjoining his on the Poultny road just north of the middle-village. He was in the British army, and with Wolfe at Quebec. He served in the revolutionary army, and was with Ethan Allen at Ticonderoga. "New York Men in the Revolution" gives the enlistment of five men by name Nathaniel Parker. The exact date of his settlement in Washington county cannot be given, but it was prior to 1782, as in that year he is recorded as assisting in raising a company of troops from his town to serve in defense of the northern frontier. He married and had children: Cynthia, unmarried; Susan, married Levi Miller; Nathaniel, settled in Granville; Asa, see forward; Tamson, married Luke Hitchcock; Eliud, settled in Granville; Matthias, settled in Granville; Emily, unmarried.

(VI) Asa, son of Nathaniel Parker, the pioneer, was born on the homestead farm in Middle Granville, Washington county, New York, in 1790, died in 1880. He grew up on the farm and spent his life as a farmer. He was a young man when the second war with England broke out, and enlisted in the American army and was in active service. He married Laura Whitney, who bore him nine children: 1. Nathaniel, born 1825, died 1900; married, March 13, 1856, Cynthia, daughter of Joseph and Lydia (Carpenter) Rogers. 2. Sidney. 3. Julia, married Mordecai Bull. 4. Esther, married David Woodward. 5. Emmeline, married William Sweet. 6. Delia, married Stephen Rogers. 7. George, married Mary Norton. 8. Frank, married Alma Norton. 9. Eliud, see forward.

(VII) Eliud, son of Asa and Laura (Whitney) Parker, was born in South Granville, Washington county, New York, December 8, 1838, died September 28, 1896. He was educated in the town schools, and reared a farmer, an occupation he followed all his life. He was a man of energy and character, gaining and holding the esteem of his fellowmen. He married Sarah, daughter of George, and granddaughter of Burdick Woodell, of Rhode Island. Children: 1. Clarence, see forward. 2. Nathaniel W., born March 25, 1874; married Bertha Crosby. 3. Herbert F., December 10, 1877; married Mary Ackley and has a daughter Emily.

(VIII) Clarence E., eldest son of Eliud and Sarah (Woodell) Parker, was born on the farm in South Granville, Washington county,

New York, October 16, 1872. He was educated in the local schools, prepared for and entered Williams College, where he was graduated, class of 1896. In 1898 he was admitted to the New York bar and at once began practice in Granville, where he is now (1910) located. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Granville Lodge, No. 55, Free and Accepted Masons, Saratoga Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Washington Commandery, Knights Templar. In politics he is a Republican.

(The Woodell Line).

Sarah (Woodell) Parker is a descendant of William Woodell, of Boston, Massachusetts, and Portsmouth, Rhode Island, who died in 1693. He was of Boston, 1637, and evidently embraced the religious views of Rev. Wheelwright and Ann Hutchinson, for on November 20, 1637, he was ordered with others to give up all guns, pistols, swords, powder, shot, etc., because "the opinions and revelations of William Wheelwright and Mrs. Hutchinson have seduced and led into dangerous errors many of the people here in New England." January 12, 1643, he and ten others bought of Miantonomi for "144 fathoms of Wampum" a tract of land called by the Indians Shawomet (Warwick). Here began his trouble with Massachusetts Bay Colony, who claimed jurisdiction and title to Rhode Island. September 12, 1643, he with others of Warwick was notified to appear at general court at Boston to hear complaint of two Indian sachems, Pomham and Soconocco, as to "some unjust and injurious dealings toward them by yourselves." The Warwick men declined to obey the summons, declaring they were legal subjects of the King of England, and beyond the limits of Massachusetts territory, to whom they would acknowledge no subjection. Soldiers were sent, who besieged the settlers in a fortified house. In a parley it was said "they held blasphemous errors" which they must repent of "or go to Boston for trial." November 3, 1643, having been brought with others before the court at Boston charged with heresy and sedition, they were sentenced to be confined during "the pleasure of the court," and should they break jail or preach their heresies or speak against the church or state, on conviction their sentence would be death. Extreme as such measures now seem, they are matched by the undaunted courage of the men who in the face of such danger held to their religious convictions and defied their enemies. William Woodell was sent to Watertown, but not to prison, and remained at large until the following March and was then banished from both Mas-

sachusetts and Warwick. He thereupon returned to Portsmouth. Most of his companions in the trial suffered close imprisonment for several months. In 1655 he was made a freeman; 1656-63 was commissioner; 1664-1686 was sixteen times elected deputy to the Rhode Island general court. April 4, 1676, it was voted "that in these troublous times and straits in this Colony, this Assembly desiring to have the advice and concurrence of the most judicious inhabitants of it may be had for the good of the whole, desire at their next meeting the company and counsel of Mr. Benedict Arnold," and fifteen others among whom was William Woodell. May 5, 1680, he was appointed as a committee to "put the laws and acts of the colony into such a method that they may be put in print." In 1684 he was elected assistant (to the governor), but positively refused to serve. His will was proved May 2, 1693. An extract throws some light upon the charges made by the sachems for which he was first "haled to Boston," "And whereas it hath been said by several persons that I with some others did go about to wrong the town of Portsmouth in purchasing Ilog Island of an Indian sachem called Mossosup, I am so far from doing any wrong therein that I do give unto the free inhabitants of the said town of Portsmouth * * * Hog Island and other land." He makes the same statement in regard to some land bought on Rhode Island.

He married Mary ———, and had a son Gershom, born July 14, 1642, who married Mary Tripp and had sons. William Woodell also had daughters Mary, Sarah, Alice and Frances, who married and had large families.

The American progenitor of the Carhart family, Thomas Carhart, arrived at New York, August 25, 1683, holding the appointment of private secretary to Colonel Thomas Dongan, English governor of the colonies in America at that date. He was the son of Anthony Carhart, of Cornwall, England, and was born about 1650. "The bible of Anthony Carhart—more than two hundred years old—containing the name of Thomas Carhart is still in existence in England." "The earliest mention of the family in the Herald's office and British Museum, London, is 1420, where the name is found to have been Carharta and Carhurta. Arms: ar. two bars sa, in chief, a demi griffin issuant of the last; Crest, a demi man naked ar. a wreath about his head, sa, in right hand an oaken branch, vert. acorns or." These arms were granted either during the reign of Richard II. of England or soon after.

Descendants of Thomas Carhart are found all over the United States. In Westchester county, New York, the name is found as Carhartt, Carehartt and Carhart. The first record found in America referring to Thomas Carhart is of a joint petition with William Britton for lands on the south side of Staten Island at a place called Great Hill, dated May, 1691. In that year he was clerk of Richmond county (Staten Island), New York. November 22, 1691, "a marriage license was granted to Thomas Carhart of Staten Island in the county of Richmond, gentlemen, and Mary Lord." The date and place of marriage have not been found. May 24, 1695, "A deed of Thomas Carhart of Woodbridge, Middlesex county, New Jersey, gentleman, and Mary his wife, to John Loofburrow of Woodbridge, for one acre of upland on the south side of Crane Creek, to frame and erect a grist mill, with right of way through the lands of Thomas Carhart." This shows that Thomas and Mary had removed to Woodbridge, New Jersey, prior to 1695. His will proved April 6, 1696, devised his property to his wife during her lifetime and named her sole executrix. Sons, John Robert and William. These were reared under the care of their stepfather, Thomas Warne, of Woodbridge, to which place he had removed from Monmouth county, New Jersey, at the time of his marriage with Mary Carhart, their mother, in 1698. When the Carhart boys became of age he gave them a deed for six hundred acres of land in Middlesex county, New Jersey.

(II) John, eldest son of Thomas and Mary (Lord) Carhart, was born on Staten Island, New York, 1692. He removed from Woodbridge, New Jersey, to Rye, Westchester county, New York, before 1717, as his name is found in a list of religious teachers at Rye, completed in that year. Later he became clerk of the vestry of Grace Episcopal Church, Rye, an office he held many years. He was a lawyer and practised his profession at Rye from 1717 to 1750. The date of his death is unknown. June 1, 1717, he signs a deed with Anne, his wife. This is the only record known of her. In 1745 he signs a deed with Jane, his second wife. Children by first wife: Thomas; Mary, married Caleb, son of Nathan, son of George Kniffen, of Stratford, Connecticut, in 1666; John; perhaps others, but the records do not show whether others of the name were children or nephews from New Jersey.

(III) Thomas (2), eldest son of John and Anne Carhart, was born in Rye, Westchester county, New York, about 1718, died 1761. He resided in Westchester county all his life.

He married Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel and Annie (Brown) Purdy. She died "November 26, 1798, a few weeks over eighty-four years." Children: 1. John, removed about 1800 to Orange county, later to Oxford, Chenango county, New York, where he died January 2, 1836, aged ninety-six years; he married Hannah, daughter of Sylvanus Merriitt, and had issue. 2. Annie, born May 5, 1742, married Joshua Gednay, of Rye, born February 11, 1742, died August 28, 1786, resided in New York City. 3. Thomas, born about 1744, removed to town of Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, where he died; he married Mary Merriam, of Rye, and had issue. 4. Daniel, of further mention. 5. James, married Elizabeth Vanderbilt. 6. Hackaliah, married Margaret Anderson. 7. Joshua, married Phoebe Baker.

(IV) Daniel, third son and fourth child of Thomas (2) and Elizabeth (Purdy) Carhart, was born at Rye, New York, 1746, died at Coeymans, Albany county, New York, August 24, 1829. He removed from Rye to Coeymans in 1793. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Captain Robert Bloomer, of Rye. Children: 1. James, born 1774, married Susan Jerolomon, of Coeymans, and had issue. 2. Annie, born 1776, married Elijah Utter, of Coeymans, and removed to Weston, New York. 3. Daniel, born September 13, 1777, resided at Coeymans; married, October 5, 1799, at King street, Rebecca, daughter of Sands and Mary Sutton, of Westchester county; nine children. 4. Hackaliah. 5. Solomon, of further mention. 6. Robert, born July 2, 1784, died 1872; married, June 29, 1807, Catherine Rowe, of Coeymans, died February 7, 1850; six children. 7. Thomas D., born March 15, 1786, at Rye, died at Albany, New York, January 2, 1861; married, March 4, 1810, at Rye, Mary Totten, of Guilderland, New York, born July 23, 1785, died November 2, 1837; six children. 8. Isaac, born March 4, 1789, at Rye, died at Manlius, Onondaga county, New York, March 17, 1845; he settled in Manlius in 1827; married, May, 1807, Hannah Rowe, born November 6, 1790, at Coeymans, New York, died at Manlius, 1867; nine children. 9. Barbara, born 1792; married (first) Stephen Rowe, no issue; married (second) Samuel Goodfellow, of Syracuse; one son; married (third) ——— Pray, no issue; she removed to Indiana.

(V) Solomon, son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Bloomer) Carhart, was born at Coeymans, Albany county, New York, September 6, 1782, died there August 30, 1861. He was a farmer. He married, at Coeymans, March 16, 1804, Catherine Fires (or Fryer), born April 4,

1784, died 1871. Children: 1. Anna, born April 24, 1805, died unmarried. 2. Catherine, born August 20, 1807; married, October 30, 1830, William Tuttle, of Coeymans; she died February, 1877, leaving five children. 3. Sarah Maria, born September 2, 1808, died at Washington, D.C., November 1, 1868; married, 1828, Hiram Tompkins, of Litchfield, born February 13, 1810, at Westerlo, Albany county, New York, died at Washington, D.C., December 27, 1875; eight children. 4. Hackaliah, born July 6, 1810; married, 1834, Elizabeth Shultz, and settled at Penn Yan, New York; three children. 5. Peter, born April 19, 1812; married, February, 1842, Ellen Coonly, and removed to Janesville, Wisconsin; two children. 6. Solomon, born February 4, 1814; married, 1844, Hester Holating; five children. 7. Jane Eliza, born April 21, 1816; married, October, 1834, James Terry, and removed to Michigan; eight children. 8. Levi, born April 20, 1819; married, March, 1841, Catherine Spring, and settled at Schodack, New York; two children. 9. Judith, born June 16, 1821; married (first) January 1, 1851, George Martin, of New York City; removed to Dodge county, Minnesota, where he died June 21, 1865; married (second) August 12, 1867, George Duffy, of Claremont, Dodge county, Minnesota; three children by first marriage. 10. Margaret Louise, born June 6, 1823, died September 8, 1874; married, October 17, 1842, John Van Buren, of Schodack, Rensselaer county, New York; born November 13, 1820; they settled at Ellington, Dodge county, Minnesota; four children. 11. Leonard A., of further mention. 12. Fletcher, born March 24, 1827; married, 1853, Jane Weeks, and settled in Brooklyn, New York; seven children.

(VI) Leonard Arkell, son of Solomon and Catherine (Fires or Fryer) Carhart, was born in Coeymans, Albany county, New York, May 22, 1825. He was a merchant of Coeymans. He married, September 14, 1851, Elizabeth Smith, of Springfield, New York; children: 1. Leonard Romaine, of further mention. 2. Anna G., born November 8, 1856. 3. Ella M., born March 2, 1859, graduate of State Normal College, Albany, New York. 4. Truman S., born March 15, 1864. 5. Milburn, born July 31, 1867.

(VII) Leonard Romaine, son of Leonard Arkell and Elizabeth (Smith) Carhart, was born in Coeymans, Albany county, New York, June 7, 1852. He was educated in the public schools, and has spent his life in Coeymans engaged in the boot and shoe business, also being a poultry fancier and raiser. He is a man of high principle and universally

respected. He is a Republican in politics and has served his town as assessor and in other public office. He married, August 4, 1880, Ella Jeannette, born at Hudson, New York, 1853, daughter of Whiting Benjamin Sheldon, born March 2, 1823, now a retired merchant of Hudson; trustee for years of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a strong adherent of the Republican party; married, October 13, 1842, Caroline Williams, of Connecticut. He is a son of Benjamin Sheldon, who lived and died at Johnstown, New York. Children of Whiting Benjamin Sheldon: Delia A., died young; Sarah, born 1843; Mary E., born 1848, married Frank J. Matthews, a manufacturer of Brooklyn, New York; Charles, born 1850; Ella Jeannette, born 1853, married Leonard Romaine Carhart; Edward, born 1857; Harriet, born 1859, married Bennett Quinlan. Children of Leonard R. and Ella J. Carhart: 1. Sheldon Romaine, born May 16, 1881, educated in the public school, now dry goods merchant of Hudson; he is a member of the New York National Guard, a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal church, affiliated with Hudson Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, a Republican in politics; he married, March 3, 1903, Emma Ham; children: Albert Sheldon, born May 3, 1905; Harold, May 4, 1907. 2. Claude Bentley, born June 5, 1883, educated in the Hudson common school and high school and is a book-keeper of Hudson; member of the Methodist Episcopal church, secretary of the Sunday school, member of the Young Men's Christian Association, Republican in politics, unmarried. 3. Caroline Sheldon, graduate of Hudson high school. 4. Clayton Sereo, born April 4, 1888, graduate of Hudson high school, now clerk with George Harris, gentleman's furnishings, Hudson; an active Republican; married, November 2, 1906, Lillian Maratskey; children: Harry Sheridan, born 1907; Clayton Sereo, born June 26, 1909. 5. Leonard Arkell, born April 24, 1892, educated in the public schools, now clerk in Hudson; a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. Mrs. Leonard R. Carhart survives her husband, a resident of Hudson.

The history of this branch of the Lasher family begins in West Camp, Columbia county, New York, in 1710, with Sebastian Lasher, of whom little is known. There are many theories concerning his nativity, but nothing is proven. The first positive record is of the birth of his daughter Maria Elizabeth, and her baptism in the church at West Camp in 1710. The only other record is that he

was among those willing to remain at West Camp in 1724, if lands were surveyed to him. He married Elizabeth —; children: Sebastian, of whom further; George, born 1703; Conrad, 1708; Maria Elizabeth, baptized June 1, 1710.

(II) Sebastian (2), son of Sebastian (1) and Elizabeth Lasher, lived at Livingston Manor (then Albany county, New York). His will, dated June 11, 1775, proved February 1, 1776, names wife Elizabeth and nine children. He married Elizabeth Livingston. Children: Sebastian (3), married Gertrude Shultis; Samuel, married Jannecke —, he was a soldier of the revolution in the Eleventh Regiment, Albany county militia; Elizabeth, married Samuel Coon; Helena, married Jury Rossman; Hannah, married Peter Bain; Veltorn, baptized May 6, 1738; Frederick, May 6, 1738; Markus (Marcus), of whom further; Herman, baptized June 4, 1742.

(III) Marcus, son of Sebastian (2) and Elizabeth (Livingston) Lasher, was baptized June 4, 1742. He married Elizabeth —. Children, all baptized at the Lutheran church at Manorton, Columbia county, New York: Hermanus, baptized December 10, 1771, married Mary Kilmer, October 19, 1796; George, baptized August 14, 1773, was one of the early settlers of Duaneburg, Schenectady county, New York, married Helen McMillan, born in Scotland; Catherine, baptized May 7, 1776; Hannah, baptized August 24, 1780; Marcus (2), of whom further; John; Sebastian, moved with family to Canada, married (first) Elizabeth Doll, (second) Anna Erkowbruch; Joseph, lived in the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, married Eve Snyder.

(IV) Marcus (2), son of Marcus (1) and Elizabeth Lasher, was born in Germantown, Columbia county, New York, died in Albany county, New York, aged over seventy years. His will dated October 6, 1833, was proved November 6, 1835. He married in Columbia county Elizabeth Kilmer (also spelled in the records Cilmore and Gilmore). He settled after marriage on a farm in the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, which he owned, cultivated and passed down to his children. His children were: 1. Catherine, born June 10, 1793; married Shubal Palmer. 2. Marcus, married (first) Margaret Race; (second) Cornelia Springstead; no issue. 3. Peter, born December 29, 1796, died in Bethlehem, New York, at the age of seventy years, unmarried. 4. Joseph, born December 30, 1798, died in Coeymans, New York, at age of seventy-five years; married Maria Joralarmen and left issue. 5. Magdalena, born April 1,

1801; married (first) Edwin Burham, July 1, 1824; married (second) John Corning. 6. John, of whom further. 7. Maria, born October 29, 1807; married George Hill, July 21, 1829; lived in Saugerties, New York, no issue. 8. Eve, born June 5, 1811; married William Wood; children: Charles, Abner, Captain Stiles M., Eliza, Margaret, Matilda, Jane and Caroline. 9. Elizabeth, married John B. Statts; they lived in Albany, where he died before 1833. 10. Hannah, married Africa Clapper; children: George, Peter, William H., John D., who was killed in the civil war, Rebecca and Elizabeth A. 11. Elnora, who died unmarried.

(V) John, son of Marcus (2) and Elizabeth (Kilmer) Lasher, was born in Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, July 27, 1803, died in the town of Coeymans, same county, at the home of his son, May, 1876. He followed the occupation of a farmer until his latter years, when he retired to Coeymans with his son. He was a Democrat. He married Eleanor Waggoner, of Bethlehem, born 1814, died October 4, 1887, in Albany, daughter of Henry and Margaret (Vroman) Waggoner, early residents of Coeymans, where they died, leaving Christopher, Cornelius, John, James, William, Eleanor, Magdelene, Maria, Ann, Jane, twin of Ann. She was a member of the Dutch Reformed church. Children: 1. Henry, born 1833, died in Albany, 1888; member of the police force; married Sarah Wemple; children: Harvey, Etta, Ella and Emma. 2. Elizabeth, born 1835; married Simeon Garrett, of Coeymans, New York; both deceased; children: Lyman, railroad engineer of Ravena; Horace, railroad man of New York; Ardell, died young. 3. Maria, died young. 4. Louisa Jane, born 1837, married Ezra Swartout, of South Westerlo; left child, Cora, married Archie W. Smith, of Mechanicsville, and has issue. 5. James, of whom further.

(VI) James, son of John and Eleanor (Waggoner) Lasher, was born in Bethlehem, November 16, 1842. He was educated in a private school, grew up on the Bethlehem farm, and after marriage settled in Coeymans, where he built up a profitable trade in meats and groceries. After twelve years in Coeymans he sold his interests and removed to Albany, where he resumed the grocery business on Madison avenue, later removing to Pearl street in the same line. After several years he located on Jefferson street, where he continued until his retirement in 1905. His business career has been an active and successful one. In politics he has always been an active Democrat. While in Coeymans he

was president of the village corporation, clerk of the town, and a leader of his party. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed church of Coeymans and for many years a deacon. He married, in Bethlehem, February 17, 1869, Mary C. Clapper, born there December 5, 1850. Children: 1. Alva J., of whom further. 2. Harry C., born June 30, 1872, died November, 1898, in Albany, buried in Bethlehem; married Catherine T. De Freest, of Ravena, who survives him without issue. 3. Ella May, born June 8, 1875, died September 9, 1876. Mary C. (Clapper) Lasher is a lineal descendant of Peter and Margaret (Hess) Clapper. William, son of Peter Clapper, was born in Bethlehem, where he died in old age. He married Magdalena Kilmer. Children: David, John, Peter, Mary, Hannah, Catherine, Eve, Sarah, Margaret and Elizabeth. Peter, son of William Clapper, died of sunstroke in Bethlehem, aged fifty-six years. He was a farmer. He married Sarah Ann, daughter of Elias and Susannah (Van O'Linda) Osterhout, granddaughter of Henry, son of William Osterhout, a pioneer of the Hudson Valley. Children of Elias and Susannah Osterhout: Henry, Jacob, John, Catherine, Van O'Linda, Elizabeth, Eleanor, Jane, Catherine (2), Susannah M., Sarah Ann, twin of Susannah M. Children of Peter and Sarah Ann (Osterhout) Clapper: i. William, his only surviving child, Catherine, is of West Troy; ii. Charles Henry, farmer and hotel proprietor of New Scotland, where he died without issue; iii. Helen M., married Adam Westfall, of Altamont, farmer; children: Daniel William, Amos, Charles, Adam and Mary; iv. Mary C., married James Lasher.

(VII) Alva J., son of James and Mary C. (Clapper) Lasher, was born in Bethlehem, September 19, 1870. Educated in the public and private schools. He was for ten years representative of Whiting Manufacturing Company, silversmiths, New York, and for the past twelve years with the International Silver Company, representing them as traveling salesman, covering a large territory. He retains his home at Glenmont, where he purchased "Rockhill Manor," the former home of Judge Nott. He is a Republican in politics. He married, July 2, 1895, in Jersey City, New Jersey, Augusta, born May 12, 1872, in New Baltimore, Greene county, New York, daughter of John A. and Susan M. (Hotaling) Davis. John A. Davis was born in Greene county, New York, 1832, died July 24, 1898, a ship and dry dock builder, of Albany and New York City, a son of William Livingston Davis, who was in the same business, died in Albany, 1880, aged seventy-nine.

He married Sarah Hotaling and left children: William I., John A. and Catalena Davis. John A. Davis was a deacon of the Reformed church at one time. Susan M. (Hotaling) Davis is a descendant of the old Greene county family of Hotaling, among the early families of that county. Children of John A. and Susan M. Davis: i. James H., of Peekskill; married three times; ii. Catalena, married Cornelius Waggoner, a farmer of Bethlehem; no issue; iii. Elmina, married Williard E. McHarg, of Albany, a reporter on the *Argus*, has daughter May Louise, graduate of Albany high school, now student at Albany Normal College; iv. Augusta, married Alva J. Lasher; v. Edgar S., of Peekskill, with the New York Central Railroad Company, married Florence Shire, and has Susan D., born 1906, and Gladys, born and died 1910; vi. Anna Guest, married Malcolm Wood, of Peekskill, New York; children: Edgar, Davis, John, Malcolm (2), Alice May. Alva J. and Augusta Lasher are members of the Dutch Reformed church. They have no children.

This is one of the oldest families of the Mohawk Valley; has been prominent in Schenectady from the earliest period of its history, and descendants two and a half centuries later are found occupying high positions of trust and honor. These descendants are to be found not only bearing the name of Mynderse, but also that of Van Inveren, the name of the town in Holland from which the immigrant ancestor came. As will be seen in the following record the intermarriages of the heads of each generation connect the present with the principal early settlers of Schenectady and the Dutch pioneers of Albany. Maria Wemp (Wemple) was a daughter of Jah Wemp and a granddaughter of Jan Barentse Wemp, who came to Beverwyck in 1643 or 1645. Married Maritje Myndertse, who after his death married Suer Teunise Van Velsen, "the village miller," both of whom perished in the Indian massacre of February 9, 1690. Sarah Swart was a daughter of Esaias and Eva Jan Schoenderwoert (alias Van Woert) and granddaughter of Teunis Cornelise Swart, one of the original proprietors of Schenectady, who married Elizabeth Vander Linde. Geerdriy Van Slyck was a granddaughter of the first settler of the name in Beverwyck, and Annetje Vedder was of the fourth generation from Herman Vedder, the "founder." Other prominent and familiar names will be noted in the record.

Two brothers, Myndert and Carsten Fred-

erickse, came to Beverwyck from Holland and were among the early settlers. They were smiths and followed their trade there. Among their landed estate was the property now the corner of Broadway and Spanish (now Hudson) street, Albany. They were members of the Lutheran church, of which Myndert was an elder and Carsten deacon in 1680. The latter died about 1690, leaving four children. Myndert Frederickse was armorer to the fort in 1697. He made his will, March 21, 1703-04, proved May 1, 1706, in which he speaks of "My house hard by the church on Cow Street" (now Broadway) and of "my church book with silver clasp and chain." He married (first) Cathalyn Burchard (Burger) in New Amsterdam, August 5, 1656; (second) Retertje Teunise Van Vechten, in 1663. At the date of his will he had five living children: Frederick, born in 1657; Burger, 1660; Neeltje, married Hendrick Douw; Reinier and Johannes, who settled in Schenectady.

(II) Johannes Myndertse or Mynderse, son of Myndert Frederickse, of Albany, settled in Schenectady in 1700. By trade he was a blacksmith and armorer to the fort. Like most of the other residents of the village, he was an Indian trader. In 1723 he was arrested by the sheriff of Albany county and brought before the Albany common council for having, contrary to the ordinances of the city of Albany, "received into and harbored in his house Indians with beaver and other peltry." This was a serious charge, as the Albany traders claimed exclusive privileges with the Indians. He was fined ten pounds, which he refused to pay, whereupon the sheriff was ordered to keep "said Mynderse safely in the common jail." But he shortly escaped, and as a punishment for his negligence the sheriff was ordered to pay Mynderse's fine and cost. Mynderse appealed his case to the supreme court of the province, sitting in New York City, and gained his case; he received from the common council damages which with fees and costs amounted to forty-one pounds nine shillings and three pence. It is believed the decision effectually established the rights of citizens of Schenectady to the same privileges of trade as the citizens of Albany. Johannes Mynderse made his will, May 4, 1754, proved September 7, 1757, wherein he speaks of his three sons, Myndert, Jacobus and Reynier, and distributed his estate between them. He then owned property on the west corner of Mill lane and State street, also on the north side of State street, where he had a blacksmith shop and a bolting house. He married Geertruy, daughter of Jacques Cornelise Van

Slyck, and granddaughter of Cornelise, the first settler of the family in Beverwyck. Children: 1. Myndert, see forward. 2. Margaret, baptized in Albany, June 8, 1707; married Pieter Groenendyk. 3. Jacobus, baptized April 22, 1709, in Albany. 4. Reynier, October, 1710. 5. Petries, April 19, 1718.

(III) Myndert, son of Johannes and Geertruy (Van Slyck) Mynderse, learned and followed his father's and grandfather's trade of blacksmith. He inherited under his father's will lot No. 93 State street, Schenectady, and the blacksmith shop next east of it. He made his will in 1761, proved July 18, 1763, and speaks of wife Maria, sons Johannes, Barent and Harmen, and daughters Geertruy, Margareta and Sarah. To Johannes he gave his house and blacksmith shop. He married, January 15, 1736, Maria, daughter of Jan and Sara (Swart) Wemp (Wemple). Children: 1. Geertruy, baptized July 11, 1736; married Petrus Vander Volgen. 2. Parach, January 7, 1739. 3. Margareta, September 28, 1740. 4. Johannes, see forward. 5. Margareta, May 27, 1744; married Teunis A. Swart. 6. Barent, February 8, 1747. 7. Harmen, July 2, 1749. 8. Sara, December 26, 1752.

(IV) Colonel Johannes (John) Mynderse, son of Myndert and Maria (Wemp) Mynderse, was baptized October 18, 1741, died October 29, 1815. He was also a blacksmith, judging from the fact that to him his father left by will his blacksmith shop and tools. Many of this generation are borne upon the revolutionary rolls of New York state as soldiers both in the line and in the Albany county regiments. John Mynderse was captain of the Second Regiment, Albany county militia, commanded by Colonel Abraham Wemple. He was colonel of militia after the revolution and a man of prominence. He married Annetje, daughter of Simon and Maria (Truax) Vedder, granddaughter of Arent and Sarah (Groot) Vedder, and great-granddaughter of Harmen Albertse Vedder, the first settler of the Vedder family in America, and trader in Beverwyck before the year 1657. She died March 9, 1825. Children: 1. Simon, baptized January 23, 1785. 2. Simon (2), baptized June 10, 1787. 3. Barent, born July 17, 1790, died March 8, 1860; married Catherine Douw Ten Eyck, who died December 14, 1852, daughter of Barent and Annatje (Hoffman) Ten Eyck, a descendant of Conrad Ten Eyck, of New Amsterdam, New York. 4. Aaron, see forward. 5. Maria, born January 8, 1797, died October 25, 1805.

(V) Aaron, son of Colonel John and Annetje (Vedder) Mynderse, was born in Schenectady, New York, November 3, 1793,

died September 14, 1834. He married, in Schenectady, Anna Maria, daughter of Rev. Herman Vedder, of Gallatin, Columbia county, New York, and his wife, Harriet (Van Vranken) Vedder, who was the daughter of Maus Van Vranken, of Schenectady. Children: 1. Barent Arent, see forward. 2. Harriet Vedder, born 1830, died 1868; married Peter Edward Van Alstyne, son of Adam Van Alstyne, an early settler of Kinderhook. 3. Anna McClellan, born 1832, unmarried. 4. Mary Lynn, born 1833, died September 18, 1834. 5. Catherine Douw, born December, 1834, died March, 1902, unmarried.

(VI) Barent Arent (or Aaron) Mynderse, M.D., eldest son of Aaron and Anna Maria (Vedder) Mynderse, was born in Schenectady, New York, June 15, 1829, died October 2, 1887. He was educated in the public schools; entered Union College, graduating in class of 1849. He chose medicine as his profession. He was graduated from Albany Medical College, with degree of M.D., in 1853, and was for years a leading physician and prominent citizen of Schenectady. He was curator of Albany Medical College; president for eight years, 1879-87, of Schenectady board of education; member of the Delta Phi fraternity of Union College; director of the Mohawk Bank of Schenectady; one of the organizers and member of the board of censors of the Schenectady County Medical Association; member of the congregation of the First Dutch Reformed Church, and a Democrat in politics. He married Albertina Sanders, daughter of General Leonard William and Helen (Livingston) Ten Broeck, born April 23, 1835, died November 13, 1900, a descendant of Major Dirk Wesselse Ten Broeck, born in 1642; was of Beverwyck in 1662, and founded the Ten Broeck family in the Hudson Valley. Children: 1. Helen Livingston, born September 13, 1867; married Edwin McClellan, of Cambridge, Washington county, New York, now a prominent wholesale druggist of London, England; no issue. 2. Herman Vedder (see forward). 3. William Ten Broeck, born August 1, 1871; Union College, class of 1893; Delta Phi Fraternity; architect of Schenectady; married Sarah Hulme Wilson, born in Clermont, Columbia county, New York, May 12, 1871, daughter of Harold and Mary E. (Sanders) Wilson, and granddaughter of Judge William Henry Wilson, of Clermont, New York, and his wife, Anne (Hulme) Wilson, daughter of one of the old and aristocratic families of Philadelphia. Mary E. Sanders was a daughter of Judge John Sanders, a writer of note and editor of a valuable history of Schenectady county,

New York. He married Jane Livingston, a direct descendant of Robert Livingston, first "Lord of the Manor," Columbia county, New York.

(VII) Herman Vedder Mynderse, M.D., eldest son of Dr. Barent Aaron and Albertina Sanders (Ten Broeck) Mynderse, was born in Schenectady, New York, May 29, 1861. He prepared for college in the Schenectady schools, entered Union College and was graduated with degree of A.B. in class of 1884; entered Albany Medical College and was graduated with degree of M.D., class of 1887. He at once began the practice of his profession in his native city, where he is still actively engaged in general practice. Following the example of his honored father, he has given freely of his time to the varied business and other interests of Schenectady. He has been a director of the Mohawk National Bank since 1891; was first vice-president for several years, and in 1908 was chosen president; is now and has been for several years trustee of the Schenectady Savings Bank; he is a member of the Schenectady County and State Medical societies; American Medical Association and member of medical staff of Ellis Hospital, Schenectady. He is an active member of the Delta Phi fraternity of Union College; president of the Village of Scotia, from 1894 to 1900. (his home); deacon and former member of the consistory of the First Reformed Church, and a Democrat in politics. Dr. Mynderse married, October 1, 1900, Helen Louise Douw, born in Poughkeepsie, New York, July 30, 1864, daughter of John De Peyster and Mary (Lanman) Douw. John De Puyster Douw was born in Albany in 1812, died in Poughkeepsie, New York, February, 1901; he was a lineal descendant of Hendrick Douw, the early settler. He was a prominent business man of Albany for many years, and a man of large means and extensive interests. His wife, Mary (Lanman) Douw, was a daughter of Charles Lanman, of Connecticut, and sister of Charles Lanman, for several years secretary to the Japanese embassy at Washington, D. C. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Douw: 1. Mary L., married Morris Ferris, of New York City; children: Mary, married Joseph Roberts, of New York City; Morris J., an attorney of New York City; Van Wyck. 2. Margaret L., married Edward N. Townsend, of Garden City, Long Island. 3. Charles G., civil engineer; unmarried in Schenectady, New York. 4. William D., died young. 5. Helen Louise, married Dr. Herman Vedder Mynderse; they have no children.

James Cowee was born in the COWEE old world in 1726 or 1727 of unknown parentage. He died April 29, 1801. He was the ancestor of those distinguished by that name in this vicinity, if not in the entire country. While yet a lad, as the story goes, his mother died. A step-mother coming into the family did not take kindly to him or his brother Bartholomew, but neglected and abused them. The father, as they grew older, conceived the idea of sending them to America to seek their fortunes and work out their destinies. He made an arrangement with the captain of a vessel about to sail thither, a warm personal friend of his, to take the youths with him, paying him liberally for their passage and entrusting him with additional funds to be given them when they should disembark, as a means of getting a start in the new land. During the voyage Bartholomew, the younger brother, died, which was a sad misfortune to the survivor. The captain of the ship proved recreant to his trust, betraying the confidence of his friend and cheating an innocent, destitute and needy young man, a stranger in a strange land, out of his rightful due. He not only withheld from the lad what he had received from the father for the sons' special use to be paid upon landing here, but actually sold him into temporary service, as the custom sometimes was in those days, for the second payment of the passage money across the sea. After the term of servitude he worked his way back into the country among the new settlements, tarrying here and there as he could find employment, at length reaching Chocksett (now Sterling), where he remained a while, but ere long he came to Narragansett No. 2, where October 1, 1750, he bought of Rev. Elisha Marsh lot number 96. He at once began improvements, cleared six acres, erected a good cellar house, set out an orchard and had things well under way before the following July. He was an industrious, skillful, prosperous farmer, a man of much independence and force of character, becoming one of the largest land holders of the town and having one of the most valuable residences at the time of the levying of the general United States tax in 1798.

He married, March 3, 1757, Mary, daughter of John Pearson, of Rowley. She died March 11, 1813. Children: 1. John, born July 20, 1758, married Mary Rand, settled in Chittenden, Vermont. 2. Sarah, October 12, 1759, married Zeeb Green. 3. Mehitable, March 21, 1761, married Nathan Wood. 4. David, of whom further. 5. James, February 21, 1765, married Susannah Baldwin. 6.

Mary, January 17, 1767, married John Bigelow. 7. Rebecca, September 14, 1768, married (first) Jonathan Eager, (second) John Bigelow. 8. Nathan, June 19, 1770, died April 21, 1814. 9. Rhoda, April 30, 1772, married William Sawin. 10. Joel, February 15, 1774, died in infancy. 11. Pearson, October 9, 1775, married Susannah Upton.

(II) David, son of James and Mary (Pearson) Cowee, was born March 2, 1763. He spent most of his life near the North Common, but about the year 1826 removed to Troy, New York, where he died in 1828. He married Millicent, daughter of Edward and Jemima (Trowbridge) Jackson, December 22, 1789. Children: 1. Farwell, of whom further. 2. David, born 1792, died September 9, 1814. 3. Adolphus, no date recorded, disappeared in 1841. 4. Ann Maria, July 5, 1810, married Nahum P. Dole.

(III) Farwell, son of David and Millicent (Jackson) Cowee, was born in 1790, died in 1837. He was an active, enterprising, public-spirited man. He started in trade with Timothy Doty; they built the Doty store and ran it for several years. He removed to Troy, New York, where he engaged in the hotel business. He married (first) Abigail, daughter of Nathan and Abigail (Holden) Merriam (see Merriam VII). She died September 15, 1830. He married (second) Eliza Dole in 1832. Children of first wife: 1. David, of whom further. 2. Farwell Malcolm, of whom further. 3. Millicent, born June 22, 1822, married James Pierpont. 4. Abigail, April 24, 1824, died April 6, 1830. 5. Ann Eliza, July 19, 1829, married David Judson. Children of second wife: 6. George R., born 1833, died 1862. 7. Mary, 1835, died November 27, 1887; married Edgar T. Wait.

(IV) David (2), eldest son of Farwell and Abigail (Merriam) Cowee, was born at Westminster, Massachusetts, June 16, 1818, died November 27, 1887, at Troy, New York. As a young man he entered the store of John L. Thompson as a clerk, and in 1841 was admitted a partner and so continued during his lifetime. He was a director and vice-president of the Manufacturers National Bank and interested in other Troy business affairs. He was an elder of the First Presbyterian Church, and a Republican in politics, serving as school commissioner. He married, December 28, 1843, at Troy, Mary Elizabeth Young, born August 19, 1819, now (1911) living in Troy in her ninety-second year. Children: 1. James Farwell, of whom further. 2. David, born September 30, 1849, a teller in the United National Bank of Troy. 3. Mary Louise, mar-

rried Walter R. Bush, Jr. 4. Clara Elizabeth, a resident of Troy. 5. Eleanor Gertrude, also a resident of Troy.

(IV) Farwell Malcolm, son of Farwell and Abigail (Merriam) Cowee, was born in Westminster, Massachusetts, January 8, 1820, died in Berlin, New York, February 13, 1895. He lived in Westminster during his boyhood days; in 1838 he removed to Troy, where he entered business. In 1844 he bought a farm in Berlin, New York, where he was also interested in the Henry Harrington Manufacturing Company, makers of mowing machines, but his principle business was farming. He was a Republican and was elected and served as supervisor for several years. He was a very prominent church worker, a member of the First Baptist Church and a deacon, and was active in Sunday school as a superintendent for many years. Farwell M. Cowee was married, February 15, 1844, to Sarah Elizabeth Godfrey, born in Berlin, August 8, 1820, died July 14, 1889, daughter of Josiah Godfrey, of Rhode Island, and Sarah (Burnell) Godfrey. Josiah Godfrey was the son of Robert Godfrey, born 1733, son of John (2) Godfrey, born January 31, 1703, son of John (1) Godfrey, born 1680, married, May 28, 1701, Elizabeth, daughter of Caleb Carr, who was governor of Rhode Island. Children of Farwell Malcolm and Sarah Elizabeth (Godfrey) Cowee: Abigail; Millicent; Malcolm G.; Anna; Arthur; Willis Judson; James Clarence, born August 25, 1863, a prominent business man of Troy, president and treasurer of the David Judson Coal Company, married, June 25, 1891, Bertha, daughter of Theodore and Matilda E. (Price) Hyatt; children: Marjory H., Constance H., Theodore H. and James Farwell.

(V) James Farwell, eldest son of David (2) and Mary Elizabeth (Young) Cowee, born in Troy, New York, September 23, 1844. He was educated in the public schools and Troy Academy, entered Williams College, class of 1865, but left college during his junior year. He entered the store of John L. Thompson Sons, as a clerk, January 18, 1864, was admitted as partner, February 1, 1869, and so continued until the incorporation of John L. Thompson Sons & Company, July 1, 1903, when he was elected president of the company, a position he now (1910) most worthily fills. He is a director of the Manufacturers' National Bank and is interested in other Troy enterprises, but his greatest interest through his entire business life has been the John L. Thompson & Sons Company.

He is an elder of the Presbyterian church

and actively interested in church work. He is a member of the Masonic order, Sons of the Revolution, and Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity. His social clubs are the Troy and Pafraets Dael, both of Troy. He married, April 22, 1869, Nancy Louise Denison, of Berlin, New York, daughter of Pardee N. and Aurora (Streeter) Denison. Child; Harvey Denison, born May 22, 1874; educated at Albany Boys Academy and Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University; he was elected vice-president of the John L. Thompson Sons & Company in 1903, after a previous service of six years; he married Louise Bontecou Cluett.

(The Merriam Line)

Nathan Merriam was a lineal descendant of Joseph Merriam, who came to America about 1638 and settled in Concord, Massachusetts; with him came brothers Robert and George. They were sons of William Merriam, of Hadlow, Kent county, England. Joseph was the founder of the Merriam family of Westminster, Massachusetts.

(II) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) Merriam, married Sarah Stone.

(III) Thomas, son of Joseph (2) and Sarah (Stone) Merriam, was born in 1672, married Mary Harwood.

(IV) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) and Mary (Harwood) Merriam, married Tabitha Stone, of Waltham, and located in Lexington, Massachusetts.

(V) Samuel, eldest son of Thomas (2) and Tabitha (Stone) Merriam, born December 21, 1723, was dismissed from the Lexington church to the Westminster church. He married Anne, daughter of David and Rebecca Whitney, of Waltham, June 4, 1752, and had seven children.

(VI) Nathan, sixth child and second son of Samuel and Anne (Whitney) Merriam, was born April 29, 1764, married Abigail, daughter of Abner and Elizabeth (Darby) Holden.

(VII) Abigail, daughter of Nathan and Abigail (Holden) Merriam, born January 29, 1795, died September, 1820, married Farwell Cowee.

(The Holden Line)

Abigail Holden, wife of Nathan Merriam, was a descendant of Justinian Holden, who at the age of twenty-one years, in the year 1634, sailed from Ipswich, England, for America; became one of the first proprietors of Watertown, Massachusetts, where he died. He became a man of substance and owned a farm of two hundred and ninety-four acres, now (1910) one of the most valuable tracts in the suburbs of Boston. Name of his first wife is unknown; he married (second) Mary,

daughter of Thomas Rutler, who bore him four sons, all of whom were prominent in the growth and development of Westminster, Massachusetts.

(II) Deacon Joseph Holden, son of Justinian and Mary (Rutler) Holden, was born at Watertown, Massachusetts, September 6, 1683. The inscription of his gravestone best expresses his standing in Westminster, "Deacon Joseph Holden, deceased November 3, 1768, in the eighty-fourth year of his age. He brought his family into this town in ye year 1737, being ye second family; was ye first Deacon of ye Church gathered here and faithfully discharged the duty thereof. Mark ye perfect and behold ye upright for the end of that man is Peace." He married (first) Abigail Shattuck; (second) Elizabeth ———, who survived him. He had seven children, all by his first wife.

(III) Abner, fourth son of Deacon Joseph and Abigail (Shattuck) Holden, was born November 2, 1722. He was clerk of the district and town of Westminster for many years, was repeatedly on the board of assessors, for nearly twenty years selectman, and for twenty years was the leading magistrate of the town. He was a member of the first provincial congress in 1774, a delegate to the convention called to adopt the state constitution in 1779, and the first representative of the town to the general court established by that constitution. He was a brave and devoted champion of the cause of independence, and did his utmost for its success. He married, February 25, 1752, Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew and Elizabeth Darby, who shared his fortunes more than half a century and survived him seven years. He died October 22, 1805, aged eighty-two years; she died November 12, 1810, aged eighty-three years. They were the parents of nine children.

(IV) Abigail, eighth child of Abner and Elizabeth (Darby) Holden, was born August 25, 1767, married Nathan Merriam (see Merriam VI).

The maternal line of the McKie family of Cambridge, New York, traces to Phineas Whiteside, born June 31, 1716, in county Tyrone, Ireland, died in the town of Cambridge, Washington county, New York, 1793. He came to the American colonies about the year 1736 with his brother, landing at Philadelphia, and making settlement in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. He was a man of education and maintained a private school, which he taught until he moved from the state. He was Protestant in religion and probably a Covenanter, if the

fact that he was associated with John Culbertson, may be taken as evidence. John Culbertson was a Scotch Covenanter and missionary. In 1764 or 1766 he came to Washington county on a mission to the Secession church. He was accompanied on this long and perilous trip by Phineas Whiteside, who made permanent location in West Cambridge. He purchased a tract of fourteen hundred acres which he cleared in part and cultivated. The war of the revolution prevented his getting title to the land which he held on perpetual lease at a rental of one shilling per acre. The land was not held in "fee simple" until 1877, when it was purchased. As his sons came of age he gave them each two hundred acres of land. The homestead he erected is still standing and owned by a descendant, Mrs. Catherine Hobson. He was a very patriotic man and during the war of the revolution espoused with fervor the colonial cause, subscribing one thousand pounds to aid the colonial government. He also exerted himself in behalf of some soldiers who were being tried for desertion. He defended them with much skill and restored them to their commands. His wife at her death left one hundred pounds for the erection of a church in the locality, other members of the family contributed enough to complete it. It has always been known as the "Whiteside church." He married Ann Cooper, while yet a resident of Pennsylvania. Children, the sons all settled on farms in the town: John, of further mention; William, married Lois Freeman; Peter, married Ann Robertson; Thomas, married Betsey Cramer; Edward, married Ann French; Ann, married Thomas Cochrane; Oliver, married Susanna Pendergast.

(II) John, son of Phineas and Ann (Cooper) Whiteside, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, 1752. He came to Washington county with his parents in 1764 or 1766 and became a prosperous farmer of the county. He married Margaret Robertson. Children: Elizabeth; Phineas, married Abigail Hunt; Thomas J., married Sophia Morse; Ann, married Peter McMurray; Robertson, married Maria Pendergast; Catherine, of further mention.

(III) Catherine, youngest child of John and Margaret (Robertson) Whiteside, married John McKie. Children: John, Jr., was major of the Twenty-second Regiment, New York Infantry, organized June, 1861, later was commissioned lieutenant-colonel; unmarried. William, of further mention; James, married Annie Whiteside.

(IV) William, eldest son of John and Cath-

erine (Whiteside) McKie, was born in West Cambridge, Washington county, New York. He married Minerva, born in West Arlington, Vermont, daughter of Samuel and Mina (Andrews) Buck. Child, Kate M., now resident of Cambridge, New York.

The Chatham, New York, SINCLAIR branch of the Sinclair family was founded in New York state about a century ago by John Sinclair, who was born in England in 1804, died in Greene county, New York, in 1860. When a young man of twenty years he came to the United States, where he became a manufacturer of woolen goods and a prominent citizen of Greene county, New York. He married Ann Jane Buchanan, who died in 1886. She was a daughter of John Buchanan, born in the north of Ireland, came to the United States when a young man, located in New York City where he died at the extreme age of ninety-four years. He was engaged in manufacturing and was a well-known and successful man. He and family were members of the Presbyterian church. Ann Jane Buchanan was born in New York City about the year 1810 and died at Adams, Massachusetts. After her marriage to John Sinclair they lived in Greene county, New York. They were the parents of five sons and five daughters, including John B., of further mention, and Margaret, married Albert Hannum.

(II) John B., son of John and Ann Jane (Buchanan) Sinclair, was born in Freehold, Greene county, New York, February 22, 1848. He was educated in the public schools, and in early life was a worker in the woolen mills of the section, later becoming a manufacturer. After several years of active life in the woolen business he removed to Seymour, Connecticut, where he was proprietor of the Windsor Hotel and manager of the Tingle Opera House. In 1880 he assumed the management of the Nassau House, where he remained for several years. In 1896 he located in Chatham, New York where he purchased the Chatham House. He was a successful, popular "Mine Host," and made the "Chatham" the most delightful and best patronized house in Columbia county. He continued in its management until September, 1906, when he sold his entire hotel interest. He then established a plant in Chatham for the manufacture of barrels of all kinds, and has since been devoted to its management and successful operation. Since 1907 Mr. Sinclair has been continuously in public life. In that year he was elected by the Republican party

to represent his district in the New York house of assembly, where he served with credit on committees on internal affairs, commerce and navigation, public lands and forestry. In the same year (1907) he was elected mayor of Chatham, and his conduct of public affairs was so satisfactory to his townsmen that he was re-elected in 1908-09-10, and is now serving his fourth term. He has proved a most valuable public official and under his watchful eye the public business of Chatham is vigorously and carefully conducted. He belongs to many societies and organizations and is a life member of Oriental Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Broadbrook, Connecticut. He married (first) in 1870, at North Adams, Massachusetts, Amanda L. Moon, born in Adams, Massachusetts, 1847, died at Seymour, Connecticut, 1889, daughter of John Moon. Children: 1. Anna J., born in Clarksburg, Massachusetts, 1871, married Stillman Wright, of Seymour, Connecticut, where they now reside. Child, Helen, deceased. 2. John B. (2), born at Clarksburg, 1873, now a resident of Seymour, Connecticut, in the employ of the Day Manufacturing Company. He married Ida Reigal, of Seymour. Child, Harold, died in early childhood. John B. Sinclair married (second) in Petersburg, New York, Mrs. Mary A. Schofield, born in Adams, Massachusetts, in 1846, daughter of Thomas and Maria (Fuller) Lyons, and widow of George Schofield.

The line of descent of SLINGERLAND this branch of the Slingerland family is as follows: (I) Teunis (Tuenise) C. Slingerland, born 1617. (II) Albert, born 1666. (III) Johannes, baptized 1696. (IV) Albert, born 1733.

(V) Henry, son of Albert and Elizabeth (Moak) Slingerland, was a farmer of the town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York. He married a kinswoman, Jemima Slingerland, and had children, among whom was Henry H.

(VI) Henry H., son of Henry and Jemima (Slingerland) Slingerland, was born in the town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, 1808. He established in Albany the wholesale house of H. H. Slingerland & Son, which he operated successfully until 1886, when he sold out the business to his sons, John B. and De Witt C. He married Hannah Winne.

(VII) De Witt C., son of Henry H. and Hannah (Winne) Slingerland, was born in the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, 1850. He was educated in the public

schools, and began his long and active business life in Albany as a clerk and bookkeeper for the firm of H. H. Slingerland & Son. In 1889, in association with his brother, John C. Slingerland, they purchased the business and together continued a wholesale and retail grocery business. Mr. Slingerland is a successful business man, and has reached a position of honor and influence in the city of Albany. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Ancient City Lodge, No. 452, Free and Accepted Masons. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Unconditional Club. He married, March, 1875, Alice Cuyler, daughter of George Nelson and Eliza Ryckman (Martin) Geary, and granddaughter of George Geary, born in Newfoudland in 1799. He was a merchant tailor. George Nelson Geary, son of George Geary, was born in Albany, New York, in 1824. He married, in Albany, in 1849, Eliza Ryckman Martin, born in Rochester, New York, in 1827. They had nine children, four of whom survived childhood. Children: 1. Alice Cuyler, married De Witt C. Slingerland. 2. George Nelson. 3. Abraham Lincoln. 4. Grace May, married William H. Chamberlain, of Albany, and has a son, Harry L. Chamberlain. Children of De Witt C. and Alice Cuyler (Geary) Slingerland: 1. Henry Cuyler, educated in the public schools of Albany; a graduate of Albany high school, and for two years attended Williams College. He is associated with his father in business. He is a member of the University Club, and is sergeant of Troop B., New York National Guard. 2. Frank Nelson, educated in the public schools; graduate of Albany high school and Albany Business College. He is engaged in the automobile business in Albany. He married Anna MacDonald, and has a son Donald MacDonald Slingerland.

Daniel McClure, ancestor of
WARDLE Mrs. Alena Wardle, was of Scotch-Irish parentage; he was a farmer of Albany county, New York. He was twice married and had five children by first wife: 1. Wellington, born on the home farm in southwestern Albany county, August 18, 1815, died at Saugerties, Ulster county, New York, July 8, 1875; he was a farmer; married Phoebe Kelly, November 10, 1830; children: i. James Edgar, died in infancy; ii. Catherine Ann, married, June 6, 1866, Robert DeLaVergne, born March 30, 1840, in Albany county, New York, son of Moses Smith and grandson of Theodore B. DeLaVergne, born in France. Moses Smith DeLaVergne was born in Massachusetts, settled in Albany

county, where he was engaged in the undertaking business. He was an active Republican, town clerk and member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married Fannie Aikin. Child: Robert DeLaVergne, a traveling salesman all his life until his retirement in 1908, for the last twelve years "on the road" he represented the Hammond Beef Company of Chicago. He is a Democrat in politics, and resides in Hudson, New York. Children of Robert and Catherine Ann (McClure) De La Vergne: a. Fannie, married Norton M. Denegar, June 15, 1892; child, Norma DeLa Vergne; b. Maretta, born April 16, 1870, died March 19, 1883; c. McClure, born April 27, 1871, died September 4, 1871; d. Nora McClure, married, December 30, 1896, Edward W. Harrington. 2. Nelson, of California. 3. William, of Michigan. 4. Jeanette, of Illinois. 5. Hannah, of Albany. Daniel McClure by a second marriage to Widow Cobden had three children: 6. James Emory, of whom further. 7. Frances Asbury, twin of James E., born 1839. 8. Daniel, removed to the west.

(II) James Emory, son of Daniel and — (Cobden) McClure, born in 1839, died April 5, 1888. He was an architect, builder and contractor. Among his large contracts were the Freylinghuysen residence at Lenox, Grand Hotel at Summit, Chatham Depot and Coxsackie schoolhouse. He built many of the local residences in Hudson and the Dutch Reformed church at Germantown. He was a Republican in politics, a member and one of the official board of the Methodist Episcopal church in Hudson. He was leader of the choir and through his efforts a handsome pipe organ was obtained for the church. He was superintendent of the Sunday school, a worker for the welfare of the church, to which he gave liberally.

James E. McClure married, in 1861, Kate Utter, born 1840, died May 17, 1887, daughter of Welcome and Pauline (Bogardus) Utter. The latter died July, 1888. Welcome Utter was a boot and shoe maker and formerly lived in Catskill Mountains. Kate Utter was the eldest of three children; her brother Edgar died September, 1888, her sister Alice died aged eight years. Children of James E. and Kate McClure: 1. Alice P., died in infancy. 2. Alena, born in Hudson, New York; received a musical education, becoming a well-known and proficient performer on both piano and pipe organ; she is the organist of the Methodist Episcopal church at Hudson and an instructor of piano classes; she married, December 29, 1898, James Harold Wardle, son of Dr. John Knight Wardle. Child, James McClure, born November 19, 1899.



John E. McClure

revolution in the Seventh Regiment, Albany county militia. He married, about 1760, Johanna Van Slyck, born October 23, 1736, died April 5, 1815, also a descendant of an early Dutch Mohawk Valley family. Children: Barent, born September 28, 1762, died February 20, 1763; Angelica, January 22, 1764, died February 19, 1850; Barent F., born November 26, 1769, died January 7, 1862; Harmon F., of whom further.

(VI) Harmon F., son of Francis and Johanna (Van Slyck) Van Buren, was born March 29, 1775, died September 30, 1858. He accompanied his father to the Mohawk Valley and became the owner of one-quarter of the Mayfield purchase. Here he followed agriculture all his days, becoming prominent in town and church affairs, being especially active in the latter. He married, about 1796, Catherine Miller, born 1774, died March 13, 1845. Children: Hannah, born February 1, 1798, died in infancy; Charles, March 5, 1799, died February 15, 1860; Johanna, October 10, 1800, died January 18, 1853; Lucinda, November 22, 1802, died March 3, 1874; Francis, February 22, 1805, died March, 1872; Oliver Miller, of whom further; Angelica, March 4, 1809, died August 11, 1884; Peter, May 4, 1813, died November 17, 1885.

(VII) Oliver Miller, son of Harmon F. and Catherine (Miller) Van Buren, was born in Mayfield, Fulton county, New York, April 4, 1807, died June, 1882. He was a farmer and a devoted member of the Presbyterian church. He married, January 21, 1829, Sallie Maria Hayes, born April 9, 1811, died April 18, 1883. Children: Elizabeth, born January 9, 1830; Charles Henry, May 17, 1836; Harmon E., June 28, 1839; Ansel Hayes, April 17, 1846, died August 31, 1910; Granville, August, 1853.

(VIII) Charles Henry, son of Oliver Miller and Sallie Maria (Hayes) Van Buren, was born May 17, 1836, died March 2, 1897. He married, March 30, 1864, Isadore (Dora) Case. Children: 1. Nellie Elizabeth, born February 27, 1865, married Foster G. Hearst, January 7, 1910. 2. Ada Blanche, of whom further. 3. Grace, born December 31, 1870, married, September 6, 1893, Owen G. Smith; child, Paul, born January, 1902. 4. Hiram Gates, born March 27, 1876, married, September 2, 1903, Lizzie B. Morrison; children: Elizabeth and Margaret May.

(IX) Ada Blanche, daughter of Charles Henry and Isadore (Dora) (Case) Van Buren, was born January 29, 1867, married,

December 15, 1886, James E. Kelly (see Kelly III).

The Palmatiers of Catskill, New York, descend from a French ancestor believed to have been named Jean. He came to America and settled in Albany county, New York. He was a farmer, married and reared a family.

(II) Peter Palmatier, son of the emigrant, was born in Albany county, New York, in the town of Coeymans. Here he was educated and learned the business of a farmer. He later purchased a farm in Greene county, New York, about two miles from the village of Catskill, where his children were born and where he died. He married Deborah Hallenbeck. Children: 1. Catherine, married Frederick Ocumpaugh, of Catskill, died in Troy, New York. 2. Peter (2), born 1805, died 1883. 3. Moses. 4. John. 5. Walter W., of further mention. 6. Mellisa, married Asa Bullock and settled in the west. 7. Julia, married Emery Happy, of Columbia county, New York, and settled in the west. 8. Abel B., a Baptist clergyman, who preached in Essex county, New York, and died 1898.

(III) Walter W., son of Peter and Deborah (Hallenbeck) Palmatier, settled on lot No. 78, the southwest corner of the patent known as Loonenburg Patent. In the deed its location is mentioned and reference is made to the "ancient birch tree." This lot is in the town of Catskill, the town line crossing the patent line about halfway between the Kings road and the Vosen Kill. He married, September 4, 1852, Jane, daughter of William and Julia (Hollister) Magilton. Children: 1. Frederick W., born May 4, 1854, of Catskill. 2. William, of further mention. 3. Julia, born December 25, 1862, unmarried.

(IV) William, son of Walter W. and Jane (Magilton) Palmatier, was born August 18, 1857. He spent the early part of his life on his father's farm just outside of Catskill. He was educated in the local schools of Jefferson and Catskill, Greene county, New York. In December, 1875, he began the reading of law in the office of King & Halleck, of Catskill, New York, and at the February term in Albany was admitted to the bar. He continued with King & Halleck and their successors until November 15, 1883. In 1891 he entered the Tanners National Bank at Catskill as bookkeeper and was later made assistant cashier. In 1894 he was promoted to the office of cashier, a position he still holds (1910). He has been a director of the Tanners National Bank of Catskill, New York,

for several years; is trustee of Catskill Savings Bank and treasurer of Jefferson Rural Cemetery Association. He married, June 1, 1898, Keturah Louise, daughter of Joshua Atwater and Louisa (Hopkins) Cooke. They have one son, William Atwater Cooke Palmatier, born October 21, 1899.

(The Cooke Line).

Henry Cooke, born in Birmingham, England, was of Salem, Massachusetts, before 1640. He had four sons, Isaac, John, Henry and Samuel. Isaac is supposed to have remained at Salem and John to have settled at Middletown, Connecticut. Henry and Samuel settled at Wallingford, Connecticut, and are the ancestors of most of the name of Cook or Cooke in Connecticut, as well as having numerous descendants in other states.

(II) Samuel, son of Henry Cooke, came to New Haven, Connecticut, in 1663. After his marriage he settled in Wallingford, April, 1670, with the first planters. He was the first shoemaker and tanner in the town. He held many offices of trust in town and church. He died March, 1702, leaving an estate of three hundred and forty pounds. He married (first) May 2, 1667, Hope, daughter of Edward Parker, of New Haven. He married (second) July 14, 1690, Mary Roberts, who survived him and married (second) April 9, 1705, Jeremiah How. Children by first marriage: Samuel, born March 3, 1668; John, December 3, 1669; Hannah, March 3, 1671-72, in Wallingford; Isaac, March 10, 1673, died April 7, 1673; Mary, April 23, 1675, married, April 5, 1699, Nathaniel Ives; Elizabeth, August 22, 1677, died young; Judith, February 29, 1679, died March 20, 1708, married, April 20, 1704, Jeremiah How; Isaac, January 10, 1681; Joseph, February 25, 1683; Hope, born September 27, 1686, died January 30, 1731, married, December 18, 1706, Joseph Benham. Children by second marriage: Israel, May 8, 1692; Mabel, June 30, 1694; Benjamin, April 8, 1697, died 1717, unmarried; Ephraim, April 19, 1699; Elizabeth, September 10, 1701, married, August, 1717, Adam Mott.

(III) Samuel (2), eldest child of Samuel (1) and Hope (Parker) Cooke, was born March 3, 1668, at New Haven, Connecticut, died September 18, 1725, at Wallingford. He was a farmer of the western part of the town of Wallingford, near the line that now divides Cheshire from Wallingford. Descendants yet occupy the land. His estate inventoried three hundred and ninety pounds. He married (first) March 3, 1692, Hannah, daughter of William Ives, of New Haven; he married (second) Elizabeth Bedell, who survived him.

She married (second) Captain David Harris, of New Haven. Children by first wife: 1. Hannah, born May 28, 1693, died November 22, 1735; married Jeremiah Hull. 2. Samuel, March 5, 1695. 3. Aaron, of further mention. 4. Lydia, January 13, 1699, died October 12, 1738; married Daniel Dutton. 5. Moses, January 4, 1700, died December 25, 1711. 6. Miriam, November 4, 1703; married, December 12, 1727, Benjamin Curtis. 7. Thankful, December 24, 1705, died August 19, 1714. 8. Esther, March 8, 1707; married, July 22, 1730, Abel Yale. 9. Eunice, February 25, 1709. 10. Susannah, September 5, 1711; married, December 1, 1735, Joseph Cole. 11. Hope, died September 18, 1728. Children by second wife: 12. Moses, November 6, 1716. 13. Thankful, November 14, 1718; married, December 31, 1742, Stephen Hotchkiss. 14. Asaph, June 23, 1720. 15. Hannah, November 4, 1721; married Zephaniah Hall, of Cheshire.

(IV) Aaron, son of Samuel (2) and Hannah (Ives) Cooke, was born December 28, 1696, died October 14, 1756. He was a very large landowner in the southeastern part of the town of Wallingford. He married (first) November 14, 1723, Sarah, daughter of James Benham. He married (second) Sarah Hitchcock, who died August 11, 1735. He married (third) February 7, 1736, Ruth Burrage, of Stratford. She survived him until July 2, 1786, dying at the age of seventy-nine years. Children of first marriage: 1. Samuel, born September 25, 1725, died before his father. 2. Stephen, December 28, 1727. 3. Titus, February 25, 1730. 4. Abel, February 23, 1732. Child by second marriage: 5. Sarah, June 2, 1735. Children by third marriage: 6. Lydia, 1736, died January 9, 1793; married Uriah Collins. 7. Ruth, September 7, 1738, died June 9, 1780; married William Collins. 8. Esther, May 14, 1740. 9. Elizabeth, March 16, 1741-42, died January 27, 1751. 10. Aaron, June 5, 1744. 11. Miriam, June 30, 1746, died December 1, 1750. 12. Lucy, September 20, 1748, died April 29, 1760. 13. Elizabeth, June 7, 1751, died October 19, 1762.

(V) Aaron (2), son of Aaron (1) and Ruth (Burrage) Cooke, was born June 5, 1744, died September 14, 1825, and is buried in Northford graveyard. He married (first) Lucretia, daughter of Oliver Dudley, of Guilford, Connecticut, died April 16, 1771. Sons: 1. Alvin Dudley, who was graduated from Yale College in 1735. 2. Aaron, born 1768. 3. Increase, graduated from Yale, 1793. 4. Kilburn, twin of Increase, born in 1771. He married (second) Elizabeth, died 1816, aged

sixty-five years, daughter of Captain Nathaniel Lainter, of Branford, Connecticut. Children: 5. Nathaniel Lainter, born 1775, married Susanna Baldwin. 6. Elizabeth, 1776, married Joshua Atwater. 7. Thomas Burrage, of further mention. 8. Lucretia, 1780. 9. Lydia, 1784, died 1861; married Dr. Amos G. Hull. 10. Apollos, 1786, died 1832; married Ruth Atwater. 11. Henrietta.

(VI) Thomas Burrage, son of Aaron (2) and Elizabeth (Lainter) Cooke, was born 1778, died 1853. After his marriage he removed, in 1800, from Wallingford, Connecticut, to Catskill, Greene county, New York, where he died. He married, November 28, 1799, Catherine, daughter of Captain Caleb and Ruth (Wadsworth) Atwater. Children: 1. James Wadsworth, born October, 1800, died the day following birth. 2. Catherine, 1802, died 1854. 3. Thomas Burrage (2), 1804, died 1825. 4. Henrietta Eliza, 1806, died 1886. 5. Harriet Louisa, twin of Henrietta Eliza, died 1886, surviving her sister but a short time. 6. Ruth, 1808. 7. — Wadsworth, 1811, died 1873. 8. Joshua Atwater, of further mention. 9. Elizabeth Lainter, 1817. 10. James, 1820, died in infancy. 11. James (2), died in infancy. 12. William Goodall, 1822, died 1906, at New Haven, Connecticut, leaving one daughter.

(VII) Joshua Atwater, son of Thomas Burrage and Catherine (Atwater) Cooke, was born 1814, died in Catskill, New York, in 1896. He was educated in the public schools of Catskill, New York, and the Pittsfield Academy, Massachusetts. He was engaged during his active years in mercantile life. He was prominent in public affairs, and was elected clerk of Greene county. He was an official member of the Dutch Reformed church and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married Louisa Hopkins, born 1815, died in Catskill, New York, 1899. Child: Keturah Louise, married William Palmatier (see Palmatier IV).

John Beach is first on record in BEACH New Haven Colony in 1643, when he is fined "2 shillings for twice late coming" and another 2 shillings for "defect gun." Richard Beach appears earlier, in 1643. John Beach became a householder in 1647. The last entry concerning him on the New Haven Colony is: "John Beach came to Stratford and bought his first land, May 21, 1660 of Ensign Bryan of Milford, one house lot, two acres; he had then a wife and two children." In January, 1671, he was made an auctioneer by the following vote: "John Beach was chosen crier for the town

and to be allowed four pence for everything he cries, that is to say for all sorts of cattle and all other things of smaller value, two years." He was a large land owner in Wallingford, Connecticut, also. He married, in 1650, Mary —; children: 1. Elizabeth, born March 8, 1652, married Elisaph Preston, son of William Preston, one of the first settlers of New Haven. 2. John, born April, 1654, married Hannah Staple. 3. Mary, born 1656. 4. Thomas, born May, 1659, married (first) Ruth Peck; (second) Phebe Wilcoxson. 5. Nathaniel, of further mention. 6. Hannah, born December, 1665, married (first) Zechariah Fairchild; (second) John Burit. 7. Sarah, born November, 1667. 8. Isaac, born June 29, 1669, married Hannah Birdsey, born February, 1671. 9. Joseph, born February 5, 1671, married Abia Booth. 10. Benjamin, born March, 1674, married Mary Hitchcock.

(II) Nathaniel, third son of John Beach, the emigrant ancestor, was born in Stratford, Connecticut, March, 1662, died 1747. He married, 1686, Sarah, died 1734, daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah (Groves) Porter. Children: 1. Ephraim, born May 25, 1687, married, 1712, Sarah Patterson. 2. Elizabeth, born November 11, 1689. 3. David, born May 15, 1692, married, 1717, Hannah, daughter of Matthew Sherman, and granddaughter of Samuel Sherman. 4. Josiah, born August 18, 1694, married (first) Patience Nichols in 1721; married (second) Abigail Wheeler in 1750. 5. Nathaniel, of further mention. 6. Sarah, born November 12, 1699, married, 1726, Rev. John Beach (her cousin). 7. Daniel, born January 15, 1700, married, 1724, Hester, daughter of Benjamin Curtiss. 8. Anna, born March, 1704, married, 1728, El-nathan Beers. 9. Israel, born May, 1705, married, 1731, Hannah Burrit. 10. James, born August 13, 1709, married Sarah Curtis, born September 2, 1710.

(III) Nathaniel (2), son of Nathaniel (1) and Sarah (Porter) Beach, was born in Stratford, Connecticut, December 28, 1696; died 1734. He married, November 3, 1720, Sarah, daughter of Solomon Burton, who survived him and married (second) William Odell. Children: Elizabeth, Charity, Thomas, Joseph and Nathan.

(IV) Joseph, son of Nathaniel (2) and Sarah (Burton) Beach, was born in Stratford, Connecticut, about 1735. He removed to Waterbury, Connecticut. He married Experience Beecher. Children: Mary, married David Frost; Joseph; Amos, died young; Amos (2); Asa, of further mention.

(V) Asa, son, of Joseph and Experience (Beecher) Beach, was born in 1759. He re-

moved to Saratoga county, New York, where he settled in the town of Milton. He was a farmer, and with his wife is buried in the town which was his home for many years. He married Hannah Stiles, born 1758. Children: four sons and daughters, among whom were: Daniel, of further mention; Jonathan F.; Joseph; Isaac.

(VI) Daniel, son of Asa and Hannah (Stiles) Beach, was born in the town of Milton, Saratoga county, New York, March 25, 1793, died March 28, 1890, nearly reaching the century mark. He was a farmer of the town of Charleston. He married, August 19, 1818, Elizabeth Ross, born October 4, 1791, died August 13, 1860, at Charlton. Children: 1. Harriet Ross, born June 30, 1823, died May 7, 1865; married Wakeman Buell. 2. Olivia, born May 24, 1825, died 1868; married, October 3, 1845, William Wayne. 3. Ann Eliza, born September 1, 1828, died February 23, 1830. 4. George Ross, of whom further. 5. John C., born July 13, 1833.

(VII) George Ross, son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Ross) Beach, was born July 19, 1831, at Charlton, Saratoga county, New York. He was educated in the public schools, and until 1871 worked the "Old Beach Farm" with his father. In 1871 he located in Ballston Spa, where he established a real estate and insurance business. He married, December 21, 1854, Henrietta Belding, born July 22, 1836, daughter of Melancthon and Hester M. (Conde) Belding, of Charlton (see Belding VIII). Child, Frederick Henry, of whom forward.

(VIII) Frederick Henry, only son of George Ross and Henrietta (Belding) Beach, was born in the town of Charlton, Saratoga county, New York, August 5, 1858. He was educated in the public schools of Charlton and Ballston Spa, where his parents removed when he was a lad of thirteen years. He became engaged with his father in the real estate and insurance business immediately after leaving school, and has continued the association until the present time (1910). In 1908 he was appointed receiver for the Eastern New York Electric Railway Company, which he is still managing. He is a director of the First National Bank of Ballston Spa, and interested in other business enterprises of the village. He is a member and vestryman of Christ Episcopal Church, and prominent in the Masonic order, affiliated with Franklin Lodge, No. 90, Free and Accepted Masons; Warren Chapter, No. 23, Royal Arch Masons, both of Ballston Spa; Washington Commandery, of Saratoga Springs; Oriental Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Troy, and Albany Consistory, thirty-second degree,

Scottish Rite. He is also a member of the Knights of Pythias. He married, January 5, 1881, Esther Bennett Doolittle (see Doolittle VII). Children: 1. Margaret Lee, born October 29, 1881. 2. Priscilla Lee, December 2, 1883, died July 3, 1892. 3. Frederick Henry (2), October 24, 1884. 4. Esther Belding, March 24, 1895. 5. George Ross, March 30, 1897. 6. Geraldine Bennett, June 19, 1902.

(The Belding Line).

Richard Belding from Staffordshire, England, was among the early settlers of Wethersfield, Connecticut, which was founded by colonists from Watertown, Dorchester and Newtown, Massachusetts, in 1634. The date of his settlement is not known. His name first appears on the town record, February 7, 1641. In Trumbull's "Memorial History of Hartford County" is a map on which the location of his house is shown. Little is known of his family further than the fact that he had a wife and two sons, William and Samuel.

(II) William, son of Richard Belding, was born in Staffordshire, England, about 1623. He married, in 1644, in Wethersfield, Connecticut, — Thomasine, and in 1646 removed to Norwalk, Connecticut. Children: 1. John, born January 9, 1645. 2. Daniel, see forward. 3. Samuel, July 20, 1647. 4. Susannah, November 5, 1651. 5. Marie, February 2, 1652. 6. Nathaniel, November 13, 1654.

(III) Daniel, son of William Belding, was born November 20, 1646 (another record says 1648). He was of Hartford, Connecticut, in 1671, and of Deerfield in 1686. A great part of his family was killed or captured by Indians, September 16, 1696. He was a leading man in the town where he died, August 14, 1731. He married (first) November 10, 1670, Elizabeth, daughter of Nathaniel Foot, of Wethersfield. She was killed September 17, 1696. He married (second) February 17, 1699, Hepzibah Buel, widow of Lieutenant Thomas Wells. She was captured by Indians, February 29, 1704, and killed on the route to Canada by her captors, aged fifty-four years. He married (third) Sarah, daughter of John Hawkes, widow of Philip Malloon; she died September 17, 1751, aged ninety-four years. Children: 1. William, born December 20, 1671, married Margaret, daughter of William Arms. 2. Richard, March 29, 1672. 3. Elizabeth, October 8, 1673, married Ebenezer Brooks. 4. Nathaniel, January 20, 1675, captured September 15, 1696, died August 21, 1714. 5. Mary, November 17, 1677, married, 1698, James Trowbridge. 6. Daniel, September 1, 1680, killed September 16, 1696. 7. Sarah, March 12, 1681, married, 1698, Thomas

Benjamin Bent, captured 1702. 8. Hester, September 29, 1683, captured September 16, 1696, not afterward heard from. 9. Abigail, March 10, 1686, died June 25, 1686. 10. Samuel, of further mention. 11. John, June 24, 1689, died next day. 12. Abigail (2), August 18, 1690, wounded September 16, 1696, died before 1732. 13. John (2), February 28, 1693, killed September 16, 1696. 14. Thankful, December 31, 1695, killed September 16, 1696.

(IV) Samuel, son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Foot) Belding, was born April 10, 1687. His mother was killed in the Indian attack on Deerfield in 1696. Samuel, then a lad of nine years, was wounded at the same time, but escaped capture. He died December 14, 1750. He married (first) February 26, 1724, Anna Townes, died December 13, 1724; married (second) September 26, 1726, Elizabeth, daughter of Nathaniel Ingram, of Hadfield. Children: 1. Samuel, of further mention. 2. Elizabeth, born November 1, 1731, married, January 24, 1751, Seth Hawks. 3. John, August 15, 1734. 4. Daniel, June 17, 1737, died August 27, 1743. 5. Lydia, married Joseph Mitchell.

(V) Samuel (2), son of Samuel (1) and Elizabeth (Ingram) Belding, was born April 1, 1729. He resided in Deerfield, previous to his locating in Ashfield or Huntstown, as it was then called. He was a rope manufacturer and a farmer, prominent in town affairs and first town clerk. He married, June 28, 1753, Mary, daughter of Joseph Mitchell, of Deerfield. Children: 1. Daniel, born June 17, 1754, settled in Shelburn, Massachusetts. 2. John, December 17, 1756, married Priscilla Waite. 3. Mary, March 3, 1758. 4. Mercy, November 29, 1759, married, September 6, 1781, Azariah Cooley. 5. Esther, April 18, 1761. 6. Samuel, died young. 7. Asenath, February 20, 1764. 8. Louisa, June 6, 1765. 9. Samuel, of further mention. 10. Elizabeth, January 7, 1770. 11. Aaron, July 21, 1774.

(VI) Samuel (3), son of Samuel (2) and Mary (Mitchell) Belding, was born November 10, 1767. In 1790 he joined Chauncey Belding in the town of Charlton, Saratoga county, New York, both becoming prominent men of the town. In 1794 they engaged in mercantile life in company, succeeding Davis & Postwick. Chauncey Belding was a member of the state assembly, 1807-08, and Samuel in 1823. Samuel Belding held the office of town clerk from 1802 continuously until 1838, except the years 1813 to 1818, when he was supervisor. He was then succeeded by Hiram Belding. Samuel married and had issue.

(VII) Samuel (4), son of Samuel (3) Belding, was born in Charlton, Saratoga county, New York, died 1865. He married and had issue.

(VIII) Melancthon, son of Samuel (4) Belding, was born September 5, 1813, in Charlton, Saratoga county, New York, died October 15, 1883. He married, January 14, 1835, Hester M. Conde, born May 14, 1813, died February 28, 1889. Children: 1. Henrietta, married George R. Beach. 2. Alice L., married David Foote Wicks, of Charlton, New York. 3. Eva, married John M. Wells, of Johnstown, New York.

(The Doolittle Line.)

Abraham Doolittle, the Puritan, was the progenitor of all the Doolittles in America who claim early Connecticut ancestry. He spelled his name Dowlittell. He was born in England in 1619-20. He married (first) in England, Joane Allen (spelled Alling on the colonial records) and at about the age of twenty-one came with his bride to America. He was in Boston, 1640, and of New Haven, Connecticut, 1642. He built a house, had land granted him, took the oath of fidelity in 1644, was chosen deputy seven terms, and served many terms as selectman, was treasurer of the town of Wallingford, whither he removed in 1670. He held about every office in the town and was sergeant of the military company. His gravestone yet stands in Wallingford, marked:

"A. D. 70"
1690

Joane, his first wife, died after twenty years of married life, and he married (second) Abigail Moss, born April 10, 1642. Children by first wife: Sarah, Abraham, Elizabeth, Mary, John, Abigail. Children by second wife: Samuel, Joseph, Abigail (2), Ebenezer, Mary, Daniel, Theophilus.

(II) Theophilus, youngest child of Abraham and Abigail (Moss) Doolittle, was born in Wallingford, Connecticut, July 28, 1678, died March 26, 1740. He was a farmer. He married (first) Thankful Hall, born December 29, 1679, died June 2, 1715, daughter of David and Sarah (Rockwell) Hall, of Wallingford. He married (second) Elizabeth, daughter of Jeremiah Howe. Children, all by first wife except the last child: Thankful, Sarah, Henry, David, Theophilus (2), Solomon, Benjamin.

(III) Theophilus (2), son of Theophilus (1) and Thankful (Hall) Doolittle, was born at Wallingford, Connecticut, June 20, 1709. His will was probated November 10, 1783. In

1756 he was appointed ensign of the First Company in Wallingford, by the assembly. He married (first) October 10, 1733, Susannah, daughter of Deacon Samuel and Susannah (Hall) Moss. He married (second) November 15, 1738, Sarah Dorchester. Children: Susannah, Solomon, Theophilus (3), twin of Solomon, Theophilus (4), Sarah, Solomon (2), Isaiah, Eliasaph, Stephen, Isaac.

(IV) Eliasaph, son of Ensign Theophilus (2) and Sarah (Dorchester) Doolittle, was born in Wallingford, Connecticut, June 1, 1750, died April 28, 1817. He married (first) Ruth Hall, January 1, 1772, and settled in Wallingford. He married (second) Mabel Potter, April 8, 1776. Children: Lucy, Charles, Miles, Ruth, Isaiah, Eliasaph, Porter, Sally, Ann Giles, Betsey.

(V) Miles, son of Eliasaph and Ruth (Hall) Doolittle, was born in Wallingford, Connecticut, March 5, 1775. He removed to New Lebanon, Columbia county, New York, where he died. He was a prosperous farmer. He married, November 6, 1803, Esther Bennett, of New Lebanon; ten children.

(VI) James Frederick, son of Miles and Esther (Bennett) Doolittle, was born at New Lebanon, Columbia county, New York, March 26, 1825, died at Ballston Spa, New York, December 19, 1902. He married (first) Margaret Stuart Lee, of Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania, died in Ballston Spa, New York, in 1865. Children: 1. Esther Bennett, of further mention. 2. Priscilla Reed, born September 6, 1862. 3. James Lee, September 18, 1865. He married (second) Fannie Buckley, of Ballston Spa. Children: 4. William Frederick, M. D., of Cleveland, Ohio. 5. Harry J., lawyer, of Cleveland, Ohio.

(VII) Esther Bennett, daughter of James Frederick and Margaret Stuart (Lee) Doolittle, was born December 3, 1859. She married Frederick Henry Beach, of Ballston Spa, New York (see Beach VIII).

VAN LOON Jan Van Loon, blacksmith, was of Loonenburg, 1690, of Cocksackie, 1720. He emigrated from Luyck, Holland, and was a landowner of Cocksackie, 1684. He married Maria Albertse in New York, February 23, 1766. Children: 1. Jan, married Rebecca Hollenbeck. 2. Elsie, married (first) Omie La Grange; (second) Barent Egbertse, in 1727. 3. Albertus, baptized October 31, 1683, married Maria Caskersen. 4. Nicholas, born in New York, October 14, 1694. 5. Matthias, baptized December 10, 1696, married Annatie LaGrange. The Loonenburg patent for lands in Greene county, New York, included the

entire purchase made from the Indians in 1665 by Johannes Clute (Jan Cloet), and Jan Hendrickse Bruyn. In 1681, April 7, Johannes Clute sold a large tract to Jan Van Loon and Peter Bosie, who gave a mortgage for "50 beavers" as part payment. By a deed dated March 2, 1684, Peter Bosie sold his part to Jan Van Loon in consideration of the fact that he had paid the mortgage. Jan built his house in the lower part of what is now the village of Athens, a short distance north of Black Rock, on ground later occupied as a shipyard by Matthias Van Loon. A stone from the original house bearing the inscription 1706. J. V. L., gives the name of the builder and the date of erection. Jan Van Loon conveyed all his property in the patent to his sons, Jan, Albertus, Matthias and Nicholas. By deed of April 11, 1720, the four sons gave to their father and mother, Maria, for life one hundred morgens (two hundred acres) at the Vlught Hook and fifty morgens on the flats with all the buildings. The deed provided for a division of this property after the parents died. One of the celebrated land cases of after years, in the Greene county courts, was over the Van Loon lands.

(II) Nicholas, son of Jan "the founder" and his wife, Maria Van Loon, had for his share of the estate lands on "the flat." He married, November 19, 1721, Rachel Clow, of Claverack. Children: Maria, born 1722; Junge; Elsie; Johannes, 1726; Matthias, 1736; Petrus, twin of Matthias; William, 1739; Abraham, 1740; Isaac, of further mention.

(III) Isaac, son of Nicholas and Rachel (Clow) Van Loon, was born at Loonenburg, now Athens, Greene county, New York, July 22, 1743. He married, 1763, Catherine, born November 16, 1743, daughter of Jacobus and Rachel Hallenbeck. Children: Jacob, Nicholas I., of further mention.

(IV) Major Nicholas I. Van Loon, son of Isaac and Catherine (Hallenbeck) Van Loon, was born at Athens, Greene county, New York, 1766, died 1846. A tombstone in Athens cemetery with the inscription "N. I. Van Loon, aged 80," marks his resting place. He led an active, busy life, and was prominent in the community. He met his death by accident, being caught on a picket fence he was attempting to climb in the night; being unable to extricate himself, he was found dead in the morning. He married Hannah, daughter of Isaac Hallenbeck. Children: Isaac N., Jacob N., Caspar N., William Nicholas, of further mention, Prentice, Catherine, Cornelia.

(V) William Nicholas, son of Major Nicholas I. Van Loon, was born in Athens, Greene

county, New York, in 1806, died in that village, 1893. He was associated with his father in brick manufacturing and was captain of the Hudson River vessels for many years. He held all the local offices of importance in his town, and for forty years was vestryman of the Episcopal church. He married, in 1838, Mary Stitt, of Nantucket, Massachusetts, belonging to the religious Society of Friends. They had three children: 1. ———, died in infancy. 2. Eugene, of further mention. 3. Thomas, born January 5, 1845, at Athens, New York; educated in the public schools; at fourteen removed to New York City and from then until the present time (1910) has been identified with the coffee trade of that city; he resides in Brooklyn, New York; he married, December 2, 1874, Harriet B. Winans; children: Eugene and Schuyler.

(VI) Eugene, son of William Nicholas and Mary (Stitt) Van Loon, was born in the village of Athens, Greene county, New York, December 2, 1842. He was educated in the public schools, and at an early age located in Little Falls, New York, where he learned the details of woolen manufacturing. He became a manufacturer of woolen goods of Little Falls, a line of activity he continued until his retirement from business. He is a Republican in politics, was presidential elector in 1908, and has filled all the principal town offices. He is one of the original members of the Holland Society of New York, and was for ten years vice-president of the society. His social club is the Union League of New York City. He married, September 30, 1869, at Worcester, Massachusetts, Ella Maddock, born June 11, 1847, daughter of David R. Maddock, cashier of the Camden National Bank of Camden, New Jersey. One child, William T., born December 3, 1873, in Nutley, New Jersey, a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, class of 1894, now a resident of Athens.

The Dempster family of
 DEMPSTER Gloversville, New York,
 are descendants of an ancient Scotch family whose ancestral seat was near Edinburg. The head of the present family and the American ancestor was Rev. James Dempster, a Scotch minister of note, who withdrew from the established church, and joining with the Wesleys (founders of Methodism) came to the United States. He settled in the town of Florida, Montgomery county, New York, where he died and is buried. He married and had three sons, James, John, Joel, and a daughter Pamela. John was a noted missionary and the first Methodist missionary

to the Argentine Republic. He afterwards was instrumental in founding the great Northwestern University at Evanston, Illinois.

(II) Joel, son of Rev. James Dempster, was born in Edinburg, Scotland, and came to the United States, settling in Fulton county, New York, where he was a man of prominence. He was twice married; his first wife was a Murdock; his second Lois Spaulding, who bore him David Spaulding, Delos C., Julia E. and Jane.

(III) David Spaulding, eldest son of Joel and Lois (Spaulding) Dempster, was born in Lasselville, Fulton county, New York, March 31, 1845, died in Gloversville, New York, February 26, 1907. He secured his early education in the public schools, finishing at Fulton Academy, Fulton, New York, where he took an advanced course. After completing his studies he became a traveling salesman for local glove-making firms. In January, 1879, in company with George Place, he organized the firm of Dempster & Place, and began in a small way the manufacture of gloves, on the corner of Main and First avenues, Gloversville, where they remained eight years. In January, 1888, their business had so grown that they moved into the three-story brick property on Bleeker street, which they had previously erected and equipped for a modern glove factory. The firm manufactured a general line of light and heavy buckskin gloves, and a line of fine kid gloves. They prospered and obtained a firm footing in the trade. Since the death of Mr. Dempster, his wife has capably filled his place in the firm, which still continues a prosperous career as Dempster & Place. Mr. Dempster, while always solicitous for the welfare of his city, and generous in his support of all public enterprises, was never connected with political affairs. His public service was confined to the board of water commissioners, of which he was president. He was a director of the Manufacturers Bank, a member of the Masonic fraternity, and a Methodist in religion. He was a man of fine business ability, upright and honorable in his business affairs, and held in the highest esteem.

He married Sarah J., born February 12, 1856, daughter of Willard and Ellen (Putnam) Brownell, and granddaughter of James and Rhoda (Rose) Brownell. Ellen Putnam was a daughter of Ralph and Jane (Voorhees) Putnam. Willard and Ellen (Putnam) Brownell had three children: Anstress, married Henry Knoff, and had Sarah and Miriam. Sarah J., married David Spaulding Dempster. Charles, unmarried; an extensive ranch owner in southern California. Children of



David T. Dempster

David Spaulding and Sarah J. (Brownell) Dempster: 1. Willard J., born June 18, 1877; educated in the public schools and at a preparatory school in Massachusetts, after which he went west, locating at Los Angeles, California, owning and operating an orange grove; also a director in the Automatic Signal Light Company of Colorado Springs, Colorado. 2. Rena, died at the age of sixteen months. 3. David Dudley, born March 15, 1884, was educated in the public school and at a preparatory school at Williston, Northampton, Massachusetts; he had recently returned from a trip around the world when he died October 22, 1907. 4. Dorothy. Mrs. David S. Dempster survives her husband and continues her residence in Gloversville. She is a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, and active in social, benevolent and educational work. For eight years she has been a member of the school board of Gloversville; is a member of the hospital board of directors, and of the Young Women's Christian Association; also actively engaged in church work.

John Thompson, born in THOMPSON Scotland, and his wife Mary, removed to Belfast, Ireland, where he was engaged in business. He was a man of considerable influence in the city, was master of the Masonic lodge, and a devoted member of the Scotch Presbyterian church. He and his wife are buried in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, New York. Among his children was a son James.

(II) James, son of John and Mary Thompson, was born in Belfast, Ireland, March 12, 1831, died in Valley Falls, Rensselaer county, New York, April 11, 1899. He received a good education and was engaged with his father in the manufacture of linens. In 1852 he came to the United States, landing in New York, where he worked in the cotton and linen factories of that section and in New England. In 1859 he started in business for himself in New York, continuing until 1872, when he settled at Valley Falls and established a mill on the south bank of the Hoosick river. He demolished, with one exception, all the old buildings which were on the premises, and which had been operated as a twine mill by Lape & Sproat. He erected a large brick mill and engaged in the manufacture of flax and hemp twines. Later he built a large cotton mill in which he manufactured mosquito netting, tarlatans, buckrams, and similar goods, such as previously made at his New York City plant. In 1878 the firm of James Thompson & Company was formed, R. A. Schoneman, of New York, being admitted a

partner. Four additional buildings were erected in 1880, and another in 1881. In the latter year the Valley Falls Water Power Company built a new dam, James Thompson & Company being a leading spirit in the enterprise. Further improvements in water power were made in 1886 by the firm, building a new flume, and making extensive rock excavations. In 1887 the old building was demolished and a substantial brick structure erected. Previously they had built a commodious store house along the line of the Fitchburg railroad, and in 1894 acquired possession of the Valley Falls Paper Company's property on the north bank of the Hoosick river. In 1895 a large brick structure was added to the mills, devoted to the finishing of cotton goods. The mills were equipped with all modern improvements and constitute the principal manufacturing plant of the village. Mr. Thompson was a man of high character and of most excellent business quality. He was made a Mason in Ireland, his father being master of his lodge. In Valley Falls he was a useful member of the Baptist church, and liberal in his benefactions to all churches, regardless of creed, contributing to the building funds of the Baptist, Methodist, and Catholic churches. He was a Republican in politics, and served the town as road commissioner. He was of a quiet, genial nature, and made many friends. He was a great lover of the horse, and on his farm of one hundred and fifty acres had many choice specimens of the Wilkes breed of trotting horse, the particular strain in which he was most interested. He married (first), in 1854, Isabella Curran, of Belfast, Ireland, who died October, 1879. Children: 1. Mary Jane, married Allan Milks, of Valley Falls; children: Clarence and Ellis. 2. Hannah, married Adam Lohnes, of Valley Falls; children: i. James, married Ada Harrington, and has James (2); ii. Isabella; iii. Estella, married Lieutenant Albert Baker, of the United States Navy, and has Janet. 3. James, of further mention. 4. Isabella, married Thomas Doran; children: Arthur, Edward, Isabella, Rita, Leo, Clare. 5. William, married Theresa Barrett. 6. Eliza, married Frank Stover, and has Jennie, died at the age of seventeen years, and Allan. 7. William. James Thompson married (second) Lucy E. Larken, of New York; child, Leslie Eugene, of Valley Falls.

(III) James (2), son of James and Isabella (Curran) Thompson, was born in New York City, October 25, 1861. He was educated in the city schools, and the College of the City of New York, from which he was graduated 1877. After leaving college he at once be-

came associated with his father in the manufacture of linens and cottons in New York City, and later at Valley Falls, New York. He became superintendent of the plants, and on the death of his father in 1899 came into possession of the latter's interest and succeeded him as general manager and principal owner. He is a director of the National City Bank of Troy, and the Rensselaer County Bank of Rensselaer, New York, and of the Pritxite Comb Company of North Adams, Massachusetts, and president of the Valley Falls Improvement Company. He is an active Republican, and was the first president of the village of Valley Falls, and county committee-man and leader of the party in the town of Pittstown, Rensselaer county. In 1910 he was Republican candidate for state comptroller. He was a delegate to the national convention of his party in 1908 that nominated Taft and Sherman, the successful candidates for president and vice-president of the United States, at the ensuing election, and has at various times sat as a delegate in State Conventions of his party. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Rensselaer County Republican Club. He married, October, 1881, Caroline Smodell, born 1861, daughter of George W. and Elizabeth Smodell, of Valley Falls, New York. Children: 1. Mary. 2. Flora, married, June, 1910, Dr. Charles Sproat, of Valley Falls. 3. Elizabeth. 4. Caroline. 5. Viola Isabella. Mr. Thompson maintains a residence both in Saratoga and Valley Falls.

The Finches are an old New England family, and figure quite prominently in the early annals of Connecticut and New York states. Finchville, in Orange county, is named in honor of John Finch, the first emigrant in that section, who came from Horse Neck, Connecticut, and settled at Goshen, New York, the tradition being that he was the first adult buried in the graveyard of Goshen church. His son, James Finch, settled in the town of Walkill, his farm now being the site of the village of Middletown. When marching to the ill-fated field of Minisink during the revolution. Colonels Phillips and Wisner with their troops were entertained at his house, and arrangements made for him to feed the soldiers on their return next day. But alas! there were but few of his friends and neighbors who returned. He also served in the army. His son, James (2) Finch, was justice of the peace and county judge. His son, Coe Finch, was justice of the peace, supervisor twelve years in succession, and a member of the New York

house of assembly thirteen sessions between 1802 and 1832. A branch of the family headed by Ebenezer Finch, born in Stamford, Connecticut, settled in Greene county, New York, in the town of Greenville. Ebenezer married Hannah Newman, and had two sons, Seth and Ezra. The branch herein recorded settled in Dutchess county, but soon removed to Rensselaer county, New York.

The first of the name in America was Daniel Finch, who came in Governor Winthrop's fleet and settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, where he was made a freeman, May 18, 1631; removed to Wethersfield, Connecticut, where he was constable in 1636; removed to Stamford, Connecticut, where he was one of the original proprietors, and in 1653 to Fairfield, Connecticut, where he made a contract marriage, December 25, 1657, with Elizabeth, widow of John Thompson, and died March, 1667. His will names son Nathaniel. Daniel Finch had a brother Abraham, who was killed in open Indian warfare. Others of the name settled in Massachusetts.

(I) The founder of this branch of the family was Jonas Finch, who lived in Rhode Island, a descendant of the Connecticut family. He settled in Nine Partners, Dutchess county, New York. He married, and among his children was a son Obadiah, who may have preceded his father to New York state, but the supposition is they came together.

(II) Obadiah, son of Jonas Finch, was born in Rhode Island, and when a young man came to New York state, settling at Nine Partners, Dutchess county. Later he removed to Rensselaer county, where he owned and operated a farm in the town of Nassau. Here he resided for many years. After the death of his wife he went with a married daughter, Susan, to Grand Ledge, Michigan, where he died at the age of seventy years. He married

—— Wilbur, born in Rensselaer county, New York, where she died. Children: 1. George W., of further mention. 2. Lynis, born in Rensselaer county, New York, removed to Grand Ledge, Michigan; enlisted from that state and served with honor during the civil war; he followed the occupation of a farmer all his life; married (first) —— Turk; children: Alfred, Alice, Ada and George; married (second) a wife of whom no record is obtainable. 3. Susan, married James Wincham; they removed to Grand Ledge, Michigan, where both died, leaving a son and daughter.

(III) George W., born in Nassau, Rensselaer county, New York, February, 1821, died at Ancram, Columbia county, New York,

September, 1882. He was a natural mechanic, expert as a machinist and millwright, following these trades all his life. He was well known and highly respected. He affiliated with the Republican party, but did not aspire to public office. He married, in East Nassau, Rensselaer county, February 10, 1849, Olive Hayes, born in Nassau county, April 12, 1832, died in Ancram, in 1894 (see Hayes VI). Children of George W. and Olive (Hayes) Finch: 1. Obed, born in Columbia county, New York, February 18, 1852; educated in Sand Lake Academy, Scharm Collegiate College, and Lowell, Massachusetts, Business College. He engaged in mercantile life until 1890, when he purchased a farm in Ancram, to which he has since devoted his energies. He is a Republican in politics and served as supervisor during the years 1888-89-90. He married Hannah L. Thompson, born in Stanford, Dutchess county, New York, March, 1855, daughter of William S. and Catharine (Lewis) Thompson, of Dutchess, later Columbia county, where both died. Children: i. Susan T., born July, 1884, graduate of Albany Normal College, class of 1904, now a teacher in the public schools of New York City; ii. W. Thompson, born April 13, 1887, educated in the public schools, now his father's assistant at the farm; unmarried. 2. Hugh, born 1857, died 1861. 3. Lebus B., born March 6, 1860; educated at Sand Lake Academy, now a farmer of Galvin, Columbia county, unmarried. 4. George H., of further mention. 5. Mary, born 1868; married Frederick B. Keller, now of Somerville, Massachusetts. He is employed in the United States railway mail service. Children: ———, born August 7, 1891, and Helen F., September 3, 1898. 6. Augusta V., born February 20, 1872; married Jay Woodward, a farmer of Ancram.

(IV) George H., son of George W. and Olive (Hayes) Finch, was born at Ancram, New York, May 29, 1863. He was educated in the public schools, and began his business life as a merchant in association with his brother Obed. He was elected superintendent of the Columbia county farm and hospital at Ghent, an office to which he was re-elected in 1909. He has proved a most capable official and is highly commended by his townsmen for his business-like administration and for his considerate, humane and sympathetic treatment of the unfortunates who are committed to his care. He is an active worker in the Republican party and deeply interested in its success. He has served the town of Taghkanick, as supervisor, holding office continually from 1896 to 1901. He is a member of Hudson Lodge, No. 7, Free and Accepted Masons;

Hudson Lodge, No. 787, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Modern Woodmen; Patrons of Husbandry; Claverack Grange, and the Order of Dutch Arms, of Claverack. He married, in 1886, Bertha Bashford, born in the town of Taghkanick, Columbia county, New York, February 25, 1866, daughter of Henry and Caroline (Sheldon) Bashford, both deceased, leaving children: Bertha, married George H. Finch, no issue. Amy, married (first) Reuben Sheldon, and had son John, who married Bertha Miller and has a daughter Myra; she married (second) Edgar Sickles; children: Calvin and Harriet.

(The Hayes Line).

George Hayes, pioneer ancestor, was of Windsor, Connecticut, coming from Scotland as early as 1680, being then about twenty-eight years of age. He settled in Windsor, Connecticut. In 1798 he removed to the hamlet of Salmon Brook, in that part of Simsbury now town of Granby. He married (first) Sarah ———, who died at Windsor, March 27, 1683, leaving a son George, born March 26, died April 3, 1683. He married (second) August 29, 1683, Abigail Dibble (also written Dibol, Dible, Deble and Deeble). George Hayes died at Simsbury, Connecticut, September 2, 1725, his second wife, their five sons and six daughters surviving him.

(II) William, third son of George and Abigail (Dibble) Hayes, was born at Windsor, Connecticut, June 13, 1697. Married (first) September 4, 1723, Joanna Lee, who died December 27, 1748; married (second) a wife, name unknown; by first marriage he had four sons and five daughters.

(III) William (2), son of William (1) and Joanna (Lee) Hayes, was born April 5, 1725. Married (first) Elizabeth Holcombe; (second) January 15, 1761, Rachel Lewis. He is on the church covenant at Salmon Brook among the earliest members as William Hayes, Jr., and served in the revolutionary war in a Connecticut regiment. He had nine children.

(IV) William (3), son of William (2) and Elizabeth (Holcombe) Hayes, was born at Simsbury, Connecticut, 1750, died at East Nassau, Rensselaer county, New York, 1800. He removed to New York about 1785. Married, before 1776, Eleanor Boughton, and had nine children.

(V) Harry, seventh child of William (3) and Eleanor (Boughton) Hayes, was born in East Nassau, Rensselaer county, New York, October, 1792, died October, 1840. He was a farmer of Nassau, where he married, in 1811, Eunice, born in Stephentown, Rensselaer

county, died at East Nassau, April, 1872, daughter of Silas and Olive (Swetland) Bailey; seven children.

(VI) Olive, youngest child of Harry and Eunice (Bailey) Hayes, married, February 10, 1849. George W. Finch, of Ancram, New York (see Finch III).

The families of Wademan

WADEMAN and McNab were early settlers in Albany county, where their descendants are still numerous. They have been agriculturists for many generations and men and women of both character and substance.

(I) John J. Wademan was born in the town of Guilderland, Albany county, New York, April 9, 1815, died in the town of Bethlehem, same county, in 1903. He was an energetic, successful farmer, and notwithstanding his many years retained his activity to the very last. He was a man of upright character and honorable in all his dealings, and was respected wherever known. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and served on the official board. He was a Whig and later a Republican, supporting that party with all his energy. He married, in Guilderland, Elizabeth Ostrander, of the same town, born, of Dutch ancestors, January 15, 1819, died 1902, in her eighty-fourth year. She was an active Methodist and an earnest Christian. Children: 1. John H., born October 24, 1838, died February 15, 1894; he was a farmer of the town of New Scotland, and died on his farm in the Helderbergs. He married Margaret Warner, who survives him, a resident of Schenectady; children: i. Etta, deceased, married Burton Albright; ii. Anna, married James Campbell. 2. Aaron, see forward. 3. Mary F., born July 27, 1842, died February 12, 1878, unmarried. 4. William J., born August 28, 1848, died May 16, 1874.

(II) Aaron, second son of John J. and Elizabeth (Ostrander) Wademan, was born on the farm in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, that was owned and operated so long by his father, July 13, 1841, died there August 27, 1900. He was educated in the town schools, and always lived on the farm. In his younger days he assisted his father, and at the death of the latter inherited the farm. He made many improvements during his lifetime, and brought the land under a high state of cultivation. He developed the fruit department of the farm and planted orchards of the best varieties suited to the soil and climate, added to the home and buildings, and left the farm one of the best improved in the town. He was well known, and bore the

best of reputations as a man and a neighbor. He was a capable business man, which fact added to his industry brought him a good degree of this world's goods. His genial nature won him many friends, and he died deeply regretted. He was a Methodist and a Republican. He married, December, 1861, in the town of Berne, Albany county, Hannah McNab, born in Berne, April 14, 1842. She survives her husband and owns the homestead farm which she makes her home. She is a daughter of Jasper and Maria (Pier) McNab, both born in Berne. Jasper McNab, born August 16, 1812, died June 26, 1894, in New Scotland. He was a farmer and a member of the Reformed church. His first wife, Maria Pier, died aged thirty-five years. She was a daughter of Jacob and Hannah (Severson) Pier, both of Scotch parentage. Jasper McNab was a son of Hugh and Angelica (Hallenbeck) McNab, of Berne and New Scotland, the former being of Scotch, and the latter of Dutch ancestry. They were members of the Presbyterian church, and lived to be very old. Jasper and Maria McNab had children: Sarah J., see forward; Jacob, died young; James, died young; Hannah M., married Aaron Wademan; Mary E., died aged twenty years; Jacob (2), married and resides in New Scotland; six children; Helen, died in childhood. Jasper McNab married (second) Angeline Radley Wright; children: Ellen, twice widowed; lived at Feurabush; died November 20, 1910; Carrie, married Kenney Parish, of New Salem, New York; Amos, a teamster of the town of Colonie; Alida, married Lewis Pier, a farmer of Bethlehem; John P., a bill clerk in Albany; married; no children. Children of Aaron and Hannah (McNab) Wademan: 1. Elizabeth, born June 16, 1864, in New Scotland; married William, son of James H. Coughtry; children: i. Howard, died aged nineteen years; ii. James, lives with his parents; iii. Harold, died aged twelve years; iv. Minnie A.; v. Frank; vi. Harriet. 2. Minnie, born in New Scotland, 1866; resides at home. 3. Emma, born 1868; married Frank Martin, a farmer of Feurabush; child, Catherine.

Sarah J., eldest child of Jasper and Maria (Pier) McNab, was born in the town of Berne, Albany county, New York, May 26, 1836. She married (first) Durham Nelson, a farmer of the county, who died leaving two children, Celestia and Jasper Nelson. She married (second) Hezekiah Van Buren, by profession a carpenter, a cousin of President Van Buren; children: Anna, married Oscar Haswell, of Delmar; Hattie, died in infancy. She married (third) Henry A., son of David

Mallary. He was a prosperous business man of Bethlehem. By a first marriage to Ellen Bullock he had six children, of whom Thomas, Anna, Henry and Hiram are living. Sarah J. Mallary survives her husband, and resides in Delmar, New York.

STEWART

Also as Stuart, this family name has been familiar in Scotch and English history for centuries. The founder of the Montgomery county family was Donald Stewart, born in Scotland, of an ancient branch of the line. He emigrated to the United States about the year 1800, settling on a farm in Montgomery county, town of Amsterdam, on what is known as the "Ridge Road." He married Elizabeth ——— and reared a family of three sons, all of whom met violent and accidental deaths on the farm after they had attained manhood. The founders both lived to old age. Children: 1. Is only remembered by the familiar name of "Captain"; he was unmarried, and met his death from a fall from the hay mow of his father's barn. 2. Archibald, when at the age of twenty-one and unmarried, came to his death from a kick by a horse he was leading. 3. Damon, see forward.

(II) Damon, son of Donald and Elizabeth Stewart, was born in 1792, on the homestead farm, which he afterward inherited and on which his long and active life of ninety-two years was passed. He met his death also in a violent manner, September 12, 1884. He was riding an unruly horse which threw him, death resulting immediately. His unusual activity may be inferred from the fact of his attempting to ride a fractious horse at his then age of ninety-two. He married, in Amsterdam, when he had attained the age of almost sixty, Effie ———, an orphan, born in Kingsboro, New York, died June 19, 1899. Both Mr. and Mrs. Stewart were members of the Presbyterian church. Children: 1. Jane E., born January 21, 1852; married James O'Brien, of Amsterdam, and has a daughter Mary, born in 1884. 2. Mary, born May 25, 1853; married Rev. Willard Scott, a minister of the Presbyterian church, now superannuated, and has a daughter Marion, aged seventeen. 3. Archibald, see forward. 4. Sarah, born March 5, 1857; married Horace Cowling, of Johnstown, New York. 5. John, born May 5, 1859; married Marilla Cole; children: Duncan, Raymond, Harry, Hattie, Marian and Marguerite. 6. George H., born April 6, 1862; a farmer of western New York. 7. Maggie D., born August 21, 1865; married L. H. Van Anthorp, of Johnstown, New

York; children: George (2), Laurens Yates and Pearl.

(III) Archibald, eldest son and third child of Damon and Effie Stewart, was born March 5, 1855, on the homestead farm, where his father and two uncles met violent deaths, and which has descended to him, the third in direct line and ownership. He has devoted his life to agriculture and has achieved success. He owns the homestead farm of one hundred and eighteen acres, with attractive buildings, and another of one hundred acres in another locality. He is a well-known and much respected man in his community. His political preference is for the Republican party. He married, December 10, 1892, in Amsterdam, Jennie, born in Monmouth county, New Jersey, December 28, 1876, daughter of John and Jennie (Dey) Howland. John Howland lived in Monmouth county and died there in 1879, at the age of twenty-seven. His wife, Jennie (Dey) Howland, was born in New York City, died in Monmouth county, New Jersey, January 18, 1877, aged twenty-three. Jennie Howland, their only child, being early left an orphan, was reared in Charlton, New York, by friends and kinsmen. Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Stewart have one child, Irving, born November 12, 1907.

COONLEY

The Coonley family of Cox-sackie, New York, was originally a Dutchess county

family living in the town of Clinton, near the old stone meeting house. The American ancestor and emigrant was John Coonley, born in Germany, who with his young wife came to America in 1760. The family tradition is that the young couple ran away to get married and chose America as the place where they would begin their married life. They had a quick voyage over, but when almost within sight of the shores of America a storm drove their vessel far out to sea and delayed their landing several weeks. They settled in Dutchess county, New York, where John died in 1810. They had sons: Solomon, George, John, David, Samuel and Frederick. John Coonley, the father, is buried in the old stone church graveyard in the town of Clinton.

(II) Jacob, son of John Coonley, the emigrant, was born in Clinton, Dutchess county, New York, July 30, 1763, died March 15, 1818. He continued his residence in Dutchess county, where he married (first) Elizabeth Brill, February 14, 1792. He married (second) Elizabeth Ham. She died June 15, 1827. Children by second wife: Catherine, born February 19, 1795, married Benjamin Wilbur; Abigail, February 14, 1797, married

Humphrey Mosher and removed to Mills, Bradford county, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, born July 28, 1799, married John W. Bedell, and removed to New Baltimore, New York; Frederick, of further mention.

(III) Frederick, only son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Ham) Coonley, was born in Clinton, Dutchess county, New York, October 31, 1802, died 1892. He remained on the Dutchess county farm with his parents until after his marriage in 1826. He removed to the town of Greenville, Greene county, New York, where he purchased a farm at the south end of the Prevost patent. He brought his farm to a high state of fertility and became one of the prosperous men of the town. He continued his residence there all his after life, and when overtaken by years spent a quiet life amidst its congenial surroundings. He was a man of untiring energy and was highly respected for his many good qualities. He married (first) January 21, 1826, Anna Maria, daughter of Joseph Haight. She died December 28, 1830. He married (second) April 2, 1835, Eliza Griffin, died July 23, 1878. By first marriage he had two sons: 1. Jacob, born November 1, 1826, married Alvira, daughter of Jonathan Yeomans; children: Adelaide, married John Stevens, and had two daughters: Zallah and Hattie; Eliza; Annie. 2. Platt, of further mention. By second marriage he had seven children: 3. Henry, born May, 1836, died 1857. 4. Theodore, born April 3, 1838, married Augusta Goff, and had a daughter Susan. 5. Maria, born April 17, 1840, married Pierce Stevens. 6. Mary E., born April 25, 1842, died 1859. 7. Dr. Edgar D., born July 12, 1844, married Amelia Durland; children: Frederick, Mary E., Carleton. 8. Lorenzo, born January 12, 1847, married Sarah A. Smith. 9. Charles A., born August 29, 1849, married Ella Roe; child, Henry G., born November 28, 1878.

(IV) Platt, second son of Frederick and Anna Maria (Haight) Coonley, was born in Greenville, Greene county, New York, August 28, 1828. He was educated in the public schools of Greenville and a private school at Freehold, Greene county. He remained on the home farm with his father until 1866, when he removed to Coxsackie, where he first conducted a meat market, later added a grocery store, continuing until 1883. In that year he became interested in river transportation, a business he has ever since continued. He became associated with the Reed & Powell Transportation Company, of which he was for several years treasurer and is now president. He was elected president of the Coxsackie National Bank in 1870, an office he

now fills. He was elected trustee of the village corporation, 1871-72; supervisor, 1872; sheriff of Greene county, 1873-76, proving a most popular and efficient official. He was appointed postmaster of Coxsackie by President Garfield in 1881, but resigned in 1883. He is a Republican in politics, and a vestryman of Christ Episcopal Church. He married Kate, daughter of James Kent and Eliza Mosher Adams, of Troy, Pennsylvania.

James Kent Adams was born in 1811, died 1895. Eliza (Mosher) Adams was born in Stanfordville, Dutchess county, New York, died in Troy, Pennsylvania, 1886, daughter of Humphrey and Abigail (Coonley) Mosher, the latter a daughter of Jacob and granddaughter of John Coonley, the emigrant from Germany. Humphrey Mosher was a son of David and ——— (Haight) Mosher, who had children: Humphrey, Stephen, Mary and David. The progenitor of the Mosher family of Dutchess county, New York, is David Mosher, who was born in England, came to America prior to the revolution. He had sons: Jonathan, born 1755, died 1843; married Catherine Green, served in the revolutionary army, and later settled in the town of Coeymans, Albany county; David, born 1760, settled in Dutchess county, where he married. His son David married ——— Haight, and they are the parents of Humphrey Mosher and grandparents of Eliza Mosher, who married James Kent Adams. Their daughter, Kate Adams, married Platt Coonley, of Coxsackie, New York. They have no issue.

(V) Gerrit (5) Lansing, son of Gerrit (4) Lansing (q. v.), married (first) Annatje Yates; (second) Wyentje Van Den Bergh.

(VI) Gerrit J., son of Gerrit (5) and Wyentje (Van Den Bergh) Lansing, was born August 24, 1752, died in Charlestown, Montgomery county, New York. He married, April 15, 1787, Mary Van Dusen, born January 10, 1762, died May 2, 1842. Children: Leah, Helena, Jacob, Cornelius, Helena, Gertrude, Noah and Garrett.

(VII) Gerrit (6), son of Gerrit J. and Mary (Van Dusen) Lansing, married, October 14, 1828, Rebecca Van Vechten Mount. They lived and died in Montgomery county. She was a daughter of Matthias Mount and a granddaughter of John Mount, the pioneer of the family in the county, coming from New Jersey, where the family originally settled. They settled in the town of Glen, where they owned and improved large farms. Children of Garrett and Rebecca V. V. (Mount) Lansing, all born in Charlestown: 1. Mary, mar-



Platt Coonley

ried Isaac Schuyler. 2. Douw V., a farmer of the town; married Linda Houghtaling and has a son Eugene. 3. Dr. Benjamin, a leading physician of Rhinebeck, New York, where he died; he married (first) Mary Barrington, who bore him a daughter Molly, now deceased; married (second) Jennie —; children; Frederick and Florence; his widow survived him and married — Bromley. 4. Jennie, married Philip J. Schuyler; resides on a farm near Syracuse, New York; no issue. 5. Garrett J., resides on the old homestead of the Lansings in Montgomery county, town of Charlestown; married Amanda Hoag; children: Helen, married John Ingersoll, a farmer of Glen, and Frank H. 6. Matthias Mount, see forward. 7. Helen, married Rev. John McLaughlin, a minister of the Church of Christ; she survives him, a resident of Charlestown. 9. Dr. Zachary Taylor, died unmarried at the age of thirty-five. 10. Horace Greeley, a prominent attorney of the city of Brooklyn, now deceased; married Franc Mc-Masters, who resides in Brooklyn, with daughters, Florence and Jennie, teachers in the city public schools.

(VIII) Matthias Mount, sixth child of Gerrit (6) and Rebecca Van Vechten (Mount) Lansing, was born in Charlestown, Montgomery county, New York, October 10, 1842. When he was thirteen years of age he went to live with his grandfather, Matthias Mount, in the town of Glen, where he was educated and grew to manhood. He succeeded to the ownership of the Mount farm of one hundred and ten acres of fertile land, where he has since lived and carried on the business of a general farmer. He has been successful in his undertakings, and is one of the substantial men of the town. He is a Republican in politics, and a deacon of the Christian Church at Randall. He married, in Randall, town of Root, Mrs. Helen M. Yates, born in Onandaga county, New York, November 7, 1840, daughter of Lewis and Cornelia (Van Valkenburg) Lounsbery. They have no issue.

Lewis Lounsbery, father of Mrs. Matthias M. Lansing, was a son of Lewis and Lucy (Howe) Lounsbery; he was born in Ulster county, New York, July 6, 1813, died November 21, 1895. He became a noted surveyor and civil engineer. While following his profession in Onandaga county, New York, he married and settled a few years later at Randall, Montgomery county. He was a prominent politician and business man of that county. He was past warden of New York City, superintendent of canals and held other less prominent positions; for many years he

owned a line of packets that operated on the Erie canal. He married (first) Cornelia Van Valkenburg, born in Schenectady, died at Randall. Children: 1. Helen M., married Matthias M. Lansing. 2. John E., born November 29, 1842, now deceased; married (first) Helen Wires; (second) Kate Seeber, of Oneida, New York; both wives are deceased; by the second wife he had sons: Louis E. and George Williard, now real estate brokers of McAllister, Oklahoma. 3. George H., for many years cashier at the New York City post office; now deceased; he married Jennie Bartlett, of Jersey City, New Jersey, who bore him Georgia B. and Frank B., the latter of Waverly, New York, married Lenna Beekman.

This branch of the Lansing family settled in or near Cohoes about 1760. They descend from Gerrit Lansing, the founder, and date in the Mohawk Valley from about the year 1650. Many of the family are now living on land that is part of the original grant from the King or his representatives. For detailed genealogy see the Lansings of Albany, Troy and Cohoes. The particular branch of the family that is here considered is closely allied with the Fonda family of Albany county, descendants of Jellise Dounse Fonda, who was in Beverwyck as early as 1650. In a later generation the only child and daughter of a wealthy Fonda married a Lansing, thus uniting two large estates. The descent of Alida M. Lansing from Gerrit Lansing, the founder, is through eight generations, she being the ninth.

(VI) William, son of Hendrick (Henry) Lansing, was a farmer of Cohoes, where he lived and died. He married Alida Fonda. Children: Henriette, Sarah, Maria, Down, Isaac, Jacob, William and Abraham Fonda.

(VII) Abraham Fonda, youngest son of William and Alida (Fonda) Lansing, was born in Fonda, August 10, 1803, died there, June 6, 1883. He was educated in the public schools, and was all his life a farmer, owning a large estate just outside the present limits of the city of Cohoes. He was a member of "The Boght" Dutch Reformed Church, located about two miles from Cohoes on the bend of the river, which gave the name "The Boght." He married, December 8, 1823, Jane Fonda, born December 8, 1802, died June 6, 1883, only daughter of Douw A. and Derrica A. (Lansing) Fonda. By this marriage all the property of Douw A. Fonda came into possession of the husband upon his death, Jane being the sole heir. Children: 1. Abram

Fonda, born October 2, 1824. 2. William H., September 20, 1826, died December 19, 1903. 3. Richard Down, January 3, 1829, died April 30, 1891. 4. Henry Truax, August 20, 1831, died August 20, 1832. 5. Jacob, September 28, 1833; died June 30, 1888. 6. Sarah Ann, February 11, 1836, died August 28, 1889. 7. Alida M., born March 16, 1839; resides in Cohoes, the last survivor of the nine children of her parents. 8. Isaac, May 22, 1842, died March 2, 1881. 9. Emily Jane, May 18, 1845, died April 14, 1855. The Douw A. Fonda farm was situated west of Cohoes and is now all included in the city limits. The City Park on Columbia street was also included in the farm.

(The Fonda Line).

(V) Abraham Douw Fonda, lineal descendant in the fifth generation from Jellise Dounse Fonda, the founder of the family in America, was born 1733, died October 10, 1799. He was a farmer of the town of Watervliet, as then constituted, a member of the Dutch church, and a man of considerable property. He married, August 20, 1771, Hendrica Lansing, who died February 7, 1840, aged ninety-one years, five months. Children: Douw, died in infancy. Sara, born November 7, 1773. Alida, December 28, 1775. Douw Abraham, see forward. Anna, died in infancy. Anna (2), October 14, 1781, died March 28, 1831. Maria, January 10, 1784.

(VI) Douw Abraham, son of Abraham Douw and Hendrica (Lansing) Fonda, was born October 13, 1776, died May 15, 1868. He married Derrica A. Lansing and had an only child, Jane, born December 8, 1802.

(VII) Jane, only child of Douw Abraham and Derrica A. (Lansing) Fonda, married Abraham Fonda Lansing.

This family is of English ancestry

PITTS

John Pitts, son of Berwick Pitts, of Lyme, Regis county, Dorset, England, a small seaport of the southern coast. Here John was born in 1668 and came to America in 1695, settling in Boston, where he was a successful and prominent merchant. He married Elizabeth Lendall, of Duxbury, Massachusetts, granddaughter of James Lendall, of England, who died in 1652. His will was witnessed by Miles Standish and John Alden. John Pitts had a son James, who graduated at Harvard in 1728, and rose to a high position in the colony. He was a noted patriot and with his sons, John, Samuel and Lendall, at his side, equally devoted to the cause of liberty, walked the stormy path of the revolution when failure led to the scaffold, the axe

or the gallows, and success led to liberty, freedom and glory. It was a family noted in the annals of early Massachusetts, where Pitts street, Pitts wharf and Pitts tomb are yet to be found. The family is now scattered, but few if any are to be found in or around Boston who can justly claim descent from James. There is no record to connect the New York family of Colonie, Albany county, with the Boston family. They trace five generations to William Pitts, of Chatham, Columbia county, who was son of Joseph. There were several of the name resident of the town of Chatham, where their descendants are still to be found.

(I) William Pitts, son of Joseph Pitts, was born in the town of Chatham, Columbia county, New York. He was a school teacher in his younger days, but later a farmer. He was a devoted Methodist and a class leader in that church, and was of the Democratic faith. As a boy he recalled the incidents of the revolution and often told of his visits when a boy to the camp of the soldiers, driving cattle which were to be killed for their sustenance. He married (first) Salome Wickham, who bore him twelve children; (second) Charity Couse, who was the mother of two.

(II) David W., son of William and Salome (Wickham) Pitts, was born in the town of Nassau, Rensselaer county, New York, where his father had removed from Columbia county. He also followed the occupation of a farmer all his days. He enlisted and served in the American army during the war of 1812-14. He was a prominent and useful member of the Methodist church and an ardent Democrat. He married Susanna, daughter of Ebenezer Boyce, of the town of Schodack, where she was born. They were the parents of thirteen children.

(III) Sylvester, son of David W. and Susanna (Boyce) Pitts, was born in Nassau, Rensselaer county, New York, April 4, 1818, died in Colonie, Albany county, March 27, 1886. He was a farmer of Colonie all his adult years and prospered. He was a consistent member of the Methodist church, a good but not an austere man, liberal in thought and deed and highly respected in his community. He departed from the family political faith and joined the Republican party when the party was formed. He was emphatically a home man, holding no public office nor belonging to any fraternal organizations. He married, in 1849, Mary Ann Wetherwax, born in 1828, died in 1901. Children: 1. Emerson A., died in infancy. 2. Sebastian W., see forward. 3. David W. (2), born July 12, 1860; married Daisy, daughter

of Judge Martin, of Helena, Montana, and they live in Garden City, Kansas, he being with a packing company of Topeka, Kansas. 4. Ida L., born in Colonie, New York, married Edward M. Dennison, of the same town; she died February 26, 1908; he died four years before. 5. Blanchard E., died in Albany City Hospital, December 11, 1909; no issue. 6. Albert F., born December 24, 1868; married Hattie R. Rowe, and resides in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, sales agent for Watson & Company, of Calais, Me., New York.

(IV) Sebastian W., eldest son and second child of Sylvester and Mary Ann (Wetherwax) Pitts, was born in the town of Colonie, Albany county, New York, June 28, 1858. He was educated in the town schools, has all his life been a farmer, owns and lives upon the old Pitts homestead farm in Colonie. He has given much of his time to the public service of his country and has always been an adherent and supporter of the Republican party. For several years he was on the school board of his town, and in 1895 was appointed deputy sheriff of Albany county. He served as deputy for three years and was then appointed under sheriff, which office he held continuously until 1904, in which year he received the nomination of his party for the office of sheriff. At the ensuing election he was the choice of the people and held the office for three years. On January 14, 1907, he was elected clerk of the county board of supervisors, and is now serving in that capacity (1911). He has always stood high in the local councils of the party and has been their choice, ratified by the party conventions, as delegate to the county and state conventions. He is a member of the Unconditional Club of Albany, and the Colonial Club of Watervliet. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and with his family a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, taking an active and prominent part in church affairs. He married, at Colonie, November 5, 1880, Mary E. Lewis, born at Greenfield, Saratoga county, New York, April 12, 1859, daughter of George Van Rensselaer Lewis, a mill owner of Saratoga county, and his wife, Sarah M. (Weed) Lewis. She has one brother, George L. Lewis, a resident of Whitestone, Long Island, and an attorney in New York City. Children of Sebastian W. and Mary E. (Lewis) Pitts: 1. Clarence Van Rensselaer, born in Colonie, August 11, 1881; married, November 8, 1905, Mary Seisel, and has a daughter Dorothy and a son Edwin Lewis Pitts. 2. Clifford Sylvester, twin of Clarence V. R.; married, in 1904, Effie Swatling. Both Clarence V. R. and Clifford S. are farmers, and cultivate the old

Pitts homestead farms, the property of their father. 3. Bertha L., born March 16, 1883; married Irvin Dedrick, a farmer of Colonie. 4. Arthur Emerson, born June 23, 1885; he was educated in the town schools, afterward taking the full course and graduating from the Cohoes high school; he then entered Union College; at the expiration of his first year he was compelled by failing health to abandon all idea of completing the course; later he took up the study of medicine, spent four years at Albany Medical College, graduating and receiving his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1909; he then took a course at the Lying-In Hospital of New York, and was on the staff of the Albany Hospital, but now is practicing medicine and surgery at 255 Quail street, Albany, New York. Arthur Emerson Pitts married, September 17, 1910, Carrie Louisa Becker, of East Schodack, Rensselaer county, New York. All the children of Mr. Pitts are graduates of the Cohoes high school.

This branch of the Hoff family HOFF was founded in America by Richard Hoff, born in Holland. He came to America about the year 1750, and settled in the town of Glen, Montgomery county, where he died about 1810, leaving a large family.

(II) Richard (2), son of Richard (1) Hoff, was born 1758, died March 20, 1856. He was a farmer in Glen. He married there, June 24, 1784, Marguerite, born 1765, died February 20, 1837, daughter of Jacob Putnam. Children: 1. Cornelius R., born June 25, 1785, died May 27, 1837. 2. Hannah, July 23, 1790, died August 15, 1846. 3. Elizabeth, September 16, 1792, died January 25, 1833. 4. Jacob, see forward.

(III) Jacob, youngest child of Richard (2) and Marguerite (Putnam) Hoff, was born March 30, 1796, died June 20, 1841. He married, December 24, 1824, Nellie, born 1795, died December 28, 1890, daughter of William and Mary (Marlett) Newkirk. William Newkirk, born November 27, 1764, lost his life January 26, 1828, in Schoharie creek. In company with one daughter, two nieces and a Mr. Chase, he was attempting to cross the creek on the ice, which was apparently strong enough to carry the weight, but gave way when they were in the middle of the creek. They were all thrown into the icy waters and none of the party was saved. He was the son of Garrett Cornelius Newkirk, born about 1720, in Holland, came to America, was a pioneer settler in Glen, where he died at an advanced age, leaving a family. Children of Jacob and Nellie (Newkirk) Hoff: 1. William

N., born October 11, 1825, died November 9, 1907; married, October 11, 1853, Maria A. Shelp, born May 6, 1835, died October 31, 1905, leaving children: i. Mary E., born March 13, 1855; married Jay H. Faulknor, born February 8, 1849; children: Abram M. Faulknor, born July 10, 1873; married Sarah J. Miller, born March 22, 1874, and Glen H. Faulknor, born May 22, 1886; ii. Elizabeth A., born June 18, 1857; married Burr Rockwell, both deceased; iii. Cornelius J., born August 11, 1859, died August 27, 1898; married Ida Barlow, and left a daughter Eleanor A.; iv. Henrietta, born October 10, 1863; married Abram L. Van Horne. 2. Cornelius, born 1828; married Susan C. Sweet, January 1, 1856, both deceased. 3. Mary M., born March 11, 1830, died June 24, 1854; married Jeremiah A. Blood, both deceased without issue. 4. John, see forward.

(IV) John, youngest child of Jacob and Nellie (Newkirk) Hoff, was born November 12, 1834. He was reared on the old Hoff homestead, began a farmer's life in early boyhood, and has always followed that occupation. He owns the homestead farm on which he was born and his life spent. He is unmarried.

This family now in the
BUHRMASTER second American generation is native to the town of Minden, Westphalia, Empire of Germany. Through intermarriage, however, they are connected with one of the old revolutionary families of the Mohawk Valley. Dutch and German blood in that section has intermingled with that of other nations and produced a race of men and women in which the essentially Teutonic traits, thrift and frugality, predominate. The first of this family to come to America was Christian Buhrmaster, who descended from a long line of German ancestors, hardy farmers of the former kingdom of Westphalia, now a constituent part of the German Empire.

(I) Frederick Buhrmaster was born on his father's farm in the town of Minden, Westphalia, Prussia, in the year 1820, died there in 1907. He followed the usual family vocation, farming, all his life. He married a girl of the same province, Caroline, born about 1830, died in 1899, daughter of Frederick Bartling, a worthy man, and like the Buhrmasters a faithful member of the Lutheran church. Besides his daughter Caroline he was the father of Frederick Bartling and other children, one of whom survives, 1909, a resident of Minden. Frederick Buhrmaster and his wife were the parents of six children: 1. Frederick (2), who

came to the United States, settled in Amsterdam, New York, where he married Carrie Shumyer; children: Anna, Frederick (3), Edward and Henry. 2. Mary, married a farmer of her native town, where they reside. 3. Henry, who also came to the United States, settled in the town of Florida, Montgomery county, New York; married Sophia Shumyer; children: Charles, Emma, Lena, Mattie. 4. Christian F., see forward. 5. Charles, a farmer of Minden, living on the Buhrmaster homestead; married, and has a family. 6. Sophia, resides in Minden with her brother Charles; unmarried.

(II) Christian F., fourth child of Frederick and Caroline (Bartling) Buhrmaster, was born in Minden, Westphalia, Prussia, December 9, 1864. He received the customary education of the German public schools which fairly equipped him for life's battle in the far-away land to which he emigrated in the year 1882. He sailed from Bremen on the steamship "Elba," and landed in New York City in April of that year. He did not long remain there, but soon is found in Montgomery county, where he worked at farming, the occupation he had followed in Westphalia. He was then just past sixteen years of age. He possessed those two essentials to success, industry and thrift. After years of effort and frugality he became, by purchase, the owner of two hundred acres of land in the town of Florida, part of an historical estate near Scotchbush. He has since resided on this farm, which he has greatly improved. He is interested particularly in fine stock breeding, although the products of his farm are of the usual character general in the neighborhood. He is a Presbyterian in religion, and a Democrat in politics. He married, in Florida, December 24, 1893, Emma Jane Hutton, born there September 1, 1873. She descends from an old Columbia county family that settled in Montgomery county about the year 1800 (see forward). Children of Christian F. and Emma J. (Hutton) Buhrmaster: Roy H., born June 15, 1895, and C. W. Fay, born November 4, 1897. Mrs. Buhrmaster is also a member of the Presbyterian church.

(The Hutton Line).

Mrs. Christian F. Buhrmaster (Emma Jane Hutton) descends from Christopher Hutton, born in Columbia county, New York, about 1750. He removed to Troy, New York. He enlisted in the revolutionary army and served also on the Troy committee of safety. He married and had issue.

(II) Timothy, son of Christopher Hutton, was born at Bed Rock, Columbia county, New

York, about 1780, died in Montgomery county, August 11, 1862. He settled in the town of Glen, Montgomery county, about 1800. This was before his marriage. He married Mary Onderkirk, born in the village of Curry, town of Root. They had issue:

(III) John V., son of Timothy and Mary (Onderkirk) Hutton, was born in the town of Florida, Montgomery county, March 29, 1815. He married Mary Jane Voorhees, of Cherry Valley, Otsego county, New York, born in 1824, died in Florida in January, 1890, daughter of John and Mary (Francisco) Voorhees, of Dutch and French ancestry. Mary Francisco was a niece of General Rowland, of revolutionary fame. John V. and Mary Jane (Voorhees) Hutton were the parents of James.

(IV) James, son of John V. and Mary Jane (Voorhees) Hutton, was born September 3, 1848. He was a farmer of the town of Florida. He married Sarah, born in Florida, July 24, 1852, daughter of Isaac J. and Catherine (Lingenfelter) De Graff, of that noted Mohawk Valley family. Children: 1. Emma Jane, wife of Christian F. Buhrmaster (see Buhrmaster II). 2. John, married May Dougall. 3. Elbert J., born September 8, 1886, died June 7, 1909; he enlisted in the United States regular army, Sixth Infantry Regiment; he had an unblemished military record and died suddenly at Fort Harrison, Montana.

The date of this particular SMITH branch of the Smith family in Montgomery county, New York, is somewhat obscure, but taking the facts as known, 1780 approximates the year of the migration of Charles Smith from New Jersey, where he was born about 1760. He was married about this time, and it was a very young bride who helped him make a home in the then wilderness of southern Glen. But the farm was cleared and the home established which they occupied during their joint lives. He married, either in New Jersey or soon after his coming to New York, Anna Dingman, born 1765, died in Glen, 1844. The ancestors of both Charles Smith and Anna Dingman were Dutch, and settled in America at a very early date. Children: Polly, married Frank Perrine; Gertrude, married John Davis; John Andrew, died young; George A.

(II) George A., son of Charles and Anna (Dingman) Smith, was born in Glen, Montgomery county, New York, April 20, 1793, died August 18, 1879. He was reared, passed his life and died on the original homestead farm cleared by his father. He married, in Glen, May 20, 1822, Elizabeth Bellows, born

in that town, April 27, 1804, died January 9, 1889. Both are buried in Glen cemetery. Children: 1. Andrew S., see forward. 2. Eliza Jane, born December 9, 1824; married, January 10, 1843, Priest Rider, born May 17, 1817, died March 9, 1876; she survives her husband and is still a resident (1909) of Glen, physically and mentally bright and quite active; child, Howard L. Rider, married Della Rider and has Groot T. and Jennie. 3. Harriet, born December 10, 1841; married Winslow Dievenpeck, a farmer of Glen, born April 14, 1837, died May 22, 1870, son of Cornelius and Margaret (Van Wormer) Dievenpeck, early settlers of Glen, where they died, leaving children: Ann, Susan, Mary, Caroline, Sarah, Margaret, Abram, Isaac and Winslow; all grew to maturity but Mary, who died young; and all married but Sarah, who resides in Glen. Children of Winslow and Harriet (Smith) Dievenpeck: i. Flora V., died in infancy; ii. Smith, born February 5, 1862, died January 18, 1894; married Minnie —, now deceased, leaving Merwin Dievenpeck, born November 30, 1890; iii. Ivy, born February 5, 1865, married John Becker, and has Newell Becker, born December, 1907; iv. Melissa, born July 10, 1866, married Jerome Brown, born July 18, 1856, has Jay Brown, born May 24, 1884; May Brown, born October 31, 1885, and Smith Brown, born December 1, 1888.

(III) Andrew S., only son of George A. and Elizabeth (Bellows) Smith, was born in Glen, June 9, 1823, died at the home of his daughter in Mohawk, Montgomery county, New York, September 30, 1905. He was a farmer. He married, in Glen, January 10, 1843, Ruth, born in Princetown, New York, April 1, 1826, died in Glen, August 6, 1893, daughter of Lewis and Nancy (Van) Rider, of Sharon, Schoharie county, New York. Children: 1. Eliza J. (Jennie), born November 23, 1845; married Milan Pierce, a veteran of the One Hundred and Fifty-third Regiment New York Volunteer Infantry; served through the war of the rebellion, now resides at Fort Hunter, New York; children: Adelbert, Fanny, Ruth, Charles, William, Andrew B. Hunter. 2. George H., see forward.

(IV) George H., only son of Andrew S. and Ruth (Rider) Smith, was born in Glen, Montgomery county, New York, September 19, 1848. He is one of the substantial farmers of Glen, living near Auriesville. He is a Democrat politically, and a member of the Reformed church. He married, February 17, 1875, Ada, born in Glen, March 25, 1855, daughter of Isaac N., born June 7, 1802, died March 20, 1885, and his second wife, Eliza-

beth (Miller) Quackenbush. This is one of the oldest families of this section of the Mohawk Valley. Isaac N. was a son of Nicholas Quackenbush, who was born December 9, 1750, on his father's farm along the banks of the Mohawk east of what is now Fultonville. His father came into the town about 1740, built a log cabin along the Indian trail near the river, and literally wrested a farm from the wilderness surrounding him. After generations made further improvements and the place is still known as the Quackenbush farm. Nicholas Quackenbush (son of the pioneer) married, April 17, 1777, Helen Collyer, born May 19, 1761, died June 14, 1843; among their children was Isaac N., who married (first) March 18, 1823, Mary Turnbull, born August 10, 1805, died January 1, 1842. Children: Nancy C., born July 18, 1824, died aged seventy-seven, unmarried. Peter, born December 10, 1825, died in childhood. George W., March 18, 1829, died February 22, 1907. Isaac N. Quackenbush married (second) Elizabeth Miller, born June 19, 1822, died October 28, 1902. Children: Mary, born March 15, 1849, married James F. Polhamus, of Auriesville, New York; no issue. Ada, married George H. Smith. Children: 1. Jay, born December 9, 1875, died January, 1876. 2. Ruth E., August 24, 1877; married Daniel Argersinger, of Amsterdam, and has George Giles, born November 2, 1908. 3. Blanche, September 19, 1881, died February 22, 1882. 4. Charles Q., see forward. 5. Milton, July 29, 1898.

(V) Charles Q., son of George H. and Ada (Quackenbush) Smith, was born July 1, 1884. He completed his education in the public schools and decided on agriculture as his life work. He is the owner of a good farm of one hundred and twenty-five acres, not far from Glen Village, and is one of the prosperous, ambitious and progressive young farmers of the section. He is a Democrat politically, and a member of the Reformed church. He married, June 28, 1905, in Glen, Laura, born January 5, 1886, daughter of Jacob Clement.

In an old graveyard at Larison Corner, New Jersey, is the grave of Peter Fisher. Whence he came to this country and when is not known. From a careful examination of the old records it would seem that he could not have settled in New Jersey later than 1725, with the strong probability that it was much earlier. His wife's name was Maria, believed to have been born in Germany and most likely married there. Peter Fisher, upon his re-

moval to New Jersey, settled in Somerset county, where he remained until 1730, when he removed to Hunterdon county, where he purchased a two-hundred-acre farm; the deed bears date of March 30, 1730, and states the consideration to have been £132 of "lawful silver money." He had eight children, the eldest born 1725: Anthony, John, Elizabeth, Christopher, John, Peter, Jacob, and another daughter. Christopher, born 1730, married Charity Boss and had six children. It is from Christopher that the Fishers of Montgomery county here under consideration are believed to descend, but the connection cannot be definitely traced.

(I) Samuel Fisher, born in New Jersey, later a resident of Montgomery and Herkimer counties, New York, died in the latter county, where he had removed after his second marriage. His wives were born in Montgomery county, where he lived in the town of Charleston. By his first wife, Anna (Craig) Fisher, he had six children: 1. Rebecca, born in the town of Charleston; married John P. Miller, son of Jacob Miller; left sons: Charles F. and Abraham J. D. 2. Amelia, married Peter J. Weldon; died at age of sixty years; her husband married (second) — and settled in Herkimer, where he died at age of eighty years. 3. Jane, married Joel Smith; they settled in Herkimer and died at advanced ages; leaving Samuel, John, Peter, Charles, Nettie and Annie Smith. 4. Samuel, settled in Glen when he was over sixty years old; he was a farmer there the remainder of his days; married Mary Harris; children: Anna, Rebecca, Jennie, Elizabeth, Charles, Hattie. 5. Ellison E., see forward. 6. Catherine, married John H. Bell, a farmer of Glen; he died at age of seventy-two and she at sixty-five; children: Ephraim J. and Charles Bell. Samuel Fisher married (second) Catherine Van Patten and had a daughter, Hannah, married Joel Davis; both deceased; without issue.

(II) Ellison E., son of Samuel and Anna (Craig) Fisher, was born in Charleston, Montgomery county, New York, July 8, 1826, died in Glen, October 20, 1894. At age of twelve he left home to do battle with the world and carve out his own fortune. He went to the town of Glen, where he found employment on a farm. He was determined to succeed in life, and by untiring industry, economy and right living became a substantial land owner in Glen, where he resided until his death. He was a man of integrity, whose word and promise always held good. He was a religious man and gave liberally of his substance for the support of his church, the Dutch Reformed. He married in Glen, February 14,

1850, Elizabeth J. Serviss, born in Florida, August 27, 1825, of the early Montgomery county family of Serviss. She was a woman of rare force and character. She died August 3, 1910. Children: 1. Mary, born July 14, 1851; married Jacob Clement. 2. Annie, April 6, 1853, died May 27, 1866. 3. Jay, see forward.

(III) Jay, only son of Ellison E. and Elizabeth J. (Serviss) Fisher, was born in Glen, Montgomery county, New York, October 21, 1854. He is a successful farmer and a man of high standing in the community. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church, and politically a Republican. He married (first) in Center county, Kansas, June 13, 1886, Nancy S. Baird, born in Will county, Illinois, May 11, 1855, died at their home in Glen, October 3, 1889. Child, Floyd E., born September 29, 1889; married Adelia Minch and has a son, Edward J. Fisher, born December 15, 1908. Floyd E. Fisher is one of the rising young farmers of Glen. Jay Fisher married (second) in Glen, May 5, 1907, Mrs. Nettie (Hoag) Crouse, born in Argusville, New York, August 3, 1860, daughter of Ira and Annie M. (Gordon) Hoag, of Schoharie county, their lifelong home. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Hoag: Amanda, married Garrett Lansing, a farmer of Charleston; children: Frank and Leland Lansing. Mark, deceased; married Anna E. Kling; children: Irving and Anna Hoag. Charles, married Hattie Neskern and has issue. Nettie, married Jay Fisher. Mrs. Annie M. (Gordon) Hoag survived her first husband, Ira Hoag, and married (second) John Heyney; children: Ella. Elmer, married Luella Kellogg; children: Lela and Mervin Heyney, the latter of whom married Dora Frank and has a daughter, Celia Heyney. Jay Fisher by his second marriage had no children.

The Shibleys of Glen, New York, descend from Swiss ancestors on the paternal and Dutch on the maternal side. John Shibley, born in Switzerland, started when a young man to emigrate to America. While on his way he met Jane Wagman, a young girl born in Holland. They were married and continued their journey to the new world together. They landed in New York City, where they remained for a time, later settling in Schodack, Rensselaer county, New York, where they died at very advanced ages. They left one daughter and several sons.

(II) Henry, son of John and Jane (Wagman) Shibley, was born in Rensselaer county, New York. After his marriage he removed to Charleston, Montgomery county, where he

purchased a tract of five hundred acres of land heavily covered with timber. He made a clearing and with the help of a good wife compelled the forest to make way for the fields, and left for his children a well-improved property. He married, in Rensselaer county, Elizabeth Shuntz, born of German and English parents. She died October 30, 1847. Her husband survived her, dying at the age of ninety-three. Children: Jacob, John, George, Jeremiah, Mahala, Serena, Henry (2), see forward, Samuel.

(III) Henry (2), son of Henry (1) and Elizabeth (Shuntz) Shibley, was born in Charleston, Montgomery county, New York, January 30, 1805, died October 4, 1895, on the old homestead he had helped to erect in the wilderness. He lived the life of a farmer. He married Jane Frank, born 1814, died November 21, 1847, daughter of Andrew and Jane (Conover) Frank, and granddaughter of Adam Frank, one of the first settlers of the town of Glen, and a well-known patriot during the revolution. With Peter Hall and Isaac Conover he formed a trio that gave constant exhibitions of active muscular patriotism that brought woe to the offending Tories, and caused a reward of one hundred pounds to be offered for their heads; but they outwitted their enemies and came through the war safely. Andrew Frank, son of the patriot, owned a large property in Glen, known as Logtown, which he purchased. He erected an inn on this property, where he entertained the early-day travelers. He was a man of large business interests. He married Jane Conover, born in Glen, where she died. Children of Henry (2) and Jane (Frank) Shibley, his first wife: H. Milton, Andrew, see forward, Adam, George and Elizabeth. He married (second) Caroline Thorp, of English birth (said to descend from the royal family of Stuart). Child by second marriage: Lucy J., a resident of Charleston, New York, unmarried.

(IV) Andrew, son of Henry (2) and Jane (Frank) Shibley, was born in Charleston, Montgomery county, New York, June 29, 1835, died August 22, 1905. He adopted agriculture as his business and was one of the substantial men of his town. He purchased a farm of two hundred and thirty acres in Glen, in 1883, on which he resided until his death. He gained an enviable name in the community for his manly, upright life, his strong advocacy of the cause of temperance, and his devotion to his principles. For many years he voted the Prohibition ticket. He married, at Charleston, January 9, 1890, Lucy C. Becker, born in that town, June 2, 1865

(see Becker V). She survives him and resides on the farm previously alluded to, which she manages with skill and success. She has no children, but has an adopted daughter, Bertha E., born September 9, 1885, married Richard Anderson, September 1, 1902, and they have Lucy A. Anderson, born February 27, 1909.

(The Becker Line).

Johannes Becker, born in Holland, January, 1690, came to the American colonies early in the eighteenth century; settled in Washington county, New York, married Sarah Van Deusen, born in Holland, 1692, died 1726, in Washington county, where their children were born. Children (perhaps others): Johannes (2), born January 29, 1718, married and had issue; Abraham, see forward.

(II) Abraham (or Abram), son of Johannes and Sarah (Van Deusen) Becker, was born in Washington county, New York, January 21, 1720, died 1784; married, 1743, Elizabeth Van O'Linda, born January, 1725. Children: Johannes (3) and Martinus, see forward.

(III) Martinus, son of Abraham and Elizabeth (Van O'Linda) Becker, was born May 31, 1749, died January 28, 1843; married, March 31, 1775, Lena Van Buskirk, born June 13, 1758, died July 27, 1821. Children: Abram, born July 27, 1776, died May 9, 1784; Esther, August 4, 1778, died January 9, 1842; John, August 31, 1780; Martha, February 10, 1783; Cornelius, see forward; Elizabeth, November 13, 1798.

(IV) Cornelius, son of Martinus and Lena (Van Buskirk) Becker, was born August 30, 1796, died July 18, 1848; married Mary McDuffee, born July 10, 1800, died July 9, 1876. Children: Sarah, Milton, John, William, Hiram, Frederick F., see forward, Calvin and Daniel.

(V) Frederick F., son of Cornelius and Mary (McDuffee) Becker, was born February 2, 1826, in Charleston, Montgomery county, New York (the town of his birth), July 28, 1895; married, December 26, 1848, Mary Barber, born March 23, 1823, died May 9, 1891, daughter of Abram and Lucy (Pendleton) Barber. Children: 1. Milton, born May 9, 1850, died February 9, 1851. 2. Mary A., March 4, 1852, died December 18, 1871, unmarried. 3. William N., January 14, 1854, married Clara Shibley, has a daughter Angie L., who resides with her father at his home in Charleston. 4. Anna A., July 12, 1855, died December 29, 1885; married Ambrose Snyder, and left Frederick and Bertha E. Snyder. 5. Ida F., January 25, 1857, married Clinton De Nice; she survives him and resides on the

old Becker farm with children: Allison, Jessie M., Harry C. De Nice. 6. Francis, June 7, 1858, died February 7, 1896, unmarried. 7. Alice P., November 21, 1859, married (first) Nelson Tallmadge, (second) Daniel Dodge; children by second marriage: Fairfax, deceased; Harry and Winifred Dodge. 8. George McClellan, December 22, 1861, died May 15, 1863. 9. Lucy C., married Andrew Shibley (see Shibley IV).

The Rossman family of

ROSSMAN Claverack, Columbia county, New York, descend from Johannes Roseman, who came from Germany to the town of Livingston, Columbia county, 1709, with the German emigration early in the eighteenth century. He married and had two sons, George and Conrad, and four daughters.

(II) Conrad Rossman, son of Johannes Roseman, married and had children by first wife: Fite, Jacob, Jonas, who had two sons, Peter and Terry or George; daughters, Mrs. Petrie, Mrs. Cone, Mrs. Prinder and Mrs. Brizer; by second marriage he had five sons and one daughter: Conrad, Hendrick, Phillip, Adam, Samuel or Tobias, Hannah.

(III) Fite, son of Conrad Rossman, was born 1743, died 1831. He was a farmer of the town of Claverack, Columbia county, near the village of Martindale. He married Ann Ham, of Pine Plains, New York. Children: 1. Peter, of further mention. 2. John, died 1829; married Esther Hoffman. 3. Frederick, born 1775, died 1850; married Cornelia Van Deusen and had two sons: Stephen, married and had Edward and Augustus; Josephus, married and had three daughters, Gertrude, Caroline and Margaret. 4. Jacob, born 1785, died 1854; married, 1812, Nancy M. Latting; had three sons and three daughters: Allen, Richard, Refine, Ann, Phoebe, Harriet. Refine had Richard, Allen, Refine, Mary. 5. Margaret. 6. Catherine.

(IV) Peter, son of Fite and Ann (Ham) Rossman, married Alida Van Deusen and had children: 1. Fite, married and had Mary and Robert. 2. Daniel, of further mention. 3. Robert, married and had John, Gerald, Harriet, Alida. 4. Elizabeth.

(V) Daniel, son of Peter and Alida (Van Deusen) Rossman, was born at Martindale, town of Claverack, Columbia county, New York, December 15, 1800, died there April 9, 1845. He was a farmer and an honored citizen. He was for two years deacon of the Dutch Reformed church, and in politics a Whig. He married, March 28, 1826, Charlotte Bortle, born May 18, 1803, died January

30, 1898. She descended from Michael Horton, a captain in Washington's army in 1776; married Elizabeth Esseleyn. Their daughter, Rachel Horton, married John Bortle. Their daughter, Charlotte Bortle, married Daniel Rossman. Children: 1. Frances E., married Dr. Thomas T. Calkins; she is now a resident of New York City. 2. Rachel A., married Abram F. Philip, of Philmont. 3. Louisa, died in childhood. 4. Sarah, born August 6, 1833, died July 31, 1854. 5. Catherine. 6. Emily, born November 18, 1837, died October 8, 1858. 7. Bethia. 8. Louisa, married, October 28, 1888, John A. Nichols, who was born August 28, 1831, and died December 22, 1905.

(VI) Daniel P., son of Daniel and Charlotte (Bortle) Rossman, was born February 5, 1846. He is now a resident of Claverack. He married Laura M. Fielder, born January 28, 1852, died February 26, 1898. Children: 1. Frank, born October 27, 1876, died October 9, 1902. 2. Florence, March 8, 1879, died January 16, 1907; married, April 19, 1902, Arthur Le Grand Doty.

The Fraser family is one of the ancient ones of Scotland, and a number of worthy members of it have become citizens of the United States. The particular branch of which this sketch treats is descended from the Lord Lovet clan, and has been domiciled in this country for a number of generations. The representatives of the family in the present generation are the Misses Altonah and Elizabeth Nevius Fraser, who were born in Athens, New York. Robert Fraser, a brother of John Fraser, spoken of hereinafter, was engaged in the lumber business in the Bay of Honduras, died there and left a considerable estate. Word was sent to John Fraser, at "some place on the Hudson River," as the document read, but as travel was attended with great difficulties in those days, no steps were ever taken to acquire title to this property, and it probably passed into the hands of the partner of Robert.

(I) John Fraser, the first of the family of whom we have detailed information, came from Edinburg, Scotland, at the age of eighteen years, and settled in Athens, New York, where he followed the occupation of cabinet-making. He was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party in politics, taking an active interest in all matters which concerned the public welfare, and his religious affiliations were with the Methodist church. He married, July 31, 1796, Patience Bradwell, and had children: Mary, born September 17, 1797;

William, September 27, 1799; Hannah, July 17, 1801; Jane Ann, January 7, 1804; George Bradwell, March 12, 1806, see forward; Robert H., July 25, 1808; Eliza, August 1, 1810; Sarah Ann, March 3, 1821. Patience (Bradwell) Fraser was the daughter of General Jacob Bradwell, of revolutionary fame, who lived at Coeymans, New York, and married Mary Guackin. The latter was the daughter of [unclear] Potts, born in Pennsylvania, educated at the Moravian School in Bethlehem, from whence she was married.

(II) George Bradwell, second son of John and Patience (Bradwell) Fraser, was born in Athens, New York, March 12, 1806, died September 14, 1884. He established and conducted a factory for the manufacture of stone ware, in which enterprise he was eminently successful, as he was in a number of other matters which he took in hand. He was at one time president of West Troy, New York, director and vice-president of Bank of West Troy for a number of years, and in church affairs took a prominent part, being vestryman, junior and senior warden for a number of years of Trinity Church at Watervliet, New York.

Mr. Fraser married, April 20, 1831, Catharine Tolley: children: Mary Jane, Hannah, Altonah and Elizabeth Nevius. Catharine (Tolley) Fraser, born July 28, 1810, died February 15, 1872, was the daughter of George Tolley and granddaughter of Dr. Frederick Tolley, who arrived at New York, August 12, 1753, having come from the Electorate of Hanover, Germany. He married, March 13, 1760, Catharine Volland, and had children: Henry B., born December 15, 1762; John Philip, March 11, 1766; Catharine, December 5, 1767; John Frederick, August 28, 1769; George, the father of Catharine (Tolley) Fraser; and William, born April 12, 1781.

(III) Altonah and Elizabeth Nevius, the two youngest children of George Bradwell and Catharine (Tolley) Fraser, were born in Athens, New York, leaving there when infants, their parents moving to Watervliet. They attended for a number of years the Willard Seminary, where they received an excellent education, and this has been supplemented during the entire course of their lives by reading and study. They are members and faithful attendants at the services of the Episcopal church, in whose interests they are active. Their interest in music is a deep and lifelong one, and they are associate members of the Vocal, Choral and Chromatic societies, and are in all the entertainments which are instituted by these associations.

NORTON The history of the Norton family begins at the time of the Norman Conquest, when Le Seigneur de Norville crossed over to England with King William the Conqueror, September 29, 1022, and was his constable. The name at that time was Norville, which in French signified North Village. The name was afterward changed to Norton, which in English means North-town. It is supposed that all the families of this name in England, Ireland and America were derived from one man.

(I) Benjamin Norton was a descendant of John Norton, of Branford, Connecticut. He was born in Stonington, Connecticut, 1793, died in Rome, New York, 1834. He served in the war of 1812. He married Nancy Gordon, of Scotch descent, at Albany, New York.

(II) Cornelius H., son of Benjamin and Nancy (Gordon) Norton, was born in Rome, New York, August 27, 1828, died in Gloversville, New York, April 15, 1900. He married Sarah Darrow, born in Rome, New York, April 11, 1824, died January 1, 1901, in Gloversville, New York, daughter of Captain Pliny Darrow (whose ancestors were of revolutionary fame) and Sarah (Martin) Darrow.

(III) Alfred Darrow Norton, son of Cornelius H. and Sarah (Darrow) Norton, was born in Mexico, New York, January 31, 1851. He succeeded his father in the jewelry business, coming to Gloversville from Rome in 1869, and has successfully conducted the same to the present time (1911). He is considered one of the most prominent and successful jewelers in the Mohawk Valley and Central New York. He married (first), October 28, 1877, in Kingsboro, New York, Susie, daughter of Jonathan and Mary A. Wooster; died June 12, 1879; married (second), May 25, 1881, Phoebe D. Briggs, of Fonda, New York, daughter of Delavan and Almira (Dockstader) Briggs.

ALLEN Samuel Allen, a farmer of the town of Galway, Saratoga county, New York, married Catherine Cole. They continued their residence in Saratoga county until 1855, when they removed to Fulton county, which was their residence until death. Children: John C., see forward; Sarah, married John R. Berry, who afterwards associated with her brother, John C. Allen, in glove manufacture; Lucy E., unmarried; Rebecca, married Amatus R. Belows, and had a daughter Beulah; Clara, married James Billings; Mary, married Timothy Davenport, and had Allen and Marion.

(II) John C., son of Samuel and Catherine

(Cole) Allen, was born in the town of Galway, Saratoga county, New York, January 27, 1838, died at Gloversville, New York, July 30, 1909. He was educated in the Galway schools, and was a resident there until he reached his seventeenth year, when the family residence was removed to Gloversville, New York. For several years after locating in Gloversville, he learned the process of tanning leather and the manufacture of gloves, and became thoroughly familiar with every detail of these industries. He had become possessed also of some capital, and in 1873, in company with John R. Berry, began the manufacture of gloves under the firm name of Berry & Allen, succeeding to a business established in 1846. This was a most successful enterprise, and continued until the death of Mr. Berry in 1890, when Mr. Allen became the sole owner and continued the business. In 1900 he admitted his son, Harry John Allen, as partner, and the firm became J. C. Allen & Son. This firm became one of the largest glove-making concerns of Fulton county, and continued as J. C. Allen & Son until the death of the father, when it became an incorporation, under the name of J. C. Allen & Sons. Mr. Allen possessed special aptitude for business life, had intense powers of application, good executive ability, coupled with courage and an indomitable will. He won a success in life that was well deserved. He stood high among his brother manufacturers in the trade, who chose him president of the Fulton County Glove Manufacturers' Association, of which organization he was always an active, interested member. He was also a member of the board of directors of the Fulton County National Bank, and was a valuable member of that board. Business interests, while carefully managed, did not make up the sum total of his activities. His deep interest in church and Sunday-school work, the public schools, the public library and other Gloversville public institutions, was one of his prominent characteristics. Public-spirited to an unusual degree, nothing that tended to promote the common good failed of his support. His love of music was a marked trait, and to him is largely due the introduction of musical instruction in the public schools. He served in the public library as a member of the board of directors, and was always a warm friend of the free library. He was one of the original members of the First Presbyterian Church of Gloversville, which he served for twenty-five years as ruling elder. His interest in the Sunday-school was equally marked and continued all through life. He never grew old, save in years, but retained his youthful spirit,

and probably enjoyed the friendship of more young people than any man of his years in the city. His tastes were domestic, and in home and family he found his chief delight. He married, February 8, 1871, Genevieve L. Seaver, born in Galway, Saratoga county, New York, April 19, 1847, daughter of A. J. W. Seaver, born September 25, 1807, son of Josiah Seaver, of Galway, New York. Josiah Seaver was the owner of a farm of two hundred acres in Galway, which he cultivated all his active years. He and his wife were active Methodists, and lived the quiet lives of the well-to-do farmers of their period. A. J. W. Seaver married Sophia Ann Fuller, born May 14, 1808, daughter of Gideon Fuller, born May 19, 1780, and his wife, Christina Stearns, born August 27, 1785. Mr. and Mrs. Fuller had seven children: Alonzo, born September 3, 1803; Orance, August 10, 1806; Sophia Ann, married A. J. W. Seaver; Harvey, born March 19, 1811; Mercy, August 19, 1819; David, June 28, 1823; Mary, November 16, 1825. A. J. W. and Sophia Ann (Fuller) Seaver had five children: 1. John Willis, born April 28, 1835; married Mary D. Ball (both deceased); they left children, residents of Newark, New Jersey: Nathaniel, Jennie, Lizzie, Isaac, John. 2. Sarah, Ann, born November 19, 1837; married John Taylor (deceased); they removed to Grass Lake, Michigan, where their children yet reside: William, Laura, Jennie, Frederick, Nellie. 3. Charles Henry, born January 10, 1839; married Eulalia Hayes; children: Cora, Florence, Lorene, Jessie. This family resides at Jackson, Michigan. 4. Mary Jane, born December 10, 1843; married Sherwood Haggart; children: Mary S., born November 18, 1870; George S., March 2, 1877. 5. Genevieve L., married John C. Allen, whom she survives, a resident of Gloversville, where her entire life since her marriage has been spent; she is a member of the Presbyterian church, and interested in church and charitable work. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Allen: 1. Katherine S., born January 15, 1872; married, June 3, 1902, Charles I. Coombes, of Johnstown, New York, born May 14, 1871. 2. Harry John, see forward. 3. Genevieve, born February 12, 1876. 4. Richard Berry, November 6, 1878, of the firm of J. C. Allen & Sons. 5. Howard Washington, February 22, 1882. 6. Susan Doty, December 12, 1883; married, June 8, 1909, Ralph Prescott Beardsley, and has a daughter Genevieve, born June 3, 1910. 7. Samuel Gardner, November 12, 1885, of the firm of J. C. Allen & Sons.

(III) Harry John, eldest son of John C. and Genevieve L. (Seaver) Allen, was born

in Gloversville, New York, October 29, 1873. He was educated in the public schools and at Peekskill Military Academy. In 1894 he began working in the glove factory of his father, who in 1900 admitted him to a partnership, and re-named the firm J. C. Allen & Son. After the death of Mr. Allen, senior, the business was incorporated as the J. C. Allen & Sons, with Harry J. Allen as president. In this capacity he continues the business that was established by Berry & Allen, and now one of the leading industrial plants of Gloversville. He is director of Fulton County National Bank. Mr. Allen inherits the family love and talent for music, and has devoted a great amount of time to voice culture and instrumental music. For many years he had been director of the choir of the First Presbyterian Church, one of the best musical organizations of the city, now (1910) director of choir of Congregational church. He is a trustee of the public library, a member of the First Presbyterian Church, the Eccentric and Automobile clubs, and an interested, public-spirited citizen of his native town. Politically he is a Republican. He married, June 7, 1900, Marie Louise, born October 2, 1875, daughter of Samuel Harvey and Jane Elizabeth (Everit) Shotwell, of Gloversville, New York. Child: John C. Allen (2), born July 29, 1908.

The Getman family of Gloversville, New York, are of German ancestry and descend from Frederick Getman, who came to America from Germany in 1720. In 1740, in association with Jonathan Bierman, he bought a tract of land in the Stone Arabia Patent, Montgomery county, New York. Later Frederick bought his partner's interest and owned the entire tract, part of which is yet in the Getman name. He married a Miss Bierman, who bore him sons: Frederick, George, John and Christian, all of whom took part in the war with the French prior to 1757.

(II) Christian, eldest son of Frederick Getman, was a farmer, and during the French war was captain of a company of rangers in the colonial army. He married a widow; children: Peter, Christian (2), Adam, Jacob, John, George, see forward; Thomas, Peter, the eldest son, served in the colonial army with his father against the French and Indians.

(III) George, son of Christian Getman, was a farmer. He married and reared a large family, among them being a son George (2).

(IV) George (2), son of George (1) Getman, was born in the town of Mohawk, Montgomery county, New York. He was a farmer,

and during the revolution held a lieutenant's commission in the regular army commanded by Colonel Willett. He married Annie Shumaker; children: 1. George, married a Miss Empie; children: Charles, David. 2. Peter, married and had fourteen children. 3. Joseph, married and had one son. 4. Benjamin, see forward. 5. Christopher, married Mary Miller; son, William. 6. William, married Catherine Catherworth; children: Charlotte and William C.

(V) Benjamin, son of George (2) Getman, was born on the homestead in Montgomery county, June 1, 1791, died at the age of eighty-eight years, his death resulting from a kick received from a vicious horse. This homestead is now in the town of Ephratah, Fulton county, Montgomery and Fulton counties having been created from Tryon. He inherited the homestead, and was a farmer all his days of activity. He served in the war of 1812 and was engaged at the battle of Sacketts Harbor. He held the office of justice of the peace and was a man of importance in his town. He was a leading member of the Dutch Reformed church, which he served officially. He married Mary Van Antwerp, of Mohawk, Montgomery county; children: 1. Deborah, died in infancy. 2. Elizabeth, married Josiah Williamson; children: Lycena, Jane C., Delia and Mary. 3. Washington, married Catherine Cook; children: Alida, Caroline, Benjamin, Elmer. 4. Chauncey, married Catherine Like; children: Adelbert, Amy. 5. Jane, married John Schultz; children: Elvira, Benjamin, John P., Henry, Maria, Eugene, Rachel, Melvin, Irving. 6. Delia, married Casper Saltzman; children: Harvey and Carrie. 7. Rachel, married David Baker; children: George G., Charles, Mary. 8. Nancy Catherine. 9. Oliver, see forward. 10. William, married Mary Bentley. 11. Asa M., married Mary Erwin; children: Crawford O., Pauline, Etta, Helen. 12. Crawford. 13. Mary Ann, married Jonathan Saltzman.

(VI) Oliver, son of Benjamin and Mary (Van Antwerp) Getman, was born on the old Getman homestead in the town of Ephratah, Fulton county, New York, February 4, 1829. He was educated in the common schools, and passed his life engaged in farming, manufacturing, and in the public service. In 1862 he was appointed deputy-sheriff of Fulton county, and in 1863 special deputy to United States provost marshal, holding the latter office until the close of the civil war. He was deputy-sheriff continuously until 1871, when he was elected sheriff. On retiring from the sheriff's office he returned to the farm, remaining until the death of his father in 1879. In that year

he associated with his brother Crawford in the manufacture of window glass. He removed to Cleveland, Oswego county, New York, where their plant was located, remaining there until 1889. During a great part of these years he was traveling in the interest of the company, and as salesman of their factory product. While in Oswego county he was elected supervisor, and served four years. In 1890 he removed to Johnstown, New York, and was elected a supervisor of Fulton county, and re-elected in 1891. During 1892 he organized the Getman Glass Manufacturing Company, of which he was president, and erected a plant at Avonmore, Pennsylvania, for the manufacture of window glass. Mr. Getman removed to that state and superintended the erection of the plant, and remained in the management until 1895. In that year he returned to Johnstown, where he engaged in the real estate and loan business, settlement of estates and general office business, continuing until his retirement from all active business. He has been identified with many of the business interests of Johnstown; was a member of the first board of directors of the First National Bank, of the People's Bank, and of the Fulton County Savings Bank; was president of the Fulton County Agricultural Society. He always continued the operation of the old homestead farm, settled by his emigrant ancestor, and inherited by him from his father, Benjamin Getman. He is connected with the Masonic order, holding membership in Garoga Lodge, No. 300, Free and Accepted Masons, Johnstown Chapter, No. 78, Royal Arch Masons, and Holy Cross Commandery, No. 51, Knights Templar. Politically he is a Republican, and in religion is a Presbyterian.

He married, October 31, 1855, Lovina Wood, born in Ephratah, Fulton county, New York, in 1834, daughter of Dr. Henry and Polly (Smith) Wood. Children: 1. Leander, married Catherine Empe; children: Henry and Catherine. 2. Lovina, married Oliver Getman. 3. Levi, married Myra Keith; children: i. Lavina, married Everett Stephenson, and has a son Everett; ii. Charles, married Grace Sarah Yanney, and has a son Harold; iii. Grace, married John F. Rickard, and has three children: Margaret, Florence and John W.

(II) George, son of Frederick GETMAN Getman, "the founder," was born in the town of Ephratah, now Fulton county, New York. He succeeded his father in possession of the Ephratah homestead. He married and had five sons, all of whom died in the cause of the revolution.

(III) George (2), son of George (1) Getman, was born in Ephratah, Fulton county, New York, about the year 1770. He was a captain in the war of 1812. He was a farmer of Ephratah all his life. He married Catherine Cook and had six sons.

(IV) David, son of George (2) and Catherine (Cook) Getman, was born in 1809 in Ephratah, Fulton county, New York, died March 3, 1890. He removed to the town of Mayfield, same county, in 1846, and engaged in mercantile life, continuing until 1863, when he retired. He was a justice of the peace for twenty years, and an active worker and liberal supporter of the Dutch Reformed church of Mayfield. He married Mary Burdick, also born in Ephratah. They had five children, two only arriving at maturity. David, of whom further; Sarah.

(V) David (2), son of David (1) and Mary (Burdick) Getman, was born in Ephratah, Fulton county, New York, January 21, 1836. He was educated in the public schools and Kingsboro Academy, where he was graduated. When he was ten years of age his parents removed to Mayfield and after David had completed his studies he worked as a clerk in his father's store. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted, August, 1861, in Company I, Seventh Regiment, New York Volunteers. This company was recruited in Fulton county and was mustered into the United States service, October 30, 1861. He was commissioned first lieutenant, later captain, and assigned to the Tenth Regiment, New York Cavalry. His army record is exceedingly honorable, and is thus recorded in the history of the Tenth Regiment.

"Captain David Getman, Jr., age twenty-six, commissioned from Mayfield, October 17, 1862, with rank from September 17, 1862, mustered in October 30, 1862, wounded by saber-cut of arm and taken prisoner at Brandy Station, Virginia, June 9, 1863; escaped while in transit near Winnsboro, North Carolina, February 14, 1865; arrived in General Sherman's army February 21, 1865; returned to duty June 3, 1865; transferred June 24, 1865, to Company L, First New York, Prov. Cavalry.

"The first and only captain of the initial company of the new battalion was David Getman, Jr. This officer entered the service as Captain of Company I and remained as such to the termination of its service. At the time of the dissolution of the regiment he was transferred as Captain to Company L of the First New York, Prov. Cavalry. No braver knight or more courteous gentleman ever led men to battle. He came of fighting stock, his grandfather, George Getman, being an officer in the American army in the war of 1812. Captain David Getman, Jr., in civil as well as military life has exhibited a dignity of character and a spirit of enterprise that causes his fellow-citizens to mention his name with pride. While in Libby Prison, on the sixth day of July, 1863, his name, with seventy-four other

prisoners of the rank of captain, was placed in a ballot-box, from which two names (Captain Sawyer, of the First New Jersey Cavalry, and Captain Flinn, of the Fifty-first Indiana Infantry) were drawn for execution. President Lincoln (informed of the circumstances by Mrs. Sawyer, who had received a letter from her husband) held General W. H. F. Lee and Captain Winder, hostages for Sawyer and Flinn, and they were subsequently exchanged by special order from the Confederate War Department. Captain Getman, with other officers, was for sixty-four days under fire in the city of Charleston, South Carolina. General Foster had erected batteries on Morris Island and was shelling the city, inflicting serious damage. In order to save it from destruction these officers were placed in this position, and General Foster was notified that he jeopardized his comrades if he continued firing. It failed. However, it had the desired effect, as Foster erected other batteries and increased his fire, which resulted in the Federal officers being removed to Columbia, South Carolina. A man of excellent judgment, Captain Getman so regulated his habits and daily life while a prisoner of war that he emerged from the terrible ordeal with less of the evil effects than most of his associates. He has always manifested a deep interest in the members of the regiment, the feeling partaking of the paternal in regard to those who composed his old company."

After the war he returned to Fulton county, New York, where until 1880 he was engaged chiefly in the purchase and sale of patent rights. He employed at times a score of men and double teams and carried on a very large and profitable business. In 1880 he began operations in real estate and made many of Gloversville's most substantial improvements. The Getman and Choral Union blocks, now known as the Martin & Nailor and Weed & Willoughby department stores, are monuments to the activity during this period of his eventful life. He purchased a farm in Mayfield where he indulged his love for horses and stock to the utmost. He built a track for training purposes and has owned some of the best horses in the county. Recently he purchased the old Judson mansion on Kingsboro Heights, surrounded by two acres of land, where he intends to found the David and Helen Getman Old Ladies' Home. Denied children of his own Mr. Getman had taken unusual interest in young men, two of whom he educated and furnished with clothes during their school years. During his long life he has strictly adhered to principles of sobriety and abstinence from both liquor and tobacco. He is a Republican in politics, and for many years was notary public and was the first elected president of the village of Mayfield. He is a member of Canby Post, Grand Army of the Republic; the Veteran Association; the Cavalry Society of the United States; the Sons of Veterans of Gloversville, and named

their camp David Getman Camp or post in his honor. He was made a Mason nearly half a century ago, while at home on a furlough, receiving from the New York Grand Lodge a special dispensation to receive the three degrees in less than the constitutional time. He is a member of Gloversville Lodge, No. 429. He is a most liberal and generous-hearted man, using his wealth in and for churches, schools, hospitals and other charitable institutions. He is well known and everywhere respected. He married, November 6, 1881, Helen Morris Van Buren, a descendant of President Martin Van Buren.

REYNOLDS

Jonathan Reynolds, descendant of the New England family of that name, married and had a son Job.

(II) Job, son of Jonathan Reynolds, was born in 1778, settled in Washington county, New York, where he cleared a farm and established a home. He married Anna Hanks, born 1784. Children: 1. Porter Hanks, of whom further. 2. Schuyler, married Mabel Hubbard; children: Dudley, Schuyler, Edward, Warren and Frank. 3. Harriet, married Franklin Sheppard.

(III) Porter Hanks, son of Job and Anna (Hanks) Reynolds, was born in Greenwich, Washington county, New York, December 4, 1803. He married, December 12, 1825, Mary Sheldon Remington, born July 25, 1807. Children: 1. Mary, born June 31, 1829, died June 12, 1834. 2. Amander Porter, of whom further. 3. Arthur D., born July 12, 1835; married, March 21, 1855, Martha Dobbins; child, Porter, died young. 4. James Herbert, born September 12, 1837, died January 19, 1897. 5. Merritt L. (twin), born April 15, 1840; married, October 15, 1862, Caroline Simmons; children: Porter H.; Mary S., married Charles Hosmer. 6. Mary Sheldon (twin) married, June 8, 1864, William Tybrant McMaster, born October 15, 1835, died July 4, 1870; children: Porter Robert, Mary Lena and Henry William. 7. William Pitt, born December 7, 1843; married, January 2, 1866, Harriet Preston, who died August, 1908; child: Daughter, married Rev. D. H. Clark-son. 8. Job, born April 30, 1846, died July 29, 1847.

(IV) Amander Porter, son of Porter Hanks and Mary Sheldon (Remington) Reynolds, was born June 6, 1831, died November 22, 1864. He was a farmer, lived and died in the old homestead built by his parents. He married, March 6, 1855, Mary E., daughter of Adley and Harriet (Stanley) Sherman; child, Adley Job, of whom further. Mary E. (Sher-

man) Reynolds was a granddaughter of Adley Sherman, who died December 16, 1821. He was a farmer of Washington county, owning land in the town of Easton, where he lived and died. He married Susanna Huddleston. Children: Martha F., born July 22, 1794; Jonathan, September 30, 1795; Stephen, April 23, 1797; Almira, April 23, 1799; Peleg, August 9, 1801; Medusa, June 16, 1802; Susanna, January 27, 1804; Adley, May 31, 1805; Charlotte, September 9, 1806; Elizabeth, May 10, 1808; Polly Maria, November 10, 1809; Elisha Brownell, October 13, 1812; Minnie, September 13, 1813; Caleb, December 7, 1814; Olive, September 17, 1817. Adley (2) Sherman, son of Adley (1) Sherman, was born in the town of Easton, Washington county, New York, May 31, 1805, married, July 4, 1852, Harriet, daughter of Abiel and Rizpah (Bailley) Stanley, born June 2, 1815, died January 31, 1808. Children: John; Mary E., married Amander Porter Reynolds; Rizpah, married Jerome B. Wright.

(V) Adley Job, son of Amander Porter and Mary E. (Sherman) Reynolds, was born on the old homestead in North Greenwich, Washington county, New York, April 1, 1858. His early education was obtained in the public schools of the town, followed by courses of study at Greenwich high school and Troy Conference Academy at Poughkeepsie, Vermont. He owns and cultivates a fine farm, which is part of the original tract settled by Job Reynolds prior to the year 1800. He is also a director in the First National Bank of Greenwich, and for two terms represented Greenwich on the Washington county board of supervisors. He is prominent in the Masonic order, master of Greenwich Lodge, No. 554, Free and Accepted Masons, and district deputy grand master for the district comprising the counties of Washington, Saratoga and Warren. Politically he is a Republican; a member of the Baptist church.

The Daleys of Ballylin parish,

DALEY Ireland, were one of the old and well-established families of that district. They were conservative members of the Roman Catholic church and occupied a good position in the county.

(I) Michael Daley was born in Ballylin parish, and there received his education and became superintendent of the vast King estate. He married in his native parish, and in 1851, after the death of his wife, came to the United States with his children, the eldest being about eighteen years of age. He settled in Albany, New York, where he died in 1861. During his residence in Albany he lived prac-

tically a retired life, taking an active part in political life as a Democrat, and worshiping with St. Joseph's Roman Catholic congregation, of which he was a member. Children: 1. Michael (2), of whom further. 2. Joseph, married Lena Hodder, and is engaged in cigar manufacturing at Gloversville, New York; no issue. 3. Bridget, never married, died in Albany, New York. 4. Anna, married a Mr. Carroll; both deceased; left issue. 5. Ellen, married Charles Hotaling, of Albany, New York; children: Charles, Joseph, De Los, Anna (deceased), Elizabeth and Matilda. 6. Elizabeth, married Robert Begley, of Albany; she died, leaving Anna and Margaret.

(II) Michael (2), son of Michael (1) Daley, was born in parish Ballylin, Ireland, in 1833, died in Albany, New York, August 19, 1905. He was educated in the parochial schools, and at the age of eighteen years came to the United States with his father, settling in Albany, New York, where he finished his education and learned the trade of mason. After several years' work as a journeyman, he began business on his own account. His rise was rapid, and he became one of the leading building contractors of the city. Among the public buildings he erected is the Pruyn Public Library, The Consolidated Car Heating Plant, St. Margaret Home and The Hudson Valley Railroad Car House. Numerous private buildings were erected under his supervision, and many contracts of a varied nature were successfully completed. He prospered in business and secured a competence through his capable management and untiring energy. In physique he was large and commanding, with a warm, sympathetic nature that endeared him to all. While a member of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church and a faithful communicant, his religion went beyond his creed, and all men were his brethren. In political faith he affiliated with the party that he thought furnished the best candidate. He married (first), in Albany, Mrs. Mary —, who died in middle life, leaving children: 1. Mary, married Michael McGowen, who survives her, a resident of the Far West. 2. Michael, died in youthful manhood. 3. Elizabeth, married Thomas Reidy, who survives her in Albany; children: Joseph and Michael. Michael Daley married (second), in Albany, Marie (Mary B.) Boden, born in Hanover, Germany, daughter of William Frederick and Alma (Struve) Boden, and granddaughter of Frederick Boden, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Hanover. He was a man of deep learning and made frequent visits to the United States. His only daughter, Wilhelmina,

married Charles Henning, a prominent citizen of Saxony, Germany. William Frederick Boden was born in 1832, died 1903. He was a man of great learning and for twenty-seven years occupied the chair of geometry in the College of Hanover. He was a famed educator, ranking with the best-known in his state. In military life he attained equal honor as colonel of the thirty-second regiment, German cavalry. He led his men in the war of 1866 and in the Franco-Prussian war had a most brilliant career, making his regiment conspicuous even in that great army which Germany sent again France. He held communion with the Reformed church of Germany, and was a well-beloved and highly-respected member. He married (first) Alma Struve, also a native of Hanover, where she died, leaving an only child, Mary B. He married (second) Caroline Arnemann. Children: William Frederick (2), George D. and Frederick F. All married and are prominent educators of their native city, Hanover, Germany. William Frederick and his two wives died at and are buried in Hanover. Mary B. Boden, only child of her parents, was at the age of eight years brought to the United States by her grandfather, Frederick Boden, five years after the death of her mother, and placed under the care of an aunt in Albany, New York, by whom she was carefully nurtured and finely educated. She married, January 9, 1890, Michael Daley, whom she survives, a resident of Albany. Child, William B., born in Albany, January 28, 1891, educated in the public school of Ossining, St. John's Seminary for Boys, and now is a student at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, class of 1913. Mrs. Daley and son are members of the Protestant Episcopal church of Albany.

This family name in Holland is Wiltsee, but some branches spell it Wiltsie, as does the family herein recorded.

(1) Philippe Martin Wiltsee, of Fort Orange and Waalhogt, was born in the latter part of the sixteenth century in Holland (probably at Tirlamont), and died in Swaanendael, March, 1632. He was a soldier under Mewrice toward the close of the war between Holland and Spain, and emigrated with his wife, two children and two servants to America on the ship "New Netherlands" in 1632. He was one of those detailed to build Fort Orange. When the Indians forced the first colonists to return to New Amsterdam, he and his family settled at Waal-Bogt. Wishing to visit the colony at Swaanendael, he took with him his sons, Pierre and Hendrick, and was killed

by the Indians in the fort, he at that time being sick. His wife was Sophia Ter Bosch, born in Holland. After the death of her husband she is believed to have returned to Holland with the younger members of the family. Children, first two born in Holland prior to 1621: Tyntje, died 1646; married Adam Roelantsen, the first school teacher in New Amsterdam; Pierre (see Hendrick M.); Machelte; Hendrick M., Martin, Maria.

(II) Hendrick Martensen, son of Phillippe Martin and Sophia (Ter Bosch) Wiltsee, was born in Waal-Bogt, New York. He was on the sea in 1623, coming to America with his parents, but must have been then a young boy. He and his brother Pierre are said to have been taken prisoners by the Indians when the settlement at Swaanendael was destroyed and their father killed, in 1632. They were taken to Quebec in 1633 and given to the Jesuit fathers, who kept them a year under their training. They were then taken to the Huron country, and made their escape in 1640. They spent two years at Esopus trading with the Indians, then went to sea for several years as sailors. Hendrick M. was a freeholder in Newtown, Long Island, in 1655. In 1658 he went from Fort Orange to Quebec with the Mohawk Indians as interpreter. He had a lawsuit in New Amsterdam in 1660. He was commander of a vessel in that year, and wrote a letter to Governor Stuyvesant from the Island of Aruba, Dutch Antilles. He was a soldier in Kingston, New York, between 1660 and 1667, and was erroneously reported killed in 1663. He had a son Hendrick, baptized in New Amsterdam, 1669. He was on the list of inhabitants in Newtown, Long Island, in 1675, and purchased land at Hell Gate in 1681. He was mentioned in the Newtown patent by Governor Dongan in 1686. Up to about 1690 his name is always written Hendrick Martensen, then he began to assume his ancient tribal, or national, name in signing documents and records. On the baptismal record of the old Dutch church in New York City where his granddaughter, Margaretta, was baptized July 6, 1701, his name is signed "Hendrick Martense Wiltsee." He married Margarita Meyerings, daughter of Jan Meyers and Fentje Straitsman, and widow of Herman Jansen Fenette, who lived in the Dutch colony at Fort Maigrette in Brazil, and had four husbands, of whom Jan Meyerings was the first. Children: Sophia, born 1660; Jen-netje, 1663; Barbara, 1665; Marten, 1667; Hendrick, 1669; Myndert, 1672; Theunis, 1674; Jacob, 1676.

(III) Marten, son of Hendrick M. and Margarita Wiltsee, was baptized in Esopus,

New York, April 3, 1667. He married, in Flatbush, Long Island, June 26, 1690, Marretje, daughter of Cornelius Barent Van Wyck and Anna, daughter of Rev. Theodorus Polhemus and Catherine Van Werven. Children baptized: Cornelis, 1691; Hendrick, 1693; Johannes, 1695; Margaret, 1697; Maria, 1702; Catharine, 1704; Anatie, 1706; Sophia, 1709; Martine, 1711.

(IV) Cornelis, son of Marten and Marretje (Van Wyck) Wiltsee, was baptized July 23, 1691, and lived in Flushing and Jamaica, Long Island. He removed to Dutchess county, New York, in 1734. He married, in 1712, Rachel (Ruth), daughter of Jeremiah Smith, of Hempstead, Long Island, who removed from New England to Long Island because not in accord with the teachings of his sect. Children: Elizabeth, baptized 1713; Martyn, 1715; Anna, 1717; Jermyas, 1718; Marja, 1720; Rutie, 1722; Cornelis, 1723; Jacobus, mentioned below; Hendrick, 1726; Johannes, 1728; Jacob, baptized 1732. These children were all born in Jamaica, Long Island.

(V) Jacobus (James) son of Cornelis and Rachel (Ruth) (Smith) Wiltsee, was baptized April 12, 1724. He was a farmer of the town of East Fishkill, Dutchess county. The family were prominent in Peekskill and were largely engaged in the early river transportation business. (Uncles and cousins of James, descendants of Marten, spell their name Wiltse.) James married and had issue, among whom was a son William.

(VI) William, son of Jacobus (James) Wiltse, was born in East Fishkill, Dutchess county, New York, in 1750. He removed to the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, 1795. He purchased a farm in South Bethlehem from Stephen Van Rensselaer, buying possession from Nicholas See, who had previously taken up the land and made some improvements on it. William Wiltse died in 1797, and the property passed into the hands of his children, the youngest son, Ambrose, finally becoming the owner, and at his death, in 1856, it became the property of his eldest son Ambrose (2), who had previously worked it on shares with his brothers. William Wiltse, according to the census of 1790, was in that year a resident of the town of Half Moon, Albany county, coming to Bethlehem from there. He was a soldier of the revolution, serving in the Second Regiment, Dutchess County Militia, commanded by Colonel Abraham Brinkerhoff. (See New York in the Revolution, p. 139.) He married and had issue, the youngest being Ambrose, born in Half Moon, Albany county, the others most likely in Dutchess county.

(VII) Ambrose, youngest son of William Wiltzie, was born in Albany county, New York, June 20, 1787. He was about nine years of age when his father removed to South Bethlehem, where Ambrose died February 15, 1856. He became a substantial farmer and a highly respected citizen of the town. He was an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a liberal supporter. In politics he was a strong Democrat. His entire life, from his ninth year, was spent in the town of Bethlehem. He married Magdalena Miller, born December 25, 1784, in Connecticut. Her parents settled in the town of Coeymans from Dutchess county the same year her husband's father settled in Bethlehem, 1796. She died in September, 1878, aged ninety-four years. She was a daughter of John Miller, born in Alsace, Germany, and during the revolutionary war came to America with General Lafayette and fought for the cause of freedom. After the war he settled in Connecticut, where he married Zabrina Bradford. Later he removed to Dutchess county, then to Coeymans, Albany county, New York, where he died. Children: 1. Hannah, married George Lasher, a farmer of Bethlehem; had issue. 2. Sarah, married George Coonley, a farmer of Bethlehem. 3. Ambrose (2), a farmer of Bethlehem; married (first) Hannah E. Whitbeck; (second) Catharine Kimmey, widow of Frederick Slack. 4. James, a farmer of Coeymans; later engaged in the coal trade in the city of Albany, where he died after his retirement from business. He had a son Ambrose, died a young man, by his first wife, Catharine Coonley; his second wife was Margaret Bender, now of Albany. 5. Dr. David, a graduate of Albany Medical College; practiced his profession for many years in Chicago. Late in life he returned to his boyhood home, where he died at the farm of his brother near South Bethlehem, in town of Bethlehem, Albany county; he married, but had no issue. 6. Hiram, see forward. 7. William, married, and died, leaving sons David, Peter, James, and a daughter, Elizabeth, all of whom married. 8. John, (q. v.).

(VIII) Hiram, son of Ambrose and Magdalena (Miller) Wiltzie, was born April 17, 1822, in Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, and died on his farm in New Scotland, same county, January 8, 1895. He settled on a farm in Feurabush in 1863, and was one of the largest land owners in the town. He was a successful farmer, and bore the best of reputations as a man. He was upright and always reliable, had a scrupulous regard for his word and despised a lie. He was an active and useful member of the Methodist Episcopal

church, and a Republican after the formation of that party. He married, October 13, 1847, Charlotte Ann, daughter of Henry Y. Schoonmaker, born March 26, 1791, died September 1, 1864; she was born in Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, March 10, 1831, who yet survives him, being almost eighty years old. She resides in the town of Bethlehem, and is a well-known and much respected woman. Children: 1. Evaline K., born in Bethlehem, May 3, 1850; married Harman Van Derzee, farmer of New Scotland, whom she survives; child, Harman H., married Rachel Wiltzie, and lives in St. Louis, Missouri. 2. Hester, born March 6, 1852; married Peter Van Nattan, a farmer of Bethlehem; child, George C., married Ivy Albright, and has a daughter Ruth. 3. Martha Alida, born January 22, 1858; married Rev. Andrew Schriver, a minister and presiding elder of the Methodist Episcopal church; now retired at Chester, New York; children: Hiram, married Ruth Edgecomb; Newman; Paul Revere; Charlotte A.; Franklin A. 4. Franklin A., born October 17, 1863; a farmer of Bethlehem; married (first) Adelaide Cole; no issue; (second) Harriet Dimon; child, Marion. 5. Annie B., born September 19, 1866; married Hiram J. Nodine, of Coeymans; she is now of Philadelphia; two children: Charlotte W., and Ambrose James, see forward.

(IX) Ambrose James, son of Hiram and Charlotte Ann (Schoonmaker) Wiltzie, was born on the farm near Feurabush, New Scotland, October 9, 1873. He was educated in the town public schools, Cazenovia Seminary and Albany Business College. He then retired to the farm which he inherited at his father's death. The estate comprises two hundred and forty acres, of which two hundred are under cultivation, and twenty acres in fine fruit orchards, with substantial and roomy homestead, farm and other necessary buildings. These were erected by his father, who left the estate in good condition. Ambrose J. is a modern farmer and maintains his farm in perfect condition, and it is regarded as one of the very best in Albany county. Everything about the farm bespeaks the careful, thrifty man of business who does not depend so much on his muscle for success as he does upon scientific handling of his acres with careful method and system. He is a member of the Reformed church, and a Republican. He married, in New Scotland, February 24, 1897, Elizabeth Loucks, born November 9, 1870, educated at Albany Normal College, prominent in local, church and social circles, and a woman of excellent business capacity. She is a daughter of John Albert and Susan (Slin-

gerland) Loucks. Her father was born July 19, 1841, was a thrifty, prosperous farmer and fruit grower of New Scotland, owning large landed estates, and is now (1910) living retired in the village of New Scotland. He was a son of James Harris Loucks, of Schoharie valley, and his wife Hester, daughter of John Albert Slingerland, and sister of the late William H. Slingerland, of Slingerlands. James Harris Loucks was a son of John, and grandson of Peter, who came from Holland in 1772, and settled at Sharon, New York, then almost a wilderness. His wife was Betsey ———, who bore him six children, David, William, John, Andrew, Sarah, and Mary. John Albert and Susan (Slingerland) Loucks had five children. 1. Elizabeth, married Ambrose J. Wiltsie. 2. Anna, born April 20, 1871, married John V. D. Bradt, a farmer of New Scotland. 3. James Harris (2), born November 13, 1877; a graduate of Albany Law school, class of 1908; now (1910) a practicing attorney of Albany; married Sarah Creble, daughter of Francis and Sarah (Callanan) Creble (see Creble IX); they have a daughter, Frances Elizabeth. 4. Agnes Estelle, born December 13, 1887; a graduate of Albany Girls' Academy; unmarried. 5. John A. (2), born July 23, 1894; at home; in Albany high school.

Susan (Slingerland) Loucks, mother of Mrs. Ambrose J. Wiltsie, is a daughter of Peter, granddaughter of Maus, and great-granddaughter of Peter Slingerland, a descendant of Teunis Cornelis and Engeltie Albertse (Bradt) Slingerland, of Holland, who emigrated to America from Amsterdam in 1650.

Montgomery county, New York, has always had a great attraction for the German people, and perhaps from no particular section of Germany have more families settled there than from Westphalia. They have always proved desirable citizens, and have added materially to the wealth of the country.

(1) Martin Seeger, with whom this family record begins, was born in Greifenburg, Westphalia, Germany (then Prussia), in 1803. His parents also lived and died in that town. Martin was in the employ of a wealthy resident of the town for many years previous to the date of his death in 1855. He married Marie Dorn, born in the same province; she survived her husband, and at the request of her children joined them in the United States, where she died in Amsterdam, New York, at the home of her daughter Hannah, at the age of ninety-two. Both Martin and Marie (Dorn) Seeger

were members of the German Lutheran church. They were the parents of eleven children, who grew to maturity, five of these came to the United States, and will be named: 1. Ernest, settled in Iowa in 1870, and died at the age of forty-five, unmarried. 2. Herman, served in the German army four years, including the period of the Franco-German war; he came to the United States in 1872, and settled in Amsterdam, New York; he married Minnie Gisen, deceased, and had issue; he is now (1909) a resident of Racine, Wisconsin. 3. Fred Augustus, see forward. 4. Minnie, came to the United States in 1867; settled in Iowa, where she married Herman Jarlin, a wealthy land owner and farmer; they reared a family of five. 5. Hannah, married in Germany, Henry Juetes; they settled in Amsterdam, New York, where he died in 1899 and she in 1898, leaving children: Augustus William, Charles, Henry, Fred, Hannah, Minnie and Bertha Juetes.

(II) Fred Augustus, son of Martin and Marie (Dorn) Seeger, was born in Greifenburg, Westphalia, Germany, April 22, 1846. He grew up in his native village, and when nineteen enlisted in the public civil service and served for three and one-half years. The war with France broke out shortly after his discharge from the service, and he at once enlisted in the service of the fatherland. He joined the ranks of the cavalry, Plummer regiment No. 2 Passawalk, and saw hard service, as that regiment was in many engagements. He was in the ranks something over a year and escaped without a scratch, laying down his iron shield and hood at the close of the war, he says "with regret," as he liked the life of a soldier. He received an honorable discharge, and in 1872 with his brother Herman took passage from Bremen for New York, where they arrived April 7, 1872. He soon came to Amsterdam, where he worked for the farmers until his marriage, when he leased land and farmed on his own account. In 1884 he purchased a good farm of one hundred and twenty acres near Hagaman, town of Amsterdam, upon which he settled and remained until 1906, when he sold the farm to his son and retired from active life. He married, in Hagaman, January 21, 1874, Caroline Borwhat, born in Germany, in the province of Westphalia, near the village of Greifenburg, September 30, 1856, died in Amsterdam, November 30, 1902, daughter of Charles Borwhat, with whom she emigrated to the United States in 1871. The family settled in Amsterdam, where Mr. and Mrs. Borwhat died at advanced ages. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Seeger were members of the Ger-

man Lutheran church. Children: 1. Edward F., born October 18, 1877; married Edith Kasdorf; children: Leon C. and Marian A.; he is a carpenter and builder of Rockton, a suburb of Amsterdam. 2. Charles F., born July 9, 1879; purchased the homestead in 1906 and now operates it; married Elizabeth Rogers, of Amsterdam. 3. William S., born April 11, 1881; married Annie Pagel; children: Elvie and Amelia; he is a dairyman of the town. 4. John, born April 16, 1885; married Emily Sterne; he is a dairyman of Amsterdam. 5. Anna M., born October 7, 1900; she is the particular attendant of her aged father, for whom she cares with devoted interest.

MAISONNEUVE

This family was founded in the United States by William Maisonneuve, of Canada, grandson of a prominent mason and builder of Terbonne, Canada, who was the builder of many of the stone churches found in that country and section.

(I) Antoine Maisonneuve was born at St. Jerome, Province of Quebec, Canada, in 1811, died at St. Phillippi, Canada, October 25, 1894. He learned the trade of his father and became a contractor himself. He always remained in Canada, where he married Angelica Constantineau, born in Canada, who survives her husband, a resident of Ottawa, Canada. Children: 1. William, see forward. 2. ———, born 1857; a stone mason of Brownburg, Canada. 3. Mary Louise, born in Ottawa, Canada; married John Patrie. 4. Annie, married ——— Le Blanc; resides in Michigan. 5. Matilda, married Leon De Lorne, of a wealthy and prominent family of Canada; resides in Ottawa.

(II) William, son of Antoine and Angelica (Constantineau) Maisonneuve, was born in Ottawa, Canada, January 28, 1855. He was educated at St. Joseph's College of that city, graduating in 1868, and in 1872 settled in the United States at Marquette, Michigan, going from thence to Woonsocket, Rhode Island, where he remained two years. In 1876 he settled in Cohoes, New York, remaining but a short time. After two years spent in Montana he returned to Cohoes. In 1880 he was appointed to the police force, where he continued six years. In 1886 he resigned and established himself in the business he has since so successfully conducted. He deals in smoked meats, prepared by the Swift Company of Chicago, and has an extensive trade in Cohoes and surrounding towns. He is independent in politics, supporting the National Republican candidates, but in local affairs follows his preferences, acting usually with the

Democratic party. He served one term as school commissioner, elected in 1899. He is a member of Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Church, and is an active and influential member of the Society of St. Jean Baptiste, a national benevolent, charitable and social organization, organized in 1871, maintaining reading rooms and libraries and providing for the social and spiritual uplift of its members. He was corresponding secretary of the Cohoes branch, in 1882-87-88; president in 1895, and again in 1899.

He married (first), May, 1876, Octavia Giroux, born in Canada, died March 15, 1893, in Cohoes, daughter of Louis and Octavia Maguin, of Canada. Children, nine in number, six of whom died in infancy: 1. Joseph Israel, born June 17, 1884, in Cohoes; resides in Albany, where he is connected with the New York Central Railroad Company. 2. Victor, born in Cohoes, June 13, 1885, resides in Cohoes, where he is an employee of the Page Rolling Mill Company; married Elizabeth McNamara and has a daughter Mildred. 3. George William, born in Cohoes, July 31, 1890; resides in Albany; in the employ of the New York Central Railroad Company. He married (second), March 27, 1894, Mary Esther Ruboi, born at Rouse's Point, New York, daughter of Joseph Ruboi, born at Three Rivers, Canada, in 1847, now (1910) a carpenter and builder of Cohoes, and his wife, Esther (Chevalier) Ruboi, born in Rouse's Point, New York.

DUFEL

Among the numerous families that have settled in Montgomery county, New York, from the kingdom of Westphalia, empire of Germany, are the Dufels of Mohawk, whose ancestry dates back over three centuries. Henry Dufel, grandfather of Henry Dufel, of Mohawk, was born in the village of Hille, Christ Minden, Westphalia. He came from an ancient family of agriculturists, and was born in a stone house built by an ancestor in 1667. He met his death at the age of fifty trying to protect some children from the attack of a mad dog. He was himself bitten and died of hydrophobia. He literally died to save others. His wife, whose name was Whitemeyer, bore him two children: 1. Henry Augustus, mentioned below. 2. Frederick, grew to youthful manhood in his native town, then came to the United States, lived for a time in New York City, then settled permanently in Dalton, Massachusetts, where he was engaged with the Crane Paper Manufacturing Company for several years until his accidental death. He married Mary Schmidt, now deceased, who

bore him John, William, Carrie and Louise, all prosperous residents of Massachusetts, and all married except the eldest daughter, Carrie.

(II) Henry Augustus, eldest son of Henry Dufel, was born in Hille, Christ Minden, Westphalia, in 1820, died in 1897, on the old homestead so long the home of his fathers. Like the former generation, he was a faithful member of the Lutheran church. He married Mary Whittemeyer, who died at the age of seventy-two, surviving her husband three years, their term of years on earth being the same. Children, all born in Christ Minden, Westphalia: 1. Christopher, now a prosperous and wealthy resident of Black Hawk county, Ohio; married Minnie Droudhous, and has Christopher (2), Henry, Fred, Sophia, Carrie and a twin to Fred, died in infancy. 2. Louise, deceased; married Charles Book, a farmer near Schenectady, New York, and left children: John, Emma, William, Ella and Louise Book. 3. Mary, married Augustus Schube, a retired resident of Amsterdam, New York, and has a daughter, Carrie, who married Fred Friday, a restaurateur of Amsterdam, and has two children. 4. Henry, mentioned below. 5. Fred, born October 23, 1860, was a farmer of the ancestral acres; in March, 1881, he sailed for the United States from Bremen on the steamship "Zalea," landing in New York City; he proceeded to Albany and later to Amsterdam, New York, where for six years he was a broom maker, then a farmer, owning a substantial farm near Amsterdam, which he conducts as a market garden, since being seriously injured by an accident to his harvesting machinery. He married Carrie Turner, born in Christ Minden, February 3, 1864; she came to the United States the same year as her husband, and was subsequently married in Amsterdam. Her father, Christopher Turner, is living in Westphalia; her mother is deceased. Children: i. Ella, born August 5, 1887, married Floyd Mosier, and has a daughter Catherine; ii. William Fred, born October 16, 1889; iii. Minnie, born July 8, 1891; iv. Carrie, born January 5, 1893; v. Albert, born March 16, 1896.

(III) Henry, fourth child of Henry Augustus and Mary (Whittemeyer) Dufel, was born in Christ Minden, Westphalia, on the old homestead, February 6, 1858. At the age of sixteen he sailed for the United States on the steamship "Vazel," arriving in New York City, March 30, 1874. He was for a time resident of Schenectady, later settled in Amsterdam, where for several years he was a broom maker. He then began farming as a tenant farmer, later in 1887 purchased his present farm of two hundred and thirty-five

acres located in the town of Mohawk, Montgomery county, where he is now successfully engaged in general and dairy farming. He married, in Florida, Montgomery county, Minnie Cruzer, born in Christ Minden, December 1, 1857, came to the United States on the same vessel with her husband and became his wife after settling in Montgomery county. She is a devoted wife and mother, of great energy and determination. Children, all unmarried and all residing at home: Fred, born July 11, 1881; Charles, September 14, 1882; Henry, September 14, 1885; Louise, December 30, 1887; William, November 25, 1889; Louis, July 30, 1892; Arthur, January 9, 1894. The family are attendants of the Lutheran church.

The McCalls of Fulton county descend from Scotch ancestors.

The American ancestor was Andrew McCall, born in Scotland. He came to the United States, and settled in New York state. He married and had issue.

(II) Andrew (2), son of Andrew (1) McCall, the founder, was a manufacturer of tobacco, with a factory in Gloversville. He married Mary Husted; children: 1. Ida M., married Edwin Potter; children: Nathan and Ruth. 2. Lawrence, married Nettie Hallenbeck; children: i. Alice, married Edward Braun and had Albert; ii. Laura, married James Friend; iii. George; iv. Charles. 3. Alberta, married Harmon Jansen; child, Lucille. 4. Nettie, married Henry Jansen; child, Marion. 5. Harry, of whom further. 6. Eleanor, married Arthur Foote; child, Helen.

(III) Harry, son of Andrew (2) and Mary (Husted) McCall, was born in Newark, New Jersey, October 25, 1869. He was educated in the public schools. When a young man he became associated with his father in the tobacco business and manufacture of cigars, and later succeeded his father in the business. He is a successful business man and has one of the principal factories of the district. He has always been actively interested in county politics and in 1908 was the successful candidate of the Republican party for the office of sheriff of Fulton county, an office he held until January 1, 1911. He was an efficient and popular official, fulfilling his often disagreeable duties with tact and courtesy. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and of Arietta Tribe, Improved Order of Red Men. He married Catherine Pepper Robinson, born November 20, 1872, daughter of William Semon Robinson, of Amsterdam, New York, born April 4, 1845, married Margaret Hartnett, of Albany, born August 8, 1848, who bore

him seven children: 1. Catherine, married Harry McCall. 2. Nettie O., married Albert Vanderpool. 3. William Semon (2). 4. Harry H. 5. Margaret, married Robert I. Hillock; child, Roberta Winona. 6. Roscoe C. 7. W. Eugene. William S. Robinson was a son of Isaac G. and Catherine (Peffer) Robinson. Margaret (Hartnett) Robinson was a daughter of Michael and Nellie (Roach) Hartnett. They had three children: Michael David, Daniel, John and Margaret. Catherine Peffer (Robinson) McCall is an active and prominent member of the Degree of Pocahontas. She is a member of Gloversville Council, No. 72, which she joined in 1895. She passed all the chairs in her local council, and in 1907 was elected Great Minnehaha of the state of New York. She was advanced each year through the chairs of the Great Council until June 15, 1910, when she was elected Great Pocahontas of the state of New York, which comprises one hundred and twenty-eight subordinate councils.

The Crandalls of Rhode Isl-
CRANDELL and are of Welsh descent, the name in that language being Craum Dell, meaning, Iron Dell. The name is spelled both Crandall and Crandell, the branch settling in Ghent, Columbia county, New York, using the latter form. Several of the name arrived at Boston, Massachusetts, as early as 1634. The ancestor of the New York branch, Rev. John Crandall, appears in Massachusetts records in 1635. At that time the persecution of Roger Williams was causing great excitement in the colonies, many being opposed to the extreme measures of the Puritans. In the autumn of 1635 the church at Salem dismissed him from their pulpit and he was ordered to leave the colony in six weeks. In the winter of 1636 the authorities at Boston ordered his arrest, but he learned their plans and fled into the wilderness, reaching Narragansett Bay in the spring. He was treated kindly by the Sachems of Narragansett Indians, from whom he obtained large grants of land and founded the city of Providence. Rev. John Crandall was also persecuted for his religious opinions, and after his imprisonment in Boston sought safety in Providence; soon after was of Newport where he was associated with the early Baptists, later still was of Westerly, Rhode Island, where he was the first elder of the Baptist church. He was prominent in the latter town, which he represented as deputy. He died at Newport, Rhode Island, 1678, having removed there on account of the Indian war. He had two wives, the first died August 1,

1670. His second wife, Hannah, died 1678. By the first wife he had children: John, James, Jane, Sarah, Peter, Joseph, Samuel. By second wife, Jeremiah and Eber.

(II) Joseph, sixth child of Rev. John Crandall, was born before 1663, died September 12, 1737. He lived in Westerly and Newport, Rhode Island. He was called to the pastorate of the Seventh Day Baptist church in 1715. He married Deborah, daughter of Robert and Ruth (Hubbard) Burdick. Children: John, Joseph and Deborah.

(III) Joseph (2), son of Joseph (1) and Deborah (Burdick) Crandall, was born at Westerly, Rhode Island. He married there, February 15, 1716, Ann Langworthy. Children: Joseph (3), James, William, Simon, Joshua, Ezekiel, Ann, Benjamin.

(IV) James, second son of Joseph (2) and Ann (Langworthy) Crandall, was born in Westerly, Rhode Island, May 12, 1719. He married (first) Damaris Kenyon; (second) Mrs. Elizabeth Sanders.

(V) James (2), son of James (1) and Elizabeth (Sanders) Crandall, was born in Westerly, Rhode Island, in 1783. He settled with Samuel Crandell in the town of Ghent, Columbia county, New York. Their names are entered there as Crandell, a form maintained by the descendants of James. James Crandell married and had issue.

(VI) Solomon, son of James (2) Crandell, was born in Ghent, Columbia county, New York, in 1806. He was educated in the public schools, and remained on the home farm in Ghent until he was eighteen years of age. He was a hard student and secured a good education. At eighteen he began teaching in the public schools during the winter months, returning to the farm for the summer work. This he continued for several years, then removed to Kinderhook, where he was clerk in a general store for two years. He removed to Chatham, Columbia county, New York, in 1829, where he purchased the homestead now occupied by his son Homer. He was one of the early settlers of Chatham, where he built and conducted one of the first general stores in 1827, continuing in mercantile life until his death at the age of seventy-three years. He was a most useful and exemplary citizen, supporting liberally the institutions of his town with his means and personal effort. He was elected justice of the peace in 1833-36. He was a member of the Friends church, and a Democrat in politics. He married, December 20, 1832, Mary Eliza Wheeler of Coxsackie, Greene county, New York, daughter of William and Martha (Thorne) Wheeler, who came from England

to Concord, Massachusetts, about 1640. Mary E. Wheeler, born May 8, 1809, was the fifth child of a family of ten children. Her brother Joseph, ninth child, was the father of Dr. John Thorn Wheeler, "the beloved physician of Chatham, New York." Children: Homer, of further mention; Frank, a resident of Detroit, Michigan, since 1885; married Mary P. Raymond of that city, and has a daughter Florence, wife of Captain Frank Lacey, graduate of West Point, and captain in regular army, son of Lieutenant-Colonel Frank E. Lacey.

(VII) Homer, eldest son of Solomon and Mary Eliza (Wheeler) Crandell, was born June 20, 1836. He was educated in the public and private schools of Chatham, finishing his studies at Albany Boys' Academy. He was associated with his father in the Chatham store, and after his death succeeded to the business which he successfully and profitably conducted for many years until his retirement from business. He is a Republican in politics and for several years has held the office of justice of the peace. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married Mary, daughter of Ezra and Ann (Knapp) Hawley, she died December 31, 1910; was a member of Reformed church. Children: 1. May, married John H. Page, now owner and proprietor of the business established by Solomon Crandell and continued by his son, Homer Crandell, until 1891. 2. Fred H., married Adaline McManus, and resides in New York City; children: Mary, Adaline, Richard, and Homer. 3. Walter S., married Bess Bain, of Kinderhook, New York, and resides in New York City.

GARDNER

The Gardner family of Columbia county, New York, trace to James D. Gardner, along paternal and to James I. Gardner on maternal lines. James D. Gardner was born in 1760, died at Livingston, Columbia county, New York, December 11, 1831. He was a farmer. He married Gertrude Hyser, born August 17, 1770, died February 10, 1863.

(II) Frederick David, son of James D. and Gertrude (Hyser) Gardner, was born at Livingston, Columbia county, New York, August 21, 1801, died August 31, 1883. He was a farmer of Greenport, Columbia county, New York. He married, December 6, 1825, Caroline Kipp, born March 17, 1801, died September 17, 1887, daughter of Peter James Kipp, who died March 8, 1856, aged eighty-one years, and Sarah Coffin, died April 4, 1866, aged ninety-five years. Children of Frederick David and Caroline (Kipp) Gard-

ner: 1. Ann Eliza, born October 12, 1827, died August 26, 1910; married, June 8, 1847, Philip H. Lambert, born January 22, 1828, died May 25, 1896; children: i. Emma, born November 22, 1849, married, September 23, 1875, Thomas A. Patrie; children: Grace, born December 8, 1876; Clara E., born July 2, 1882, married William J. Parker. ii. Fraleigh G., born October 15, 1859, married, July 5, 1875, Henrietta Van Duesen; children: Edith, born July 9, 1876, married, December 12, 1894, Horton Gardner, born March 2, 1871, son of Peter and Caroline (Post) Gardner; children: Earl Peter, born March 1, 1905, Alma C., February 26, 1909. Philip, born December 25, 1881, married Eliza Van Duesen, October 12, 1904; child, Henrietta, born November 19, 1909. 2. Peter James, of further mention. 3. Milton H., born January 1, 1834, died September 22, 1900; married, June 2, 1863, Helen Wise, born 1841, died 1905; child, Frederick D., born May 28, 1865, died June 14, 1885; married Minnie Hallenbeck; children: Andrew Milton, born July 10, 1883, married, October 15, 1902, Gertrude Augusta Peister; children: Clarence Milton, born December 6, 1906; Stewart David, born July 11, 1909. Andrew Milton Gardner is living on the old homestead.

(III) Peter James, son of Frederick David and Caroline (Kipp) Gardner, was born December 11, 1829, at Greenport, Columbia county, New York, died at Hudson, New York, February 7, 1906. He removed from Greenport at the age of twenty-one years and settled at Claverack, where he followed the business of a farmer until 1876, when he retired from active life. He settled in Hudson where he lived a quiet retired life until his death. He was a Republican in politics, and attended the Dutch Reformed church. He married at Livingston, New York, Elizabeth Christina (a kinswoman), daughter of Robert and Christina (Rorabach) Gardner, who survives him and resides with her daughter, Alma C. (Gardner) Ten Broeck. Alma C. married Everts Ten Broeck, born May 5, 1853, son of William Henry and Mary Jane (Everts) Ten Broeck. He is a director of the Farmers' National Bank of Hudson and interested in other business enterprises. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church. Caroline Gardner Ten Broeck, only child of Everts and Alma C. (Gardner) Ten Broeck, was born September 20, 1879, and died February 21, 1880.

Robert Gardner was the son of James I. Gardner, who was born May 1, 1768, at Claverack, New York, died June 24, 1842. He married, June 27, 1793, Elizabeth Harder,



Wm. J. Gardner

born February 12, 1769, died August 15, 1834, daughter of John, born October 20, 1740, and Magdalena Harder. Robert Gardner was born in Livingston, Columbia county, New York, December 3, 1807, died there February 13, 1872. He married, September 19, 1827, Christina Rorabach, born October 8, 1804, at Livingston, where she died February 8, 1885, daughter of Peter Rorabach, born 1778, died May 15, 1847, married Catherine, daughter of Frederick (died April 30, 1814, aged sixty-six years) and Christina (Silvernail) Flint (died aged eighty-nine years). Children of Robert and Christina Gardner: 1. Elizabeth Christina, aforementioned. 2. Catherine, born May 23, 1832. 3. Peter, born August 19, 1835, died February 9, 1903; married, November 12, 1860, Caroline Post, has a son, Horton Gardner, a farmer of Livingston, New York, who married Edith, daughter of Fraleigh Lambert, and has Earl Peter and Alma C. 4. Robert R., born February 27, 1839, died May 30, 1897; served in the civil war, sergeant in the One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, served during the war; married, December 5, 1866, Sarah Kipp; children: i. Louise, married William E. Vanderbilt, missionary to Mexico; ii. Carroll Kipp, born 1873. 5. James R., twin of Robert R., married, October 4, 1866, Anna Lapham.

LASELL

The earliest record of the Lasell family is of John Lzell, who married Jane Gates, and settled at Hingham, Massachusetts, in 1686. The name is also spelled Lasalle and Lassell and originally was undoubtedly La Salle.

The Troy branch of the family was founded by Samuel Hubbard Lasell, son of James Lasell, of Providence, Rhode Island, and Phoebe (Hall) Lasell, of North Bennington, Vermont. Samuel H. Lasell married Emma Quackenbush, of Troy, New York, and they are the parents of a son, Edwin Quackenbush, see forward. The Quackenbush family is descended from

(I) Pieter Quackenbos, of Holland, who settled in Albany, New York, in 1668. He married Adryana Van Ilpendam.

(II) Adrian Quackenbush, son of Pieter and Adryana (Van Ilpendam) Quackenbos, married Catherine Van Schaick.

(III) Sybrandt, son of Adrian and Catherine (Van Schaick) Quackenbush, married Elizabeth Knickerbocker.

(IV) Harman, son of Sybrandt and Elizabeth (Knickerbocker) Quackenbush, married Judith Morall.

(V) Sybrandt (2), son of Harman and Ju-

dith (Morall) Quackenbush, married Elizabeth Van Schaick.

(VI) Gerrit Van Schaick, son of Sybrandt (2) and Elizabeth (Van Schaick) Quackenbush, married Hannah Abigail Bayeux. He founded the dry goods business of G. V. S. Quackenbush, which after his death was conducted by Samuel Hubbard Lasell and has now passed into the hands of his son, Edwin Quackenbush Lasell.

Edwin Quackenbush Lasell, son of Samuel Hubbard and Emma (Quackenbush) Lasell, a resident of Troy, New York, married, 1890, Edna Long Maynard, of Washington, D. C., daughter of Edward and Caroline Ellen (Long) Maynard, the latter of whom was of Savannah, Georgia. Mr. and Mrs. Lasell have one child, Dorothy Maynard Lasell, born in Troy, New York.

Edward Maynard, father of Mrs. Lasell, was born at Madison, New York, 1813, died at Washington, D. C., 1891. He was the inventor of the Maynard rifle which was used by the United States government at the time of the civil war, and was also adopted by Germany and Sweden. He was descended from John and Mary (Gates) Maynard, of Sudbury; David and Hannah (Wait) Maynard; Jesse and Phoebe (Fiske) Maynard; Lemuel and Sarah (Wright) Maynard, and Moses and Chloe (Butler) Maynard.

WEMPLE

The families of Wemple and Wemp descend from Jan Barentse Wemp, who was born in Dort, Holland, in 1620, came to America, 1640, arrived in Beverwyck in 1643-45. He appears in several land transfers, including a "bouwery" on the Poestenkill, and in 1662 a patent for the Great Island lying west of Schenectady, and a house lot in the village. He married Maritia Mynderste, who survived him, and married (second) Sweer Teunise Van Velsen, the village miller, with whom she perished in the massacre of February 9, 1690. Children of Jan Barentse Wemp: Myndert, born 1649; Grietje, 1651; Anna, 1653, married Sander Glen; Barent, 1655; Johannes; Aeltje, married Jan Cornelise Van Derheyden.

(II) Myndert Wemple, eldest son of Jan Barentse and Maritia (Mynderste) Wemp, was born in 1649. He was appointed justice of the peace by Leisler in 1689 and was killed in the massacre of 1690, where his mother was killed, and also his son Johannes was carried away captive but later redeemed. He married Diewe, daughter of Evert Janse Wendel. Children: Johannes, Susanna, married Johannes Simonse Veeder.

(III) Johannes, only son of Myndert and Diewe (Wendel) Wemple, died in Schenectady, October 14, 1749. He was one of the trustees of the Schenectady patent. In 1711 was "of the Mohawk's country on the Mohawk River," owned land on the south side of the river, in the present town of Rotterdam; he made his will March 5, 1748. He married (first), June 15, 1700. Cataline, daughter of Ryer Schermerhorn; (second) Ariantje, daughter of Isaac Swits. He had twelve children, of whom Isaac was the seventh.

(IV) Isaac, son of Johannes and Ariantje (Swits) Wemple, was born August 28, 1715. He married Elisabeth Newkirk and had issue.

(V) Johannes (2), son of Isaac and Elisabeth (Newkirk) Wemple, was born about 1750. He married Maria, daughter of Isaac Swits, and had nine children.

(VI) Isaac (2), son of Johannes (2) and Maria (Swits) Wemple, was born in Rotterdam, Schenectady county, New York, September 8, 1777, died September 7, 1855. He was a farmer, justice of the peace and of considerable influence locally. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed church and a Democrat. He married Margaret Brott, born December 4, 1779, in Princetown, died at the age of seventy years. The Brott block-house was built on her father's farm in Princetown. Children: Fulda, married Edward Van Der Poel; Caroline, died unmarried; Eliza, married John Kaley; Aaron, of whom further; Henry, married Sally Ann Swits and settled in Owego, New York, left Annie and Swits; Edwin, now of Quaker street, Albany county, New York, on October 20, 1910, celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday; married Eveline Wilbur, no issue.

(VII) Aaron, son of Isaac (2) and Margaret (Brott) Wemple, was born in Rotterdam, Schenectady county, New York, August 15, 1804. He grew up on the home farm and followed agriculture all his life. He married Agnes Van Der Poel, of Princetown, died December 11, 1885, daughter of James Van Der Poel, a soldier of the revolution. Children of Aaron and Agnes Wemple: Isaac, died in childhood; Isaac (2), of whom further; James, born January 23, 1835, joined the army of western adventurers and died in California in 1874; Margaret, July 10, 1837, now a resident of Syracuse, New York; Catherine, July 15, 1846, died July 30, 1876, leaving a son James.

(VIII) Isaac (3), son of Aaron and Agnes (Van Der Poel) Wemple, was born on the Wemple homestead in Rotterdam, Schenectady county, New York, October 20, 1833.

He was educated in the public schools; grew up to the occupation of a farmer; purchased in 1878 one hundred acres of the old Pangborn estate in Rotterdam upon which he still resides. He has always been active in town affairs, and for fourteen years held public office, part of that time being supervisor. He is a Democrat in politics, and a man highly regarded by his neighbors. He married, in Rotterdam, Eliza Pangborn, born on the Pangborn homestead (part of which is now her home) in 1844, daughter of Abraham and Eliza (Vollick) Pangborn, both of Rotterdam, where they died on the homestead, both being over eighty years of age. Abraham was the son of John Pangborn, who located the homestead prior to the revolutionary war. He accumulated a large estate which he divided into two farms, giving one to his son James, the other to son Abraham. Children of Isaac and Eliza Wemple: Alonzo, died at the age of five years; Charles, died at the age of fifteen years; Ira, died at the age of five years; Frederick, died at the age of twenty-two years, married Lillian Lightfoot, who married a second husband; James, married ——— Welty, resides with his father and has a child, Blanche; Addie, married Alexander Blessing, a lawyer of Schenectady; children: Harold and Agnes; May, married Emmett Blessing, of Schenectady.

(V) James, son of Johannes (John C.) (q. v.) and Anna Maria (Mordecai) LaGrange, was born on the south side of Norman's Kill, LaGrange homestead, Albany county, New York, in 1784, died at McGowan's, town of Guilderland, 1826. His death was caused by poisoning from eating cherry pies. He was a hotel man and a farmer, owning two farms in Guilderland. He maintained a house of entertainment in McGowan'sville, but at the time of his death kept an inn on the Hugh Kelly property on the western turnpike. He married Hester Vanderzee, born in New Scotland, 1785, surviving her husband's death several years. They had a large family. 1. Hester, married Colonel Daniel Davis, of Canadian birth; they resided on the homestead farm on the south side of Norman's Kill, now known as the Jacobson farm. 2. Eve, married Stephen Thorn, who was associated with the old-time circus firm of Thorn & Spalding, whom he accompanied on their fatal South American trip when all were lost at sea. 3. Magdalene, married Christopher Batterman, one-time sheriff of Albany county, later settled in Pesotum, Illinois, where Magdalene died;

he survived her until extreme old age, when he was killed by the cars. 4. Myndert, see forward.

(VI) Myndert, youngest child of James and Hester (Vanderzee) LaGrange, was born near Guilderland Center, Albany county, New York, November 17, 1815, died in Albany, New York, December 28, 1892, at the home of his daughter. He was a lifelong farmer of the county, retiring to Albany only when his active days were over. He was a man of industrious, steady habits and highly respected in his community. He was captain of the local military company for several years and a member and elder of the Dutch Reformed church. He was first a Whig and later a Republican. He married, in Guilderland, Julia Ann, born in Guilderland, 1821, died on the farm in 1902, daughter of Andrew and Angelica (Bloomingdale) LaGrange, and granddaughter of Peter LaGrange. The Bloomingdales were also an old county family. Myndert and Julia Ann LaGrange had twelve children who reached maturity. 1. James, settled and married at Pesotum, Illinois. 2. Andrew, of Guilderland Center, married and has Williard and Ella, both married. 3. Eleanor, married Joseph Schwartz, of Albany, whom she survives, in that city, with children. 4. Myndert (2), farmer on the old homestead, married, and has a family. 5. Vanderzee, of further mention. 6. Julia F., married William Bradt, whom she survives, a resident of Voorheesville, has three sons and one daughter. 7. Norman, died in youth. 8. Hester, married Rev. John M. Forbis, a Presbyterian minister of Lincoln, Illinois, has daughter Jessie, married Edward Wiley. 9. Angelica, married Cyrus Crounse, of Voorheesville, and has issue. 10. Ada J., married Alfred Frederick, a farmer of Meadowdale; has two sons and two daughters. 11. Magdalene, married Aaron Merritt, of Voorheesville, has no issue. 12. Harlan Morse, met with a serious accident in youth that resulted in a derangement of mind; he is kept in the asylum at Poughkeepsie. 13. Clinton, married and died without issue. 14. Mary, killed in childhood by a runaway team.

(VII) Vanderzee, fifth child and fourth son of Myndert and Julia Ann (LaGrange) LaGrange, was born on the LaGrange farm near Guilderland Center, Albany county, New York, September 8, 1845. He was reared on the farm and educated in the public schools, later attending Albany Business College. He remained with his parents until his purchase in 1889 of his present farm of one hundred and two acres, near the village of Unionville. He has a well-cultivated, fertile farm, well

stocked with choice grades of cattle and horses. A feature of the farm is twenty acres of fine fruit orchards in full bearing. He has been for sixteen years justice of the peace for the town of New Scotland, and is man of influence in his community. He is Republican in politics and a member and elder of the Dutch Reformed church. He married, in New Scotland, Agnes M. Slingerland, born in that town in 1844, reared and educated there. She is the daughter of James and Hester (Slingerland) Slingerland, and maternal granddaughter of Albert and Agnes (Vanderzee) Slingerland. James and Hester are descendants of Tunise Cornelise Slingerland, founder of the family in America. James and Hester Slingerland, after their marriage in New Scotland, settled on a farm on Ouesquehan Creek in the same town, where they lived until old age and died. They were devoted church workers, and well known for their charitable Christian lives. Children of Vanderzee and Agnes M. LaGrange: 1. James S., born in New Scotland, December 27, 1872, educated in the public schools and Albany Business College, married Mary A. Oliver, of Bethlehem, born December 7, 1876, daughter of Andrew V. D. H. and Salina (Solway) Oliver; child, James Earle, born May 23, 1903. 2. Hester E., born October 13, 1874, educated at Albany Female Academy; she died March 8, 1900, when budding into useful, promising womanhood. 3. Anna Katherine, born September 15, 1886, educated in the Albany Girls Academy, resides at home. Parents and children are all members of the Dutch Reformed church at Unionville.

The first of the family of SHAYER whom we have information is Bartholomew Shaver, from Holland, a farmer and early settler of what is now Fulton county, New York. He was a soldier of the revolution, serving in the Second Regiment, Tryon county militia, Colonel Jacob Klock ("New York in the Revolution"). He evidently died prior to 1790, as the first census taken that year does not contain his name. He married and has numerous descendants yet settled in the Mohawk Valley and in Northern New York.

born in the town of Ephratah, Fulton county, New York, in 1778, died there March 23, 1800, after an active, well-spent life. He followed the occupation of a farmer with much success and was one of the substantial men of the town. He was a consistent member of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Whig in

politics. During the war of 1812-14 he served with the rank of major, and was engaged at Sacketts Harbor, where he received a wound. He married, in his native county, February 21, 1802, Catherine Empie, born in Fulton county, where she died March 30, 1869, aged eighty-five years three months twenty-two days. She was a member of the pioneer family of that name who have figured so prominently in the history of Fulton county. She was a member of the church, worshipping with her husband's congregation. Children: 1. Daniel, born April 17, 1803, died May 8, 1841; married, May 15, 1825, Mary Best. 2. Benjamin (see forward). 3. Nancy, born January 5, 1808, died April 8, 1828; married, October, 1826, William Claus. 4. Mary, born July 10, 1809, died young. 5. Aaron, born September 21, 1814, died July 25, 1856; married, November 5, 1836, Mary Flanders. 6. Catherine (Cady), born February 6, 1818; married, October 31, 1839, David Saltsman.

(III) Benjamin, son of John and Catherine (Empie) Shaver, was born in Ephratah, New York, October 5, 1805, died February 19, 1879, aged seventy-three years four months fourteen days. He was reared a farmer, which occupation he successfully followed throughout the active years of his life. He was a man of prominence in his community, where he was highly respected. His religious connection was with the Dutch Reformed church; his political faith, Whig and Republican. He was a public-spirited man, and interested in all that pertained to the welfare of his town and county. He married, in his native county, June 26, 1831, Nancy Klock, born in the town of Palatine, New York, June 11, 1813, died March 27, 1881. She was a member of the old historical family of Klock who made settlement in Fulton county in pioneer days prior to the revolutionary war. She was a woman of many sterling qualities and in full sympathy with her husband in all things. Children: 1. Nathan (see forward). 2. Stephen, born May 28, 1835, died March 6, 1896; married, October, 1852, Mary Saltsman, of Fulton county, New York, where they lived and died; he was a farmer. 3. Albert, born September 20, 1836. 4. John, born March 5, 1839; married, February 13, 1867; Magdalene Fox. 5. Webster, born February 7, 1841; a battle-scarred veteran of the civil war, being five times wounded; married, October 1, 1867, Loretta A. Houghton; lives on the old homestead, Ephratah, New York. 6. Catharine, born February 21, 1843, died September 17, 1870; married, January 6, 1870, George G. Griffin. 7. Hiram, born June 14, 1845, died April, 1898; mar-

ried, May 17, 1875, Julia Wade. 8. Reuben, born May 25, 1850; married, February 2, 1871, Celia Ash; resides on a ranch in Westfield, Texas. 9. Alpha, born June 25, 1852; married, February 14, 1875, Catharine Smith; resides in Fulton county; is a farmer.

(IV) Nathan, son of Benjamin and Nancy (Klock) Shaver, was born in Ephratah, New York, August 13, 1832, died November 1, 1887, at Cohoes, New York. He was a contractor in early life, later engaging in the dry goods business in Cohoes, and was a director of Manufacturers' Bank of Cohoes for years. He was a capable business man and possessed a character beyond reproach. He was a member and president of the board of trustees of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, and an exemplary Christian. He was a member of the board of aldermen, second ward of Cohoes, for some years; was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, both lodge and encampment, and a Knight of Pythias. He married Alice J. Howarth, born in Niskayuna, Schenectady county, New York, daughter of Henry Howarth, born in England, came when a boy to Niskayuna, and settled in Cohoes about the year 1840. The Howarth homestead in Cohoes is now occupied by the "Old Ladies' Home," and the parsonage of the Methodist Episcopal church stands upon his old garden patch. He was a contractor and builder, erecting nearly all the buildings known as the "Harmony Mills," tenement houses, private residences and other large buildings in Cohoes. He performed considerable of the heavy mason work in and along the Erie canal; built No. 2 reservoir of city water works, and conducted other large operations. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Shaver: 1. Henry Lincoln (see forward). 2. John W., born 1867; died 1896; educated at Saratoga Institute; was a fruit and confectionary merchant; married Emma Marsh, now a resident of New York City; left a daughter, Madeleine.

(V) Henry Lincoln, son of Nathan and Alice J. (Howarth) Shaver, was born in Cohoes, New York, March 4, 1861. He was educated in the public school, Mount Anthony Seminary, Bennington Center, Vermont, and Troy Business College. After completing his studies he began his business career as a clerk with Hugh McCusker, a dry goods merchant of Cohoes, with whom he remained two years, after which he was employed with R. Wilcox, of Cohoes, and during his engagement with Mr. Wilcox his father became a member of the firm. At the expiration of two years Mr. Nathan Shaver retired from the firm and established a dry goods business at the corner of Remson and



Nathan Shaver



Henry L. Shaw.

Ontario streets, of which he was proprietor until his death in 1887. Henry L. Shaver went with his father to the new store and remained with him until his death. At the death of his father, Henry L. formed a co-partnership with his mother, under the firm name of Shaver & Son, and continued till 1892. He then assumed control of the business, moving to the opposite side of the street, and continuing in that location under the same name until 1896, when the firm became "The Golden Ball Dry Goods and Shoe House," under which name it still continues at 128-130 Remsen street, in the Masonic Building. The firm conducts a modern department store, employing a large force of clerks. Mr. Shaver is known as a most capable and energetic business man, managing well his own great business, and mindful of the interests of those who are subordinate to him. He has been a member of the Cohoes board of water commissioners for sixteen years, eight of which he has been president of the board. He is a Republican, and frequently a delegate to party conventions. He is a lifelong member of the Methodist Episcopal church, served on the official board four years, since 1887 he has been a trustee, succeeding his father, making thirty years of official service, and also served as superintendent of the Sunday school for eight years. He married, March 2, 1881, Estella J. Scott, of Cohoes, daughter of William and Eliza (Veile) Scott, of Cohoes, the former of whom was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, died in Cohoes, August, 1891, and the latter born in England, died in Cohoes, 1902. She came to the United States when a girl. Mr. Scott was a prominent member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and an exemplary member of the Methodist Episcopal church, as was his wife. Child of Mr. and Mrs. Shaver: Henry N., born September 20, 1892; educated in the public schools, now a member of the class of 1912, of Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, preparing for entrance to Yale.

This family descends from the famous O'Neil clan of Ireland and trace their history back to the tenth century. The American head of the family is Anthony McQuade, born in county Fermanagh, Ireland, son of Peter and Susan (McDermott) McQuade, grandson of Anthony and Catherine (McNabb) McQuade, great-grandson of Raymond and Sarah (McKeough) McQuade. The family was originally seated in county Tyrone, Mac Cathmhaoil of Cinel-Fearadhaigh, pronounced Mac Cawell of Kinel-Farry, being

the ancestral name of the McQuades of Tyrone. Authorities: "Annals of Ireland," by the Four Masters; "Annals of Ulster," published by authority of the British Government; "O'Neills of Ulster," by Matthews.

The territory of Cinel-Fearadhaigh, the patrimonial inheritance of the Mac Cathmhaoil, the descendants of Fergal, son of Muireadhach (Murrrough), son of Eoghan (Owen), son of Niall of the Nine Hostages (monarch of Ireland), was nearly co-extensive with the barony of Clogher in county of Tyrone.

The Cinel-Fearadhaigh, viz.: the Clan-Aengus (Magennis), Clan-Duibhinreacht, Clan-Fogarty, all of Tyrone, and the Hy-Kennoda (Kennedy) and the Clan-Colla, both of Fermanagh, were under the leadership of Mac Cathmhaoil, Lord of Cinel-Fearadhaigh. The Hy-Kennoda gave name to the barony of Tir-kennedy in the east of Fermanagh, adjoining the barony of Clogher in Tyrone.

The family of Mac Cathmhaoil, a name generally anglicized to Mac Cawell or Mac Caghwel, and Latinized Cavellus, who supplied several bishops to the See of Clogher, are still numerous in their ancient territory (southern Tyrone and northern Fermanagh), and the name is found in other counties anglicized variously as Campbell, Caulfield, and Howell.

From "O'Neills of Ulster": O'Duggan in his topographical poem written about A.D. 1350, describing the ruling tribes of Ulster, says:

The festive Cinel Fearadhaigh
Constantly noble are their genealogies
A clan without disgrace from their arms
And the warlike Clan Cathmhaoil
The two eastern septa are of every tribe

In the high Cinel Fearadhaigh.

Cinel-Fearadhaigh or Cinel-Farry, now the barony of Clogher, Tyrone county, the patrimony of Mac Cawells or Mac Cathmhaoil. The Mac Cawells who were Brehons (judges of the Brehon laws) in Cinel Owen (Tyrone) are famous in Irish history for their learning and the many dignitaries they supplied to the church. In Cinel Owen about this time, A.D., 1300, the Mac Cawells were the hereditary advisers of the king. The sept of Cinel-Fearadhaigh that day (Battle of Leithreach, A. D., 636), who was of the sept of the Mac Cawells (Cinel-Fearadhaigh), is stated to have been black and red. The king was Suibhne Meann, who was not only king of Aileach, but also monarch of Ireland (Ard-Righ), at that time. In this battle Suibhne Meann was overthrown.

The name McQuade instead of Mac Cathmhaoil seems to have been adopted by the family as an English name some time ago. Thomas McQuade, who died October 18, 1855, who spoke Gaelic as well as English in speaking to his grandchildren, McQuade, frequently called them by their ancient Gaelic name Mac Cawell (Mac Cathmhaoil). The natives when speaking the Irish language always pronounce the name Mac Cawell.

The Irish annals show that the family Mac Cathmhaoil occupied the territory named above from the time of the assumption of family names A. D. and under the name Cinel-Fearadhaigh from the time of Niall of the Nine Hostages, A. D. Irish authors, annalists, say that a chief of this family, converted by St. Patrick, proceeded to the Isle of Man and converted the people of that island to Christianity. His name was Maughold and a town of Man is called by his name and was the seat of his bishopric. The name Mac-Cathmhaoil (signifying "Son of the Hero in Battle") has existed in Man from very early times and still continues there under the form of Cowell, like all Gaelic Manxnames having dropped the prefix Mac, meaning son. The head of the Irish militia, Fionn Mac Cuill, tradition says, was of this family. Fionn Mac Cuill is the great hero of legendary history, claimed alike by Ireland and also by Scotland under the name of Fingal. Ossian, the son of Fionn, has been immortalized by the researches of the Gaelic authors, prompted by the partial fabrications of Mac Pherson.

The great Scotch family of Campbell is said to be a branch of the Mac Cathmhaoil, and Irish genealogists say that the Campbell arms, the gyronny of eight, is the common property of the Mac Cathmhaoils.

Ancient maps showing the possessions of the clans of Ireland before the confiscation of Ulster by the English, place the Mac Cathmhaoils in the southern part of Tyrone and the northern part of Fermanagh. This confiscation deprived them as well as the other Irish clans of their ancestral possessions and they became tenants where formerly they were masters. The Patent Rolls, James I., of England, from 1607 and after, show numerous pardons to Mac Cawells and McQuades, for their rebellion, but few if any restorations of land. In these the variety in spelling the names shows that the English clerks were sorely put to straits when it came to spelling Irish names. Among these varieties are, McQuoyd, McQuod, Mc Coade, Mc Quaide, Mc Quoad, and Mc Cooade. Mac Cathmhaoil is generally spelled McCawell or McCagwell, sometimes McCuill, McCooell, or Mc Cowell.

(Extracts from "Annals of Ulster").

A. D. 1185, Gilchreest Mac Cawell, chief of Kinel-Farry and the Clans, viz.: Clan-Aengus, Clan-Duibhenrecht, Clan-Fogarty, Hy-Kennoda, and Clan-Colla in Fermanagh, and who was chief advisor of all the north of Ireland, was slain by O'Heghny and Muintir-Keenan, who carried away his head, which however was recovered from them in a month afterward. (There were no wounded or prisoners after conflict in those times, those vanquished forfeited their heads, which were taken home by the victors as tokens of triumph.)

A. D. 1215, Murrough Mac Cawell, chief of Kinel-Farry, was slain by his kinsmen.

1238, Flaherty Mac Cawell, Chief of Kinel-Farry and Clan-Congail (Connell) and of Hy-Kennoda in Fermanagh, the most illustrious in Tyrone for feats of arms and hospitality, was treacherously slain by Donough Mac Cawell, his own kinsman.

1251, Donough Mac Cawell, Chief of Kinel-Farry, was slain by the people of Oriel.

1261, Brien Mac Cawell, Chief of Kinel-Farry and many other territories, and

peacemaker of Tir-Connell, Tir-Owen, and Oriel, was slain by the people of Brian O'Neill while defending his wards O'Kane and O'Gormley, against them.

1261, A victory won by O'Donnell over Niall Culanagh O'Neill. Many of the chiefs of Kinel-Owen (Tyrone), under the conduct (leadership) of Mac Cawell, Chief of Kinel-Farry, were killed or taken prisoners.

1262, Donslevey MacCawell, Chief of Kinel-Farry, was slain by Hugh Buidha O'Neill. (Yellow Hugh O'Neill.)

1346, Cu-Uladh Mac Cawell, Chief of Kinel-Farry, was slain by Donnell Mac Cawell. (Cu-Uladh means Warrior of Ulster.)

1350, Brien Mac Cawell, Bishop of Oriel (Clogher), died.

1365, Rory, the son of Donnell O'Neill, was slain by the shot of an arrow by Melaghlín (Malachy), Mac an Ghirr Mac Cawell of Tyrone.

1368, Cu-Uladh Mac an Ghirr Mac Cawell, chief of his own tribe and a son of his, who was a learned and illustrious professor of Sciences, died in England.

1370, Gillapattrick Mac Cawell, Chief of Kinel-Farry, Cu-Uladh, his son and his wife, the daughter of Manus Mac Mahon, were treacherously slain by the sons (clan) of Hugh Mac Cawell. Murrough, his (Gillapattrick's) brother then became Chieftain of Kinel-Farry.

1370, Richard Mac Cawell was slain by Philip McGuire and Donnell O'Neill.

1403, Cu-Uladh, son of Gillapattrick Mac Cawell, was treacherously slain by his own people at an assembly.

1404, Donough Mac Cawell, Chief of the two Kinel-Farry's, was killed by Mac Guire.

1432, Art Mc Cawell, Bishop of Clogher, died.

1434, Mac Cawell, Hugh Mac an Easpuig Mac Cawell and many others were slain the day after Michaelmas, in an encounter with the English.

1444, Ducoolagh, daughter of Thomas Mac Guire, Lord of Fermanagh and wife of Owen Mac Cawell, a humane, charitable and truly hospitable woman, died.

1461, A.D., Mac Cawell, i.e., Brien, Lord of Kinel-Farry died; and Owen Mac Cawell was made Lord.

1467, Owen Mac Cawell died.

1474, Don Roe, the son of Cu-Connacht Mac Guire, was slain by Richard Mac Cawell.

1480, O'Donnell accompanied by the sons of Art O'Neill and the sons of Phelim O'Neill, committed great depredations on Mac Cawell in Kinel-Farry, and slew Brian, son of Turlough, son of Henry O'Neill, and the son of Mac Cawell, i. e., James.

1481, In a war between O'Neill and John, Buidhe O'Neill, a son of Gillapattrick Mac Cawell, was slain.

1492, Gillapattrick Mac Cawell, taken prisoner and Mac Cawell, that is, Edmond, slain by the sons of Redmond Mac Mahon.

1493, Donough Mac Cawell taken prisoner in a battle between the two O'Neills, Donnell and Oge, the sons of Henry, son of Owen O'Neill.

1498, Gillapattrick Mac Cawell slain at Caveney's Cross.

1508, William Oge, the son of Art Mac Cawell, dean of Clogher, died. He was brother of Owen, Bishop of Clogher. This is the prelate called Eugene (Eoghan or Owen) Mac Camacil in Harris's edition of Ware's Bishops, page 187. He succeeded in 1508 and died in 1515.

1515. Owen (son of Art, son of John, son of Art Mac Cawell), Bishop of Clogher, died.

1518. Mac Cawell (Donough, the son of Edmond), was wounded in a battle between the O'Neills and many of the Kinel-Farry (Mac Cawells) were slain. Mac Cawell died of his wounds afterwards.

1519. In a war between the O'Neills, Mac Cawell (Cu-Uladh the son of Edmond), Thomas the son of Edmond, and Edmond the son of Gillpatrick Mac Cawell, were slain.

(English Patent Rolls, James I.).

February 23, 1600. Pardon among others to Donogh Oge MC Coeell, gentleman, of Dunganon, Tyrone county.

October 20, 1600. Pardon among others to Edmond Duffe Mc Cawell (Black Edmond), James Rowe Mc Cawell (Red James), Edmond Brier Mc Cawell.

July 21, 1610. Pardon among others to Patrick Oge Mc Cawell (young Patrick).

July 22, 1610. Pardon among others to Gill-Patrick Mc Cuill, Shane Mc Cuill (John).

July 6, 1710. Pardon among others to Eugene Mc Cahill, John Mc Cahill, Connor Crone Mc Quod, Brian Dorlogh Mc Quoyd, Patrick Oge Mac Cawell (young Patrick), all of Tyrone county.

June 18, 1612. Pardon among others to Tirlagh Grome Mac Cawell, yeoman (yellow Tirlagh), Brian Glasse McOwen McCawell (Brien, son of Owen Mc Cawell).

May 25, 1613. Pardon among others to Brien Derry Mc Cawell, Donnell Carragh Mc Cawell, yeomen of Tyrone county.

March 7, 1614. Pardon among others to Tirlagh Mc Manus Boy Mc Cawell (Turlough, son of Yellow Manus Mc Cawell), of Killetragh, Tyrone county.

February 15, 1613. Pardon among others to Conchohar Mc Shane Mc Quade (Connor, son of John Mc Quaide).

Professor Patrick H. McQuade (Gaelic, Mac Cathmhaoil, pronounced Mac Cawell), traces under the name McQuade four generations to Raymond McQuade, a farmer of Tyrone, who married Sarah, widow of Edward McKeough.

(II) Anthony, son of Raymond and Sarah (McKeough) McQuade, was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, where he lived and died, a farmer. He married Catherine McNabb. He died suddenly in middle life, leaving issue.

(III) Peter, son of Anthony and Catherine (McNabb) McQuade, was born in Dromore, county Tyrone, Ireland, 1778. He removed to county Fermanagh, parish of Clarnagh, where his children were born and grew to manhood. After the sons had emigrated and settled in the United States, Peter and his wife joined them in Albany, New York, where he died October 18, 1855. He married Susan, born 1770, daughter of John and Mary (McGhirr) McDermott. She died in Albany, October 6, 1868. Both were devoted members of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

(IV) Anthony (2), son of Peter and Susan (McDermott) McQuade, was born in Clar-

nagh, Fermanagh county, Ireland, January 27, 1805, died at Albany, New York, September 8, 1864. He came to the United States in 1833, joining an uncle in Albany. He became a street contractor, and graded, curbed and paved many miles of Albany streets, including State street, from Eagle to Washington Park; the streets south of State to Elm and all cross streets from Eagle to the Park. At that time these were only roads, and a great deal of filling and grading was necessary. Later he became a manufacturing brewer, in which business he continued until death. He married in his native town, February 7, 1830, Eleanor McKeough, born there February 7, 1805, died in Albany, New York, April 6, 1887; she was a great-granddaughter of Edward McKeough, whose widow Sarah married Anthony (1) McQuade. Edward (2), son of Edward (1) and Sarah McKeough, married Margaret Kelly. Their son Patrick, born 1768, died November 12, 1831; married Ann McMullen, born 1761, died 1847. Their daughter, Eleanor McKeough, married Anthony (2) McQuade. They were both members of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

(V) Patrick H., son of Anthony (2) and Eleanor (McKeough) McQuade, was born in Albany, New York, August 29, 1844. He attended the public schools and Albany Boys' Academy, being graduated from the latter institution in 1862, at the head of his class, receiving in addition to his diploma the Gannon Philosophical Medal for proficiency in the natural sciences. After completing his course at the academy, he entered the employ of his father as bookkeeper, continuing until the death of the latter in 1864. From that date his life has been devoted to the cause of education in Albany, a period covering nearly half a century, 1864-1911. He was appointed May 12, 1865, principal of public school No. 1, where he remained until September, 1877, in which year and month he was appointed principal of school No. 13. In September, 1886, he was appointed principal of school No. 21, which position he now fills (1911). In addition to his daily labors, Professor McQuade has for eleven years been principal of the Albany evening high school, receiving his appointment in September, 1900. He stands high as an educator and is well known beyond the confines of his own city. In 1886, in collaboration with Professor Josiah Gilbert, he published "Number Lessons in Arithmetic," that was adopted by the schools of Albany and came into quite general use. He has also written much on various subjects. Prior to the passage of the law placing the American

flag on all school houses, the schools of Albany had a "Flag Raising," for which occasion Professor McQuade composed a "Song to the Flag," which came into universal use and may be found in Eleanor Smith's "Musical Series," among the patriotic songs. He is a member of the Albany Academy Alumni Association, and worships at St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, of which he is a communicant (as were his parents and grandparents), serving also in the church committee.

He married, in Albany, New York, May 12, 1872, Julia Ransom, daughter of Justus Haswell, for four years surrogate of Albany county, 1860-64, who married Nancy L. Ransom. Through her mother, Mrs. McQuade traces to many of the oldest families of New England; to Robert Ransom, of Plymouth, Massachusetts; to Samuel Chapin, of Springfield, Massachusetts; to Rev. John Sherman, of Watertown, Massachusetts; Philip Sherman, first secretary of the Colony of Rhode Island (from whom Vice-President Sherman also descends); to Richard Smith, one of the first settlers of Rhode Island; to Thomas Bliss, of Hartford, Connecticut, whose widow, Margaret, moved to Springfield, where Margaret and Bliss streets are named for her; to James Comstock, whose name is found on the monument at Groton Heights, Connecticut, erected in memory of those who fell there during the revolution; to Thomas Stanton, the Indian interpreter, and many others of the early settlers. Through her father, Justus Haswell, she descends from John and Mary (Halliday) Haswell, of Stainmore, Westmoreland, England, who came to America about 1775, settling in the town of Bethlehem (Watervliet), Albany county, New York. Their son, Edward, married Anna Russell, descendant of William Russell, the early Massachusetts settler. Their son, Justus, married Nancy L. Ransom as stated. Children of Professor Patrick H. and Julia Ransom (Haswell) McQuade: 1. John D., born in Albany, New York, 1872; educated in the public and high school, now an accountant with the General Electric Company at Schenectady, New York; unmarried. 2. Eleanor Haswell, educated in the public and high school, now a teacher in the Albany public schools.

David Du Four, immigrant ancestor, whose posterity spell the name Devoor, Devoe, etc., was a native of Mons, in Hainault, and when this place was threatened by the successes of the French in the Walloon districts, he retired with others of the family to Sedan, and afterwards to Amsterdam, where Du Four, though

fitted by education for a better position, became a hopperman, or drayman. Left by the death of his wife, Mary Boulon, with a young child, Jean or John, born during their stay in Sedan, he married (second) Jeanne Frances, aged thirty-two, from Queivrain, a little east of Mons, July 10, 1657. In the same year, with wife and son, he came to New York. After their arrival he settled in Harlem, where he obtained some ten morgens of land in 1662, and he was living there in 1674, when Nicholas deVaux arrived. It is believed that the change in spelling was due to the similarity, perhaps the identity of the name with that of the new neighbor. In 1677 David and his son obtained a grant of sixty acres of land near Turtle bay on the East river, where he resided until his death, about 1698. Children mentioned in his will: John, mentioned below, David, Peter, Claude, Adrien.

(II) John Devoor, son of David Du Four, was born about 1655. He married (first) Jannetje Van Isseletyn in 1676; (second) Mary Van Woglum, of Albany. In his will he bequeaths to wife, children and some of his grandchildren. Children by first wife: Mary, John, Margaret, David, Peter, mentioned below, Rachel, Arientie (Harriet), Jannetje, Elizabeth, Teunis, William and Abraham.

(III) Peter Devoe, son of John Devoor, was born in 1685. He married Annatje Bisset, at or near Albany. He became a boatman and was captain of a sloop carrying freight and passengers between New York and Albany. Children: George, mentioned below, Anna, Michael, Roelof, Marguerite, born 1721, Jacob, born 1723, John.

(IV) George, son of Peter Devoe, was born in 1713. He married, in 1735, Catharine Keller. Children: George, mentioned below, Daniel, Jannette, died young.

(V) George (2), son of George (1) Devoe, was born in 1736. He was a soldier in the revolution and engaged in various battles, but escaped without wounds. A mirror which, according to family tradition, was brought from France with the family was buried by him at the beginning of the war and dug up afterward. He left it to his youngest daughter and it has been handed down to the youngest in each generation to the present. He settled in Rensselaer county, New York. He married (first) Anna Kelder, who died in 1764; (second) Elizabeth Dunning. Children of first wife: John, settled in Kinderhook, New York, at the age of fifteen was in the revolution; Anthony, mentioned below. Children of second wife: Elizabeth, born 1768; Maria, 1771.

(VI) Anthony, son of George (2) Devoe, was born March 11, 1762. He was a soldier in the revolution at the age of eighteen and settled afterward at Schaghticoke with his father and brother John. He married, in 1783, Helen (Helena) Vanderburg or Vandenburg. He removed to Andrustown in 1798, and died January 12, 1844, aged nearly eighty-two. He was a man of undoubted integrity. Children: George; Cornelius, mentioned below; John, lived at Warren; Wynant, of Warren; Mrs. Maria Osterhout; Elizabeth Jewell; Hannah Springer; Sarah Brown and one other.

(VII) Cornelius, son of Anthony Devoe, was born April 30, 1797. He was a farmer all his active life at Warren, Herkimer county, New York, where he died in December, 1888. He married Ann Deyoe, of Pilestown, Rensselaer county, in 1819; children: Wallace G., married Emma Mattison and lived at Warren; Julia A., married Joseph Ludden and lived in Columbia; Daniel Anthony, mentioned below; Julia Groddis; Sarah, married David Wallace.

(VIII) Daniel Anthony, son of Cornelius Devoe, was born in Warren, Herkimer county, New York, April 19, 1820, died December 27, 1898. He was educated in Springfield high school and academy. He assisted his father on the farm in summer and taught school in winter. When twenty-seven years old he married Maria Snell, of Fords Bush, Herkimer county, New York. He leased a farm, May 6, 1847, bought it in 1851, and lived in his native place until 1863, when he moved to town of Canajoharie, New York, where he bought a two-hundred-acre farm, on which he lived until he died. He was a prosperous farmer and a prominent citizen. He was school trustee for a number of years, a member of the local lodge of Free and Accepted Masons. He was deacon of the Universalist church for many years at Fort Plain. Children: 1. Nelson, died aged four years. 2. Margaret Ann, married Schuyler Duryee, of Everett, Washington; children: i. Leverick Duryee, married Alice McFarland and has son Schuyler Duryee; ii. Albert Duryee, married Alice Gardner; iii. Daniel A. Duryee, married Clotilda Robinson; iv. Korekiyo Tackahash Duryee, married Louise Thompson; v. Agnes Duryee. 3. Charlotte N., married Dr. Alvero Zoller, of West Union, Iowa; children: Leslie A. and Maud A. Zoller. 4. Daniel Isaac, mentioned below. 5. Ida, died young. 6. Demetra Estelle, married Frank W. Bauder.

(IX) Daniel Isaac, son of Daniel Anthony Devoe, was born in Warren, January 19,

1860. He attended the district schools and Clinton Liberal Institute, from which he was graduated in 1878. He then took a course in the Rochester Commercial College. In 1879 he became a clerk in the drug store of Petit & Read of Fort Plain. After three years there he went to Canajoharie and engaged in business as a druggist, in partnership with John N. Snell, under the firm name of Snell & Devoe. Mr. Snell sold his interests afterward to Thomas E. Dygert, and the firm name became Devoe & Dygert. In 1885 Mr. Devoe sold out and formed a partnership with W. F. Shumway, under the title of Devoe & Shumway, as wholesale and retail druggists, Fort Plain. After having conducted a successful business, Mr. Devoe, in 1893, sold his interest in the drug business to his partner and started manufacturing knit underwear. The business was incorporated in 1902 as the Fort Plain Knitting Company, and Mr. Devoe is treasurer and general manager. He is a member of Fort Plain Lodge, No. 433, Free and Accepted Masons, Hiram Union Chapter, No. 53, Royal Arch Masons; Commandery, No. 26, Knights Templar, of Little Falls; Ziyara Temple, Mystic Shrine, of Utica. He was master of his lodge for four years. He is also a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Fort Plain Club. In politics he is a Republican, and was county treasurer of Montgomery county for three years. He is a prominent member of the Universalist church at Fort Plain and has been for the past twenty-four years a trustee. He married, May 24, 1882, Agnes E. Shumway, born August 19, 1860 (see Shumway VII). They have one child, Ethel, born September 24, 1884, a school teacher; graduate of Dean Academy and of Dr. Savage's Normal College of Physical Education; teaching at present at Kenwood, Albany, and has private classes.

(The Shumway Line).

Peter Shumway, immigrant ancestor, was of French Huguenot ancestry. After the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes, when many Huguenots sought refuge in America, he came, before 1675, to Massachusetts and located in Topsfield. The name was originally spelled Chamois or Charnois. We are told that the home of the family in France was in the neighborhood of St. Maixent in the old province of Poitou. Peter Shumway came to this country before the time that Peter Faneuil and other French Huguenots came, and he was not with the settlement at Oxford, Worcester county, Massachusetts, where his son, a few years later, was a settler. Peter Shumway lived for a time at Salem Village,

now Danvers, Massachusetts; was a soldier in King Philip's war, and on account of that service his son years afterwards petitioned for a grant of land, March 23, 1749-50, stating that his father was at the taking of the Indian fort. Judging from his time of coming here, the fact that he did not speak or write French apparently and associated only with English settlers, it is hardly to be doubted that he came from some part of England thither and that his parents or earlier ancestors went, like many others, for refuge to England. He was born in 1635. He was evidently frequently in the military service, for his son Peter says he was "a long time in the service of his country." He resided at Topsfield, according to his son's statement, and his wife attended church there and their children were baptized there. He was a hog-reeve in 1681-82 in Topsfield. His will was dated April 10, 1695, and his estate appraised June 10 of that year. In the will his residence is given as Boxford. His wife Frances made her will April 3, 1714, and gives her home as Topsfield. These towns were adjoining and the families intimately associated, the boundary indistinct. Her will was proved August 2, 1714. Children: 1. Peter, mentioned below. 2. Samuel, born at Topsfield, November 2, 1681, probably lost at sea; unmarried; estate settled in 1715 by brother John. 3. Dorcas, born October 16, 1683; married Valentine Butler and Henry Withingham. 4. Joseph, born October 13, 1686, died unmarried, 1715.

(II) Peter (2), son of Peter (1) Shumway, was born at Topsfield, June 6, 1678. Being the only son having sons, he is ancestor of all bearing the name of Shumway in this country. He removed from Topsfield to Oxford, Massachusetts, in the "Nipmuck Country." He was granted the right of Joshua Chandler. He was one of the early settlers of Oxford in 1713, the original settlement by the thirty Huguenot families having been abandoned on account of Indian massacres and hostilities in 1696. None of the French returned. Peter Shumway spent the remainder of his days there. His will was dated May 12, 1741, and bequeaths to his wife and children. His home lot in Oxford embraced that now or lately owned by Josiah Russell (H. 185). His family was one of the best-known and most-respected in the town of Oxford. He married (first) February 11, 1701, Maria Smith, who died January 17, 1739. It is said that her father built the third house having a cellar in the town of Boston. He married (second) February 28, 1740, Mary Dana, who is mentioned in his will. Children

of first wife: 1. Oliver, mentioned below. 2. Jeremiah, baptized at Topsfield, March 21, 1703. 3. David, baptized at Topsfield, December 23, 1705. 4. Mary, baptized at Topsfield, May 9, 1709. 5. Samuel, baptized March 6, 1711, at Boxford. 6. John, born at Boxford, June 26, 1713. Born at Oxford: 7. Jacob, March 10, 1717. 8. Hepzibah, April 1, 1720. 9. Amos, January 31, 1722.

(III) Oliver, son of Peter (2) Shumway, was born at Boxford, May 10, 1702. He lived quietly and followed farming at Oxford. He married, September 3, 1724, Sarah Pratt. Children, born at Oxford: 1. Oliver, mentioned below. 2. Levi, April 8, 1727. 3. Keziah, May 25, 1729. 4. Nathan, April 21, 1731. 5. Susanna, August 21, 1733. 6. Stephen, March 25, 1736; soldier in the revolution. 7. Sarah, June 28, 1738. 8. Reuben, February 2, 1740; soldier in the revolution. 9. Ebenezer, June 25, 1743. 10. Jonathan, November 8, 1745. 11. Lucy, July 18, 1749.

(IV) Oliver (2), son of Oliver (1) Shumway, was born at Oxford, October 12, 1725. He was a carpenter by trade, and is said to have served in the revolution. He married, April 15, 1747, Elizabeth Holman. Children: Abner, mentioned below; Betsey.

(V) Abner, son of Oliver (2) Shumway, was born at Oxford, June 9, 1748, died September 13, 1813. He was a soldier in the revolution and was in camp at Roxbury in October, 1775, a drummer in the Oxford company; also served in various companies afterward. In 1786 he removed to Lebanon Springs, New York, where he spent his last years. He worked at his trade as carpenter and some houses that he built in Oxford are still standing. He married, April 19, 1770, Lucy Howe, born in 1752, died January 3, 1837. Children: David, born March 30, 1771; Rufus, April 1, 1774, died at Decatur, Otsego county, New York, about 1836; Allen, March 19, 1778; Paul, mentioned below; Silas; Alpheus; Jeremiah D., January 12, 1793; Leonard; Clarissa; Lucy.

(VI) Paul, son of Abner Shumway, was born May 19, 1781, at Oxford, died February 3, 1849. He was a carpenter by trade. He married, March 4, 1804, Mercy Gates, born August 10, 1786, in Norwich, Massachusetts, died February 25, 1872; resided at Lebanon Springs, New York. Children, born at Lebanon Springs: Charlotte, April 29, 1805; Henry Edward, November 1, 1807; Elizabeth Maria, June 30, 1813; William Dennison, July 13, 1817; Joseph Hill, mentioned below; John Brainerd, November 5, 1822; Antoinette, April 19, 1824, died young; Ellen Jane, January 19, 1826; Charles Frederick, March

6, 1828; Lucy Ann, October 19, 1830; Samuel Gates, June 9, 1833.

(VII) Joseph Hill, son of Paul Shunway, was born at Lebanon Springs, New York, August 27, 1820. He was educated in the public schools, became postmaster, was supervisor several terms, and a prominent Republican. He was a member of the Universalist church. He married, September 6, 1854, Cornelia Van Horn, born December 12, 1832 (see Van Horn VII). They resided at Van Hornsville, Herkimer county, New York, where he was a merchant until he retired. Children: 1. Walter F., born April 22, 1858; married, September 7, 1880, Alfa Ackler, born October 15, 1858. 2. Agnes E., August 19, 1860; married, May 24, 1882, Daniel I. Devoe (see Devoe IX). 3. Ellen M., October 1, 1867; married, October 22, 1889, John M. Farley; children: Worthington S. Farley, born June 6, 1892; Walter Van Horn Farley, February 13, 1894; Dorothy Farley; John M. Farley, Jr.

(The Van Horn Line).

Jan Corneliessen Van Horn, or Van Horne, came from Holland to New Amsterdam as early as 1645, and he drew his money from his guardian in Holland in 1647. His wife's name is unknown. He became a member of the First Dutch Reformed Church of New York, October 6, 1685. He sold a house and lot south of Marketfield street, part of the premises patented to Jan Corneliessen Van Horne, June 23, 1645. He sold another lot on the east side of Fort Amsterdam, near Marketfield street. He was entered in New Amsterdam as a small burgher and was taxed twenty-five guilders. Children: 1. Cornelius Jansen, mentioned below. 2. Jan Joris, married Maria Rutgers. 3. Garret, married, July 2, 1693, Altje Proohost.

(II) Cornelius Jansen, son of Jan Corneliessen Van Horne, married, according to the register of the Dutch Reformed Church of New York, October 4, 1659, Anna Maria, daughter of — and Annaka (Webber) Jans, granddaughter of Wolford Webber, of Holland, who married Annaka Cock, daughter of Hendrick and Neisgen Seleys Cock. Wolford Amant Webber, son of Wolford Webber, came over in 1649, received a grant of sixty-two acres fronting on the East river and running through Chatham square from Governor Peter Stuyvesant, and afterward Webber conveyed it to his aunt, Annaka (Webber) Jans. Wolford Amant Webber was a grandson of King William of Orange. Children of Cornelius Jansen and Anna Maria (Jans) Van Horn, born in New Amsterdam and baptized on the following dates in the Dutch Reformed

church: Johannes, January 17, 1663; Vrouchie, January 25, 1666; Cornelius J., January 31, 1667; Garret, December 17, 1671; Altje, October 31, 1673; Abram, mentioned below.

(III) Abram, son of Cornelius Jansen Van Horn, was baptized in the Dutch Reformed church, January 20, 1675, died in 1741. He married, September 6, 1700, Maria Provost. Children, baptized in New York: Anna Maria, January 28, 1702; Catharine, July 30, 1704; Cornelius, mentioned below; Janetje, November 7, 1708; Helena, September 24, 1710; Abram, March 8, 1713; David, August 8, 1714; David, July 20, 1715; Margaretta, March 6, 1717; Samuel, April 6, 1720.

(IV) Captain Cornelius Van Horn, son of Abram Van Horn, was baptized in New York, October 16, 1706. He married (first) Catharine Cox; (second) Elizabeth Lawrence; (third) Hannah Sebrook. He settled in Monmouth, New Jersey. After his third marriage he removed to Hunterdon county, where his brother Abram and sister Helena also lived. He and his brother bought the time of a German emigrant for a term of years to pay his passage to this country. This man bargained to build three houses in three successive years for his freedom, he having all the spare time. One of these was a stone house with the initials C. V. H., dated 1753, and stood half a mile west of the White House station, and north of the railroad. Captain Van Horn's will, dated December 24, 1743, with a codicil February 3, 1744, proved March 16, 1744, bequeathed to wife Hannah and his children. He was buried in 1744 in the old Van Horn graveyard at White House and the gravestone is standing. It gives the date of death as February 12, 1744. His widow married Benjamin Drake, of Hopewell, near Trenton. Child of first wife: Thomas, born December 4, 1722. Children of second wife: Mathias, 1724; Catharine; Elizabeth. Children of third wife: Mary, April 12, 1733; Cornelius, May 4, 1737; Abram, mentioned below; James, April 23, 1740; John, May 3, 1742; Daniel, May 2, 1743.

(V) Sheriff Abram Van Horn, son of Captain Cornelius Van Horn, was born August 28, 1738. He emigrated about 1771 to what was then Warrensbush and settled on a farm in the present town of Florida, Montgomery county, New York. He moved his family thither the following summer, and they were four days in making the voyage from New York to Albany on a sloop. He was elected a member of the Tryon county committee of safety in June, 1775, from the Mohawk district and continued a member several years.

He was a staunch Whig, and it was rumored that an attempt was about to be made by the Tories and Indians to massacre him and his family. A neighboring Tory was appointed to go at night and shoot him in bed through the window, but fortunately, on the appointed night, his wife was awake, on account of a sick child, and after building a big fire in the fireplace had just laid down on the front side of the bed with the child, when the murderer came to the window. He weakened in his purpose when he saw that to kill the husband he would have to shoot the wife and child. She was a kindly, charitable woman, who had nursed the sick even in that man's own family. Afterward a blockhouse was built for the defense of the family. Van Horn was a member of the state assembly from 1777 to 1781 and was high sheriff of Tryon county in 1781. In 1783 he moved to Cansedabanak Church, near Fort Plain, and thence up to Otsquaga creek, where he built a mill, which bears the name of Van Hornsville. He died there March 5, 1810, aged nearly seventy-two years.

He was married (first) to Jane Ten Eyck; (second) December 9, 1763, Hannah Hoff, of Montgomery county, New York, daughter of Richard Hoff, of New Jersey. Children of Sheriff Abram and Hannah (Hoff) Van Horn, his second wife: Cornelius, born November 22, 1764, married Elizabeth Youngs; James, September 16, 1766; Daniel, September 23, 1768; Richard, born October 15, 1770, mentioned below; Thomas, December 20, 1772, married Lucy Terry; Catharine, September 8, 1775; Hannah, January 18, 1778; Abram D., June 26, 1783.

(VI) Richard, son of Sheriff Abram Van Horn, was born October 15, 1770. He married Cornelia Ten Eyck. Children: Cornelius, born December 21, 1801, died July 19, 1873, married Mary Kinter; Alexander, December 10, 1804; Walter, mentioned below; Anna Maria, February 25, 1808; Catharine, January 20, 1810; Richard R., February 14, 1812; Abram R., August 30, 1816.

(VII) Walter, son of Richard Van Horn, was born June 10, 1806. He married Eliza Sleighter. Children: Agnes, born November 8, 1829, died October 8, 1854, married Henry Hawm; Cornelia, December 12, 1832, married Joseph Shumway (see Shumway VII); George, December 21, 1836, married Maria Hawks; Cornelius S., March 2, 1838, died December 21, 1868, married Marie Wagner; James E., February 2, 1842, married Mary Dunn; Maria, September 29, 1846, married John W. Brandow, Jr.; Nicholas, April 14, 1852, married Ida Countryman.

The Congers are first mentioned as settlers in Berne, Albany county, New York, about

1790. They are descendants of the Vermont family who lived in the town of Danby, where Gershom Conger was an early settler. He married Frances Ballard, of Tinnmouth, and was an influential and worthy man of that town. Children: Isaac, Enoch, Ashen, Gershom, William, Ruth and Dorcas.

(II) William, son of Gershom and Frances (Ballard) Conger, was born in 1790, near Reidsville, town of Berne, Albany county, New York. Here the Conger homestead was located, lying in the eastern part of the town. The improvements were yet crude, but William considerably improved his farm and prospered. He was a Whig in politics, and a Methodist, being one of the pioneer members of the Berne congregation. He married Hannah Babcock, born in Berne, died in Albany, aged eighty-one years, long surviving her husband. Children: 1. Catherine A., married Elias Reynolds, a farmer of the Helderbergs; child, Eugene, married Leonora Irving, who survives him, with daughters, Catherine A. and Blanche. 2. William M., of further mention. 3. Almira, married Morgan Hungerford, at attorney-at-law of Albany, where he died; children: i. Emma, married William Winne, whom she survives, a resident of Troy, New York, with daughter Audna; ii. Jessie, married William Bender, then of Albany, now resident of Greater New York, has son Clarence; iii. Hannah, married George Atherton, now of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, has daughter Olive. 4. Hannah, married (first) Chester Flagler; child, Victoria, married George Tubbs, and had daughter Grace, married and lives in East Durham; married (second) William Wilson; children: Rev. William Conger and Josephine. Rev. William Conger Wilson, Methodist minister of Broadalbin, New York, married Minnie Cook and has Leora; Josephine Wilson married DeWitt Benjamin, a merchant of Stamford, New York, and has a son Guy. 5. James Enos, died, aged forty-five, January 9, 1875, unmarried. 6. Josephine Amelia, born in Berne, Albany county, New York, 1842, died in Albany, 1904; educated in Female Academy, Albany, and a member for many years of First Presbyterian Church. She married Dr. William Morgan, born in Albany, 1842, died there 1898; graduate from Albany Medical College, class of 1868; some years later succeeded his brother in the insurance business, in which he became very successful; was active in local politics as a Republican. Children: i. William Jr., born 1874, postgraduate of Yale, class of 1896,

Ph.D., now professor of chemistry of University of California, Berkeley, California; married Charlotte Lansing and has sons, Alan and Conger; ii. James Pettit, born March 19, 1876, graduate of high school, class of 1894, succeeded to his father's business; married Mary A. Chandler, no issue.

(III) William H., son of William and Hannah (Babcock) Conger, was born on the farm in Berne, January 27, 1824, died at his home in New Scotland, September 7, 1910. He was a farmer of his native town until 1850, when he purchased and removed to a farm of two hundred acres in New Scotland, near the village of Unionville. He became a man of abundant substance and a leader in his town. His natural powers of conversation and argument were unusual and were enhanced by a mind well-stored by serious study and wide reading. His manly character and open-handed generosity were proverbial. None were ever turned away empty-handed, and in his will he remembered those whose only claim was having been in his employ. His lifelong abstinence from the common habits of tobacco and liquor using was well known and widely commented upon. He was an earnest, zealous member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a liberal supporter of all Christian and charitable societies. Politically he was a Republican, but never sought public office.

He married (first) in 1847, in Berne, New York, Louisa Hotaling, born in the Helderbergs, August 25, 1829, died May 9, 1872. She was in full sympathy with her husband in his church and benevolent work and his valued co-worker in all things. She was a daughter of Aaron and Mary (Rogers) Hotaling, of Albany county. Mary (Rogers) Hotaling died in middle life, and Aaron married a second wife, later removing to Albany, where he was engaged in the ice business. He had five children, the only survivor (1910) being Hiram Hotaling, born March 28, 1828, who resides with his widowed daughter, Anna (Hotaling) Saxton, in Albany. William H. Conger married (second) in New Scotland, March 5, 1874, Mrs. Hannah Eliza (Hotaling) Oliver, born in New Scotland, January 9, 1832. There she was reared and educated. She married (first) John A. Oliver, who died in the prime of life, leaving a daughter, Catherine M., born April 2, 1852; she married John M. Van DerZee, born in New Scotland, June 6, 1849, a carpenter contractor of Schenectady. They have living children: Sarah Elizabeth, unmarried, general secretary of Young Women's Christian Association of Worcester, Massachusetts; Nettie M., married

William Glen, of Elmsmere, New York, and has William O., John E., Agnes A., Paul L., deceased, and Elizabeth. Mrs. Conger survives her husband and resides with her daughter in Schenectady, retaining to a remarkable degree her youthful vigor and giving little evidence of her seventy-nine years. She continues her membership in the Reformed church, of which she is a lifelong member. She is a daughter of Tunis W. and Magdalena (Winne) Hotaling, of New Scotland, who were married by Dominic Van Housen, who also christened the wife Magdalena. After marriage some years Tunis W. and Magdalena Hotaling removed to Rotterdam, Schenectady county, where he died at the age of seventy-four years, she at sixty-five years. They were both communicants of the Reformed church. Tunis W. was a son of William Hotaling, who came to Albany county from Holland with two brothers and settled on adjoining farms south of Feurabush. This was prior to the revolution. They were a thrifty family and succeeded well in their new home. William Hotaling was twice married and had issue by both wives. Magdalena Winne, wife of Tunis W. Hotaling, was the daughter of Adam and Christianna (La Grange) Winne, early settlers of New Scotland. She was of French ancestry, and he of Dutch. Tunis W. and Magdalena (Winne) Hotaling were the parents of thirteen children: 1. ———, died in infancy. 2. Adam, a farmer of Rotterdam, Schenectady county; married Sarah Allen, who survives him. 3. Hannah Eliza, married (first) John A. Oliver; (second) William H. Conger. 4. William, of Fullers Station, now retired; married Elizabeth Fuller, deceased. 5. Francis, died in South Dakota, a farmer; married and left issue. 6. Simeon W., deceased; married Annie M. Fitch, now a resident of Albany, and second time a widow. 7. Garret, now of Syracuse, New York; married Jane Bogart, deceased, five children. 8. Christianna, married James W. Wilmet, both deceased, also their only daughter. 9. John, of Victor, New York; married Jeanette Bennett; three children. 10. Mary, deceased; married Walter Bond; two children. 11. Eleanor Van Derveer, married Alexander Veeder, of Rotterdam, Schenectady county, New York; two living children. 12. Isaac, of Schenectady; married Julia Chapman; child, Ira. 13. Peter J., deceased; married Ella Vedder, a resident of Schenectady; child, George. William H. Conger had by his first marriage the following children: 1. Emerette, of further mention. 2. Hannah A., born in New Scotland, July 24, 1851; married Garrett Van Derpoel,

a retired farmer, now of Delmar, New York; children: Conger and Chester, the former died at the age of eleven years. 3. William A., of further mention. Two granite shafts mark the resting places of William H. Conger and family in the burial plot on his own farm.

(IV) Emerette, eldest child of William H. and Louisa (Hotaling) Conger, was born September 23, 1849, in Berne, Albany county, New York. She was one year old when her parents settled in New Scotland, where she was reared, educated and married, February 26, 1873, Taylor McMillen, born in New Scotland, March 7, 1849, son of Henry and Mary Jane (Taylor) McMillen. Henry McMillen was the son of Alexander McMillen, who died in New Scotland, and is buried in the Presbyterian churchyard. For the past ten years Taylor McMillen and wife have resided at the Conger homestead, he having charge of the estate. They are both members of the Presbyterian church, and Mr. McMillen is a strong Republican. They have no children.

(IV) William A., son of William H. and Louisa (Hotaling) Conger, was born in the town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, November 2, 1853. He was well educated in youth, and has spent his active years in the town of his birth. A man of means, he has not actively pursued any special line of activity, but has lived more the life of a country gentleman. He has always been an active worker in the Republican party and aided in county management as district president of the county committee. He is now a resident of Albany, where he retired in 1910. He married, December 13, 1883, Sarah E., daughter of Rev. Alexander and Sarah A. (Barriclo) Millsbaugh. Children: 1. William H., born January 3, 1885; graduated at Albany Medical College, M.D., class of 1908, now practicing his profession at Tivoli, New York. He married Iva Brown, of Fort Plain, New York. 2. Alexander M., born February 18, 1887; graduated at Rutgers' College, classical department, class of 1910, now studying for the ministry at Princeton University Theological Seminary. 3. Mabel, born March 6, 1889, died July 12, 1909. 4. Bertha, born June 14, 1894, attends Girls Academy, Albany. 5. Irving B., born October 7, 1896, died August 31, 1899.

(The Millsbaugh Line)

This name is found on the early records of Orange county as Miltzpatch, Miltzpatch and Milsbagg. The emigrant was from Germany and came to the United States accompanied by a grown-up family. The valley of the Walkill was settled by German, Dutch and Hugue-

not emigrants, who, frugal and industrious, very soon became possessed of competence and wealth. The Millsbaugh family settled in the town of Montgomery, Orange county, New York, about 1730. They were from Holland and Protestant in religion, from which they suffered persecution which led them to emigrate to America. Jacob, the father, was evidently an old man, as the records do not mention any land purchased by him. The printed records of the family begins with his son, Matys (Matthias).

(II) Matthias, son of Jacob Millsbaugh (Miltzpatch), was born in Germany, as the journal of the New York assembly for 1735 shows a bill for the naturalization of several persons, among them Matys Milsbagg, Philip Milsbagg and two members of the Crist family. This would indicate that he had reached manhood before coming to America in 1730. Philip was evidently his brother. In 1738 Henry Crist, Stevanus Crist and Matthias Miltzpatch purchased of William Sharpus, of New York City (a patentee of the two-thousand-acre tract), four hundred and forty-two acres in the town of Montgomery on the north side of Walkill, opposite the later day village of Montgomery, a little back of the stream. They had previously purchased two hundred acres, known as the "Crist Mill Lot." The land was of the finest quality, deep and fertile. They divided their purchase and at once began to clear and cultivate. The first home was dug out of the side of a hill and there the family was comfortably housed until the dugout was replaced by a house of logs. They were an energetic family and soon were in fairly comfortable circumstances. They were members of the Dutch Reformed church, and with their neighbors of that faith erected a log church in which they worshipped for many years. Matthias married Elsie Kimbark, daughter of one of the numerous French Huguenots, who like their Holland co-religionists found the Walkill Valley a safe and pleasant refuge. The Kimbarks first settled in Ulster county near Kingston, but later joined their brethren in the Walkill Valley, where they afterward lived and died.

(III) Charles, son of Matthias and Elsie (Kimbark) Millsbaugh, was born in the town of Crawford, then Montgomery, Orange county, New York, January 18, 1781; the town of Crawford was erected from Montgomery in 1823. He received a share of his father's estate to which he added by purchase, becoming a prosperous farmer and highly respected citizen. He married Mehitable Van Tassel, born in Orange county, New York, August 9, 1781, a descendant of Jan Cornelius

Van Tassel, who founded a conspicuous family particularly prominent in the revolutionary war. There is on file in the state archives at Albany the original petition for relief presented to Governor Clinton, February 9, 1781, which among other things recites:

Notwithstanding the many favors that we one single head of our cattle, furniture, etc., but has plundered us of all, we beseech that you will look with an eye of pity on us and have some consideration for our past services, and that a years imprisonment and five years exile, the ruin of our fortunes, and the submission with which we have born these punishments and the zeal which we are still ready to show for our country's cause, if your Excellency and the Senate and the Assembly do not make some provision for us, we and our families must inevitably perish.

ISAAC VAN TASSEL,

six in family, released from imprisonment.

DANIEL VAN TASSEL,

five in family, released from imprisonment.

ABRAHAM VAN TASSEL,

seven in family, released from imprisonment.

JACOB VAN TASSEL,

seven in family, and still a prisoner.

Twenty-four of the family were regularly enlisted privates and officers of the revolutionary army. Children of Charles and Melitable Millsbaugh: Maria, Howard, Isaac, Alexander, of further mention, Leander, Albert, William, Charles.

(IV) Rev. Alexander Millsbaugh, son of Charles and Melitable (Van Tassel) Millsbaugh, was born in Orange county, New York, town of Montgomery, January 12, 1810, died at Feurabush (Jerusalem), town of New Scotland, Albany county, New York, December 5, 1885. He was educated in the schools of Orange county and prepared for the ministry at Rutgers Theological Seminary, New Brunswick, New Jersey, from whence he was graduated with honors, class of 1842. He was ordained a minister of the Dutch Reformed church, and spent his subsequent life engaged in that holy profession. He was for twenty-five years pastor over the Middletown church, Monmouth county, New Jersey, and during his quarter of a century in that field built up a strong congregation and did good and faithful work for his Master. He was not only an acceptable pulpit orator, but the "beloved pastor," known far and near in the county. His second pastorate was assumed in response to a call from the congregation in New Scotland, which he accepted and where he passed a life of great usefulness, continuing in the active ministry until his death. He married Sarah A. Barrielo, born in Marlboro, New Jersey, August 14, 1818, died in the village of Unionville. She was a devoted Christian wife and mother, nobly seconding her husband's

efforts and working hand in hand with him for the betterment of humanity. Children, all born in Middletown: 1. Huldah C., married James Baird, and resides in Marlboro, New Jersey; has sons, Alexander and Carlton A. 2. Charles H., now a real estate dealer of Brooklyn, New York; married Jennie Conover; children: Lafayette C., Josephine S., Eleanor C. and Charles E. 3. Harriet, resides in New York City, unmarried. 4. John B., now a hardware merchant of Spokane, Washington; married and has Sloan and Barrielo. 5. Sarah E., married William A. Conger and resides in Albany, New York (see Conger IV). 6. Catherine L. T., died in early childhood.

The Gordon family is doubtless of Norman origin, but was prominent in Scotland before

the year 1150. No Scotch surname is more honored and perhaps none more widely known. The family is found as early as 1150 in Aberdeenshire, Kirkeidbrightshire, Banffshire, Berwickshire, Sutherlandshire and in other counties of Scotland. The family possess the dukedom and marquise of Gordon and Huntley; earldoms of Aberdeen, Aboyne, Eozie, Huntley, Moray; viscounties of Formartine, Inverness, Kenmure, Meldrum; lordships of Badenoch, etc., Haddo, etc., Lochinvar, Strathaven, etc. Various branches bear coats-of-arms. A branch of the family went to Scotland about 1610 when Ulster was settled by the Scotch Presbyterians by order of King James, and many of the American Gordons descend from this branch.

Before the revolution the family was numerous in New York state. The New York revolutionary rolls show that Abraham, Charles, Robert, Alexander, Cornelius, Lieutenant-Colonel James, Joseph and William Gordon were in the service. Doubtless there were others. Joseph, Charles and Robert were of Albany county.

Charleston was part of the old town of Mohawk, and was incorporated in 1793. According to the town history, Ezra Gordon was one of the numerous New England settlers who came there directly after the revolution. The county of Montgomery was set off from Albany county in 1773 and called Tryon county until the close of the revolution. In 1790 there were several heads of families, according to the first federal census, in Montgomery county. In Mohawk we find Joseph Gordon with three males under sixteen and four females in his family; Timothy Gordon, with three males under sixteen and four females. Evidently they were of about the same

age and born not earlier than 1750. Mary Gordon lived at German Flats and William at Harpersfield, in the same county. An older man, James Gordon, was living in 1790 in Ballstown, Albany county, and had in his family four males over sixteen, two under sixteen and four females. Ezekiel Gordon, mentioned below, was a son of James Gordon, and afterwards moved from Albany county to Montgomery county. James Gordon, also of Ballstown, had a family, and was the son of the James Gordon mentioned heretofore. Ezekiel Gordon was born about 1773-80. He settled in Charleston Four Corners in what is now the town of Root, Montgomery county, and followed farming. It is more than likely that his family was Scotch-Irish coming with a flood of emigrants before the revolution to New England and New York. He was a member of the Christian church in later life, and a Whig in politics. Children: David, mentioned below; James Schuyler and Peter.

(II) David, son of Ezekiel Gordon, was born in Montgomery county, about 1800. He was educated in the district schools, and was a farmer. He was a deputy sheriff of Montgomery county, 1838-40. He was an expert cheese-maker, and used to travel from town to town in following this trade. He was a member of the Christian church, and a Whig in politics. His home was at Brown's Hollow, Montgomery county. He married Lydia Hoag. Children: 1. Frank, married Henrietta Davis; children: Luella, married William Allen; Hattie; Horace. 2. William James, mentioned below. 3. Burton, married Ellen Zoller, children: Florence and Helene. 4. Mary, married Edward Clark; children: Eugenia and Hattie Clark.

(III) William James, son of David Gordon, was born in Montgomery county, August 29, 1835, died at Johnstown, New York, February 13, 1907. He attended the district schools of Browns Hollow, his native village. When a young man he engaged in the trade of cheese-making, and also learned the trade of miller in a grist mill at Browns Hollow. He then moved to the town of Carlisle, Schoharie county, and followed the occupation of miller until shortly before his death, when he sold his mill and business and retired. He was interested in town affairs and held the office of commissioner of highways. He belonged to the Christian church. In early life he was a Whig, afterward a Republican. He married, in March, 1863, Emma, born March 13, 1843, daughter of John and Maria Tymeson, whose children were: Henry; Jay; Norman, married Mary Heagle and had Cora, Maud, and Leslie Tymeson; Charles; Cor-

nelius; John; Emma; Jane, married Samuel Reynolds, of Racine, Wisconsin, and had a son, Jay Reynolds. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Gordon: Edgar D., mentioned below; William J., Jr., born November 27, 1869, married, October 11, 1904, Elda Hutton.

(IV) Edgar D., son of William James Gordon, was born at Browns Hollow, Montgomery county, May 17, 1865. He attended the public schools of his native town, and afterwards for a period of six years was clerk in a general store at Ames, Montgomery county, New York. In 1890 he came to Johnstown, New York, and for eighteen years was in charge of the bookmaking of the firm of J. H. Decker & Son & Company. He has held many offices of trust and honor. He was for four years water commissioner of Johnstown; in 1905 he was alderman-at-large for four months, and mayor the remainder of the year; in 1907 he was elected county clerk of Fulton county and took office January 1, 1908; he served three years, and in 1910 was reelected for a second term of three years. He is a member of Knights of Pythias; Oliver Company, Uniformed Rank of Knights of Pythias, and Grand Orient; Royal Arcanum; Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Acorn Rebecca Lodge; Council of the Order of United American Mechanics, in which he has held all the offices and has been state councillor. He is a member of the Lotus club and the Board of Trade. In religion he is a Baptist and is trustee of the society. In politics he is a Republican. He married, November 21, 1886, Mina D., born April 9, 1867, daughter of Samuel and Marion (Dingman) Collins, granddaughter of James and Charlotte K. (Geantier) Collins, also granddaughter of John A. and Electa E. (Goodemote) Dingman, father and mother of Marion (Dingman) Collins. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Collins: 1. Ella, married (first) Phillip Conrad and had son Sherman Conrad; married (second) Smith Fay, and had son Theron Fay. 2. Mina, married Edgar D. Gordon, mentioned above. 3. Elizabeth, married Theron Sipperly. 4. Lottie, married Charles Ives. 5. Merritt, married Lulu Van Kie. Mr. and Mrs. Gordon have one child, Merritt W., born October 23, 1895.

The Speed family in America descend from James, son of Dr. John Speed, of Southampton, England, where James was born September 28, 1679. He settled in Virginia in 1695 and became a wealthy planter. He married, 1711, Mary Putley and had four sons: James, John, William T. and Thomas. Branches of the

family settled in New York state, in Tompkins and Columbia counties. The line in the Hudson Valley begins with Richard Speed, a farmer of Columbia county, New York, who married and had issue.

(II) Abraham, son of Richard Speed, was born in Columbia county, New York, 1814, died in West Ghent, same county, 1885. He learned the carpenter's trade and became a well-known builder and contractor of the county. He was an elder of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Republican in politics. He married Caty Snyder Smith and had issue.

(III) Sylvanus, son of Abraham and Caty Snyder (Smith) Speed, was born in town of Ghent, Columbia county, New York, May 13, 1839, died there January 31, 1879. He was educated in the public schools, and learned the trade of builder with his father, continuing in business with him until his death. He was a deacon of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Republican in politics. He married, October 18, 1860, at Ghent, Jane Helen Leggett, born March 10, 1836, died January 28, 1906, at Hudson, New York, daughter of William Leggett (see Leggett III). Children: William Leggett and Harry S., of further mention.

(IV) William Leggett, son of Sylvanus and Jane Helen (Leggett) Speed, was born in town of Chatham, Columbia county, New York, May 2, 1862. He was educated in the public schools, and is now engaged in a hardware and carriage business in Hudson. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Republican in politics. He married, August 13, 1885, Augusta, daughter of Dr. Charles W. Hinsdale, born in Claverack, New York, May 2, 1828, died April 19, 1887, at Hudson, a druggist and physician; married Amelia Harnes Shepherd. Dr. Charles W. Hinsdale was the son of Dr. Stephen Hinsdale, of Claverack town, who married Eliza Cain. Amelia Harnes Shepherd was the daughter of Abraham and Margaret J. Shepherd, the latter a daughter of Robert and Sally Rorick, and granddaughter of Gasper Rorick, who fought in the revolutionary war.

(IV) Harry Sargent, son of Sylvanus and Jane Helen (Leggett) Speed, was born in West Ghent, Columbia county, New York, August 26, 1864. He was educated in the public schools, and began his business career as clerk in a shoe store in Hudson. In 1889 he established in business for himself as retail shoe merchant and as such still continues (1911). He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married, July 25, 1888, Emma, born in Hudson, New York, October 13, 1865, daughter

of Francis Henry Bagley; died at Hudson, October 20, 1902 (see Bagley IV). Child, Sherwood Bagley, born October 8, 1891; now a student at Williston Seminary, class of 1911.

(The Leggett Line).

Jane Helen Leggett, wife of Sylvanus Speed, was a great-granddaughter of Jacobus Leggett, of Ghent, born 1729, died 1785; married, 1769, Catherine Reyne (or Payne).

(II) John, son of Jacobus and Catherine Leggett, was born in town of Ghent, Columbia county, New York; married, February 12, 1795, Mary Van Alstyne, born January 6, 1771, at Ghent, died there, April 15, 1863. Children: Catherine, born November 9, 1795; James, November 18, 1797; Maria, November 30, 1799; Bertha, February 3, 1805; William, of further mention.

(III) William, son of John and Mary (Van Alstyne) Leggett, was born in Ghent, September 9, 1811, died there in the same house in which he was born, March 17, 1874. He was a farmer, elder of the Dutch Reformed church of Claverack, and a Democrat in politics. He married, October 28, 1833, Emily Augusta Sargent, born at West Boylston, Massachusetts, June 13, 1813, died at Hudson, New York, August 13, 1885. Children: 1. Mary Persis, died in infancy. 2. Jane Helen, born March 10, 1836; married Sylvanus Speed (see Speed III). 3. Julia Harriet, twin of Jane Helen, died March 25, 186—; married, June 19, 1856, Robert Lapham; children: Mary Augusta and Walter. 4. John, born March 27, 1838, died aged eight years. 5. Frazier, died in infancy. 6. Mary Catherine. 7. Persis Ann. 8. Charles Frazier, born August 27, 1845; now living in Brooklyn, New York; married Helen A. Ferguson, October 25, 1870; child, William Ferguson. 9. William James, born October 12, 1848; now of Chatham, New York. 10. Georgiana, died in infancy.

(The Bagley Line).

The earliest Bagley given in Savage's "Genealogical Dictionary," is John Bagley, of Saybrook, Connecticut, 1637.

Orlando Bagley, of Salisbury (perhaps son of John Bagley), married, March 6, 1654, Sarah, daughter of Anthony Colby; both were living in 1662 and both died in 1700. Children: Orlando, of further mention; Sarah, married April 5, 1681, John Mack.

Orlando (2), son of Orlando (1) and Sarah (Colby) Bagley, married (first) December 22, 1681, Sarah, daughter of William Sargent; she died October 3, 1701; married (second), 1704, Sarah Annis. He was made a freeman in 1690; constable in 1692. Children:

Orlando (3), Sarah, John, Jacob, Judith, Joseph, Benjamin, Anne, Hannah. From this branch, the family in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and other New England states must have come. The first ancestor of whom we have authentic information was Luther Bagley, of Providence, Rhode Island, although a great many Bagleys served in the revolution from different parts of Massachusetts and other colonies.

(I) John, Bagley, born about 1775 in Providence, Rhode Island, was a marble cutter and dealt in monuments; was justice of the peace; prominent in the Masonic order. He married Sarah Baker.

(II) John, son of Luther and Sarah (Baker) Bagley, was born in Providence, Rhode Island, September 9, 1806. He married Clementine Nye, born October 11, 1808, died 1888, daughter of Moses and Chloe (Gifford) Nye. Chloe Gifford was daughter of David and Temperance (Dimmock) Gifford, of Falmouth, Massachusetts. Moses Nye, born in Sandwich, Massachusetts, 1774, died there November 16, 1869, was son of Lemuel, born January 29, 1741, died before 1797, married, February 7, 1774, Mary, daughter of David and Thankful (Hatch) Dimmick. Lemuel was the son of Meletiah (2) Nye, born in Falmouth, Massachusetts, April 13, 1719, died in Pocasset, Massachusetts, December 23, 1777, married, December 18, 1740, Ruth, daughter of Moses and Mary Swift. Meletiah (2) was the son of Meletiah (1) Nye, born in Falmouth, Massachusetts, 1682, died there 1749; married (first), December 11, 1712, Sarah, daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah (Hatch) Wing. She was the mother of all his children and died 1734. Meletiah (1) Nye was the son of Ebenezer Nye; married Sarah, daughter of Thomas Gibbs. He was selectman of Falmouth, 1705-06; died, 1734, according to town records; family records say 1744. Ebenezer was the son of Benjamin Nye, the American ancestor, born at Biddeford, Kent, England, May 4, 1620, son of Thomas and Agnes Nye. Benjamin Nye came to America in the ship "Abigail" to Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1635, with Edmund Freeman's company. In 1636 he removed to Sandwich, Massachusetts, where he built both saw and fulling mills. In 1661 he was constable and jurymen. In 1673 he was again chosen constable. He married Katherine, daughter of Rev. Thomas Tupper, October 19, 1640.

(III) Francis Henry, son of John and Clementine (Nye) Bagley, was born at Hudson, New York, October 26, 1830, died there, October 20, 1902. He was connected with the New York Central railroad; Democrat in poli-

tics; member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married, at Athens, New York, January 26, 1853, Phoebe Ann Van Hoesen, born March 1, 1833, died December 15, 1891.

(IV) Emma, daughter of Francis Henry and Phoebe Ann (Van Hoesen) Bagley, was born in Hudson; married, July 25, 1888, Harry Sargent Speed (see Speed IV).

(The Van Hoesen Line).

In 1645, Jans Frause Van Hussuen, with his wife, Volkie Jurrianse, and son Jurrian, came to America and settled at Fort Orange and Beverwyck (now Albany), where he purchased land. His principal purchase was that of Claverack land, made June 5, 1662, of several hundred acres, including the site on which the city of Hudson now stands. It was bought for the sum of five hundred guilders, in beavers. The land was owned by two Indians, Parnetepiet and Tatan Kenaut; the sale was confirmed June 11, all the signatures being made with signs or marks. He died about 1667 and letters of administration were issued to his son Jurrian, August 2, 1703. Jurrian, eldest son of Jans Frause, by the laws of primogeniture became seized of the land, but an amiable petition was made by which he conveyed the lands adjoining the Hudson river, southerly of the ferry, to his brother Johannes, and notherly to his brother-in-law, Francis Harding, and wife Catherine and brother, Jacob Jans Van Hoesen. The deed was executed January 7, 1704, and recorded in Albany. Children of Jans Frause Van Hussuen: Jurrian; Jacob Jans; Anna, married Laykas Gerrites; Styntie, married Fan Tys Goes; Maria, married Hendrick Cocu-raltse; Catherine, married Frank Harding; Johannes; Volkert.

(II) Jacob Jans Van Hoesen, son of Jans Frause and Volkie (Jurrianse) Van Hussuen, was a freeholder in Claverack in 1720. He married Judith Cleaum. Children: Francis; Jan or Jan Jacob; Elsie, twin of Jan, born February 12, 1696.

(III) Francis, son of Jacob Jans and Judith (Cleaum) Van Hoesen, married Martije Van De Kar, widow of Garret Van Hoesen, in 1739. One child.

(IV) Jacob F., son of Francis and Martije (Van De Kar) (Van Hoesen) Van Hoesen, was born February 13, 1740, died November 14, 1819; married Rachel, born December 5, 1738, died 1796, daughter of Jan Casper and Hendriske Van Hoesen. Children: Casper, born June 23, 1768; Maria, March 31, 1770, died March 7, 1790; Francis, August 9, 1772, died February 20, 1847.

(V) Casper, son of Jacob F. and Rachel

(Van Hoesen) Van Hoesen, was born June 23, 1768, died January 5, 1855. He married Elsie Clow, died February 7, 1829. Children: Rachel, born December 4, 1790, died August 30, 1832; Jacob C., October 29, 1794; Garret, September 5, 1798; John, March 24, 1800; Isaac, September 10, 1802.

(VI) Jacob C., son of Casper and Elsie (Clow) Van Hoesen, was born October 29, 1794, died August 30, 1832; married, October 28, 1826, Sophia Van Dyke, born December 28, 1790, died July 13, 1857. Children: John, born November, 1827, died August 3, 1830; Catherine, October, 1829, died August, 1830; Catherine Sophia, June 31, 1831, died January 29, 1832; Phoebe Ann.

(VII) Phoebe Ann, daughter of Jacob C. and Sophia (Van Dyke) Van Hoesen, was born March 1, 1833; married, January 26, 1853, Francis H. Bagley (see Bagley III). Child, Emma.

(VIII) Emma, daughter of Francis H. and Phoebe Ann (Van Hoesen) Bagley, born September 13, 1864, married Harry Sargent Speed (see Speed IV).

The clan Armstrong was famed in Scotland for courage and patriotism. Scott, in the "Lay of the Last Minstrel," makes the chief say, when about to assemble the clans for some daring enterprise:

"I need not go to Liddisdale,
To learn the name the bloody battle;
I know the name, and Armstrong's name."

The family tradition is that the name was originally bestowed upon a Highland chief for his great courage and physical powers. Another and better authenticated tradition is that the name Armstrong is derived from the following circumstance: "An ancient king of Scotland, having his horse killed under him in battle, was immediately remounted by Fairbairn, his armor bearer, who took the king by the thigh and placed him in the saddle, although heavily weighted by armor. For this timely assistance and feat of strength, the king amply rewarded him with lands on the border; gave him the name of Armstrong, and assigned him for crest an armed hand and arm; in the left hand a leg and foot in armor couped at the thigh all proper."

(I) The emigrant ancestor of the Armstrongs of Hudson, herein recorded, is William, a descendant of the Scotch family that settled in the north of Ireland. He may have been connected with the Armstrongs of Massachusetts and Connecticut, but seems to be an independent branch in this country. William came from Ireland and settled early in

the town of Warwick, Orange county, New York. He had several children who were grown up at the time of the revolution. The family tradition is that his wife was a descendant of Bishop Lattimore.

(II) Benjamin, son of William Armstrong, was born about 1760. He settled in Albany county, New York, later becoming a farmer of the town of Duanesburg, Schenectady county, where he reared a family and died. He married and had William.

(III) William (2), son of Benjamin Armstrong, of Albany and Schenectady counties, New York, was born about 1770, died in New York City, early in the nineteenth century. He was by occupation a weaver and settled in New York City after learning his trade. He married Elizabeth Reed, died in New York City prior to 1834.

(IV) William (3), son of William (2) and Elizabeth (Reed) Armstrong, was born in Schenectady, New York, October 22, 1800, died in Hudson, New York, April 18, 1891. When nine years of age his parents removed to New York City, where he was educated and learned the tailor's trade. About 1830 he removed to Hudson, where he started a merchant tailoring establishment, continuing successfully until his retirement in 1860. He was a member of the Presbyterian church of Hudson, and a Democrat, although never actively engaged in politics. He married, in Hudson, November 20, 1834, Mary Clark, born in that city July 5, 1807, died there, May 3, 1889, daughter of Cornelius Clark, born in 1773, died in Catskill, New York, January, 1814; married, 1805, in Albany, New York, Elizabeth Case, born in Rhode Island in 1790, reared by her Grandmother Johnson in Lebanon, New York, died in Hudson, August 3, 1834, a devoted member of the Protestant Episcopal church. Children: 1. Ellen E., married William Hedges, a wood engraver of New York City, their present home. 2. Mary J., married Edwin Hedges, whom she survives, a resident of Washington, D. C.; child, George P. 3. Lou M., resident of New York City. 4. James Clark, of further mention. 5. Charles O., for many years a locomotive engineer, now of New York City.

(V) James Clark, son of William (3) and Mary (Clark) Armstrong, was born in Hudson, New York, January 30, 1843. He was educated in the public schools. On April 20, 1863, he began his career as a railroad man, taking a position as fireman on the Western railroad (now Boston & Albany). April 15, 1864, he was promoted engineer, and is still running on the same road. In 1886 he was elected alderman from the second ward of

Hudson. He has been connected with the fire department of Hudson since 1863, and in 1873-74 was chief engineer of the department. In 1905 he was appointed fire commissioner, serving until elected mayor of Hudson in 1909. He has admirably filled the office of chief magistrate of his city and still continues in that office (1911). He is an active Democrat and influential in his party. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Lodge, Chapter, Council, and Commandery of Knights Templar, all of Hudson. He is a member of Greenbush Division No. 59, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. He married, February 22, 1869, Mary, daughter of Eli Abbey, a blacksmith of Albany, where he is buried in Rural cemetery, and Mary (Collings) Abbey. Children: 1. Mary Abbey, married Fred N. Spencer, an optician of Hudson, son of Edmund Spencer; children, Ralph and Margery A. 2. James Clark (2), born August 13, 1880, educated in the city schools, now in the plumbing business in Hudson.

DALEY The founder of this branch of the Daley family, which has been seated in the town of Chatham, Columbia county, New York, for nearly a century and a half, was Obadiah Daley, born in the north of Ireland, between the years 1750 and 1760. He was a Protestant in religious faith and a communicant of the Presbyterian church. He married, in Chatham, New York, a widow, Mrs. Betsey Chadwick. They were the parents of a large family, all members of the Presbyterian church. They settled in the town of Chatham, New York, in the part known as Old Chatham, where they are both buried.

(II) Joseph, son of Obadiah and Betsey (Chadwick) Daley, was born in Old Chatham, Columbia county, New York, in 1785. He became a farmer of the town, and was noted for his methodical, thorough habits. A stone wall, built by him to enclose his farm, well illustrates his character. Though built a century ago, it still stands in good condition, serving the purpose for which it was intended. Some years after the death of his first wife he removed to the state of Ohio, where he died, aged eighty years. He was Whig in politics, affiliating late in life with the Republican party. He continued in the family faith, a consistent member of the Presbyterian church of Chatham.

He married (first) Hannah Sonn, who died in Chatham, New York, prior to his removal to Ohio. He married (second) a wife who died without issue. Children: Daniel, of further mention; Lewis, Hiram, Henry,

William, Hezekiah, John, Dyer, Lester, Saphronia.

(III) Daniel, son of Joseph and Hannah (Sonn) Daley, was born in Chatham, New York, in 1814, died there in 1890. He was a life-long resident of Chatham. Early in life, he was a blacksmith, and later a farmer of the town, successful and highly respected. He was an active Republican, and an exemplary member of the East Chatham Baptist church. He married, in Chatham, Mary A. Champlin, who, like her husband, was a devoted Baptist, and a truly good Christian woman. She was born in Westerly, Rhode Island, a descendant of the early pioneer of that name. Her parents were William and Polly (Kenyon) Champlin, who came from Westerly to Chatham, where all their children were born except the eldest, Mary A. Children of Daniel and Mary A. Daley: 1. Mary, died unmarried. 2. Sarah J., married James Albertson, whom she survives, a resident of Millbrook, New York, having issue. 3. Lucy, died young. 4. William, an attorney at law, now deceased; he married Kitty Bailey, who survives him with issue. 5. George K., of further mention. 6. James B., who is yet living, a widower with issue. 7. Henry, of Coxsackie, New York, married Harriet Osborne, and has issue. 8. Charles, resident of Chatham, married Maria Palmer, who died leaving issue. 9. Joseph, died young.

(IV) George K., son of Daniel and Mary A. (Champlin) Daley, was born on the old homestead in Chatham, New York, February 28, 1842. He was educated in the public schools, and choosing the profession of law prepared in the office of Judge Straight, of Nassau, and Judge Cadman, of Chatham. In 1863 he was admitted to the bar of Columbia county, and established his law office in Chatham, where he has since been continuously in the practice of his profession. He is a lawyer of high standing and has a state-wide reputation. He has built up a large and lucrative practice and has been particularly successful in his numerous damage suits against corporations. For forty-one years he has been a prominent factor in the upbuilding and development of Chatham, giving freely of his time and ripe experience to assist in creating a modern, prosperous village. He has served in many of the town offices, and since 1898 has been justice of the peace. He was for many years an active Republican, but later affiliated with the Democratic party. In church fellowship he unites with the Reformed congregation. He married, November 4, 1879, in Chatham, Mrs. Emma C. (Lasher) Decker, born in Stanford, Dutchess county,

New York, in December, 1847 (see Decker (VI)).

She was well educated in the public schools, and after her marriage to Mr. Daley began the study of law under his direction. She pursued a thorough, systematic course of study, and although not a member of the bar is well versed in legal lore, and is a wise and safe counsellor. Her ability is so well known that she was selected to prepare a digest of decisions of the United States supreme court and some fifty volumes were prepared under her able management, and bear her name. Her mental equipment is of the highest order, and in her husband's legal practice she is an active partner, stopping only at actual courtroom presentation of the trial causes. She stands second to none in the county in her knowledge of the law and its skillful applications. She is a daughter of Edward Lasher, of whom further below.

(The Lasher Line).

The Lashers of Columbia county descend from Sebastian Loescher, who came to West Camp (Saugerties, Ulster county, New York) in 1710. With his wife Elizabeth and children. He is supposed to have been a German and a Palatine, although there is no positive proof that he was either. Many of the family believe he was a descendant of Solomon La Chaire, of New York city, a lawyer, practicing there from 1645 to 1662. Others claim that he was an elder brother of John Lasher, who came with him to this country, remaining in New York city, working at the cordwainer's trade. The actual fact known is that he was at West Camp in 1710, and that his name appears (under the date of August 26, 1704) on a list of those willing to stay at Livingston Manor, East Camp (Germantown, Columbia county, New York). He had children: Sebastian, born 1696; George, born 1703; Conrad, of further mention; Maria, baptized June 1, 1710; Elizabeth, baptized June 1, 1710.

(II) Conrad, son of Sebastian and Elizabeth Loescher (Lasher), was born in 1708. He married Angeline Sestis, and had children baptized at Athens, Germantown and Rhinebeck, New York. Children: Gerrit, a soldier of the revolution; John, of further mention; Anna Maria; George; Sebastian; Conrad (2).

(III) John, second son of Conrad and Angeline (Sestis) Lasher, was baptized November 27, 1733, will proved November 16, 1796. He married, April 6, 1756, Christina Holtzappel. Children: 1. Philip, married Elizabeth Schumacher. 2. William, a soldier of the revolution, married Susanna Klein. 3. Mar-

kus, baptized January 4, 1764. 4. Peter B., of further mention. 5. Gertrude, married Peter B. Lasher. 6. John (2), baptized December 4, 1772. 7. Christina, January 2, 1774. 8. Conrad C., April 11, 1775. 9. George, born in Germantown in 1768; settled in the town of Root, Montgomery county, New York; married, November 22, 1795, Catharina Ecker; both are buried on the old farm where they settled.

(IV) Peter B., son of John and Christina (Holtzappel) Lasher, was baptized July 12, 1765, died June 8, 1841. He lived at Gallatinville, New York; married Elizabeth Erkenbright, who died May 25, 1843. Children: 1. Anna, married Jeremiah G. Ham. 2. Philip P., baptized November 13, 1803; married, August 30, 1826, Sally Snyder. 3. Jacob, baptized February 9, 1806; married, June 23, 1831, Maria Van Tassel. 4. Margaret, baptized July 12, 1812. 5. Peter P., of Clermont, New York; married Elizabeth ——. 6. Samuel, of further mention. 7. John, married, May 30, 1833, Christina Patrick.

(V) Samuel, son of Peter B. and Elizabeth (Erkenbright) Lasher, married Hannah Tinklepaugh, who died at the advanced age of ninety-four years. She was a member of the Dutch Reformed church, as was her husband. They lived at Manorton, Columbia county, New York. Children: 1. Edward, of further mention. 2. Sabrina, baptized June 12, 1825, married Caleb Walcott, and resided at Gallatinville. 3. John, baptized December 5, 1827; married and has children. 4. Almira, baptized November 8, 1829.

(VI) Edward, son of Samuel and Hannah (Tinklepaugh) Lasher, was baptized August 25, 1821, died at Valatia, New York, in 1888. He was a farmer and hotel keeper, and lived at Gallatinville, Columbia county, New York. He married Catharine C. Card, born in Columbia county, 1822, died 1900, daughter of Eaton and Charlotte (Wintherell) Card. She was a member of the Lutheran church. Children: 1. Remus E., a real estate dealer of Valatie, New York, and owner of the local telephone line; married Vinnie Y. Randerson; children: Harry B., Edward C., James E., Matthew C., Frances V., Emma C. 2. Sarah, died at the age of sixteen years. 3. Emma C., married (first) Sidney Decker, born 1842, died 1870, leaving a son Homer L., born September 23, 1867, in the town of Livingston, Columbia county, New York; educated in the public schools of Chatham; first engaged in the jewelry business, later in Chatham as a liveryman and still continues; he married Charlotte Barringer; Emma C. married (second) George K. Daley; no issue (see Daley IV).

BEHAN The Behan family of Albany descend from an Irish ancestry seated in Adare, Ireland. The grandfather of Thomas Frederick Behan, the representative member of the present day family, was John Behan, born in Adare in 1780; followed the occupation of a farmer; was a member of the Roman Catholic church; married, 1804, Katherine Cullen, and had children: Thomas, of further mention; James, born 1820; Katherine, 1831; Mary, 1833.

(II) Thomas, eldest son of John and Katherine (Cullen) Behan, was born in Adare, Ireland, August 15, 1827, died in Albany, New York, June 15, 1888. He began his business life as manager of a tobacco and snuff factory in Adare, continuing in that position until 1850, when he came to the United States, locating in Albany, New York. He again engaged in business as manager of the firm of Reed & Davis, one of the largest importing and wholesale wine and liquor houses in the state. In 1857 he resigned his position and established the same business under his own name, continuing until his death in 1888. He prospered exceedingly and in 1870 was rated one of Albany's wealthiest business men. Most of his fortune, however, was lost during the disastrous panic of 1872-73. He was a devoted member of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church and one of its greatest benefactors. When the new church edifice was erected in 1867, he was the business adviser of the Rev. Clarence A. Walworth, the pastor, who relied implicitly on his judgment in matters regarding the financing of the building, a large undertaking in those days. In 1866-67 he, in association with the late Peter Cagger and William Cassidy, acted as a committee in purchasing the property on the Troy road as a site for St. Agnes's cemetery, and was one of the original trustees of that corporation. He was a Democrat in politics and although tendered several local offices of importance by his party, steadfastly refused political preferment. He possessed a large library of carefully selected books and was a close student of the best in literature. He married, at Troy, New York, November 25, 1855, Winifred, born in Plattsburg, New York, April 1, 1831, daughter of James McManus. The McManus family came originally from the north of Ireland. James McManus, born in the town of Boyle, 1797, a school teacher, later teller of the Agricultural Bank of Boyle, emigrated to America in 1850 and settled in New York. His son, Thomas McManus, settled in Troy, New York, where he made a fortune in river transportation companies. During the civil war the steamers and barges owned by his

companies were in the service of the government transporting men and supplies from northern ports to Fortress Monroe. He studied law and in 1871 was admitted to the bar, and became one of the leading lawyers of Troy, and held elective local office. He married, in 1867, Isabella Montague. Elizabeth McDermott, maternal grandmother of Thomas F. Behan, was born in 1796 in French Park, Ireland, daughter of Luke and Winifred (McDermott) McDermott (not related save by marriage). Thomas and Winifred Behan had children: Mary, Katherine, Winifred G., John V., Margaret, Emma R., Thomas F., of further mention, Joseph C., Jay W., all born in Albany, New York.

(III) Thomas Frederick, son of Thomas and Winifred (McManus) Behan, was born in Albany, New York, January 10, 1869. He was educated in public and private schools of that city. On completing his studies he entered the New York State Insurance Department at Albany as junior clerk. From his entrance in 1883 until 1905 he passed through several grades of promotion until he reached the grade of chief clerk. In 1906 he was appointed third deputy superintendent of insurance and served as such under the administrations of Otto H. Kelsey and William H. Hotchkiss, 1906-10. In 1906 Mr. Behan was admitted to the bar of the state, having prepared thoroughly and passed the necessary examination. He is a Democrat in politics; member of Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception. His club is the Albany, which he joined in 1897. In 1904 he was elected to the board of governors, serving 1904-05-06. He is unmarried.

Among the early settlers of the northern part of the town of Ghent, Columbia county, New York, was Godfrey Garner, born 1739, died 1807, who purchased a tract of land including the farm later occupied by his grandson, Aaron C. Garner. He married Catherine Cooper, and had sons, Godfrey Martin and Christopher, who became prominent citizens of the town and were pillars of the early Dutch Reformed church.

(II) Christopher, son of Godfrey and Catherine (Cooper) Garner, was born in the town of Ghent, Columbia county, New York, in 1786, died 1853. He was a farmer, and in 1841-42 was supervisor of the town. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed church, as were many of the Garners, his relations. He married Helen Huyck and had issue.

(III) Aaron C., son of Christopher and Helen (Huyck) Garner, was born in Ghent,

Columbia county, New York, in 1820, died January 9, 1892. He was educated in the town schools, grew up a farmer, owned and cultivated the Garner homestead, first taken up by his grandfather, Godfrey Garner. He was a successful man of business, and a leading member of the Dutch Reformed church of Ghent. He married (first) Sarah Snyder, (second) Christina Van Deusen, died June 21, 1904; sons: Christopher H., Martin, George R. and Frederick.

(IV) George R., son of Aaron C. and Christina (Van Deusen) Garner, was born at Ghent, Columbia county, New York, on the Garner homestead, July 4, 1879. He was educated in the public schools and at Chatham Academy. After completing his studies he returned to the farm and became his father's assistant. After the death of the latter, the son continued the operation of the farm and so continues. He is modern and up-to-date in his methods and is rated a man of success. He served as collector of the town two years, collector of the school district four years, and since 1907 has been supervisor, being elected in 1909 without opposition. He adheres to the religious faith of his fathers, worshipping with the Dutch Reformed congregation of Ghent. His orders are the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Hudson Lodge, No. 787; Knights of Pythias; Cascade Lodge, No. 107, of Philmont; Modern Woodmen of America, Chatham Camp, No. 10,315. Mr. Garner is unmarried.

BROWN

The branch of the Brown family herein recorded traces its origin to the year 1538, when

Henry VIII. gave to Sir Anthony Brown, Knight, divers manors in Sussex and the priory of St. Mary Overy in Southwark. He died in 1568. His eldest son, Anthony, who was created Viscount Montague in 1554, died before his father, in 1562, leaving children by two wives. By his first wife, Jane, daughter of the Earl of Sussex, he had one son, Anthony, who succeeded his father to the title of viscount, and later to his grandfather's manors and priory, died in 1592 without leaving legal heirs, and the estate and title then passed to the children of his father by his second marriage with Margaret, daughter of Lord Dacre. Although there were several sons by this marriage, strange to say none ever appeared to claim the estate and title, and all attempts to trace them in England signally failed.

It is believed in England that the heirs of the two younger sons, George and William, emigrated to America about the year 1680, and

that the heir of the latter, William Brown, settled in Pennsylvania.

(I) The first Brown of record to settle in the state of New York was Henry Brown, one of the first settlers, who purchased a tract of land, part of which was in Mapletown, but on account of threats of the Tories, who had their ammunition near the White House bridge, and after the burning of his house, he changed his place of residence to Albany, accompanied by all his family with the exception of Nathaniel. He was the father of several sons and daughters, among whom was Nathaniel, see forward, Nicholas, Peter. In the documentary history of New York there is record of a grant of land to Henry Brown's wife that was confiscated. She was related to the late President Rutherford B. Hayes.

(II) Nathaniel, son of Henry Brown, was born in Hoosick, New York. He was a farmer and large land owner, possessing four farms, on one of which were fine quarries of slate, which he opened and operated; these quarries were on the road leading from Hoosick village to Hoosick Falls and were considered of great importance. He was a member of the Baptist church and otherwise prominent in the town. He married Margaret, daughter of Nicholas and Margaret Powers, who came from Livingston Manor to Hoosick, one of the first settlers, whose farm joined that of Henry Brown. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Powers: Eve, born December 6, 1773; Catherine, November 1, 1775; Margaret, April 15, 1779; Hannah, July 1, 1781. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Brown: 1. Adelia, married Jesse L. Raymer; she died about 1890; children: Allen and Almon; grandchildren: Adelia, Mary, Nellie, Amelia. 2. Albert, of whom further. 3. Amelia, married Hiram Knapp, who was a prosperous farmer, owning an estate in North Bennington, Vermont, where his wife died about 1835, which is now owned and cultivated by his only son, Charles Knapp, who married Mary Helen — and has a son Edward. 4. Nicholas P., born May 29, 1809, died July 24, 1893; he was a farmer of the town of Hoosick; married, October 18, 1838, Minerva Lamb, of Pittstown, born September 22, 1818, died March 14, 1897, who bore him six children, three sons and three daughters, two are deceased, Caroline L., the eldest, and Amelia E., a graduate of Lansingburg Female Seminary; the remainder, Mary Jane, Willard, Hayner and George Edward, reside on the old homestead on the Hill road to Hoosick Falls, where their father and grandfather Powers lived. 5. Abigail, married Harvey Russell; children: Two sons in civil war; George, deceased; Joseph, living; she died

about 1850 and is buried in Mapletown cemetery.

(III) Colonel Albert Brown, son of Nathaniel and Margaret (Powers) Brown, was born at Hoosick in August, 1806; died December 22, 1883. He started out in life when quite young with little capital, but with an energy and ambition that nothing could daunt. He became a farmer, accumulated a goodly estate, attained a prominent position in the town, reared a large family, and died universally respected. He was active in military life, beginning in the ranks and rising to the rank of colonel of the regiment, in which capacity he served ten years, holding the same until his resignation. He served as justice of the peace, being repeatedly elected, and there was no more active or useful citizen in the town than Colonel Brown. He was a regular attendant of the Baptist church, and an ardent Democrat. He married, September 8, 1830, Millissa D. Covell, born March 4, 1810, died March 19, 1872. Children: 1. George Washington, of whom further. 2. Adelia M., born May 18, 1833; married, September 22, 1852, Addison H. Armstrong; lives in Marcellus, Onondaga county, New York; children: two deceased; Lewis; Lyman; Albert; Florence, married ——— Gilbert; has three children; May. 3. Priscilla L., born April 27, 1835, died September 9, 1870; married, October 1, 1855, G. Edward Armstrong; children: Charles, married, one child; Moses, married, has Fremont, Charles, Sarah, Dora, Julia. 4. Charles A., born May 7, 1837; married (first) June 10, 1863, Mary A. Babcock; (second) Marion A. Babcock; children: i. Charles Albert, resides in Jacksonville, Florida, engaged in the real estate business and prominent as a citizen; married and has two children; ii. Alice, married Charles Fischer; one child, Albert; resides in Rochester, New York, where he is a successful plumber; iii. Katharine, married Harry Greene; two children, Charles and Marian; resides in Plainfield, New Jersey; iv. Henrietta, married Raymond Greene in 1910; resides in Brooklyn, New York; v. Almond, married and has a son and daughter; resides in New York City; vi. Harry, married and has three children, two daughters and a son; resides in Brooklyn. 5. Richard C., born April 22, 1839, of whom further. 6. Julia Francis, born July 26, 1841; married (first) John H. Armstrong, January 9, 1866; (second) C. H. Plant; now living in Syracuse, New York. 7. Mary M., born December 25, 1843, died September 21, 1845. 8. Henry Marcus, born March 29, 1846, died 1905. 9. Ethel D., born September 3, 1849, died July 24, 1880; married

C. H. Plant (his first wife), April 17, 1873; children: i. Mabel, married Marx Haswell, 1910, one son; resides in Hoosick, New York; ii. Ethel, lives in Syracuse, New York. 10. Florence, born May 19, 1852; married Dr. J. W. Joslyn, one son Whitman; resides in Johnstown, New York, a successful physician. 11. Mary Melissa, born August 21, 1855; married, September 12, 1876, Royal Bosworth; children: Grace and Alfred; resides in Hoosick village.

(IV) George Washington, son of Colonel Albert and Millissa D. (Covell) Brown, was born in the town of Hoosick, New York, June 28, 1831. In 1852, at the age of twenty-one, he married Mary J. Wallace and settled on what is known as the Wallace farm, on the River road, between Hoosick and Hoosick Falls, living there all their lives; his wife died March 6, 1910. Mr. Brown dealt in general produce, fertilizer, coal, feed, etc., at one time, while living in Hoosick village. He held important town offices, was justice of the peace several terms and poor commissioner for three terms. He has always been an ardent Democrat, and during the civil war was firm in his support of the Union. He was a member of the choir of the Hoosick Baptist Church, having sung with that musical organization for twenty-two years. During a period of nearly fifty years the entire choir was composed mostly of the Browns and their relatives. Children of George W. and Mary J. (Wallace) Brown: 1. Mary Elizabeth, married J. M. Haswell; children: i. William W., married Gertrude Richmond and has son, Joseph; ii. Albert, an osteopath physician in Springfield, Massachusetts; iii. King, residing at home at present (1911); iv. Kenneth, residing at home; Mr. Haswell died in 1910. 2. Georgianna M., married Frederic Pickering, September, 1910.

(IV) Richard Covell, son of Colonel Albert and Millissa D. (Covell) Brown, was born on the old Hoosick homestead of the Brown family, April 22, 1839. He purchased a farm in Cattaraugus county, New York, on which he lived for several years, and in 1885 returned to Hoosick and purchased the old homestead, consisting of one hundred and eighty-five acres, where he resides at the present time. Mr. Brown, his wife, during her lifetime, and seven of their children are members of the Baptist church in Hoosick, in which he filled the office of trustee for eighteen consecutive years. He is a Democrat in politics, highly respected for his sterling qualities. He married, May 16, 1865, Mary Crandall, born April 5, 1845, died January 6, 1901, daughter of Lewis and Amanda (Gleason)

Crandall. Children: 1. Clarence C., born October, 1866; resides in state of Washington, real estate dealer; water power; married Jennie Dorn, of Sloansville, New York; has a son Dorn Brown; he is a Blue Lodge Mason. 2. Lewis C., born April 2, 1868; resident of the city of New York; principal owner of the New York Tin Roof Painting Company; ran for state senator, congress, etc., on the Prohibition ticket; member of Baptist church; a Shrine Mason. 3. George E., born March 7, 1870; resident of Jacksonville, Florida, engaged in building and real estate; married Lela Grogan; children: Dorothy, Mildred and Richard. 4. Frank M., born April 19, 1872; a resident of Greensboro, North Carolina; married Alice Harris and has a daughter, Elizabeth, born in 1910. 5. Ellen A., married Dr. M. W. Stearns, of Schenectady; daughter, Mary Ellen, born in 1909. 6. Albert, born February 19, 1877; married Minnie Burton and has a son Burton, born 1905, lives in Lansingburg; laundryman. 7. Marcus H., born 1879; a resident of the state of Oregon, real estate dealer and property owner. 8. Arthur R., born 1884; engaged in business with brother, Marcus H., in Oregon. 9. De Witt, born September 18, 1885; married Emma Sweet in 1910.

This branch of the SLINGERLAND Slingerland family de-

scend from Tuenise Corneliese Slingerland, born 1617, who emigrated from Amsterdam, Holland, in 1650, settling in Beverwyck. He purchased from the Indians a tract of ten thousand acres lying in what is now the towns of Bethlehem and New Scotland, Albany county, New York. The chiefs who conveyed the land, Wolf, Bear and Turtle, represented three tribes who were original owners of the land. Much of this land yet remains in the Slingerland name. He married (first) Engeltje Albertse Bradt; (second) April 9, 1684, Geertie Fonda, widow of Jan Bikker. Of his children those who reached maturity and left families are: Arent, Albert, Cornelis, Elizabeth, who married Thomas Eackars, of New York City. Albert is the ancestor of the family in Slingerlands, Bethlehem town, whose leading representative, William Harris Slingerland, died at an advanced age, ninety-two years, in 1910.

(II) Arent, son of the "emigrant and founder," Tuenise Cornelise Slingerland, inherited lands from his father to which he added. He was twice married, his second wife being Gertrude Van Voorst, whom he married October, 1688. In his will, made January 28, 1712-13, he mentions children: Johannes, born May 10,

1685; Engeltje, November 10, 1689; Tuenise, of further mention; Gerrit, May 2, 1697; Sara, July 21, 1700; Alberties, January 2, 1704.

(III) Tuenise, son of Arent and Gertrude (Van Voorst) Slingerland, was baptized March 18, 1694. He married (first) Elizabeth Van Der Zee, October 4, 1719; (second) Cornelia Kipp, July 5, 1724. He was buried June 29, 1746, his wife, March 16, 1745. Children baptized: Arent, April 24, 1720; Wouter, November 4, 1722; Hester, January 19, 1729; Albert, November 27, 1732; Isaac, August 13, 1734; Geesie, September 12, 1736; Engeltje, December 25, 1738; Abram, of further mention; Anna, February 22, 1741; Geertruy, September 25, 1743.

(IV) Abram, son of Tuenise and Elizabeth (Van Der Zee) Slingerland, was baptized November 29, 1739. He married, December 4, 1756, Rebecca Vele. Children: Tuenis, baptized October 2, 1757; Petrus, of further mention; Abraham, born December 13, 1762; Catherine, May 10, 1765; Cornelis, August 28, 1767; Maria, December 15, 1769; Albert, December 24, 1773; Stephanes, October 23, 1775.

(V) Petrus, son of Abram and Rebecca (Vele) Slingerland, was born March 4, 1760. He married, January 2, 1785, Maritie Van der Werker. Child, Abraham.

(VI) Abraham, son of Petrus and Maritie (Van der Werker) Slingerland, was born May 20, 1793. He married Lydia Van Pelt. Children: Christopher D.; Charles B., of further mention; Louisa Malvina; Hiram; Julia; George Oscar. All deceased except George Oscar, now living in St. Louis, Missouri, who was a private in a regiment in New York. Abraham was a soldier in the war of 1812.

(VII) Charles B., son of Abraham and Lydia (Van Pelt) Slingerland, was born at Detroit, Michigan, September 5, 1820, died at Round Lake, Saratoga county, New York, in 1897. In 1841 he settled in Troy, where he was educated and passed his business life. He was a successful business man, engaged principally in manufacturing lumber and in real estate. In 1880 he retired from active life. He married Delia Ann Slingerland, of Yates county, New York, who bore him seven children, now (1910) all deceased except George O., and Augusta Thankful, who married H. L. Kemp, of Cohoes, New York.

(VIII) George Oscar, son of Charles B. and Delia Ann (Slingerland) Slingerland, was born in Green Island, Albany county, New York, August 12, 1872. He was educated in the public schools of Green Island and Troy. He began his business life in a paper box factory and later became a manufacturer, a

business he is yet engaged in, in a factory and office at Mechanicsville, New York. He is a prosperous and efficient man of affairs and prominent in public life. He is now serving a third term as trustee of the village corporation and president of the Mechanicsville chamber of commerce. He is affiliated with Montgomery Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Stillwater, Ondawa Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Mechanicsville, and the Knights of Pythias of Cohoes. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of St. Luke's Episcopal Church. He belongs to the Holland Society of New York by virtue of his Dutch ancestor, Tuenise Cornelise Slingerland. He married, December 24, 1895, Isabelle Agnes, daughter of David and Mary (Robbins) Robertson, of Pittsfield, Massachusetts.

VAN TUYL son of George Casey (1) and Angeline Elizabeth (Hawley) Van Tuyl, was born in Albany, New York, April 3, 1872. He received his education in the city of his birth, and in starting on his career was connected with the National Exchange Bank in a minor capacity, but remaining with that institution until 1900, was its teller when called to the position of secretary and treasurer on the organization of the Albany Trust Company. In October, 1906, he was made its vice-president as the result of the expansion of the company by its rapid growth. On the retirement of Mr. Horace G. Young, Mr. Van Tuyl was made the president of the Albany Trust Company, which office he assumed July 3, 1908, and by his courteous consideration shown to customers he not only acquired a large circle of valued friends but advanced the interests of the corporation in proportion, so that it has prospered materially. Among the offices he holds are: president and director of Albany Trust Company, director of the First National Bank, trustee of the Albany Exchange Savings Bank, director of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of the Niagara Falls Trust Company, of the First National Bank of Ravena, New York. He attends the Episcopal church, and is a member of the Fort Orange, Country and Albany clubs. He married, at Albany, October 14, 1903, Georgina, daughter of George Archibald and Sarah (Cook) Birch, who died at Albany, May 17, 1906.

POWELL This family descends from Thomas Powell, of Wales, Great Britain, who was one of the purchasers and patentees of Huntington, Long Island, in 1664. He was a man of

means and of prominence. He purchased, August 18, 1695, from "Mawmee, alias Serevanus, William Chepy and all ye rest of ye Indian proprietors" for and in consideration of one hundred and forty pounds, the tract land on which the village of Bethpage is now situated. Patents were issued for these purchases by Governor Dongan to Thomas Powell in 1664 and in 1695. The latter purchase became the family seat, Thomas (2) settling thereon the same year.

(1) Thomas Powell was born in Wales, Great Britain, August, 1641, died at Westbury, Long Island, December 28, 1721. Huntington records show that he was frequently elected to fill important positions in the township, the first of which appears to have been in 1663, when at the age of twenty-two he was made recorder, which office he held for about twenty years; in 1667 he was constable. "Every constable shall have a staff six feet long with the king's arms on it, as a badge of his authority." He was appointed surveyor, in 1679, to lay out land in the East Riding, and overseer in 1672. He was again chosen constable in 1682, but refused to serve, being "scrupulous of swearing as the law directs." The constable had to swear to levy and collect the church rates. After the year 1688, at which time he was surveyor, he was more engaged with appointments in Friends Meetings than public business. He attended the monthly meetings which were held alternately at Jericho and Westbury. The last mention of his name on the records was in this wise: "28-12mo. 1721 died Thomas Powell Senr., being well respected as a worthy Friend, and died in Unity with Friends." His first wife was unknown. Children: 1. Thomas, of further mention. 2. Abigail, born April 18, 1668; married Richard Willits, March 15, 1690, at Huntington, Long Island; she died February 9, 1757. 3. Elizabeth, married Samuel Titus, June 9, 1691, at Bethpage; she died September 2, 1704. 4. John, married Margaret Hallock, October, 1704; he died 1738. 5. Jonas, married Anna ——. 6. Caleb, married Sarah ——; he died 1741. 7. Wait, died 1750. 8. Elisha, married Rebecca ——; he died 1734. Thomas Powell married (second) Elizabeth Phillips, of Jericho, Long Island, February 9, 1690 (at Edmund Titus' in Westbury). Children: 9. Hannah, born May 28, 1691; married William Willis, 1712, at Bethpage. 10. Phoebe, born October 6, 1693; married Henry Willis, 1712, at Bethpage; she died 1751. 11. Rachel, married Thomas Willets in 1719. 12. Mercy, born 1702; married Jacob Seaman, 1726; she died March 13, 1759. 13. Solomon, married Ruth Carman, 1730; he

died February 23, 1736. 14. Sarah, married Nathaniel Seaman, 1722. 15. Amy, Elizabeth Phillips, second wife of Thomas Powell, was daughter of John Townsend and widow of Theophilus Phillips, of Flushing; she was his third wife.

(II) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Powell, was born in Wales, Great Britain, died at Bethpage, Long Island, September 27, 1731. His home was the first white man's house built in that vicinity, although there were many Indian wigwams in the neighborhood. In 1727 Friends Meetings were held once a month, in first days, at his house, and in 1744 a meeting house was built. In his will he left his son Thomas four acres of land and the house that stands upon it—"My father's homestead," more than any other of the sons. He married Mary, daughter of Thomas Willets, of Jericho, Long Island, and Dinah Townsend, his wife. Children: 1. Samuel Prior, born 1692, died May 21, 1776. 2. Thomas, born May 30, 1693; married, December, 1724, Abigail Hallock; he died March 1, 1757. 3. Mary, born November 4, 1694, died February, 1695. 4. Abigail, born December 13, 1695; married, 1733, Peter Hallock. 5. Mary, born March 16, 1697; married, —, August 16, 1728. 6. Wait, born September 29, 1698; married, January 15, 1723, Mary Mudge; he died in 1782. 7. Amos, of Islip, born May 9, 1700, died January 14, 1749; in the year 1747 he accompanied John Woolman through Connecticut, when Woolman was on a religious visit to New England. 8. Moses, of further mention. 9. Richard, born April 17, 1704; married (first) Freelove Weeks; married (second) July 28, 1748, Jerusha Weeks; he died March 7, 1774. 10. Elizabeth, born October 11, 1705. 11. Hannah, born July 18, 1707; married Henry Whitson; born 1705; she died 1790. 12. Joshua, born May 18, 1709; married Phoebe, daughter of Richard Post. 13. Isaac, born April, 1711, died 1794; married, January 2, 1733, Marthe Whitman. 14. Martha, born June 29, 1713; married Francis Keen; she died March 24, 1773. 15. Deborah, born October 28, 1715; married, 1744, John Whitson.

(III) Moses, son of Thomas (2) and Mary (Willets) Powell, was born May 4, 1702, died 1774. In 1754 he sold his home and lands at Bethpage, Long Island, to Joseph Prior, and removed to Westchester county, New York, where he made his will dated 1774 at North Castle. He married, 1732, Catherine, daughter of John and Hannah Hallock, of Brookhaven. Children: 1. Moses, born January 26, 1733, died 1737. 2. John, of further mention. 3. Anna, born October 26, 1737; married,

March 17, 1757, Samuel Quimby and had Catherine and Jane. 4. Nathaniel, born 1739; married, 1767, Anna Sutton, born January 11, 1751, daughter of Joseph and Deborah Sutton. 5. Moses, born November 5, 1741; married Hannah Wheeler. 6. Hannah, born November 5, 1742; married, December 17, 1761, Benedict Carpenter. 7. Obadiah, born May 16, 1744. 8. Catherine, born March 30, 1746; married a Mr. Haut and had Mary Ann and Rebecca. 9. Edward, born March 5, 1748; married, had issue. 10. James, born December 25, 1750; married (first) —; (second) Martha Townsend, April 1, 1804. 11. Samuel, born November 30, 1752. 12. Elizabeth, born January 25, 1755; married Zebediah Dickinson and had Daniel, Isaac and Jacob. 13. Mary, born May 23, 1757; married a Mr. Gleason. 14. Isaac, born August 8, 1759; married, 1788, Phoebe Fowler.

(IV) John, son of Moses and Catherine (Hallock) Powell, was born November 10, 1734-35. He married, November 11, 1754-56, Elizabeth, daughter of Benjamin Kipp, born October 4, 1738. Children: Jacob, Daniel, Ann, Sarah, Abigail, Nathaniel and Benjamin.

(V) Jacob, son of John and Elizabeth (Kipp) Powell, married —. Children: 1. James, deceased. 2. Henry J., of further mention. 3. James, married and had five children. 4. Ammon, married and had five children. 5. Ruth, married (first) — Booth; (second) Benjamin Shelden.

(VI) Henry J., son of Jacob Powell, married Judith Rider. Children: 1. Jonathan R., of further mention. 2. Wilson M., married Sarah, daughter of Samuel Browne. 3. Albert G., married Eva —. 4. Maria, married Edwin Blackburn. 5. Mary. 6. Louisa, died November 27, 1884.

(VII) Jonathan R., son of Henry J. and Judith (Rider) Powell, was born in Old Chatham, February 2, 1828. He was educated in the public schools of Chatham and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. His occupation is farming, his property being one of the well-cultivated, attractive farms of "Old Chatham." He is a member of the Society of Friends, inheriting the faith of his early ancestor, Thomas Powell. He served his town several terms as supervisor. He married (first) Elizabeth Stark; (second) Anna, daughter of John and Ida Morrell. Children of second wife: 1. Lefferts M., born February 15, 1862; married Martha Carbee. 2. Jonathan R. (2), born May 11, 1864; married (first) Mary Betts, child, Jonathan R. (3); married (second) Lallia Bent; children: Wilson Randolph and Beverly. 3. Anna L., born October 18, 1866.

The American ancestor of this FOSTER branch of the Foster family came to this country from Exeter, Devonshire, England. He brought with him his wife Judith, five sons and two daughters. He settled in Ipswich, Massachusetts, about 1638, being one of the earliest settlers of the town. His descendants are many, and are to be found in every state in the Union.

(I) Asa Fitch Foster, the first of the line herein recorded, married and had a son, John Newton, see forward.

(II) John Newton, son of Asa Fitch Foster, was born in Utica, New York, June 28, 1836. He lost both parents while he was yet an infant, and the persons who reared him removed to Albany, New York, in 1836. He received his education in the Albany public schools, and on arriving at a suitable age was apprenticed to Lawson Annesley, who taught him the gilding trade. He later formed a partnership, and as Chapin & Foster was engaged in business in Albany, dealing in gilders' materials, pictures and frames. In 1873 he first connected with the fire insurance business patrol of Albany, and was appointed superintendent. He was prominent in public life, and held important public office. In 1878 he was elected to the state legislature and made a good record. For two years he was superintendent of the poor for Albany county, and during the panic years following 1872 was in charge of the relief store maintained in Albany. He married Mary A. Snyder, who bore him six children. He died April 13, 1895.

(III) Henry S., son of John Newton and Mary A. (Snyder) Foster, was born in Albany, New York, July 16, 1865. He attended the public schools until he reached the age of fifteen years, and then became a clerk in the office of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company (incorporated 1836). His entire business life has been spent in the service of this company, and to no one man should more credit be given for the high standing of this company. He has been successively book-keeper, cashier, and in November, 1893, succeeded George Cuyler as secretary and general manager, the office becoming vacant by death. This is one feature only of Mr. Foster's activity. He maintains close relations with many of the leading home and foreign insurance companies, representing them in all lines, life, fire and accident. His business is a large one, and is thoroughly systematized and ably managed. He is also a director in other associations, and connected with various business interests. He is a member of Temple Lodge, No. 14, Free and Accepted Masons, of

Albany. He is prominently connected with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and was an officer of the Grand Lodge. He is a member of the Albany Club and numerous associations, and politically a Republican.

The Montgomery county family SMITH of Smith here considered are of German descent and originally were Schmidt. They have been residents of the county since prior to the revolution. The emigrant ancestor came to America and Montgomery county at an early date, which cannot be given nor can his name. The family history begins with his son Jeremiah, see forward.

(II) Jeremiah Smith, son of the emigrant, was born near St. Johnsville, Montgomery county, New York, 1774, died in 1859. He learned the trade of a cooper, which he followed all his days. He was twice married, but there is no record of the names of his wives. Children: 1. Eleanor, married Nicholas Kretser, a harnessmaker of Amsterdam, New York, where their son, Eli Kretser, has succeeded him in business. 2. Jane, married Peter Allen, a farmer of Ephratah, Fulton county, New York; they had sons: Jeremiah, Emanuel, Ambrose, Hiram, Archibald and Clark; Archibald and Hiram are deceased (1909). 3. Jeremiah, lived many years at Rockwood, New York, where he died, an old man, leaving a family. 4. John, was a successful farmer of Fulton county, New York, where he died at the age of eighty; he married and reared a family. 5. Emanuel, enlisted for three years in the Thirteenth Regiment, Heavy New York Artillery; served his term and was honorably discharged; married Susiana Campbell, who survives him with an only son, Peter, in Fairfield, Herkimer county, New York. 6. Peter, a successful farmer of western New York; married and has sons: Asa, Cornwallis and John E.; Asa, the eldest son, served for over three years in the Union army during the civil war; was three times wounded and died two years after his return from the war; unmarried. 8. David, see forward.

(III) David, son of Jeremiah Smith, was born in Montgomery county, New York, January 1, 1821. He followed farming until 1863, when he enlisted in the Thirteenth Regiment, New York Heavy Artillery, Colonel Walsh's regiment; remained in service two years; received serious injuries for which later he was granted a pension. He returned to Fulton county, New York, where he was a farmer and also carried on a mason business until his death in 1907. He married in Ephra-

tah, Fulton county, New York, Nancy Coole, born there in 1823, died March 19, 1907, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Baum) Coole, lifelong residents in the Mohawk Valley. She was a granddaughter of Philip Cool, a native of Holland, an early settler in the vicinity of Fonda, Montgomery county, where he was killed by the Indians, with part of his family, in 1804. Nancy (Coole) Smith had a sister Mary, widow of Jacob Welrath, who still survives, resident of Ephratah. She also had a brother and three other sisters of whom there is no record. Children of David and Nancy (Coole) Smith: Adam K., living (1909); Anna, deceased; Alice, deceased; Mary E., living; Aaron, deceased; Stephen, deceased; Ambrose, living; David J., see forward; Oscar, living; Magdalene and Worth, deceased, dying on the same day from scarlet fever; of these children, Mary E. Smith married (1) Daniel D. Nellis; children: i. Leah, married Avery Smith, of Montgomery county, and has Ethelyn, aged twelve, and Alberta, aged seven. ii. Raymond D., married Jessie Flanders, and lives on his farm at Palatine Church. Mary E. (Smith) Nellis married (2) Alonzo Duesler; child: Effner A.

(IV) David J., son of David and Nancy (Coole) Smith, was born in Ephratah, New York, July 31, 1864. He was reared a farmer and has always followed that business. He owns and cultivates a fine farm of one hundred and sixty-seven acres in Minden that is being rapidly brought to a high state of cultivation. His native mechanical genius is turned to good account in his business, where so much machinery is now used. He is a member of the Universalist church, and supports the principles and candidates of the Democratic party. He married, in St. Johnsville, New York, Jennie M. Duesler, born in Oppenheim, Fulton county, New York, October 27, 1870, daughter of Menzo and Emma (Nellis) Duesler, both natives of Fulton county, parents of Jennie M., married David J. Smith; Frasier, died in infancy; Eva, born in 1880, married Howard Snell, a farmer of Oppenheim; Chauncey, born April 3, 1883, now of St. Johnsville; married Perly Failing. The Dueslers were of Dutch descent, their forbears being early settlers in the Mohawk Valley. Menzo Duesler died in 1897, aged fifty years; his widow, Emma (Nellis) Duesler, is still living (1909) on the old farm settled by her grandfather, Isaac Duesler, in the town of Oppenheim, where he died aged seventy-two. Children of David J. and Jennie M. (Duesler) Smith: Floyd, born September 13, 1890; Minnie M., March 8, 1892; Leah E., November 14, 1893; Frieda E., October 6, 1895.

This family is native to the Empire of Germany, where they have been established as artisans and agriculturists.

(I) Anthony Gangloff, the first of this line to settle in the United States, was born in Germany in 1822, died at Philmont, 1898. He was educated in the German schools, and learned the trade of shoemaker, a calling he followed all his life. In the year 1830 he came to the United States and settled in Paterson, New Jersey. He was a member of the Catholic church, and a supporter of the Democratic party. He married Mary Hummell, born in Germany in 1827, died at Philmont, 1900. Children: Sarah, married John Tompkins; Mary, married George A. Stein; John J., married Lena Culmer; Nellie, married George Taylor; Margaret, married Augustus Rucket; Joseph F., of further mention; Frances, unmarried.

(II) Joseph F., son of Anthony and Mary (Hummell) Gangloff, was born in Oxford, Chenango county, New York, December 3, 1869. He was educated in the public schools, finishing his studies at grammar school No. 25, New York City. Since youth he has been connected with manufacturing interests. For sixteen years he was with John Hay & Company, manufacturers of knit goods at Philmont, New York, occupying an important position. In September, 1906, he effected a reorganization of the McNamee Knitting Company and fills the position of superintendent and manager, being also a member of the board of directors. He is an active, energetic man of business and held in highest esteem by his associates. Politically he is a Republican; served as trustee of the village corporation of Philmont and is a member of the Republican committee. In religious faith he is a Catholic, and with his family communicant of Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Church at Philmont. He is an active member of the Knights of Columbus, Philmont Council. He married, February 14, 1900, Lillian M., born in Philmont, daughter of Edward L. and Maria (Van Clack) Bashford. Edward L. Bashford is a farmer of Columbia county. Children: Clement A., born February 11, 1901; Joseph A., September 6, 1902; Harold, August 5, 1904; Arthur, November 30, 1905; Mary, October 25, 1907; Robert, February 20, 1910.

In "Documentary History of New York," volume III, page 58, among the list of emigrants who embarked in the ship "Beaver," May, 1661, are the names of several persons all ending in Van Beest, which is taken to mean that this

was intended to designate them as being from the village of Beest in Holland, from which place they came. In early Dutch records the name Best first appears about 1700, which is the first since the before-mentioned emigration in 1661.

(I) Jacob Best settled at what is German-town, in 1710, on or near the lands bought for the German Palatines from Robert Livingston. He was a Palatine who volunteered for the expedition against Canada in 1711, his name being written Bast. Before 1750 his descendants were living on the Flats in Livingston Manor, near the Hollanders. Jacob Best married Anna Christina Dietrichin (Dederick), of Kingston. Children: Anna Maria, married John Mare; Elizabeth, married Heinrich Berringer; Johannes, of further mention; Harmanus, married Marytje Ruigh; Jacob, married Annatje Tact; Edward, married Coenradt Ray; Coenradt.

(II) Johannes, son of Jacob and Anna Christina (Dederick) Best, settled on a life-leased farm of one hundred and thirty acres in the northern part of Livingston Manor in the town of Clermont, Columbia county, New York.

His name appears on the register of the Dutch church of Johnstown, as deacon, January 7, 1759, elder, December 18, 1763. He served in the revolutionary war in the Tenth Regiment (Land Bounty Rights), Captain Conrad Cline, and in the Independent Company, Captain Petrus Van Gaasbeck. Five of his sons also served in different bodies of troops constituting the Albany county militia. One of the earliest wills on record in Columbia county is that of Johannes Best, made December 10, 1787, probated April 4, 1788. In it he speaks of himself as being "sick and weak of body," mentions his "dear and lovely wife," to whom he bequeaths two negro women, "Bet" and "Rose." He married, about 1740, Eva, daughter of Philip Lounart, of "Rhinebeck Precinct, Livingston Manor, Yoeman." Eva Best survived her husband and was living in 1790, occupying the old homestead "on the right hand side of the road to the Manor House from the Lir-ilithgo Reform Church, being the first house." Children: George (Jury), revolutionary soldier, married Marytje Hooft; Eva, married Hendrick Platner; Johannes, revolutionary soldier, married Margaret Mesick; Elizabeth, married Jacob Power; Jeremias, unmarried; William (Wilhelmus), revolutionary soldier, married Mary Platner; Anna, married Philip Rockefeller; Jacob, married Elizabeth (Eva) Smith; Benjamin, revolutionary soldier, unmarried; Catherine, married Elias Young;

Hendrick, unmarried; Peter, of further mention.

(III) Peter, youngest child of Johannes (John) and Eva (Lounart) Best, was a farmer of Livingston Manor, Columbia county, and an important public man. He served in the revolution as lieutenant in Captain Leonard Ten Broeck's company, Albany county militia, Tenth Regiment, Colonel Peter R. Livingston, appointed May 28, 1778; also served in the Independent Company of Captain Petrus Van Gaasbeck. He was constable of Livingston Manor and serving in 1776. He married, in 1778, his cousin, Christina (Dederick) Best, daughter of Harmanus and Marytje (Rurigh) Best. Harmanus was a son of Jacob and Anna Christina (Dederick) Best.

(IV) Henry, son of Peter and Christina (Best) Best, was born at Livingston, Columbia county, New York, about the year 1800, died 1850. He was a farmer; member of the church and a good citizen. He married a Miss Hicks and had sons, Henry and Herman B., perhaps others.

(V) Herman B., son of Henry and ——— (Hicks) Best, died in Hudson, New York, 1899. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and lived a quiet, retired life on his estate at Carmel, New York. He married Jane E., daughter of Cornelius and Jane Bodley, of Rondout, New York. Children: Josephine, unmarried; Henry, deceased; Rockwell; Mattie; Gertrude; Jennie, deceased; Dean.

(VI) Dean, youngest child of Herman B. and Jane E. (Bodley) Best, was born in Carmel, New York, November 21, 1865. He was educated in the public school and at Drew College, Carmel.

Dean Best early became interested in manufacturing, a business he has followed all his life. He was superintendent of the Bailey Knitting Mills Company of Fort Plain for two years and since 1895 has been superintendent of the carding department of the Acorn Knitting Mills at Philmont. He is a Republican in politics and has always taken an active interest in public affairs. Since February 5, 1910, he has been postmaster of Philmont, New York, his home. For ten years he has been a member of the county committee. For four years he served in the New York National Guard in the Twenty-first Separate Company of Hudson. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church; Agawamuch Lodge, No. 841, Free and Accepted Masons; Cascade Lodge, No. 197, Knights of Pythias, and of the order of Maccabees. He married, in Hudson, New York, July 20, 1887, Mary A., born in New York City, daughter of John

Edward Hetherington. Child, Henry B., born August 21, 1892.

Lawrence and Lydia (Townsend) Copeland, of Braintree, Massachusetts (1651),

had a family of nine children. Three of their sons, Thomas, William and John, lived to manhood and are the progenitors of nearly all the Copelands in the United States.

(II) William, son of Lawrence and Lydia (Townsend) Copeland, was born September 15, 1656; married, April 3, 1698, Mary, widow of Christopher Webb, Jr., and daughter of John and Ruth (Alden) Bass. Ruth was the daughter of John Alden, the Pilgrim. William and Mary Copeland had eight sons and one daughter.

(III) William (2), son of William (1) and Mary (Bass) (Webb) Copeland, was born March 7, 1695; married, June 15, 1718, Mary, daughter of Richard and Rebecca (Micall) Thayer. They had seven children.

(IV) William (3), son of William (2) and Mary (Thayer) Copeland, was born December 6, 1730; married, May 3, 1753, in Brooklyn, Connecticut, Sarah Smith, and lived in Thompson, Connecticut. They had probably twelve children.

(V) Jonathan, son of William (3) and Sarah (Smith) Copeland, was born September 29, 1757; married (first), March 9, 1780, Esther Chapman, of Hampton, Connecticut; she was born January 12, 1761, died April 15, 1795. Jonathan married (second), May 22, 1795, Sally Chollar (or Collar), who died June 11, 1826. Children of first wife: 1. Jonathan, born November 15, 1781. 2. Esther, April 11, 1783, married Daniel Corbin, died November 21, 1870. 3. Jonathan, October 16, 1786, died December 5, 1858. 4. David, September 8, 1788. 5. Eunice, March 8, 1791, married Harvey Adams, died September 5, 1864. 6. Royal, March 20, 1793, married Harriet Hyde, died March 2, 1866. 7. Elizabeth, March, 1795. Children of second wife: 8. Sally, born April 10, 1798, died October 30, 1843. 9. Abigail, April 19, 1800, married Ichabod Upham, died January 2 1882. 10. Asa, October 26, 1801, died August 26, 1820. 11. Abiel, May 3, 1803, died May 10, 1863. 12. Elizabeth W., January 26, 1805, died September 29, 1869. 13. Daniel, November 13, 1806, married Pamela Hlibbard, died May 22, 1882. 14. Cynthia, November 14, 1808, died December 11, 1808. 15. Joel, November 20, 1809, died June 24, 1886. 16. Amasa, January 7, 1812, died May 22, 1859.

(VI) David, son of Jonathan and Esther (Chapman) Copeland, was born September 8,

1788, died June 10, 1878; married, June 29, 1814, Martha Shepard. Children: 1. Jonathan, born February 20, 1816. 2. Gerry Shepard, July 2, 1819, died December 10, 1873. 3. Martha, July 26, 1821, died August 4, 1821. 4. William Eaton, June 15, 1823, died May 10, 1882. 5. Mary May, December 5, 1825, died June 23, 1827. 6. Mary, February 19, 1826, died March 15, 1828. 7. Mary Jane, January 30, 1830, died November 29, 1905. 8. David, August 17, 1832, died September 16, 1890. 9. Martha, June 28, 1835, died September 7, 1843.

(VII) Jonathan (2), son of David and Martha (Shepard) Copeland, was born February 20, 1816, died December 9, 1890; married, January 30, 1844, Kezia, daughter of John and Kezia (Failing) Clark, of Schenectady, New York. Kezia (Clark) Copeland died August 8, 1885. Children: 1. Martha E., born February 21, 1845, died October 16, 1846. 2. J. Clark, April 26, 1847; married (first), July 20, 1869, Lottie A. Schenck, who died May 25, 1870; child, Grace Augusta, born May 24, 1870; married (second), April 5, 1882, Adella M. Billings. 3. Edward Payson, October 9, 1849, died September 13, 1876. 4. William Henry, September 5, 1852; married, October 12, 1881, Julia Burchard. 5. Emma Catharine, April 3, 1854. 6. Mary Kezia, October 18, 1856; married, December 29, 1886, Frank Holley; children: Ralph, born January 29, 1889, and Alma Kezia, February 8, 1893. 7. Alice Moore, October 26, 1861, died September 23, 1889; married, May 6, 1885, J. R. Hawley; child, Kathleen Alice, born February 27, 1887.

The English ancestry of the

HARTT Hartt family of America is unquestioned but difficult to unravel. From the will of William Harte of the parish of St. Thomas the Apostle, London, England, proved in 1632, it is learned he had three sons, William, Richard and Thomas Hartt. (He wrote his name Harte, but the will gives the sons' names as Hartt.) Three of the name, Samuel Hartt, John Harte and Nicholas Hart, came from London, England, to America between 1631 and 1642, and may have been sons of one or each of these three sons of William, as they are believed to have been brothers or cousins. Samuel Hartt in 1653 called himself thirty-one years of age and said he was sent over from London to the Iron Works at Lynn, Massachusetts, in 1640. He married Mary How, a widow, and is the progenitor of the New Hampshire branch. Nicholas Hart, supposed son of Richard of London, England, was the progen-

itor of the Dutchess county, New York, branch from whom Arthur Hartt, of Ravena, New York, descends, spelled his name Hart. Where or when the *tt* came into use does not appear, probably this was at first a local spelling, as is *Harte*. Nicholas was of Taunton, Massachusetts, 1642; in 1643 was of Boston, remaining there until 1648, then settling at Warwick, Rhode Island, where he was a merchant. He served in the colonial wars of 1643 as a soldier in Captain William Pool's company. He married Joanna, youngest daughter of Edward Rossiter, of Rhode Island, who came from London, England, with and was assistant to Governor John Winthrop, of Massachusetts. There are no records of the death of Nicholas Hart or his wife. Austin's "Genealogical Dictionary" says they left one son only.

(II) Richard, only son of Nicholas and Joanna (Rossiter) Hart, was born in England about 1635; came to America with his father and lived at Portsmouth, Rhode Island. He was a sailor and lost his life at sea, near Boston harbor, in January, 1695. The last vessel he sailed on was the sloop "Dragon," Captain Robert Glover. He had a grant of eight acres in Portsmouth in 1657, half of which he sold in 1662. He married Hannah Keen. Children born in Portsmouth, Rhode Island: Alice, married George Reace; Richard (2), of further mention; Mary, married John Tripp; Nicholas, lived at Little Compton, Rhode Island; William, lived at New Bedford, Massachusetts; Samuel, lived at Tiverton, Rhode Island.

(III) Richard (2), son of Richard (1) and Hannah (Keen) Hartt, was born in Portsmouth, Rhode Island, in 1667; made his will April 19, 1745, probated June 10, 1745. He lived at Little Compton, Rhode Island, near the Tiverton line. Tradition says his wife Amy long outlived him. There was a path on his farm to five graves of Hartt families, with plain granite gravestones that was called "Amy Hartt's Path," so worn was it by her frequent visits to the graves. He married (first) in 1693, Hannah Williams; married (second) at Little Compton, October 31, 1708, Amy Gibbs. Children, born in Little Compton (vital records): Alice, married Nathan Closson; Mary, married a Mr. Peacham; Sarah, married Daniel Wilcox; Richard (3), of further mention. Children of second wife: Comfort, married John Gifford; Stephen, born August 2, 1712.

(IV) Captain Richard (3) Hartt, son of Richard (2) and Hannah (Williams) Hartt, was born in Little Compton, Rhode Island, where he died July 22, 1792. He was a farmer

and gained his title in the militia service during the Indian wars. He married (first), February 4, 1725, Mary Taber, who died November, 1760; married (second), October 18, 1761, Abigail Fabee. Children, born in Little Compton (vital records): 1. John, born April 4, 1729. 2. Hannah, December 5, 1730; married John Macomber, of Dartmouth. 3. William, January 3, 1733, lived at Tiverton, Rhode Island. 4. Phoebe, May 15, 1735; married a Mr. Howard, of Little Compton, and had twelve children. 5. Richard, of further mention. 6. Mary, July 28, 1739; married Nicholas Lapham, of Dartmouth. 7. Lombard, February 3, 1742; married Rebecca Sheldon. 8. Susannah, April 9, 1744; married Philip Macomber. 9. Jeremiah, April 5, 1745, lived at Saratoga, New York. 10. Philip, January 12, 1749, lived at Hart Village, Dutchess county, New York.

(V) Richard (4), son of Captain Richard (3) and Mary (Taber) Hartt, was born in Little Compton, Rhode Island. About 1760 he settled in Dutchess county, New York, and bought a large farm on the "turnpike," leading from Poughkeepsie to Sharon, Connecticut. Here he built a large stone house about fifteen miles east of Poughkeepsie, which was later occupied by his brother Philip and is still standing. About 1767 he executed several deeds signed by himself and wife Ruth. He styled himself a "clothier." He afterward removed to Albany, New York, where on January 7, 1783, he deeded his interest in the farm to his brother Philip. On September 18, 1793, Abigail Hartt, widow of Richard Hartt, of Little Compton, Rhode Island, deeded her right to the same Philip Hartt, making him exclusive owner of the Dutchess county farm. Soon after 1770 a large population from Dartmouth, Massachusetts, settled at this point, among them several Hart families, and it became known as Hart Village, now Millbrook. Richard Hartt married (first) at Tiverton, Rhode Island, March 8, 1759, Ruth Borden; married (second) Abigail Irish; among their children was a son John.

(VI) John, son of Richard (4) and Ruth (Borden) Hartt, was born in Hart Village, Dutchess county, New York, about 1767. He was a farmer; married and had issue.

(VII) John (2), believed to have been the son of John (1) Hartt, was born at Hart Village, Dutchess county, January 5, 1792, died at Norton Hill, Greene county, New York, April 20, 1868. He was one of the old-time shoemakers, a good workman, an industrious and upright man. He worked in Albany county, New York, when a young man, following his calling from house to house aft-

er the manner of the olden-time shoemaker, this method being known in the trade as "whipping the cat." In 1819 he settled at Norton Hill, Greene county, and opened a shop, where he did a good business. About 1820-21, he kept a tavern, said to have been the first or one of the first kept in the village. He lived to a ripe old age, dying in the communion of the Christian church of Freehold, New York, of which he had long been a member. He married Salome, daughter of Ezra Miller, who survived him many years. Children: Mary A.; Franklin A.; James S., merchant; Edgar, now a merchant of Greenville, New York; William B., a farmer; John G., of further mention; George A.; Edgar and George A. Hartt, of Albany, New York, being the only survivors (1911).

(VIII) John G., son of John (2) and Salome (Miller) Hartt, was born at Norton Hill, Greene county, New York, October 3, 1829, died April 6, 1901. In 1856 he began business as a general merchant at Greenville, Greene county, New York, in partnership with his brother, Edgar. They continued in successful operation as partners for fifty-five years and the firm was only dissolved by the death of John G. Hartt. Edgar still survives (1911) and continues the business, making sixty-five years in the same business in the same town (see "Greene County History"). He was a Republican in politics, and a supporter of the Greenville Presbyterian church, of which his wife was a member. He married Jane A. Talmadge, born in Greenville, New York, April 4, 1837, died May 8, 1906. Child, Arthur, of further mention.

(IX) Arthur, only child of John G. and Jane A. (Talmadge) Hartt, was born in Greenville, Greene county, New York, July 23, 1865.

He was educated in the public schools; spent nine years at Greenville Academy and one year at Riverview Military Academy at Poughkeepsie, New York. He learned the printers' trade, and for two and one-half years was foreman of the printing offices of the *Greenville Local*. September 28, 1896, he established in business at Ravena, Albany county, New York, where he still continues a successful general store. He is a director and stockholder of the First National Bank of Ravena; was one of the organizers and vice-president and director of Ravena and Medway Telephone Company, now merged with the State Telephone Company; also an organizer, vice-president, and director of the Atlantic Light and Power Company of Coeymans, New York. He is a public-spirited citizen, interested and helpful in all that concerns the

welfare of his community. He is a Republican in politics; in 1898 he was appointed postmaster at Ravena and is still the incumbent of that office. He is a prominent member of James M. Austin Lodge, No. 557, Free and Accepted Masons, Greenville, of which he is past master; charter member of Russell Lodge, No. 850, Ravena; charter member of Greenville Chapter No. 283, Royal Arch Masons; member of Temple Commandery, No. 2, Knights Templar, of Albany; Albany Consistory, thirty-second degree, Scottish Rite; Cyprus Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Albany; charter member of Ella C. Perry Chapter, No. 461, Order of the Eastern Star. He is also an Odd Fellow, belonging to Hudson River Lodge, No. 817, Ravena; a member of Pulver Council, No. 14, Junior Order American Mechanics, and of Kaa Rheu Vahn, Gralto No. 20, of Albany, Mystic Order of Veiled Prophets. His religious membership is in the Christian church, which he serves as trustee and treasurer. He married, June 12, 1890, Rose A., daughter of Isaac L. and Eliza M. (Gifford) Willsey, of Freehold, New York. Child, Harold A., born July 19, 1898.

DEANE

The name Den or Dene, which is the ancient way of spelling what is now written Deane, makes its appearance in England soon after the introduction of surnames. John and Walter Deane, who are the progenitors of many of those now bearing the name Deane and Dean in the United States, came to this country about 1637. After stopping in Boston a year they settled at Taunton, Massachusetts. It has been a tradition in the family that John and Walter Deane came from Taunton, England, but an authority states they were from Chard near Taunton. Another tradition is that a younger brother of theirs came to this country after them and settled in Connecticut, and that from him, Hon. Silas Deane, of Connecticut, descended. (This is the line of the Deanes of Catskill, New York). There was a Thomas Deane in Connecticut in 1643 who possibly may have been the brother referred to. (See "Hinman's First Puritan Settlers," p. 21). The earliest ancestor of Hon. Silas Deane, who is probably the most prominent public character of the Deane family, is his great-grandfather, James Deane, of Stonington, Connecticut, who may have been a son of Thomas Deane, the emigrant, 1643, to whom Hinman refers. There is, however, abundant evidence that James Deane, of Stonington, was a son of Walter Deane, of Taunton, Massachusetts. This evidence is so convincing that Arthur D. Dean, compiler of a history of

the descendants of Ezra Dean, of Plainfield, Connecticut, so places him in that work.

(I) Walter Deane was born in Chard, England, between 1615 and 1620. He took the freeman's oath in Massachusetts, December 4, 1638. He settled in Taunton, Massachusetts, was deputy 1640, and selectman of Taunton 1679-86. He was by trade a farmer. He married Eleanor, daughter of Richard Strong, of Taunton, England. Children: Joseph, Ezra, Benjamin, James, perhaps two others.

(II) James, son of Walter and Eleanor (Strong) Deane, was a blacksmith and iron worker at Taunton, later of Scituate, Massachusetts. February 26, 1676, the town of Stonington, Connecticut, at a town meeting voted to donate a home lot of twenty-four acres of land to James Deane to induce him to settle there and follow his trade of blacksmith. One hundred acres of farm land was also included in the offer. He accepted and followed his trade in Stonington until 1698, when he removed to Plainfield, Connecticut. There he was elected the first town clerk in 1699, filling that office many years. He was a large land owner in Plainfield and in Voluntown. He died at Plainfield, May 29, 1725, his wife, April 26, 1726. Children: James, born October 31, 1674; Sarah, September 4, 1676; John, of further mention; Onecephorus (twin), died in infancy; Mary (twin), born March 28, 1680, married Thomas Thatcher; Francis, September 8, 1682; William, died young; Hannah, baptized April 4, 1686; William, born September 12, 1689; Nathaniel, baptized April 2, 1693, married Joanna Fisher; Jonathan, baptized April 22, 1695, married Sarah Douglas.

(III) John, son of James Deane, of Stonington and Plainfield, Connecticut, was born May 15, 1678. He married Lydia Thatcher, June 10, 1708.

(IV) Silas, son of John and Lydia (Thatcher) Deane, married, and among his children was Silas.

(V) Hon. Silas (2), son of Silas (1) Deane, was born at Groton, Connecticut, December 24, 1737, died at Deal, England, August 23, 1789. He was graduated with high honors at Yale College in 1758, when twenty-one years of age. He entered public life, was an ardent patriot and skillful diplomat. He took a prominent part in equipping naval forces, and was elected a member of the first continental congress in 1774 and was regarded as an able member. He was sent by congress to France as political and financial agent of the government. He arrived at Paris in June, 1776, with instructions to ascertain the temper of the French government concerning the rup-

ture with Great Britain, and to obtain military support and supplies. When in September it was determined to send ministers to negotiate treaties, Franklin and Arthur Lee were commissioned to join him in Paris. He assisted them in the negotiation of the important treaties with France, and enlisted the sympathies of Lafayette. In consequence of the extravagant contracts he had entered into, not authorized by his instructions, he was recalled November 21, 1777, John Adams being appointed in his place. He left Paris, April 1, 1778, and returned to America. On his return he was called before congress and required to give an account of his contracts with foreign officers and to make a detailed statement of financial transactions on the floor of the house. He evaded a complete explanation and disclosure of his accounts on the ground that his papers were in Europe. He memorialized congress, but did not succeed in removing the suspicion from himself of having overstepped his authority and of having misappropriated the public money. He returned to France, but the French government declining to receive him he went to Holland, where he spent his entire private fortune in procuring proofs and in preparing an address backed by irrefutable evidence that none of the public money had been appropriated to his own use. This was published in 1784, but he had so bitterly attacked congress and his fellow commissioners, for the suspicion they had thrown around him, that they refused him justice and would do nothing to right the wrong they had done him. He had said he would vindicate himself if it took every dollar and it did. He returned to England, where he died in poverty. He was the soul of honor, as is shown by the testimonials from his neighbors and acquaintances. Says the historian, Hildreth: "No proof appears that he had been dishonest, or had employed the public money in speculations of his own, but he had occupied the unfortunate position of having large sums of public money pass through his hands before any proper system of vouchers and accounting had been established, and he fell before the same spirit of malignant accusation which presently assailed Wadsworth, Greene, Morris, and even Franklin himself, but which they had better means of warding off." In 1842 congress at last adjusted Deane's accounts and paid to his heirs about \$37,000. Yale College conferred the degree of A. M. in 1763. He is the author of "Paris Papers, or Mr. Silas Deane's late intercepted letters to his brother and other friends (1751) and published in his own defence"; "An address to the Free and Independent Citizens of the

United States of North America" (1784). He married and had issue.

(VI) Zephaniah, son of Hon. Silas (2) Deane, settled first in Pennsylvania, where he owned a large farm of four hundred acres. This he sold to a syndicate who later opened upon it one of the first coal mines. Other members of his wife's family (Abbott), holding smaller areas of land, leased their coal lands on a royalty that made them very wealthy. After selling his Pennsylvania lands he settled in New York on the shores of Lake Skaneateles on a farm, now the site of a large papermaking plant. He later settled in Cossackie, Greene county, New York, and still later in Connecticut, where he died. He married Catherine Abbott, of Brooklyn, New York. They had sons, Zephaniah and Silas.

(VII) Silas (3), son of Zephaniah and Catherine (Abbott) Deane, was born July 24, 1798, died at Athens, Greene county, New York, August 24, 1849, from Asiatic cholera. He was a carpenter and contractor, and settled in Cossackie, New York. He was the first "square rule" carpenter in Greene county. He made the screw hay presses that were used in this country. He traveled south in the winter time and erected sugar gins and other farm machinery. He married Eleanor Salisbury, born October 8, 1804, died December 20, 1884, daughter of Francis and Persis (Wright) Salisbury, of Leeds, Greene county, New York. Children: Phoebe Ann, born October 12, 1823, died September 3, 1907; Francis William, June 26, 1825; Jeremiah, April 3, 1829; Elvira, June 3, 1831, died May 18, 1887; Hannah, October 30, 1833, died January 24, 1901; Mary, December 9, 1834; Emmeline, September 10, 1837, died November 16, 1871; James A., of further mention; Eleanor D., November 8, 1843, died February 13, 1870; Louisa, November 1, 1846; Silas Wright, February 20, 1849, died in 1880. Eleanor (Salisbury) Deane was a direct descendant of Sylvester Salisbury, born about 1629, in England or Wales, came to New Netherlands in 1664. His will was probated March 24, 1680. He married Elizabeth Beck. (For an extended account of Sylvester Salisbury and descendants, see Salisbury family in this work). Francis, son of Sylvester and Elizabeth (Beck) Salisbury, was born 1679, died about 1755. He married Maria Van Gaasbeck and had eight children. William, son of Francis and Maria (Van Gaasbeck) Salisbury, was baptized at Kingston, New York, December 25, 1714, died 1801; married, March 27, 1740, Teuntje (Eunice) Staats, daughter of Barent and Neeltje Garritse (Van Denberg) Staats, and had eleven children. Sylvester, son of

William and Eunice (Staats) Salisbury, was baptized in Albany, January 27, 1741, died 1815 or 1816 at the home of his brother Abraham at Leeds, Greene county, New York. He married, in 1764, Neeltje Staats and had eleven children. Francis, sixth child and fifth son of Sylvester and Neeltje (Staats) Salisbury, was born December 5, 1775, died May 23, 1823. He married Persis Wright, who survived him until December 10, 1860. Children: Sylvester, born April 3, 1802, died September 8, 1840; Sophia, born July 14, 1803; married Jeremiah Gay; Eleanor, born October 8, 1804, married Silas Deane; Ruth, born November 11, 1805, married Casper Van Hoesen; John, August 31, 1807; Eunice, born February 3, 1809, died December 23, 1851, married Casper Spoor; Elizabeth, born February 2, 1811, married Michael Hallenbeck; Ann, March 15, 1812, married Madison Parker; Melinda, March 3, 1814, died December 21, 1897, married Warren Howland; Mary, born July 9, 1815, married William Beatty; Lydia, February 19, 1817, died October 31, 1898, married Reuben Coffin; Catherine, April 7, 1820, died August 2, 1849, married Evens Backus; Emmeline, born March 27, 1823, married William H. Shaw.

(VIII) Dr. James A. Deane, son of Silas (3) and Eleanor (Salisbury) Deane, was born at Cossackie, Greene county, New York, November 26, 1840. He was educated in the public schools, prepared for college at Coeymans Academy and Claverack Institute, entered Rutgers College at New Brunswick, New Jersey, but failing health compelled him to quit college. He later regained his health and chose the profession of medicine, studying with Dr. Mackey, of Catskill, New York. He entered Bellevue Medical College of New York City, where he was graduated M. D., class of 1865. He practiced his profession in Catskill for a time, then removed to Battle Creek, Michigan, where he practiced for seven years. In 1873 he returned to Catskill, where he again entered active practice, continuing until 1898, when he retired to private life. His home is the famous Rip Van Winkle farm. He attained high rank in his profession, and holds membership in the leading medical societies, holding the office of president of the Greene County Society. He served three terms as coroner of Greene county and was on the staff of hospitals and institutions. He is a member of the Dutch Reformed church of Catskill, and a Democrat in politics. He married (first) Selena Post, of Saugerties, New York, who died November 5, 1888. He married (second) Ellen M. Osborne, who died July 21, 1895, married October 12,

1899, Helene, daughter of Charles A. and Amelia (Raeder) Vedder, of Leeds, New York. No issue by any of the marriages.

The Wood family now seated in WOOD Chatham, New York, are of old Massachusetts ancestry. Through intermarriages they are related to many noted New England families, and themselves were of more than local celebrity. One branch intermarried with the Quaker family of Southwick that suffered much persecution at the hands of Massachusetts authorities. The direct ancestors were whipped, imprisoned, and finally banished and their property confiscated, their sole offence being that they dared worship God in a manner not dictated by Massachusetts statutes. The Rice and Taft families are also Wood connections. In the revolution, Ezra Wood and Captain Josiah Wood, both descendants of Thomas Wood, the founder, gave patriotic service. This particular branch inclines to the professions, and a number of ministers, physicians, lawyers and professors, are found in several of the generations. The family appears in New York after the revolution, Wheelock Wood being the first of his line permanently to settle in Herkimer county, New York.

(I) Thomas Wood, of Rowley, Massachusetts, is supposed to be the first of this branch in this country. His ancestors have not been discovered, although there is some reason to believe he belonged to the Wood family of Norwich, Norfolk county, England. In 1763 Colonel Eliphalet Dyer visited England and brought back for Annie (Wood) Elderkin, wife of Colonel Jedediah Elderkin, and daughter of Thomas, son of Thomas Wood, of Rowley, a crest and coat of arms, supposed to be those of the Wood family to which she belonged, the Woods of Norwich. The first known of Thomas Wood is his marriage recorded in Rowley. Thomas and Ann Wood were married 4 months, 7 days, 1654. His wife was Ann Hunt, of Ipswich, Massachusetts. Rowley records show him to have been a man of excellent Christian character and of high standing among his townsmen. He was buried September 12, 1687. Children: 1. Mary, born March 15, 1655, supposed to have been the Mary Wood who married Edward Ordway. 2. John, born November 2, 1656; settled in Bradford, Massachusetts, then in Littleton; married Isabel Hazen. 3. Thomas, born August 10, 1658; married Mary Hunt. 4. Ann, born August 8, 1660; married Benjamin Plummer. 5. Ruth, born July 21, 1662; married (first) Captain Joseph Jewett, (second) John Lunt or Hunt. 6. Josiah, born

September 5, 1664; married Mary Felt. 7. Elizabeth, twin of Josiah, married Captain Joseph Boynton. 8. Samuel, born December 26, 1666; married Margaret Ellithorpe. 9. Solomon, born May 17, 1669; married Mary Hazeltine. 10. Ebenezer, of further mention. 11. James, died at age of twenty years.

(II) Ebenezer, tenth child and sixth son of Thomas and Ann (Hunt) Wood, was born in Rowley, Massachusetts, December 29, 1671, baptized in the First Church, December 31, 1671. He lived in Rowley until July 14, 1717, when he and wife were dismissed to the Mendon Church. He married, April 5, 1695, Ruth Nichols. Children born in Rowley: 1. James, born April 28, 1696. 2. Ebenezer, December 6, 1698. 3. Jonathan, of further mention. 4. David, May 30, 1704. 5. Samuel, May 21, 1706. 6. Jesse, March 2, 1709. 7. Moses, April 3, 1712. 8. Eliphalet, baptized August 15, 1714.

(III) Jonathan, third son of Ebenezer and Ruth (Nichols) Wood, was baptized in the First Church at Rowley, Massachusetts, November 2, 1701, by Rev. Edward Payson, the fourth settled pastor of that church. He married Hannah Dresser and had issue, including sons Jonathan and Josiah.

(IV) Captain Josiah Wood, son of Jonathan and Hannah (Dresser) Wood, was born in Mendon, died November 3, 1815. He lived on the Lake Faron place in Northbridge, Massachusetts, and was said to be a Universalist. This may be true, as in the Orthodox church records the names of Josiah Wood and Tipporah Wood appear as uniting with the church in 1765, by confession, also that she was expelled, August 24, 1802, and he, November 26, 1809 (revolutionary record). Josiah Wood appears with the rank of captain on Lexington alarm roll of Captain Josiah Wood's company which marched on the alarm of April 19, 1775, from Northbridge to Roxbury. Length of service, ten days. Town to which each soldier belonged, Northbridge. (Vol. 13, p. 163). Josiah Wood appears among a list of officers dated July 9, 1776, chosen by the several companies in Colonel Ezra Wood's (Third Worcester Company) regiment. Rank, captain, Seventh Company. Reported commissioned, July 9, 1776. (Vols. 43 & 28, pps. 222 & 119). Josiah Wood appears among a list of officers appointed to command men listed in or drafted from (Worcester Company) brigade, as returned to Major General Warren (year not given). Rank, captain, of a company drafted from Colonel Ezra Wood's regiment, company to join Colonel Josiah Whitney's or Colonel Nathan Sparhawk's regiment, residence, Northbridge. (Vol. 1, 2).

Josiah Wood, of Upton, and Tipponah Wheelock, of Mendon, were married by Artemus Wood, justice of the peace, February 12, 1757. Children: Emory and others.

(V) Emory, son of Captain Josiah and Tipponah (Wheelock) Wood, was born in 1768, died March 2, 1835. He married Patience, daughter of Ezekiel Wood. Children: 1. Wheelock, of whom further. 2. Sophia, married Sylvanus Taft, lived to be ninety-four years of age; no children. 3. Nancy, married Caleb Sturtevant and had issue. 4. Lucinda, married Comfort Rice. 5. Submit, married Henry Pelton. 6. Abigail, not married. 7. Rhoda, married Mason White. 8. Cynthia, married Lyman Callum. 9. Josiah, unmarried. 10. Manning. 11. Emory Jr.

(VI) Wheelock, son of Emory and Patience (Wood) Wood, was born in Northbridge, Massachusetts, September 7, 1794, died in Herkimer county, New York, April 10, 1887. He married Hannah Comstock, born in Smithfield, Rhode Island, July 15, 1797, died January 20, 1892, after many long years of wedlock. They settled in Herkimer county in 1829 and resided there until their deaths. Children: 1. Charles O., born 1821; married Martha Western; died January 8, 1900. 2. Susan, born 1823; married William Comstock (deceased); she removed to South Dakota; died December 26, 1895. 3. Martha E., born 1825; married Lorrin Kelley; died February 1, 1885. 4. Elias W., born 1828; married Laura Hodge of a prominent family in the neighborhood. 5. Rev. William A., born 1830 in Ohio, Herkimer county, New York; married Margaret Lightbill, of Madison county. 6. Rev. Benjamin Franklin, of whom further. 7. Hannah Melissa, born July 30, 1834; married William Comstock. 8. Amanda S., born July 11, 1836; married (first) Oliver Darling; (second) Philip Walther, of Allegany county, New York. 9. Rhoda Matilda, born October 9, 1838; married John S. Wood; died January 8, 1892. 10. Sarah W., born August 18, 1841; married Benjamin E. Western, of Herkimer; died February 7, 1898.

(VII) Rev. Benjamin Franklin Wood, son of Wheelock and Hannah (Comstock) Wood, was born in Ohio, New York, August 14, 1832. He was licensed to preach under the rules of the Methodist Episcopal church in 1852; was admitted on trial to Black River conference (now Northern New York conference) in 1854, and filled the following appointments: Steuben circuit (junior preacher), 1853-54, (conference year); Belmont, 1854 (part year); Brasher, 1856 (part year); Brockets and Stratford, 1859; Ohio and Gray, 1860-61; St. Johnsville, 1863-65 (two years);

Middleville, 1865-68; Port Leyden, 1868-71; Constableville, 1871-73; Black River, 1873-76; Theresa, 1876-77; presiding elder, Watertown district, 1877-81; Port Leyden, 1881-84; Copenhagen, 1884-85; Adams district, 1885-91; Turin, 1891-94; Martinsburg, 1894-99; Chaumont, 1899-1900. He was superannuated in 1900, since which time he has resided in Watertown, New York, and has officiated extensively as supply. In the fall of 1861 he enlisted in Company G, Eighth Regiment, New York Volunteers. He was in the Peninsula campaign under McClellan; his regiment was in the advance of Fair Oaks and its ranks terribly thinned. After escaping unharmed in open battle, it remained for him to become a victim of malarial fever while encamping in White Oaks swamps, and on a surgeon's certificate, he resigned. In 1862, in June, he was mustered out as second lieutenant. For many years he was president of the Riverside Camp Meeting Association.

He married (first) Asenath, daughter of John and Rosalinda (Higley) Barnes, who removed from Connecticut to Herkimer county, New York, in their early married life. They were very thrifty and brought up a family of seven children: Hiram, John, Rosalinda, Amanda, George, Asenath, married Rev. B. F. Wood, Lyman. John Barnes died at the age of seventy-eight years while his wife lived to be upward of ninety-two years. Mrs. Asenath (Barnes) Wood was noted for her lovable disposition. She attained special prominence as a teacher. She married, August 23, 1853, and died January 3, 1865. Children of Rev. B. F. and Asenath (Barnes) Wood: 1. Dr. Gary Hosmer, born December 10, 1854; graduated from Fairfield Seminary, 1874, graduated from Long Island College Hospital, 1877, since which time he has practiced his profession at Antwerp, New York; in politics he is a Republican and has served in the following offices: Coroner three years, supervisor of town of Antwerp, Jefferson county, from 1890 to 1899; member of assembly from second assembly district, Jefferson county, from January 1, 1906, to January 1, 1911; he is ex-president of the Jefferson County Medical Society and member of the New York State Medical Society, prominent in the Masonic order, and past district deputy of the twenty-fourth Masonic district, state of New York. He married Mary F. Tamblin, August 30, 1876. Children: i. Ethel May Wood, born November 26, 1882, died June 10, 1884; ii. Lillian Asenath Wood, born October 19, 1884, graduated from Vassar College, 1904, married T. D. MacGregor, August 25, 1909; iii. Isabelle Tamblin Wood, born March 24,

1891, graduated from Vassar College, 1911. 2. Dr. Emory Hamlin, born October 14, 1859; he was graduated from Ives Seminary in 1876 and from Hahnemann Medical College of Chicago in 1881; in 1883 he removed to South Dakota, and later he returned to New York; he has practiced his profession in the following places: Copenhagen, New York, 1881-83; Hand county, South Dakota, 1883-94; Salisbury Center, New York, 1894; he has served repeatedly as coroner and health officer; in South Dakota he held the position of county superintendent of schools. He married Eunice Brooks, August 16, 1882. Children: i. Laura A., born July 12, 1886; ii. Hazel E., born November 27, 1888; iii. Brooks Franklin, born July 17, 1892. 3. Professor Frank Higley, of whom further. 4. Harriet Libbie, born in St. Johnsville, Montgomery county, New York, August 18, 1863; married Bower Thomas Whitehead in Fremont township, Moody county, South Dakota, March 20, 1887, who has latterly been in charge of the department of pharmacy in the State Agricultural College at Brookings, South Dakota. Children: i. Lindsey Wood Whitehead, born in Fremont township, Moody county, South Dakota, June 16, 1888; ii. Lyndall Whitehead, born in Brookings, Brookings county, South Dakota, December 23, 1900. Rev. B. F. Wood married (second) October 5, 1865, Jane A. Dorn, by whom he had three sons, all of whom died in infancy, and one daughter, Florence, who married Charles Palmer, of Watertown, New York, September 11, 1889, and to them one son was born November 17, 1891, Clebron Wood Palmer.

(VIII) Frank Higley Wood, A. M., son of Rev. Benjamin Franklin and Asenath (Barnes) Wood, was born in Ohio, Herkimer county, New York, May 23, 1861. Receiving his elementary training in district schools, he graduated from Ives Seminary in 1879, and from Syracuse University in 1885, completing the course in approximately three years, winning the possible honors, including membership in the Phi Beta Kappa. Choosing teaching as his calling, he occupied the following positions: District school, town of Antwerp, winter of 1879-80; district school, village of Black River, winter of 1882-83. After spending the summer of 1883 on a preemption claim in Hand county, Dakota (now South Dakota), he served as principal of the graded school at West Carthage, 1883-84, Granville high school, 1885-87; Yates high school (Chittenango), 1887-89; Chatham high school, 1889-95. Entering the state service through civil service examination, he was inspector of training classes, 1895-99; supervisor of bu-

reau of training classes, 1899-1902; supervisor of bureau of inspections, 1902-04; chief, inspections division, state education department, 1904. He is prominent in the Masonic order; is a past master of Columbia Lodge, No. 98, Free and Accepted Masons; member of Lindenwald Chapter, Kinderhook; Lafayette Commandery, Hudson; Cyprus Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Albany; also a past regent of Nat Hyatt Council, Royal Arcanum, and is a member of the Order of Modern Woodmen, Chatham, New York. He has long been a trustee of the Methodist Episcopal church, of the Chatham high school, and of the Chatham Rural Cemetery Association. He is also the first president of the Morris Memorial Historical Society. July 3, 1889, Professor Wood, as he is popularly known, married Dora Foster, of Chittenango, daughter of Albert and Elsie (Cook) Foster, who on account of the early death of her mother was brought up in the home of her grandparents, Clement Cook, a former inhabitant of Otsego county and a veteran of the civil war, and Louise (French) Cook, a member of a prominent Vermont family. Children: 1. Elsie Louise, born October 20, 1891; died March 28, 1907. 2. Harriet Asenath, August 26, 1896. 3. Helen Florence, June 11, 1900; died February 13, 1904. 4. Frank Higley, Jr., August 8, 1903. 5. Theodore Wheelock, March 22, 1906.

This is a genuine German surname. Decker, as the name is frequently spelled, represents in German the number ten, and was applied to the tenth child. Some assume, however, that the family name was derived from the occupation of a decker—one who builds or lays the decks of vessels. The name is common in Germany and in the United States. The family is found in Holland, whither it is believed they fled to escape religious persecution. The name is first found in New England in 1672, when John Decker was a resident of Exeter. The name is found at a still earlier date in the early records of Staten Island, where Johannes De Decker arrived in April, 1665. The family became very numerous on Staten Island, frequent intermarriage making the tracing of their genealogy exceedingly difficult. Johannes De Decker was a prominent man in the colony, filling various offices of responsibility, and after a public service of several years retired for the remainder of his days to his farm of one hundred and twenty acres on Staten Island.

(I) The line from which Edward C. Decker is descended begins with Jan Broersen Decker,

who with other Hollanders was at New Dorp, New Netherland, and he was one of two magistrates appointed at Marbledorp (later Marbletown), October 6, 1673. Further particulars of him do not appear.

(II) Cornelius, son of Jan Broersen Decker, married, December 22, 1695, Elsie, daughter of Wessel and Marya (Ten Eyck) Ten Broeck, and had four children. She died June 9, 1725, and is buried beside her husband. Children: Johannes, baptized August 16, 1696; Maria, May 1, 1698; Heyltje, January 14, 1700; Wessel, January 25, 1702.

(III) Johannes, son of Cornelius and Elsie (Ten Broeck) Decker, married (first) Catrina Wynkoop, baptized December 17, 1699, died January 2, 1724. The Decker family Bible record is, "My wife Catrina Wynkoop is at rest in the Lord and buried the 4th (January, 1725) among her friends and beside her mother." She was a daughter of Evert and Guertje (Elmendorf) Wynkoop. They had one daughter, Guertjen, baptized October 15, 1721. He married (second) Marytje Jansen, May 17, 1726, daughter of Mattheus and Rachel (Poppinge) Jansen. Children: Elsie, born March 26, 1727; Rachel, February 28, 1728-29; Cornelis, January 6, 1731-32; Mattheus, December 14, 1733; Marya, January 9, 1736-37; Catharina, February 17, 1738-39; Johannes, April 16, 1741. Johannes, the father, died January 23, 1741-42.

(IV) Cornelius (2), son of Johannes and Marytje (Jansen) Decker, married (first) July 1, 1762, Elizabeth Van Wagenen, born November 1, 1739, died March 12, 1764, daughter of Symen and Sara (Du Bois) Van Wagenen. They had a daughter Sarah, born January 16, 1764. He married (second) Elizabeth Decker (presumably a cousin), who died June 10, 1813. Children: Johannes, born June 2, 1767; Cornelius, July 13, 1770; Catharine, February 2, 1774; Elizabeth, October 8, 1778, died August 11, 1795; Maria, November 22, 1780.

(VI) John G., grandson of Cornelius (2) Decker, and son of either Cornelius or Johannes Decker, was born in Columbia county, New York. He removed to Fulton county, where he was one of the early farmers of the town of Johnstown. He married Nancy Rupert; children: John H., see forward; Elizabeth M., George F., Eleanor B., William A., Ann S.

(VII) John H., eldest son of John G. and Nancy (Rupert) Decker, was born in the town of Johnstown, Fulton county, New York, July 15, 1826, died March 14, 1901. He was one of the pioneer glove manufacturers of Gloversville, where he was associated with

Josiah C. Leonard for many years. In 1875 he established the glove-making business in Johnstown, conducting it alone until 1880, when he admitted his son, Edward C. Decker, to the firm, which then became J. H. Decker & Son. In 1882 Sidney Argersinger was admitted, and the firm has since been known as J. H. Decker Son & Company. John H. Decker continued at the head of the business, which developed into one of the largest in the county, until his death. He became a resident of Johnstown village the year after his marriage (1854), and was prominent in public affairs. He served three terms as trustee of the village, was trustee of the district sixteen years, and was president of the village board of education. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and politically a Republican. He married, February 8, 1854, Marian E., born in Johnstown, 1835, daughter of Josiah C. and Mary Leonard. Children: 1. Mary L. (or Minnie L.), born in Johnstown, 1856; married, January 8, 1880, Sidney Argersinger; (child) Edward D., married Mary C. Sammons. 2. Edward C., see forward. 3. Celia A., born March 25, 1861; married, April 14, 1886, Asa J. Browne, born in the town of Mayfield, Fulton county, New York, April 7, 1840. 4. William H., born December 28, 1867, died May 3, 1885. 5. Luella C., born December 8, 1872; married Charles R. Mosher.

(VIII) Edward C., eldest son of John H. and Marian E. (Leonard) Decker, was born in Johnstown, New York, October 26, 1858. He was educated in Johnstown Union School and Academy. He early began an active business life as an assistant to his father in glove manufacturing, and in 1880 was admitted a partner to J. H. Decker & Son. On the death of the senior Mr. Decker, in 1901, Edward C. succeeded him as head of the firm of J. H. Decker Son & Company, which continues one of the most important glove manufacturing firms in the county. He is a thoroughly capable, earnest man of affairs, and occupies a commanding position in his city. He was a charter member of the board of library trustees and still holds same. He is a director of the People's Bank of Johnstown, and interested in other of the business enterprises of Johnstown. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and in politics supports the men and measures of the Republican party. His clubs are the Eccentric of Gloversville, the Automobile, Lotus and Colonial of Johnstown and the Antlers of Amsterdam, New York. He is interested in the history of his county, and holds membership in the Fulton County Historical Society. He married, Octo-

ber 20, 1886, Louise, daughter of Robert Henry, of Johnstown. Children, Marian L. and Katherine B.

DOUGLAS Curtis N. Douglas, son of John Pettit and Henrietta (Hughson) Douglas, was born at Watertown, New York, May 28, 1856. He attended Brooklyn Collegiate and Polytechnic Institute from 1864 to 1870, and John C. Overheisus Classical School from 1871 to 1873. He then entered the University of Rochester, from which he was graduated, class of 1877, with the degree of A.B. He at once began an active business life; from 1877 to 1880 he was secretary and assistant to his father, the most extensive land owner in Jefferson county, New York. He assisted in the management of farms, stock breeding and lumber operations, all of which were of large proportions requiring expert knowledge and careful supervision. But his tastes were not satisfied by a business life, being inclined towards a literary or professional career. From January until June, 1881, he was head master of Betts Academy at Stamford, Connecticut, and from there went to J. H. Massis College Preparatory School in New York, where he was assistant master. From 1882 to 1886 he conducted a college preparatory school of his own. In 1886 he returned to commercial life and since that date he has been general manager of L. Thomson & Company, wholesale lumber merchants of Albany, New York. He has always taken a lively interest in public affairs. In 1894 he represented the tenth assembly district of Albany in the state legislature, and in 1899-1900 was state senator from Albany county. He is an ex-president of the Young Men's Christian Association of Albany. He married, June 24, 1886, Nancy Sherman, daughter of Lemon Thomson, of Albany, and granddaughter of Augustus Sherman, of Glens Falls, New York. (See Thomson IV). Mr. and Mrs. Douglas have three children: Kenneth Thomson, Dorthea and Gertrude Thomson.

(The Thomson Line).

Douglas and Thomson is a blending of Scotch-Irish blood that has produced, as it always does, men and women of high character and strong physical as well as mental attributes. The name of Thomson is common to England, Scotland and Ireland, differing only in the addition or omission of the letter P. Douglas is the name of an ancient Scottish clan whose history has been told in story and song for centuries. Both families have produced men of note in the political, military, lit-

erary, professional and business life of the United States. New Jersey was the home of John Thomson, shot and scalped by Indians, and his wife, Juda, who drew her little son John two hundred and fifty miles over the mountains of Pennsylvania after the killing of her husband. They were the grandparents of Judge Thomson, of Hunterdon county, New Jersey.

(I) Benjamin Thomson, American ancestor of this branch of the Thomson family, was born in the north of Ireland, died at Elizabeth, New Jersey. The date of his emigration and settlement in New Jersey is not definite. He was a magistrate under the Crown, and a man of importance and means, as his son received a college education. His wife came from Scotland. They were both members of the Presbyterian church.

(II) Charles, son of Benjamin Thomson, was of Elizabeth, New Jersey. He was a graduate of Princeton College, and during the war of the revolution went to England, where he married the widow of an Episcopal minister. He returned to America, where he died, leaving two sons.

(III) Charles C., son of Charles Thomson, was born in Elizabeth, New Jersey, July 8, 1788, died in Johnsonburg, New York, March 1, 1860. He married, about 1819, Susanna Harris Williams, a daughter of Joseph Williams, a soldier of the revolution, who was wounded in battle and received a pension. Their children were Lemon, see forward; Edward, married Maria Morehouse; William; Susan, married John Wakely.

(IV) Lemon, son of Charles C. Thomson, was born in Athol, Warren county, New York, January 22, 1822. He was educated in the public schools, and at the age of seventeen began teaching, and when twenty-one was elected county superintendent of schools. He prepared for college at Glens Falls Academy, and at the age of twenty-five entered the sophomore class at Union College, graduating in 1850. After leaving college he read law with Judge Rosekrans, but never practiced, preferring a commercial career. In 1855 he removed to Albany, where he formed a partnership with his father-in-law, Augustus Sherman, under the firm name of L. Thomson & Company. The firm owned large tracts of timber in Northern New York, and dealt extensively in manufactured lumber. He was a very energetic, capable business man and ranked among the leading successful merchants and bankers of Albany. His religious connection was with Emmanuel Baptist Church, of which he was an active member and liberal supporter. In politics he was originally a Democrat, but

when slavery became the issue joined the Republican party. He was a frequent contributor to the papers and periodicals of his day. His articles, mostly on local or political subjects, were both pleasing and logical, displaying a broadness of vision and deep familiarity with the topics he was discussing. He served the city of Albany as alderman from 1864 to 1867. In councils he was an early advocate of reform and economy in the administration of city business. In 1882 he was a candidate for congress on the Citizens' ticket. In the board of trade, in business associations and party conventions he was active and progressive, always advocating measures tending to the public good.

Mr. Thomson married, June 25, 1851, Abby G., died February 24, 1907, daughter of Augustus Sherman, of Glens Falls, New York, a descendant of Roger Sherman, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Their children were: 1. Burke, who died in infancy. 2. Hattie Darling, who died in childhood. 3. Gertrude Alden, who became the wife of John A. Dix. 4. Nancy Sherman, wife of Curtis N. Douglas, mentioned above.

The early Gardners of Dutchess and Orange counties, New York, were descendants of Benoni Gardiner, of Rhode Island, died 1731. The record is not clear, but the prevalence of the names Stephen and Nathaniel in the family of Benoni and other facts taken in consideration lead to the conclusion that Benoni Gardiner was the eldest son of George Gardiner, died 1677, who was admitted an inhabitant of the Island of Aquidneck (Newport, Rhode Island), 1638. In 1642 was constable and senior sergeant; 1644 was ensign. His first wife was Herodias Hicks. His second wife, Lydia Ballou, died (1772). By both wives he had fourteen children.

(II) Benoni, eldest child of George and Herodias (Hicks) Gardiner, died 1731. By one record he is said to have been one hundred years of age, which is evidently erroneous, as he took the oath of allegiance, May 19, 1671, being then probably just come of age. In 1727 he calls himself ninety years of age, which is also improbable. In 1679 he and forty-one others of Narragansett signed a petition to the King praying that he would "put an end to the difference about the government thereof, which has been so fatal to the prosperity of the place." He owned land at Kingstown, Rhode Island, as several deeds testify. His wife, Mary, born 1645, died November 16, 1729, bore him sons, William, Nathaniel, Stephen, Isaac, and a daughter, Bridget.

(III) Stephen, son of Benoni and Mary Gardiner, was born 1685. There is no record of his marriage, but the records show that his father deeded him a dwelling house and orchard. His father was considerably over ninety years of age at death; his Uncle Henry nearly if not quite one hundred years old; the supposition is that Stephen married late in life and that Nathaniel is his son, Stephen being then fifty-four years of age.

(IV) Nathaniel, son of Stephen Gardiner, was born March 17, 1739. He settled in the town of Washington, Dutchess county, New York, where the name becomes Gardner, and is so used by his descendants. A deed dated April 4, 1792, given by John Thorn, of New Windsor, Ulster county, New York, "Gent." of the one part and Nathaniel Gardner of the town of Washington, Dutchess county, New York, "yeoman" witnesses the transfer of property to the latter from the former, consideration five hundred pounds. The land adjoined other lands of Gardner in the town of Washington. The deed was recorded May 9, 1792, and bears the signature of Robert H. Livingston. He married Eunice Sunderland, born October 28, 1738, and had issue.

(V) Stephen (2), son of Nathaniel and Eunice (Sunderland) Gardner, was born in the village of Millbrook, Dutchess county, New York, February 27, 1767. He was a life-long resident and farmer of that section. He married, June 14, 1792, Mary Goodrich, born March 2, 1777. Children: 1. Louis born May 26, 1793. 2. Elizabeth, baptized April 6, 1795, married Isaac Wilsey, died June 25, 1873. 3. Dorcas, born December 18, 1798, married Peter Van Alstyne, born 1802, died 1871; she died December 18, 1869. 4. Cynthia, born May 2, 1800; married James Muler. 5. Jefferson, of further mention. 6. Melissa, born November 22, 1804; married Alexander McCoy, died June 14, 1872; she died November 13, 1894. 7. James Harvey, born June 19, 1810, died October 11, 1849; married Ann Hanks.

(VI) Jefferson, son of Stephen (2) and Mary (Goodrich) Gardner, was born April 17, 1802, in Dutchess county, New York, died in Troy, June 2, 1888. He settled in Troy when a young man and was ever after a resident of that city and one of the pioneers in collar manufacturing. Among other early collar makers of Troy was John W. White, who in 1839 was in business at 345 River street. In 1840 Jefferson Gardner became his partner. The following year the firm dissolved and Mr. Gardner removed to 42 King street, and continued in the same business. In 1851-52 Nathaniel Wheeler, of the firm of Wheeler, Wil-

son & Company, visited Troy for the purpose of having his newly invented sewing machine adopted by the collar makers. Alluding to the results of his visit, Mr. Wheeler said: "I particularly brought the attention of the manufacturers of collars and cuffs to the machine, most of whom shook their heads, doubting the practicability of stitching collars by machinery. Among my visitors was Jefferson Gardner, who seemed to be less skeptical, patiently investigated the subject and concluded to give the machine a trial." Early in 1852 several machines were sent to Mr. Gardner, who put them in practical operation in his factory. His tests were so satisfactory that he soon ordered more machines. This first introduction of sewing machines to collar making is due to Mr. Gardner's willingness to follow modern invention, and his application of the sewing machine to his business gave to collar manufacturing a new life that resulted in its marvelous growth. He married Mary Ann Wright, born in Troy, New York, September 2, 1807, died there May 27, 1892, daughter of John Wright, born at Inglesby Cross, Yorkshire, England, March 12, 1770, died in Troy, September 24, 1823; married Hannah Dawson, born in England, Christmas, 1768, died in Lansingburg (Troy), February 21, 1867, at the great age of ninety-nine years, having lived in the United States since 1804. Jefferson and Mary Ann (Wright) Gardner had twelve children, seven of whom are living and eight of whom are given: 1. Hannah, married William Earl, of the famous Earl & Wilson collar firm. 2. Mary Jane, of further mention. 3. Richard H., married Anna Athol, and removed to Brooklyn, New York. 4. Elizabeth, married John D. Benedict, and removed to New York City. 5. Emma Frances, married LeGrand Benedict, and removed to Brooklyn, New York. 6. Anson G., engaged in laundry business until his death at the age of thirty-three years. 7. Harriet Louisa, married Edgar K. Betts. 8. Jefferson W., married Catherine A. Keefe, and resides in Troy.

(VII) Mary Jane, daughter of Jefferson and Mary Ann (Wright) Gardner, was born March 11, 1832. She married James H. Nichols, born 1823, died November 21, 1890. She survives her husband and is now (1911) a resident of Troy, New York. Children: 1. Helen, wife of James C. Bussey. 2. Carrie, mentioned below. 3. Jessie, wife of G. F. Brainard. 4. Augusta, wife of P. W. MacKenzie.

(VIII) Carrie, daughter of James H. and Mary Jane (Gardner) Nichols, was born in Troy, New York, December 30, 1855. She married, September 3, 1872, Charles Kimball

Gallup, of Coxsackie, New York. Children: 1. Bessie, born August 4, 1873, died June 23, 1875. 2. Rosslyn, born September 15, 1878, died January 24, 1884. 3. Raymond, born June 23, 1886. 4. Dudley Nichols, born October 4, 1894.

George Huntington Nicholls
NICHOLLS was born January 17, 1847, at Salisbury, Connecticut.

He received his education in the public school. He removed to Troy and entered the employ of J. M. Warren, in the hardware business, where he remained as clerk for four years. He then returned to his birthplace, Salisbury, Connecticut, with the intention of purchasing a business, but he could not make satisfactory arrangements. In 1869 he went into the Walter A. Wood Company at Hoosick Falls, New York, and remained with them until 1900, at which time he was purchasing agent. He established a coal business, also paints, oil, etc., which he managed until 1910, when he returned to the employ of the Walter A. Wood Company. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of St. Mark's Episcopal Church and has served as vestryman since 1898. He is especially interested in Sunday-school work and is superintendent. He is a member of the Elks, a member and one of the founders of the Hoosick Club, a member of the Country Club of Hoosick Falls. He married, October 9, 1875, Emma Mary, daughter of Henry Peter Smith. They have no children.

Alfred Gifford, born at Fallmouth, Massachusetts, died at Hudson, 1868. He was a merchant of Hudson, New York. He married Clarissa Crocker, of Barnstable, New York; children born at Hudson: 1. Tempe D., unmarried. 2. Abby P., unmarried. 3. Ebenezer H., see forward. 4. James, married Clarendia Marshall; two children: Clara and Alice. 5. Alfred, married Sallie Atwood; no issue. 6. William B., married Signey Childs; three children: Mirriam, Alfred and Percival. 7. Crocker, married Josephine Von Beck; two children: Frank and Elton.

(II) Ebenezer H., son of Alfred and Clarissa (Crocker) Gifford, was born February 20, 1825. He was educated in the public schools, and became a successful lumber merchant of Hudson, New York. After a long life spent in active business, he retired with an abundant competence. He married, May 17, 1848, Eliza Bullock, born in Glen Cove, Columbia county, New York, daughter of Ephraim and Tamar (Sheldon) Bullock,

daughter of Friend and Annie (Case) Sheldon. Ephraim Bullock was the son of Reuben and Ann (Backus) Bullock, who came to Columbia county from Massachusetts, settled in Kinderhook, where Reuben was schoolmaster. Ebenezer H. and Eliza (Bullock) Gifford had no children.

The Brooks family is one of the oldest in Massachusetts, and the old ancestral home at Medford has been occupied by one of the name for many generations. Thomas Brooks, of England, Watertown and Concord, Massachusetts; Henry, of Concord and Woburn, each founded numerous families which have spread to every part of the Union. In England the records teem with mention of their doings, while many high upon the roll of fame claim these early pilgrims as their progenitors. One branch of the family settled in Albany county, New York, where they intermarried with the best Dutch families. They were farmers of the town of New Scotland, where they were wealthy and influential citizens. Here Peter Van Wie Brooks lived and died, leaving issue to perpetuate his name. He was a farmer of considerable wealth and good business ability. He owned a fine estate in New Scotland, lying along the Normanskill, which fact added to its value and to its productiveness. He was supervisor of the town in 1855-56, serving with great usefulness. He married and left issue.

(II) James Edgar, son of Peter Van Wie Brooks, was born about 1854 at the Brooks homestead in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, died in Albany, November, 1884. He married, 1883, Esther Gansevoort Ten Eyck, born August 29, 1856, daughter of A. Cuyler and Matilda (Haswell) Ten Eyck, who survives him, a resident of Albany. Child: James Edgar, see forward.

(III) James Edgar (2), only child of James Edgar (1) and Esther Gansevoort (Ten Eyck) Brooks, was born in Normanskill, New Scotland, September 20, 1884. After graduating from the Albany Boys' Academy, he entered the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, class of 1907. After leaving college he was successively employed in the signal department of the New York Central railroad, The Federal Signal Company, Albany, and in the signal department of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad Company. In 1909 he organized the Albany Vulcanizing Company, of which he is secretary and treasurer. His college fraternity is Delta Phi; his clubs, the University and Automobile of Albany. In politics he is a Democrat.

The Northrop family of NORTHROP Troy, New York, were settlers of Jonesville, Clifton Park, Saratoga county, New York.

(II) Herbert Ellsworth, son of Henry James Northrop, was born in Lansingburg (North Troy), where he obtained his education. His first start in business life was made as clerk with the Judson Coal Company, remaining with them until 1893. He then became treasurer of the J. J. Child Coal Company, which position (1911) he now fills. He is a member of the Masonic order, Jerusalem Lodge, Phoenix Chapter, Bloss Council, Apollo Commandery, Oriental Temple. He married, 1892, Sarah M., daughter of Smith Cornell and Sarah M. (Van Denburgh) Boughton, of Waterford, New York. They have no children. Smith Cornell Boughton was a son of Dr. Chauncey Boughton, of Half Moon, Saratoga county, and his wife, Ida Jane (Smith) Boughton. Dr. Boughton was born in Half Moon in 1805, died in Waterford, New York, in 1895. He practiced medicine in Saratoga county for twenty-five years, and was a skillful, well-known physician. He was an ardent advocate of the cause of temperance and very outspoken in his views. He was supervisor of the county from Half Moon in 1841, and in 1846 represented that town in the state legislature. In 1858 he was again elected to the house and re-elected in 1859. In 1876 he was chosen president of the Saratoga Bank. He married, in Half Moon, Ida Jane Smith, born in that town, died in Waterford. Children: 1. Esther M., married (first) Dr. H. J. Landon, (second) ——— Brewster. 2. Margaret Esther, married A. P. Hawley, of Half Moon. 3. Smith Cornell, only son of Dr. and Ida Jane (Smith) Boughton, was born in Half Moon, Saratoga county, New York, May 3, 1838, died in Waterford, New York, July 31, 1881. He was educated in Half Moon, where he resided the greater part of his life. He was active in town affairs, and filled many public positions. He drilled a company of soldiers in Waterford during the war, and was elected captain, but owing to ill health was unable to go to the front with them, but furnished them with guns and uniforms, and worked far beyond his strength. He married, in Waterford, in 1860, Sarah M. Van Denburgh, born in Waterford, who survives him and is a resident of that village. Children: 1. Landon Henry, died at age of three and one-half years. 2. Arthur Barker, died aged about two years. 3. Sarah M., married Herbert Ellsworth Northrop. 4. Ida Esther, died in infancy.

BROWN

This branch of the Brown family in America was founded by Charles F. Brown, who was born in England and died in Otselic, New York. He came to the United States with his wife Caroline and settled in New York, where their son Devillo Phelps was born.

(II) Devillo Phelps, son of Charles F. and Caroline Brown, was born in Otselic, Chenango county, New York, February 1, 1831, died in Smyrna, New York. He was a resident of Norwich, New York, at one time, but his latter years were passed in Smyrna. He married, in 1855, Frances M. Mead, born in Smyrna, 1833, died in Norwich, September 28, 1908. Children: Linnie C., born in Smyrna, April 10, 1860, died May 24, 1905, unmarried; Nettie Cornelia, April 25, 1863; Mott Devillo, see forward.

(III) Mott Devillo, son of Devillo Phelps and Frances M. (Mead) Brown, was born in Smyrna, New York, September 27, 1867. His early education was obtained in the Smyrna schools and continued in the schools of Norwich, New York, where his parents removed when he was twelve years of age. He passed through the various grades and was graduated from the high school. His first employment was in the local Young Men's Christian Association, of which he was secretary. He later engaged in the dry goods business and is now a commercial traveler. He is a Republican in politics, a member of the Masonic fraternity, and the Presbyterian church. He married, November 24, 1892, in Lansingburg, New York, Emma Kate Hicks, born September 26, 1865. Children: Frederick, born January 1, 1894; Archibald, born and died 1895; Mott Devillo, April 2, 1896. Mrs. Brown is a daughter of Frederick Hicks, and granddaughter of William Hick, born in Yorkshire, England. He came from England to the United States, naturalized and cast his first vote for Andrew Jackson for president. He was by trade a cabinetmaker and followed his trade for many years in Troy, his home being in Lansingburg. Frederick, son of William Hick, was born in Lansingburg, February 5, 1837, died April 19, 1906. He added the s to his name, making it Hicks. He was educated in the Troy schools and clerked in a store until 1873, when he began business in a store for himself in Troy. Disposing of this business he opened a dry goods store in Lansingburg in 1885, which he continued until his death. He was a Republican, a member of the Veteran Firemen's Association, and a communicant of the Episcopal church. His wife, whom he married March 30, 1864, was Catherine Elizabeth Pierce, born September 1,

1839, died September 4, 1878. Their children were: An infant son, died unnamed; Emma Kate (Mrs. M. D. Brown); Agnes, born and died in 1876. Catherine Elizabeth Pierce, grandmother of Mrs. Brown, was a daughter of Archibald and Catherine Elizabeth (Atkins) Pierce. Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Brown reside in Troy, New York.

(V) Clifford Hiram Allen, son of Loren (q.v.) and Mary Ann (Van Den Bergh) Allen, was

born in Sandy Hill (Hudson Falls), Washington county, New York, January 31, 1867. He was educated in the public schools of Sandy Hill and at Dr. Holbrook's Military Academy, Ossining, New York. After completing his studies, he became an employee of Allen Brothers Company and was associated with his father and uncles in the manufacture of paper at Sandy Hill until 1892. In that year he was placed in charge of the company's mill and timber lands at Au Sable Chasm, where he remained several years. Later he had increased responsibilities and divided his time between the Sandy Hill and Au Sable Chasm plants, until the sale of Allen Brothers Company to the Union Bag & Paper Company. Mr. Allen is prominent in the Masonic order. He married, June 30, 1904, Lillian Katherine, daughter of John Lorinous and Electa Jane (West) Wendell, granddaughter of Martin and Sabrina (Agard) Wendell. Martin Wendell was born in Chestertown, New York, December 5, 1803, died May 27, 1884; married Sabrina Agard, born in Chestertown, April 8, 1807, died March 10, 1855. Children born in Chestertown: 1. Catherine, born February 22, 1827; married Harlow Stone. 2. John Lorinous, born May 10, 1839, died January 10, 1900; married Electa Jane West, child, Lillian Katherine, married, June 30, 1904. Clifford Hiram Allen. 3. Ezra Sayre, born December 19, 1845.

(The Agard Line).

Sabrina Agard was a granddaughter of Amos Agard, born June 25, 1735, married, April 26, 1765, Alice Smith. Children: 1. James, born November 29, 1766. 2. Sibbil, born September 25, 1767; married General Conant and had Mary, born November 11, 1785. 3. Abigail, born August 31, 1769. 4. Abigail, born September 27, 1771. 5. Hannah, born June 29, 1777. 6. John, born May 29, 1779; married, December 5, 1805, Dorcas Salsbury; children: i. Sabrina, born April 8, 1807; married Martin Wendell. ii. Sophrona, born June 16, 1810. iii. Samuel, born August 12, 1813. iv. Phebe, born Novem-

ber 5, 1815. v. Abigail, born December 11, 1818. vi. Amos, born May 17, 1821.

(The West Line).

(I) Electa Jane West, wife of John Lorinous Wendell, and grandmother of Lillian K. (Wendell) Allen, was a granddaughter of William West, a cousin of General Ethan Allen, and is also supposed to have been a soldier of the revolution. He married Rebecca, daughter of Captain Thomas Lee, a sea captain, and a sister of General Lee, of revolutionary fame.

(II) Charles, son of William and Rebecca (Lee) West, was born in Dutchess county, New York. He married Electa Jane Ganzy, born in Connecticut.

(III) Electa Jane, daughter of Charles and Electa Jane (Ganzy) West, was born September 29, 1844, died December 25, 1909. She married, January, 1863, John Lorinous Wendell.

(IV) Lillian Katherine, daughter of John Lorinous and Electa Jane (West) Wendell, married Clifford Hiram Allen.

(The Van Den Bergh Line).

(I) Wyant, son of Cornelis and Cornelia (Van Der Poel) Van Den Bergh, was born June 24, 1694. He was of Halve Maan (Half Moon), 1720. He married (first), November 21, 1715, Aaltje Van Ness; (second) March 20, 1721, Anna Wendell; (third) August 25, 1750, Catharine Van Ness (Widow Groeck).

(II) Wyant (2), son of Wyant (1) and his second wife Anna (Wendell) Van Den Bergh, was born June 1, 1735. He married Mary Whitbeck and had issue.

(III) Peter, son of Wyant (2) and Mary (Whitbeck) Van Den Bergh, was born October 31, 1778, died November 21, 1887. He married (first) August 16, 1800, Sarah Van Woert, born July 8, 1778, died November 16, 1822. He married (second) October 27, 1824, Ann Osborn Blair, born March 20, 1796, died March 20, 1855. Children by first wife: 1. Weynant, born November 15, 1801, died February 17, 1866. 2. John, November 15, 1802, died June 29, 1803. 3. Catherine, November 4, 1803, died December 7, 1833. 4. Harriet, November 20, 1804, died December 29, 1804. 5. Harriet, September 8, 1806, died January 28, 1866; married John Weuzel. 6. Helen January 26, 1808; married Abraham Van Vechten. 7. John, August 22, 1809, died March 12, 1854. 8. Gysbert, December 19, 1810, died September 9, 1850. 9. Eva Edith, March 8, 1812, died February 15, 1819. 10. Fannie Maria, June 1, 1813, died September

16, 1876; married Gilbert Lansing. 11. Jacob Lansing, October 19, 1814, died April 19, 1820. 12. Sarah, born September 2, 1817; married (first), October 15, 1833, Jacob Price; (second) Abraham Sweet; (third) William Wilson; she had one son, Abraham, who had one son, John Price. 13. Peter Van Wort, August 11, 1818, died September 14, 1818. Children by second wife, Ann Osborn Blair: 14. Jacob Lansing, November 17, 1825, died November 21, 1887; married Frances Cartwright; died February 4, 1911; children: Elizabeth and Frank, died in childhood. 15. James Henry, December 3, 1827 (still living); married Lydia Huffcutt; children: Emogene, married Charles Benjamin Prouty and has a son, James H. Lansing Prouty; Mary Frances, married George A. Nash and has a son, Howard B., and a daughter, Bessie Elizabeth, married Frank Galusha. 16. Mary Ann, September 20, 1834, died May 18, 1879; married, December 25, 1856, Loren Allen (see Allen); children: i. Mary Ida, married George Henry Liddell and has a son, Loren Allen Liddell, born December 27, 1885. ii. Charles Loren, died June 6, 1910; married, at Fort Edward, New York, February 1, 1893, Jennie Augusta Fox, born October 26, 1871, and has a son, Adelbert Clifford, born March 21, 1894. iii. Clifford Hiram, of previous mention.

The Everts family of Granville, Washington county, New York, are of English descent.

The name was also early written Evarts, Everst. The family was early in New England, the emigrant ancestor being John Evarts, of Concord, Massachusetts.

(I) John Evarts, founder of the family in New England, was made a freeman of Concord, Massachusetts, March, 1637-38. He resided there for several years, having at least two children born there. He removed to Guilford, Connecticut, where he took the freeman's oath, February 5, 1651-52. In 1655 he was in court in two civil suits as defendant. In 1667 he was appointed tithingman. He is said to have lived for a time in New Haven. He died May 9, 1669. He married (first) Elizabeth —; (second) May 27, 1663, Elizabeth, widow of John Parmalee. She died November, 1688. Children by first marriage: 1. John, born February 29, 1639-40, at Concord, died December 28, 1692. 3. Judah, October 27, 1642, died November, 1666. 3. Daniel, 1645, died December 5, 1692. 4. James, of further mention. 5. Elizabeth, married, 1665, Peter Abbott.

(II) James, son of John and Elizabeth Ev-

arts, was born in 1648, died April, 1682. He married, in 1660, Lydia, daughter of Richard Goodrich. Children: 1. Mary, born March 26, 1661, died young. 2. John, 1664, sergeant of the Guilford training band; married, 1688, Sarah Crampton. 3. Lydia, died December 27, 1750; married, August 19, 1692, Caleb Bishop. 4. James, 1667, died January 3, 1739; married, March 7, 1694, Mary Carter. 5. Joseph, 1669, died 1679. 6. Judah, of further mention. 7. Mary, May 1, 1674, died June, 1734; married, June 8, 1694, John Munger. 8. Hannah, September 22, 1677. 9. Joseph, February 24, 1679, died 1710; married Hannah Scranton. 10. Dorothy, 1683; married, April 6, 1710, Samuel Munger. 11. Jonathan, died unmarried, October, 1696.

(III) Judah, son of James and Lydia (Goodrich) Everts, was born 1673, died October 28, 1748. He was of Guilford, Connecticut. He married, September 5, 1706, Mary, daughter of Samuel Eggleston, of Middletown, Connecticut. She died April 2, 1762. Children: 1. Caleb, of further mention. 2. Judah, born May 19, 1712; married Abigail Dudley. 3. Ebenezer, July 11, 1720, died prior to 1748. 4. Amos, September 23, 1725; married, March 5, 1747, Mary Eggleston, perhaps a kinswoman of his mother; had a daughter, Mary, died 1785.

(IV) Caleb, son of Judah and Mary (Eggleston) Everts, was born in Guilford, Connecticut, May 27, 1707, died August 21, 1751. He married (first) November 19, 1729, Mindwell Cook, of Wallingford, Connecticut, died December 31, 1736; married (second) 1740, Elizabeth Stocker. Children of first marriage. 1. Mindwell, born November 4, 1730, died unmarried, 1756. 2. Ebenezer, October 22, 1732, died November 18, 1765; married Ruth Chittenden, who survived him and married (second) Eber Norton. 3. Sarah, October 9, 1736. Children of second wife: 4. Caleb, August 29, 1740, died August 21, 1751. 5. Judah, October 20, 1745. 6. Amariah, of further mention. 7. Edward, March 3, 1752, died 1836; married Selpheia Culver.

(V) Amariah, son of Caleb and Elizabeth (Stocker) Everts (as this generation spells the name, was born in Guilford, Connecticut, June 30, 1747. He married, June 5, 1776, Susannah Crittenden, daughter of Zachary Dowd, and widow of Gilbert Crittenden (this name is in the Guilford records, Crittenden, Cruttenden and Crittendon), and died in Sunderland, Vermont, April 16, 1790. He was corporal in the Guilford company under Captain Noah Fowler, that went to the relief of Boston from Guilford in the first Lexington alarm, April, 1775. Children: 1. Elihu

Bragg, born March 4, 1777; married, May 30, 1830, Polly (Spalding-Graves) Young; lived in Granville, New York; after marriage removed to Freedom, New York; died 1861. 2. Amariah, June 22, 1779. 3. Caleb, of further mention. 4. Ruth, May 10, 1782, died in infancy. 5. Gilbert, 1783-84; took part in the battle at Plattsburg in 1812; lived in Pawlet, Vermont; removed to Wheatland, Monroe county, New York, in 1819, and died February 14, 1827; married Polly ———, who died April 4, 1833; children: Caleb, Ormus Eugene. Sarah, married Edgar Chandler; Phylena, married Israel P. Jakway, October 10, 1844, she died March 4, 1899; two other daughters. 6. Cyrus, May 10, 1782; lived in Granville, New York, for a time, and had a son Jonathan. 7. Polly, married Alva Button. It would seem that Amariah Everts had a second wife, named Ruth, for it appears in the records of the town of Sunderland, Vermont, that "Ruth, wife of Amariah Everts, died June 1st, 1789."

(VI) Caleb (2), son of Amariah and Susannah (Dowd-Crittenden) Everts, was born June 27, 1781, at Guilford, Connecticut, died in Pawlet, Vermont, 1822. He was a man of feeble constitution, and poorly equipped physically to fight life's battle. He was left a widower with five young children and did not long survive his wife. He married Sarah, sister of Gershom Gifford. Children: 1. John Alonzo, of whom further. 2. William, married Nancy Martin; children, Samuel and Albert. 3. Don Alphonso, born in Pawlet, Vermont, October 22, 1806; married Sophia Hosford; child, Edna Annette. 4. Gershom, died without issue. 5. Sarah, born January 14, 1813; married Peter Gowey, March 17, 1836, died June 26, 1869; child, Ella Gertrude, born August 26, 1854.

(VII) John Alonzo, son of Caleb (2) and Sarah (Gifford) Everts, was born in Pawlet, Vermont, February 29, 1808, died in Granville, Washington county, New York, January 26, 1866. He settled on a farm in Granville, where he spent his subsequent life engaged in agriculture. He was prosperous and influential, a Democrat in politics and a warden of Trinity Episcopal Church. He married, in 1842, Mary Ann Barker, born December 25, 1818, at White Creek, New York, died in Poultney, Vermont, May 25, 1889, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Bowen) Barker. Children: 1. Palmer D. of further mention. 2. Silas W., born July, 1846, unmarried. 3. John L., born May 27, 1850; married (first) Alice N. Norton; (second) Ella A. Scofield, born October 16, 1852, at Medford, Massachusetts, married, October 24,

1886, resides in Ashby, Minnesota. 4. Martha Ann, born May 25, 1856, died in Poultney, Vermont, June, 1888; married Harry Tay and had George and Clarence.

(VIII) Palmer D., son of John Alonzo and Mary Ann (Barker) Everts, was born in Granville, Washington county, New York, February 22, 1843, died October 17, 1894. He was educated in the public schools, finishing at Fort Edward Collegiate Institute. He taught for a time, and was principal of the Middle Granville school. Later he engaged in agriculture and became one of the leading men of his town. He was prominent in local politics, served as supervisor and held other offices. He was a member and warden of Trinity Episcopal Church. He married, December 20, 1866, Elizabeth Ruth Perry, born April 25, 1842, died July 24, 1907, daughter of Dr. Asahel and Eveline (Slocum) Perry, who was a graduate of the Ladies' Seminary of North Granville. Dr. Perry was born at Claremont, New Hampshire, in 1806, died March 16, 1878. He was a graduate of Dartmouth College and a leading physician of Washington county, practicing in South Easton. He married, in 1840, Eveline Slocum.

Eveline (7) Slocum, born at Easton, New York, June 24, 1821, died at Granville, New York, August 17, 1879, daughter of Alexander Slocum.

Alexander Slocum (6), born 1796, died March 4, 1873, was a son of Matthew (5), born March 21, 1752, and Ruth Hoag, born 1764, died November 19, 1866.

Matthew Slocum (5) was the son of Giles (4) Slocum, born May 15, 1713, and Susanna Brownell (daughter of Stephen Brownell and Martha Brownell). He removed from Rhode Island to Easton, New York, among early settlers there.

Giles (4) Slocum was the son of Giles (3) Slocum, the son of Giles (2) Slocum, born March 26, 1607; married Anna Lawton, March 26, 1669.

Giles (2) Slocum was the son of Anthony (1) Slocum, who was born in Somersetshire, England, and settled near Newport, Connecticut, in 1638, died in 1682. (See published history of Slocum family.)

Palmer D. and Elizabeth R. Everts had two children:

(IX) Silas E., son of Palmer D. and Elizabeth Ruth (Perry) Everts, was born in Granville, Washington county, New York, September 17, 1867. He was educated at North Granville Military Academy, graduating in 1887, Williams College, where he was graduated A. B., in 1890, entered the law department of the University of the City of New

York, graduated LL.B., 1892. After his admission to the bar in 1892 he established an office for the practice of his profession in Granville and is one of the leading members of the Washington county bar. He was elected special county judge of Washington county, and is prominently identified with the leading interests of his town and county. He is a director of the Granville National Bank, and interested in several other enterprises. He is warden of Trinity Episcopal Church, and in politics a Republican. He is a member of the State Bar Association, State Historical Association, and stands high in the Masonic Order, belonging to Granville Lodge, No. 55, Free and Accepted Masons, and Granville Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Washington Commandery, Knights Templar, of Saratoga. He married, June, 1892, Lucina, daughter of Daniel and Miriam (McNitt) Woodward. Children: Palmer W., born September 2, 1893; Miriam, July 12, 1897; Roscoe S., February 20, 1902.

(IX) Ruth L., daughter of Palmer D. and Elizabeth R. (Perry) Everts, was born April 7, 1872; married, August 24, 1904, Lewis Dougan, principal of a public school in St. Louis, Missouri. Children: Alice and Elizabeth.

The Woodward Line

The following material is largely furnished by Rev. D. H. Woodward, North Abington, Massachusetts, to whom credit is freely given. The name Woodward or Woodard is supposed to be a trade name, probably derived from the English common noun woodward. The Woodwards were park and forest keepers.

(I) Richard Woodward embarked at Ipswich, England, April 10, 1634, with his wife, Rose, and their two sons, George and John. He was forty-five years of age; was admitted a freeman, September 2, 1635, at Watertown, Massachusetts, and his name is on the earliest list of proprietors of that town. He owned fourteen lots of land amounting to over three hundred acres. His wife, Rose, died October 6, 1662, aged eighty years, and he soon after married Ann Gates, widow of Stephen Gates, of Cambridge, Massachusetts. His sons George and John were his administrators. (See Bond's History of Watertown, Massachusetts.) He died February 16, 1664-65.

(II) George, son of Richard Woodward, was born in 1619. He was admitted a freeman at Watertown, Massachusetts, May 6, 1646. He was selectman in 1674, died May 31, 1676. (Bond's-Watertown). By his first wife, Mary, he had eight children: Mary, Sarah, Amos, Rebecca, John, Susanna, Daniel and Mary (probably Mercy). He married

(second) Elizabeth Hammond, August 17, 1659, and they had five children: George, Thomas, Elizabeth, Nathaniel and Sarah.

(III) John, son of George Woodward, was born at Watertown, Massachusetts, March 28, 1649. He removed from Watertown to Newtown, Massachusetts, about 1675. He married (first) Rebecca, daughter of Richard Robbins; (second) Sarah Bancroft, who died September 22, 1723. He was a weaver by trade and owned and resided on a farm near Newton Upper Falls. He died November 3, 1732. His will dated February 26, 1727-28, mentions his children: John, Richard, Daniel and Jonathan, and heirs of his son Joseph, Ebenezer, Rebecca Hunting and Abigail Greenwood. Of these children, John, Richard and Joseph, settled in Connecticut early in the eighteenth century.

(IV) John (2), son of John (1) Woodward, was born in Newtown, Massachusetts, possibly Watertown, Massachusetts, April 16, 1675. He married, January, 1698, Hannah Hyde, born March 1, 1677-78, died January 15, 1724. Children: Hannah, Mary, John, Ephraim and Deliverance. John Woodward married (second) Abigail ——. There is no record of any children. He was elected first deacon of the first church of Brooklyn, Connecticut, in the second quarter of the eighteenth century, and was moderator of the town meeting in Canterbury, December 10, 1717. His will dated April 15, 1743, mentions his wife, daughter Mary Cleveland, children of daughter Hannah Bacon, and sons John, Ephraim and Deliverance. He died April 1, 1767, at Brooklyn, Connecticut. (See "Larned's History of Windham county, Connecticut.")

(V) John (3), son of John (2) Woodward, was born at Newtown, Massachusetts, March 2, 1702, died at Pawling, Dutchess county, New York. He married, December 28, 1727, Mary Spalding; he removed to province of New York in 1749; died in 1773. Children: 1. Hannah, born August 8, 1728. 2. John, May 9, 1730. 3. Samuel, July 24, 1732, died young. 4. Phineas, December 9, 1734. 5. Mary, March 26, 1737. 6. Bridget, February 28, 1739-40. 7. Samuel, of whom further. 8. Jonathan, June 12, 1744. 9. Sibbil, February 14, 1745-46. 10. Josiah, April 28, 1748. 11. Ephraim, September 16, 1750. 12. Joseph, October 7, 1754. The will of John Woodward, of Pawling, Dutchess county, New York, is on record in the surrogate's office of the county and gives Samuel Woodward his Duroy coat.

(VI) Samuel, son of John and Mary (Spalding) Woodward, was born June 5, 1742. He served in Colonel Swartwout's regi-

ment in the American revolutionary war, and probably removed to Washington county shortly before 1790. (See census record.) He married and had issue: Samuel, John, Archibald, of whom further.

(VII) Archibald, son of Samuel Woodward, was born April 16, 1769, died February 5, 1841. He settled in Hebron, New York, previous to 1790. He married Anna, daughter of Peter Scott, and had issue: Squire, died aged five; Daniel, of whom further; Benjamin: Sally, born June 10, 1797; Polly, August 14, 1799; John; Anne; Phoebe; Archibald; William; Samuel.

(VIII) Daniel, son of Archibald and Anna (Scott) Woodward, was born at North Hebron, New York, January, 1792, died May, 1877. He was a prominent farmer of North Hebron, and a leading member of the Baptist church. He married, January, 1813, Anna Case, born August 8, 1795, died May, 1877. She was a daughter of Abram Case, of Hebron, New York, and granddaughter of Phillip Case and Othneil Preston, both in the revolutionary service. Children: 1. Lucina, born 1814, died May 6, 1900; married Daniel Braymer. 2. Abraham, married Herculora Thompson; child, Herculora. 3. Archibald, born 1818, died May 10, 1885, married Mary Heron; children: Fannie and Archibald. 4. William, born 1820, died in Allens Grove, Wisconsin, December 23, 1883, married Achsa Nelson; children: William, Harriet and Almond and one son who died in childhood. 5. Lucinda, born September 24, 1824, married, March 1, 1849, Jesse Sherman; children: Sterling, Daniel, Cora, William, Carrie and Emma. 6. Mary, born March 21, 1827, married Edwin Temple; children: Charlotte, Orley, Ralph. 7. Martha, born December 1, 1831, married, March 1, 1852, John Qua; children: Andrew, Mary, Anna and Adelaide. 8. Daniel (2), of whom further. 9. Anna, born October 4, 1830, married, January 31, 1850, Joseph Ely; children: John D., Helen and Annita. 10. Phebe, January 19, 1837, married, March 25, 1856, James E. Pratt; child, Carrie. 11. Ely, died young.

(IX) Daniel (2), son of Daniel (1) and Anna (Case) Woodward, was born in North Hebron, New York, August 31, 1822, died June 13, 1887. He married, January 7, 1845, Miriam McNitt, born March 2, 1826, died October 20, 1902, daughter of James and Lydia (Martin) McNitt. James McNitt was born January 17, 1782, died January 22, 1861. He was a son of Daniel McNitt, born 1750, died November 21, 1829, at Salem, New York, a sergeant in a Salem company in the revolution, and a grandson of Captain Alexander

McNitt. Alexander McNitt, born in Scotland in 1720, died November 29, 1807. On coming to America he settled first at Poughkeepsie, New York, later removed to Salem, Washington county, New York. He served in the revolution as captain of militia and saw service in the campaign against Burgoyne. Lydia (Martin) McNitt, born in 1792, died May 17, 1846, was a daughter of Moses Martin, born 1744 (adjutant in Colonel Williams' regiment from Washington county), and Lydia (Moore) Martin, and granddaughter of Adam and Sarah (Newell) Martin, and great-granddaughter of John Newell. Children of Daniel and Miriam (McNitt) Woodard: 1. Lydia, born January 30, 1846; married William Shaw, died April 18, 1900; children: Carrie, Emma, John and Woodard. 2. Emma, born December 29, 1847; married Captain Joseph Hays; children: Miriam, Roscoe, Horton, Georgia, died unmarried, and Mary. 3. James McNitt, born September 8, 1849; married (first) Georgia Bockes; children: Bertie and Ross; (second) Elizabeth Stetson; child, Marion. 4. Francis, born December 22, 1851, unmarried. 5. Daniel D., born January 7, 1854; married, January 29, 1879, Elizabeth Westcott; children: Ethel, born 1882; Allan, born 1885, Madeline, born 1890. 6. Martin, born January 19, 1856, died April 5, 1899; married —; children: Frankie and Mabel. 7. Eli, born January 13, 1857; married Nettie Bush; children: Irene, died in childhood, and Henry. 8. Archibald, born October 27, 1859, died in childhood. 9. Marian, born May 10, 1863; married S. F. Farrar, removed to Braymer, Missouri. 10. Lucina, born August 9, 1867; married Silas E. Everts.

(IX) Lucina, daughter of Daniel and Anna (Case) Woodard, was born in Hebron, Washington county, New York, July 17, 1814, died May 6, 1900. She married Daniel Braymer (see Braymer III), son of Jacob and Anna (Blakslee) Braymer. Children: Jenette, Jacob, Alfred, Daniel, Rosalinda, George, Winfield.

(X) Rosalinda, daughter of Daniel and Lucina (Woodard) Braymer, was born June 3, 1846. She married, March 12, 1868, Richard Durham, son of Durfee and Anna (Hall) Durham, born May 6, 1838, at Easton, Washington county, New York. He died December 9, 1901 (see Durham IV).

The Braymer family of
BRAYMER Granville, New York, descend from German ancestors. The first of the line here under consideration of whom we have information was David Braymer, born in Baden, Germany,

March 23, 1733. He was pressed into the British army while pursuing studies at a medical college in England, given the rank of surgeon, came to America in the British army in 1754, served throughout the French and Indian war, and was discharged. He returned to Germany, married, and again returned to America, settling in Nova Scotia, where he engaged in the tanning trade. He left Nova Scotia in the year 1776, going to New York City, where he followed the trade of tanner and furrier until 1781, when he moved to the town of Hebron, Washington county, New York, engaging in the trade of tanner. A child named George was born to David Braymer by his first wife in 1765, but beyond this there is no knowledge concerning his first marriage. He married (second) Phryria —, of German descent. Children: Andrew, of whom there is no information; William, went to Erie county, Pennsylvania; Jacob, see forward; John, died August 27, 1817, aged eighteen years; David, went to Crawford county, Pennsylvania. Both David Braymer and his second wife are buried in the Braymer burying ground in the town of Hebron, Washington county, New York. He died February 23, 1814, aged eighty years; she died January 28, 1825, aged eighty-one years.

(II) Jacob, son of David Braymer, was born February 8, 1779. He located in the town of Hebron, Washington county, New York, followed the trade of tanner in addition to farming, made shoes, and lived on the same farm until his death. Some traces of the old vats can be seen there today. As he prospered, he remodeled the buildings and built the brick house which still stands there. He was married, January 7, 1802, at the old Blakslee homestead in Granville, Washington county, New York, by Phineas Hitchcock, Esq., to Anna Blakslee, born 1782, died January 25, 1857. He died March 2, 1855. Children: 1. Sarah, born December 25, 1802, died February 10, 1881; married, September 12, 1824, Stephen McFadden, born in Sligo, province of Connaught, Ireland, September 22, 1795, died May 8, 1870; children, born in Waterford, New York: i. Michael, born August 30, 1825, died April 17, 1904, married, December 23, 1858, Margaret A. McClellan, born April 11, 1833; children: (a) Stephen John, born September 21, 1859, married (first) December 1, 1881, Mary Luella Temple, no children; she died August 17, 1894; married (second) October 30, 1897, Harriet Crosier, born February 20, 1870; children: Jessie, born May 24, 1898, and Elsie Margaret, June 13, 1900; (b) Sarah Margaret, born

December 19, 1860, married (first) Bert Holmes, no children; married (second) George Ely, no children; (c) James Henry, born April 18, 1862, married (first) February 17, 1890, Elizabeth A. Kieffe, born June 25, 1864, died August 14, 1908, married (second) September 7, 1908, Mrs. Chloe B. Lee, born September 22, 1867; children by first wife: Herman C., born January 27, 1892; Marion H., May 31, 1898; John Joseph, March 5, 1902; Elizabeth Ann, February 21, 1908; no children by second wife; (d) Cornelius, born January 28, 1864, married Mary Beebe, no children; (e) Mary Jane, born October 7, 1866, married Will O. Jones, no children; (f) infant son, born October 10, 1865; (g) Jason, born August 31, 1869, died December 13, 1869; (h) Emma C., born August 7, 1871, married Eugene Barden; child, Azelda, born August 3, 1901. ii. Henry McFadden, born December 2, 1826, died January 11, 1905; married (first), December 25, 1850, Calista Rogers, born August 9, 1830, died February 25, 1872; married (second) Mrs. Ellen Paul, born April 3, 1843, was thrown out of a sleigh and killed January 14, 1900; children of first wife: (a) Charles Edward, born October 9, 1851, married, November 25, 1875, Lenora Clough, born May 24, 1853, no children; (b) Mary Esther, born July 16, 1853, died July 5, 1863; (c) Sarah Emily, born April 18, 1857, died July 4, 1863; both buried in one coffin; (d) Alice Emeroy, born January 29, 1859, married Charles Porter; (e) Benjamin Rogers, born May 17, 1862, died November 26, 1885, at Greenburg, Kansas; (f) Albert Henry, born April 15, 1867; (g) Florence, born January 9, 1872, married Frank Bromley, no children. iii. Edward McFadden, born August 18, 1828, died May 2, 1896, at Patoka, Illinois; married, June 13, 1865, Bridget Kennedy, ten children. iv. Jacob McFadden, born May 17, 1830, died November 18, 1903; married, September 27, 1863, Charlotte C. Whedon, born April 19, 1842; children: (a) infant daughter, born April 19, 1866, died same day; (b) Fay, born April 9, 1870, married Grace G. Garfield at Waltham, Massachusetts; child, Athena, born May 1, 1900; (c) Mary Whedon, born August 9, 1874, married, March 14, 1900, Eugene Hanscom; he died at Pensacola, Florida, August 26, 1905, no children. 2. Daniel, see forward. 3. Henry, born January 11, 1809, died August 9, 1874; married Eliza Montgomery, born January 13, 1816, died November 7, 1893; children: i. Sarah E., born July 13, 1835, died August 16, 1835; ii. James F., born April 29, 1837, married, December 19, 1860, Susan Welch, born June 8, 1841; children: (a) Frank H., born September 22,

1861, married, June 5, 1889, Jennie A. Goss, of North Granville, Washington county, New York; children: Clarence J., born July 5, 1893, and Marion B., September 24, 1898; (b) Jennie E., born February 1, 1867, married, December 25, 1883, Henry C. Hitt, born at Rupert, Bennington county, Vermont; children: Lulu E., born April 26, 1886, and James H., August 24, 1891; iii. Ann, born May 19, 1839, married (first) Merritt Phelps, of East Rupert; child: Albert, born December 25, 1862, married Nettie Garfield, children: Guy and Roy; Ann married (second) ——— Sturdevant; no children. 4. Frederick Augustus, born April 2, 1814; married (first) ——— Flowers; no children; married (second) Cordelia Blakslee, who died October 25, 1846, aged eighteen years; child, Cornelia; married (third) February 11, 1847, Louisa A. Wait, born in 1818, died February 10, 1891; children: (a) Frederick Augustus, born February 16, 1848, married; (b) Marron Wait, born November 18, 1850, died September 10, 1868; (c) Albert Ernest, born February 16, 1852, married ——— Crosby.

(III) Daniel, son of Jacob Braymer, was born at Hebron, Washington county, New York, October 26, 1806, died May 20, 1890. He passed his early life on his father's farm and during that time received his education at the district schools. He was a farmer all his life, owning about nine hundred acres of land in one body. He married, January 2, 1834, Lucina Woodard, born July 17, 1814, died May 6, 1900. Children: i. Jennette, born September 17, 1834, died December 19, 1857. 2. Jacob, born February 6, 1836, died July 17, 1903; married, December 1, 1857, Charlotte Dibble, born August 24, 1835, died October 1, 1892; children: i. Jennette, born November 9, 1858, died February 16, 1888; married Daniel Sherman, born March 11, 1854, died ———, children: (a) Milton J., born July 6, 1880, married Rose Gannon Vans Worth, April 20, 1908; (b) Stanley B., born October 11, 1881, married Adelaide ———; child, Stanley Braymer Sherman, Jr., born 1909. ii. Mary, born October 1, 1860, married, June 3, 1892, Daniel Sherman, who married (first) her sister Jennette; child, Fred, born June 24, 1893. iii. Eli Daniel, born February 8, 1874, married, June 12, 1894, Nettie Rafter, born March 11, 1876; children: Ernest, born May 29, 1895, and Gladys Mae, August 15, 1907. iv. Richard Jacob, born January 15, 1879. 3. Alfred, born February 25, 1837, married, November 5, 1859, Antoinette Nelson; children: i. Anna Lenora, born June 28, 1861, married, March 21, 1889, Frank Peets, born June 12, 1859; child, Howard; ii. Albert,

born September 5, 1803, married Mac Durfee; iii. Charles, born February 16, 1867; iv. Har-
ley, born October 31, 1869; married, Septem-
ber 2, 1891, Euphemia Temple, born February
23, 1872; children: (a) Albert, born August
11, 1892; (b) Mary Louisa, April 23, 1894;
(c) Alfred, June 28, 1896; (d) Doris Euphe-
mia, October 7, 1897; v. Daniel, born January
11, 1873, married, November 21, 1894, Myrtle
Lincoln, born August 20, 1873; children: (a)
Mary Antoinette, born November 4, 1895;
(b) Anna Lenora, September 16, 1897; (c)
Charles Howard, March 11, 1900; (d) Law-
rence Daniel, May 8, 1902; (e) Iren Myrtle,
September 4, 1904; (f) Ray Bernice, April
19, 1907. 4. Daniel, born March 17, 1844,
in Hebron, New York; he went to Kansas
when about twenty-two years of age and en-
gaged in the manufacturing of brick for one
year; he then went to Caldwell county, Mis-
souri, about fifty miles from Kansas City,
and purchased three hundred and twenty
acres of land and engaged in farming and
cattle raising; he continued purchasing land
until he owned sixteen hundred acres in one
body. He started a town on the Chicago, Mil-
waukee & St. Paul railroad, between Kansas
City and Chicago, which bears his name, and
which now has a population of two thousand.
He was president of the Braymer Bank for
a number of years, and holds a large amount
of interest in the town at present. He was
interested in the cattle-ranch business with
his brother-in-law, Richard Durham, for ten
years, when they sold out and Daniel Braymer
engaged in the sheep ranch business in Idaho,
which he sold out, and now owns about twenty
thousand acres of land in different states in
the Union. He is a Methodist in religion, a
Republican in politics, a Mason of the thirty-
second degree, a man respected and liked by
all that know him. He married, December 30,
1869, Nancy Ann Woodard, born in Hebron,
New York, December 5, 1840. Children: i.
George Vilroy, born January 27, 1871, mar-
ried (first) December 21, 1892, Stella Electa
Feese, born January 31, 1872, died February
7, 1897; child, Pauline, born November 4,
1894; married (second) October 12, 1898,
Alice Gallagher Morris, born June 11, 1873;
children: (a) Daniel Richard, born July 6,
1899; (b) George Vilroy, Jr., December 15,
1906; (c) Mildred, December 20, 1907; ii.
Stella, born December 8, 1872; iii. Frank
Woodard, born June 4, 1875, died January 16,
1890; iv. Anna Lucina, born November 30,
1879, married, December 17, 1905, Cardinal
Boone Woolsey, M. D., born January 4, 1881;
no children. 5. Rosalinda, born June 3, 1846,
in Hebron, New York, married, March 12,

1868, Richard Durham, born May 6, 1838,
died December 9, 1901 (see Durham); no
children. 6. George Winfield, see forward.

(IV) George Winfield, son of Daniel Bray-
mer, was born in Hebron, New York, March
13, 1861. He was educated in the public
schools of his town, completing his studies at
the high school at West Pawlet, Vermont.
He began his business career early, carrying
on the home farm from the age of seventeen.
In 1892-93 he added to this two other farms
in the town of Granville, besides being owner
of four hundred acres of land in Missouri,
which he purchased later. At the settlement
of his father's estate he purchased the home-
stead farm on which he was born. He con-
ducts his business operations with judgment,
and is one of the prosperous and influential
men of the town. He is a member of the Bap-
tist church, and a Republican in politics. Mr.
Braymer is a member of Granville Lodge, No.
55, Free and Accepted Masons, and Gran-
ville Chapter, Royal Arch Masons. He mar-
ried, February 13, 1883, Jennie Cordelia
Smith, born in Hebron, February 29, 1864,
daughter of Harvey and Olivia Cordelia
(White) Smith. Children: 1. Daniel Har-
vey, born November 29, 1883, married, De-
cember 26, 1908, Elizabeth Case Temple,
daughter of Abraham Temple, born May 10,
1885; child, Daniel Temple, born October 31,
1910; 2. Clara Vivian, born March 21, 1885.
3. Lucina Woodard, born December 2, 1889.
4. George Winfield, Jr., born March 12, 1896.

The Durham ancestors came

DURHAM from England to America.

Uzziel Durham, the first mem-
ber of the family of whom we have informa-
tion, died March 18, 1828, aged eighty-eight
years. His wife, Mary Durham, died April
16, 1806. Among their children was a son
Joseph, see forward.

(II) Joseph, son of Uzziel and Mary Dur-
ham, was born May 23, 1770, died April 6,
1850. He married Mary Durfee, born July 2,
1780, died June 6, 1858. Children: Ann,
born March 14, 1800; Stephen, August 8,
1801; Benjamin, February 25, 1803; Julia,
April 8, 1807; Durfee, see forward; Anson,
March 24, 1820.

(III) Durfee, son of Joseph and Mary
(Durfee) Durham, was born February 28,
1810, in Easton, Washington county, New
York, died April 24, 1889. He married, Jan-
uary 30, 1837, Anna Ann Hall, born in East-
on, New York, died September 14, 1900.
Children, the first eight born in Easton and the
two youngest in Hebron: Richard, May 6,
1838; Joseph, December 8, 1839; Dialoan, Oc-

tober 14, 1841; Stephen, April 20, 1843; Mary, May 31, 1845; Albert L., November 1, 1847; Anna Eliza, December 11, 1849; Lois Amelia, March 14, 1852; Emily, June 24, 1854; George, November 24, 1856.

Rufus Hall, grandfather of Anna Ann (Hall) Durham, was born in Exeter, Rhode Island, June 19, 1747, son of Samuel and Dinah Hall, who were members of the Society of Friends. He appeared in the public ministry in the twenty-sixth year of his age; in 1775 he removed to Easton, New York, and in 1804 removed to Northampton, where he died May 26, 1818, aged seventy years. He married Anna Hoxie, and they were the parents of Richard Hall, father of Anna Ann (Hall) Durham. Richard Hall was born November 19, 1783; married (first) Europa —, born October 22, 1788; married (second) Rebecca —; children of first wife: Hiram, born May 6, 1811; Susanna, January 1, 1813; Anna Ann, April 2, 1815; Emeline, June 27, 1817; Lois, March 14, 1819; children of second wife: Eunice, born July 19, 1825; Isaac, July 5, 1827; Mary Antoinette, March 5, 1831; Rufus, August 24, 1832.

(IV) Richard, son of Durfee and Anna Ann (Hall) Durham, was born May 6, 1838, at Easton, Washington county, New York, died December 9, 1901. He enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment, New York State Volunteers, from Greenwich and Easton. This regiment was enlisted in Washington county, New York, in August, 1862, mustered into the United States service, September 4, 1862, joined the Army of the Potomac. It was engaged in the battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg in May and July, 1863; was transferred to the Army of the Cumberland, was engaged in the campaign of the Carolinas, and mustered out at Washington, D. C., at the close of the war, June 8, 1865. Its first camping ground was Capitol Hill, Washington, where it remained until September 17, drilling, equipping and performing camp guard duty; it next went to Arlington Heights, where it drilled until September 29, and from there pitched camp in Pleasant Valley. Here the regiment was assigned to the Second Brigade (Brigadier-General Thomas C. Kane), First Division (Brigadier-General A. S. Williams), Twelfth Corps (Major-General H. W. Slocum). The regiment went into camp in Loudon Valley during the months of November and December, 1862, and was thoroughly drilled; on January 24, 1863, the regiment went into camp at Stafford Court House to remain for the winter. On the morning of April 27, 1863, orders came to pack up and

move on the thirtieth; it struck the Fredericksburg plank road, and here was ordered to silence a battery worked by rebel cavalymen, which they did—this was the first time the boys had been under fire. It was the beginning of the Chancellorsville battle. On May 3, 1863, the battle commenced and raged with great fury for more than four long hours, and finally ended in repulse (although the boys fought like Spartans) and were ordered back behind their breastworks, where many of their brave comrades lay dead and many were wounded; this ended the battle, with one hundred and thirty-five killed, wounded and missing.

The following is an account of the battle of Gettysburg: July 1, 1863, the regiment struck the road leading to Gettysburg; news came from the front that our forces were engaging the rebels near Gettysburg, near Spangle Springs; they threw up breastworks, making works that would stand a shell; on July 3, at 1 o'clock p. m., the enemy opened fire with one hundred and fifty guns on the center and left, the position of General Hancock's corps; the Union batteries, equal in number and calibre, replied promptly, and for the following two hours the earth shook and trembled under the feet of the two armies with the terrible concussion; the air was filled with iron missiles; forest trees were riven and torn and splintered as if struck by lightning; shells fell thick and fast around the regiment, three hundred pieces of artillery were in action, and such a terrific roar was never heard before and probably never will be heard again. Another sharp fight occurred later in the afternoon, driving the rebels back with great slaughter; this ended the terrible Gettysburg battles. On July 4th large details were made to bury the dead, and this duty occupied the entire day. The corps to which the regiment belonged buried that day fifteen hundred dead rebels; the dead lay in every imaginable shape. On Cemetery Hill and in the National Cemetery now sleep the brave boys who fell at Gettysburg; here repose the precious offerings laid upon the altar of the country by the loyal states; there they lie, those of the rank and file, "Unknown"! "Unknown"! the only epitaph of hundreds. Eight hundred and sixty-seven dead sons was the sacrifice which New York gave at this battle; the One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment lost twelve in killed and wounded. New York furnished four hundred and forty-eight thousand eight hundred and fifty men to repress the rebellion; ninety-two separate commands were engaged in this battle.

Richard Durham, as corporal, participated

in the battle of Chancellorsville, May 3, 1863; battle of Gettysburg, July 3, 1863. He was also engaged under General Sherman in Georgia as follows: Battle of Resaca, Georgia, May 15, 1864, with eight men killed and wounded; battle of Cassville, May 19, 1864, the regiment gaining this battle without loss of life and took possession of Cassville, the enemy falling back; battle of Dallas, or New Hope Church, May 25, 1864, killed and wounded in this division nine hundred and fifty men; battle of Culp's Farm, June 22, 1864, in this fight the regiment losing forty-eight men killed and wounded and missing, while only eighty-three men were lost in the entire brigade; after the battle the boys buried their comrades, burying them in their army blue where they fell fighting the foe. The boys were thoroughly exhausted by the incessant marching, exposure and privation of a fifty-nine days campaign. Corporal Richard Durham was taken prisoner at the latter-named battle, was confined in Andersonville prison, and was prisoner of war until close of hostilities, June 8, 1865. He made several attempts to escape, but was each time recaptured; on his way to prison he jumped from a moving train, shots were fired after him, missing their mark; he ran to the woods, bloodhounds were put on his track, which chased him up a tree, and at the point of bayonets he surrendered; he escaped again, living on berries and persimmons for four days, at the expiration of which time nature gave out; he then went to a southern home for food and gave himself up. Another time he managed to secure a rebel suit, and went into their camp, but when roll call came was unable to give a rebel name and was arrested for a spy and sentenced to be shot, when a hasty call came for more men, and for some reason, which he never learned, his life was spared and he was made a prisoner again. He made two other unsuccessful attempts, after which he concluded it was impossible to reach the Union army.

Andersonville Prison, Georgia, was one of the worst during the civil war. A brute named Wirz, the keeper, will go down in history for his inhumanity to the men; he placed the slop houses over the little stream of water running through the stockade, polluting the water used for all purposes. While Corporal Durham was confined there, after a hard shower one night, a pure flow of water burst forth from a rise of ground within the stockade; the prisoners named it "the Providential Spring," and spoke of it with great reverence. Who will say this was not the work of a kind heavenly Father to place pure water within reach of the famishing prisoners, making it

impossible for the cruel Wirz to pollute; it was still flowing at the close of the war. In this prison pen many of our noble boys were laid to rest through exposure, starvation and the dread disease, scurvy, with the added brutalities of Captain Wirz, the Swiss keeper, who showed a fiendish delight in adding to the tortures of those committed to his care, and who richly merited being tried and sentenced to the hanging which he suffered. November 10, 1865. He was the only person executed for the part he took in the war.

At the close of the war, Corporal Richard Durham returned to his father's home in North Hebron, Washington county, New York, and remained there until March 12, 1868, the date of his marriage to Rosalinda, daughter of Daniel and Lucina (Woodard) Braymer. The following eleven years he engaged in farming in Hebron, New York, then removed to Salem, Washington county, where he engaged in the feed business for three years. He then went west and entered into partnership with Daniel Braymer, his brother-in-law, in the ranch and cattle business in New Mexico, continuing for ten years. He then returned to Hebron, New York, and engaged in the general grocery business in Granville, continuing for seven years. He was a man of sterling worth, honorable and upright in all his dealings, charitable and kind hearted, giving liberally to all good works. He was a member of the First Baptist Church of Granville, and was a Republican in politics. He served as captain on the round-ups in New Mexico, and as assessor and supervisor for two terms in the town of Hebron. He was a member of the Free and Accepted Masons. The widow of Corporal Durham resides in Granville.

ELDRIDGE

The name of Eldredge, or, as it was originally written, Eldred, is of Saxon origin.

The name dates to the very earliest Saxon days in England. John Eldred, of Great Saxham, in Suffolk, England, was born in 1552 and died in 1632. He was one of the founders of Virginia, and from 1609 to 1624 was a member of his Majesty's Council for the Virginia Company of London. The brass tablet to "John Eldred, the Navigator," at Great Saxham, England, has the arms of the East India Merchants, the Levant or Turkey Merchants, and the Russia Merchants Companies. He left four sons and two daughters. The Pilgrims who came to America in the "Mayflower" in 1620 obtained a patent from the London Company, and through contrary winds were landed at Cape Cod instead of in Vir-

ginia, as they intended. As John Eldred was for fifteen years a director of the Virginia Company of London, it is likely that the Eldreds who appeared in New England between the years 1635 and 1645 were in some way connected with him. The name was early spelled Eldred, Eldredg and Eldridge, and later Eldredge, some branches using Eldridge.

(I) The family appeared in the Mohawk Valley about the years 1780-1790, the first settler being Barnabas Eldredge, who settled in Schoharie county. He reached his destination with a cash capital of ten dollars, engaged in farming and other business enterprises, and at his death possessed an estate of one thousand acres in Schoharie county, besides property in Ohio. He was the leading financier of his town and had the privilege granted him of issuing his own script or money. He married Doshia Wadsworth, and had Nancey, Robert, David, Adna, Franklin, Seth, Charles, Leray, Sally and Clinton. Doshia died May 30, 1831. Barnabas then married Sarah Peck, who died April 25, 1873.

(II) Clinton, son of Barnabas Eldredge, was born in Schoharie county, New York, in 1812, died 1897. He was a prosperous farmer of the county, his farm lying in the town of Sharon. He married Catherine, born August, 1812, died May, 1900, daughter of Andrew Moyer. Children, all born in Schoharie county: 1. Seward, married Eliza Best; children: i. Orin, married Estella Ward, and had Seward and Joseph. ii. Lena, married Duane Snyder, resides at Sharon Springs, and has a large family. 2. Wadsworth, married Catherine Eckler; children: Myron, Beardsley, Ella and Bertha. 3. Sarah, married Thomas S. Powell; children: J. Sands, Thomas, Anna and Bessie. 4. James P., married Louise Alger, and had a large family. 5. Odillon B., married Mary Ough; children: Ford, Harry and Ethal. 6. Henry, died in infancy. 7. Harry Moyer, of further mention. 8. Andrew, died at the age of thirty-six years. 9. Grace G., married Henry Skinner, and has Bertha.

(III) Henry Moyer, son of Clinton and Catherine (Moyer) Eldredge, was born in Leesville, Schoharie county, New York, March 27, 1851. He was educated in the public schools and under private instruction. He decided upon a profession, and choosing law, entered the law office of Alonzo B. Coons, at Sharon Springs, April, 1876, where he made thorough preparation. He taught in the public schools of Montgomery county during his years of legal preparation, and in 1877 was elected justice of the peace of the town of Sharon. He was admitted to the bar Septem-

ber 5, 1879. He practiced for one year in Sharon Springs, then in March, 1880, removed to Fort Plain, Montgomery county, New York, where he has passed thirty busy, eventful years in the practice of his profession, in official life and as general man of business. For several years he was corporation attorney for the villages of Williston and Fort Plain, and successfully defended every case brought against them both in the lower court and on appeal to the appellate division. Two of these suits against the village of Fort Plain were for large amounts. They were decided in favor of the village, but appeals were taken. Mr. Eldredge argued the cases before the appellate division of the Supreme Court, which sustained the decision of the lower court. Numberless instances could be cited of important cases in which he has figured as the successful chief or assistant counsel. He is a capable, skillful lawyer, a trusted and efficient public official, and in business most energetic and successful. His generosity is proverbial and unostentatious. For eight years he was clerk of the board of supervisors of Montgomery county, for sixteen years justice of the peace; director of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank; director of the Empire State Metal Wheel Company; treasurer of the school board, and interested in other activities of his village and county. In 1906 he was the candidate of his party for county judge, but failed of an election. He is a Methodist in religious faith. He is a member of Fort Plain Lodge, No. 433, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Knights of Pythias. In politics he is a Democrat. He married, September 29, 1880, Ida C. Dunkle, daughter of Aaron and Irena (Hess) Dunkle, whose children are: 1. Mary, married George W. Spraker. 2. Adam, married Elizabeth Eldredge. 3. Saline, married George H. Eldredge. 4. Ida C., married Henry M. Eldredge. 5. Margaret, married Edward Copley. 6. Lewis A., married Florence Giesler.

The Cottrells of Greenwich, COTTRELL Washington county, New York, descend from Nicholas Cottrell, of Westerly, Rhode Island, who was an inhabitant there in 1638, and in 1670 a deputy. There is no record of his birth, death or marriage, but there are records of four children—Nicholas (2), Gershon, John and Jabesh. Nicholas (2) died 1716; was constable 1688, deputy 1696; admitted to Stonington church, July 24, 1709. In 1711 was concerned with thirty-three others in the purchase of fifty-three hundred acres of vacant land in Narragansett. He married Dorothy, died



Wm. E. Ewing

1747, daughter of James and Hannah (Good-enow) Pendelton, and had five children, including sons Nicholas (2), Nathaniel and Samuel. Gershom, the second son of Nicholas (2), died 1711. He was of Westerly and Kingston, Rhode Island. He married Bethea ———, died 1711. They had ten children, including sons Gershom and Stephen. John, the third son, died 1721; was of Kingston, Rhode Island; he married Elizabeth, and had four children, including a son Samuel, born 1687. Jabesh, the fourth son, was of Peabody, Rhode Island; he married Ann, daughter of John Peabody; no issue recorded.

It is from this family that Nathan Cottrell, the Washington county pioneer, came. There is an interval between the second and the sixth generations that cannot be supplied, but the proofs are strong as to his descent. His marriage to Mary Tefft, a daughter or relative of Judge Nathan Tefft, who came from the same state, Rhode Island, shows family acquaintance in their New England home.

(VI) Nathan Cottrell was born in Westerly or Kingston, Rhode Island, April 11, 1755, died August 8, 1842. He settled in Washington county, New York, prior to 1786. He was a prosperous farmer for his day, and was one of the pioneers who faced the dangers and privations attending the early settlement of that wild and heavily timbered region. He married, January 20, 1786, in Washington county, Mary Tefft, born May 2, 1758, died July 1, 1837. Children: 1. John, born December 8, 1786, died April 5, 1791. 2. Thomas, born September 20, 1788, died April 16, 1864; was justice of the peace in 1832; married Mary Crandall. 3. Adam, born May 14, 1790, died October 2, 1791. 4. John, of whom further. 5. Adam, born July 26, 1793, died August 22, 1796. 6. Perlina. 7. Mary, born August 2, 1796, died October 1, 1797. 8. Adam, born April 30, 1798, died November 25, 1877. 9. Mary, born October 28, 1800, died June 5, 1876.

(VII) John, son of Nathan and Mary (Tefft) Cottrell, was born November 7, 1791, died May 19, 1851, in Washington county, New York. He grew up a farmer and always followed that occupation. He was a member of the Baptist church. He married, June 16, 1816, Betsey Dwelle, born April 27, 1798, daughter of Abner and Miriam (Martin) Dwelle. Children: 1. James Harvey, born September 23, 1817, died July 12, 1843. 2. Horace, born November 27, 1820, died August 15, 1867. 3. John Horton, of whom further. 4. Charles Henry, born September 21, 1828, died August 4, 1873; married (first), December 28, 1854, ———

Wright, (second) Helen Burdick. 5. Mary Elizabeth, born March 25, 1835, died May 3, 1861; married, February 22, 1858, William Mowry.

(VIII) John Horton, son of John and Betsey (Dwelle) Cottrell, was born January 6, 1823, on the homestead farm in Washington county, and in the house erected by his father in 1816. He was reared a farmer, and spent a life devoted to agricultural and kindred pursuits. He married, February 22, 1870, Martha L., daughter of Josephus and Lucy (Palen) Martin. Children: 1. Mary, married Frank L. Fisher. 2. Lucy Martin, married Dr. Clayton E. Shaw; child, Clayton E. 3. Horace, of whom further.

(IX) Horace, son of John Horton and Martha L. Cottrell, was born on the old homestead in Greenwich, New York, June 3, 1877. He was educated in the public schools, prepared for and later entered Williams College, where he was graduated in the class of 1899. He began his business career in a bank at Hoosick Falls, New York, later returned to Greenwich, where he became cashier of the First National Bank, being at the time of his appointment the youngest cashier in the state. He is also a director of the bank. He is a member of the Bottskill Baptist church of Greenwich, and a supporter of the Republican party. He married, September 20, 1899, Jane Elizabeth Warren, born August 18, 1877, daughter of William Russell and Jane Elizabeth (Smith) Warren. Child: Gundrieda, born October 11, 1900.

(The Warren Line).

Sellick Warren, son of James, was born in Pittstown, Rensselaer county, New York. After his marriage he removed to Mentor, Ohio, where he purchased a farm on which he resided until his death. The adjoining farm was that of the Garfield, whose son James A. was afterward president of the United States. He married Mary Van Amberg Yates, daughter of "Squire" Yates, of Pittstown. Children: 1. Frances Mary, married John T. Tweddle. 2. Jane, married Addison Goodell; children: Frances, married William Strong; Warren, married Lucy Wendland, and had Helen E., Addison, Warren S. and Philips; Nathan Phillips, married Eleanor Gray, and had Martha Jane and Frances Warren; Bertha, married Dr. Mortimer Keegan, and had Elizabeth Jane. 3. Sellick, married Emily Huestis; children: Huestis S., married Margaret, and had Imogene and Sellick; Marshall, married Harriet Lakin, and had Mary Emily and Frances; Francis Perry, married Nellie Newman, and

has a son Perry. 4. William Russell, of whom further.

William Russell, son of Sellick and Mary Van Amberg (Yates) Warren, was born in Mentor, Ohio, about 1843, died May 31, 1907. He was educated in the town of his birth, and for many years resided in Mulvane, Kansas, where he owned a private bank. He married, in 1869, Jane Elizabeth Smith, born 1850, died 1890, daughter of James and Huldia (Waddell) Smith. Children: 1. Richard, born February 18, 1872, married Laura Yarnell; children: Richard and Russell. 2. John Tweddle, born December 26, 1875, married Agnes Crawford, and has a son Russell. 3. Jane Elizabeth, married Horace Cottrell. 4. Helen, born January 11, 1883, married Judson Watts, and has children Judson and Perry.

(The Tefft Line).

(I) John Tefft, the immigrant ancestor, settled in Portsmouth, King's Town, Rhode Island, where he became a freeman in 1655. In 1648 William Tefft, of Boston, died, and in his will gave to the eldest child of his brother Tefft "least steer Calf." William may have been a brother of John. John Tefft is next mentioned in 1662, November 22, when he and his wife Mary sold seven acres of land to Robert Shink, of Newport. May, 1671, his name is recorded as an inhabitant of Pettaquamscutt. His will was dated November 30, 1674, and mentioned his son-in-law, Samuel Wilson; wife Mary; sons Samuel and Joshua, and daughter Tabitha. On January 26, 1676, his death is mentioned in a letter from Captain James Oliver (written at the house of Richard Smith in Narragansett). Captain Oliver says first, that Joshua Tefft had married a Wamponag squaw, then that he had shot twenty times at the English in the Narragansett fight, and was captured and executed at Providence, and declares that he was "a sad wretch, he never heard a sermon but once these fourteen years. His father, going to recall him, lost his head and lies unburied (1676)." On November 19 the widow signed in satisfaction of her thirds, her signature being witnessed by Tabitha Gardiner. She died in 1679. Children: Daughter, married Samuel Wilson; Samuel, born 1644, mentioned below; Joshua, died January 18, 1676, executed by the English; Tabitha, born 1653, died 1722.

(II) Samuel, son of John Tefft, was born in 1644, and died in 1725. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Joseph and Esther (Ballard) Jencks. She was born in 1652, and died 1740. In 1677 he was admitted a freeman (Providence). On May 12, 1679, he was fined

twenty shillings for not attending jury, but March 12, 1680, his fine was remitted by the assembly, as he had had no warning by the general sergeant. September 6, 1687, he was an inhabitant of King's Town, and was taxed there. On June 28, 1709, he and twenty-six others bought the tract of land called Swamp-town, part of the vacant lands of Narragansett. On March 20, 1721, he called his age about seventy-seven years, and October 29, 1722, his wife Elizabeth called her age seventy years, though other evidence makes her not quite so old. His will, dated March 16, 1725, proved December 20, 1725, mentions his wife Elizabeth, sons John, Samuel and Joseph, daughters Elizabeth Carpenter, Esther Mumpford, Mary Newton, Susanna Crandall and Mercy Tefft; also children of Sarah Witter, deceased. The inventory was 1,010 pounds, 3 shillings, 8 pence. His wife's will was dated July 4, 1733, and proved May 12, 1740. Children: John, mentioned below; Samuel, died 1760; Peter, died 1725; Sarah, married Ebenezer Witter; Elizabeth, died 1750; Esther, died 1726; Mary, married ——— Newton; Tabitha, unmarried; Mercy, unmarried; Susanna, married Peter Crandall.

(III) John (2), son of Samuel Tefft, died in 1762. He married Joanna, daughter of Jonathan and Mehitable (Holbrook) Sprague. He lived in South Kings Town, Rhode Island. On June 28, 1709, he was among those engaged in Shannock purchase. His will, dated January 5, 1754, codicil December 22, 1757, proved January 21, 1768, mentions his wife Joanna, sons John, Joseph, Samuel, James and Nathan, daughters Mary Barber, Mercy Rogers, Mehitable Rogers, Tabitha Tefft and Sarah Brown, and six grandchildren. The codicil mentioned the decease of his wife in 1757, and gave the 600 pounds formerly left to her, to the five daughters. The inventory was 6,148 pounds, 16 shillings, 5 pence. Children: John, born December 4, 1699; Joanna, 1701; Joseph, January 8, 1710; Samuel, married October 7, 1827; James, born April 21, 1715; Nathan, March 14, 1717, mentioned below; Mary, married, January 11, 1729, Benjamin Barber; Mercy, married Rev. James Rogers; Mehitable, married Captain John Rogers; Tabitha, married ——— James; Sarah, married, March 1, 1744, Hezekiah Brown, (second) ——— Cottrell; Elizabeth, married ——— Skellie.

(IV) Judge Nathan Tefft, son of John (2) Tefft, was born in South Kings Town, Rhode Island, March 14, 1717. He moved from Rhode Island to Albany in 1766, and from there to Washington county, New York, traveling on horseback. He passed through track-

less forests, being guided by marks cut on the trees, passing through Petersburg Valley as far as Cambridge, and from there across to Washington county. His son Stanton, a surveyor, accompanied him and laid out the tract of land now embracing the Rogers', Collamer's, Richardson's, Parker's, Babcock's, and Tefft's farms. One year later Nathan brought his family to Galesville, New York, and built there a sawmill, the first one on the Batten Kill. In 1763 and 1764 he was justice of the court of common pleas for Kings county. He was lieutenant of the Third Company militia, Colonel Pendleton's regiment, in 1750 and 1753; he was captain in 1753 and 1754. Judge Nathan Tefft married (first) September 16, 1742, Isabel Stanton, born August 13, 1716, died 1777. He married (second) E. Dareis (Dorcas) Sheldon, who survived him but a short time. He died April 3, 1782 or 1789. Children: Stanton, born July 9, 1744, died 1811, married Mehitable Rogers; Isabel, born March 14, 1745-46, married Caleb Tefft; Mercy, born December 14, 1749, married James Rogers; Nathan, born August 28, 1752; died September 18, 1828; John, born March 3, 1756; Mary, born May 2, 1758, married Nathan Cottrell (see Cottrell); Sarah, born August 14, 1762, married Asa Crandall.

Three generations of Alexander MacDonalds have resided in Glengarry county, Canada. The family is of Scotch ancestry.

(I) Alexander MacDonald was a farmer of Glengarry county, Canada. He married Marjorie Kennedy, and had issue.

(II) Alexander (2), son of Alexander (1) and Marjorie (Kennedy) MacDonald, was born in Glengarry county, Canada, 1840, died 1872. He was first lieutenant in the Ninety-seventh New York Volunteers during civil war, and after he was in lumber business at Bay City, Michigan. He married Caroline Alexander, born 1844, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Clark) Alexander. Children: William Alexander; Wallace Roderick Joseph, died in infancy.

(III) William Alexander, son of Alexander (2) and Caroline (Alexander) MacDonald, was born in the town of Floyd, Oneida county, New York, February 25, 1868. He came to Gloversville in 1873. He graduated from the Gloversville high school in 1886, and the following year entered Union College, whence he was graduated, class of 1891, with the degree of A. B. Later the degree of A. M. was awarded him. He was admitted to the bar September 14, 1893, and in that year established law offices in Glovers-

ville, where he continues in the general practice of his profession. He is a member of the state, county and city bar associations, and has served as corporation counsel of the city of Gloversville from 1902 to 1909. He is a member of the board of trustees of the Gloversville Free Library. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a trustee. He is a Free Mason, affiliated with Gloversville Lodge, No. 429, Free and Accepted Masons; Johnstown Chapter, No. 78, Royal Arch Masons; Holy Cross Commandery, No. 51, Knights Templar. He married, September 4, 1894, Minnie E. Baird, born October, 1868, daughter of Stephen and Ann (McAllister) Baird. Children: Marjorie Baird, born April 11, 1904; Marion Alexander, October 30, 1908.

This branch of the Miller family of Albany traces through four generations direct to the Fatherland. The name was anglicized in the first generation and has always since been spelled Miller, although the German family, who are numerous in Hanau, are Muellers and Muhlers.

(I) Christian Miller, founder of this branch, came to New York City when a lad of twelve years. He was born in Hanau, Germany, and died in Albany, New York. He settled in New York City on coming to this country, and served an apprenticeship with William Smith, a grocer, who so thoroughly taught him the business that in a few years he was capable of conducting a store of his own. He located in Albany, where he conducted a general store on the same plot of ground now occupied by John Keeler's State Street Restaurant. This property which he purchased remained in the family until a few years ago, passing out of their control in 1906. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed Church of Albany, and a man of good standing in the city. He married.

(II) William C., son of Christian Miller, was born in Albany, New York, where his life was passed. He died in Albany. He married (first) a Van Schaick.

(III) Ernest John, son of William C. Miller, was born in Albany, New York, and died in that city in 1896. He was educated at Albany Boys' Academy and graduated from Rutgers College, New Brunswick, New Jersey. He chose law, and fitted for that profession at the Albany Law School. He practiced in Albany for several years, then abandoned his profession for the sake of engaging in manufacturing as vice-president and treasurer of the Albany Card and Paper Company. He

was a member of the Dutch Reformed Church and a Republican in politics. He married Jessie, daughter of Dr. Peter MacNaughton, of Albany, for over half a century a leading citizen and physician of that city. Children: 1. William C., of New York City, now connected with the Edison Electric Company as engineer to the controller; he married Virginia Temple. 2. Jane Guest, died August 4, 1888. 3. Ernest Livingston, a retail coal dealer of Albany, married Edith, daughter of Edward Easton, Sr. 4. MacNaughton, of further mention.

(IV) MacNaughton Miller, youngest son of Ernest John and Jessie (MacNaughton) Miller, was born in Albany, New York, April 19, 1873. He was educated at the Albany Academy, and began his business career as a messenger in the Commercial Bank of Albany, rising through successive promotions to the position of individual bookkeeper. In 1902 he became assistant cashier of the Park Bank, holding that position until the Park became merged with the Union Trust Company. He was elected assistant treasurer of the latter institution, advanced to the position of secretary, and is now (1911) secretary and treasurer. He is a deacon of the Dutch Reformed Church, and a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Albany Academy Alumni Association, and the Fort Orange and Racquet clubs of Albany. For seven years Mr. Miller served in the Third Signal Corps, New York National Guard, ranking as first sergeant. He married, June 20, 1899, Caroline Baxter Cobb, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, daughter of Rev. Sanford H. Cobb, a minister of the Dutch Reformed Church. Child, Ernest John Miller (2), born July 21, 1906.

The family name of Cuyler is CUYLER believed to have been derived from the German word "Keiler"—a wild boar of the forest—and would therefore signify a powerful man. "Keiler" is also spelled "Keuler," and both of these words have exactly the same sound as the Dutch "Cuyler." Had the name been adopted in what is understood as modern times, then it would correspond to the form "Kuiler" or "Kuilder," meaning a man who fishes with a "kuil," which is a bag-shaped fishnet, and the family name would accordingly signify one who was a fisherman when the name was originally applied. The Dutch word "Kuyl" signifies a pit or hole, and it is not so consistent to state that "Kuyler" meant one who digs a hole, or is a delver, or to follow the analogy by employing other synonymous terms.

The Cuyler arms, modified and by some considered more attractive than the earliest form known, both in design and coloring, and which has been in common use in America for probably a century or more, is described as follows: Shield: Per pale, embattled gules and azure, an arrow in bend, or, barbed and flighted, argent, point upwards. Crest: On a mural crown proper, a battleaxe erect, surmounted by two arrows in saltire, or, flighted argent, points downwards. Motto: (Dutch) Ik vertrouw op God, niet op pijlen; (Latin) Deo non sagittis fido; (English) I trust in God, not in arrows. When printing the motto in capital letters in Dutch, the word "pijlen" would be spelled "pylen," with the two small marks above the letter "y," a form not always accessible in printing books, consequently the equivalent "i j" is employed. Attention is here called to the fact that "God" is the Dutch word for "Gott" in the German, and the motto is in Dutch.

The impression in the wax, made when Annatje Schepmoes, widow of Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor, sealed her will, about the year 1700, shows the single arrow in the field, pointing upwards, with the initial letter of his Christian name, "H," in the lower left corner, and the letter "C" in the upper right corner. This is the property of Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll, of New York City.

That the Cuyler family held eminent position in Holland long before the year 1600 has been demonstrated by the thorough research made among the archives in that country through the persistence of Mrs. Maud Churchill Nicoll to seek out the family's early history, and the interesting fact has been established by her that this family probably antedates any other in Holland in the use of a surname, which goes to show the advancement of the family at an early period.

In this country it was not long before the family was recognized in a distinctive manner, beyond all disputation, for the appointments of the chief officials in the colony were made by the English Crown, and the choice invariably fell to the man of eminence. Next after the position of governor, which office was filled by the English government sending an Englishman of prominence across the water to represent the king or queen, as the case might be, the selection of a mayor was the highest rank, and he was a man residing in the colony, hence the colonist could receive no greater recognition. New York and Albany were the principal cities in the colony.

The Cuyler family was the peer of all others, as the following facts will show, aside from what creditable estimates many histor-

ians have written respecting it, and it is here set forth that from the time Albany became a city, July 22, 1686, to the time of the revolution, some one of the Cuyler name and direct line was either mayor of Albany or closely related to one who was, such as a wife, brother or son. It is interesting to the general historian as an illustration of the intermarriage of leading families in founding a city.

Johannes Cuyler, son of Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor, was appointed (14th) mayor of Albany by Gov. William Burnet, and officiated from October 14, 1725, until November 7, 1729.

Cornelis Cuyler, son of Mayor Johannes Cuyler and Elsie Ten Broeck, was appointed (20th) mayor by Lieut.-Gov. George Clarke, and officiated from October 14, 1742, until September 28, 1746.

Colonel Abraham Cornelis Cuyler, son of Mayor Cornelis Cuyler and Catalyntje Schuyler, was appointed (26th) mayor by Lieut.-Gov. Cadwallader Colden, and officiated from September 10, 1770, until April 16, 1778.

Mayor Johannes Cuyler married (1684) Elsie, daughter of (4th) Mayor Dirck Wesselse Ten Broeck.

Mayor Cornelis Cuyler married (1726) Catalyntje, daughter of (10th) Mayor Johannes Schuyler.

Abraham Cuyler, second child of Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor, married (1689) Catherine, daughter of (7th) Mayor Jan Jansen Bleecker.

Sara Cuyler, third child of Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor, married (6th) Mayor Pieter Van Brugh, in 1688.

Rachel Cuyler, fifth child of Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor, married (13th) Mayor Myndert Schuyler, in 1693.

Maria Cuyler, sixth child of Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor, married (1st) Mayor John Cruger, of New York City, in 1703, and John, son of Maria Cuyler and Mayor John Cruger, was mayor of New York, 1756-65.

Sara Cuyler, daughter of Mayor Johannes Cuyler, married (17th) Mayor Johannes Hansen, in 1723.

Sara Cuyler's husband, Mayor Johannes Hansen, had sister Debora, who was mother of (29th) Mayor Johannes Jacobse Beeckman, having married Jacob Beeckman.

Anna Cuyler, daughter of Mayor Johannes Cuyler, married (1712) the nephew of (1st) Mayor Pieter Schuyler, Anthony Van Schaick.

Sara Cuyler, daughter of Mayor Johannes Cuyler, married (1723) Johannes, son of (5th) Mayor Hendrick Hansen.

Elsje Cuyler, daughter of Mayor Johannes Cuyler, married (1724) Hendrick Roseboom, first cousin of the wife of (24th) Mayor Sybrant Gosen Van Schaick, Alida Roseboom.

Abraham Cuyler's wife, Caatje (or Catherine) Bleecker, was a sister of (8th) Mayor Johannes Bleecker, Jr., and also of (15th) Mayor Rutger Bleecker, both being sons of (7th) Mayor Jan Jansen Bleecker.

Abraham Cuyler's son, Johannes Abraham Cuyler, married (1727) Catharina Wendell, whose aunt, Maria Wendell, was wife of (23rd) Mayor Robert Sanders.

Abraham Cuyler's daughter, Catharina, married (22nd) Mayor Jacob Coenraedt Ten Eyck, in 1736.

Abraham Cuyler's daughter, Margarita, married (21st) Mayor Dirck Ten Broeck, in 1714.

Margarita Cuyler's daughter, Christina Ten Broeck, married (1740) Philip Livingston, signer of the declaration.

Margarita Cuyler's granddaughter, Catherine Livingston, married (32nd) Mayor Philip Stephen Van Rensselaer, in 1787.

Margarita Cuyler's son, Dirck Ten Broeck, married (25th) Mayor Volckert P. Douw's daughter, Anna, in 1761.

Margarita Cuyler's grandson was (28th) Mayor Abraham Ten Broeck.

Anna Cuyler, daughter of Rachel Cuyler and Mayor Myndert Schuyler, married (16th) Mayor Johannes De Peyster, in 1715.

A critical inspection of the above list shows that thirty of the earliest thirty-two mayors of Albany were of close Cuyler blood or else married into the family.

James Riker, in his "History of Harlem," says, in speaking of Mayor Johannes Cuyler, eldest son of the progenitor: "From him and his brothers come the respectable family of Cuyler, allied from an early day to many others noted in the annals of New York."

(1) Hendrick Cuyler was progenitor of the entire family of that name in this country. His father was Isobrant Cuyler, whose wife bore the Christian name of Evertien, or Evertje.

He was born at Hasselt, a city in the province of Overysse, Holland, a few miles north of Zolle, and he was baptized there August 11, 1637.* He died in New York, N. Y., in 1690.

Hendrick Cuyler settled in Beverwyck in 1664, when the place was changing from the Dutch rule, known as Dorpe Beverwyck, to that of the English, when it became known for the first time (September 24, 1664) as Albany. He was a tailor, and was successful

*From the papers of Maud Churchill Nicoll.

in accumulating considerable property. He bought a lot on the hill, on the east side of North Pearl street, near State street, and owned a lot in 1680 on the south side of State, west of Pearl street, "near ye Fort," which was located in the center of the former broad thoroughfare at its intersection with Lodge street. After his death this lot and house passed into the possession of his son-in-law, Mayor Pieter Van Brugh.

In 1675 he made his brother Reynier, then residing in Holland, "cnoopemaecker tot Amsterdam" (button-maker residing at Amsterdam), his attorney, in order to receive certain property from Pieter Nicolaas Gouverneur. He had a house built for him at Albany in 1680, evidently the one on the lot last described. It was erected from timber cut and prepared in New York City. Jan Nagel, Jan Dyckman, Arent Hermens Bussing, Adolph Meyer and Jan Delamater were kept busy in that year hewing timber to fill a contract made January 2, 1680, with Nicolaas de Meyer, as his agent, for whom they were to furnish timber, including "beams, posts, rafters, plates, sleepers, door-posts and casings, according to the plan thereof," to be delivered in the ensuing May, part at the waterside and part in New York City at the Burgher's Path, for which they were to receive "1,300 guilders, with a half-anker of rum, to-wit: one-third in silver money or sewant, one-third in good winter wheat, and one-third in goods at such price as he (De Meyer) sells the same at his store for current sewant."

He eventually returned to New York to live, where he and his wife united with the Dutch church by letter, November 29, 1688, two years before his death. He married, at New Amsterdam (New York City), Annatje Schepmoes, born in that city and died there, daughter of Jan Jansen Schepmoes and Sara Pieterse. Children: Johannes, Abraham, Sara, Delia, Rachel, Maria, Eva, Hendrick.

(II) Johannes Cuyler, first child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, was born in Holland in 1661, and died at Albany, New York, July 20, 1740, where he was buried in the Dutch church.

He was one of the most prominent traders of the place, and acquired wealth; was admitted a freeman of New York City in 1696, where he resided for a time; attended the Dutch Reformed Church of Albany, whereof he was a deacon in 1695 and 1700, and in later years was elder. He was Commissioner of Indian Affairs for a number of years, beginning with 1706, and was also alderman. Gov. William Burnet appointed him four-

teenth mayor of Albany, and he officiated from October 14, 1725, to November 7, 1726. His residence was on the east side of North Pearl, the second house south of Steuben street, with his extensive lot extending through the block to Yaugh (now James) street.

His son, Cornelis Cuyler, became the twentieth mayor of Albany by appointment of Lieut.-Gov. George Clarke, serving from October 14, 1742, to September 28, 1746, and, in turn, the son of Mayor Cornelis Cuyler, Colonel Abraham Cornelis Cuyler, became the twenty-sixth mayor of Albany by appointment of Lieut.-Gov. Cadwallader Colden, serving from September 10, 1770, to April 16, 1778. His daughter Sara married (Apr. 25, 1723) Johannes Hansen, seventeenth mayor, by appointment of President Rip Van Dam, and reappointed by Gov. James De Lancey, with terms from October 14, 1731, to October 22, 1732, and from 1754 to 1756. In this manner, it might be put, that Johannes Cuyler, his son, grandson and his daughter, occupied the municipal "White House" throughout fourteen years.

Mayor Johannes Cuyler married, Albany, November 2, 1684, Elsje Ten Broeck, born at Albany, died there June 29, 1752, and buried in the Dutch Church, July 2nd. She was the second child and eldest daughter of Mayor Dirck Wesselse Ten Broeck (born, Holland, Dec. 18, 1638; died, Clermont, Columbia county, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1717), who married (Albany, 1663) Christina Van Buren (born May 19, 1644; died Nov. 24, 1729). Johannes Cuyler and Elsje Ten Broeck had issue: 1. Anna, born at Albany, November 26, 1685, died there; buried in Dutch Church, March 9, 1743; married, Albany, May 24, 1712, Anthony Van Schaick. 2. Christina, baptized, Albany, September 25, 1687; died young. 3. Christina, born at Albany; baptized December 4, 1689; buried, Albany, November 20, 1755. 4. Hendrick, born at Albany; baptized January 10, 1692. 5. Sara, born at Albany; baptized October 22, 1693; married, Albany, April 25, 1723, Mayor Johannes Hansen. 6. Elsje, born at Albany; baptized August 25, 1695; married, Albany, October 25, 1724, Hendrick Roseboom. 7. Cornelis, baptized at New York, N. Y., February 14, 1697; died at Albany, March 14, 1765; married, Albany, December 8, 1726, Catalyntje Schuyler. 8. Johannes, born at Albany, February 12, 1699; baptized February 21; married Catharina Glen. 9. Maria, born at New York; baptized there, November 25, 1702; married, Albany, October 11, 1733, Cornelis Ten Broeck. 10. Elizabeth, born at Albany;

baptized May 13, 1705; married, Albany, December 29, 1732, Jacob Sanderse Glen. 11. Rachel, born at Albany; baptized there, September 21, 1707; died young. 12. Rachel, born at Albany; baptized there, November 27, 1707.

(II) Abraham Cuyler, second child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, died at Albany, New York, and was buried there in the Dutch Church, July 14, 1747. Through shrewdness as a trader he acquired much valuable property, both at Albany and elsewhere. He married, Albany, November 17, 1689, Caatje (or Catherine) Bleecker. She died at Albany, April 8, 1734. Her father was Mayor Jan Jansen Bleecker, born in Holland, 1641; came from Meppel, province of Overysel, Holland, 1658, to Rensselaerswyck; appointed seventh mayor of Albany by Earl of Bellomont, officiating 1700-1701; died at Albany, November 21, 1732; buried in Dutch Church there, November 25; married (Albany, January 2, 1667) Margariet (daughter of Rutger Jacobsen Van Schoenderwoert), born 1647, died 1733. Abraham Cuyler and Caatje Bleecker had issue: 1. Hendrick, born at New York, N. Y., December 22, 1690; married, Albany, New York, December 1, 1722, Margarita Van Deusen. Born in Albany: 2. Margarita, October 26, 1692; died there, May 24, 1783; married, Albany, November 26, 1714, Mayor Dirck Ten Broeck. 3. Anna, baptized April 14, 1695; died November, 1709, unmarried. 4. Johannes Abraham, June 21, 1698; died October 24, 1746; buried October 27; married, Albany, October 28, 1727, Catharina Wendell (see forward). 5. Sara, baptized April 28, 1700; died young. 6. Maria, March 30, 1703; died February 16, 1722. 7. Sara, baptized October 6, 1706; died in Albany, buried there, August 28, 1746; married, Albany, July 6, 1729, Johannes Janse Beeckman. 8. Catharina, baptized February 18, 1710; married, Albany, August 1, 1736, Judge Jacob Coenraedt Ten Eyck, mayor of Albany. 9. Abraham, December 27, 1713; married, Albany, May 5, 1744, Jannetje Beeckman. 10. Nicolaas, June 27, 1716; married, Albany, May 11, 1745, Maria Schuyler.

(II) Sara Cuyler, third child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, resided in early life in New York City, later in Albany. She married, New York, November 2, 1688, Captain Pieter Van Brugh, born at New Amsterdam, July 14, 1666, died at Albany, and buried in the Dutch Church there, July 20, 1740. He was son of Johannes Pieterse Van Brugh, born in Holland, 1624; left Harlem for America, settling first in New Amsterdam,

before 1657, for in that year he sent down the Hudson river from Beverwyck, three hundred beaver skins, and who married, at New Amsterdam, March 29, 1658, Catharina Roeloffse (widow of Lucas Rodenburgh), born before 1636, being daughter of Anneke Jans and her first husband, Roeloff Jansen. Johannes P. Van Brugh died in 1697, having made a will December 22, 1696.

Captain Pieter Van Brugh was appointed sixth mayor of Albany by Lieut.-Gov. John Nanfan, officiated 1699-1700, and served a second term, from November 9, 1720, to 1723, by appointment of Gov. William Burnet. He and his wife had a house lot on the south side of State street, in Albany, west of Pearl, near the stockades, the same having been the residence, of his father-in-law, Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor. His family name, Van Brugh, was also spelled Van Brug and Verbrugge, possibly derived from the fact that the family had residence in Bruges, Belgium, more likely than of the small town of Brugg, Switzerland, and yet the English equivalent of the Dutch word (which has been used) was Bridge, signifying a family from near a certain bridge.

Pieter Van Brugh and Sara Cuyler had issue: Catharina, born in New York, N. Y.; baptized there, November 10, 1689; died February 20, 1756; married, Albany, September 19, 1707, Philip Livingston.

(II) Delia Cuyler, fourth child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, was a resident of Albany and latterly of Schenectady, New York. She married, New York, N. Y., September 19, 1694, Johannes, son of Pieter Groenendyk, progenitor of that family in America. He was born in New York; baptized there, March 24, 1675; died in Schenectady, and buried in the Dutch Church there, December, 1739. After his youth spent in New York he moved to Albany, where he was made sheriff of Albany county, 1698-99, and later removed to Schenectady, where he was a trader and continued to reside until his death. His wife conducted his business some years longer. Delia Cuyler and Johannes Groenendyk had issue, born in New York and baptized there: 1. Mary, baptized September 16, 1696. 2. Sara, baptized April 28, 1700; died at Albany, June 5, 1774; married, Albany, December 9, 1729, James Stevenson. 3. Pieter, baptized September 7, 1701. 4. Hendrick, baptized September 19, 1703. 5. Anna.

(II) Rachel Cuyler, fifth child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, resided all her life at Albany, New York. She married, Albany, October 26, 1693, Mayor Myndert Schuyler. He was born in Rensselaerswyck,

January 16, 1672, and was buried in the Dutch Church at Albany, October 21, 1755. President Pieter Schuyler, of the province of New York, appointed him thirteenth mayor of Albany, officiating from 1719 to November 8, 1720; appointed for a second term by Gov. William Burnet, serving from 1723 to October 13, 1725. He was member of assembly, October 20, 1702-1710; 1713-1715; 1724; 1728-1737; church master, 1706; Indian commissioner, 1706-1720; captain of militia, 1710; alderman, first ward, 1718-1719; colonel before 1754; deacon of Dutch Church; bought land on the Norman's Kil, near Albany, and at Huntersfield (Schoharie, New York) Patent; in 1703, occupying in Albany a lot on the south side of State street, the third east from South Pearl, formerly Gerrit Bancker's. His father was David Pieterse Schuyler, one of two brothers of the name who came from Amsterdam, Holland, to Beverwyck, purchasing land there in 1672 from the Van Rensselaers. He died, Albany, February 9, 1690, and had married, at New Amsterdam, October 13, 1657, Catalyn Ver Planck, daughter of Abraham Isaacse Ver Planck and Maria Vigne.

Rachel Cuyler and Myndert Schuyler had issue: Anna, born at Albany, New York; baptized there, February 28, 1697; buried in Dutch Church there, September 16, 1750; married, Albany, November 24, 1715, Mayor Johannes De Peyster.

(II) Maria Cuyler, sixth child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, was born in New York, N. Y., March 3, 1678; baptized there, March 13; died September 14, 1724. She married, March 5, 1703, John Cruger. He was the progenitor of the entire Cruger family in America. He came to New Amsterdam prior to 1700; settled there; became alderman, 1712-1733; was mayor of New York beginning with the year 1739 until his death in 1744; died in New York City, August 13, 1744, and was buried in the old Dutch Church.

During early history, and at different periods, the ancestral members of the Cruger family settled in Germany, Holland, Denmark and England. At the time of the Danish invasion of England, or possibly after the conquest of England, about 1016, it is probable that some of the members of this family went to England, as Sir Philip De Cruciger (from whom the English branch traces descent) subsequently accompanied King Richard on the Crusades. Other members of the family remaining in or returning to Germany, and they, as also those emigrating from there, trace their descent from the baronial house

of Van Cruger. One of the translators of the Bible, with Luther, was named Cruciger (Cruger). At Bristol, England, within the old Cathedral walls and in the adjoining church yard, are many ancient monuments and slabs to the memory of members of the Cruger family, some of whom came from the continent in the reign of Henry VIII.

Regarding the name of Cruger, in the transmutations which this family name has undergone, the origin is found to be Cruciger, derived from the Latin Crux-Gero, to carry the cross, or cross-bearer. The Cruger Arms: Shield: Argent, a bend azure charged with three martlets or, between two greyhounds courant, proper. Crest: A demi-greyhound statant, gorged or. Motto: Deo non fortuna; beneath the crest, Fides.

Maria Cuyler and John Cruger had issue, born in New York, N. Y.: 1. Anna, born March 28, 1704; died there, before her father (1744), and was buried in the old Dutch Church. 2. Tieleman, born November 11, 1705; died there, November 16, 1730; unmarried; buried in the old Dutch Church. 3. Henry, born November 25, 1707; died at Bristol, England, February 5, 1780; buried in center aisle of old Cathedral; married (first), at Teganie, Jamaica, West Indies, September 28, 1734, Hannah Slaughter, widow of Patrick Montgomery; (second), at Linquane, Jamaica, West Indies, December 21, 1736, Elizabeth Harris. 4. John, born July 18, 1710, died at New York, December 27, 1791, unmarried; mayor of New York, 1756-1765; first speaker and president of the first Colonial assembly and member for seventeen years. 5. Maria, born January 6, 1712; died at New York, July 20, 1715. 6. Sarah, born December 5, 1714; died at New York, March 4, 1766; buried there in new Dutch Church; married — Gouverneur. 7. Maria, born May 10, 1718; died at New York, April 14, 1787; buried there in the new Dutch Church. 8. Rachel, born May 10, 1721; died at New York, March 25, 1775; buried there in old Dutch Church.

(II) Eva Cuyler, seventh child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, resided at Albany, New York. She married, Albany, August 26, 1712, Dominie Petrus Henricus Van Driessen, Dominie Petrus Vas officiating.

He was the son of Petrus Van Driessen; matriculated at Groningen University, November 2, 1705, giving his residence then as Coevordienis, and came to Albany, April, 1712. He was made seventh minister of the "Nether Dutch Reformed Congregation of the City and County of Albany," succeeding Dominie Johannes Lydius. He was the one

who was energetic in erecting a new church edifice at the intersection of Broadway and State street, which was built of stone about the dilapidated one which had been constructed of wood in 1656, and no picture of any other subject in entire Albany is now regarded as more typical of the old Dutch days. He drew up a petition June 8, 1714, signed by himself, the elders and deacons, requesting the approval of Robert Hunter, captain-general and governor of the provinces of New York and New Jersey, for proceeding therewith, which was granted, and the building was first occupied October 30, 1715, consecrated November 13. He also had the church incorporated by petition of August 3; approved August 10, 1720, and this building endured until rebuilt on the south side of Beaver street, in 1806, from the same material, in order to facilitate traffic on State street, where it had stood in the middle of the principal thoroughfare. He also supplied Kinderhook, 1712-27; Linlithgow, 1722-37, and occasionally Schenectady, as well as being missionary to the neighboring Indians.

Dominie Van Driessen made a will, Albany, January 29, 1737-38, in which he bequeathed all his estate, real and personal, to his wife, Eva Cuyler, for use during lifetime, with power to sell and dispose of the same. She did sell, in conjunction with two of her children, Hendrick and Annatje, on July 21, 1748, and Philip Lansing bought it for a nominal sum, reconveying it to her in fee. Some time later her son, Petrus, conveyed his own interest to his brother, Hendrick, as he moved to Schenectady. Dominie Van Driessen died at Albany, January, 1738, and was buried in the Dutch church there, February 3, 1738.*

Eva Cuyler and Petrus Henricus Van Driessen had issue, born in Albany: 1. Petrus, baptized January 17, 1713; removed to Schenectady, New York; married, Schenectady, June, 1738. Engeltje Vrooman. 2. Hendrick, baptized October 30, 1715; removed to New York City. 3. Johannes, baptized September 29, 1717. 4. Annatje, baptized November 15, 1719. 5. Maria, baptized September 16, 1722; died at Albany; buried there, November 19, 1722.

(II) Hendrick Cuyler, eighth child of Hendrick Cuyler and Annatje Schepmoes, was a merchant residing in New York City. His will, bearing date New York, New York, July 23, 1763, was probated (liber 25, surrogate's court, county of New York) December 20, 1766.*

*This line has been traced by Maud Churchill Nicoll.

He married, in the Middle Dutch Church of New York City, license dated April 1, 1710, Maria Jacobs.

(III) Johannes Abraham Cuyler, fourth child of Abraham Cuyler and Caatje (or Catherine) Bleecker, was born at Albany, New York, June 21, 1698, and died there October 24, 1746; buried October 27. He had a house-lot in 1729 on the east corner of Broadway and Steuben street.

He married, at Albany, October 28, 1727, Catharina Wendell, born at Albany, baptized there January 10, 1705; died at Albany, April 12, 1746; was buried in the Dutch church, April 14th, and was the daughter of Harmanus Wendell (born Albany, 1678; died there; buried in Dutch Church, December 15, 1731), who married (about 1699) Annatje Glen (died, Albany; buried Sept. 19, 1756).

Johannes Abraham Cuyler and Catharina Wendell had issue, born at Albany: 1. Elsje, baptized September 15, 1728. 2. Harmanus, baptized May 3, 1730; married, Coxsackie, New York, 1771, Elizabeth Van Bergen. 3. Johannes, baptized September 21, 1731; married, Schenectady, New York, July 5, 1763, Susanna Vedder. 4. Abraham, baptized September 3, 1732. 5. Catharina, baptized May 12, 1734. 6. Cornelis, baptized October 19, 1735; married, Albany, March 16, 1763, Anna Wendell (see forward). 7. Anna, baptized September 5, 1736. 8. Margarita, baptized April 20, 1740. 9. Jacob, baptized September 28, 1741, died June 5, 1804, aged sixty-two years, six months; married, Albany, March 5, 1764, Lydia Van Vechten. 10. Jacob, baptized January 10, 1746; died at Coxsackie, New York, October 2, 1823. (This Jacob seems wrong; but so appears on records in Pearson).

(IV) Cornelis Johannes Cuyler, sixth child of Johannes Abraham Cuyler and Catharina Wendell, was born at Albany, New York; baptized there, October 19, 1735. He married, at Albany, March 16, 1763, Annatje Wendell, born at Albany, June 5, 1737, baptized there, June 12, 1737; died at Schenectady, New York, February 25, 1775, daughter of Jacob Wendell (born Albany, Nov. 22, 1702; buried at Greenbush, or later, Rensselaer, New York, Sept. 5, 1745), who married (Albany, Dec. 19, 1728) Helena Van Rensselaer (born, Albany, Oct. 4, 1702). Cornelis Johannes Cuyler and Annatje Wendell had issue: 1. Catharina, born at Albany, January 4, 1764. 2. Jacob Cornelis, born at Schenectady, June 9, 1765. 3. Johannes Cornelis, born at Schenectady, December 7, 1766; died there, October 25, 1828; married Hannah Maley (see forward). 4. Harmanus, born at

Schenectady, October 9, 1768. 5. Jannetje, born at Schenectady, June 10, 1770.

(V) Johannes Cornelis Cuyler, third child of Cornelis Johannes Cuyler and Annatje Wendell, was born at Schenectady, New York, December 5, 1766, and died there October 25, 1828. In later years he was known by the Anglicized form of his name, or John C. Cuyler. He was an incorporator of the proposed Clinton College in 1779, at Schenectady, which inaugurated the establishment of Union University.

He married, at Albany, Hannah Maley, born at Albany, October 12, 1769, daughter of John Maley, one of Albany's richest men, and Catherine Tremper, whose Huguenot family name on coming from France was Troupour, and they resided at Kingston, New York.

John Cornelius Cuyler and Hannah Maley had issue: 1. Catherine (baptized Caty), born May 12, 1788, died in Albany, November 3, 1794. 2. Ann, born October 2, 1794; died at Watervliet, New York, November 29, 1830; married, Albany, 1814, Capt. John Gansevoort. 3. John Maley, born November 25, 1796; died in Albany, September, 1836; married Sarah Colton, of Fishkill, New York. 4. Augustus, born January 7, 1799; died in Albany, October 12, 1825. 5. William Tremper, born December 22, 1802; died at Cuylerville, New York, December 21, 1864; married (first), at Rochester, New York, Charlotte Hanford; (second), at Leicester, New York, Nancy Bancker Stewart; married (third), at Boston, Massachusetts, May 9, 1850, Anna De Peyster Douw, widow of Samuel Stringer Lush (see Douw family). 6. Frederick, born June 22, 1804; died February 14, 1837; married, Hackensack, New Jersey, Caroline Romeyn. 7. Catherine Maley, born February 6, 1807; died at Eastport, Maine, May 15, 1832; married, Albany, October 14, 1825, Captain Henry Donnell Hunter, U. S. N. 8. Mary Magdalen, born February 3, 1810; died at Albany, October 4, 1847; married, Albany, April 5, 1827, George Dexter (see Dexter family). The last named child was born in Fort Johnston, Johnstown, New York, the others in Albany.

(VI) Col. William Tremper Cuyler, fifth child of Johannes Cornelis Cuyler and Hannah Maley, was born at Albany, New York, December 22, 1802, and died at "Woodlands," Cuylerville, Livingston county, New York, December 21, 1864. He was buried in the Cuyler lot of Mount Hope cemetery at Rochester, New York, and his grave indicated by a granite monolith.

He received his education as one of the

first students attending the Albany Academy, and resided in that city until about the time of his majority. The Erie canal was then nearing completion, and he was imbued with the idea that it was to open up the rich grain and grazing sections of the western part of the state, for up to that time very little of the population had settled to much of any extent farther westward than Schenectady, excepting in isolated cases, and such cities as Rochester, Buffalo and Detroit were hardly more than embryotic villages when he was a youth. Rochester was his choice, and he bought the "Crystal Building," on East Main street, establishing a large carriage manufactory, while his residence was on North St. Paul street. It was here that he married Charlotte Hanford, about 1823, probably on attaining his twenty-first year, and she a girl of seventeen years. He became a member of the Presbyterian church of Rochester, and this change of his religious views from the Dutch Reformed church of his ancestors for two centuries was probably due to the fact that his second wife, Nancy Bancker Stewart, came of a Scotch family; but the other members of his family turned instead to the Episcopalian faith. He received his title as colonel of the New York state militia.

About the year 1830, Colonel Cuyler decided to dispose of his property in Rochester so as to participate in the development of the country near Geneseo, New York. He turned his business over to his brother-in-law, George Hanford, who formed a partnership with Thomas Askin, both of whom had been his apprentices, and in 1843 they removed their manufactory to Cuylerville. The Genesee Valley canal was being dug at the time Colonel Cuyler decided on exchanging his Rochester property for a large tract of most admirable farming land in that beautiful valley. He seized the opportunity to lay out the town, some four miles southwest of Geneseo, which grew into a thriving village and was given his name—Cuylerville. His own property, on which he resided, he named "Woodlands," because at the rear of his handsome home was a dense forest of pines. The house stood at the top of a long and gradual incline leading to a wooded plateau; but before it lay the valley unobstructed to the view. Any number of letters of that time which were written by visitors to his home to friends at other places never failed to style it "a palace," and undoubtedly it was then one of the finest specimens of colonial style of architecture in the state, if people still living are to be believed. It was of wood, painted white and cream; had the ornamental, tall columns,

and an elaborate portico. We are told by those who have been there, that the view from his piazza across the valley was entrancing, for the landscape comprised miles of the richest verdure in the state, and much of it was owned by him. It was his pleasure, as was common with the Wadsworths and other wealthy neighbors with landed estates, to breed fine horses, as well as superior strains of sheep and cattle.

The property named "Woodlands," which Colonel Cuyler owned, had been bought in 1810 by Hon. Samuel Miles Hopkins, jointly with B. W. Rogers, "which tract of land had been reserved by the Indians as, above all others, choice and delightful," as is recorded in the autobiography of Mr. Hopkins, a lawyer of standing, who lived in New York and Albany, before going West. Mr. Hopkins further said of the locality: "If the habitable globe contains any places more entirely excellent and desirable than these two adjoining tracts (Mount Morris and Leicester, in Livingston county, N. Y.) I know it not." Regarding the time when the house was built, he says: "In 1811, I removed to Geneseo, the village of my old and excellent friends, James and William Wadsworth. From here I superintended my farm with unsparing diligence and care, until I could have a house prepared. In 1812, the war. In 1813-14, I was a member of the thirteenth congress, an election which was contrary to my expectation and wishes, and to the duties of which my farm and building forbade my giving much attention. * * * So I staid in Washington as little as I could. * * * In these same years I built my house. In August, 1814, I laid out the village of Moscow on a plain which far and wide was covered with a young growth of oak and hickory, so thick as to be almost impervious, and such as prevented me from getting any just knowledge of the extent and shape of the plain, except by actual mathematical survey. * * * From the Genesee river my operations extended back to the pine woods, near three miles." Moscow is about one mile distant from Cuylerville, and the dense pine forest back of "Woodlands" had never been entered up to this time by any other man than the wild Indian.

The estate of Mr. Hopkins was valued in 1817 definitely at \$75,000, but in 1822, because of hard times throughout the country, it had so depreciated that he "was glad to accept a check of \$25,000 for the whole," and "in the spring of 1822, I sold off, paid off, broke up, and traced my course back to Albany," where he resumed his practice of the

law. Colonel William T. Cuyler obtained the property by a deed of conveyance from Campbell H. Young, of Geneseo, and on his death it remained in control of his third wife, Anna De Peyster Douw (Cuyler) until it passed into the hands of Colonel Cuyler's son, George M. Cuyler, on the probate of her will at Albany, November 9, 1871, together with "all my horses, cattle, livestock and implements of husbandry upon the aforesaid property."

The home of Colonel Cuyler was constantly the scene of guests and of much entertaining. He was somewhat handsome in appearance, stately in bearing, standing erect, blue eyes and auburn-brown hair. About the homestead were a great many flower-beds, which were attended by the women of his family. The house was furnished with the beautiful furniture of the day when the carving of solid mahogany pieces was at its height in art treatment. There were many family portraits upon the wall, and the silver was of the quaint pattern of the Colonial period, which had been handed down for generations. Disaster overtook much of this valuable household property, for a fire broke out at noon on February 22, 1857, caused by a defective flue in Mrs. Cuyler's room, and the residence was burned to the ground quickly. One of the most serious losses was that of the old family Bible, with its entries in the Dutch language. The sideboard, which was saved, was offered for sale in 1910 for \$500. Colonel Cuyler did not rebuild; but removed his family to Rochester, where he resided on South Washington street; but his only living son, George, remained at "Woodlands" for twenty years thereafter, occupying one of the other houses on the estate. Colonel Cuyler died there, while on a visit to his son. He was stricken with apoplexy while inspecting the stock; was carried into the house by his son, and died within a few hours, although the previous night he had been in unusually good spirits and enjoying apparently excellent health.

Colonel William T. Cuyler married (first) Charlotte Hanford, in 1823, or January, 1824, as their first child was born in November, 1824. She died at "Woodlands," Cuylerville, April 12, 1831, "in her 26th year," and, when twenty-five years old, had borne four children. She was born, accordingly, in 1805 or 1806, and is buried in Mount Hope cemetery at Rochester, with all her children and her husband. Colonel Cuyler married (second), at the Clute homestead, between Moscow and Squawkie Hill, in 1837, Nancy Banker Stewart, born at Leicester, New York, March, 1810, died at "Woodlands," Cuylerville, February 3, 1848, buried in Mount Hope ceme-

tery, daughter of John Stewart (born June 15, 1783), of Leicester and Pike, Wyoming county, New York, who married Nancy Bancker Clute (born Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1776; died, Moscow, N. Y., April 28, 1864; buried there). By his second wife he had three children. Colonel Cuyler married (third), at Boston, Massachusetts, May 9, 1850, Anna De Peyster Douw, born at Albany, New York, January 31, 1797; married (first) Samuel Stringer Lush (by whom she had two children who died young), and she died at No. 123 State street, Albany, August 15, 1871, daughter of Johannes De Peyster Douw (born in "Wolvenhoeck," Greenbush, later known as Rensselaer, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1756; died, Albany, Feb. 22, 1835), who married (Albany, Dec. 20, 1795) Margaret Livingston (born, Albany, June 3, 1768; died, Albany, Jan. 21, 1802). By his third wife he had no issue. (See Douw and Livingston Families.)

Colonel William Tremper Cuyler and Charlotte Hanford had issue: 1. William Maley, born at Rochester, New York, November 1, 1824; died there, March 28, 1826. 2. William Augustus, born at Rochester, November 1, 1826; died there by drowning, July 18, 1828. 3. George Maley, born at Rochester, August 22, 1828; unmarried; died there, of pneumonia, March 11, 1910. 4. Charlotte Hanford, born at Cuylerville, New York, March 9, 1831; died there, of scarlet fever, January 18, 1842.

Colonel William Tremper Cuyler and Nancy Bancker Stewart had issue: 5. William Tremper, Jr., born at Cuylerville, May 11, 1838; died there, of scarlet fever, January 22, 1842. 6. Annie Bancker, born at Cuylerville, July 6, 1842; married, Rochester, March 22, 1865, Henry Lyman Churchill, born at Curtisville, Massachusetts, September 29, 1839, son of Henry Churchill and Sarah Dewey; by whom: Alice Dewey, born at Rochester, March 12, 1867; she was residing at No. 8 Union street, Schenectady, New York, in 1911. 7. Catherine Maley, born at Cuylerville, New York, December 2, 1844; died at Rochester, New York, October 23, 1875; married in St. Luke's Episcopal church, Rochester, by Rev. R. Bethel Claxton, April 19, 1865, Dexter Reynolds, born at Albany, New York, December 22, 1828, died there, August 19, 1906, and was a lawyer, son of Marcus T. Reynolds and Elizabeth Ann Dexter (see Reynolds and Dexter families). Issue: i. Cuyler Reynolds, born at Albany, August 14, 1866; married, at Albany, September 24, 1891, Janet Gray Gould, born at Albany, July 22, 1871, daughter of Capt. Charles Gould and Janet Gray;

by whom: Kenneth Gray Reynolds, born at Albany, September 17, 1892. ii. Marcus T. Reynolds, born at Great Barrington, Massachusetts, August 20, 1869, architect, resident of Albany, New York in 1911.

The family name of Dexter is derived from the title of the English city, Exeter, in Devonshire, written as though the person came from there, D' Exeter, and then contracted into Dexter. The Dexter arms: Shield: Argent, two chevrons azure, a canton gules. Crest: A tree, pendant therefrom two weights.

Richard de Excester, progenitor of the family in Ireland, and who died in 1269, was governor and lord chief justice of Ireland, and it is believed that he emigrated from Devonshire, for there are good reasons. Other changes in the spelling of the name, leading to the common and more modern form of Dexter, were de Excester, Dexcestre, Dexcester, Dextir, Decetir, de Exon, de Exonia and de Exeter.

The family traces descent from Richard de Exonia (Exeter), to whom was certified a grant by Edward I., king of England, August 9, 1281, made by Philip de Monte Gomeri (filed "MtGomery"), which reads, in part: "Know all men both of the present and the future that I Philip de Monte Gomeri have given and granted and by this my present charter confirmed to my Lord Richard de Exonia and his heirs or his assignees one townland in Connaught—which is called Moyletrath which my Lord the King gave to me with all its appurtenances—for him and his heirs or his assignees to have and to hold in chief from my Lord the King—with moors, pastures, waters, and all liberties and free usages pertaining to the said townland;—freely, quietly, happily, peacefully, entirely, honorably and hereditarily forever, and for this, to my Lord the King and his heirs Richard himself and his heirs or his assignees are to give the twentieth part of the service in fief of one soldier for all service, suit in court, collection or demand."

King Edward I. made a grant on June 12, 1304, to Richard de Exonia for an important tract situated in Connaught, Ireland, as follows: "Be it known that we have given and granted on our own part and that of our heirs to our beloved and faithful Richard de Exonia nine townlands with their appurtenances in Connaught, in Ireland, namely townlands of Dengynmacossen, Conyloscv, Narraghtyn, Corkillebrangyle, Corcromanlistov, Rathfar-eth, Tobirnetalpie, Torpan and Monynannan

which the same Richard holds in tenancy by the commission of our beloved and faithful John Wogan our Justiciar in Ireland, made for the same Richard under our direction for eighteen pounds delivered to us yearly at our exchequer in Dublin, in accordance with the certification made at our order by the aforesaid Justiciar and returned to us under the seal of the same Justiciar."

Concerning the appointment of Richard de Exonia as Chief Justiciar on the bench in Dublin: "Be it known that we have appointed our beloved and faithful Richard de Exonia our Chief Justiciar on our bench in Dublin for hearing and deciding pleas on the same bench, together with our other faithful Justiciars assigned to this place according to law and custom of these parts as long as we shall please. In (testimony) of which, etc. Under the hand of the King at Langeleye on the fifth day of June, 1308."

Carrickdexter was long the seat of the chief branch of the Dexter family, until Genet Dexter, its heiress, married into the Rockfort family. Two miles from there, in the year 1585, lived Margaret Dexter, in the Castle of Rathaldon. She married Michael Cusacke. This estate is now in the town of Slane, and is possessed by the Marquis of Conyngham, while upon the property still may be seen the ruins of the house that is called Castle Dexter.

(1) Richard Dexter, progenitor of the family in America, was born about the year 1606. He came from within ten miles of the town of Slane, in county Meath, Ireland, where lived the descendants of Richard de Excester, the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland. When the great Irish massacre of the Protestants began, October 27, 1641, Richard Dexter took his wife, Bridget, together with three or more children, and fled to England. He remained there only a brief time, for he was residing in Boston, Massachusetts, prior to February 28, 1642, as on that day he was admitted a "Townsmen" of that place. Upon what vessel he sailed is unknown. He signed a petition as an inhabitant of Charlestown, Mystic side, May 16, 1648, and he resided there until he purchased a farm in Malden, Massachusetts, December 7, 1663; but from January, 1677-78, until his death, he probably lived with either his daughter Elizabeth or Ann. He and his wife were members of the church at Malden, and in 1650 she signed a petition from that church to the general court. He signed a remonstrance to the general court, May 16, 1643, with the inhabitants of Mystic side, against a proposed highway from Winnisimmet to Reading, as the Malden rec-

ords state. He received a deed from Edward Lane, of Boston, December 7, 1663, of a farm containing forty acres, in Malden, and the same property, later increased to two hundred acres, was occupied several centuries by his descendants in direct line. He also received a deed as early as 1650, from Robert Long, and still others, at subsequent periods. In 1666-67, he gave a deed of some of his property to "James Melins," who "hath married my daughter Elizabeth,—mariner, of Charlestown," and who was supposed to have been lost at sea practicing his vocation. In a deed of January, 1677, he speaks of his deceased son-in-law as "the late James Mealings."

By a deed dated February 24, 1674, evidently looking to the closing of his estate before his death, he made provision as follows: "to my sonne John, of Charlestown, of all my farm-houses and lands, and appurtenances belonging, which I have in Malden, and which I bought formerly of Mr. Edward Lane; and half of my land and wood near Spot Pond, being part of the lot given me by the town of Charlestown—excepting one acre of marsh land near Blanchard's farm, and about four acres my dwelling house stands upon, for my daughter Ann Pratt's use, where her house now standeth—John to pay him 10 pounds a year during his life—5 pounds in Indian corn and pork, at prices current, and 12 loads of wood, to be delivered at his dwelling house in Charlestown, with half of the apples."

It is set forth in the records of those times that Richard Dexter was a tythingman, probably of Boston, and according to the records of the Middlesex court he was styled "Constable." According to his testimony in that court in 1666, he was that year sixty-eight years of age. In 1652 he was residing in Misticke, as then written, according to a document of September 22 of that year. His wife, who was born about 1612, died about 1675, and he died at Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1680.

Children: 1. Alice, died between November 25, 1681, and August 22, 1682; married, about 1653, Benjamin Muzzy, and had Benjamin, born April 16, 1657; Joseph, born March 1, 1658-59, and Sarah. 2. Elizabeth, died about October, 1693; married (first) James Mellins, a mariner; by whom: Elizabeth, born September 4, 1659; Mary, July 8, 1661; James, April 14, 1663; Mary, 1664; Richard, April 24, 1665; John, September 17, 1666; Sarah, November 27, 1668; Thomas, May 11, 1670; William, August 22, 1671; she married (second), May 14, 1680, Stephen

Barrett. 3. John, born in 1639, see forward. 4. Ann, married John Pratt. 5. Sarah, born at Charlestown, November 1, 1644; married, 1666, Edward Pinson.

(II) John, third child of Richard and Bridget Dexter, was born in 1639, died at Malden, Massachusetts, December 8, 1677. The farm upon which he lived was transferred to him by his father, February 24, 1674-75; but reserving to himself for life a free rental. At this time his residence was stated as Charlestown, where his daughter was born. He was fatally shot in the back by Captain Samuel Hunting, surviving the accident four days. He married Sarah, who afterwards married (before April 2, 1684) William Boardman, and possibly had a third husband, Daniel Hitchins, of Lynn, Massachusetts. Boardman was admitted freeman of Malden, March 12, 1689-90, and was elected constable of Rumney Marsh. Children: 1. John, born August 21, 1671, see forward. 2. Sarah, born Charlestown, Massachusetts, June 11, 1674; married, Reading, May 19, 1697, John Brown. 3. Richard, born Cambridge, Massachusetts, November 6, 1676, died at Malden, April 21, 1747.

(III) John (2), eldest child of John (1) and Sarah Dexter, was born August 21, 1671, died at Malden, Massachusetts, November 14, 1722. In deeds he was styled a weaver, and possessed the farm at Malden, receiving a deed for one-fourth of it from his brother, Richard, May 19, 1703, in consideration of sixty pounds, and one-fourth from his sister, Sarah, of Boston, May 6, 1697, for a like amount, and as his father made no will, he probably acquired the half of it as being the oldest son and so entitled by the law of that period. He was a deacon in Malden church; selectman in years 1709-10-16-17-21; moderator of a town meeting in 1722. Captain John Dexter was in command of a company of foot under George I. The commission issued to him is of interest, and it reads: "To John Dexter, Gentleman, Greeting: "By virtue of the Power and Authority, in and by His Majesty's Royal Commission to Me granted, to be Captain-General, &c. over His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts Bay, aforesaid; I do (by these Present) reposing especial Trust and Confidence in your Loyalty, Courage and good conduct, constitute and appoint you, the said John Dexter (to) be Captain of the Company of Foot in Malden in the Regim. of Militia whereof the Honorable Spencer Phipps, Esq. is Colonel. You are therefore carefully and diligently, to discharge the Duty of a Captain in Leading, Ordering and Exercising said Foot Company in

Arms, both Inferior Officers and Souldiers; and to keep them in good Order and Discipline; hereby commanding them to Obey you as their Captain." This was dated September 16, 1717, and was signed by Samuel Shute. He left all his estate to his wife for his children, with the conditional understanding that if she remarried, John and Richard were to pay her twelve pounds yearly.

Captain John Dexter married Winnefred Sprague, born at Malden, December 31, 1673, died there December 5, 1752, daughter of Samuel Sprague (baptized June 3, 1632) and Rebecca (Crawford) Sprague, who were married at Boston, August 23, 1655. Children: 1. John, born at Malden (as were all the others), January 3, 1696-97, died there March 4, 1696-97. 2. Winnefred, March 30, 1698, died there June 30, 1698. 3. Samuel, October 23, 1700, see forward. 4. John, April 10, 1702, died at Malden, July 4, 1705. 5. Timothy, July 28, 1703, died at Malden, November 30, 1703. 6. Timothy, July 28, 1704, died at Malden, October 17, 1704. 7. John, December 19, 1705, died at Malden, May 17, 1790. 8. Richard, June 15, 1713, died Topsfield, November 25, 1783.

(IV) Rev. Samuel Dexter, third child of Captain John (2) Dexter and Winnefred (Sprague) Dexter, was born at Malden, Massachusetts, October 23, 1700, died at Dedham, Massachusetts, January 29, 1755. He received from his father by will one hundred pounds, being a smaller sum than was bequeathed to his brothers, with one hundred and fifty pounds to be added after his mother's death, and for this extra allowance he waited long, for she lived a widow thirty years. However, when his father made the distribution of his property while alive, he recorded the fact that he had given to Samuel both learning and books. He was of unusual studious qualities, and was sent to Harvard, graduating in 1720. He was admitted to the church May 1, 1720, ordained May 6, 1724, as the fourth minister of the First Church of Dedham, and continued as such until his death, at that time under the charge of Rev. Alvan Lamson. He had kept school previously at Taunton, for six months, and commenced a school at Lynn, February, 1721, where he continued for one year, and then engaged in teaching in Malden, continuing for six months. From that time he improved himself in preaching. He received an unanimous call to be rector, with an offer of one hundred and fifty pounds yearly salary. His reply shows the sincerity of the man, and in its quaintness is of interest, commencing as follows: "Honored and Beloved: Seeing that the Sovereign Jehovah,

in whose hands are the hearts of all men. hath so far united the affections of the church and congregation in this place, that they have elected me (who am less than the least of all saints) to the work of the evangelical ministry among you, and hath inclined your hearts freely to offer, of your temporal good things so far as you have done for my support, I do therefore hereby declare (though with trembling, do I engage in so great a work, for who is sufficient for these things?) that I freely embrace your invitation, because I believe it to be my incumbent duty, and thankfully accept your offers."

He married, Boston, Massachusetts, July 9, 1724, Catherine Mears, born at Boston, September 25, 1701, died at Dedham, June 10, 1797, daughter of Samuel Mears (born May 22, 1671, died May 10, 1727) and Maria Catherine (Smith) Mears, daughter of Captain Thomas Smith, mariner, whose portrait is in the Hall of American Antiquities at Worcester, Massachusetts. Mrs. Samuel Dexter married, when a widow, Samuel Barnard, of Salem, Massachusetts.

The Rev. Samuel Dexter had all the temerity of the timid lover of the stage or novel when approaching the subject of selecting and winning a life partner. In his diary he made record on November 22, 1723: "This day was very cold. I communicated something of my mind to the young lady—which I hope (and I think I have reason to hope), may, through the smiles of indulgent Providence be the Person in whom I may find the good thing, and obtain favor of the Lord. I think I have not been rash in my proceedings, she is as far as I can find, a Woman of Merit, a woman of good temper, and of prudent conduct and conversation, and oh! Lord I would humbly wait upon thee for so signal a Blessing." He was evidently successful in his hopes and surmises, for he wrote in his diary, under date of October 23, 1724, this quaintly worded sentence: "My companion is a kind, tender, and virtuous person, and I hope I have in her a good thing, which is from the Lord God, make her so to me."

Her father kept a public house, as then termed, called the "George Tavern," located on the line between Boston and Duxbury, which was burned July 31, 1775, and he then conducted the Sun Tavern in Cock-court, Dock Square, and after that the "Governor Hancock." When Samuel Mears died, Rev. Mr. Dexter wrote of him: "He was in general, a just, honest man and very charitable for one of his capacity; had a very hard death, and I hope has exchanged earth for heaven. My wife has lost a tender, loving

father, and I have lost a very kind, bountiful friend."

Children of Rev. Samuel Dexter and Catherine Mears, all born at Dedham, were: 1. Samuel, born March 18, 1725; baptized March 21, died at Dedham, April 9, 1725. 2. Samuel, born March 16, 1725-26; baptized March 20; died at Mendon, June 10, 1810. 3. John, born January 30, 1727-28; baptized February 4; died at Dedham, November 5, 1731. 4. Ebenezer, born October 17, 1729, see forward. 5. William, born September 12, 1731; baptized September 19; died at Dedham, May 26, 1736. 6. Catharina, born September 28, 1733; baptized September 30; died at Dedham, February 2, 1734-35. 7. John, born August 12, 1735; baptized August 17; died at Marlborough, February 7, 1800. 8. Catharina, born November 21, 1737; baptized November 27; died August 30, 1814. 9. Rebecca, born October 4, 1739; baptized October 7; died May 31, 1823. 10. William, born July 17, 1741; baptized July 19; died at Dedham, June 9, 1749. 11. Mary, born October 12, 1743; baptized October 13; died May 13, 1775.

(V) Dr. Ebenezer Dexter, fourth child of Rev. Samuel and Catherine (Mears) Dexter, was born at Dedham, Massachusetts, October 17, 1729, baptized October 19, died at Marlborough, Massachusetts, May 4, 1769. He was a physician, practicing at Marlborough. He married, Marlborough, February 7, 1754, Lydia Woods, born at Marlborough, October 17, 1736, died there December 24, 1774, daughter of Colonel Benjamin Woods, born Marlborough, June 5, 1691, died in 1740, married, August 8, 1717, Elizabeth Morse, born January 4, 1699, daughter of Joseph and Grace (Warren) Morse. After the death of Dr. Dexter, she married, Marlborough, June 30, 1771, Dr. Samuel Curtis. All their children were born at Marlborough, Massachusetts. Children: 1. William, born April 17, 1755, died at Marlborough, December 4, 1785. 2. Samuel, November 14, 1756, see forward. 3. John, December 10, 1758, died at Boston, October 31, 1807. 4. Jason Haven, June 25, 1762, died at Marlborough, August 25, 1770.

(VI) Samuel (2), second child of Dr. Ebenezer and Lydia (Woods) Dexter, was born at Marlborough, Massachusetts, November 14, 1756, died at Albany, New York, August 29, 1825. He was an apothecary, and took up his residence in Albany at the end of the eighteenth century. He married, Northampton, Massachusetts, May 29, 1790, Elizabeth Province, born at Northampton, July 4, 1763, died at Albany, October 18, 1846, at the residence of her son, James, on the north side of

Beaver street, opposite where stood the "Middle" Dutch Church. She was the daughter of John Province (son of John Province and Margaret Jer), born at Glasgow, Scotland, in 1719, came to America, May 10, 1740, settling in Boston, died July 6, 1792; he married, May 9, 1748, Sarah, daughter of Captain Joseph and Mary (Townsend) Prince, born in 1730, died March 11, 1810, and was buried in the Prince family tomb in the Granary burial-ground at Boston, Massachusetts.

Of the remarkably fine character of Mrs. Samuel Dexter, it was said: "Seldom has death during the last half century bereaved us of one leaving such records of goodness as the late Mrs. Samuel Dexter. So well was her kindly heart known and appreciated, that when strangers in former times made this city their temporary residence, often disheartened and afflicted, they were reminded that one hospitable door was open to them, where they could meet a cordial welcome, and find all the delights of home, in which word is centered most that is dear to us. In her dwelling was seen all that taste and ingenuity could dictate. So entirely free was she from all selfishness, that no enjoyment was prized unless shared with others. If truth showed frailities in members of the community, she never censured them. The poor had experienced her kindness so long, that they relied as confidently upon the stores set apart for them as if in their own possession, and her contributions were bestowed in so kind a manner that the wretched never lost their self-respect."

Children: 1. Eliza Hunt, born March 25, 1791, died May 7, 1799. 2. Frederick Samuel, January 25, 1793, died June 30, 1793. 3. James, born at Albany, New York, January 17, 1795, died there August 14, 1867, unmarried; graduated at Union College, 1813; was admitted to the bar by the New York supreme court, January 17, 1823, and was one of Albany's leading practitioners. 4. Elizabeth Ann, born at Albany, March 24, 1797, died there August 30, 1840; married, Albany, May 6, 1823, Marcus Tullius Reynolds, who was born in Minaville, Florida township, Montgomery county, New York, December 29, 1788, died in Albany, July 11, 1864, son of Dr. Stephen and Lydia (Bartlett) Reynolds. 5. George, see forward.

(VII) George, son of Samuel (2) and Elizabeth (Province) Dexter, was born at Albany, New York, July 2, 1799, died there July 21, 1883. After being given an elementary education in the city schools, he was sent, at the age of sixteen, to Union College, from which he graduated with full honors.

He studied law, was admitted, but never practiced. In his early life he manifested those traits of self-reliance and energy which enabled him subsequently to be the architect of his own fortune. About 1827, when he married, he engaged in business with Henry Rawles and James Archibald McClure in the drug business, locating on the south side of State street, which firm became one of great prominence, as its business spread, until it eventually vied with those in the metropolis. After a time he withdrew and went into business on his own account at No. 57 State street, and his place was known as "Apothecaries' Hall." In 1850 he formed a partnership with Joseph Nellegar, and acquired the property at the northeast corner of State and Pearl streets, the most prominent intersection of streets in Albany's business section. This partnership continued for eighteen years when, having secured a comfortable fortune by the application of the rule of absolutely fair dealing, he retired.

In 1839 and 1840 he yielded to solicitations of friends to enter political life, and was chosen to represent the old fifth ward in the board of supervisors, and he was elected in 1848 and 1849 to represent the sixth ward in the common council. He was actively concerned in the founding of the Albany Medical College, and for a number of years was a trustee. For a very long time he was a vestryman of St. Peter's Episcopal Church, and on his death was senior warden. The rector, Rev. Dr. Walton W. Battershall, paid his memory the following tribute: "His life of eighty-three years was to a singular degree identified with the history of the parish. From his baptism in the little, stone church that stood underneath the fort in the middle of State street, the first Episcopal church west of the Hudson river in all America—what a host of memories concerning the history of this city and this parish were gathered up in his life. He represented much that was best in its type of character and life. The courtesy of the old days, the simple tastes, the spotless integrity, the faith and reverence, the serenity and content and freedom from the push and rush of these more recent days—all these were conspicuous traits of his character, and entered into the kindly, genial flow of his life. He was a man who won your trust and love, and he never betrayed them. The world, the church, the life of the household, and friendship, and business, has need of such men—men whose fidelity you can lean on as on an oaken staff. They are the moral salt of a community, and their memories are a precious inheritance and an inspiration to

gentle and true and loyal living." The vestry of St. Peter's made record, in part, as follows: "He was a man of great beauty of character, whose kind and genial nature made his life rich in friendships, and who sustained all the trusts and relations of life with a rare courtesy, dignity and fidelity. He was for many years a member of the vestry, giving to it his judicious counsel and unwearied labors. We order the chancel draped with the customary badge of mourning."

After retiring from business, he continued to occupy an office on the ground floor of the same building, where he was wont to meet with his friends daily for the sole purpose of continuing the intimate companionship of a large circle of acquaintances, and was a most entertaining conversationalist, for his recollections comprised a varied lot of most interesting local history, dating back to the time when he made the trip, in company with his father, upon the first journey of Robert Fulton's famous steamboat, the "Clermont." He could also vividly describe the visit of Lafayette, September 17, 1824, when given a rousing, public reception by the city.

He was in his nature strongly conservative, always honest, sincere and upright in his purposes and conduct. He was a staunch adherent of the old Whig party, as long as it lasted, and he then became an earnest supporter of the Republicans. He was a liberal contributor to all the public charities and benevolent enterprises. He was a trustee of the Albany Savings Bank for many years, until his death.

Bishop William Croswell Doane made this tribute in his address before the convention of the Episcopal Church, in 1884. "A very prominent figure has passed away from Albany in the death of Mr. George Dexter, for many years one of the most active and useful members of the vestry of St. Peter's church, and at the time of his death, its senior warden. I miss his kindly greeting, which was almost a daily pleasure in my life upon the street, and the whole town misses him, as one of the few left of the old-fashioned gentlemen of Albany, 'a serene and genial old friend, who, without being garrulous, took pleasure in stirring up his old-time reminiscences of people and things in the Albany of a former day. He loved to talk,' I quote from the same graceful notice of him by my dear friend, Mr. Orlando Meads, 'of the school and school-mistresses of his early years, of the clergymen, and especially of the old rectors of St. Peter's, their habits, peculiarities and the many interesting facts connected with them.

All these things made him a centre of loving interest to his friends. His was a beautiful, serene old age, tempered by time; strengthened by a firm and quiet religious faith; but ever preserving its interest in the happiness and welfare of those about him, and thus it came gently and peacefully to its close, leaving us pleasant remembrances of a good and useful and benignant life.' He was buried in the Albany Rural cemetery, and in the nave of St. Peter's Church a window of beautiful, artistic execution was placed to his memory as its warden.

George Dexter married, at Albany, New York, April 5, 1827, Mary Magdalen Cuyler, born at Fort Johnson, Johnstown, New York, the historic place of Sir William Johnson, February 3, 1810, died at Albany, October 4, 1847, daughter of John Cornelius and Hannah (Maley) Cuyler. Children, born at Albany: 1. Anna Augusta, July 16, 1833, see forward. 2. Catherine Cuyler, March 4, 1837, unmarried. 3. Cynthia Reynolds, October 14, 1839, died at Albany, November 23, 1893, unmarried. 4. Mary, June 27, 1845, died there, February 7, 1848.

(VIII) Anna Augusta, eldest child of George and Mary Magdalen (Cuyler) Dexter, was born at Albany, New York, July 16, 1833. She married (first), in St. Peter's Church, Albany, April 6, 1858, William James Noyes, who died at Old Lyme, Connecticut, January 31, 1860, without issue. She married (second), in St. Peter's Church, Albany, October 25, 1866, William Henry Bradford. He was born at New York, New York, September 22, 1812, died at his home in that city, December 30, 1895, son of William and Eliza (Price) Bradford. In the latter years of his life, he bought property at Lenox, Massachusetts, where his family was living in 1911.

Mr. Bradford was eighth in direct descent from William Bradford, governor of Plymouth Colony. The line of descent reaches to William Bradford, of Austerfield, a small village on the southern border of Yorkshire, England, who held the rank of "Yeoman," and was one of the only two persons of property then in that place. His son, William, was born in 1561, died in 1591; married Alice Hanson, in 1584. Their third child (first son), William, was born in Austerfield, March, 1590; was placed in care of his grandfather, being left an infant, and when he died, was brought up by an uncle. When twelve years old, he was deeply impressed by listening to the reading of the Scriptures, and later joined the band of worshipers known as Separatists, who were accustomed to assemble in the house of

William Brewster, in Scrooby, an adjacent village. Religious persecution followed, and James I. declared he would "harry them out of the land, or worse." Under such conditions, they removed to Holland, where they could worship freely in their own way. They were about to start from Boston, England, when the king, through the treachery of the captain of the vessel, confined seven of them in prison. Bradford, being youthful, was released sooner than the others, and proceeded to Zealand, Holland, where he was accused of being an English fugitive; but, on explaining his cause, was allowed to go, and joined his friends at Amsterdam, where he became a silk dyer.

At the end of three years Bradford came into possession of his inheritance, which he converted into cash, and established himself in business. In 1609 the colony moved to Leyden, staying there about ten years, when he was one of those agitating for moving elsewhere. They proceeded to England. With others, he engaged in purchasing the sailing vessels "Speedwell" and "Mayflower." The former proving unseaworthy, they embarked aboard the latter, and, although intending to settle near the Hudson river, they entered Cape Cod harbor on the morning of November 11, 1620, and just before passing in, drew up a compact which they signed.

In the explorations to select the most proper place to locate, Bradford was one of the prime movers. While away on one of these hazardous trips, likely to come across savages and wild beasts, his wife was accidentally drowned. On December 21, 1620, the band landed at Plymouth. It was a forlorn party of courageous souls, and their struggle that winter was severe, for six of them died in December, eight in January, seventeen in February and thirteen in March. The following month, the "Mayflower" sailed back to England, and they were left to their own resources, cut entirely loose from home and all assistance or supplies. Shortly thereafter, Carver, their leader, died, and William Bradford was chosen governor. He ruled wisely, holding this office for the long period of thirty-seven years, with the exception of the three-year term of Edward Winslow and the two-year term of Mr. Prince.

He won the unbounded respect of all in the colony. Understanding the character of the Indians thoroughly, his tact and bravery counted for much at several critical periods. A new and larger patent was granted them in 1629, in the name of "William Bradford, his heirs, associates and assigns." Bradford displayed judicious management and lessened

their extreme misery as time went on. Despite his meagre opportunity in youth to acquire more than a fair education, he was by natural bent able to improve himself, and he studied the languages that he might, as he put it, "see with his own eyes the ancient oracles of God in their native beauty." In this manner he became familiar with Greek, Hebrew, Latin and Dutch, at the same time reading much of history, philosophy and religion. He was unusually active with his pen, as was discovered after his death, and his writings have been published, but only one appearing in print while he lived.

Governor William Bradford married, in 1623, the widow, Alice (Carpenter) Southworth, for his second wife, who died at New Plymouth, Massachusetts, March 26, 1670, aged eighty years, and he died May 9, 1657. By his first marriage he had a son named John, who was a deputy to the court at Plymouth, from Duxbury, in 1651, and from Marshfield, in 1653. No record of his marriage has ever been learned. By his second wife, he had William, Mercy and Joseph. The eldest of these, Major William Bradford, was born June 17, 1624, died February 20, 1704, and married successively Alice Richards, of Weymouth; the Widow Wiswall, and Mary (Atwood) Holmes, widow of Rev. John Holmes, the first minister of Duxbury and daughter of Deacon John Atwood, of Plymouth. The Bradford arms: Shield: Gules, on a fesse azure, three stags' heads erased, argent. Crest: A stag's head erased.

Children of William Henry Bradford and Anna Augusta Dexter: 1. Grace, born at New York, New York, September 2, 1868; married, at New York City, February 14, 1889, Lindsay Fairfax. He was born at "Oak Hill," Aldie, Loudoun county, Virginia, May 5, 1857, son of John Walter and Mary Jane (Rogers) Fairfax, by whom: Bradford Lindsay, born in New York City, February 11, 1893, and Grace Lindsay, born at Eastbourne, England, April 21, 1898. 2. William Henry, born at New York City, March 19, 1872; married, at New York City, February 8, 1892, Mary Kingsland Jones, born at New York City, October 4, 1870, daughter of Herman LeRoy and Augusta (Kingsland) Jones, by whom: William, born at Babylon, Long Island, November 20, 1893, died at New York City, March 20, 1900, and George Dexter, born at New York City, June 12, 1897. 3. George Dexter, born in New York, New York, May 11, 1873, died there, November 24, 1894, unmarried; he was educated by tutors and also attended St. Paul's School, at Concord, New Hampshire.

Judge Randall James Le Boeuf, son of Peter J. and Sarah A. (Saunders) Le Boeuf, was born in Cohoes, New York, March 10, 1870.

Judge Le Boeuf's father was of French descent, and a resident of Canada in his youth, coming there from France when a child. He was sent into the United States for his education, and graduated from the Fort Edward Institute in New York state. Shortly afterwards he engaged in the manufacture of axes in Cohoes. After that he removed to Troy, New York, where he was actively concerned in the manufacture of collars, cuffs, and shirts, the leading industry of that city. He was for a number of years a member of the firm of Wheeler, Allendorf & LeBoeuf, afterwards Wheeler, Le Boeuf & Company.

The ancestors of Judge Le Boeuf's mother, the Saunders family, came to this country from Scotland in colonial days, settling first on the Taunton and Providence, Rhode Island "plantations," as they were then styled, several of this family playing most important parts in the struggle for independence. Her father was Randall Saunders, a well-known resident of Albany in 1830, and members of this family moved into Columbia, Greene and Ulster counties. She was born at Albany, and was educated at the State Normal College.

When nine years old, Judge Le Boeuf came to live in Albany, and attended the high school, from which he graduated in the class of 1887. He then took up the study of law in the office of the late Eugene Burlingame, an unusually bright lawyer and district attorney. In the fall of 1889, Judge Le Boeuf entered Cornell University, and graduated from the law department in 1892, with the degree LL. D. He was there one of the prize debaters, and also received the thesis prize for his treatise of the law. He was made a member of the Delta Upsilon fraternity, and was president of both the junior and senior classes of the law school. A part of his work at Cornell was done under the supervision of Charles E. Hughes, later the governor of New York state and afterwards judge of the United States supreme court, then professor of law, and Mr. Le Boeuf's thesis on the rights and remedies of abutters on streets over which the elevated railroads were constructed, procured for him, through the interest of members of the faculty of Cornell, a position as managing clerk in the law firm of Sackett & Bennett, who at that time did a large business for property owners in actions

brought against the New York and Manhattan Elevated Company. During his connection with this firm, he formed, what is believed to have been, the first linotype labor union organized in the United States. He also had considerable experience in the formation of the model village of Larchmont, New York, which was built up from the properties of the Larchmont Manor companies.

Upon the return of Charles E. Hughes to his firm in New York City, known as Carter, Hughes & Kellogg, he entered the office of that firm as assistant attorney. He was offered the position by Walter S. Carter, who was the senior member of the law firm, father-in-law of Governor Hughes, and a man of country-wide reputation as the friend and starter of young men. Mr. Le Boeuf considered his connection with Governor Hughes to be equivalent to a liberal education in law matters, and the latter evidently noticed his response to earnest effort, for later Mr. Le Boeuf's application brought its reward. Mr. Le Boeuf was admitted to the bar at Saratoga Springs, New York, September 14, 1892. In 1895, Eugene Burlingame, with whom Mr. Le Boeuf had read law, having been elected district attorney for Albany county, Mr. Le Boeuf returned to Albany and formed a law partnership with him, which continued throughout Mr. Burlingame's first term and ended only with the latter's sudden death in 1898, during his second term of office. In November, 1897, Mr. Le Boeuf drew the charter for the new city of Rensselaer, Columbia county, New York, and was appointed its first corporation counsel, remaining in that office consecutive years until 1902. It has ever been a source of satisfaction to him that he made a great number of friends during that period, and likewise had the benefit of the experience. After Mr. Burlingame's death, he formed a partnership with Surrogate Newton B. Van Derzee and John T. Cook, ex-district attorney, and for several years they practiced in the Municipal Gas Company building on State street, Albany.

In the year 1900 Mr. Le Boeuf undertook the formation of what became the Albany Trust Company, enlisting the assistance of a number of prominent citizens, both at Albany and in New York, and the handsome building of its own was opened on September 5, 1904, the organization dating from March 20, 1900, when Mr. John D. Parsons, Jr., was chosen its president, who was also the president of the National Exchange Bank of Albany. He has given, since then, much time to its affairs, and has been a director and its legal counsel. He has also been interested in bank-

ing institutions in other cities, and as such was made a director of the Schenectady, Troy and Syracuse Trust Companies in those three cities. He has had large experience also in litigation affecting gas and electric lighting companies. He has been engaged in legal work for railroad corporations, and was attorney for the Albany & Hudson Railroad Company, participating in the work of reorganization when forming the present Albany & Southern Railroad Company. His practice has not been confined to New York state, but has included cases of moment in the circuit courts of the United States and other Federal courts. He has had considerable familiarity with litigation affecting the rights of vessels navigating the waters of this state and tide waters. Governor Charles E. Hughes appointed him a justice of the supreme court for this district, December 26, 1909, to succeed the late Judge George H. Fitts, which appointment was generally satisfactory to those who knew him. To this high office he gave his best endeavors.

When Justice Le Boeuf retired from office upon the expiration of his term, December 31, 1910, it was made a notable occasion by those with whom he had been brought in contact. His desk had been piled high with a display of American Beauty roses, and he was overcome by the marks of appreciation. The Albany County Bar Association had drawn resolutions, to the effect that "his service upon the bench has been marked by the greatest degree of expedition consistent with a proper consideration of the multitude of important cases which have been presented to him for decision, and that the uniform patience and courteous consideration which have characterized his judicial relations, manifest that he is possessed of the temperament necessary in a judge." The resolutions further recited that the members of the bar in Albany county appreciate his service, which had served to demonstrate his worth, his excellent judgment, absolute fairness, energetic promptness in the despatch of matters brought before him, and his clear and unbiased interpretation of the laws.

Judge Le Boeuf is a member of the New York State Bar Association, the American Society of International Law, and of the Bar Association of Albany County. He is prominent among Masons, being a member of Masters' Lodge, No. 5, and Capital City Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, of De Witt Council, Royal and Select Masters, and vice-president of Cornell Alumni Association; member of the executive council of the Delta Upsilon fraternity, of the Unconditional Republican

Club and of the National Geographic Society, Fort Orange, University and Aurania clubs and Pine Hills Association of Albany, and the Republican, Cornell and Railroad clubs of New York City. He is a trustee and vestryman of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church of Albany, and resides at No. 531 Western avenue.

Judge Le Boeuf married, at Albany, New York, June 3, 1896, Katharine Washburn, daughter of Hiram L. Washburn. Judge and Mrs. Le Boeuf have one child, Randall James Le Boeuf, Jr. Hiram L. Washburn was a dealer in real estate, residing at the northeast corner of Western avenue and Quail street, Albany.

Frank Sweet Black, ex-governor BLACK of the state of New York, was born at Livingston, York county, Maine, March 8, 1853. He was one of a family of eleven children who were reared on a rocky farm with a fractious soil that did not respond liberally to the farmer's efforts. At the age of eleven his parents removed to Alfred, Maine, where he attended the school now known as Limerick Academy, going from there to Lebanon Academy. He was a poor boy and his school days were frequently interrupted by the need of earning money. He taught school to earn enough to continue his course at Lebanon, where he organized a debating society and was one of the chief debaters. With some money gained in teaching and some obtained from his father (which later was repaid from his first earnings) he entered Dartmouth College in 1875. He was not well prepared, but by hard work made good the studies in which he was deficient. As before, he taught school to pay his expenses; one year he taught school at Cape Cod. In his junior year he could only attend his classes eleven weeks of the session. While a senior he taught in Provincetown, Cape Cod, where he met Lois B. Hamlin, who on Thanksgiving Day, 1879, became his wife. Despite all his handicaps, Mr. Black was one of the honor men on Commencement Day, had been the editor of two college periodicals and had twice been chosen a prize speaker. His success in teaching brought him the high endorsement of the college faculty, and on graduation day he had the choice of three principalships offered him. But the law, not teaching, was his goal, and all the offers were refused. He joined forces with a fellow student, Henry W. Smith, of Troy, and together they established headquarters at Rome, New York, and began the sale of pictures, the craze at that particular time being chromos.

While so engaged, he became acquainted with W. M. Ireland, editor of the Johnstown, Fulton county, *Journal*, and librarian of the state senate at Albany, who was in need of a competent man to take charge of the journal. Mr. Black accepted this position, and he was soon hard at work on both editorial and local pages of the journal. The great struggle was then on between the national giants, Blaine and Conkling. Being from Maine he warmly supported the man from Maine, overlooking the fact that Mr. Ireland was a political follower of Conkling. This led to a rupture and Mr. Black resigned. While engaged in editorial work he had begun the study of law with Wells, Dudley & Keck, of Fulton county. He now removed to Troy, New York, where he continued his legal study with Robertson & Foster, working in the meantime as reporter on the *Troy Whig*, in the office of the registry department of the Troy postoffice, and in the service of various legal papers. He soon became managing clerk in the office of Robertson & Foster, and had the distinction of operating the first typewriter ever used in Troy. He earned a part of his expense money by copying papers, becoming exceedingly expert on the machine. In 1870, four years after his graduation, he was admitted to the bar. He accepted an offer of a partnership and became junior member of the law firm of Smith, Wellington & Black, continuing for one year, then went into business for himself, and opened offices in the Young building in Troy. He went into debt for law books, but when he had them, read and knew them. He worked hard, thoroughly prepared his cases and each year showed an increase in practice and income. In a few years he became known as a leader of the Rensselaer county bar and had his choice of cases. He always avoided criminal cases, but there were few civil cases of importance in the county in which he was not offered a retainer on one side or the other. His law library was one of the best in Troy, and every book in it gave signs of usage. In one month, August, 1893, there came to Mr. Black's legal care, the largest business that ever came to a law office in Troy in the same time. The passing into receivership of the Troy Steel & Iron Company, and of the Gilbert Car Company, was an indication of his high standing in the legal fraternity. He was always a Republican in conviction, in experience and in service. He was a campaign speaker for the Republican county committee in 1888 and 1892. Becoming aware of the election frauds in Troy, he drew up bills for presentation to the legislature to make these frauds impossible. An ex-

citing election followed, at which a Republican watcher, named Robert Ross, was murdered by a man named "Bat" Shea. Mr. Black organized a committee of public safety, to secure the punishment of the murderer, whoever he might be, and accomplished his object. Shea, after trial, was convicted and electrocuted. Mr. Black then continued his efforts to reform the election laws and secured the passage of the O'Connor Inspector Act. As a natural result of his political activity in the fall of 1894, he was nominated and elected to congress. In the house he served on committees, Pacific railroad and private land claims. In 1896 he was renominated, but there was a greater office before him. He had been a delegate to the Republican National Convention that nominated McKinley, and had made a brilliant speech, when New York City ratified the nomination. His capacity for public work of a high order had become known when his name was presented by Rensselaer and Columbia counties at the state convention held at Saratoga as a candidate for governor, his speedy nomination over several strong candidates following. He made a series of strong speeches in the campaign that followed, and had the gratification of being elected by the largest plurality ever given a Republican candidate for governor, 212,992. He was sworn into office January 1, 1897. He gave the state a strong administration, which was specially marked by the completion of the state capitol, which had been in course of construction so many years. The governor took hold of this problem in his usual thorough, vigorous manner, and the capitol was finished. After retiring from office he returned to the practice of law, in which he has since added to his fame. He married, as stated, Lois Hamlin, daughter of Dr. Hamlin, of Provincetown, Massachusetts.

He has one child, Arthur, who was fifteen years of age when his father was elected governor of New York state. Few men can look back over their lives with greater satisfaction than Frank Sweet Black, who, by sheer force of character, rose from a lowly position to the highest.

The Backus family is one of the oldest in this country and in England, the line going back to Ecgberht, the first king of England, from him to Cerdic, the first king of the West Saxons, and tradition has it that this last named was a lineal descendant of Woden (or Odin), who was supposed to be descended from the eldest son of Noah. There have been many distinguished men in this family in addition to those

mentioned in detail below, among them being: Rev. Dr. Charles Backus, of Somers, Connecticut, president of Yale College; Rev. Dr. A. Backus, a former president of Hamilton College, New York; Rev. Backus, a distinguished Baptist minister of New England during the revolution; Rev. Simon Backus, who married a sister of the celebrated Jonathan Edwards; and a number of clergymen equally noted. In other walks of life members of this family have become equally famous.

(I) William (1) Backus is the immigrant ancestor. He is supposed to have come to this country from Norwich, England, his name appearing as crossing in the "Rainbow" in 1637, and the town of Norwich, Connecticut, was so named as a mark of respect and esteem for William Backus, Norwich, England, having been presumably his birthplace. The fine Backus Hospital at Norwich, Connecticut, also commemorates this fact. He was at Saybrook, Connecticut, in 1638, and was one of the thirty-five original proprietors of Norwich, who established the town in 1660. His death occurred prior to May 7, 1664. He married (first) Sarah, daughter of Rev. John Chodes, of Branford, Connecticut. He married (second) before 1660, Ann (Stenton) Bingham, widow of Thomas Bingham. She died in May, 1670. Children, all by first marriage: 1. William, see forward. 2. Stephen, married, December, 1666, Sarah, who died at Canterbury, Connecticut, daughter of Ensign Jared and Hannah Spencer, of Cambridge and Lynn, Massachusetts, and of Haddam, Connecticut. Children: Sarah, married David Knight, of Norwich; Stephen, died at Canterbury; Mary; Ruth, married Robert Green, of Canterbury; Lydia; Deacon Timothy, of Canterbury, married Sarah, daughter of John and Sarah (Reynolds) Post, of Norwich, and had eight children; Elizabeth, married Nathaniel Bond, of Canterbury, son of Nathaniel and Bethia (Fuller) Bond, of Watertown, Massachusetts; Rebecca, married William Blake, of Canterbury. 3. Sarah, married John Reynolds, of Norwich. 4. Mary, married, 1665, Benjamin Crane, of Wethersfield, Connecticut. 5. ———, married John Bayley.

(II) William (2), eldest child of William (1) and Sarah (Chodes) Backus, was born in England, died at Norwich, Connecticut, in 1721. He was ensign of the train band in May, 1680, appointed lieutenant in May, 1693, and represented the town at the general court at Hartford in May, 1680-84, and October, 1680-83-84-89. He married Elizabeth, born at Saybrook, Connecticut, February 1. 1641-42, died in 1730, daughter of Lieutenant William and Elizabeth (Clark) Pratt, of Say-

brook. Children: 1. Sergeant William, born May 11, 1660, died at Windham, Connecticut, January 25, 1742-43, where he had gone about 1692, in which year he was sergeant of the Windham train band; he married (first), November 3, 1681, Elizabeth ———, who died March 28, 1687-88; married (second) August 31, 1692, Mary Dunton, born in March, 1662, died December 16, 1757, possibly a daughter of Samuel Dunton, of Reading; children by first marriage: Sarah, John and William; children by second marriage: Samuel, married Sarah Gard and had six children; Abigail; Mary; Daniel; Hannah; Peter, married Mary Arnold; William, married (first) Sarah Bennet and had three children, and (second) Mary Dimmock, and had one child; Stephen; Ephraim, married Colaty Vining and had seven children. 2. John, born February 9, 1661, died at Windham, Connecticut, March 27, 1744; he went to Windham about 1692, and was deputy from 1704 to 1711; he married, February 17, 1691-92, Mary, born July, 1672, died February 19, 1747, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Rudd) Bingham, of Norwich; children: i. Mary, married Joshua, son of Joshua and Hannah (Bradford) Ripley, of Windham. ii. Lydia, married Colonel Thomas, son of Deacon Joseph and Hannah (Baxter) Dyer, of Weymouth, Massachusetts. Colonel Thomas Dyer married (second) Mehitabel Gardiner, and (third) Sarah (Bingham) Walden. iii. John; iv. John, married Sibyl, daughter of Rev. Samuel and Elizabeth (Adams) Whiting, of Windham, and had twelve children; v. Abigail, married Elijah Hurlburt, of Windham; vi. Jerusha, became the second wife of Daniel Stoughton, of Windham, who married (third) Sarah Kimball; vii. Zerviah, became the second wife of Rev. Hezekiah Lord, of Preston, son of Ensign James Lord, of Saybrook; viii. Nathaniel. 3. Sarah, born June 14, 1663; married, January 15, 1681-82, Edward, son of Edward and Ann Culver, of Norwich and Lebanon. 4. Samuel, born May 2, 1665. 5. Joseph, see forward. 6. Nathaniel, born April 15, 1669, died August 16, 1728; he was of Norwich; married (first) Lydia, daughter of Richard and Mary (Sylvester) Edgerton; (second) Elizabeth, daughter of John and Mary (Winslow) Tracy; children of first marriage: i. Daniel; ii. Lydia, married David, possibly a son of Samuel and Anne (Calkins) Birchard, of Norwich; iii. Nathaniel; children of second marriage: iv. Nathaniel; v. Nathaniel, married Hannah, daughter of Thomas and Abigail (Lay) Baldwin, and had seven children; vi. Mary, married Nathaniel, son of Nathaniel and Abigail (Hartshorn) Rudd; vii. Eliza-

beth, who became the second wife of John, son of John and Experience (Abell) Hyde; viii. Josiah, married Love, daughter of Deacon Joseph and Ruth (Denison) Kingsbury, and had eight children: ix. Jabez, married (first) Eunice, daughter of Deacon Joseph and Ruth (Denison) Kingsbury; (second) Esther, daughter of Aaron and Susanna (Wade) Clark, of Lebanon, and widow of Ezra Lathrop; he had six children by the first marriage and two by the second. 7. Elizabeth, died December 29, 1728; she married, February 10, 1686-87, Deacon Thomas Huntington, of Mansfield, son of Christopher and Ruth (Rockwell) Huntington. 8. Hannah, died in February, 1752; she married (first), February 17, 1691-92, Thomas, son of Thomas and Mary (Rudd) Bingham; (second) March 4, 1711-12, Daniel, son of Lieutenant Thomas and ——— (Mason) Tracy; (third) November 18, 1729, at Lisbon, Samuel, son of Lieutenant Francis Griswold, of Norwich. 9. Mary, died March 27, 1752; she married, December, 1697, Thomas, son of Samuel and Jane (Lee) Hyde.

(III) Lieutenant Joseph Backus, fourth son and fifth child of William (2) and Elizabeth (Pratt) Backus, was born September 6, 1667, died in Norwich, December, 1740. He was considered one of the most influential men in the town of Norwich, representing it for about forty years at the general court at Hartford. He was ensign of the train band in 1690, and lieutenant in May, 1693. He married, April 9, 1690, Elizabeth Huntington, born October 6, 1669, died in 1762 (see Huntington II). Children: i. Joseph, born March 1, 1691; went to Hartford in 1725; sheriff of Hartford county, September, 1726; returned to Norwich in 1736; he married, March 1, 1721-22, Hannah, born January 3, 1696, died October, 1747, daughter of Richard and Mary (Talcott) Edwards, of Hartford; children: William, Elisha, Mary, Hannah and Joseph. 2. Lieutenant Samuel, born January 6, 1692-93, died of the measles, November 24, 1740; he was lieutenant of the Second Company of the train band of Norwich, May, 1727; representative, October, 1738-39-40; he married, January 18, 1715-16, Elizabeth, born April 6, 1698, died January 26, 1769, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Leffingwell) Tracy; children: i. Captain Samuel, married (first) Phebe, daughter of Hugh and Phebe (Abell) Calkins, and had five children; married (second) Elizabeth, daughter of Joshua and Mary (Welch) Wedge, and had three children: ii. Ann, became the second wife of Captain Joshua, son of Dr. Samuel and Elizabeth (Skuman) Abell; iii. Elizabeth, married

General Jabez, son of Captain Joshua and Hannah (Perkins) Huntington; General Jabez Huntington married (second) Hannah Williams, of Pomfret; iv. Rev. Isaac, was ordained pastor of the Baptist church, Titicut parish, Middleboro, Massachusetts, April 13, 1748; he married Susanna, daughter of Samuel Mason, of Rehoboth, Massachusetts, and had nine children; v. Captain Elijah was very prominent in the military affairs of his time; he married (first) Lucy, daughter of John and Hannah (Lee) Griswold, of Lyme, and had nine children; he married (second) Margaret (Grant) Tracy, widow of Jared Tracy; vi. Simon; vii. Eunice, married John, son of Nathaniel and Abigail (Birchard) Post; John Post married (second) Abigail Leffingwell; viii. Major Andrew, also prominent and distinguished in military affairs; he married Lois, daughter of Thomas and Mary Pierce, of Plainfield, and had seven children; ix. Asa, also prominent in military affairs; married Esther Parkhurst, of Plainfield, and had eight children; x. Lucy, married Benajah, son of Benajah and Joanna (Christophers) Leffingwell; xi. Deacon John. 3. Ann, born January 27, 1694-95, died August 24, 1761; she married, April 25, 1717, Nathaniel, son of Samuel and Hannah (Adgate) Lathrop. 4. Rev. Simon, born February 11, 1700-01, died at Cape Breton, February 2, 1746; he was chaplain in the colonial army in 1746; he married, October 1, 1729, Eunice, born August 20, 1705, died June 1, 1788, daughter of Rev. Timothy and Esther (Stoddard) Edwards, of East Windsor; children: i. Clarinda, married Zebadiah, son of Nathaniel and Ann (Backus) Lathrop, of Norwich; ii. Eunice, died unmarried; iii. Elizabeth, married David, son of Ensign David and Sarah (Grant) Bissell, of East Windsor; iv. Rev. Simon, pastor at Granby, Massachusetts, and at Guilford, Connecticut; he married Rachel, daughter of Abner and Elizabeth (Lyman) Moseley, and had twelve children; v. Esther, married Benjamin Ely, of West Springfield, now Holyoke, Massachusetts; vi. Joseph, died young; vii. Jerusha, married Smith Bailey, of East Windsor; viii. Mary, died young. 5. James, born August 14, 1703, died in Norwich, in 1756; married, November 1, 1747, Lydia Huntley, and had: Joseph, Mary, Ezekiel, Lus and Mary. 6. Elizabeth, born October 27, 1705, died August 7, 1787; she married, September 26, 1725, Cyprian, son of Benjamin and Elizabeth Lord, of Saybrook. 7. Sarah, born July, 1709, died November 22, 1790; she married, July 6, 1732, Isaac, son of Deacon Nathaniel and Sarah (Lobdell) Bingham, of Scotland, Connecticut. 8. Ebenezer, see forward.

(IV) Ebenezer, youngest child of Lieutenant Joseph and Elizabeth (Huntington) Backus, was born March 30, 1712, died in Norwich, Connecticut, November 4, 1768. He represented his town in the general court, May, 1746-47-48-49-50-62, and October, 1744-45-46-47-48-49-64. He married (first), January 29, 1740-41, Abigail, born about 1719, died March 26, 1744, daughter of Captain Joseph and Hannah (Higley) Trumbull, of Lebanon, and sister of the first Governor Trumbull. He married (second) May 2, 1745, at Windham, Eunice, born June 5, 1727, died October 25, 1751, daughter of Colonel Thomas and Lydia (Backus) Dyer. He married (third) July 26, 1753, Sarah, born July 28, 1726, daughter of Benjamin and Miriam (Kilby) Clark, of Boston, Massachusetts. Children by first marriage: 1. Abigail, born March 6, 1742, died December 22, 1760; she married, June 12, 1760, Colonel Simeon Perkins, of Norwich, and later of Liverpool, Nova Scotia, son of Jacob and Jemima (Leonard) Perkins, of Norwich. Colonel Simeon Perkins married (second) Elizabeth (Young) Hadley, widow of John Hadley, of Manchester, Nova Scotia. 2. Mary, born March 20, died March 24, 1744. Children by second marriage: 3. Eunice, born May 26, died November 5, 1746. 4. Ebenezer, see forward. 5. Eunice, born August 2, 1749, died February 3, 1826; she married, December 24, 1767, Governor Jonathan, son of Governor Jonathan and Faith (Robinson) Trumbull, of Lebanon. Among her children are: Mrs. Silliman, of New Haven, and Mrs. Daniel Wadsworth, of Hartford, Connecticut. 6. Roger, born October 5, 1751, died young. Children of third marriage: 7. Benjamin, born June 26, 1754, died unmarried at Mendon, Massachusetts, in 1777. 8. Roger, baptized October 27, 1755, at the First Church of Norwich, died young. 9. Sarah, baptized at the First Church of Norwich, October 17, 1756, also died young. 10. Christopher, born August 6, 1758, died unmarried in 1851. 11. Sarah, born February 7, 1760, died October 3, 1839; she married, December 6, 1778, David, son of Governor Jonathan and Faith (Robinson) Trumbull, of Lebanon. 12. Abigail, born November 6, 1761, died March 6, 1781; she married, October 14, 1779, Thomas Huntington, of Norwich, Connecticut, of Middletown, Vermont, and of Dresden, New York, son of Dr. Christopher and Sarah (Bingham) Huntington, of Bozrah. Thomas Huntington married (second) — Griswold.

(V) Ebenezer (2), eldest son and second child of Ebenezer (1) and Eunice (Dyer) Backus, was born August 17, 1747, died in

Norwich about 1786. He married, January 7, 1767, Elizabeth Fitch, born February 12, 1748-49, at Lebanon (see Fitch VII). She married (second) 1791, Albertus Sirant Des-touches, of Norwich, formerly of Essequibo, South America. Children: 1. Eunice, born May 5, 1768. 2. Eleazar Fitch, see forward. 3. Elizabeth, born March 22, 1775, died young. 4. Betsey, born about 1779, died at Norwich, November 5, 1813; she married, before 1798, John Converse, of Troy, New York. 5. George, baptized April 23, 1780, at Christ Church in Norwich; died in 1828; removed to Virginia; he married (first) —; (second), 1813, Dorothy Chappell, of Amelia county, Virginia. 6. Benjamin, baptized August 5, 1781, in Christ Church, Norwich. 7. Lydia, baptized at Christ Church, Norwich, February 13, 1785, died December 1, 1832; she married, October 27, 1801, Nathan Whiting, of New Haven, son of Colonel William B. and Amy (Lathrop) Whiting, of Windham. Nathan Whiting married (second), 1835, Nancy (Breed) Williams. 8. Juliet, baptized in Christ Church, Norwich, April 30, 1786, died in New York state; she married (first) Eben Jones, (second) Samuel Cheever. 9. Charlotte, baptized in Christ Church, Norwich, February 14, 1790.

(VI) Eleazar Fitch, eldest son and second child of Ebenezer (2) and Elizabeth (Fitch) Backus, was born January 13, 1770, died in Philadelphia, January 22, 1859. He was the founder of the Law Publishing House of W. C. Little, of Albany, New York. He married (first) Harriet, born September 14, 1779, died July 13, 1804, daughter of Colonel William B. and Amy (Lathrop) Whiting, of Norwich, Connecticut, and of Canaan, New York. He married (second) June 8, 1807, Elizabeth Chester, born November 10, 1774, died August 14, 1847 (see Chester IX). Children: 1. Jonathan Trumbull, see forward. 2. Rev. Dr. John Chester, prominent for more than half a century in the church at large and as pastor of the First Church of Baltimore, Maryland, through whose influence most of the growth of Presbyterianism throughout that section was largely due. He was a leading member of the board of directors of Princeton Seminary. 3. Mary, married James Bayard, Esq., of Philadelphia, born May 20, 1802, died August 1, 1874. His line of descent is as follows: I. Rev. Balthazar Bayard, a Huguenot settler in Holland. II. Nicholas. III. Peter. IV. Samuel, who had twins; James and John. Of these, James was a physician and had a son, Hon. James A., whose son, Hon. Thomas F., was secretary of state during the first administration of Presi-

dent Cleveland, and who was the first ambassador to the Court of St. James during Cleveland's second administration. The other twin was: V. Colonel John. VI. Andrew. VII. James, Esq., mentioned above.

(VII) Rev. Jonathan Trumbull Backus, D. D., L.L. D., son of Eleazar Fitch and Elizabeth (Chester) Backus, was born at Albany, New York, January 27, 1809, died at Schenectady, New York, January 21, 1892. Dr. Backus was prepared for college at the Albany Academy, from which he was graduated at the age of fourteen years, and the home influence of his mother, a woman noted for her sincere piety, left a deep impression upon him, which made its influence felt throughout his life. At the age of seventeen years he joined the Second Presbyterian Church of Albany, of which his uncle, Rev. Dr. John Chester, was the pastor. He was graduated from Columbia College with honor in 1827, standing with the Hon. Hamilton Fish at the head of his class, of which he was the valedictorian. He was graduated from the Princeton Theological Seminary three years later, then spent one year at the Andover Theological Seminary, and a part of a year at the Yale Divinity School. He was licensed at the New York Presbytery, October 15, 1829, and was ordained and installed in the First Presbyterian Church of Schenectady, to which he had received a call, December 6, 1832. He was pastor of this church until 1872, a period of forty years, and pastor emeritus from June 18, 1873, until his death, frequently preaching during this latter period, although for nine years he was totally blind as the result of cataract. Union College bestowed upon him the degree of S. T. D. in 1847, and that of LL. D. in 1875. He was a member of the Albany Presbytery during his entire ministry, and influential in its councils as well as in those of the synod and the general assembly. He served on many important committees, was a leader in the movement to unite the old and new school churches, and his ability was recognized when he was elected, by acclamation, moderator of the reunion general assembly of 1870, at Philadelphia. He was also foremost in the movement for the first Presbyterian Hymnal. He laid the corner stone of Reunion Hall, at Princeton, New Jersey. One of his marked characteristics was his executive ability. As chairman for many years of the Home Mission Committee of Presbytery, he was of great influence in furthering the cause of foreign and domestic missions. He served as trustee of Union College from 1852 until 1888, and for a number of years was president of the board of trustees. He was president of

the board of trustees of the Young Men's Christian Association of Schenectady from its incorporation in 1871 until his death, and was president of the board of trustees of the Home for the Friendless from its foundation in 1868. His high character won for him the confidence of men both within and without his church, so that his counsel was widely sought and his words always listened to with unfeigned respect. It was largely through the efforts of Rev. Dr. Nott, who early recognized the ability and worth of Dr. Backus, that he was brought to Schenectady, and they co-operated in furthering the interests of the city and the college. Dr. Backus was a member for several terms of the board of education of the city and his influence helped greatly to keep the schools in line with the more progressive methods of education. In association with Dr. Nott he developed the beauty of the city by means of planting shade trees, the college nurseries furnishing many of the fine old elms which now adorn the streets. He was thoroughly catholic in spirit and sympathy, encouraging all feasible Christian union. The impression of Dr. Backus on the life of his own church, that of the city, its religious, educational and philanthropical development, is a lasting one, and one which will be of benefit for many generations to come.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of Union College, which was held at Schenectady, June 21, 1892, it was decided to put on record the following tribute to Dr. Backus: "Though a graduate of Columbia, he was for nearly sixty years closely identified with the life of Union College. During forty years, as the minister of the Presbyterian Church, in the City of Schenectady, he was the religious teacher and guide of many hundreds of her students, and stood in intimate relation with a long line of Presidents and Professors. For thirty-five years he was a Trustee of the Institution, eminent and influential in her councils, zealous and untiring in his efforts to advance her interests." The familiarity of Dr. Backus with the Scriptures was wonderful. During his later years, after the affliction of blindness had come upon him, he nevertheless frequently preached, and in the course of his sermon would recite long passages from the Bible and hymns, from memory, and was practically letter perfect. At the sermon preached between the death and burial of Dr. Backus, by Rev. A. Russell Stevenson, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, he said in part: "Our church is one hundred and twenty years old, and to-morrow we bury the pas-

tor who has been in our midst for the half of that period—but in estimating the influence of the man, the latter half of the one hundred and twenty years is manifold more valuable than the former."

Rev. Dr. Backus married, April 30, 1835, Ann Eliza Walworth, born September 29, 1817, at Plattsburg, New York, died October 3, 1895 (see Walworth V.). Children: 1. Elizabeth Chester, born April 19, 1842; married, June 29, 1865, Rev. Dr. Alexander Rankin. 2. Mary Walworth, born July 29, 1844. 3. Rev. Dr. Clarence Walworth, born April 20, 1846, was graduated from Union College in 1870, and from Princeton Theological Seminary in 1873; he married, April 30, 1873, Susan Washington, born December 2, 1847; children: Anna E., died young; R. Livingstone, died in infancy; J. Trumbull, born October 1, 1878; Mary B., died in infancy; John C., died in infancy. 4. Maria Averill, born May 25, 1847. 5. Ella Fitch, born July 31, 1848. 6. J. Bayard, born September 20, 1853; he was graduated from Union College, 1874; admitted to the Illinois state bar, 1879; admitted to New York state bar, 1878; located in the city of New York, 1881; he married, March 29, 1877, Cornelia N. Price, born June 11, 1858, daughter of Joshua C. Price, of Rockingham county, Virginia, and sister of the late Professor I. B. Price, of Union College, and of Dr. M. Price and Joseph Price, distinguished physicians of Philadelphia; only child: Elizabeth Chester, born January 10, 1878.

(Chester Line).

(I) William Chester was of London and Barnet, Hertford county, England.

(II) Leonard, son of William Chester, was of Blaby, Leicestershire, England. He married (second) Bridget, daughter of John Sharpe, of Frisby-Super Wreke, Leicestershire, England.

(III) John, son of Leonard Chester, of Blaby, was also of Blaby, and married Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Hooker, of Leicestershire, England.

(IV) Leonard (2), son of John Chester, of Blaby, was born in 1609, in England, died in Wethersfield, Connecticut, 1648. He came to New England in 1633, settled first at Wattertown, Massachusetts, and in 1635 at Wethersfield. He married Mary, probably a descendant of Hugh de Neville.

(V) John (2), son of Leonard (2) and Mary Chester, was born at Wattertown, Massachusetts, August 3, 1635, died February 23, 1698. Admitted freeman at Wethersfield, May, 1658; member of the First Connecticut Troop; deputy in the house, 1675; and was

otherwise prominent. He married, February, 1653-54, Sarah, born in 1631, died December 12, 1693, daughter of Hon. Thomas Welles, of Connecticut. Children: Mary, married John Wolcott; John, see forward; Sarah, married Simon Wolcott; Stephen, married Jemima, daughter of James Treat; Thomas, married Mary, daughter of Richard Treat; Samuel; Prudence, married James Treat; Eunice, married Rev. T. Stevens.

(VI) John (3), son of John (2) and Sarah (Welles) Chester, was born January 10, 1656, died December 14, 1711. He was of Wethersfield, Connecticut. He married, November 25, 1686, Hannah, born 1665, died 1741, daughter of Samuel Talcott, of Glastonbury, Connecticut. Children: 1. Mehitabel, married Nathaniel Burnham and had five children. 2. Mary, married Jonathan Burnham and had five children. 3. Penelope, married Rev. Ebenezer Williams and had six children. 4. Hannah, married Gideon Welles and had nine children. 5. Prudence, married Colonel John Stoddard and had four children. 6. Eunice, married Joseph Pitkin. 7. John, see forward. 8. Sarah, married Israel Williams. 9. Thomas.

(VII) Hon. John (4), eldest son and seventh child of John (3) and Hannah (Talcott) Chester, was born June 3, 1703, died suddenly in his hay field, September 11, 1771. He was of Wethersfield, and in 1748 it was said that he was the only male in this line bearing the name of Chester. He was judge in the county court and representative to the general assembly of Connecticut. He married, November 19, 1747, Sarah Noyes, born March 29, 1722, died January 27, 1797. She was a direct descendant of William the Conqueror. (See Noyes XXIII.) Children: 1. John, see forward. 2. Leonard, married Sarah Williams and had ten children. 3. Sarah, married Thomas Coit and had five children. 4. Abigail, married Joseph Webb and had ten children. 5. Stephen, married Elizabeth Mitchell and had nine children. 6. Thomas, married Esther M. Bull and had five children.

(VIII) Colonel John (5) Chester, eldest child of Hon. John (4) and Sarah (Noyes) Chester, was born January 29, 1748, died November 4, 1809. He was of Wethersfield, was graduated from Yale College in 1766 and from Harvard Law School in 1775. He especially distinguished himself at the battle of Bunker Hill. He was appointed colonel in 1776 and was called "the friend" of General Washington. From 1772 he was a prominent figure in public life, served as representative, speaker of the house, state counsellor, judge of probate and county courts and supervisor of Connecticut. He married, November 25,

1773, Elizabeth Huntington, born February 9, 1757, died July, 1839 (see Huntington VI). Children: 1. Elizabeth, see forward. 2. Mary, married Ebenezer C. Wells, of Brattleboro, Vermont, and had three children. 3. Hannah, married Charles Chauncy, of Philadelphia, and had six children. 4. Sarah. 5. Rev. John, D. D., married Rebecca Ralston and had five children. 6. Charlotte. 7. Henry. 8. Julia, married Matthew C. Ralston. 9. Henry, who had five daughters but no son. 10. Rev. William, D. D., married Frances White and had two children. 11. George. 12. Charles.

(IX) Elizabeth, eldest child of Colonel John (5) and Elizabeth (Huntington) Chester, married Eleazar Fitch Backus (see Backus VI).

(Fitch Line).

(I) Governor William Bradford, born at Austerfield, Yorkshire, England, 1588, died in New England, May 9, 1657. He came to this country in the "Mayflower" in 1620, and was governor of Plymouth Colony for thirty-three years. He married (first) Dorothy —, who was accidentally drowned December 7, 1620, the first Englishwoman who died in New England. He married (second) August 14, 1623, Alice, whose maiden name is supposed to have been Carpenter, and who was the widow of Constant Southworth. Child of first marriage: 1. John, who died in 1678. Children of second marriage: 2. William, see forward. 3. Mercy, born before 1627, married Benjamin Vermales. 4. Joseph, born in 1630, married Jael, daughter of Peter Hobart, first minister at Higham.

(II) Major William (2) Bradford, eldest child of Governor William (1) and Alice (Carpenter) (Southworth) Bradford, was born June 17, 1624, died February 20, 1703. He married (first) Alice, who died December 12, 1671, daughter of Thomas Richards. Married (second) Widow Wiswall. Married (third) Mary, daughter of John Wood or Atwood, of Plymouth, and widow of Rev. John Holmes, of Duxbury. Children by first marriage: 1. John, married Mercy, daughter of Joseph Warren, of Plymouth. 2. William, married Rebecca Bartlett. 3. Thomas. 4. Samuel, married Hannah Rogers, of Duxbury. 5. Alice, see forward. 6. Hannah, married Joshua Ripley, of Higham. 7. Mercy, married Samuel Steel, of Hartford, Connecticut. 8. Melatiah, married John Steel, of Norwich, Connecticut. 9. Mary, married William Hunt. 10. Sarah, married Kenelm Baker, of Marshfield. Child of second marriage: 11. Joseph, married Anne, daughter of James and Priscilla (Mason) Fitch. Children of

third marriage: 12. Israel, married Sarah Bartlett. 13. Ephraim, married Elizabeth Bartlett. 14. David, married Elizabeth Finney. 15. Hezekiah, married Mary Chandler.

(III) Alice, eldest daughter and fifth child of Major William (2) and Alice (Richards) Bradford, was born in 1661, and married (first) March 27, 1680, Rev. William Adams, minister of Duxbury, whose second wife she was. She married (second) Major James Fitch.

(IV) Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. William and Alice (Bradford) Adams, was born February 21, 1681. She married, September 14, 1696, Rev. Samuel Whiting, born April 22, 1670, who was the first minister of Windham.

(V) Anne, daughter of Rev. Samuel and Elizabeth (Adams) Whiting, was born June 2, 1698. She married, December 29, 1721, Joseph Fitch, born in November, 1681, at Norwich, she becoming his second wife.

(VI) Colonel Eleazar, son of Joseph and Anne (Whiting) Fitch, was born August 29, 1726. He was of Lebanon, Connecticut, and was graduated from Yale College in 1743. He married, April 4, 1746, Amy Bowen.

(VII) Elizabeth, daughter of Colonel Eleazar and Amy (Bowen) Fitch, married Ebenezer Backus, Jr. (see Backus V).

(Huntington Line).

(I) Simon Huntington was born in England, where he lived in Norwich or its vicinity. According to one tradition he sailed for this country, dying of smallpox on the voyage, and was buried at sea. According to another, he left England in 1639 or 1640 with his wife and three children, his family landing at Saybrook, Connecticut, he having died off the coast and his body was buried ashore. He married Margaret Baret, and it is possible that his widow married (second) Thomas Stoughton, of Dorchester, Massachusetts, who later removed to Windsor, Connecticut. Children: 1. William, married Joanna, daughter of John Bayley; children: John, James and Mary. 2. Thomas, married (first) —, daughter of William Swain, of Wethersfield; (second) Hannah, daughter of Jasper Crane, of Branford; children: Samuel and Hannah. 3. Christopher, married Ruth, daughter of William Rockwell, of Windsor; children: Christopher, Ruth, Ruth, Christopher, Thomas, John, Susannah, Lydia and Ann. 4. Simon, see forward. 5. Ann.

(II) Deacon Simon Huntington, son of Simon and Margaret (Baret) Huntington, was born in England in 1629, died at Saybrook, Connecticut, June 28, 1706. He was one of the settlers of Norwich in 1660, and repre-

sentative in the general court several times. He married, at Saybrook, October, 1653, Sarah, born in 1633, died in 1721, daughter of Joseph Clark, of Windsor. Children: 1. Sarah, married Dr. Solomon, son of Lieutenant Thomas Tracy, and had children: Lydia and Simon. 2. Mary, married ——— Forbes, of Preston. 3. Simon, see forward. 4. Joseph, married Rebecca, daughter of Deacon Thomas Adgate and his second wife, Widow Bushnell; children: Joseph, Nathaniel, Jonathan, David, Solomon, Rebecca, Sarah and Mary. 5. Elizabeth, died in infancy. 6. Lieutenant Samuel, married Mary, probably a daughter of William Clark, of Wethersfield; children: Elizabeth, Samuel, Caleb, Mary, Rebecca, Sarah, John and Simon. 7. Elizabeth, married Joseph, son of Lieutenant William and Elizabeth (Pratt) Backus (see Backus III). 8. Nathaniel, died young. 9. Daniel, married (first) Abigail, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Rudd) Bingham; (second) Rachel Wolcott, of Bingham, who married (second) Joseph Bingham, of Windham; children by first marriage: Abigail, Mary, Daniel, Anna, Jonathan, Benjamin. 10. James, married Priscilla Miller; children: Jerusha, James, Peter, Jacob, Nathaniel, Elizabeth.

(III) Deacon Simon (2) Huntington, eldest son and third child of Deacon Simon (1) and Sarah (Clark) Huntington, was born at Saybrook, Connecticut, February 6, 1659, died in Norwich, November 2, 1736. He married, October 8, 1683, Lydia, born in Norwich, August 8, 1663, died August 8, 1736, daughter of John Gager. Children: 1. Simon, died from the bite of a rattlesnake. 2. Sarah, married William Lathrop, of Norwich, son of Israel and Rebecca (Bliss) Lathrop; children: William, Joshua, Ezra, Jeremiah, James, Andrew. 3. Deacon Ebenezer, married Sarah, daughter of Deacon Thomas and Lydia (Tracy) Leffingwell; children: Sarah, Simon, Lucy, Lydia. 4. Joshua, see forward.

(IV) Joshua, youngest child of Deacon Simon (2) and Lydia (Gager) Huntington, was born in Norwich, December 30, 1698, died August 26, 1745. He was an active business man and added greatly to the family wealth and distinction. He married, October 16, 1718, Hannah, born in 1701, died in 1745, daughter of Jabez and Hannah (Lathrop) Perkins. Children: 1. Jabez, see forward. 2. Jedediah, died young. 3. Andrew, died at the age of fifteen years. 4. Lydia, married Captain Ephraim Bill, of Norwich; children: Sylvester, Lynde, Gordon, Lydia, Gordon, Ephraim, Abigail, Zachariah, William and Hannah. 5. Zachariah, died unmarried.

(V) General Jabez Huntington, eldest child of Joshua and Hannah (Perkins) Huntington, was born August 7, 1719, died October 5, 1786. His career is a matter of national history. He married (first), January 20, 1741-42, Elizabeth, born February 21, 1721, died July 1, 1745, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Tracy) Backus. He married (second), July 10, 1746, Hannah Williams, born July 23, 1726, died March 25, 1807; children by first marriage: 1. General Jedediah, who married (first) Faith, daughter of Governor Trumbull, and (second) Ann, daughter of Thomas Moore; child by first marriage: Jabez; children by second marriage: Elizabeth Moore, Ann Channing, Faith Trumbull, Harriet Smith, Joshua, Daniel and Thomas. 2. Judge Andrew, married (first) Lucy, daughter of Dr. Joseph and Lydia (Lathrop) Coit, of New London; (second) Hannah Phelps, of Stonington; children by first marriage: Joseph and Hannah; children by second marriage: Lucy and Charles Phelps. Children by the second marriage of General Jabez Huntington: 3. Colonel Joshua, active participant in the revolution; he married Hannah, daughter of Judge Hezekiah and Dorothy (Williams) Huntington; child: Elizabeth, married Hon. Ferdinand Wolcott, of Litchfield, brother of the third Governor Wolcott, son of the second, and grandson of the first governor of the state. 4. Hannah, died young. 5. General Ebenezer, married (first) Sarah Isham, of Colchester; (second) Lucretia Mary McClellan; child of first marriage: Alfred; children of second marriage: Wolcott, Louisa M., George Washington, Emily, Nancy L., Walter, Sarah Isham, Elizabeth and Maria H. 6. Elizabeth, see forward. 7. Mary, married Rev. Joseph Strong; children: Joseph H., Mary Huntington and Henry. 8. General Zachariah, married Hannah Mumford; children: Thomas Mumford, Jabez Williams and Elizabeth Mary.

(VI) Elizabeth, second daughter and fourth child of General Jabez and Hannah (Williams) Huntington, married Colonel John Chester (see Chester VIII).

(Walworth Line).

(I) William Walworth, of Fisher's Island, was the progenitor of all the Walworths in America. He claimed descent from Sir William Walworth, lord mayor of London during the reign of Richard II. He came to the New London Colony in 1689. He married, in 1690, Mary Seaton, born in England in 1666, who came to this country in the same ship that he did. Children: 1. Martha, born in March, 1691. 2. William, born in January, 1694, died

May 17, 1774; he married (first) Mary, daughter of Captain Samuel and Susanna (Palmes) Avery, of Poquanoc; (second) Elizabeth Hinckley; children by first marriage: Nathan, Amos, James, Elijah, Mary, Susan, Lucy and Abigail; children by second marriage: Eunice and Charles. 3. Mary, born in February, 1695. 4. John, see forward. 5. Joanna, born in October, 1699. 6. Thomas, born in May, 1701; he married, at least as early as June 20, 1724, Phebe, daughter of William Stark, of Groton, and had one child: William. 7. James, twin of Thomas.

(II) Captain John Walworth, second son and fourth child of William and Mary (Seaton) Walworth, was born on Fisher's Island, in June, 1697, died of the smallpox in 1748. He married, November, 1718, Sarah B., daughter of Captain Richard, Jr., and Hannah or Elizabeth (Bailey) Dunn, of Newport, Rhode Island. Children: 1. Samuel, married Hannah Woodbridge; children: Samuel, John and Hannah. 2. John, Jr., married (first) Mary, daughter of Captain Rufus Minor; (second) Patience Denison, of Lyme; child by first marriage: John; children by second marriage: John, Griswold, Elizabeth, Polly and Abigail. 3. Sylvester, married Sarah Holmes, of Stonington; children: Lucy, George, Philena or Phila, Sylvester, Edward, Holmes and Abigail. 4. William, married Sarah Grant, of Stonington; children: Gilbert, William, James, Sarah and Abigail. 5. Benjamin, see forward. 6. Philena or Phila, married Joseph Minor, of Groton; children: Joseph, Anna, Rufus, Philena, Sarah, Jerusha, Polly, Abigail and Clarissa. 7. Sarah, married Benjamin Brown; children: Benjamin, Jr., Sarah, Catherine, Abigail, Lydia, Kesiah, Frances, Elizabeth and Philena.

(III) Benjamin, son of Captain John and Sarah B. (Dunn) Walworth, was born at Groton, November 11, 1746, died at Hoosick, New York, February 26, 1812. He was quartermaster and adjutant during the revolution. He married, 1782, Apphia Hyde, born in Norwich in 1757, died at Fredonia, New York, February 8, 1837 (see Hyde V). She was the widow of Captain Samuel Cardell, of New London, who left her with one child: William S. Children: 1. Rosamond Butler, married (first) Oliver Barbour and had: Benjamin W., John M. and Oliver Lorenzo; married (second) Benjamin Randall, Esq., whose first wife was Mary Lathrop, and had: Marvin Tracy and Rosamond Walworth. 2. Major John, married (first) Sarah, daughter of Colonel Jonas Simonds; (second) Catherine M., daughter of Judge William Bailey and granddaughter of Colonel John Bailey; children:

William, Sarah, Charlotte and Catherine. 3. James Clinton, married (first) Helen Talcott, daughter of Deacon Andrew Sill, of Burlington, New York; children: Clinton, Benjamin, and two who died in infancy; he married (second) Maria M., daughter of John and Phoebe (Peck) Haynes, and a direct descendant of Jonathan Haynes, the first, of Newbury, who came from England in 1635; child: Helen Maria. 4. Reuben Hyde, see forward. 5. Sarah Dunn, married Field, son of Waterman Dailee, of Fredonia, New York; children: Frances H., Jedediah and Stella. 6. Dr. Benjamin, married Charlotte, eldest daughter of Jonathan and Rebecca (Rouse) Eddy, of Hoosick, New York. Children: Kosciusko and Rebecca Eddy. 7. Apphia L., married David J. Mattison; children: Charles Frederick, John Crane, Clarissa Henrietta, Eliza Ann and Helena Walworth. 8. Jedediah was a lawyer and died unmarried. 9. Hiram, married Delia Arabella, daughter of Judge Jonathan and Hannah (Parker) Griffin, of Plattsburg, New York; children: Mary Elizabeth, Hiram, James G. and Graham. 10. Ann Eliza, married Commander Charles Theodore, son of Theodore and Charity (Peltz) Platt, of Plattsburg; children: Charles Henry, Benjamin Walworth, Caroline, Sarah Louisa and Eliza Ann.

(IV) Chancellor Reuben Hyde Walworth, third son and fourth child of Benjamin and Apphia (Hyde) Walworth, was born at Bozrah, Connecticut, October 26, 1788, died at Saratoga Springs, New York, November 28, 1867. He was appointed chancellor of the state of New York in 1828 and held the office for some twenty years, being the last chancellor of the state. He served as adjutant-general during the war of 1812. He married (first) at Plattsburg, January 16, 1812, Maria Ketchum, born December 31, 1795, died April 24, 1847, eldest child of Nathan and Mary (Ketchum) Averill. He married (second) at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, April 16, 1851, Sarah Ellen, daughter of Horace Smith, of Locust Grove, Kentucky, and widow of Colonel John J. Hardin, by whom she had children: Ellen, Martin D., Lemuel Smith and Elizabeth. Children of first marriage: 1. Mary Elizabeth, married Edgar Jenkins, of Albany, son of Marshall and Sarah Jenkins, of Hudson, New York. 2. Sarah Simonds, married Mason, son of Gideon M. Davison, of Saratoga Springs, New York. 3. Ann Eliza, see forward. 4. Clarence A., rector of St. Mary's Parish, Albany, New York, and noted for various publications. 5. Mansfield Tracy, lawyer and novelist; he married his stepsister, Ellen Hardin; children: Francis

Hardin, John T., Mary Elizabeth, Ellen Hardin, Clara Theresa, Mansfield Tracy, Reubena Hyde and Sarah Margaret. 6. Frances De Lord, died at the age of five years. Only child of the second marriage: Reuben H., who died young.

(V) Ann Eliza, third daughter and child of Chancellor Reuben Hyde and Maria Ketchum (Averill) Walworth, married Rev. Jonathan Trumbull Backus (see Backus VII).

(Hyde Line).

(I) William Hyde probably came to this country with the Rev. Thomas Hooker, in 1633, and his name appears in Hartford in 1636. He was one of the original proprietors of Norwich in 1660, and died January 6, 1681. The name of his wife has not been preserved. Children: 1. Samuel, see forward. 2. Hester, born, probably, in England, died in 1703; married John Post.

(II) Samuel, son of William Hyde, was born at Hartford, Connecticut, about 1637, died in 1677. He was a fifth great-grandfather of Grover Cleveland, and fourth great-grandfather of Professor M. Perkins, of Union College. He married, June, 1659, Jane, daughter of Thomas and Phoebe (Brown) Lee, of East Saybrook, now Lyme. Children: 1. Samuel, married Elizabeth, daughter of John and Sarah Calkins, of Norwich; children: Samuel, Daniel, Elijah. Caleb, David Ebenezer, Sarah, Elizabeth, Lydia and Anne. 2. John, married Experience, daughter of Caleb and Margaret (Post) Abel; children: John, Eleazer, James, Matthew, Experience, Margaret, Esther, Lucy and Deborah. 3. William, see forward. 4. Thomas, married Mary, daughter of Stephen and Sarah (Gardner) Backus, of Norwich; children: Thomas, Jacob, Abner, Mary, Phebe and Jane. 5. Jabez, married Elizabeth, a sister of the wife of his brother William; children: Jabez, Phinchas, Joseph, Elizabeth and Abigail. 6. Elizabeth, married Lieutenant Richard, son of William Lord, of Saybrook; children: Richard, John, Elizabeth, Phebe, Jane, Mary, Lydia, Deborah and Abigail. 7. Phebe, married Matthew, son of Matthew and Anna (Wolcott) Griswold, of Lyme; children: Matthew, John, George, Samuel, Thomas, Phebe, Elizabeth, Sarah, Mary, Deborah and Patience. 8. Sarah, died young.

(III) William (2), son of Samuel and Jane (Lee) Hyde, was born at Norwich, January, 1670, died August 8, 1759. He married, January 2, 1695, Anne, born December 4, 1674, died July 8, 1745, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth (Adgate) Bushnell, of Norwich. Children: 1. William, died young. 2. Captain

William, married Anne Basset; children: Flavius, William, Elizabeth, Anne, Mary, Priscilla and Hannah. 3. Richard, married Anne, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Leffingwell) Tracy, of Norwich; children: Theodore, Elihu, Peleg, Zebediah, Lucretia, Lucy and Lucretia. 4. Ezra, married Elizabeth, daughter of Captain John and Sarah (Abel) Leffingwell, of Norwich; children: John, Ezra, Uriah, Eunice, Sarah and Sarah. 5. Jedediah, see forward. 6. Elisha, married Lydia, daughter of Captain Joseph and Mary (Abel) Tracy, of Norwich; children: Elisha, Joseph, Lydia, Anne, Anne, Amy, Hannah and Mary. 7. Benjamin, married (first) Abigail, daughter of Captain Stephen and Abigail (Lord) Lee, of Lyme, and had: Alexander, William, Rufus, Joseph, Lee, Amelia, Amelia, Elizabeth, Phebe and seven others; married (second) Widow Abigail Chadwick, daughter of Lewis De Wolf, of Lyme, and had Abigail; married (third) Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. William Miner, of Lyme, and widow of Elijah Lord, and had: Benjamin, Parthenia and Anne. 8. Anne, married John, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Allen) Waterman, of Norwich; children: John, William, Jedediah, Darius, Anne, Anne, Freelove and Phebe. 9. Elizabeth, married Dr. Theophilus, son of Captain Ezekiel and Lois (Ivory) (Bligh) Rogers; children: Ezekiel, Theophilus, Uriah, Zabdial, John, Lois, Anne, Elizabeth and Lucretia. 10. Hannah, married Matthew, son of Deacon Thomas and Ruth (Brewster) Adgate; children: Benjamin, Andrew, Daniel, Matthew, Elijah, Jabez, William and Lucy.

(IV) Rev. Jedediah Hyde, son of William (2) and Anne (Bushnell) Hyde, was born at Norwich, June 2, 1712, died September 26, 1761. He married (first) July 17, 1733, Jerusha, born September 1, 1711, died February 8, 1741, daughter of Deacon Joseph and Martha (Morgan) Perkins, of Norwich. He married (second) May 17, 1742, Jerusha Tracy, born May 23, 1723, died August 20, 1764. She married (second) Daniel Peck, of Norwich West Farms, now Franklin, and had one child by this marriage, whom she named Jedediah Hyde (see Tracy XXX). Children by first marriage of Rev. Jedediah Hyde: 1. Captain Jedediah, married (first) Mary, daughter of Asa and Lucy (Hyde) Waterman, and had: Jedediah, William, Arunah W., Thomas W., Pitt William, Jerusha, Mary and Deborah; married (second) Elizabeth, daughter of Humphrey and Mary (Fanning) Brown, and widow of David Parker, and had: Reuben C., Russel Brown, Jabez Perkins, Hiram, Martha, Post, Elizabeth and Diadama. 2. Martha, married Jabez, son of Nathaniel and Abigail

(Birchard) Post, and had: Jabez P. and Jedediah Hyde. Jabez Post married (second) Lucy, daughter of Richard and Anne (Tracy) Hyde, and had five children. 3. Jerusha, married Silas, son of Abial and Mary (Walworth) Stark, and had: Simeon, Silas, Jedediah, Abel, William and Jerusha. 4. Diadama, married Dr. Benjamin, son of Thomas and Abigail (Craft) Butler, and had: Benjamin, Thomas, Jerusha, Rosamond and Minerva. Dr. Benjamin Butler married (second) Ruth, daughter of Peter and Ruth (Edgerton) Huntington. Children of second marriage of Rev. Jedediah Hyde: 5. Reuben, married and went to sea when he was about nineteen years of age, and was never heard from again. 6. Apphia, see forward. 7. Elizabeth, married John, son of Benjamin and Anne (Waterman) Harris, of Norwich; children: Jedediah Hyde, John, John Waterman, Benjamin, Tracy, Hyde, Hiram, Alfred, Thomas Jefferson, Rosamond B., Elizabeth H. and Apphia. (V) Apphia, daughter of Rev. Jedediah and Jerusha (Tracy) Hyde, married Benjamin Walworth (see Walworth III).

(Tracy Line).

(I) Ecgberht, first King of England, reigned 800-838. He married Lady Redburga and had: Aethelwulf, Aethelstan and Eadith (St. Edith).

(II) Aethelwulf, son of Ecgberht and Lady Redburga, married (first) Osburga, daughter of Oslac, and had: Aethelstan, Aethelbald, Aethelbert, Aethalbald I., Aelfred (the Great), see forward, and Aethelswitha. He married (second) Judith, daughter of Charles the Bald, Emperor and King of France, and great-granddaughter of Emperor Charlemagne. Judith married (second) Baldwin, the first count of Flanders, and became the ancestress of Matilda, wife of William the Conqueror.

(III) Aelfred (the Great), son of Aethelwulf and Osburga, married Ealswitha, daughter of the Earl of Lincolnshire, and had: Eadmund, Eadward, see forward, Aethelwald, Aethelfleda, Aethelgida and Aelfthryth.

(IV) Eadward (the Elder), married (first) Ecgina and had three children: (second) Ealfleda, and had eight children; (third) Eadgina, daughter of Earl Sigeline, and had: Eadmund, see forward, Eadred, Eadburga and Eadgina.

(V) Eadmund I., married Aelgifu, and had: Eadwig, Eadgar.

(VI) Eadgar, son of Eadmund I. and Aelgifu, married (first) Aethelfaeda (the Fair), daughter of Earl Ordmar, and had: Eadward. He married (second) Aelfthryth,

daughter of Ordgar, Duke of Devonshire, and widow of Earl Aethelwold. Children: Eadmund and Aethelred, see forward.

(VII) Aethelred II. (the Unready), married (first) Ealfleda, daughter of Erldorman Thored. Children: Edmund (Ironside) and eight others. He married (second) Emma, of Normandy. Children: Aelfred, Eadward (the Confessor), Goda, see forward. (VIII) Princess Goda, daughter of Aethelred II. and Emma of Normandy, married (first) Dreux, Count of Vexin, in France, called by English historians Count of Mantes, and said to be a descendant of Charlemagne. Children: Gauthier, sometimes called Walter; Rudolf, see forward; Foulques; Poutoise.

(IX) Rudolf, son of the Count of Mantes and Princess Goda, also called Rudolph or Ralph de Mantes, was lord of the manor of Sudeley and Toddington, and was created Earl of Hereford by his uncle, Edward the Confessor, and deprived of his earldom in the reign of William the Conqueror. He married Gethe, and had one son, Harold.

(X) Harold, only son of Rudolf and Gethe de Mantes, married Matilda, daughter of Hugh-Lupus, first Earl of Chester and nephew of William the Conqueror. Children: John de Sudeley and Robert de Ewyas.

(XI) John de Sudeley, son of the preceding, married Grace, daughter and heiress of Henri de Traci, feudal Lord of Barnstaple in Devonshire. Children: Ralph, who became the heir of his father, and William de Traci, concerning whom see forward.

(XII) William de Traci inherited the lands of his mother and assumed her family name, becoming as a knight of Gloucestershire, Sir William de Traci, and held the lands of his brother by one knight's fee. He married Hawise de Born and left one son and two daughters.

(XIII) Sir Henry de Tracy, of Toddington, died about 1246, leaving: Margery, Henry and Thomas.

(XIV) Sir Henry de Tracy, of Toddington, had children: William and Eve.

(XV) Sir William Tracy (the "de" being omitted in this generation), of Toddington, had command in the Scottish war in the reign of Edward I.

(XVI) Sir William Tracy, of Toddington, held high offices. Children: Margery and William.

(XVII) William Tracy, Esq., was of Toddington.

(XVIII) Sir John Tracy, of Toddington, was sheriff of the county five years in succession, and died in 1363. He left children: John, Margaret and Dorothy.

(XIX) Sir John Tracy, of Toddington, was a member of parliament and sheriff. Children: William and Margaret.

(XX) William Tracy, Esq., of Toddington, was high sheriff of Gloucestershire in 1395, and died in 1399.

(XXI) William Tracy, Esq., of Toddington, was called to the privy council of Henry IV., and was high sheriff during the reign of Henry V. He married Alice, daughter of Sir Guy de la Spine, and widow of William Gifford. Children: William, John and Alice.

(XXII) William Tracy, Esq., of Toddington, was sheriff of Gloucestershire during the reign of Henry VI. He married Margery, daughter of Sir John Pauncefort, Knight. Children: Henry, Richard and Margery.

(XXIII) Henry Tracy, Esq., of Toddington, died about 1506. He married Alice, daughter of Thomas Baldington, Esq., of Alderley, county of Oxford. Children: William, Richard, Ralph, Anne, Elizabeth.

(XXIV) Sir William Tracy, of Toddington, was sheriff of Gloucestershire during the reign of Henry VIII. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Throckmorton, of Cross Court, Gloucestershire. Children: William, Robert, Richard and Alice.

(XXV) Richard Tracy, Esq., of Toddington, was sheriff of Gloucestershire during the reign of Queen Elizabeth. He married Barbara, daughter of Sir Thomas Lucy, of Charlecote, Warwickshire. Children: Hester, Nathaniel, Susan, Judith, Paul and Samuel.

(XXVI) Nathaniel Tracy, of Tewksbury, received lands at that place from his father.

(XXVII) Lieutenant Thomas Tracy, son of Nathaniel Tracy, of Tewksbury, was born at Tewksbury about 1610, died at Norwich, Connecticut, November 7, 1685. He came to Salem, Massachusetts, in April, 1636, removed to Wethersfield, and was one of the original proprietors of Norwich in 1660. He married (first) at Wethersfield, 1641, Mary, widow of Edward Mason. (Second) at Norwich, prior to 1679, Martha, daughter of Thomas Bourne, of Marshfield, and widow of John, the son of Governor Bradford. (Third) at Norwich, Mary, daughter of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Demming) Foote, of Wethersfield, and widow of (first) John Stoddard, (second) John Goodrich. Children, all by first marriage: 1. John, see forward. 2. Thomas, married and had: Nathaniel, Jeremiah, Daniel, Thomas, Jedediah, Sarah, Deborah and Jerusha. 3. Jonathan, married (first) Mary, daughter of Lieutenant Francis Griswold, and had: Jonathan, Christopher, David, Francis, Samuel, Hannah, Mary, Mariam and Sarah. He married (second) Mary Richards,

who married (second) Eleazer Jewett. 4. Dr. Solomon, married (first) Sarah, daughter of Deacon Simon Huntington, the first, and had: Simon, Solomon and Lydia. Married (second) Sarah Bliss, widow of Thomas Soluman, and had one son. 5. Daniel, married (first) Abigail, daughter of Deacon ——— and Mary (Bushnell) Adgate, and had: Daniel and Abigail. He married (second) Widow Hannah (Backus) Bingham, and had: Samuel and Elizabeth. 6. Samuel, died without issue. 7. Miriam, married Lieutenant Thomas, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Bourn) Waterman, of Marshfield.

(XXVIII) Captain John Tracy, son of Lieutenant Thomas and Mary (Mason) Tracy, was born at Wethersfield in 1642, died at Norwich, August 16, 1702. He was one of the original proprietors of Norwich, justice of the peace, represented his town in the legislature at six sessions, and was prominent in all public affairs. He married, August 17, 1670, Mary, born in 1646, died July 21, 1721, daughter of Josiah and Margaret (Bourn) Winslow, and niece of Governor Winslow of the "Mayflower." Children: 1. Josiah, died young. 2. John, married Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Leffingwell, of Norwich, and had: John, Hezekiah, Joshua, Isaac, Elizabeth, Anne and Ruth. 3. Joseph, see forward. 4. Winslow, married Rachel, daughter of Joshua and Hannah (Bradford) Ripley, and had: Joshua, Perez, Josiah, Eliphallet, Nehemiah, Samuel, Solomon. 5. Elizabeth, married Nathaniel, son of William and Elizabeth (Pratt) Backus.

(XXIX) Captain Joseph Tracy, son of Captain John and Mary (Winslow) Tracy, was born at Norwich, April 20, 1682, died April 10, 1765. He was a justice of the peace, and frequently a representative in the legislature. He married, at Norwich, December 31, 1705, Margaret, born at Norwich in 1685, died January 17, 1751, daughter of Caleb and Margaret (Post) Abel. Children: 1. Joseph, married Anna, daughter of Gresham and Mary (Buel) Hinkley, and had: Jared, Frederick, Uriah, Ruby, Anna and Lois. 2. Dr. Elisha, married (first) Lucy, daughter of Ebenezer and Sarah (Leffingwell) Huntington; children: Lucy, Alice, Lucretia, Lydia and Philura; married (second) Elizabeth Door, and had: Phineas, Philemon, Elisha, Joseph, Winslow, Elizabeth, Charlotte, Mary, and Deborah Door; married (third) Lois (Hinkley) Huntington, widow of Nehemiah Huntington, Esq., of Bozrah. 3. Phineas, died unmarried. 4. Mary, married ——— Wentworth. 5. Margaret, married William Waterman and had six children. 6. Zervia,

died unmarried. 7. Lydia, married Elisha, son of William Hyde. 8. Irene, married Daniel, son of Ebenezer and Lydia (Waterman) Burnham, and had four children. 9. Jerusha, see forward. 10. Elizabeth, married Andrew, son of Benjamin and Lydia (Hazen) Abel.

(XXX) Jerusha, daughter of Captain Joseph and Margaret Abel, married Rev. Jedediah Hyde (see Hyde IV).

(Noyes Line).

(I) William the Conqueror, King of England.

(II) Lady Gungreda, daughter of William the Conqueror, married William de Warren, Earl of Surrey.

(III) William, son of William and Lady Gundreda de Warren, was the second earl of Warren and Surrey, and died 1131.

(IV) Lady Isabel, daughter of Earl William de Warren and Surrey, married Roger Bigod, earl of Norfolk.

(V) Hugh, son of Roger and Lady Isabel Bigod, was the third earl of Norfolk, and died in 1225.

(VI) Ralph, third son of Hugh Bigod, married Lady Berta Furnival.

(VII) Lady Isabel, daughter of Ralph and Lady Berta (Furnival) Bigod, married (second) John Fitz-Piers Fitz-Geoffrey, lord of Birkhamstead, who was justice of Ireland in 1246.

(VIII) John Fitz-John, son of the preceding, was chief-justice of Ireland in 1258.

(IX) Lady Maud, daughter of John Fitz-John, married (first) Gerard de Furnival, (second) William, sixth Baron Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick.

(X) Guy, second Earl of Warwick, married Lady Alice, daughter of Ralph, Baron de Toni, and widow of Thomas de Layburne.

(XI) Thomas, third Earl of Warwick, was one of the original Knights of the Garter. He married Lady Catherine de Mortimer, daughter of Roger, Earl of Marche.

(XII) Thomas, fourth Earl of Warwick, Knight of the Garter, married Lady Margaret, daughter of William, third Lord Ferrers, of Groby.

(XIII) Richard, fifth Earl of Warwick, and Earl of Albemarle, was also a Knight of the Garter, and guardian of Henry VI. He married Lady Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas, twelfth Baron Berkeley.

(XIV) Lady Margaret Beauchamp, daughter of the preceding, was the second wife and widow of General Sir John, sixth Baron Talbot, created Earl of Shrewsbury. She married (second) Sir William Cavendish.

(XV) Thomas, only son of Sir William and Lady Margaret (Beauchamp) Cavendish, died in 1524. He married Alice, daughter of John Smith, of Padbroke Hall, Suffolk.

(XVI) Sir William Cavendish, Knight, was of Chaldsworth. He married (first) Lady Elizabeth, daughter of John Hardwick, of Hardwick, Derby, and widow of Richard Barley, of Barley. Among his children was: William, Earl of Devonshire, who was active in establishing the colonies in America, particularly those in Virginia.

(XVII) Lady Frances, daughter of Sir William Cavendish, married Sir Henry Pierrepont, Knight.

(XVIII) William Pierrepont.

(XIX) James, son of William Pierrepont, was of London, England, died at Ipswich, Massachusetts. He married Margaret ———, and had children: 1. Hon. John, see forward. 2. Robert, married Sarah, daughter of Thomas Lynde. 3. Mary. 4. Anne. 5. Martha, married Rev. William Eaton, of county Dorset.

(XX) Hon. John Pierpont (as the name was now spelled), son of James and Margaret Pierrepont, was born in London, England, in 1619, died at Roxbury, Massachusetts, December 7, 1682. He settled near Boston in 1640. He married Thankful Stowe.

(XXI) Rev. James Pierpont, son of Hon. John and Thankful (Stowe) Pierpont, was born in 1660, died in 1714. He was of New Haven, Connecticut, and was one of the founders of Yale College. He married (first) ———; (second) Sarah, daughter of Rev. Joseph Hayne, minister of Hartford, who died May 14, 1672. He married (third) Mary Hooker, granddaughter of Rev. Thomas Hooker.

(XXII) Abigail, daughter of Rev. James and Sarah (Haynes) Pierpont, married, November 6, 1746, Rev. Joseph Noyes, born in 1688, died in 1761.

(XXIII) Sarah, daughter of Rev. Joseph and Abigail (Pierpont) Noyes, married Hon. John Chester (see Chester VII).

The Barker family of Troy, BARKER New York, is of English ancestry, the present being the third generation in the United States on the paternal side. The maternal lines they trace back to the landing of the Pilgrims and the "Mayflower." Their line connects with several of the oldest New England families—the Molines, Aldens, Daytons, Gallups, Averys and others. The English line is traced three generations in England to the first authentic date and record.

(I) Francis Barker, of Halthaw, Yorkshire, England, married, March 11, 1777, Elizabeth Fieldhouse, after the banns had been duly published by the rector of the parish church, Rev. J. Stittingfleet, on the four preceding Sabbaths.

(II) Francis (2), son of Francis (1) and Elizabeth (Fieldhouse) Barker, was born at Halthaw, England, January 21, 1778, died at Scalter, Lincolnshire, England, August 9, 1842. He was a gamekeeper on the estate of the Earl of Yarborough. His wife kept a small store in the village. He married Rebecca Whitlow, born in Lincolnshire, England, June 19, 1788, died August 5, 1844. Children: Francis, Rebecca, William, Elizabeth, Thomas and Mary.

(III) Thomas, son of Francis (2) and Rebecca (Whitlow) Barker, was born at Scalter, Lincolnshire, England, April 3, 1819, died at Watervliet, Albany county, New York, December 22, 1900. He was a blacksmith by trade. He emigrated to the United States in 1848 and settled at West Troy, New York (now city of Watervliet), where he lived and worked at his trade. He was a devout follower of John Wesley, and was an exhorter or local preacher. He was an original member of the Troy Praying Band, and for some time the leader. This was a church organization of note in Troy in that day. During the civil war he served on the Christian Commission and rendered such service as he was able. He married, at Martin, Gainsboro, Lincolnshire, England, October 2, 1841, Eliza Cook, born in that shire, September 11, 1819, died at Watervliet, New York. She was a milliner by trade and kept a shop in West Troy. She was a devoted Methodist, and was noted in the church for her sweet singing at the revival meetings and other services. Children: Twin daughters, died at birth; John, died in infancy; William (see forward).

(IV) William, only child to survive infancy of Thomas and Eliza (Cook) Barker, was born in Brigg, Lincolnshire, England, October 4, 1844. He was brought to the United States in 1848 by his parents, and in West Troy, New York, was educated and taught the blacksmith's trade by his father. In August, 1862, he enlisted as a private in Company H, One Hundred and Thirtieth New York Volunteer Infantry, afterward New York Heavy Artillery, again an infantry regiment, nicknamed "Hancock's Cavalry." He was mustered in August, 1862, promoted corporal, June 6, 1863, promoted sergeant, December 14, 1863, mustered out June 16, 1865, at the close of the war, at Fort Federal Hill, Baltimore, Maryland. He saw hard service

with the Army of the Potomac, and engaged in many of the hard-fought battles which made that army famous. After the war, being still a young man, hardly out of his teens, he served an apprenticeship at collar cutting, and worked at that with several firms, finally becoming manager for Douglass Corning. This was the forerunner of several partnership agreements, D. Corning & Company, Corning & Barker, and on the death of Mr. Corning, Mr. Barker assumed the business under his own name and so continued until 1899. In that year, desiring to admit his son and some others to an interest in the business, a corporation was formed called the William Barker Company, of which he was the first president and so continues (1910). The company manufactures the Barker brand of collars and cuffs; their plant is located at Watervliet, New York. Mr. Barker has other business interests and connections. He is director of the Union National Bank, Troy, and of the National Bank of Watervliet, New York. He was a director of the Round Lake Camp Meeting Association, and of the American Bank and Trust Company, of Pasadena, California, as well as having an interest in other corporations in which he held no official connection. Although he has retired from the more arduous labors of business, he remains at the head of William Barker Company and retains all the interest of his younger days. He is a Republican in political sympathy, but never took active part in public affairs. He is a member of many of Troy's social and out-of-doors clubs, namely: The Troy, Colonial, Island Golf, Round Lake Golf and others.

He married, at West Troy, Albany county, New York, June 23, 1868, Mary Emeline Dayton, born in West Troy, December 15, 1844, daughter of Nathan Cray and Margaret (MacGillway) Dayton (see "Mayflower" line forward). The family residences have been at West Troy, Troy, Round Lake, New York, and Pasadena, California. The latter residence is used a great deal by Mrs. Barker, who finds in that genial climate relief from bodily ailments that afflict her. Children: 1. Edwin Dayton, died at age of nine years. 2. William, see forward. 3. Frank Halliday, died aged five years. 4. Charles Moore, died aged three years. 5. Douglass Corning, died in infancy. 6. Irving Haynes, born at West Troy, May 31, 1882. 7. Mary Dayton, born March 23, 1886. Four sons died in December, 1879, two on one day, during an epidemic of scarlet fever.

(V) William (2), son of William (1) and Mary E. (Dayton) Barker, was born in West



W. Barker

Troy, Albany county, New York, August 1, 1873. He escaped the epidemic that carried off four of the brothers. He was an attendant at the private school of Miss Harris; later at Troy Academy and Albany Academy. He left school at the holiday recess, 1889, to go to work, starting as an apprentice in the cutting room of his father's factory the first Monday in January, 1890. He rose through successive grades to be a member of the William Barker Company. He is a member of the Troy Citizens Corps, Pafraet Dael Club, Colonial Club, Chamber of Commerce, Albany Academy Alumni Association, Island Golf Club, Lametide Fish and Game Club, Beck Literary Society, and others. He is secretary of the Society Sons of the Revolution, and greatly interested in the compiling and preservation of family records and genealogies. It is from his perfectly kept and arranged records that the material for this family line is obtained. He married, October 12, 1899, Florence Herring, born in Harrington Park, Bergen county, New Jersey, and educated at the Englewood and Paterson, New Jersey, high schools. Child: William, born in Troy, New York, March 25, 1908. Mr. Barker resides in Troy, New York.

("Mayflower" line of Mary E. Dayton, wife of William Barker).

The Dayton family of England can be traced to Robert de Deighton, and the year 1305. In America the family begins with Ralph Dayton and the year 1636. He was born in St. Martin-in-the-Fields, London, England, 1598; married there Agnes, daughter of Henry Pool, and by her had two sons, Robert and Samuel. After the death of his wife he emigrated to New England (Boston), where he arrived in 1636. In 1639 he was of New Haven, Connecticut, where he is mentioned at length in the early records, church and town. He was one of the original settlers at Easthampton, Long Island, where his deed to land is the earliest on record except perhaps the Indian deed. He was constable and a man of importance. He married (second) in New Haven it is believed, Dorothy Brewster, by whom he had a son, Brewster Dayton. He married (third) Mary, widow of John Haynes, in June, 1656. He died at Easthampton in 1658.

(II) Robert, eldest son of Ralph and his first wife, Agnes (Pool) Dayton, was born in London, England, in 1630, died at Easthampton, Long Island, April 16, 1712. He married, 1652, Elizabeth, daughter of John (2) and granddaughter of John (1) and Annie Woodruff, the first settlers. Children: Elizabeth, Samuel (see forward), Beriah.

(III) Samuel, eldest son of Robert and Elizabeth (Woodruff) Dayton, was born in Easthampton, Long Island, in 1665, died there January 30, 1746. He married Dorothy — — —, who died March 22, 1750, aged eighty-six years. Children: Robert, Daniel, Joanna, Nathan, Jonathan, Samuel and Elizabeth.

(IV) Nathan, son of Samuel and Dorothy Dayton, was born at Easthampton, Long Island, 1702, died there October 3, 1763. He married, November 11, 1725, Amy Stratton, born 1698, died September 25, 1749. Children: Samuel, Nathan, Nathan, Amy, Elizabeth, Abraham, Joana, Abraham, Jonathan.

(V) Captain Nathan (2), son of Nathan (1) and Amy (Stratton) Dayton, was baptized at Easthampton, Long Island, 1728, died there 1773. He married, January 27, 1751, Phebe Mulford. Children: Nathan, Jonathan, Samuel, Elizabeth, Mary, Abraham, Elias, Joana, Amy and Phoebe.

(VI) Nathan (3), son of Nathan (2) and Phoebe (Mulford) Dayton, was born at Easthampton, Long Island, about 1754, died in Rensselaerville, Albany county, New York, October 26, 1842. He left Long Island about 1800 and settled in Albany county, where he died. He served in the revolutionary war, enlisting in March or April, 1776, as private in Captain John Davis's company, Colonel Henry B. Livingston's regiment, New York militia, served nine months. He drew a revolutionary pension, and the papers, still preserved, show his service. He was a farmer of Albany county, New York.

Nathan Dayton married Mehitable Hutchinson, and they were the parents of twelve children. He married (second) Ruth, widow of Nathan Cray, of Mystic, Connecticut. Children: Nathan, Abraham, Hannah, Phoebe, Elias, Maria, Henry, Lewis M., Helen, Samuel H., Eliza C.

(VII) Samuel H., son of Nathan (3) and Mehitable (Hutchinson) Dayton, was born in Easthampton, Long Island, where he was baptized 1790; he died in Troy, New York, July, 1864. He was a farmer of Albany county; later removed to near Troy, Rensselaer county, New York, where he died. He served in the war of 1812. He married, in 1812, Sarah Searles Cray, born in Groton, Connecticut, May 25, 1793, died in Troy, New York, March 6, 1846, daughter of Nathan and Ruth (Searles) Cray. Her widowed mother became the second wife of Nathan Dayton. Children of Samuel H. and Sarah S. (Cray) Dayton: Harriet, Nathan C., Clarice, Emma P., Edwin C., Jesse C., George C., Helen, Eliza C., Mary A. It is through

the Searles marriage that the line of descent to the "Mayflower" is traced.

(VIII) Nathan Crary, son of Samuel H. and Sarah S. (Crary) Dayton, was born in Rensselaerville, Albany county, New York, April 2, 1816, died at West Troy, same county, December 21, 1859. He was a farmer. He married, March, 1841, Margaret MacGilvray, born in Troy, New York, July 24, 1826, died in West Troy, February 11, 1878. Children: Mary Emmeline, Delia Searles, Emma Jane.

(IX) Mary Emmeline, daughter of Nathan Crary and Margaret (MacGilvray) Dayton, was born December 15, 1844. She married William Barker (see Barker IV).

(The Crary Line).

(I) The American ancestor was Peter Crary, born in Scotland, about 1640; settled at New London, Connecticut, 1663; married Christobel, daughter of John and Hannah (Lake) Gallup, and granddaughter of John and Christobel Gallup, of Massachusetts.

(II) Peter (2), son of Peter (1) and Christobel (Gallup) Crary, was born in Stonington, Connecticut, April 30, 1682; married, January 11, 1709-10, Ann Culver.

(III) Nathan, son of Peter (2) and Ann (Culver) Crary, was born in Groton, Connecticut, October 7, 1717. He was a soldier of the revolution. He was in Captain Cady's company, Colonel Chapman's regiment, August 2, 1778; discharged September 12, 1778. He married Ruth Searles (see Searles), born at Preston, Connecticut, in 1773. Children: Jesse, and Sarah Searles Crary, the latter of whom married Samuel H. Dayton (see Dayton VII).

(The Searles Line).

(I) The emigrant ancestor was Robert Searles, who died in Dorchester, Massachusetts, February 17, 1717. He married, in 1660, Deborah ———, who died March 2, 1714.

(II) Nathaniel, son of Robert and Deborah Searles, was born June 9, 1662, died 1749-50. He was of Little Compton, Rhode Island, about 1696, where he was the first school teacher in the town. He married, about 1694, Sarah Rogers, born in Duxbury, Massachusetts, May 4, 1677, died January 19, 1770, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Peabodie) Rogers. (It is through the Peabodie family the line continues to the "Mayflower.") John Rogers was a son of John and Ann (Churchman) Rogers, and grandson of Thomas Rogers, a "Mayflower" passenger.

(III) Nathaniel (2), son of Nathaniel (1) and Sarah (Rogers) Searles, was born April

26, 1703, died December 8, 1781. He married, January 18, 1722, Elizabeth Kunnicut, born 1701, died December 11, 1781, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Luther) Kunnicut, and granddaughter of Roger and Joana (Stephenson) Kunnicut, who were married November, 1661.

(IV) Constant, son of Nathaniel (2) and Elizabeth (Kunnicut) Searles, was born at Little Compton, Rhode Island, June 17, 1728, died July 3, 1778. He married, and in 1773 moved to the Wyoming Valley, Pennsylvania. He served in Captain Samuel Ransom's independent company during the revolution, fought at Millstone River, Round Brook, Brandywine and Germantown, under Washington; went into camp at Valley Forge and suffered to the full extent the privations of the awful winter of 1777-78. In the spring of 1778 he returned to Wyoming and perished with his son-in-law, Captain Delhi Hewitt, in the Wyoming massacre. Ruth Searles, his daughter, with her sister Sarah, escaped the massacre, and with some of their cousins, the Gallups, made their way back to Connecticut. On the day of the massacre Ruth wore a string of gold beads around her neck, which an Indian snatched from her; the string broke, and some of the beads caught in her clothing. These beads are still preserved as relics of that dreadful day. Constant Searles married, May 16, 1751, in Stonington, Connecticut, Hannah Miner, daughter of Simon and Hannah (Wheeler) Miner, of the fifth generation on the paternal side from Thomas Miner and his wife, Grace (Palmer) Miner, the latter the daughter of Walter Palmer; died 1661. On the maternal side (Wheeler) she was of the fifth generation from Thomas and Mary Wheeler, who were married 1645. Through the Wheelers she traced descent to Benadua Gallup and his wife, Hester (Prentiss) Gallup, and to Robert Park and his wife, Martha (Chapin) Park, the American progenitors of their respective families.

(V) Ruth, daughter of Constant and Hannah (Miner) Searles, was born March 1, 1765, in Preston, Connecticut. After her escape from Wyoming and return to Connecticut, she taught school. She became the wife of Nathan Crary when she was twenty-one years of age and he seventy (see Crary III). After his death she went to Knox, Albany county, New York, and there married Nathan Dayton, whose first wife was her cousin. (See Dayton VI.)

(VI) Sarah Searles, daughter of Nathan and Ruth (Searles) Crary, married Samuel H. Dayton, grandfather of Mary Emmeline (Dayton) Barker.

Elizabeth Peabodie, mother of Sarah Rogers, born April 24, 1647, died 1707, was the daughter of William Peabodie, born 1620, died December 13, 1707. He married Elizabeth Alden, born 1623-24, died May 31, 1717. Elizabeth Alden was daughter of John Alden, born 1599, died September 12, 1687; married Priscilla Molines, daughter of William Molines, died February 21, 1621, and his wife Alice. William Molines was a passenger on the "Mayflower," as was his daughter Priscilla, later wife of John Alden, immortalized by the poet Longfellow in his poem, "The Courtship of Miles Standish."

John Rogers (2), who married Elizabeth Peabodie, was a grandson of Thomas Rogers, who was the eighteenth signer of the "Mayflower Compact," and died during the "first sickness."

It is through Hannah Miner, wife of Constant Searles, the Wyoming "martyr," that descent is traced from the Barkers of Troy to Christopher Avery, born 1590, died 1670, founder of the Connecticut family of Avery. The names traced in this brief genealogy in all cases lead to the first settlers in America and there are many not mentioned. The Mulfords of Southampton, Long Island; Thompsons of Roxbury, Massachusetts; Palmers of Stonington, Connecticut; Wheelers of Stonington, Connecticut; Parks of Salem, Massachusetts; Lakes, Gallups, Woodruffs, and others, were all of English ancestry, and were among the very earliest settlers in America. The lines traced from Barker to the "Mayflower" are fully authenticated and no link is missing to complete the record from William Barker (2) to Thomas Rogers and John Alden and Priscilla Molines. Volumes could have been written concerning the pioneers of these families in settling early towns, in Massachusetts and Connecticut, of their prowess as Indian fighters in King Philip's war, the French and Indian wars, the revolution, the war of 1812, the Mexican war and the great civil war; of their services in colony and state as officials; of their piety and concern for the welfare of the church; of their part in establishing new industries and carrying them forward until the fame of New England as a manufacturing center was world-wide. Men high in the professions, in public life and in business bear these names which are now to be found in every part of the United States.

Thomas Laing, the first of the

LAING line here under consideration, was born in Langholm, Scotland, about the year 1723, died in Salem, New York, August 27, 1825, aged one hundred and

two years. He came to this country when about forty years of age. The supposition is that he came with the company of Scotch under Campbell who came to Saratoga county, New York, under promises of grants which were not kept. On the voyage he met and became enamored with Agnes Miller, born in Scotland, 1747, whom he subsequently married. They settled in Saratoga county, New York. Some time later, according to tradition, they walked over to Cambridge, Washington county, a distance of eighteen miles, in order to be married by a Scotch preacher, located at that place in the wilderness. They later removed to Hebron, Washington county, where he purchased land and became a farmer. They later settled in Saratoga county, where they reared a family of eight children. 1. John, moved into the wilds of Canada after the last war with England and was not heard from again. 2. Thomas, accompanied his brother to Canada, was not heard from again. 3. Jennette, born about 1777, died in Salem, New York, June 20, 1839; married, about 1798, Ephraim Edic, born 1775, died July 6, 1838, son of James and Jane (Miller) Edic, of Glen Ross, Scotland. 4. Mary, born about 1779, died at Rouse's Point, 1870; married, 1802, Robert Irvin, born in Scotland, died in Salem, New York, 1835; they were the parents of nine children. 5. Adam, born May 15, 1780, see forward. 6. Nancy, born 1782, died in Harwich, Ontario, 1874; married, February 23, 1809, Niel McQuasie, reared a large family. 7. Margaret, born 1784, died February 23, 1864, unmarried. 8. Eleanor, born 1791, died July 10, 1877, at Edinburg, New York; married, 1808, Israel Stiles; children: Thomas and Margaret, who have left descendants.

(II) Adam, son of Thomas and Agnes (Miller) Laing, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, May 15, 1780, died in Hebron, New York, September 8, 1859. He was a farmer, owning land in Hebron, Washington county, New York. His homestead is still in the possession of his descendants. While a resident of Wilton, Saratoga county, he owned a timber lot and sawmill; he manufactured and dealt in pine lumber, rafting it down the river to Albany where he found a market for it. At the time of the non-intercourse with England there was a period of dull times, and Mr. Laing tied up his raft at Albany, still continuing to manufacture and log and raft, thinking that in the near future times would improve. When the embargo was laid and the last war with England was concluded, his debts became so pressing that he was obliged to sell his stock of

lumber, mill and lot at a sacrifice, only realizing a few hundred dollars in money and a negro boy whom he later sold to Archibald Woodard, of Hebron; he was known as Jack Woodard and died after his emancipation. Mr. Laing was a member of the state militia and was called out with a company of militia at the time of the battles on Lake Champlain and the capture of the British fleet at Ticonderoga; they were instructed to support the gunboats, but they really took no active part in the fight. He was a Presbyterian in religion, but joined the Baptist church of which his wife was a member. He married, December 26, 1805, Azuba Durham, born in Saratoga county, New York, 1785, died in Hebron, New York, January 11, 1870, daughter of Uzziel and Mary (Northup) Durham; she was a woman of unusual character and mental ability. Children: 1. Eliza, born in Wilton, Saratoga county, New York, September 8, 1806. 2. Thomas, Wilton, March 10, 1808; married Elizabeth Gould; children: Mary, Hepsibah, Azuba, George, Henry, Fayette. 3. Adam, Wilton, December 24, 1809; married Mary Jessie —; children: Alfred, Ella, Josephine; Alfred was a volunteer in civil war, holding rank of first lieutenant; after the war was a Universalist minister of Joliet, Illinois. 4. John, Hebron, February 6, 1812; married Minerva Pierce; children: Solon, Emma, Annie, Frank, De Witt. 5. Uzziel D., Hebron, March 24, 1814, see forward. 6. Mary D., Hebron, April 20, 1816; married William Sweet; children: Amanda, Josephine, Agnes. 7. Stephen D., Hebron, April 5, 1818; married Arvilla Pratt; children: Owen, Fremont, Dora, Grace, Philip, Mary, Stephen. 8. Joseph, Hebron, March 17, 1820. 9. Chauncey D., Hebron, April 3, 1822. 10. Azuba Ruhama, Hebron, December 10, 1823. 11. Josephine W., Pawlet, Vermont, January 10, 1826; married William Dennison; children: Stephen C., Elizabeth, Eliza, twin of Elizabeth, Amos Franklin.

(III) Uzziel Durham, son of Adam and Azuba (Durham) Laing, was born in North Hebron, New York, March 24, 1814; died March 20, 1895, at Granville, New York. He was educated in the schools of his home town. He owned a farm near North Hebron and was a prosperous farmer, following that line of work throughout his active years. He was a Democrat in politics, but held no office, and was noted for his integrity and mental capabilities. He married, at Granville, January 15, 1841, Jane, born March 1, 1818, died April 11, 1908, at Granville, daughter of William and Susannah (Rice) Reynolds; their ancestors came from Rhode Island and were

early settlers in Hebron and Granville. William Reynolds was son of Stephen Reynolds, who came from Providence, Rhode Island, and who married Sally Wightman. Susannah (Rice) Reynolds was a daughter of Allen and Waitie (Briggs) Rice. Children: 1. William Franklin, born June 25, 1844; see forward. 2. Azuba Delia, born March 13, 1846; educated at Ripley College, Poultney, Vermont; married Abram Temple; children: i. Edith, born November 23, 1870, educated at Vermont Academy, Saxtons River, Vermont, and at Art Students League, New York City, married Charles M. Bowen, of Brooklyn, New York; children: Dorothy Temple, born October 6, 1894, Abram Temple, August 16, 1897, Edith Marian, October 16, 1906; ii. Truman, born July 17, 1874, educated at Columbia College, New York City, married, June 22, 1905, Georgia Dyer Hulett; children: Priscilla Gray, born November 20, 1906, Abrah Richard, July 10, 1907; iii. Jennie, died young; iv. Delia, died young; v. Elizabeth, Case, born May 10, 1885, educated at Miss Wheelock's Private School, Boston, Massachusetts, married Daniel Harvey Braymer, December 26, 1908; child, Daniel Temple, born October 31, 1910. 3. Emma Louisa, born June 29, 1848; married Theodore Stevens. 4. Susannah Eliza, born September 17, 1850; married, December 27, 1870, George L. Ayres, son of Samuel and Elmira (Hatch) Ayres; he was born September 12, 1847, died March 23, 1902; children: i. Frank Laing, born January 5, 1874; married Hattie Sheldon; children: Charles, Helen, Fraser, Lillian, George Lewis, Sheldon, Edson W., Francis R., Walter Laing, Lawrence Sweet; ii. Georgianna, born December 10, 1876, married Charles Seaver; children: Azuba Ruth, born September 3, 1904; Charles William, October 20, 1908, Beatrice Louisa, December 30, 1909; iii. Azuba Mary, born November 7, 1880, married, July 3, 1906, Neal Dow Hulett; child: Merritt Lee, born June 22, 1907; iv. Uzziel Samuel, born March 12, 1889. 5. Mary Elizabeth, born September 15, 1853; educated at Oswego Normal School, Oswego, New York, afterward studying two years in German universities; late a post-graduate of Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, and University of Chicago in Psychology and Pedagogy; author of Manual for Teachers and other educational publications. 6. Minerva Abigail, born March 13, 1856; educated at Oswego Normal School, Oswego, New York, and Institute of Technology, Boston, Massachusetts; teacher of science in Hyannis Normal School. 7. Patience Jane, born July 8,

1858, died May 8, 1874. 8. Infant son, born January 15, 1862, died January 17, 1862.

(IV) William Franklin, son of Uzziel Durham and Jane (Reynolds) Laing, was born in North Hebron, New York, June 25, 1844. He attended the district schools and the North Hebron Academy, and then followed farming in North Hebron up to 1880, and in November of that year moved to Waterloo, Nebraska, where he became a dealer in real estate and a negotiator of farm loans. In December, 1896, he removed to Granville, New York, and in July, 1900, to Rochester, New York, where he is engaged in fruit culture. He and his wife are members of the Park Avenue Baptist Church of Rochester, and a Democrat in politics, but has never held public office. He married, November 24, 1886, at Granville, New York, Mary Grace Whiting, born in Hebron, New York, May 13, 1849, daughter of Edward C. and Charlotte M. (Decker) Whiting, who are the parents of six other children, namely: Gertrude, Adele H., George A., Louise B., Ernest and Jay Edward Whiting.

Thomas Harvey died in Somersetshire, England, prior to 1647. He had sons William, born about 1614, and Thomas born 1617, both of whom came to America in 1646 and settled at Dorchester, Massachusetts. Both married and founded families. Thomas settled at Taunton, Massachusetts, where he died in 1728. He married, December, 1679, Elizabeth, daughter of Deacon John Willis of Bridgewater, Massachusetts. He had eight children. From Taunton, descendants of Thomas Harvey settled in Lyme and other Connecticut towns. The first to settle in Greene county, New York, was a direct descendant of the emigrant Thomas, and by name also Thomas.

(I) Thomas Harvey was born in Taunton, Massachusetts, died in the village of Cairo, Greene county, New York. He was educated in Taunton, which was his home until middle life. He then removed to Greene county, New York. He was a jeweler and watchmaker by trade. He married Abigail Elliott, and their first three children were born in Taunton: 1. William, settled in Troy, New York; he was a river captain, and navigated the Hudson for many years; he married Mary Ann Wells, and had Margaret, who married Theodore Painter, of Watervliet, and had children—Allen of Rhode Island; William of Schenectady and Thomas of Troy. 2. Captain Asahel, of further mention. 3. Charles, settled and died at Cairo, New York. 4. Henry, deceased. 5.

Joel, settled in Albany, New York, where he died; married Rosetta Dean, and had John, and Hannah, who married (first) Wilson Worthy; (second) Barrett Cook; she died in Sharon, Connecticut.

(II) Captain Asahel Harvey, son of Thomas and Abigail (Elliott) Harvey, was born at Taunton, Massachusetts (Freetown), February 10, 1810, died at Cairo, Greene county, New York, July 14, 1879. He was a river captain, and for fifty years navigated the Hudson, owning his own boats used in freight and passenger business between river points and New York City. He was a man of sturdy integrity and was well known all along the river and among the many shippers and passengers using his lines. He married, at Athens, New York, February 13, 1837, Rhoda Rossman, born March 7, 1820, at Cairo, died May 22, 1899, at Hudson, New York. Children: 1. Adeline Elizabeth, married (first) Sylvester Coffin, January 9, 1859; he was born May 15, 1837, died April 5, 1861; children: i. Jennie, married Russell Brewer, and had Mary, who married Harry Hicks, and has Harold; Ferdinand, married Mabel Snyder. ii. Sylvester E. Coffin, born July 28, 1861, married Josephine Cotte. After being left a widow, Adeline E. (Harvey) Coffin married (second) June 17, 1868, Captain James Stratton Reynolds, born October 3, 1825, died March 16, 1900, at Hudson. He entered, April 30, 1861, Company K, 14th Regiment New York Volunteer Infantry, was promoted sergeant, May 17, 1861; commissioned second lieutenant, September 5, 1862; mustered out at Utica, New York, May 25, 1863. He re-enlisted December, 1863, and was commissioned first lieutenant of Company K, 159th Regiment New York Volunteers, was promoted captain of Company G, same regiment, commission dated February 8, 1864; was mustered out and received honorable discharge at Augusta, Georgia, October, 1865. After the war he became an engineer on the Boston & Maine railroad, remaining twenty-two years in continuous service. He had two children: i. James Stratton, marine engineer, Brooklyn, New York, married Emily Smith, and has Emily and James S., who died aged four years. ii. Beulah, married George Edward Jacquins, May 21, 1894, at Athens; he was born in Syracuse, New York, April 17, 1871, son of Reuben W. and Sarah E. (Costar) Jacquins, grandson of Chauncey, and great-grandson of John Jacquins, a revolutionary soldier. 2. Wilson I., born October 25, 1840, at Athens, New York. 3. Captain George Eugene, born November 16, 1842, at Hudson; married Mary Selby, of Athens,

New York, and has Edward Asahel, a pilot on the Delaware & Lackawanna ferry to Hoboken, New York. 4. Hiram V., born October 11, 1844, married Sarah Gifford; has Nellie, who married Frederick Hallenbeck, and has William Hiram. 5. Captain Edward Mandeville, born April 14, 1849; in the boat-ing business on the Hudson. 6. Katherine N., born August 5, 1850, died April 5, 1853. 7. Aurila, married Matin Beyer, and has Kittie and Charles M. 8. Charles S., of further mention. 9. Anna Maria, born August 5, 1858, died October, 1907, married Henry Skinner Moul. (See Moul Family.)

(III) Charles Samuel, son of Captain Asahel and Rhoda (Rossman) Harvey, was born at Hudson, New York, October 28, 1856. He was educated at Hudson Academy. He engaged at Hudson in the manufacture of tobacco, continuing until his retirement in 1905. He has given much valuable service to his city and county. In 1889 he was appointed deputy sheriff, remaining in that position six years; he was appointed postmaster of Hudson by President Cleveland during his second administration; elected mayor of Hudson in 1897, and was in office two terms. During his administration the tax rate of the city was reduced and the bonded debt of the city lowered from three hundred to one hundred thousand dollars. He was elected chairman of the Democratic city committee and still retains the city leadership of his party. He is active and influential in party councils, and holds the confidence of his colleagues. He is an attendant of the Presbyterian church, a charter member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and has an active interest in the city volunteer fire department, having been for many years an active worker with C. H. Evans Hook & Ladder Company. He married Anna Griffin, daughter of John and Nora (Grady) Griffin, both of whom were born in Ireland. John Griffin died at Stockport, New York, buried at Valturia. Norah Grady died and is buried at New Haven, Connecticut. Her mother, Catherine Grady, came to the United States and is buried at Valturia. Charles S. and Anna Harvey have: 1. Captain Asahel Griffin, born July 7, 1884, educated in the public schools of Hudson and Albany Business College. He was connected with the American Express Company, Union Mills Company of Brooklyn, and is now a bookkeeper at Firemen's Home, Hudson. He enlisted in 1901 in the New York National Guard as private, and rose through successive promotions until in 1910 he was commissioned captain of Company F, 10th Regiment of Infantry. He is

a member of the Masonic fraternity, and of C. H. Evans Hook & Ladder Company. 2. Edna May.

The Nasons were among the early settlers of New England, and all may be said to trace from either Richard, Joseph, John, or Benjamin Nason, who came from Rainsford Island, England, about the year 1648, and settled at South Bewick, Maine. They soon became numerous and could be found in the other colonies prior to the revolution. The definite history of the branch begins with

(II) Thomas Nason, of Walpole, Massachusetts, son of Willoughby Nason, of Boston, born 1691, married (second) Mary Campernell, of Ipswich, Massachusetts, and had children: By first wife, Sarah —, who died August 10, 1748: Thomas, born about 1739; Nathaniel, born 1740, married Abigail Harts-horn, of Walpole, and had fourteen children; Abigail, born March 24, 1741; Margaret, October 28, 1745. Children by second wife: Willoughby, of whom further; Mary, born December 27, 1759. Mary, the second wife of Thomas Nason, died March 3, 1769. The three sons—Thomas (2), Nathaniel and Willoughby—occupied the Elikiam farm in Walpole after the owners' flight to Boston in 1775, and they were all engaged in the revolutionary army in 1776-77.

(III) Willoughby, son of Thomas and Mary (Campernell) Nason, was born in Walpole, Massachusetts, February 21, 1750, died April 9, 1838. He was a soldier of the revolution, as the following copies from Massachusetts Records attest.

Willoughby Nason; Appears with rank of private on Lexington Alarm Roll of Captain Sabin Man's company, Col. Creaton's Regt., which marched on the alarm of April 19, 1775, from Walpole. Town to which soldier belonged, Walpole. Length of service, 12 days. (Vol. 13: 5.)

Willoughby Nason; Appears with rank of private on muster and pay roll of Capt. Aaron Guild's Co., Col. Lemuel Robson's Regt., in service at Dorchester Heights. Time of enlistment, January 27, 1776. Town to which soldier belonged, Walpole. (Vol. 19: 152½.)

Willoughby Nason; Appears with rank of private on muster and pay roll of Captain David Henshaw's (10th) Company, Colonel Craft's (Artillery) Regiment Service from November 24, 1776, to February 1, 1777. Time of service, 2 months, 6 days. (Vol. 38: 73.)

Willoughby Nason; Appears with rank of Bombardier on muster and pay roll of Captain David Henshaw's (10th) Company, Colonel Thomas Craft's Artillery Regiment. Service from February 1, 1777, to May 8, 1777. Time of service, 3 months, 7 days. Town to which soldier belonged, Walpole. (Vol. 38: 74.)

I certify the foregoing to be true abstracts from

the Record Index to the Revolutionary War Archives deposited in this office.

(Signed) WILLIAM M. OLBIN, Sec.
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

He married, July 8, 1772, Mary Borden, of Walpole, born November 18, 1753, died May 23, 1844.

(IV) Jesse, son of Willoughby and Mary (Borden) Nason, was born February 27, 1770, died May 24, 1845. He married and had issue.

(V) George Warren, son of Jesse Nason.

(VI) William Emmons, son of George Warren Nason.

(VII) Williard Hohman, son of William Emmons Nason, was born in Massachusetts, June 26, 1857. He prepared for the practice of law and was admitted to the bar at Franklin, Massachusetts, in 1880. In 1881 he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he has since been engaged in the practice of his profession. He was formerly a Congregationalist, but is now a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. In politics he is a Republican. He married Clara Louise Warren.

(VIII) Adelbert Warren, son of William H. and Clara Louise (Warren) Nason, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 7, 1884. He was graduated at Harvard University, A. B., class of 1905. He is a broker, dealing in stocks and bonds. He is a member of the Sons of the Revolution. He married Elizabeth M. Sitson.

Nicholas Rousseau, the first

ROUSSEAU of the line here under consideration of whom we have knowledge, emigrated to this country from France and landed at Baltimore, Maryland, from whence he removed to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and became a dealer in dry goods. He died in the year 1798. He was the father of seven sons, four of whom came to this country, namely: Achille, John, Peter and Alexander. Achille became a farmer and resided in Butternuts, near Auburn, New York. John and Peter went to Montreal. Intercourse between the brothers soon ceased, and little or nothing is known of their descendants.

(II) Alexander, the other son of Nicholas Rousseau to come to this country, was born in Bordeaux, France, May 7, 1766, died in Troy, New York, March 2, 1812. He left his native land for this country and landed at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1787. About four years later he made his way up the Hudson river as far as Troy, which was then beginning to shape itself for a village, and was greatly pleased with the place and the pros-

pect for its future growth. There he made the acquaintance of Mary Frear, who was born June 12, 1772, and she became his wife in 1793. She died in Troy, New York, May 16, 1847. Children: Achille J., born February 3, 1796 (see forward); John, born February 2, 1799; Henry, November 12, 1801; Lewis, September 24, 1804; Alexander, July 24, 1806; Benjamin, March 3, 1810; John, died when thirteen months old.

(III) Achille J., son of Alexander Rousseau, was born February 3, 1796, died March 26, 1858. He was a well-known business man of Troy, New York. On March 5, 1822, he was admitted a partner in the firm of Esaias Warren & Company, continuing after the dissolution of that firm, March 1, 1827, as the senior partner of Rousseau, Richards & Company, successors. He was married by the Rev. William Butler, of Troy, New York, January 1, 1823, to Esther Hayden Richards. Children: 1. Mary Catharine, born November 14, 1824; married, May 14, 1846, Henry King. 2. Sarah Elizabeth, born September 1, 1826; married, May 1, 1849, Robert Ludington. 3. Margaret Esther, born June 30, 1828. 4. Lewis Alexander, born November 17, 1832; married, 1867, Mary Fellows. 5. Achille John, born November 18, 1833; married, June 16, 1858, Emma L. Whipple (children: Hannah Elizabeth, born July 24, 1864, Whipple Hayden, born April 20, 1870); Helen Frances, born September 8, 1836; William White (see forward).

(IV) William White, son of Achille J. Rousseau, was born in Troy, New York, September 15, 1838, died in that city January 18, 1897. He was educated in the city schools and for two years was a student at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. He engaged in the insurance and real-estate business in Troy and represented for over twenty-five years a prominent New York brokerage house. He was for many years closely identified in the management of the estate of N. B. Warren & Brothers, later heirs of N. B. Warren, and the estate of George Henry Warren. He was a capable business man, and large interests were committed to his care with the utmost security. In 1862 he enlisted in the United States navy and served until the close of the civil war. He was prominent in musical circles, and the composer of a large amount of sacred music, the greater part of it in use in the services of the Episcopal church. Rev. Dr. John Ireland Tucker, rector of the Church of the Holy Cross, founded by Mary Bouton Warren, widow of Nathan Warren (see Warren family), and Mr. Rousseau collaborated in the composition of Episcopal hymnals that

are extensively used throughout the United States. These works were "Parish Hymnals," "The Church Hymnal" and "Hymnals for Sunday Schools." Mr. Rousseau also published (alone) "The Twenty Selections," set to Gregorian tunes, and "The Service Book." He was organist of the Church of the Holy Cross for thirty years, and with Dr. Tucker was instrumental in furthering the introduction of choral music as part of the church service, one of the objects which induced Mrs. Warren to establish the church. The experiment met with a large amount of opposition, but is now firmly established in all Episcopal churches. Mr. Rousseau was a member of the Masonic order, and for many years served as organist of Mt. Zion and Apollo lodges of that order. His political preference was for the Republican party, but he took no active part in political affairs. He was a member and past commander of Griswold Post, No. 338, Grand Army of the Republic.

Mr. Rousseau married, in Troy, October, 1868, Jeanette, daughter of John T. and Martha (Laselle) Parker. Children:

1. Harry Harwood, born in Troy, New York, April 19, 1870; educated in the public schools, graduated from the high school in 1887, entered Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, where he was graduated civil engineer, class of 1891. He spent a year in Albany, New York, then took the position of engineer of structural ironwork for the Brooklyn Elevated Railroad Company. Until 1898 he was designing engineer for the Pittsburg Bridge Company. In that year he became a member of the engineer corps of the United States navy, engaged in the construction of buildings, dry docks and similar work. His success in designing a method for deepening and maintaining the channel leading to Mare Island navy yard brought him increased reputation and preferment. In 1906 he was made chief of the bureau of yards and docks, United States navy, with the rank of rear-admiral. In the same year he was appointed a member of the Panama Canal Commission as civil engineer of the commission representing the navy. He is now (1911) stationed at Culebra. He stands very high in the engineering world. He is a member of the Rensselaer Society of Engineers, the American Society of Civil Engineers, Sigma Xi, an honorary society of technical schools, and other prominent societies of his profession. He married, in Panama, April, 1908, Gladys, daughter of Hon. Herbert Squiers, United States minister to Panama.

2. William White, Jr., born in Troy, New

York, April 18, 1873; educated in public schools and Troy Academy, graduated from the high school, 1891, entered Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, where he was graduated civil engineer, class of 1895. For a year he was engaged with the Delaware & Hudson River railroad as engineer of construction work on the Susquehanna division. Then he was engaged in dyke construction at Corning, New York, for one year, and in 1897 returned to Troy. After the death of his father, he succeeded him in the management of the George Henry Warren and Nathan B. Warren estates. His professional career is continued as assistant professor of geodesy and railroad engineering at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute (1911), and as superintendent of construction of the Troy Water Works, to which position he was appointed in 1907 by the mayor of the city. He is a member of the real estate and insurance firm of Breese & Rousseau of Troy. He is an active Republican, and a member of the Republican Club, also a member of Mt. Zion Lodge, F. and A. M., No. 311, Troy, New York. He is a member of the Church of the Holy Cross, and is organist and choir master, succeeding his father. The choir is largely composed of girls from the "Mary Warren Free Institute," a school founded and endowed by Mary Warren, founder and donor of the church. He is an associate member of the American Society of Civil Engineers; a member of the Society of Engineers of Eastern New York, also of the Rensselaer Society of Engineers, the Sigma Xi and the Tau Beta Pi societies, the latter two being honorary societies in technical colleges.

He married, in Troy, June 5, 1901, Frances, daughter of William D. Hardy, born in Canada, now a retired merchant of Troy, and Ruth (Horton) Hardy. Children: Carolyn Hardy, born December 31, 1904; Parker Horton, April 8, 1908.

Martin Ingham Townsend,
TOWNSEND son of Nathaniel and Cynthia (Marsh) Townsend, was born in Hancock, Massachusetts, February 6, 1810, died in Troy, New York, March 8, 1903. At the age of six years he removed with his parents to Williamstown, Massachusetts, where he was reared on a farm and received a practical education in the common schools, which was supplemented by attendance at Williams College, from which he was graduated with degrees of A. B., 1833, A. M., 1836. He was admitted to the New York bar, May 13, 1836, and commenced the practice of his profession in Troy, where for many



Martin Anglim Townsend, LL. D.

years he was associated in partnership with his brother, Randolph Wanton Townsend (A. B., Williams, 1836, A. M., 1839), which was both successful and remunerative. He was employed by the United States government to attend and report upon the trial of Cadet Whittaker in New York City, which continued for two years, and which resulted in Whittaker's acquittal. He also acted for defense in the noted cases of Henrietta Robinson, Andrus Hall, Whitbeck and George E. Gordon. He retired from practice in 1901. Martin I. Townsend received the honorary degree of LL. D. from his alma mater in 1866, and was a regent of the University of the State of New York, 1873-1903, a period of thirty years. He served as district attorney of Rensselaer county, New York, 1842-45; was a delegate from the state-at-large to the constitutional convention, 1867-68; a Republican representative from New York in the forty-fourth and forty-fifth congresses, 1875-79; United States district attorney for the northern district of New York, 1879-87, and a member of the constitutional commission of 1890, by appointment from Governor Hill. Until 1848 Mr. Townsend was an adherent of the principles of Democracy, but, influenced by the proceedings of the Democratic national convention of that year at Buffalo, he became a strenuous opponent of the resolutions then passed upon slavery, and his home in Troy was raided on July 15, 1863, by an anti-draft mob.

Mr. Townsend married, in 1836, Louisa B. Kellog, of Williamstown, Massachusetts, who died in 1890. Their daughter married Professor H. B. Nason of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, New York.

This family settled in

VAN BROCKLIN the Mohawk Valley at a date prior to the

revolution. The records of "New York Soldiers in the Revolution" show many of the family to have been engaged in the struggle for independence. One of the number, Nicholas, an enlisted member of Captain Jillis Fonda's company of "Associated Exempts" was taken prisoner by the Indians and Tories, taken into the wilderness and was never heard of again. The region in which the family settled was the theatre of the operations of Brant and the Johnsons and the cruel, remorseless Tories and Indians were only held in check by the determined bravery of the Mohawk settlers and patriots. The Van Brocklin family in the Mohawk Valley was founded by two brothers one of whom was Gilbert. There were four brothers that came

from Holland about the year 1730 with their sister Barbara. They were Gilbert, Malachi, Nicholas and Harpet. Two of the brothers never married and from the other two have sprung probably all the Van Brocklins of New York state.

(I) Gilbert Van Brocklin, immigrant ancestor, came from Holland to America in 1730 and settled in what is now Montgomery county, New York. He married and had issue.

(II) Gilbert (2), son of Gilbert (1) Van Brocklin, was born in 1768, died April 15, 1849. He was a farmer of Montgomery county, a Whig, and a member of the Lutheran church. He married Jemima —, born 1783, died February 3, 1849. Children: 1. Hannah, born 1806, died 1870; married Michael Stotter, born 1803, died 1880. 2. Matthias, of whom further. 3. John G., died May 9, 1852, aged thirty-four years; his son John enlisted in the One Hundred and Fifteenth Regiment, New York Volunteers, at the age of sixteen years, and was the first man killed in that regiment; he was orderly for Colonel Sammons and was instantly killed by a shell while in the performance of duty. 4. Margaret, died unmarried at the age of sixty-seven years.

(III) Matthias, eldest son of Gilbert (2) and Jemima Van Brocklin, was born in the town of Johnstown, then Tryon, now Fulton county, New York, January 1, 1813, at the locality known as Albany Bush, died at Amsterdam, New York, August 28, 1889, and is buried in the family plot in Green Hill cemetery. He learned the carpenter's trade at which he worked for several years. In 1868 he began the manufacture of stockings in Amsterdam, meeting with such success that in 1872 he enlarged his plant, added underwear to his line of manufacture, and admitted his son William to the firm. In 1873 Matthias withdrew as an active partner and formed a company called the American Hosiery Mills Company, which continued until September, 1876. At that time their mills were destroyed by fire and were never rebuilt. He was a strong Republican, and served as president of the Amsterdam village corporation the last year prior to its becoming a city. He was an active member and in the early years the chief supporter of the West Amsterdam Lutheran Church. He married, at Albany Bush, December 27, 1836, Charlotte Stoller, born June 3, 1815, at Albany Bush, twelfth of the thirteen children of Michael and Magdalene Stoller. Michael Stoller died May 9, 1853, aged eighty-one years. Magdalene died December 21, 1859, aged eighty-four years. Charlotte

(Stoller) Van Brocklin is a resident of Amsterdam, New York, retaining to a remarkable degree her mental and physical activity, although in her ninety-sixth year. She is a lifelong member of the Lutheran church. Children: 1. William Shields, of whom further. 2. John, born February 20, 1842; married Louise Revies, June 15, 1864; resides with mother in Amsterdam; has a daughter Clara, who married — Wenans, of Rochester. 3. James, born July 6, 1844, died November 11, 1909; married, October 20, 1868, Katherine Simpson, who survives him; children: Susan and Mrs. E. Watson Gardner. 4. Eli, born November 3, 1846; a glove and mitten manufacturer of Northville, Fulton county, New York, since 1898; previously a knit goods manufacturer from 1872; he is a Presbyterian although reared in the Lutheran church, and a Republican; he served as village trustee for two terms, and since 1901 has been trustee of the board of education, having held the same office when residing in Amsterdam; he married, April 14, 1869, Mary C. Mosher, born May 13, 1851; children: Matthias, born January 6, 1871; Lottie, born November 14, 1873, married D. Newton, of Gloversville; Charles Gilbert, born 1878.

(IV) William Shields, eldest son of Matthias and Charlotte (Stoller) Van Brocklin, was born in Amsterdam, New York, December 5, 1839, died October 15, 1908. When twelve years of age he went to New York City, where he obtained a position as messenger boy in a bank. He was a lad of industry and good habits, and was able to command promotion and salary. For six years after leaving New York, he was connected with a lumber company in Troy, New York. Leaving Troy he became interested with his father in the manufacture of stockings and for twelve years was a manufacturer in Catskill, New York. Later, in Amsterdam, he was of Van Brocklin, Stover & Company, manufacturers of knit goods, a successful enterprise in which he was engaged until his death. He was a director of the First National Bank of America and held the same position in the Johnstown Bank. He was interested in many enterprises of his town, where he was held in high esteem. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he served as trustee. Mr. Van Brocklin married, in Amsterdam, May 7, 1862, Margaret Kline, born in the same city, June 23, 1840 (see Kline IV). Children: 1. Harry D., born July 1, 1876, died at the age of two years. 2. Frank V., July 29, 1880; was educated in the common and high schools of Amsterdam and Ithaca, New York; succeeded

at his father's death to the management of his large business interests and has proved a worthy successor.

(The Kline Line).

The question of the nationality of the Kline immigrant is not one that has yet been settled to the unanimous satisfaction of his descendants. But either Germany or Holland is believed to have been his native country. The best proof we have at hand that he was from Holland is the fact that in his will he provided that his large "Dutch Bible" should go to a certain son. As he referred to the Bible as being "Dutch" it forms a strong presumption that he was a Hollander. This will was made only a few years before his death. William Kline, the emigrant ancestor above referred to, was born in 1736, died 1814. He emigrated to America when a young man, and located in New York City where for a time he followed his trade of journeyman baker, but in a few years established a business of his own in the same line. He was in the baking business in New York at the time of his marriage and for a few years thereafter, when he sold out and with his young wife settled in Montgomery county on land he purchased in what is now Amsterdam township, village of Aiken. Here he and his wife thereafter lived and died. This was after the revolutionary war. On the New York rolls of enlisted men in the revolution is the name of William Kline. As these rolls were printed from old and imperfect lists and spelling was often a matter of choice with the writer, it establishes as a fact beyond a doubt the tradition of the family that William served in the revolutionary war. (See New York in the Revolution, p. 69.) While conducting his bakery in New York, William Kline became acquainted with and married Mary O'Reagen, born in Ireland in 1740, died in Montgomery county, New York, August 28, 1827. Children: 1. James. 2. Adam. 3. William, born in 1775, died April 1, 1861; married and had issue; his home was in Amsterdam. 4. John, born 1777, died December 1, 1885; he married and had issue; he is buried at Tribes Hill. 5. Joseph. 6. George, see forward.

(II) George, youngest son of William and Mary (O'Reagen) Kline, was born May 23, 1783, died September 29, 1857. He was a farmer at Aiken, Montgomery county, New York, where he died and is buried in the family plot. He and his family were members of the Lutheran church. He married, in 1803, Sarah Van Nest, born September 21, 1785, died December 22, 1851, daughter of Henry Van Nest, born October, 1757, died June, 1832,

and Mary (Ten Eyck) Van Nest, born November 7, 1765, died March 2, 1832. Children of George and Sarah (Van Nest) Kline: 1. Maria, born January 23, 1804, died August 28, 1884. 2. Hannah, December 13, 1805, died December 3, 1857. 3. Jane, February 3, 1809, died January 27, 1893. 4. William, April 22, 1811, died February 14, 1841. 5. Henry V., of whom further. 6. Charity, June 8, 1815, died March 16, 1883; married, May 31, 1843, Joseph Clark May, born May 17, 1815, died January 3, 1893. 7. Catherine, March 6, 1818, died May 21, 1897. 8. John, March 8, 1820, died December 20, 1828. 9. Sarah Jane, August 25, 1825, died August 1, 1859.

(III) Henry V., son of George and Sarah (Van Nest) Kline, was born March 17, 1813, died December 3, 1879. He married, in Amsterdam, Maria, born May 17, 1814, died January 7, 1849, daughter of Frederick and Hannah (Lingenfelter) Moore, both of whom lived and died in Amsterdam township. Children: 1. Margaret, of whom further: 2. George, born February 3, 1842; a veteran of the civil war; resides near Aiken, New York. 3. Sarah, wife of Stephen Quilhot, a manufacturer of Amsterdam. By a later marriage to a sister of his first wife, Mr. Kline had a son, John M., now deceased.

(IV) Margaret, eldest child of Henry V. and Maria (Moore) Kline, was born in Amsterdam, June 23, 1840. She was educated in her native town, and after her marriage to William S. Van Brocklin (see Van Brocklin IV) was of material assistance to him in the development and management of his business. She was an unusually capable business woman and a devoted wife and mother. She is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and though nearing her three score and ten years is very much interested in the affairs and happenings of the present. She and her son, Frank V., reside in Amsterdam, New York.

John Milliman, of Kingston,

MILLIMAN Rhode Island, died in that city in 1739. He married

Anna Bryant, who died in 1741, leaving three children: 1. John, see forward. 2. Anna, born 1738; married Rev. William Bentley, a minister of the Baptist church. 3. Bryant, born 1740, died 1829; married Elizabeth Mitchell, and settled in Genesee, Livingston county, New York; later removed to North Hoosick. He was a soldier of the revolution.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Anna (Bryant) Milliman, was born in Kingston, Rhode Island, March 13, 1736, died February

12, 1810. He was a farmer and a large land owner, owning eight parcels of land, including the "State Line House," which enjoyed the unique distinction of resting on corner stones erected in two states, three counties and four towns, and was surrounded by six hundred acres of land. This property for which he paid eight thousand dollars at that early day was bought from Captain Matthews, who is supposed to have built the house. John Milliman later settled near Wattoomsac, Rensselaer county, New York. He was a private of the Albany county militia, Fourteenth Regiment (Land Bounty Rights) (see "New York in the Revolution," p. 235). His son John, Jr., served in the Fourteenth Regiment, Albany county militia (see "New York in the Revolution," p. 127). He was a man of great influence in his community and of high character. He married Anna Fowler, born January 20, 1740, died March 26, 1819. They were the parents of a large family.

(III) Captain Samuel Milliman, son of John (2) and Anna (Fowler) Milliman, was born near Wattoomsac, Rensselaer county, New York, in 1770, died January 16, 1863. He was a wealthy and influential citizen, very prominent in a quiet way, and like his father and his son Nathaniel a courtly gentleman of "ye olden style." He was commissioned captain of horse by the governor of New York, March 22, 1797, holding this position until 1809, when he resigned. He married Sarah Niles, born May 17, 1775, died March 30, 1830, a descendant of John Niles, of Braintree, Massachusetts, 1639.

(IV) Nathaniel, son of Captain Samuel and Sarah (Niles) Milliman, was born on the homestead farm near Wattoomsac, November 11, 1793, died February 18, 1872, at Cold Spring, near Baldwinsville, New York. He settled at Baldwinsville with his brother Samuel, who at this time sold the "State Line House," previously mentioned. He made the trip on horseback, with saddlebags filled with gold, and it is supposed that the brothers were accompanied by a Mr. Baldwin. On settling at Baldwinsville he purchased property, and at once assumed a leading part in town affairs. He was justice of the peace, and was executor for many estates. He was much loved in the community, and highly respected. He married, April 6, 1813, Desire Clark, born February 26, 1794, died January 14, 1863, daughter of an old Hoosick Falls family. They had issue.

(V) Myron Clark, son of "Squire" Nathaniel and Desire (Clark) Milliman, was born at Baldwinsville, New York, April 12, 1829, died March 8, 1905. He became a pros-

perous farmer, and inherited the courtly manners and kindly heart of his ancestors. He married, August 15, 1847, at Baldwinsville, Luania E. Tucker, born in that town, May 2, 1830, and now living at Syracuse, New York.

(VI) Nathaniel Niles, son of Myron Clark and Luania E. (Tucker) Milliman, was born in Baldwinsville, New York, December 28, 1850, and is now living practically a retired life at Valley Falls, New York. He was educated at a private boarding school at Fulton, New York, and most of his life followed farming, in which he was deeply interested. In 1906 he was appointed postmaster at Valley Falls, and is still in office (1910). In 1888 he removed to Troy, where he engaged in mercantile life for about ten years, and then returned to Valley Falls, New York. He is a Republican in politics, and attends Bethel Church. He married, April 7, 1874, Mary Agnes Pierson, at Baldwinsville, her native town, and place of death. Children: 1. Myron Clark, see forward. 2. Roetta, married Albert Acker, a traveling salesman of Valley Falls, New York. 3. Louis Niles, born in Baldwinsville; now an architect of Troy, New York. 4. Mary Park, married Irving Freeman, of Troy; child, Eleanor.

(VII) Myron Clark (2), son of Nathaniel Niles and Mary Agnes (Pierson) Milliman, was born in Baldwinsville, New York, January 11, 1875. He was educated in the public schools of Troy, and later took the high school course under an instructor. He early became associated with the firm of Hall, Hartwell & Company, of Troy, New York, manufacturers of shirts, collars and cuffs, and has always been connected with that firm until the present date (1910). He started in the stock room, and has passed through several promotions, and is now manager of the out-of-town factories, with a residence at Hoosick Falls. He is an active Republican, and a member of the Baptist church. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, having been the past exalted ruler of the latter order. He is president of the Hoosick Falls board of trade, and a member of the Hoosick and Country clubs. He married, April 10, 1901, Bessie Kendrick, of Troy, daughter of Arthur Thomas and Harriet A. (Kendrick) Smith. Arthur Thomas Smith was born in Townsend, Vermont, August 7, 1855. He removed to Troy where he engaged in merchandising. He is active in Republican politics, and since 1904 has been city treasurer. He for several years represented the third ward in the city council. He is junior warden of Christ Episcopal Church, Troy,

having been chosen in 1906. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Milliman: Marjorie Elizabeth, born in Hoosick Falls; Arthur Smith, born in Hoosick Falls, New York, February 23, 1905.

(The Kendrick Line).

Harriet A. (Kendrick) Smith, born in Hudson, New York, July 24, 1855, is a descendant of George Kendrick, born in England, 1612, died at Rehoboth, Massachusetts, 1680. He was a grandson of William Kendrick, of Shropshire, England, and his wife Marguerite ——. Their son John, of Moore, England, married Elizabeth Hodge.

(I) George, son of John and Elizabeth (Hodge) Kendrick, and the American ancestor, came to America during the Puritan emigration of 1632. He was of Scituate, Massachusetts, in 1633, and of Rehoboth, 1639. He was deputy in 1642-44.

(II) Abraham, son of George Kendrick, the emigrant, was born May 19, 1665, died in 1716.

(III) John, son of Abraham Kendrick, was born in 1700. He married and had a son William.

(IV) William, son of John Kendrick, was born in 1732. He married and had issue, among whom was David.

(V) David, son of William Kendrick, was born in 1771. He married Margaret Harrington.

(VI) Richard John, son of David and Margaret (Harrington) Kendrick, was born in Poughkeepsie, New York, in 1799, died 1861. He married, in 1826, Phoebe Bennett, born in Poughkeepsie, 1804, died there in 1845, daughter of Reuben and Phoebe Bennett. Reuben Bennett was born in England, emigrated to America, enlisted in the revolutionary army, and was wounded at the battle of White Plains, October 28, 1776.

(VII) John Richard, son of Richard John and Phoebe (Bennett) Kendrick, was born April 7, 1829, died December 27, 1898. He was connected with the Troy office of the New York Central railroad most of his life. He was a member of Christ Episcopal Church, of Troy. He married Clarissa Keller, born June 24, 1836, now (1910) a resident of Troy.

(VIII) Harriet A., daughter of John Richard and Clarissa (Keller) Kendrick, married Arthur Thomas Smith, and their only daughter, Bessie Kendrick Smith, married Myron Clark Milliman (see Milliman VII).

LOCKWOOD Jeremiah Lockwood, a descendant of Robert Lockwood, of Watertown, Massachusetts, was born in Norfolk, Connecticut,



Walt Vetter

and died in New York. The family is numerous, and from early days have been prominent in Fairfield and Litchfield counties, Connecticut. Savage says eleven Lockwoods were graduates of Yale prior to 1834. Jeremiah Lockwood located in Easton, Washington county, New York, where he purchased a farm on which he lived all his days and was buried. He married Lillis Beard. Children: 1. Mary, married Joseph Beach, deceased, and has a son, Charles H. Beach, of Albany. 2. Maria, married Joseph Taylor, and has a son, Joseph Cornell Taylor. 3. Frank, died in 1909. 4. Nellie. 5. Duane, see forward.

(II) Duane, son of Jeremiah and Lillis (Beard) Lockwood, was born in July, 1826, in Easton, New York, died 1880, in Troy, New York, where he is buried in Oakwood cemetery. He was educated in the Easton public school, and when a young man settled in Lansingburg. He became associated with Joseph Fox in the baking business, and later was a cracker manufacturer on his own account. He was prominent in the public affairs of the town and served on the school board, as overseer of the poor and in other public capacities. He was a Republican in politics, and a member of the Presbyterian church. He married Amelia Bradford, born 1822 in Lansingburg, New York, where she died at the age of seventy-three years. Children: 1. Marie Emma, married James J. Child. 2. Charles D., see forward. 3. William A., of Lansingburg. Amelia (Bradford) Lockwood was the daughter of John Bradford, born of a well-to-do family of the north of Ireland. They settled there about the time of the great siege of "Derry," and were generally farmers. John Bradford, who came to America, was the only son of his parents. He came to the United States at an early day, and was possessed of considerable means. When he located in Troy, New York, a part of the family furniture was a piano, then a great curiosity and which was the object of much interest. He died at age of forty-six, leaving children: 1. Amelia, aforementioned as the wife of Duane Lockwood. 2. Martha, died young. 3. Jane, died in 1905, unmarried. 4. Margaret, married Joseph Sherman, born July 25, 1818, died at Half Moon, January 16, 1879; children: John, Sarah Jane, Alfred A., Emma Frances and Maggie.

(III) Charles Duane, son of Duane and Amelia (Bradford) Lockwood, was born in Lansingburg, New York. He was educated in the public school, Academy of Lansingburg and Troy Business College. He then entered Albany Law School, from which he was graduated in 1887. After graduation he entered

the law office of R. D. Cook. He was admitted to the bar, and in 1890 formed a partnership, which was soon dissolved. Mr. Lockwood maintained his legal offices in Troy, where he has a satisfactory clientage. He is a member of the state and county bar associations, and stands high in his profession. He is a Republican and has filled many of the political positions in the town and county, among which were comptroller and police justice of Lansingburg. He is unmarried.

Platt Potter, jurist, was born POTTER in Galway, New York, April 6, 1800, son of Restcome and Lucinda (Strong) Potter. After acquiring a rudimentary education in the common schools of his neighborhood, he entered the Schenectady Academy, graduating therefrom in 1820, after which he studied law under the preceptorship of Alonzo C. Paige. He was admitted to the bar in 1824, and practiced his profession in Minorville, New York, from 1824 to 1833, and in 1834 was engaged in practice in Schenectady with Alonzo C. Paige, his preceptor. Aside from the practice of his profession, he filled satisfactorily various offices of public trust, serving as master and examiner in chancery from 1828 to 1847; as member of the assembly from Montgomery and Hamilton counties in 1830; as district attorney of Schenectady county from 1839 to 1847; as justice of the supreme court of New York and of the court of appeals from 1857 to 1865, re-elected in the latter named year, and in 1870 caused the arrest of Henry Ray, a member of the New York assembly, for ignoring his court summons, and in consequence was himself tried for "high breach of privilege," but was vindicated on his own argument.

He was one of the trustees of Union College from 1865 to 1885, receiving the degree of LL. D. from there in 1867; was president of the state judicial convention in Rochester, New York, in 1870, and served as president of the Mohawk National Bank at Schenectady for several years. In 1886 he presented the New York Historical Society with six volumes of the "State Trials of England," published in 1742, and of great value, being originally the property of Sir William Johnson, Bart. He was the author of: "Potter's Dwaris," 1871; "Equity Jurisprudence," compiled and enlarged from the work of John Willard, 1875; "Potter on Corporations," 1879, and several pamphlets. His death occurred in Schenectady, New York, August 11, 1891. Mr. Potter married, in 1836, Antoinette, daughter of the Rev. Winslow Paige, D. D.

The earliest LYON emigrant of

LYON whom we have positive knowledge was William Lyon, who came to Roxbury, Massachusetts, in 1635 on the ship, "Hopewell." He founded a numerous family, of whom a distinguished member was Nathaniel Lyon, a general in the Union army, killed at the battle of Balls Bluff. The next immigrants were two brothers, Peter and George, of Dorchester, Massachusetts. In 1644 Richard Lyon was sent from England to Cambridge, Massachusetts, by Sir Henry Mildmay as a tutor for his son William. He, however, soon returned to England. About 1648 there appeared in Fairfield county, Connecticut, at about the same time, three settlers bearing the name Lyon. One of these, Thomas, was the founder of the family herein recorded, whose principal seat in the early days was Westchester county, New York.

(I) Thomas Lyon, "of Rye," was born in England about 1621, died at Byram Neck, Greenwich, Fairfield county, Connecticut, in 1690, and was buried in the old Lyon burying ground at that place. It is supposed that he first settled in Massachusetts and from there removed to the western part of Fairfield county, where about the same time Richard and Henry appeared, presumably his brothers or cousins. In 1652 Thomas Lyon bought a house and lot in Stamford of William Potter. In 1654 he purchased a house and lot in Fairfield. Between these dates his first wife Martha Johanna (Winthrop) Lyon, died. In 1676, in company with John Banks, of "Fayrefield," he acquired title to a "Sartaine parsell of land in Greenwich, lying by Byram River and by estimation three score ackers." In the records of Rye under date of March 5, 1676, is this entry: "The towne of Rye (New York) adopted the following: Thomas Lyon and Thomas Brown are appointed to choose a house or place to be fortified for safety of the towne." Winthrop says that it is believed that it was this Thomas Lyon who served as a colonial soldier from Connecticut, although this supposition would make him either very young at time of service, or quite old at the date of his first marriage. His will was dated December 6, 1689, and probated at Fairfield, September 7, 1690. During the latter years of his life, although probably living in Greenwich at Byram Neck, Thomas Lyon was spoken of as "of Rye," this place being in New York just across Byram river, now called Port Chester. The name Lyon's Point, written also, Lion's Point, applied to the point at the mouth of Byram river, was in common use as early as 1683. Thomas was a member of the Society of Friends and

suffered some persecution for his belief. He married (first) Martha Johanna Winthrop, a granddaughter of Governor John Winthrop, of Salem, Massachusetts, and daughter of Henry and Elizabeth (Fones) Winthrop. Her father was drowned in Boston harbor, July 2, 1630, the day after his arrival. His wife remained in England when her husband came to America, coming with her infant daughter in 1631. Martha was born in Grotton Manor, England, May 9, 1630, died in Stamford, Connecticut, about 1653. Thomas Lyon married (second) about 1654, Mary, daughter of Simon Hoyt, of Stamford, Connecticut. Children by first marriage: 1. ———, died in infancy. 2. Mary (Marie), born August, 1649; married John Willson. Children by second marriage: 3. Abigail, married John Banks. 4. John, died in Greenwich, 1736, deputy to the general court of Connecticut, 1725-30; married and had issue. 5. Thomas, of further mention. 6. Samuel, unmarried. 7. Joseph, born 1677, died February 21, 1761; married Sarah ———. 8. Elizabeth, married John Marshall. 9. Deborah, married a Mr. Cone. 10. Sarah, married a Mr. Merritt.

(II) Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) and Mary (Hoyt) Lyon, was born at Greenwich, Connecticut, in 1673, died 1739. He built the house near Byram bridge which is still standing, having been occupied continuously until the present time by his descendants. He was a member of Colonel Robert Hunter's company of Fusileers, mustered in New York and Westchester counties, February 24, 1711, for sixty-one days' service on the Canadian frontier. His will, dated April 2, 1739, was proved at Stamford, Connecticut, May 1, 1739. He married Abigail, daughter of John Ogden, of Stamford, Connecticut. John Ogden came to Stamford from Long Island in 1641. In 1642 he agreed with Governor Kieft to build a stone church for twenty-five hundred guilders. He returned to Hempstead in 1644 and was one of the patentees of that town. In 1651 he removed to Southampton, Long Island, where he was chosen assistant and named in the Royal Charter. Later he went to New Jersey with Governor Carteret and was representative from Elizabethtown in the first general assembly, 1689. He married Jane, daughter of Robert Bond, of Southampton. Children of Thomas (2) and Abigail Lyon: 1. Abigail, married (first) William Anderson, (second) Jeremiah Anderson. 2. Thomas, married (first) Phebe Vowles, (second) Martha Travis. 3. Samuel, married (second) Hannah Miller. 4. Jonathan, of further mention. 5. Mary, married Israel Knapp. 6. David, married Martha Stedwell.

7. Joseph, married (first) Mary Disbrow, (second) Ann——. 8. Jemima, married Charles Theall, in 1760 was residing in Rye, New York. 9. Deborah, married Jonathan Hobby, of Greenwich. 10. Elizabeth, married John Fowler, of Westchester, New York. 11. Gilbert, married Jane Kniffen.

(III) Jonathan, son of Thomas (2) and Abigail (Ogden) Lyon, was born at Greenwich, June 1, 1706, died at North Castle, New York, 1786. His will is on file and recorded in the office of the court of appeals at Albany, New York, dated April 2, 1783, proved January 24, 1787. He bequeaths "to Elizabeth, my dearly beloved wife, one third of all my lands in North Castle during her natural life," also devises to sons and grandsons, money and property including a "negro boy Abram" and a "negro man Isaac." He married Elizabeth, born April 5, 1709, daughter of Samuel and Hannah Mead. Children: 1. Jonathan, born November 14, 1728, died in Bedford, New York, 1787; he owned a stone house in Bedford during the revolutionary war and a farm outside the village; the first winter General Lafayette was in America he was stationed with his troops in Westchester county; the paymaster had his headquarters in the Lyon Stone House; after Lafayette and his troops went away, a company of British Light Horse from New York burned the house and all it contained, considering Lyon an enemy to the King; he is described as having been distinguished for his luxuriant hair which he wore in a queue, so long that when sitting it could be tied in a knot underneath his chair; he married Anna Miller. 2. Elizabeth, born June 28, 1730. 3. Elnathan, died at Clinton, Dutchess county, New York; he married (first) Susanna——, (second) Mary Ann Bush. 4. Israel, of further mention. 5. Phebe, married a kinsman, Roger Lyon. 6. Captain David, died at North Castle, New York; he served in the revolution with the rank of captain in 1775 under Colonel Alexander McDougall, First Regiment, New York Troops; he served later in the Second Westchester County Regiment, Colonel Thomas Thomas; married Freelove Forman. 7. Peter, died at No. 37 Pump street, New York City, July 4, 1824; he was a farmer and for many years justice of the peace in North Castle, New York, and it is said that Major André was brought before him after his capture. (Christian Advocate, July 18, 1895.) 8. Naomi Thatcher, born January 31, 1747; died before 1783.

(IV) Israel, son of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Mead) Lyon, was born at Greenwich, Connecticut, December 20, 1734, died in Bed-

ford, New York, December 28, 1816, and is buried in Hill cemetery, Bedford. He was a farmer, as were his ancestors. In 1779 his home was burned by the British under Tarleton. He was a devoted patriot, serving on the Westchester county committee of safety. He married Abigail Husted, born in Greenwich, June 1, 1734, died January 14, 1815, and is buried in Hill cemetery with her husband. Children, all born in Bedford, New York: 1. Israel (2), born February 12, 1755; married Hannah Merritt. 2. Moses, born 1758; married Diadamia Banks and settled at Bloomfield county, New Jersey. 3. Charity, born September 28, 1760; married Samuel Banks, of Bainbridge, New York. 4. Elizabeth, married Joseph Park. 5. Spardon, of further mention. 6. Ann, married (first) Thomas Park, (second) Lot Searles. 7. Susanna, born 1768; married Enoch Raymond. 8. Abigail, born August 11, 1770; married Josiah Woolsey. 9. Sarah, married Ellie Sealey. 10. Jerusha, born 1775, died April 27, 1863; married William Woolsey. 11. Mary, married Daniel Varian.

(V) Spardon, son of Israel and Abigail (Husted) Lyon, was born in Bedford, New York, October 26, 1764, died there May 3, 1845, and is buried in the Presbyterian burying ground. He was a farmer, and in 1822 connected with the Presbyterian church of Bedford; previous generations seemingly having adhered to the Quaker faith of the founder, Thomas Lyon. He married, April 16, 1788, Phebe Scofield (Presbyterian records) born February 10, 1767, died February 27, 1848, buried in Bedford. Children: 1. Seth, of further mention. 2. Alvah, born June 6, 1797, died September 11, 1878; married, February 27, 1824, Sarah Carpenter.

(VI) Seth, eldest son of Spardon and Phebe (Scofield) Lyon, was born in Bedford, New York, August 31, 1794, died January 31, 1878, and is buried in the Union cemetery at Bedford. He was an elder in the Presbyterian church in Bedford, ordained March 19, 1815. He married (first) Clarissa Rundle, born March 9, 1793, died in Bedford, August 14, 1836. He married (second) Mary Woolsey, born March, 1805, died April 1, 1894, daughter of William and Jerusha (Lyon) Woolsey. Jerusha Lyon was a daughter of Israel, son of Jonathan, son of Thomas (2), son of Thomas (1) Lyon, the founder. Children by first wife: 1. Solomon R., of further mention. 2. Charlotte Rundle, born February 19, 1814, died April 8, 1850; married Phineas Lounsbury, a merchant of New York City. 3. Mary E., born April 23, 1816, died March 28, 1837. 4. Clarissa, born May 10, 1820, died February

28, 1837. 5. Seth Jay, born about 1822, died December 8, 1883; married at Bedford, October 12, 1849, Frances Elizabeth, daughter of Jeremiah and Emmeline (Smith) Clark.

(VII) Solomon Rundle, eldest son of Seth and Clarissa (Rundle) Lyon, was born in Bedford, New York, January 31, 1812, died there March 19, 1868, and is buried in Union cemetery. He was a farmer, owning and operating the farm owned by his father and grandfather and later by his son Phillip. In 1865 he was ordained an elder of the Bedford Presbyterian Church. He married, September 12, 1837, Hannah Rundle, born September 12, 1818, died April 18, 1883, buried in Union cemetery, daughter of Solomon and Hannah (Phillips) Rundle. Children: 1. Phillips Rundle, born July, 1838; married Susie ———; in 1906 was living in Bedford, New York. 2. Irving Whitall, of further mention. 3. Anna, born August 10, 1842, died October 22, 1863. 4. DeWitt (1), born March 30, 1844, died August 27, 1844. 5. Mary E., born July 27, 1845, died August 28, 1867; married Stephen Terry. 6. Emma Constant, born April 15, 1847, died October 26, 1871; married, April, 1871, Henry D. Jennings. 7. Josephine C., born August 19, 1848; married Edward P. Holley, of Cos Cob, Connecticut. 8. Hannah Rundle, born June 8, 1850; married, December 19, 1883, Edward A. Raymond, of Bedford, New York. 9. DeWitt (2), born April 15, 1853, died November 23, 1854. 10. Isabel G., born November 18, 1855, died September 4, 1866. 11. Clarissa Rundle, born March 19, 1859; married Clifford R. Weld, of Boston.

(VIII) Irving Whitall Lyon, M. D., son of Solomon R. and Hannah (Rundle) Lyon, was born in Bedford, Westchester county, New York, in 1840, died in Hartford, Connecticut, March 4, 1896. He received a good education and chose medicine as his profession. He entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, where he received his degree of M.D. He established in practice at Hartford, Connecticut, continuing until his death. Although a learned and skillful physician he is perhaps better known and remembered as an authority on American antiques. His work on "Colonial Furniture," published in 1891, was the pioneer work of its kind, and although two decades have passed since it was published, it is an unquestioned authority, and subsequent writers have not changed a date nor controverted any statement of fact in the work. It is a classic and an infallible guide. Another work of Dr. Lyon's on which he was engaged at the time of his death was, "Colonial Architecture of America," being uncompleted; this was never published. Wherever

his name is known and spoken, he is referred to always as "the father of American antiques." He was president of the Hartford Medical Society, member of the State Medical Society, and a member of the Connecticut Historical Society. He was a Christian without a creed and of so pure and blameless a life that death brought him no fear. He was just to all men, kind and unfailingly courteous, a man of the highest ideals, which he did not fail to attain in his daily life. As a physician he was beloved and trusted. Dr. Lyon married Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Frederick Darrow and Louise (Jacobs) Tucker, of New York state. Children: 1. Mary Phillips, married Chester B. Albree, of Pittsburg, North Side, Pennsylvania. 2. Irving Phillips, a well-established, skillful physician of Buffalo, New York. 3. Charles W., of further mention.

(IX) Charles Woolsey, youngest son of Dr. Irving W. and Mary E. (Tucker) Lyon, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, December 10, 1862, at No. 27 Buckingham street. He was educated in the common schools of Hartford, then entered Hartford high school, where he prepared for college. He entered Sheffield Scientific School (Yale University) in the second year, but before graduation received so flattering and tempting a business offer that he did not stay to finish the full course. He had inherited his father's love of the antique, and had sat under his teaching so effectively that although a young man he had an established reputation among collectors. His ability to distinguish the rare, beautiful and valuable attracted the attention of the famous collector of American antiques, Charles H. Taylor, of Boston, who engaged him to travel and buy for his private collection, one of the most valuable in the United States if not in the world. For four years he traveled for Mr. Taylor in New England and through the Hudson-Mohawk valleys, finding the latter especially rich in the rare and valuable of a long ago period. In 1903 he began collecting for the public and opened a store at No. 47 Washington avenue, later removing to the corner of South Hawk street and Washington avenue, Albany, where his store has become the mecca of American collectors of the antique. He is a member of the Chi Phi (Yale Chapter) and the University Club, of Albany.

Charles Woolsey Lyon married, August 6, 1898, Kathlyn Thatcher, daughter of Sanford Thatcher, of Cobleskill, New York, a descendant of four of the "Mayflower" passengers (1620), and of a long line of New England ancestors. Children: 1. Irving Whitall (2), born October 2, 1899. 2. Charles Woolsey (2), born October 2, 1905.

FARRINGTON

The Farringtons of Troy are of English ancestry and birth. The father of John Farrington, of Troy, was John Farrington, of Preston, England, a well-to-do miller, owning and operating a prosperous business. He married ——— Hamburg, born in Preston, England, who bore him nine children, all born in Preston, England: 1. Mary. 2. Jane. 3. Robert, was elected a member of the House of Commons. 4. Samuel. 5. Thomas, came to the United States; married, in Old Newburg, New York, Alvina Lane. 6. William, came to the United States; married Jane Lane, of Pleasant Valley, New York. 7. Valentine. 8. John, see forward. 9. Solomon.

(11) John (2), son of John (1) Farrington, was born in Preston, England, June 7, 1827, died in Troy, New York, 1869. He married, in 1849, Ann Ferguson, born in Scotland. Children: 1. Mary Jane, married Horatio Wilson, born in Kentucky, son of Horatio and Thuney Lair, and grandson of Horatio Wilson; Horatio Wilson (2) died at Lafayette, Illinois, in 1899, aged eighty years. He had children: Thomas, William, Everly, Elizabeth, Jane, John and Horatio (3). Horatio and Mary Jane (Farrington) Wilson had children: Walter W., married Maud ——— and has three children: Elizabeth, married Dr. Sabin. 2. John Roberts, died in Boughton, Illinois. 3. Elida A., died young. 4. Florence, married Philip Sanford Young, born December, 1842, at Sand Lake, New York, died 1905 in Troy, son of Philip Young, born in Germany, came to the United States, settled at Sand Lake, New York, where he was a farmer the remainder of his life; he married Mary Gearhart, born in Germany, died in Sand Lake; children: George P., died at Sand Lake; Philip; Martin L., lived at Averill Park. Child of Philip and Florence (Farrington) Young: Everett G., married Mattie Stanley, of Averill Park, and has a son, Everett Stanley Young.

HOUGHTON

The branch of the Houghton family from which Judge Houghton is descended migrated from England in 1650 and settled at Lancaster, Massachusetts, then a part of the Massachusetts Bay Colony. This colonial ancestor, John Houghton, and his descendants, Jonas, James, James, Jr., and Nathaniel, all lived in that immediate locality. His grandfather, Tilley Houghton, settled in Corinth in 1800 and died there, leaving several children, among them Tilley, Jr., and Dr. Nathaniel. The Houghtons remained residents of that town until their deaths.

James Warren, son of Tilley, Jr., and Charlotte (Dayton) Houghton, was born at Corinth, New York, September 1, 1856. He was graduated from Canandaigua Academy, 1876; studied law, and was admitted to the bar at Rochester, New York, in 1879. He began practice of the law at Saratoga Springs in 1880, was elected judge of Saratoga county, New York, in 1888, and re-elected successively until 1899, when he resigned, having been appointed to the supreme bench of the state of New York by Governor Roosevelt in December, 1899. In 1900 he was elected a justice of the supreme court of the state of New York for the fourth judicial district, for a full term of fourteen years. In September, 1903, he was designated to serve as associate justice, appellate division, third department, and relieved from this designation, October 28, 1905, and immediately designated associate justice, appellate division, first department, and on January 1, 1910, he was again designated to serve as associate justice of the appellate division, third department. Judge Houghton married, 1884, Elizabeth M. Smith, of Saratoga Springs, and has a son, James T., recently graduated from Harvard Medical College, and a daughter, Elizabeth.

The earliest Stroud record is STROUD of Jacob Stroud, of Amwell, New Jersey, 1735. He with three brothers entered the provincial army and were at the battles of Fort William Henry and Quebec, where Jacob Stroud, John Fish and Matthias Hutchinson, being the three soldiers nearest General Wolfe when he fell, carried him to a sheltered spot where he died. One of the Stroud brothers was killed on the "Plains of Abraham" during the battle. Jacob Stroud returned to New Jersey and later settled in Pennsylvania, where he founded the town of Stroudsburg. He afterward fought in the war of the revolution, became a colonel in rank, commanded at Fort Penn, and was a member of the constitutional convention that framed the first constitution of the state of Pennsylvania. He died 1806 and was then the owner of four thousand acres of land in and around Stroudsburg. Nothing definite seems to be known of the other two surviving brothers. They evidently settled in Massachusetts, as four of that name served in the revolutionary war from that state, George, Prince, William of Sherburne, and another William. The family in Ballston Spa, New York, descends from one of the two brothers before mentioned.

(1) The first of the family of whom we have direct record is John Stroud, a descend-

ant of George Stroud, the revolutionary soldier. He lived in or near Sherburne, Massachusetts, where he married and reared a family. He had several daughters and sons. John, Dolman, Charles, Ira and Sylvanus.

(II) Ira, son of John Stroud, was for many years engaged in milling, farming and merchandising. His mills and store were located near North Adams, Massachusetts. He had previous to settling there resided in Stamford, Vermont. In 1866 he disposed of his North Adams properties and removed to the town of Cambridge, Washington county, New York, where he died. He married Dolly, daughter of Colonel William McElwain, of Massachusetts. Children: 1. Corridon, deceased. 2. Elizabeth, married A. J. Houghton, of Boston, Massachusetts. 3. Harriet, married Edmund B. Penniman. 4. Charles, lawyer of Hoosick Falls, New York. 5. Sylvanus I., of further mention.

(III) Sylvanus I., youngest son of Ira and Dolly (McElwain) Stroud, was born in Stamford, Vermont, September 22, 1843. Later he removed with his parents to North Adams, Massachusetts, and he was educated in the public schools of these towns. He was engaged with his father in business for several years, but abandoned the farm to follow another line of activity. He first became proprietor of the Union House at Cambridge, New York, and in 1876 removed to St. Albans, Vermont, where he conducted the American House, continuing a most successful business there until 1893, when he sold out and bought the Medberry House at Ballston Spa, New York. After several years spent there he purchased a farm on the outskirts of the village which he operated as a stock and breeding farm, specializing in high-grade horses. He served during the civil war, first with the Army of the Potomac during the Peninsular campaign, under General Hunt, being in charge of an ambulance train. His second enlistment was in Company B, Eighth Regiment, Massachusetts, Volunteer Infantry (its third organization). He was mustered in July 16, 1864, enlisting for one hundred days. The regiment was organized at Reading, Massachusetts, for one hundred days, July, 1864, and attached to the Third Brigade, Eighth Army Corps, Middle Department; mustered out November 10, 1864. Mr. Stroud was with his regiment during this entire period, ranking as sergeant; was mustered out with the regiment at expiration of term of service. He enlisted from the town of Adams, Massachusetts, at the age of twenty. He has had a busy, successful business career and now is happily situated to pass his declining years. He mar-

ried, January 24, 1872, Adeline C. Russell, born in Cambridge, New York, October 13, 1851. Child, Lamont Russell, born November 13, 1872; graduate of St. Albans, Vermont, high school, class of 1892; spent one year at Boston Polytechnic Institute, entered Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, graduating as civil engineer; he has followed his profession since graduation in different parts of the United States, now (1910) traveling in Europe.

Adeline C. (Russell) Stroud is a granddaughter of David Russell, born at Malone, New York, married and had Mortimer, William, Alvin, John, Sydney, David, Eliza Ann and Emmeline. John Russell, son of David Russell, was born December 28, 1816, at Hebron, New York; was a farmer of the town of Hartford and Jackson, New York. During the civil war he sold his farm and removed to Washington county, New York, where he was first a resident of Cambridge, later of Salem, where he died and is buried. He married, March 5, 1839, Louise Ann Townsend, of Hartford, New York, born December 26, 1817, died December 15, 1891. Children: 1. Marion E., born March 28, 1840, died April 8, 1842. 2. Marvin, born January 18, 1842, died July 17, 1842. 3. Anna May, born July 16, 1857, died March 5, 1901, at Luxor, Egypt, where she is buried; she was an accomplished linguist, an extensive traveler and a writer of high reputation. 4. Adeline C., married Sylvanus I. Stroud.

Archibald Bain, born 1819, died in BAIN 1891, was a resident of the town of Argyle, Washington county, New York, and of Greenwich, where he died. He was a carpenter and wheelwright, and worked at his trade in both towns. He was a great lover of music and possessed considerable vocal talent. He taught singing classes and was leader of the United Presbyterian Church choir. He married Ann Eliza, daughter of Robert and Isabella (McKinley) Kelley. Children: 1. Belle M., born December, 1859; married Dr. James A. Smallie. 2. William Henry, of further mention.

(II) William Henry, only son of Archibald and Ann Eliza (Kelley) Bain, was born in Argyle, Washington county, New York, April 2, 1861. He was educated in the public schools of Argyle. He came to Canajoharie, Montgomery county, when about sixteen years of age, and entered the high school in that village, graduating in the class of 1878, the first graduate of the school and the only one graduated that year. He entered Eastman's Business College at Poughkeepsie and was graduated, class of 1879, leading the class of one

hundred students and being eight points ahead of his leading competitor. After leaving Eastman's he taught the public school at Galway for one term. Then he returned to Canajoharie, where for eighteen months he was drug clerk. He formed a connection with the Reed Manufacturing Company and until 1887 was secretary and treasurer of that company. Next he formed a partnership with Mount A. Yates, and as Yates & Bain conducted a retail coal business for six years. In 1893 he purchased his partner's interest and operated the coal yard alone until 1907, when he disposed of his entire interest. In 1899 he was appointed postmaster of the village of Canajoharie by President McKinley. In 1903 he was reappointed by President Roosevelt, who again conferred the honor in 1907. He is an active worker in the Republican party, and a leading member of the Dutch Reformed church, in which he holds the office of deacon. He married, September 21, 1887, L. Katherine, daughter of Adam Smith, born March 17, 1826, died July 23, 1901; married, September 15, 1859, Catherine Van Slack (or Slyck), born June 22, 1834, died May 1, 1886. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Smith: 1. Elizabeth, born July 16, 1860; a graduate of Vassar College, class of 1881; married Burton K. Yates; children: i. Sheldon Smith, born March 14, 1887; graduate of Yale University, class of 1910; ii. L. Katherine, born August 30, 1889, senior at Vassar College, class of 1911. 2. L. Katherine, born January 7, 1862; graduate of Vassar College, class of 1884, married William Henry Bain. 3. Margaret, born February 23, 1864, died April 27, 1879. 4. George Howard, born September 20, 1865, died March 18, 1903; graduate of Yale University, class of 1887, married, February, 1895, Tille Elliott; child, Lillian, born March 20, 1896. 5. John, born July 28, 1867, died May 23, 1870. Children of William H. and L. Katherine Bain: 1. Margaret K., born December 31, 1890. 2. Therese Sterling, born April 8, 1893.

John Combes, great-grandfather of Charles Isaac Combes, married Hattie ——— and had seven children: John (2), William, Peter, James, Phoebe, Leah and Isaac. John (2) was a farmer and an early settler in the Mowhawk Valley.

(II) Isaac, youngest child of John and Hattie Combes, was born December 3, 1807, died October 10, 1869. He was educated in the public schools, was reared on the farm, but preferring a mercantile life settled in Fultonville, New York, in 1837, where he was in the grocery business until 1852, locating in Glo-

versville in the same line of business, later adding dry goods to his line. He was also engaged in manufacturing. On February 13, 1855, he was appointed postmaster of Gloversville, holding that position until May 30, 1861, when he was succeeded by Elisha L. Burton. He was a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Congregational church. He married Eliza Ann Burton, born July 10, 1811, died 1895, daughter of Nathan and Eleanor (Conover) Burton, of Charlestown, Montgomery county, New York. Nathan Burton was born May 1, 1764. Children of Isaac and Eliza A. Combes: 1. Henry Belding, born and died 1833. 2. Mary Eleanor, born March 20, 1835. 3. Eustatia F., born January 13, 1837. 4. Elisha Burton, of whom further. 5. William Henry, born November 30, 1841; married Merita Hedge and had a son George L., who married Madge Mason; children: John, born 1904, and Winfield H. 6. Charles L., born 1843, died 1863. 7. Eliza Ann, born 1845, died 1847.

(III) Elisha Burton, son of Isaac and Eliza Ann (Burton) Combes, was born October 23, 1830. He was educated in the public schools, and early engaged in the grocery business as a clerk for his father, being so engaged all his active years. He married Mary Elizabeth Kennedy, born June 18, 1839, daughter of Lysander, born 1807, died 1895, and Elizabeth (Allen) Kennedy, born 1801, died 1900, granddaughter of Daniel and Lucinda Kennedy, who had seven children: Lysander, Palmer L., Daniel Lorain, Susan, Harriet, Nancy and Esther.

Daniel Kennedy was a merchant of Johnstown until his place of business was destroyed by fire, when he engaged in teaming from Fonda, delivering goods from the railroad to interior towns. He was a deacon of the Baptist church and a Democrat. Lysander, eldest son of Daniel Kennedy, was a farmer of Fulton county, owning a farm of four hundred acres. He was a school trustee, a member of the Methodist church, and a Democrat. He married Elizabeth Allen and had ten children: Catherine, Daniel, Lucretia, Landon, Mary Elizabeth, who married Elisha Burton Combes, John Henry, Margaret, William Henry, Daniel and Sarah Jane. Children of Elisha Burton and Mary Elizabeth Combes: 1. Anna E., born October 10, 1869; married, October 21, 1892, Eugene D. Smith. 2. Charles Isaac, of whom further. 3. Harry, born November 26, 1874; married Anna Baker.

(IV) Charles Isaac, eldest son of Elisha Burton and Mary Elizabeth (Kennedy) Combes, was born in Johnstown, New York, May 14, 1871. He was educated in the public schools, and at Gloversville Academy,

where he was graduated. After completing his studies he entered the printing office of the *Gloversville Leader* in 1888 where he learned the trade of a printer and became familiar with every detail of a newspaper printing office. He later formed a partnership with William B. Collins, the owner and proprietor of the *Leader*, continuing until 1902 as Collins & Combes. In January, 1903, they formed a corporation and purchased the *Johnstown Republican*, publishing both the *Leader* and the *Republican* until 1908 when a transfer of stock was made, Mr. Combes becoming owner of the *Republican* and Mr. Collins continuing the *Leader*. The *Republican* was originally started in 1838 by Darius Wells and has passed through many changes; it is Republican in politics, publishes a daily and a weekly edition, and is an acknowledged influence in Fulton and adjoining counties. Mr. Combes is a charter member of the Johnstown Lodge, Knights of Pythias, and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. His clubs are the Colonial of Johnstown and the Eccentric of Gloversville. He married, June 3, 1902, Katherine S., daughter of J. C. Allen.

The first account we have of the Dorrance family in America tells that on April

17, 1723, the people of Voluntown, Connecticut, gave Rev. Samuel Dorrance a call to preach the Gospel at a salary of "£60 per year for the present and £50 in such species suitable to promote his building and settling." On the same day a number of persons "as a special token of their love and goodness" presented Rev. Dorrance with "five thousand shingles, three pounds money in shingle nails, five pounds in work, three pounds in boards and plank, two hundred clapboards, breaking up two acres of land, a cow and a calf." The Voluntown church was the first, and long the only Presbyterian church in Connecticut. The adoption of the Westminster Confession by the new church caused immediate rebellion, and a determined effort was made to prevent the ordination of Rev. Dorrance. These protests, in part, made to the council quotes: "We protest against settling Mr. Dorrance because he is a stranger and we are informed he came out of Ireland, and we do observe that since he has been in town the Irish do flock to town and we are informed the Irish are not wholesome inhabitants and upon this account we are against settling Mr. Dorrance, for we are not such persons as you take us to be, but desire the Gospel to be preached by one of our own and not by a stranger, for we cannot receive any benefit for neither soul nor body

and we would pray him to withdraw himself from us." The council took all day to hear the case which they decided for both parties. The good minister, however, was ordained December 23, 1723. He is found in the ministry of Voluntown in the year 1760, and drawing a salary of £300. He died November 12, 1775, at the age of ninety. Two of his sons, John and George, settled in the Wyoming Valley, Pennsylvania. George was lieutenant-colonel of militia and third in command of the battle of Wyoming, where he was wounded, and on July 4, 1778, slain by his Indian captors. His descendants have been influential citizens of the valley, where they figure largely in political, financial and military records. Through the intermarriage of the Dorrance and Fox families, the family line can be traced to 1653 in Massachusetts, and 1723 in Connecticut. A connection cannot be made between Alexander, of Hampton, Connecticut, and Rev. Samuel, but there is no doubt he was a great-grandson. Another intermarriage was with the McBurneys of county Antrim, Ireland. Eliza McBurney was a daughter of James, of the north of Ireland. She and two brothers came to America. Eliza married James A. Dorrance, while the brothers cannot be definitely traced. One of them, Thomas, enlisted in the Union army and died in New Orleans, Louisiana, in 1862. The other, James, went west and died in Elko, Nevada. The Young family is also one of the old and prominent Troy families. The family in Troy was founded by James Alexander Dorrance of New England birth, and early of Hampton, Connecticut.

(1) Alexander Dorrance was born in Connecticut, died at Chaplin, Connecticut, September 11, 1870. He was a shoemaker of Hampton. He married, April 25, 1825, Mary Lucretia Fox, born at Woodstock, Connecticut, November 16, 1801, and accidentally killed by being thrown from her carriage while returning from church, September 9, 1849. She was a daughter of William and Mary (Coburn) Fox, of Woodstock, Connecticut, and a lineal descendant in the seventh generation from Thomas Fox, the immigrant ancestor, who was of Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1638, and one of the original proprietors of that town then called Newton. They resided at Woodstock, Connecticut, for about ten years after marriage, then at Canterbury and Scotland of the same state. Later they returned to Hampton, where Mrs. Dorrance was killed. Children: 1. James Alexander, see forward. 2. Abby Caroline, born at Woodstock, Connecticut, April 18, 1829; married George Mason Holt, November 1,



L. V. Dorrance

1854, and had issue: Helen Cornelia, Mary Louise and Frank Henry. 3. William Friend, born at Woodstock, May 10, 1832; removed to California, where he engaged in the saddlery and hardware business. 4. Francis Augustus, born at Woodstock, June 29, 1836, died June 23, 1870; he was a member of the firm of A. W. Prentice & Company, the oldest hardware business in Norwich, Connecticut, and held many offices of trust in public and private life; he married Mary T., daughter of Amos W. Prentice, September 11, 1858, and left a son Amos Prentice, born August 1, 1865. 5. Mary Eleanor, born at Canterbury, June 4, 1839, died July 3, 1839. 6. Mary Rebecca, born at Scotland, Connecticut, September 19, 1840; she was finely educated and followed the profession of teaching until her marriage, December 5, 1867, to George Clary, M. D., son of Rev. Joseph Clary. Dr. Clary was a graduate of Dartmouth College, and Yale Medical School. He served as assistant surgeon of the Thirteenth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, in the civil war, and at the close of that conflict settled in New Britain, Connecticut, where he engaged in the practice of medicine; children: Eliza P., Mabel, George Bancroft and Harriet Dorrance.

(II) James Alexander, eldest child of Alexander and Mary Lucretia (Fox) Dorrance, was born at Woodstock, Connecticut, March 26, 1826, died in Troy, September 6, 1905. He was educated in the public schools, and in 1847 settled in Troy, New York, and was a clerk in that city for several years. On February 27, 1864, he began business for himself, opening a shoe store in Troy on that date that prospered and grew until it ranked as one of the largest and best of its kind in the city. He continued alone at the head of his business until 1881, when his son, William J., was admitted a partner, and the firm became J. A. Dorrance & Son. He was a devoted member of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church of Troy, which he served faithfully as member and official for over half a century. He did not take an active part in public affairs, his business, church and home claiming his greatest interest. He married, December 31, 1850, Eliza McBurney, of Troy, born in 1820, died July 12, 1909. Children, all born in Troy: 1. Mary E., September 22, 1852; married, June 16, 1875, George A. Huestis, of Troy, later of Kansas City, Missouri, where he died, leaving children, Eliza D. and Edna H. Huestis. 2. William James, see forward. 3. Frances, March 20, 1863. 4. Jessie A., October 20, 1872.

(III) William James, only son of James Alexander and Eliza (McBurney) Dorrance,

was born in Troy, New York, August 17, 1854. He was educated in the public schools of Troy, and when a young man entered the store of his father as clerk. In 1881 he became associated with him as partner and after his death became the responsible head of the business which he yet retains. He has been one of Troy's successful business men, and has served the city well in public office. From 1887 until 1893 he was a member of the school board, served for twenty years in the fire department, a member of Trojan Hook and Ladder Company No. 3, as election inspector, and in other city business he has always borne his part of public duty. He is a member of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, and in political preference is a Republican. His fraternal connection is with the Knights of Maccabees. He married, November 24, 1881, Mary A., daughter of James J. and Elizabeth (Hicks) Young, of Troy. Children: 1. Frank Young, born at Troy, August 27, 1882; was educated in the Troy public schools, entered Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, from which he was graduated, class of 1906. 2. Jessie Elizabeth, born at Troy, October 29, 1890; educated in Troy public schools, and is a graduate of North Adams, Massachusetts, Normal School.

John Sheldon, an inhabitant of Sheldon, of Providence, Rhode Island, was born in England, in 1730, died in 1708. He settled at Providence, where he was a tanner. He was deputy in 1702. He deeded his homestead, March 20, 1708, to his son Nehemiah on condition that he would maintain his father the remainder of his life. He married, in 1660, Joan Vincent, who died in 1708. Children: 1. Timothy, born March 29, 1661, died 1744; married Sarah, daughter of Alexander and Jane (Holbrook) Balcom; children: Martha, born May 5, 1687; Timothy, March 1, 1689; Samuel, January 29, 1691; Mary, August 1, 1693. 2. John, of further mention. 3. Mary, died April 28, 1735; married, January 12, 1688, Stephen, son of Stephen and Sarah (Smith) Arnold; children: Stephen; Philip, born February 12, 1693; Edward; Phoebe, born March 5, 1695; Sarah; Penelope, born 1701; Savana, born 1703. 4. Nicholas, died November 23, 1747; married Abbie Tillinghast, born March, 1674, daughter of Purden and Lydia (Taber) Tillinghast; children: Mary, Nicholas, Joseph, Abigail, Lydia. 5. Nehemiah, born 1672, died 1754; married Rachel Mann, born April 15, 1679, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Wheaton) Mann; children: Abraham, Philip; Mary, married, December 18, 1721, William Rhodes; Rachel, born 1705, married,

March 6, 1728. Pearnot Packer; Wealtherm, married, June 6, 1731, John Williams.

(II) John (2), son of John (1) and Joan (Vincent) Sheldon, was born in Rhode Island, died at Pawtucket, that colony, August 16, 1741. He was a tanner and cordwainer. He married and reared a family of eight children: 1. Roger, married Mercy ———. 2. John (3). 3. William, of further mention. 4. Edward. 5. Patience, married ——— Thornton. 6. Deliverance. 7. Ezekiel, married Joanna ———. 8. Sarah.

(III) William, son of John (2) Sheldon, was born in Pawtucket, Rhode Island, about 1710. He married Rebecca Rhodes, 1737. Children: 1. Deliverance, born 1740, married Nathan Jillson. 2. Robert, born 1741, married ——— Hill. 3. Roger, born 1745, was of Cumberland, Rhode Island. 4. William, born 1747, was of Cumberland, Rhode Island. 5. Benjamin, born 1750, settled at Unadilla, New York. 6. John, see forward. 7. Rebecca, born 1754, married John Phillips. 8. Susanna, married Nathan Jillson. 9. Anna, married ——— Potter, of Cranston, Rhode Island. 10. Mercy, married ——— Randall. 11. Daughter, married Ezra Day.

(IV) John (3), son of William and Rebecca (Rhodes) Sheldon, was born in Rhode Island, 1752. He settled in the northern part of Adams, Berkshire county, Massachusetts. He married Abigail Phillips, a descendant of John of Duxbury, 1638. They both lived to a great age, and are buried in North Adams, Massachusetts. Children: Elizabeth; Nathan, of further mention; Naomi, married Anthony Sheldon, of Adams, Massachusetts; Amasa; Roby, married Dyer Eaton; Salome, married ——— Harrington; John, Hezekiah, Daniel, Abigail, Patience, Ann. These cannot be given in the order of birth.

(V) Nathan, son of John (3) and Abigail (Phillips) Sheldon, was born in North Adams, Massachusetts, 1775, died January 29, 1862. He married Hannah ———, who died January 1, 1835, aged sixty years. Children: Lorenzo, see forward; Lucy, Electa and Mary.

(VI) Lorenzo, son of Nathan and Hannah Sheldon, was born at North Adams, Massachusetts, September 6, 1808, died there February 15, 1895. He married (first) Amarillis Wilbur, born in the same town, died at Adrian, Michigan. Married (second) Electa C. Parker, daughter of Oliver Parker, of North Adams, born March 20, 1821, died September 13, 1897. Children by first marriage: John and Mary. Children by second marriage: Charles Albert, see forward; Sylvia, died August, 1902; Iva; J. Warren; Lewis, drowned; John, born 1858, married Mollie

Claybel, had son Frank E.; Mary M., unmarried.

(VII) Charles Albert, son of Lorenzo and Amarillis (Wilbur) Sheldon, was born October 29, 1842, at Adrian, Michigan, died December 29, 1881. He married Eliza Mary Dunham, born May 21, 1846, at Savoy, Massachusetts. Children: 1. Charles, died in infancy. 2. Fred Charles, see forward. 3. Adelaide, married Frank Hartley Brown; children: Donald Sheldon, born August 24, 1904; Ramona Adelaide, born June 19, 1906; Margaret Elizabeth, born January 18, 1909. 4. Gertrude Eliza, married Fred E. Clark-son.

(VIII) Fred Charles, only son of Charles Albert and Eliza Mary (Dunham) Sheldon, was born at North Adams, Massachusetts, June 27, 1871. He was educated in the public schools, and as soon as his education was finished he began work in a shoe factory, working his way up to the position of foreman of a department. He then formed a partnership with Edward Pratt and represented the firm, carrying a line of shoes made by the Pratt factory. In 1900 he removed to Granville, Washington county, New York, where he purchased a slate quarry and began the manufacture of roofing slate and other slate products. He faced almost insurmountable obstacles, but with courage and perseverance overcame them all and became the largest single producer in the entire district. His interests are now merged in a single corporation, the Sheldon Slate Company, of which he is president. He has other business interests of importance. He is a director of the Farmers' National Bank of Granville, New York, and in civil affairs trustee of the village corporation. He attends and supports the Episcopal church, and is a Republican in politics. He married, February 8, 1899, Bertha Genevra, born August 21, 1877, daughter of Leonard C. and Hannah Eliza (Rogers) Thorne.

The Lipes family of Cobleskill, LIPES New York, while not long settled in that town are of a German ancestor that early settled in the country. The record deals largely with the present generation, Henry, father of Dr. M. D. Lipes, who was a resident of Kendallville, Indiana. He was born April 26, 1840; married Sylvia Barbour, born July 7, 1843. Children: 1. Estella, married (first) Clare Mesereau; children: i. Bessie, married Ward Crane, and has George, born September 7, 1907, and Ward (2) born August 15, 1908; ii. Genevieve; iii. Helen; Estella married (second) Harry Gifford. 2. Harry J., born in Chicago, Illinois,

December 29, 1871; a practicing physician of Albany, New York; married, January 22, 1897, Lulu Sagendorf, born November 4, 1870, daughter of Harmon Sagendorf, born July, 1840, married, December 19, 1868, Rachel Baumer, born May 12, 1850; Harmon was a son of George and Catherine Sagendorf; Rachel Baumer was a daughter of John and Maria (Kilmer) Baumer, and a granddaughter of George and Rachel (Stoneman) Baumer. Dr. Harry J. and Lulu Lipes has a daughter Caroline E., born November 14, 1898. 3. Myron D., of further mention. 4. Robert, a practicing physician; married Lillian Ford, and has Robert (2).

(II) Myron D., son of Henry and Sylvia (Barbour) Lipes, was born in Kendallville, Indiana. He was educated at Richfield Springs high school, graduating in 1894. He entered Syracuse University, taking the course in 1896-97, and finishing his studies there with a special course in medicine 1898-99. He was graduated M. D. from Baltimore Medical College, 1901. He first began practice at Howes Cave, New York, in 1901, where for two years he did a general practice in medicine and surgery. In 1903 he located in Cobleskill, New York, where he is now in general practice, well established and popular. For five years he has been coroner, is ex-president of the County Medical Society, and a member of the State Medical Association. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Cobleskill Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, T. L. Lewis Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Albany Council, Royal and Select Masters. He is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being a past grand, and is a Knight of Pythias. He married, August 28, 1901, Carrie Westfall, born August 22, 1873, daughter of Adam M., born June 8, 1846, and S. Esther (Bentley) Westfall, born March 28, 1851, granddaughter of John Andrew and Catherine (Miller) Westfall. Adam M. Westfall had two children, Carrie, wife of Dr. M. D. Lipes, and Floyd B., born October 6, 1875, married Alice May — and has a daughter Mildred, born May 8, 1907. Dr. Myron D. and Carrie Lipes have a son Henry, born September 8, 1902.

(VIII) John, son of Ambrose

WILTSIE (q. v.) and Magdalena (Miller) Wiltzie, was born on the old Wiltzie homestead in South Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, and died on his own farm in that town, July 26, 1863. He was an energetic farmer and capable man of business, ranking with the prosperous men of

his town. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed church, and a Republican in politics. He married, in Bethlehem, Hannah Hicks, of Dutchess county, daughter of one of the old families in that section. She was a devout church woman; her death preceded that of her husband. Children: Caleb; John; Ambrose, of further mention; Hannah; Margaret; Julia. Other children died in infancy; those mentioned grew to maturity and most of them married.

(IX) Ambrose, son of John and Hannah (Hicks) Wiltzie, was born in the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, near the South Bethlehem railroad station, in 1847, and died on his own farm in the same town April 2, 1867, at the age of twenty years and six months. He was a farmer, and possessed elements of character that promised a successful future when his life suddenly terminated. He was a member of the Methodist church, and married, in Bethlehem, Mary K. Shaffer, born in that town in 1847, who survives him and continues to reside on the farm left her by her first husband. She married (second) Henry Rupert, born in Germany, who came to the United States early in life and settled in South Bethlehem, where he died leaving: Walter, Israel, Anna, Catherine and Mamie. Ambrose and Mary K. (Shaffer) Wiltzie had two children: John A., of further mention; and George, born July, 1866, a carpenter and farmer of South Bend; married Ada Robertson, widow of Barnet Ten Eyck, child, Charles; by a second marriage he has Rupert, Pearl, Blanche and Florence. Mary K. (Shaffer) Wiltzie, is a daughter of George Shaffer, born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, in 1838. He was educated in the State Church government schools (Lutheran) and grew up a farmer. His brother Henry, who had previously emigrated to the United States, returned to his native town and by his persuasions induced George Shaffer to accompany him to the United States. Before leaving, Henry Shaffer married Mary Ringle, his brother George having married three years before her sister Margaret. They all came to the United States in 1845, landing in New York City, where George Shaffer remained. Henry and his wife continued their journey northward, finally settling in the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, New York. George Shaffer remained in New York City about one year, and then removed to the town of Ballston, Saratoga county, New York, where he remained until 1857, when he joined his brother in Bethlehem. Here he purchased a farm which he cultivated successfully until his death in February, 1902. His wife died

March 20, 1856. He was a Lutheran in religion and a Republican in politics. George and Mary (Ringle) Shaffer had: 1. Margaret, born in Germany in 1843, being two years of age when her parents came to the United States; married John Carkner, a farmer of Bethlehem, and has Richard, George and Eliza. 2. Mary K., born in Ballston, Saratoga county, New York, June 1, 1846, the first American-born child of her parents; she married (first) Ambrose Wiltzie, (second) Henry Rupert; both of whom she survives. 3. Maria, married Silvanus Misner; resides at Cedar Hills, New York, and has: Lester, Amanda, Lester (2). 4. Elizabeth, married (first) John Snyder, deceased, leaving children: Steven, Arthur, Catherine and Frederick. John Snyder was killed in the disastrous quarry explosion which brought sorrow and desolation into so many homes in that section. She married (second) Charles Mosher, and has a daughter, Nellie. 5. Catherine, married Elmer Brown, of Cedar Hills, New York.

Henry Shaffer, brother of George, was born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, in 1815, died on Thanksgiving Day in 1895, in Duanesburg, Schenectady county, New York. He came to the United States, spent two years in the city of Albany, and then returned to the land of his birth, where he married Mary, sister of Margaret Ringle, wife of George Shaffer, and all came to the United States together in 1845. Henry settled in the town of Bethlehem, where his wife died in 1853, leaving children: Elizabeth, John H., George H., Robert, the latter dying young. He married (second) Mary Beaneau, of Albany, who died in Duanesburg, September 7, 1910, aged eighty-seven years, leaving children: Henry, Anson, Charles, Catherine, Peter (deceased), and John.

(X) John A., son of Ambrose and Mary K. (Shaffer) Wiltzie, was born on his father's farm near South Bethlehem station, Albany county, New York, February 20, 1865. He was but an infant when his father died. He received a good education in the public schools, and was reared a farmer, which occupation he followed all his life. In 1890 he purchased a farm of one hundred and twenty acres in South Bethlehem, near his birthplace, which has ever since been his home and the scene of his activities. He has prospered in business and is a man highly respected in his community. He is a member of the Methodist church of South Bethlehem. He married, in Bethlehem, December 2, 1883, Minnie E. Ferrell, born in Summit, Schoharie county, New York, May 26, 1860, daughter of Ebenezer H.

and Emmeline A. (Boughton) Ferrell. Ebenezer Ferrell was born in Schoharie county in 1836, removed to Bethlehem, Albany county, where he died in 1872, son of Andrew and Emmeline (Hicks) Ferrell, of Dutchess county, New York. He resided in Schoharie county from the date of his marriage until 1866, when he removed to Bethlehem, where he died a few months afterward at the age of fifty-two years. They were both devoted members of the Methodist Episcopal church. His wife, Emmeline A. (Boughton) Ferrell, was born in Schoharie county, New York, May 14, 1838, died in Bethlehem, March 11, 1904, daughter of Henry and Rosanna (Rowland) Boughton, both born in Schoharie county, lived in Rensselaerville, Albany county, on the Schoharie line for many years, where he kept a hotel. Ebenezer H. and Emmeline A. (Boughton) Ferrell have two children: i. Minnie, married John A. Wiltzie; ii. Emmett, with W. Sandford Van Derzee, married Elizabeth Van Allen, of Bethlehem, and has J. Allen, born 1890, now a student in the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, and Margery, born 1897.

John A. and Minnie (Ferrell) Wiltzie have four children: 1. Mary K., born October 28, 1884; married Charles Baumes, educated in the State Normal College, formerly a teacher in the public schools, now employed in the clerical department of the General Electric Works at Schenectady. 2. Anna E., born December 23, 1886. 3. Roy, born July 14, 1888. 4. Edith M., born April 12, 1890. The family are all members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Peter Close was a manufacturer of scythes in the town of Mayfield, Fulton county, New York. CLOSE He married Mary A., daughter of Nathaniel and Cynthia (Wood) Brown. Nathaniel Brown was a prosperous farmer of Fulton county, a member of the Society of Friends, locally known as "Quaker" Brown. Children of Peter and Mary A. Close: 1. Abram B., of whom further. 2. Isaac, married Almada Huntley; children: George and Hewson. 3. Darwin, married Eunice Pierce; children: Peter, Sherman, Corey and Anna. 4. Cynthia, married George Potter, of the United States army; child, Mary. 5. Emily, married Henry Piper, removed to the west. 6. Delia, married James Kelly, of the United States army; child: James (2). 7. Erwin, married Jemima Laird; child, Frank. 8. Mary Etta, married Edward Stewart; child, Daniel. 9. Harriet, married Charles Childs; children: Clara, married Baltrus Dickson; Edward; Kate.

(II) Abram B., son of Peter and Mary A. (Brown) Close, was born in Mayfield, Fulton county, New York, September 16, 1827, died December 27, 1900. He received a good education and at the age of eighteen began to learn the art and trade of glovemaking. About 1851 he engaged in mercantile pursuits and for half a century was a merchant of Mayfield. His first partner was John Brown, later Amos Christie, the firm being Close & Christie. In 1869 they engaged in the manufacture of gloves and mittens and continued in successful operation until the death of Mr. Close. In 1887 their store was destroyed by fire, but was at once replaced with a large brick block accommodating store and factory. After the death of Mr. Close this block was sold to Eugene Heacock. He was a most successful business man and stood high in the commercial world. He was constantly in the service of the public. For thirty-three years he was postmaster of Mayfield, and for seventeen years justice of the peace and notary public. He was Republican in politics, always taking an active part. He was a member of the Society of Friends, his wife being a Methodist. He died very suddenly and was sincerely mourned. He married, January 5, 1852, Harriet, born December 3, 1828, daughter of John and Mary A. (Woodworth) Hollenbeck. She survives him, a resident of Mayfield. Children: 1. Mary A., born December 25, 1857, died October 9, 1894; married George M. Woodworth. 2. John P., born June 22, 1859; married Eliza Goode-mate; child, Mary Inez. 3. Hattie J., born August 5, 1862; married Alva O. Seeley; children: Beatrice and Wayne D.

Harriet (Hollenbeck) Close descends from Peter Hollenbeck, of Holland. The name is variously spelled Hallenbeck, Hollenbeck, Hellenbeck, etc. Peter was a shoemaker; married Alma Fonda and had an only son, John, who was a farmer, school teacher and notary public, transacting business for the entire community. His father, Peter, was a Presbyterian and many of the family were Friends. John was a Christian and lived an honorable, manly life but was not connected with any special denomination. He married Mary, daughter of Sela and Rebecca (Deenham) Woodworth. John and Mary Hollenbeck had four children: 1. John, married Hannah Brownell and had Horace and Frank, who survive, five being dead. 2. Mary Ann, married Orville Brown; children: Edward, Harriet, married Granville Baker, Sela, married Brown Hollenbeck, George. 3. Harriet, married Abram B. Close. 4. Sela, married Caroline Denny.

Sela Woodworth, maternal grandfather of Harriet (Hollenbeck) Close, came to Mayfield during the troublous Indian times during the revolution and took up land near the fort that stood on the present site of the Johnstown jail, seeking the shelter of the fort when danger threatened. His father was killed by Indians who shot him from ambush. Sela's wife, Rebecca, shared these dangers with him and on one occasion fled with her babe in arms to the sheltering forest, leaving the house which a band of Indians was approaching. They tried to fire the house but failed. Her father, Ebenezer, was killed by Indians while plowing in his fields. They cut off his head and fastened it to the horns of the oxen, who came home to be fed bearing their ghastly burden and the first news to the family that the father and husband was dead. But these times of danger passed and in quieter time Sela Woodworth reared his family. He was a good man as well as a brave one and became one of Mayfield's leading men. He donated the ground on which the Mayfield church is built, and there his granddaughter, Mrs. Close, has erected a tablet to his memory. Among her treasures is a clock owned by Sela that passed through the perilous times recorded. Mrs. Close has long since passed her allotted "three score years and ten" and is almost the last of her generation. She inherited the vigor, tenacity and brave spirit of her pioneer ancestors, who amid scenes of peril and death laid broad and deep the foundations for the prosperity that now surrounds her.

The first of the Keck family of KECK which there is record in Fulton county, New York, is George Keck, a farmer of the county. He married Catherine Coughnet and had twelve children: Catherine, George, John, Jacob, Martin, Elizabeth, Isaac (see forward), Peter, Joseph, Margaret, Mary Ann and Albert.

(II) Isaac, fourth son and seventh child of George and Catherine (Coughnet) Keck, was born in Johnstown, New York, May 15, 1814, and died there. He was reared on the farm and given a good common school education. He remained with his parents on the farm until arriving at man's estate. He then settled on a farm of his own near Keck's Center, Fulton county, where he lived the remainder of his days. He married, October 15, 1836, Eliza A. Burns, born February 13, 1818, died February, 1857, daughter of Wendell and Eliza Burns, of Montgomery county, New York, a descendant of the Burns family of Scotland, and related to the poet, Robert Burns. Children: 1. Timothy, born February

15. 1838 (q. v.). 2. George Henry, born September 3, 1839; married, February 3, 1860, Mary Jane Martin, born December 20, 1843, daughter of John and Catherine (Davis) Martin; she was one of a family of eleven children; they had one son, Addison Keck, born July 6, 1862, married Alberta Stoller, and has Dora G. Stoller, born March 13, 1891. 3. Leander, born October 2, 1841; married Nancy Bauder; children: Elsie, Margaret and Hiram Keck, who reside at Montgomery, Illinois. 4. Mary E. 5. Jeremiah, born November 9, 1845 (see forward). 6. Philip, born October 26, 1848 (see forward). 7. Melissa, born April 16, 1853; married, December 28, 1879, William H. Meserve, born January 27, 1847, at Cherryfield, Maine, died in Albany, New York, October 6, 1909. He was attending a preparatory school in Mathtias, Maine, fitting for college when the civil war broke out. Being unable to get parental permission, he left school secretly and went to Boston, Massachusetts, where he enlisted in 1862. He was connected with the signal corps, Department of the Gulf. After receiving an honorable discharge from the service he settled in New York state, where he engaged in teaching for several years, and for nine years was principal of Salmonville, New York, Union school, and brought that institution to a high state of efficiency. In 1883 he located in Johnstown, New York, where he engaged in the insurance business until 1895. In that year he was appointed inspector of the State Land Survey and took up his residence in Albany. In 1905 he retired from office on account of ill health, and died October 6, 1909, in that city. He was a son of William Meserve, of Cherryfield, Maine. Children of William H. and Melissa (Keck) Meserve: i. Lora, born August 16, 1881; educated in public schools of Johnstown, high school at Albany, and State Normal College; is now a teacher in Schenectady public schools. ii. Frank L., born June 12, 1887; educated in the common and high school at Albany; is connected with the drug firm of Walker and Gibson, of Albany. iii. Earl, born February 23, 1889; educated at Albany common and high schools; is a bookkeeper with Walker & Gibson. iv. William Keck, born August 22, 1890; died March 16, 1893. v. Alice Ethel, born July 3, 1893. vi. Harlan Burns, born October 19, 1894. Mrs. Melissa (Keck) Meserve survives her husband and retains the family home at No. 165 Lancaster street, Albany.

(III) Timothy, eldest son of Isaac and Eliza A. (Burns) Keck, was born on the Keck homestead farm near Keck's Center, town of

Johnstown, Fulton county, New York, February 15, 1838. He was educated in the public schools and grew up on the farm, where he remained as his father's valued assistant until 1863, when he assumed the sole charge and management. He was an early volunteer in answer to President Lincoln's third call for men, but owing to some slight physical defect his services were not accepted. He continued on the farm until 1874, when he located in Johnstown and began the manufacture of heavy gloves of sheep and buckskin. For a time he was his own traveling salesman, going on the road and disposing of his factory product. In the first years in business he was associated with the firm of Keck & Dudley. Later Mr. Van Alstyne succeeded Mr. Dudley, as Van Alstyne & Keck, and later the firm became Timothy Keck & Son, so continuing until 1907, when Mr. Keck, Sr., retired from active business, which was continued by his son William T. Keck until the factory was destroyed by fire in the spring of 1910. Mr. Keck was an energetic, capable man of business and stands high in the regard of his community. Politically he is a Republican, and is a member of the Lutheran church. He married, November 20, 1862, Charlotte, third daughter of Philip and Elizabeth Martin. Children: i. Elizabeth A., born April 4, 1865; married Ferdinand Fisher of Johnstown and has children: i. Charlotte E., who died in infancy. ii. Victoria, born in 1893. iii. Myrtle, born July 3, 1906. 2. William T., born July 15, 1869; educated in Albany and common schools; he associated with his father in glove manufacturing until the fire of 1910; he married, July 11, 1890, Charlotte May Anthony, fourth daughter of Martin J. and Elizabeth M. Shear; children: i. Elsie May, died in infancy. ii. Lillian Beatrice, born February, 1893. iii. Theresa E., February, 1896. iv. Viola M., May, 1899.

(III) Judge Jeremiah Keck, son of Isaac and Eliza Ann (Burns) Keck, was born near Keck's Center, town of Johnstown, Fulton county, New York, November 9, 1845. He attended the public schools of his town, and worked with his father on the farm until he was sixteen years of age. The civil war then broke out and he was among the first to volunteer for service. He enlisted in Company C, Seventy-seventh Regiment New York Volunteer Infantry, and with his regiment served at Yorktown, Malvern Hill, Gaines Mills and Fair Oaks, in the Peninsula campaign of the Army of the Potomac, then under command of General George B. McClellan. He was stricken with a fever which so disabled him that he was honorably discharged. He re-

turned to Johnstown and began studies preparatory to the profession of law, which he had decided to follow. He attended Clinton Liberal Institute and Whitetown Seminary. After completing his preparatory studies he read law with Judge John Wells and James M. Dudley, entering their offices for that purpose in April, 1868. Having passed a successful examination he was admitted to the bar at the general term of the supreme court held at Schenectady, April 8, 1869. He was at once admitted to a partnership with his preceptors, becoming junior member of the law firm of Wells, Dudley & Keck. This firm continued in successful practice until the dissolution in 1877. He then entered into a partnership with his brother, and as J. & P. Keck transacted a successful legal business until 1883. He was elected district attorney of the county in 1874, and re-elected in 1877. In 1883 he was elected county judge and surrogate, and held those offices for eighteen years, until such offices were separated a little over nine years ago. He has held the office of surrogate ever since, with an unexpired term of three years to serve.

While prominent as a lawyer and successful in private practice, Judge Keck is best known in his public capacities as district attorney, county judge and surrogate, covering a public service of nearly thirty-six years. During this long term of service he has been many times before the voters of Fulton county as their candidate, and rarely had opposition from the opposing party. His nominations have nearly always been made by acclamation and re-election without opposition—a tribute rarely paid to any man. During his professional career he has been connected with most of the important litigation of the county, both civil and criminal. He has always been known as an able, upright and conscientious lawyer, taking rank with the ablest members of the Fulton county bar. As judge and surrogate he has been fair and impartial, rapidly transacting the business before him, ruling with such accuracy and fairness that there have been very few reversals of his decisions when reviewed by the higher courts. He is held in high esteem by his brethren of the profession as a jurist, and by the people generally as a good friend and neighbor. He has always been a student, and has a fine law library, including law works issued in London over two and a half centuries ago.

Judge Keck is known as a forcible speaker before a jury and in the argument of causes, and of very pleasing address on subjects outside of his professional work. When a young man he constantly received flattering press no-

tices in their reports of Memorial Day addresses and other occasions of patriotic commemoration. In 1889 he delivered a brief address at the dedication of a monument to his old regiment at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, which though impromptu was widely reported and greatly admired, and will be found in the work entitled "New York at Gettysburg" recently issued by the state of New York. This address shows his readiness and ability to speak without previous preparation. He said:

"Nothing new can be said and nothing new can be sought, for the greatness of the struggle and the grandeur of the victory are more appreciated as they are more studied and better understood. And so it will be while patriotism dwells in the hearts of the American people. What was done here was not done for that day and time, but for all days and for all times. When the martyred Lincoln here expressed the hope that the result of the great conflict might be 'that government of the people, by the people, and for the people, shall not perish from the earth,' the dark clouds of war rolled over and enshrouded the land. That hope has been triumphantly fulfilled. Not only has this government been established, but before the eyes of all other nations has a grand proof been given of the permanence of free institutions and the power of an intelligent and devoted people to maintain the stability of their country in times of the greatest trial. Times of trial and danger may come upon the nation, very different from those we commemorate and yet very great, and when those times do come we believe it is not in vain to hope that the memory of this struggle will encourage and animate the hearts of her citizens to maintain that union which has been purchased with so much blood. We felt that our country was at stake, but the nations of the civilized world felt that something still greater was imperilled—the principle that a Republic could by the devotion of her citizens save her national life in the greatest struggle that has as yet been recorded in the history of the world. We, my comrades, who have done what we could, here in the time of our country's need, now do this, as the last permanent thing that we can do, for we shall soon pass away to join our comrades and our names will be forgotten, but the work we have done will live for us, and this monument will speak for us to the generations to come, and tell where the Bemis Heights battalion stood, in this harvest field of death."

His paper on the life of Sir William Johnston, prepared for and read before the State Historical Association in 1903, and afterwards published in its records, and his recent address on behalf of the members of the Grand Army of the Republic at the dedication of the Soldiers' Monument of Johnstown, October 5, 1910, in the presentation of such monument to the city, have been regarded as worthy of the occasions.

For fourteen years Judge Keck has been and still is a member of the executive committee of the State Bar Association, and also a member of the committee of that body on the selection of candidates for judicial offices.

For nineteen years he was commander of Martin McMartin Post, No. 257, Grand Army of the Republic, of Johnstown, and is still an interested member. He is prominent in the Masonic order, belonging to St. Patrick's Lodge, No. 4, Free and Accepted Masons; Johnstown Chapter, No. 78, Royal Arch Masons; Holy Cross Commandery, No. 52, Knights Templar. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Politically he has always been a Republican. His first presidential vote was cast for General Grant in 1868. His friends are not confined to his party associates, but are numerous and steadfast, regardless of party affiliation.

Judge Keck married (first) in June, 1874, Jennie A., daughter of Thompson P. Kibbie, a connection of the old de Fon Claire family of Johnstown, New York. She bore him a daughter, Flore de Fon Claire. He married (second) in November, 1890, Sara R., daughter of Joseph Riggs, of Detroit, Michigan.

(III) Philip, fifth son and sixth child of Isaac and Eliza Ann (Burns) Keck, was born in Johnstown, Fulton county, New York, October 26, 1848. He was educated in the public schools, Clinton Liberal Institute, Whitestown Seminary, and attended Hamilton College two years. Leaving college in 1873, he began the study of law with Wells, Dudley & Keck of Johnstown, following this preparation by a course at Albany Law School, where he was graduated LL.B., class of 1876. In 1877 he associated with his brother Jeremiah (afterward Judge Keck), continuing as J. & P. Keck in a general legal practice until 1884, when they separated. Until 1890 Philip Keck conducted his business alone, but it became of such magnitude that in that year he admitted Clarence W. Smith as partner in Keck & Smith, a partnership that existed until it was dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Keck has achieved an enviable success in his profession. He prepares his cases carefully, and presents them to judges and juries in a logical and impressive manner. He is learned and skillful in the law, painstaking and persevering in his clients' interests, and scrupulous in his integrity. He has always been a supporter of the Republican party; was deputy collector of revenue in 1882-83-84, and represented his district in the state legislature in 1893. He has always taken a deep interest in city, county and state politics and all matters pertaining to civic betterment. He is a prominent member of the Masonic order, being affiliated with St. Patrick Lodge, No. 4, F. and A. M.; Johnstown Chapter, No. 78, R. A. M.; Johnstown Council, No. 51, R. and S. M.; Holy Cross Commandery, K. T.; and

Albany Consistory, A. A. S. R., where he has attained the thirty-second degree, and Cyprus Temple (Mystic Shrine). He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and of the Lotus and Colonial clubs. He married, October 8, 1879, Florence M. Mitchell, daughter of Jacob and Elizabeth (Spraker) Mitchell, of Montgomery county. They have one child, Phillip Mitchell, born May 14, 1898.

(II) Abraham Janse, son of Jan Martense (q. v.) and Dirckje

Harmense Van Alstyne, owned and cultivated the homestead farm at Kinderhook, deeded him by his father. This land, as well as the deeds of conveyance, have ever since been in the possession of his descendants. The name of his first wife is not recorded. He married (second) January 17, 1694, Maritje Van Deusen. Children: 1. Janneke, born March 15, 1685. 2. Jan, born May 22, 1687; buried September 27, 1738; married Elizabeth ———. 3. Jacob, born September 8, 1689, see forward. 4. Johannes, born August 26, 1694. 5. Matthew, born June 14, 1696. 6. Dirckje, born December 4, 1698. 7. Sander, born January 5, 1701. 8. Abraham, born August 15, 1703. 9. Lena, born November 18, 1705. 10. Isaac, born January 28, 1708; buried July 6, 1746; married Maritje Van den Bergh, January 23, 1728. 11. Dirckje, born April 30, 1710. 12. Catryntje, born October 12, 1713. 13. Jacobus, born April 21, 1717. 14. Marten, born May 3, 1719.

(III) Jacob, son of Abraham Janse and Maritje (Van Deusen) Van Alstyne, was born at Kinderhook, New York, September 8, 1689. He was buried November 4, 1730. He married, October 10, 1722, Pietertje Van Iveren (alias of Myndertse), born August 22, 1703, daughter of Myndert and Saartje (Bratt) Van Iveren. Children: 1. Jannetje, born November 22, 1723. 2. Reynier, born April 4, 1725, see forward. 3. Sara, born June 4, 1727. 4. Maria, born July 27, 1729.

(IV) Reynier or (Reinier), son of Jacob and Pietertje (Van Iveren) Van Alstyne, was born at Kinderhook, New York, April 4, 1725. He settled near Blooming Grove, town of North Greenbush, Rensselaer county, which he bought from the Rensselaers in 1794. He married, November 5, 1748, Cornelia Van den Bergh, born May 24, 1724, daughter of Mathias and Cathalyne (Van Deusen) Van den Bergh. Children: 1. Jacob, born May 28, 1750. 2. Catalyntje, born March 17, 1751. 3. Matthew, born June 3, 1753, see forward. 4. Pietertje, born August 31, 1760.

(V) Mathys (Matthew), son of Reynier

(Reinier) and Cornelia (Van den Bergh) Van Alstyne, was born June 3, 1753. Served in the revolution as a member of Tryon county, first regiment, militia (Land Bounty Rights). He married, March 31, 1782, Rachel De Forest, born March 23, 1764, daughter of Marten and Tanneke (Winne) De Forest, a descendant of the early De Forest family of Harlem and New Amsterdam. Matthew Van Alstyne located in the town of North Greenbush, Rensselaer county, on the homestead farm purchased in 1794. Children: 1. Marten, see forward. 2. Cornelia, born February 3, 1788. 3. Reinier, had the old farm. 4. Peter, lived a mile north. He also had three other daughters.

(VI) Marten, son of Matthew and Rachel (De Forest) Van Alstyne, was born July 19, 1784, died March 23, 1849. He resided in the village of Bath, in North Greenbush, Rensselaer county, New York, where he owned a farm. He also had a scow ferry across the Hudson which he operated in connection with Jeremiah Clark. He married and left three children, Matthew M., Eliza J., married A. T. Lansing, and Edward M. Marten, the father, enlisted in the war of 1812, but his company was not called into active service.

(VII) Matthew (2), son of Marten Van Alstyne, was born in Bath, Rensselaer county, New York, in 1810. He married and had issue, including a son Reinier.

(VIII) Reinier (2), son of Matthew (2) Van Alstyne, was born about 1840. He lived in the village of Bath, Rensselaer county, New York, where he was engaged in business. He married Alice Catherine, daughter of Edwin and Catherine (Whitbeck) Brownall. Child, Matthew, of further mention.

(IX) Matthew (3), son of Reinier (2) and Alice Catherine (Brownall) Van Alstyne, was born at Bath-on-the-Hudson (Rensselaer), New York, October 9, 1870. He was educated at Troy Academy, finishing his studies at Albany high school. He at once entered upon an active business, that has continued without interruption, with the Albany Belting & Supply Company. He entered the employ of that company in a minor position; served well through various promotions until 1910, when he was elected president of the company. He is an energetic, capable man of business and has fairly earned the important position he occupies. He is an attendant of the First Dutch Reformed Church of Albany, and in political preference a Democrat. His clubs are the Fort Orange and Albany County. He married, at Albany, Adalain Yerks, born in that city, January 1, 1874, daughter of

George Wilbur and Adalain (Benjamin) Yerks, of Albany. George W. Yerks was born at Unionville, Westchester county, New York, February 4, 1843, died at Albany, August 9, 1903; son of William H. and Mary A. (Clark) Yerks. Mary A. was a daughter of Amos and ——— (Van Warts) Clark. Through both Clark and Van Warts lines she was of splendid revolutionary stock. George W. Yerks was educated at Claverack Academy and Fort Edward Collegiate Institute. After graduation he entered the employ of the United States government. He came to Albany and established in the fancy grocery business on Broadway, under the firm name of Benjamin & Yerks, and in 1877 became sole proprietor. In 1878 he admitted a partner under the firm name of George W. Yerks & Company. He held offices of honor and trust in the city; was trustee of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church and a member of the Fort Orange Club. He died August 9, 1902, expiring as he was leaving the Fort Orange Club. He married, in 1868, Adalain (or Adeline), daughter of George W. Benjamin. Adalain Yerks was educated at Albany Female Academy and is a member of the Albany Country Club and the Sesame Reading Club. Child of Matthew and Adalain (Yerks) Van Alstyne: Wilbur Yerks, born in Albany, December 14, 1904.

The first record of the
BIRDSALL Birdsalls in America is of Nathan Birdsall, who in 1657 lived near the north end of East Hampton, Long Island. In 1666 he purchased five acres of land at Matinecock, Long Island, of Mark Meggs, and in 1667-68 made further purchases of the Indians. In 1678, in company with Captain John Underhill, Matthew Pryor, James Cook and John Peaks, he formed the settlement at Killingworth, Oyster Bay, Long Island. In 1679 he purchased a tract at Jerusalem (Little Britain), and in 1679 land at Jerusalem called Birdsall's Swamp. He died 1696. He married, between 1640 and 1650, Temperance Baldwin at New Haven, Connecticut, daughter of Richard Baldwin and granddaughter of Sylvester Baldwin, who died in 1638 while coming to America with his wife, Sarah (Ryan) Baldwin, and his family. From Oyster Bay the family spread to other parts of New York state, being prominent in Westchester, Orange and Yates counties. The Steuben county branch settled at the village of Hammondsport at the head of Lake Keuka in the town of Urbana, where William Birdsall, grandfather of Rev. Paul Birdsall, of Albany, died,

aged forty years. He was twice married, having issue by both wives. His second wife was Maria Theresa Trotwood. Children by second wife: John, Elias, of further mention, Hugh, Norman and another.

(II) Rev. Elias Birdsall, son of William and Maria Theresa (Trotwood) Birdsall, was born at Hammondsport, New York, February 21, 1830, died November 4, 1890. He was early called to the ministry, for which he prepared at Nashotah School of Divinity in Wisconsin, where he was graduated Bachelor of Divinity in 1857. In 1889 his alma mater conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. He was ordained deacon by Bishop Uphold, of Indiana, in the same year. He began his ministerial career at Elkhart and Mishawaka, Indiana, and in 1858 was ordained to the priesthood of the Protestant Episcopal church by Bishop Uphold. His first call was from St. Paul's, Evansville, Indiana, where he remained from 1861 to 1865. During this period he was sent as a delegate to the general convocation of his church, then meeting in New York. In 1865 he accepted a call from St. Athanasius' Church at Los Angeles, being the first settled rector in southern California. He later became assistant to Dr. Wyatt at Trinity Episcopal Church, San Francisco, from whence he accepted a call to St. John's Church at Stockton, California, where he served as rector three different terms, leaving on account of ill health each time, and accepting two recalls. During this period he again served as assistant to Dr. Wyatt, president of the standing committee of the diocese of California, then returning to St. John's. In 1880 he was called back to St. Athanasius' at Los Angeles, then became rector of a new church in that city, St. Paul's. This was his last charge. In 1889 he removed to Glendale, California, where he died in 1890. His work in southern California was most useful and lasting; through his efforts several parishes of the Episcopal church were established and great good accomplished. He was highly honored in the ministry and was often sent as delegate to the general convocations of the church. He married Cornelia Bennett, born at New Berlin, Otsego county, New York, September 7, 1834, who survives him, a resident of New York City.

(III) Rev. Paul Birdsall, son of Rev. Elias and Cornelia (Bennett) Birdsall, was born at Evansville, Indiana, June 4, 1862. He attended Trinity School and the public school of San Francisco, California. In 1882 he matriculated at Trinity College, Hartford, Connecticut, whence he was graduated A.B., class of 1886. He prepared for the priest-

hood at Berkeley School of Divinity, Middletown, Connecticut, where he was graduated in June, 1890. In 1886 Trinity College conferred upon him the degree of Bachelor of Arts and in 1889 Master of Arts. He was ordained deacon, June 4, 1890, in Holy Trinity Church, Middletown, Connecticut, by the Right Rev. Dr. John Williams, bishop of Connecticut, and to the priesthood of the Protestant Episcopal church, May 18, 1891, in St. Thomas' Church, New Haven, Connecticut, by the same bishop. During 1890 and 1891 was deacon in St. Paul's Church, New Haven, Connecticut, and from 1891 to 1893 was rector of the Church of the Ascension in the same city. From 1893 to 1894 he was curate of St. John's Parish, Washington, D. C., in charge of St. Mary's Church. From 1894 to 1899 he was curate of St. Peter's Church, Albany, and in the latter year became rector of Grace Church, of that city. June 11, 1891, Rev. Paul Birdsall married Eliza Gerry, daughter of the late Dr. George J. Townsend, of South Natick, Massachusetts. Children: Townsend, Jean and Paul.

Walter Hendrick Hanson was
HANSON born at Saratoga Springs,
New York, August 21, 1866.
He was educated in the public schools of Fairview, Saratoga Springs district schools, and at Philip's Academy, Exeter, New Hampshire. He was engaged in business at Albany, New York, but always has maintained a Saratoga residence, and was trustee of the village corporation, 1894-96. Mr. Hanson has for many years been engaged in business in New York, being connected with the stock exchange houses of Henry Allen & Company, Bell & Company, and C. H. DeWitt & Company, all of New York City. He was a member of the Albany Burgess Corps with the rank of lieutenant, 1894-97, resigning in the latter named year. He is prominent in the Masonic order, belonging to Lodge, Chapter, and Commandery of the York Rite, and is a thirty-second degree Mason of the Scottish Rite, and a Noble of the Mystic Shrine. He married, June 21, 1889, Annie Gardner, daughter of Daniel S. Lathrop, of Albany. Child, Walter Lathrop Hanson, born January 28, 1891, graduate of Chester Military Academy, Chester, Pennsylvania. Mr. Hanson resides at No. 474 Washington avenue, Brooklyn, New York.

The family name of Peltz is
PELTZ derived from the German, and
signifies hides, pelts or skins of
animals, and was originally applied to a hunter

or else one who dealt in these. For the first one hundred years in Albany, at the time when the place was known as Beaverwyck, Fort Orange and Rensselaerwyck, the chief men of the colony were engaged in the hunting and traffic of beaver and other skins, and by this means made their fortunes which entitled them to be classed among the wealthy and most respected merchants or burghers of the settlement in the wilderness. So prominent was the trade that the skins of any number of animals passed current as money, and the ancient trading-books of some of these old burghers show that they kept their accounts in a peculiar, pictorial fashion, to be understood by the Indians with whom they dealt, and in them the column of figures gave way to lines of rude sketches of various skins, for each variety had its special value.

The progenitor of the Peltz family in America was John Peltz, who came to this country from Hesse, in Germany, and settled first in Philadelphia. He had had his own convictions in the other country about affairs of that period, and to stand by these and not be enrolled in the army in opposition to his principles, he was forced to locate elsewhere, hence he selected this country as a refuge, as had hundreds of others who sought relief from religious persecutions abroad. He was born May 19, 1714, died November 19, 1791. He married, while in Germany, Gertrude Grau. She was born in that country, 1717, died in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 27, 1787. They had among those of their small family a son named Philip.

(II) Philip, son of John and Gertrude (Grau) Peltz, was born August 10, 1762, died at Philadelphia, February 25, 1846. He resided most of his life in that city, and accumulated a fortune of good proportions. It was he who inaugurated the Peltz Family Bible, which was owned in 1911 by William L. Learned Peltz, of Albany, New York. He married (first) Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, February 3, 1789, Rebecca Brown, born January 2, 1770, died at Philadelphia, January 18, 1830. He married (second) September 24, 1833, Elizabeth Scheiner, who died April 6, 1838. Children: 1. John, born November 21, 1789, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (where all the children were born), died there May 17, 1790. 2. Philip, June 1, 1791, died in Philadelphia, April 26, 1793. 3. William, September 2, 1792, died February 2, 1826; married, November 4, 1813, Elizabeth Lyle. 4. Elizabeth, March 29, 1794, died February 7, 1836; married, June 3, 1816, George Marquert. 5. Richard, see forward. 6. John, April 1, 1797, died April 16, 1797. 7. Re-

becca, February 21, 1798, died at Philadelphia, February 16, 1830; married, October 16, 1817, Dr. Henry Klapp. 8. Mary, January, 1800; married, August 15, 1816, Samuel Eskel.

(III) Richard, son of Philip and Rebecca (Brown) Peltz, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 1, 1795, died there February 25, 1847. He married, in Philadelphia, February 8, 1816, Sarah Lentz, born May 3, 1797, died in Philadelphia, September 15, 1846. Children: 1. John, died February 16, 1876; married Mary Young. 2. Rebecca, died September, 1904; married Joseph Anthony. 3. Philip, see forward. 4. Sarah, died in 1892, unmarried. 5. Gertrude, married Samuel Stringfellow. 6. Richard, born July 11, 1832; married Annie Stevens. 7. Samuel, married Margaret Shelly. 8. Elizabeth, died at Coeymans, New York, married Theodore Robb, of that place. 9. William, married Elizabeth Cole.

(IV) Philip, son of Richard and Sarah (Lentz) Peltz, was born in Philadelphia, December 16, 1823, died in Coeymans, New York, June 26, 1883. He was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania. His parents dying when the children were young, he looked after the welfare of his brothers and sisters. He was a minister of the Dutch Reformed church, and officiated first at Coeymans, then at New Paltz, also at Paterson, New Jersey, and other places. He became secretary of the board of missions. Ill health, before reaching advanced age, caused him to retire from active engagements, and he returned to his Coeymans home, where he lived an estimable life for the remainder of his days. He married (first) at Philadelphia, Annie Sailor. He married (second) at Albany, March 17, 1852, Mary De Witt. She was born in Albany, February 19, 1819, died there January 15, 1903. She had married previously Stephen Van Dyck, in 1843, who died in 1846, leaving two children, Abraham, who died aged fifteen months, and Sarah, who died the day of her birth. She was the daughter of Rev. John and Sarah (Schoonmaker) De Witt.

Rev. John De Witt was born December 15, 1788, died at Albany, October 11, 1831, and was the son of John I. and Mary (Breestede) De Witt. He was a man of varied scholarly attainments and of versatile talents. It is said that he was acquainted with nine languages, among them Hebrew and Arabic. He was graduated at Rutgers College, New Brunswick, New Jersey, and at the New Brunswick Theological Seminary. He was much devoted to botany and had considerable

musical talent. He was an eloquent public speaker; was of fine personal appearance, somewhat over medium height, and had a remarkably handsome head and face, as may be seen from his portrait, the original of which, painted in oil, is in Rutgers College. He had a cheerful temperament, high spirits and genial social qualities. It is a tradition in the family that his father had intended that he should be a lawyer, but he himself felt his vocation to be the ministry. In 1814 he accepted a call to the pastorate of the Reformed Dutch church of Albany, which was then what was styled a "Collegiate Church," a system, in accordance with the custom in the larger cities in the United Netherlands, of having under one organization two or more church buildings with as many pastors as there were houses of worship, they officiating alternately in the different church buildings. The Albany church was, in the early part of the nineteenth century, the most important in the denomination outside the city of New York, as Albany was the city of second size and importance in the state. There were, in 1814, two houses of worship belonging to the Albany Collegiate Church, one on the west side of North Pearl street, corner of Orange, finished in 1798, and the other on a large lot extending from Hudson avenue to Beaver street, east of Pearl street, completed in 1810. The latter edifice was an imitation of the Church of St. Martin's-in-the-Field, London, designed by Sir Christopher Wren, and was regarded (razed about 1890) as a fine example of church architecture. When Rev. John De Witt became pastor in 1814, the Rev. John M. Bradford, D.D., was his colleague. In 1815 the collegiate form of pastorate was discontinued, a new corporation was formed for the more southerly church, and the landed property of the old corporation, which was considerable, was divided into two equal parts, each of the church organizations taking one part. It was determined by lot which of the two pastors should take the north and which the south church, and the result was that John De Witt became the first sole pastor of the South Church, then so called, and Dr. Bradford sole pastor of the North Church. On account of the population moving westerly, a new edifice was erected on Madison avenue, to which the congregation removed in 1881, and the old building sold for mercantile purposes. In the interior of the new church was erected a marble tablet to his memory and also one in the Dutch Church of New Brunswick, where he was buried, the latter reading: "To the Memory of the Rev. John De Witt, D.D., Professor of Sacred

Literature and Biblical Criticism in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Dutch Church, and of Logic and Belles Lettres in Rutgers College, who, after discharging the duties of a Christian Pastor with much zeal and success, during several years at Albany, entered September, 1823, upon his Professional Labour, which he executed with distinguished ability, and died Oct. 11, A.D. 1831, aged 41 years and 10 months. This monument, erected by the general synod of the Reformed Dutch church, is designed to express their high regard for the Deceased. Ah! nimum citus decessit." His wife, Sarah Schoonmaker, was the daughter of Tjerck Schoonmaker and Jane Breestede (or Braisted), the latter a daughter of Peter Breestede. His second wife, Anna Marcia Bridgen, born October 10, 1796, died at Albany, April 12, 1843, daughter of Charles and Maria (Ten Eyck) Bridgen.

The father of Rev. John De Witt was John I. De Witt, born May 13, 1760, died February 19, 1816; lived at Saugerties, New York, where he owned property, which was the site of the Exchange Hotel in 1910, and he married, July 6, 1782, Mary Breestede, born May 9, 1766, died October 18, 1853, daughter of Peter and Sarah (Mynderse) Breestede. Regarding him, Simeon P. De Witt writes: "I can well remember his features. He had the most commanding and noblest physiognomy of any De Witt I have ever seen,—when once seen, never to be forgotten. He was a very intellectual man; owned a sloop which he used in the transportation business on the Hudson River; made money rapidly, and at last sold his sloop, and purchased property, mills and farms at Catskill, N. Y. This was of course before the era of steamboats." John I. De Witt's father was Captain John Lucas De Witt, born April 18, 1731, died May 27, 1803; married, May 13, 1758, Anna Maria De Witt, born March 8, 1730, died July 1, 1814, daughter of Peek and Maria (Dunges) De Witt, whose name was otherwise written Teunis and also Deunies, and was the widow of Jacob De Moot. John L. De Witt was called "Captain" and was captain of a military company during the revolution, which served for the special purpose of protection of the Kingston district, of whom his grandson, Simeon P. De Witt, writes: "He became conspicuous as a captain of infantry under Colonel Pawling in the Northern Division of the American Army in the war of '76. At the death of his colonel, he acted in that capacity through the war, at the taking of Burgoyne at Schuylerville and Cornwallis at Yorktown, and in many other bloody battles."

Captain John Lucas De Witt's father was Lucas De Witt, who was baptized September 5, 1703; married, January 17, 1729, Catrina Roosa, baptized February 16, 1709, daughter of Evert and Tietje (Van Etten) Roosa. Lucas De Witt's father was Lucas De Witt, who married, December 23, 1695, Antje De Iva, daughter of Anthony and Jannetje (Hillebrants) De Iva (or Delva). This Lucas De Witt was the son of Tjerck De Witt, the progenitor of the family in America, who was born in Holland, died February 17, 1700; married, April 24, 1656, Barbara Andriese.

Philip and Mary (De Witt) Peltz had issue: 1. John De Witt, born, Coxsackie, New York, June 26, 1853; died at Albany, New York, May 7, 1904 (see forward). 2. Sarah, born, Coxsackie, June 26, 1853 (twin); died at Coeymans in 1883, unmarried. 3. Richard, born September 19, 1857; died at Pater-son, New Jersey, July 23, 1859.

(V) John De Witt, son of Philip (q. v.) and Mary (De Witt) Peltz, was born in Coxsackie, New York, June 26, 1853, died at his home, No. 323 State street, Albany, New York, May 7, 1904. He passed his boyhood and received the rudiments of early education in New Paltz, New York, where his father was pastor. After that he entered Rutgers College, from which institution he graduated in 1875, and, engaging in the study of law, graduated from the Albany Law School in 1876. He studied law in the office of De Witt & Spoor, a then famous law firm in Albany. On account of the ill health of his wife, he removed to Colorado Springs, where he engaged in practice and became the city attorney and leading corporation counsel. His wife died in 1888, but he remained there until the fall of 1890, when he returned to Albany, and resided there until his death. He enjoyed a very extensive law practice, with offices in the Volckert Building on State street. He was a member of the State Bar Association and the second vice-president of the Albany County Bar Association. He was vestryman of St. Peter's Episcopal Church; trustee of the Albany Rural Cemetery Association and of the Union Trust Company; first vice-president of the Albany Exchange Savings Bank; director of the Albany Insurance Company; trustee of Rutgers College, and a member of the Fort Orange Club of Albany and of the University Club of New York City. He was a progressive and patriotic citizen, a good lawyer, kind and affectionate husband and father, a true and sincere friend. The announcement of his death was made that morning at a special term before Justice D. Cady Herrick, by Hon. Simon W. Rosendale,

and a large number of the members of the bar were present. After remarks by Justice Herrick, Mr. Rosendale and Corporation Counsel Arthur L. Andrews, all of whom spoke feelingly of the loss sustained by the Albany bar, court was adjourned out of respect to the memory of Mr. Peltz.

He was vice-president of Philip Livingston Chapter, Sons of the Revolution, which placed on its records a minute expressive of the sad loss to that body by his death, stating that he was an excellent citizen, one whom the people had frequently desired to run for the office of mayor of Albany, one who could well be proud of his ancestry as well as of his own clean record; who did always what was for the best in life; liberal in culture, a gentleman in his treatment of others and a lawyer the equal of any in his city. The Albany Insurance Company recorded its estimate of him as "an upright citizen, loyal friend in perfection of manhood," and that "truth and honor lived in him, for he was just, honorable, courageous, gentle and yet strong." The board of the Union Trust Company spoke of him as a faithful director, showing pronounced interest in that institution's welfare. The directors of the National Commercial Bank resolved: "For many years a member of the executive committee, no one was more faithful in attendance, more willing to apply his labors and influence in its behalf. His record in this city is one worthy of emulation and his life's history may well stand as an encouraging example to the young men of this day and generation. Depending upon his own efforts and exertions, he was a generous and helpful friend, responding to the great confidence placed in him, and was at the head of our largest business concerns."

John De Witt Peltz married (first) at Albany, New York, April 16, 1881, Mary Marvin Learned, born at Albany, April 16, 1856, died at Colorado Springs, Colorado, November 23, 1888, daughter of Judge William Law and Phoebe Rowland (Marvin) Learned. Children: 1. William Law Learned, born at Albany, graduated from Albany Academy and Yale, 1904; married, at Albany, April 29, 1907, Katharine, daughter of Dr. Edward Reynolds Hun, and had Caroline, who was born at Albany, and William Learned, who was born at Albany. 2. Philip, born at Albany, April 20, 1884, died there, May 26, 1892. John De Witt Peltz married (second) at Albany, New York, April 5, 1894, Catharine Barnard Walsh, born in Albany, daughter of Augustus Henry and Laura Spencer Walsh. Children: 3. John De Witt, born in Albany and residing there in 1911. 4. Cathar-

ine Walsh, born in Albany and also residing there in 1911.

(The Walsh Line)

Dudley Walsh was the progenitor of this family in America. He was born in Dublin in 1756, and came to this country soon after the revolution, settling in Albany, New York, where he was a general merchant, and died there May 24, 1816. He formed the firm of Walsh & Staats, which dealt in domestic products, imported articles and landed property. Transportation in this state was in a very primitive condition in those days, large wagons and sloops being used instead of steamboats and rail lines. Their business grew rapidly, and becoming extensive, his brother Charles joined him, but died after a few years' residence. His sister Alice, who lived near Dublin, died unmarried, and another sister married an officer in the British army, named Palmer, who was killed in the battle of New Orleans.

Dudley Walsh was a faithful member of St. Peter's Episcopal Church at Albany. His sagacity, energy and integrity rendered his business career very prosperous, and he closed his life with the record of ranking among the most prominent merchants in this country. He had often to contend against adverse conditions, but his great ability enabled him to surmount all obstacles. On the retirement of Mr. Staats from their business, he took into partnership Harry Beekman, of New York City, and for many years had branch offices there in lower Broadway, as well as in Albany, doing much banking business and being well known in London. The late Myndert Van Schaick, president of the Croton Aqueduct board, said he was one of the first men in this country. He was president of the Bank of Albany, the earliest institution of the kind in that city. He loaned large sums of money to General Stephen Van Rensselaer, the last Patroon. He was a contributor to the founding of Union College in 1795, and also contributed to the founding of the Albany Boys' Academy. He imported his carriage from London, and his porcelain was brought from China by Captain Stewart Dean aboard his sailing vessel, which was the first to engage in traffic with that distant country, sailing around "the Horn." This rare and beautiful old china is preserved with reverence by the family, as is the Napoleon clock brought from Paris and the celebrated Walsh wine from Madeira. He advanced to Sir William Poultny, afterward Earl of Bath, about twenty thousand English pounds sterling, to finance his land purchases in this country, and had much difficulty and considerable delay in get-

ting his money back at a discount from that shrewd and eccentric man.

Dudley Walsh married, Albany, New York, September 24, 1793, Sarah Stevenson, born at Albany, September 25, 1772, died at the Manor House of General Pierre Van Cortlandt, at Croton-on-Hudson, June 22, 1816, and her body was brought to Albany in a sloop for burial there in the Stevenson vault. Sarah Stevenson's parents were John and Magdalena (Douw) Stevenson. John Stevenson was born in Albany, March 13, 1735, died there April 24, 1810. He was the first president of the Albany St. Andrew's Society, organized October 19, 1803, composed of Scotchmen of good standing in the community. Upon his coat-of-arms, displayed on a copper plate, a gold seal and an old silver salver, still in possession of his descendants, appears the pious legend: *Coelum non solum; Heaven, not Earth.* John Stevenson was a neighbor of Philip Livingston, the Signer, living on State street prior to the revolution, and tenants in common of an estate of more than eight thousand acres on the Mohawk, called Lilac's Bush. The original deed of Livingston to Stevenson for half of this property was in the famous autograph collection of the late Rev. Dr. William Buel Sprague. He also owned other large tracts of land, and a curious record in his family Bible sets forth that some of his male slaves ran away and one was incarcerated. His earlier married career was clouded by the loss of several of his children, but despite all adversities he was known as a man of engaging character and well-beloved by brother Scotchmen. His sister married General Gabriel Christie, of Montreal, who had a seigneurie near Rouse Point, New York. His son, James Stevenson, was born at Albany, November 25, 1788, died there, unmarried, July 3, 1852, and was the thirty-sixth mayor of Albany, officiating twice, 1826 and 1827, when he resigned office. His son was a warden of St. Peter's Church, trustee of Albany Boys' Academy, one of the first governors of the Albany Hospital, a man of wealth and a polished gentleman. One of John Stevenson's daughters married General Pierre Van Cortlandt, a patriot of the revolution, and known widely as one of nature's noblemen. John Stevenson married, Albany, August 30, 1770, Magdalena Douw, born May 25, 1750, died December 20, 1817, daughter of Mayor Volckert Petrus and Anne (De Peyster) Douw, her grandfather being Captain Petrus Douw, who married Anna Van Rensselaer, and was thus descended from the first Patroon, Kilian Van Rensselaer. Magdalena Douw was also a descendant of Anneke

Jans. Through her grandmother De Peyster she was descended from David Pieterse Schuyler, who was a brother of the celebrated Pieter Schuyler, first mayor of Albany. She was also descended from Olof Stevensen Van Cortlandt, who came from Holland and settled in New Amsterdam, and established the Van Cortlandt Manor, on the Hudson. John Stevenson's father was James Stevenson, born in 1697, died February 2, 1769, who married, December 9, 1729, Sarah, daughter of Johannes Groenendyk, born March 24, 1675, sheriff of Albany county, who married Delia Cuyler.

Dudley Walsh and Sarah Stevenson had issue, all born in Albany, New York: 1. Margaret, born June 23, 1794, died at Albany, October 3, 1794. 2. John Stevenson, born October 14, 1795, see forward. 3. Margaret, born September 24, 1797; betrothed to Peter Gansevoort; died Albany, November 5, 1817. 4. Infant. 5. Ann, born July 20, 1800, died May 1, 1811. 6. William, born January 23, 1802, died December 1, 1863; married Mary Bay. 7. Catharine, born April 25, 1803, died in 1876; married Hon. Daniel Dewey Barnard, United States minister to Prussia in 1852, by whom, Sarah Walsh, born March 3, 1835, died Albany, August 17, 1903. 8. Sarah, born December 20, 1805, died May 5, 1842; married Richard Varick De Witt. 9. Charles, born May 9, 1807, died at Murrensborough, North Carolina, November 8, 1828, unmarried. 10. James, born June 21, 1809, died at Albany, October 23, 1835, unmarried. 11. Dudley, born November 5, 1810, died at Albany, July 2, 1811.

(II) John Stevenson, son of Dudley and Sarah (Stevenson) Walsh, was born at Albany, New York, October 14, 1795, died there February 15, 1857. He was a graduate of Yale in 1820; attended St. Peter's Church; had the rank of major, being appointed to the staff of Governor William L. Marcy. After his marriage he went into the mercantile business, but soon retired and removed to Mulberry Hill, at Normansville, Albany county, which had been the residence of Mrs. Walsh's grandfather, Judge Ambrose Spencer, who was also mayor of Albany. About five years before his death he came back to Albany. He was kind, generous and manly, his sympathies ever alive to the wants of the suffering. He was the kindly, cordial host at many an entertainment, and he lived a life of purity and benevolence. In the latter years of his life a German wished to repay him a loan of two hundred dollars made some thirty years previous. Mr. Walsh had intended it as a gift and did not recognize his caller. The

latter requested him to examine his books and receive the four hundred dollars which had brought him wealth and he was glad to be able to repay it.

John Stevenson Walsh married, Albany, April 27, 1831, Laura Spencer Townsend, born at Albany, April 16, 1811, died there September 15, 1863, daughter of John and Abby (Spencer) Townsend. John Townsend, born at Sterling Iron Works, New York, June 14, 1783, died at Albany, August 26, 1854; was the thirty-seventh mayor of Albany; president of the National Commercial Bank; incorporator of Albany Savings Bank and its vice-president; organizer of Albany Insurance Company; president of Albany Exchange Company; president of Albany Water Commission; adviser of Governor De Witt Clinton in the project of the Erie canal, and was much esteemed. An uncle of Mr. Townsend's, Peter Townsend, made the great chain stretched across the Hudson at West Point to prevent the English from going up the river. This chain was made at Sterling Iron Works. He married, Albany, July 7, 1810, Abby Spencer, daughter of thirty-fifth mayor of Albany, Judge Ambrose Spencer, who was born at Salisbury, Connecticut, December 13, 1765, died at Lyons, New York, March 13, 1848; came to Albany from Hudson, New York, in 1802; was attorney-general in 1802-04; judge of supreme court, 1804; chief justice, 1819-23; member of constitutional convention, 1821; member of congress, 1829-31, a most capable, honest citizen. Mr. Spencer's father-in-law, the Hon. John Canfield, was for many years a judge of the court of Litchfield county, Connecticut; in 1777 he joined Major Sheldon's troop of Light Horse. He served as adjutant in the battle of Saratoga and finally became brigade major. Children of John Stevenson Walsh and Laura Spencer Townsend: 1. Laura Spencer, see forward. 2. John. 3. Dudley. 4. Abby, born in Albany. 5. Dudley, born in Albany.

(III) Laura Spencer, daughter of John Stevenson and Laura Spencer (Townsend) Walsh, was born in Albany, New York. She married, at Albany, New York, Augustus Henry Walsh, who was the son of Henry Jansen and Mehitable (Bull) Walsh. Henry Jansen Walsh was the son of Thomas and Margaret (Brush) Walsh. Thomas Walsh was the son of Thomas and Mary (Higginbotham) Walsh. Thomas Walsh was the progenitor of his family in this country, to which he came about 1710. Augustus Henry Walsh graduated from Union College when he was nineteen years of age, in 1849. He studied law in New York with the Hon.

Charles O'Connor, and was admitted to the New York bar in 1852. He had offices at Wall and Hanover streets, New York. Later he moved to Albany, where he was residing in 1911. His ancestors fought in the colonial and revolutionary wars. His grandfather, William Bull, served as captain in the regiment of Colonel Oliver Spencer in the revolution. His grandmother, Bethia Reeve, was a relative of Judge Tapping Reeve of the Litchfield Law School. Judge Reeve's niece married Governor Alston, of South Carolina. He was also related to the Peppards of Castle Peppard, province of Ulster, Ireland. He is a collateral descendant of Peter Bull, who came to America about 1705 from Wolverhampton, Staffordshire, England.

Children of Augustus Henry and Laura Spencer Walsh: 1. Laura, died young. 2. Catharine Barnard, born in Albany; married John De Witt Peltz (see Peltz V). 3. Henry Stevenson, born in Albany, was educated at the Albany Academy; he is teller in the Mechanics' & Farmers' Bank, and is a member of the Fort Orange Club, the Young Men's Christian Association, Ridgefield, Burns and Country clubs. 4. Richard Varick De Witt, born in Albany, prepared for college at the Albany Academy and graduated from Harvard in 1889; member of Fort Orange and University clubs, and is in the insurance business. 5. Julia Stevenson, still living. 6. Townsend, born in Albany, graduated from the Albany Academy and from Harvard University in 1895; interested in the drama and newspaper work, and has traveled extensively in Europe and America; member of the Players' Club, New York.

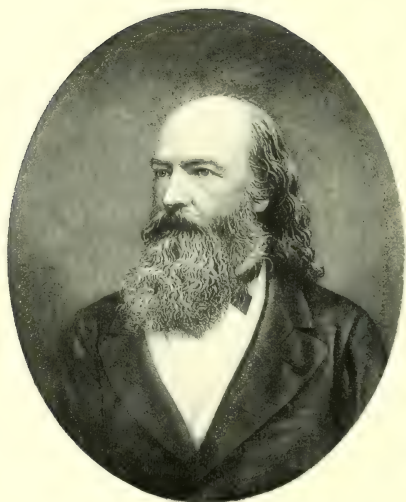
ALEX The Alex family of Albany descend from the ancient Alex family of Saxon-Weimar, Germany, where they have been prominent for many years. The family held a good position in the principality, where they were persons of wealth and held high governmental and judicial positions.

(I) Karl Alex was born in Saxon-Weimar, Germany, about 1780. He owned land and a mill site where he had a flouring mill which he operated until incapacitated by old age. A brother of Karl Alex was a magistrate of an upper court, a corresponding title in the United States to judge of the supreme court. The wife of Karl Alex was a native of the same province. They both died in Germany, where they always lived.

(II) Nicholas, son of Karl Alex, was born in Saxon-Weimar, Germany, in 1812, died in Albany, June 19, 1875. He was educated in

the German schools, and on arriving at a suitable age was taken into the mill and taught the miller's trade by his father. After mastering the trade, as then carried on, he left home and worked for two years in mills in different parts of Germany. He was drawn for service in the German army and continued in the army until the revolution of 1847, when being strongly in sympathy with the revolutionists, he escaped from the army and took ship for Liverpool, England. From there he went to Halifax, Nova Scotia, going from there to Albany, New York, where he resided the remainder of his life. He was a man of large and portly figure, well known and liked among the Germans of Albany. He was prominent in their social, musical and fraternal societies, and in the Lutheran church. He was a Republican in politics. He married (first) in Albany, ——— Suffers, a sister of Captain Suffers, of Kingston, Pennsylvania. She bore him children: Gustav, Louis and Caroline, all of whom married and have families. He married (second) Elizabeth Wolbert, born in Saxon-Weimar, died in Albany, December 19, 1875. She was a member of the Roman Catholic church. Children, all born in Albany, New York: 1. Catherine, resides in Oakland, California, unmarried. 2. Frederick, a retired ice dealer of Albany; married Mary Mink, and has Mary, Elizabeth and John. 3. Margaret, deceased; was twice married and left issue. 4. John F., see forward. 5. Jacob, an ice dealer of Albany; married Agnes McKean and has a daughter Margaret. 6. Elizabeth, married Peter Anton, and resides in Oakland, California.

(III) John F., son of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Wolbert) Alex, was born November 18, 1859. He was educated in the Albany schools. He learned the trade of blacksmith and wagonmaker. After working as a journeyman for several years, he established a shop and factory of his own, which he has successfully conducted up to the present time (1910). The plant is a substantial one and has given employment to a large number of men in the making and repairing departments. Mr. Alex is a skilled mechanic and has always been noted for the excellent grade of work turned out of his factory. He inherits his father's large, portly figure and genial, social disposition that has gained him a wide circle of friends. He is a liberal thinker, Republican in politics, and while diligent and careful in business, takes a deep enjoyment in the lighter side of life. He married (first) in Albany, in 1882, Elizabeth Ruhl, born in that city, February 12, 1857, who bore him George and Elizabeth; the latter married Edward J.



James Gibsen

Ranke, of Brooklyn, New York, and has a daughter Randaline. He married (second) Mrs. Clara (Corey) Woodbeck, born in 1859, died January 11, 1907, daughter of Captain John C. Corey.

Judge James Gibson was a GIBSON direct descendant of John Gibson, of Providence, Rhode Island, and through his grandmother is ninth in descent from John Brown, the assistant of Plymouth Colony, and by his mother, seventh in descent from John Townsend, of Warwick, Rhode Island, afterwards of Oyster Bay, Long Island. He was a son of James B. and Margaret (Townsend) Gibson. His father was a lawyer of distinction and held in high esteem in the county. He died May 10, 1827. Margaret, his wife, died July 20, 1825.

(II) James, son of James B. and Margaret (Townsend) Gibson, was born at Salem, New York, September 5, 1816. He was eleven years old when his father died, leaving his children little beyond his good name and example. James was educated at Washington Academy, Salem, and while yet a student entered the law office of his uncle, Samuel Stevens, a former partner of his father, at the time an eminent practitioner and later a leading member of the Albany bar. He studied after his uncle's departure with Cyrus Stevens, of Salem, and later with John H. Boyd, of Whitehall. In 1836, at the October term of the supreme court, he was admitted to the bar. He formed a partnership with Cyrus Stevens which continued one year and until the latter removed to Albany. From that time forward Mr. Gibson practiced his profession alone and in his native town, Salem.

He was successful from the beginning. His qualifications were such as to attract the attention of the public and in a short time he commanded an extensive practice. Many important cases were committed to his care, involving novel questions, requiring deep research into the principles and logic of law and the science of jurisprudence. The first case he tried which was carried to the supreme court on appeal and in which he prepared the argument was that of Prindle vs. Anderson (Reported in 19 Wend, 391). This was a case in which he raised and succeeded in the contention that the receipt of rent by landlord, after service by him of notice to quit on his tenant, was a waiver of the notice. This decision was affirmed in the court for the correction of errors. In the case of Shaw vs. Beveridge (3 Hill, 26), he succeeded in establishing as law, that an action of trespass would be, for disturbing a party in possession

of a pew in church. In *Stevenson vs. Bardin*, tried in 1860, the court held that on his motion that photographs of an instrument alleged to be forged could be used to establish such forgery. As this was the first attempt to use photography in the courts the decision was of general interest. After 1853 Mr. Gibson was largely engaged in railroad suits and became attorney for the Boston Hoosac Tunnel and Western Railway Company in several important cases, notably, reopening the Albany Northern railroad.

After becoming a voter, Mr. Gibson became an active Whig, later joining the Republican party. In 1838 he assumed the editorial chair of the *Washington County Post*, at Salem, and continued as editor through the presidential campaign of 1840, and until January 1, 1841, when he sold the paper. At the first judicial election after the adoption of the constitution of 1846, he was nominated by the Whigs as a candidate for justice of the supreme court. One of his associates on the ticket was Daniel Cady, of Fulton county, who was the only candidate elected. Mr. Gibson ran over a thousand votes ahead of his ticket but was defeated, his connection with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows operating against him, the feeling against secret societies being very strong. In November, 1850, he was elected judge of Washington county, serving four years with great honor and usefulness. In November, 1866, he was elected state senator from the twelfth senatorial district composed of the counties of Rensselaer and Washington. He was well known and was placed at the head of committee on claims and on the judiciary committee. He accepted the chairmanship of claims with reluctance, knowing the pressure that would be brought to bear on him to report favorably in iniquitous claims. He served, however, during his entire term; examined and passed on claims against the state aggregating over one million dollars and with few and meritorious exceptions, rejected them, in which course he was sustained by the senate. He made a strong effort to have the Champlain canal enlarged from Troy to Whitehall, had his bill passed in the senate but the house rejected it. He was a member of the senate when George W. Smith, of Oneida county, was tried by the senate for various crimes and misdemeanors. He voted to remove Judge Smith and in his speech explaining his vote, said, "The land wants such as dare, with vigor, execute the laws." He took a very active part in legislation in the senate; made several speeches and in every way did his full duty as a senator. He was an active

Republican until 1871, when he became a Liberal and later became identified with the Democratic party. He was always interested in military affairs. In 1840 he raised and was made captain of a company of light infantry attached by special order to the Fiftieth Regiment in the state militia. Later he was commissioned major and lieutenant-colonel, on the disbanding of the Fiftieth he was attached to the Thirtieth Regiment and promoted to the colonelcy of that regiment. During the civil war the Thirtieth was twice filled up by draft in readiness for service, many of the members volunteering into the United States service. In 1867 he became brigadier-general of the Twelfth Brigade which was disbanded in 1874. This was one of the best-drilled and best-disciplined brigades in the state, outside of the large cities. In 1845 Judge Gibson became an Odd Fellow, passed the various chairs in Salem Lodge, No. 45, served as district deputy grand master for the years 1856-57, and was grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Northern New York in 1857; deputy grand master in 1858 and grand master in 1859. In 1860 he was elected worshipful master of Salem Lodge, No. 391, Free and Accepted Masons. In 1862 was appointed senior grand deacon of the Grand Lodge of New York. In 1863 he was elected junior grand warden; in 1865 elected senior grand warden, an office he held three years; in 1868 he was elected grand master and re-elected in 1869. As grand master of the state of New York he, June 8, 1870, assisted by the officers of the Grand Lodge and twelve others of the craft, laid the cornerstone of the Masonic Temple in the city of New York. During his entire connection with the Grand Lodge he occupied a commanding position and served as chairman or member of many important committees. The honor of being grand master of both these leading fraternities is one in which he stands alone in the state, no other man having been grand master of both orders. During the civil war he was a strong union man and spoke and worked for the cause. He was a member of the war committee of Salem, that did its duty so well that the town had its quota raised in advance of every draft except the first.

The old Court House in Salem was erected in the year 1800, and had outlasted its usefulness. The judges, lawyers and laymen complained of it, but there was strong opposition from other towns, who wished to get the county seat away from Salem. In 1868 Judge Gibson was elected supervisor for the purpose of carrying out the desires of those who wanted the new court house in Salem. In December

of that year he brought the matter before the board of supervisors who appointed a committee with Mr. Gibson to obtain plans. In January following it was resolved to build in Salem and he was made chairman of the building committee. Thirty thousand dollars was appropriated for the building, and it is worthy of mention that the committee kept the cost within the appropriation. Judge Gibson was always identified with the cause of education, serving from June 17, 1845, until his death, June 6, 1897, as a member of the board of trustees of Washington Academy. In every way he was closely connected with the development of his village. He drew the charter which went into effect in 1851 which provided for a new school system and drew the agreement between the board of trustees and the academy and the board of education of the village, whereby the common schools were consolidated and sheltered within the walls of the academy. This led to the adoption of the Union or graded system of education, that has proved so beneficial to Salem youth. He was elected a member of the board of education soon after its organization and held until his death. In 1860 he assisted in organizing St. Paul's Episcopal Church at Salem, was chosen one of the wardens, and soon afterward was licensed a lay reader by Bishop Potter of the New York diocese in 1860.

He was deeply interested in the local history of Washington county, and at the formation of the county Historical Society, in 1876, was elected president. On the occasion of his election he delivered an address on the history of agriculture in the county. At the laying of the cornerstone of the new court house at Sandy Hill (Hudson Falls), June 8, 1872, he delivered an historical address on the bench and bar of the county for one hundred years. He also published sketches on the graves and gravestones of the county, on journalism and various other subjects.

He was a member of the American Geographical Society and took deep interest in its work. Although not looked upon as a business but as a professional man, he was for many years a director and vice-president of the National Bank of Salem and was officially connected with the management of Evergreen cemetery. It is worthy of mention that four generations have been connected with the press of Washington county. James B. Gibson owned the *Register* and conducted it several years. James Gibson owned and edited the *Post*. James (2), son of Judge James (1) Gibson, edited the *Salem Press* for three years. James (3), son of James (2) Gibson,

was manager of *Salem Review-Press* for five years.

Judge Gibson married, October 17, 1841, Jane, daughter of Ira and Wealthy Ann (Gilbert) Woodworth. Children: Mary, married T. A. Wright, died August 22, 1902. James, a lawyer of Salem, died October 9, 1881. Jennie, married Charles W. Townsend.

This personal appearance of Judge Gibson is thus described in "Life Sketches of the Legislature" published in 1867: "Senator Gibson is a gentleman of quiet dignity. His long flowing hair and whiskers tinged with gray, his mild eye which seems to be overflowing with kindly feelings; his low, persuasive voice, which is seldom brought up to a high pitch, unite in throwing around him a personal atmosphere which renders his presence both pleasant and powerful."

The name Mansfield, "A MANFIELD man in the field," is believed to be of Saxon origin. In Germany the name is Mansfeld; in England, after the Saxons mixed with Normans, Danes, Celts and others, it easily became "Mansfield." The noble family of Mansfeld of Germany is very ancient; traces nearly to the time of Charlemagne, and flourished down to the present time. Exeter, England, the place from which the original Mansfield departed for America, has been a city since the year 1200. There was a Sir John Mansfield mayor of the city a few years prior to the emigration. He was also "Master of the Manories and Queens Surveyor under Queen Elizabeth." The American ancestor and founder of the family in Connecticut, most of them in New York state and in the west and south, was Richard Mansfield, of Exeter, Devonshire, England, and New Haven, Connecticut.

(I) Richard Mansfield with his wife Gillian (maiden name unknown), settled in Quinnipiack (New Haven), Connecticut, in 1636. A deed for land, now the northwest corner of Church and Elm streets, proves this date. In a list of first planters, 1641, he is put down at £400, thirty acres in the first division, six acres in the "Neck," twenty-two acres of meadow, and eighty-eight acres in the second division. He owned other lands probably by purchase and established his home on his large farm in the second division called the "East farms," some four and one-half miles out on the present North Haven road, which was his home until his death, January 10, 1665. He took the oath of fidelity, July 1, 1644, before Governor Eaton and the general court at New Haven. Gillian, his wife, survived him and

married, in 1667, Alexander Field. After the death of her second husband she lived with her son Moses in New Haven. She died 1699. Children: Joseph, see forward, and Moses, born in 1639; married (first) Mercy Glover, (second) Abigail Yale. He was major of militia and in honor of a victory he and his command gained over the Indians, the town of Mansfield was named after him. He was a member of the general court forty-eight sessions (two sessions annually); judge of the probate and of the county court.

(II) Joseph, eldest son of Richard and Gillian Mansfield, is believed to have been born in England in 1636. He took the freeman's oath, February 8, 1657, or as soon as he was of age. He died November 15, 1692. He inherited his father's large farm and had a town lot and house in New Haven, as well as a large amount of land in other parcels, including the grounds now owned and occupied by Yale University buildings. His estate inventoried four hundred pounds. His seat in the "meeting house" was No. 8 in the "long seats for men." He married, about 1657, Mary ———. Children: 1. Mary, unmarried. 2. Martha, married, December 16, 1680, Richard Sperry, and had eight children. 3. Mercy, married ——— Bristol. 4. Silence, married ——— Chalfield, of Killingworth. 5. Elizabeth, unmarried. 6. Comfort, married John Benham. 7. John, died December 22, 1690, aged nineteen years. 8. Joseph, see forward. 9. Ebenezer (changed from Ichabod), married Hannah Bassett; he was very well to do, his estate inventorying £1217. 10. Japhet, married Hannah Bradley.

(III) Joseph (2), second son and eighth child of Joseph (1) and Mary Mansfield, was born December 27, 1673. He was admitted to the First Church of New Haven, August 14, 1735, his wife, May 31, 1733. He married Elizabeth Cooper (?), who died March 4, 1763. His gravestone is in the old North Haven burying ground, hers is in the Grove Street cemetery. Children: 1. Mary, married Daniel Tuttle. 2. Lydia, unmarried. 3. John, married Lydia Tuttle, granddaughter of William and Elizabeth Tuttle, who came from England in 1635. 4. Elizabeth, born October 23, 1706. 5. Joseph, see forward. 6. Amos, no record of marriage. 7. Josiah, married and left issue. 8. Abigail, married Jacob Turner. 9. Thomas, married Hannah Goodyear. His name appears in thirty-seven deeds recorded from 1739 to 1786; he left no male descendants as his son Samuel never married. 10. Ebenezer, died unmarried.

(IV) Joseph (3), second son of Joseph (2) and Elizabeth Mansfield, was born August 17,

1708. He was a large land owner and appears as grantor or grantee in many of the deeds recorded between 1739 and 1761. He married, October 10, 1732, Phebe Bassett, who died 1762. Children: 1. ———, married Sarah Cooper. 2. Titus, married Mabel Todd. 3. Captain Joseph, see forward. 4. Phebe, married Leman Potter.

(V) Captain Joseph (4) Mansfield, third son of Joseph (3) and Phebe (Bassett) Mansfield, was born April 16, 1737. His home, like those preceding him, was at "Mansfield Farms" where he lived until 1784, and where all his children were born. His gravestone is in Litchfield, Connecticut, where he removed, owned a large farm and died June 6, 1821, aged eighty-four years. When the revolutionary war broke out he enlisted and rose to the rank of captain, serving until the end. He took with him to the war his son Charles, aged fifteen, who played the fife. Captain Mansfield married Hannah Punderson, born October 21, 1740, eldest of the twelve children of David and Thankful (Todd) Punderson. She died August 26, 1826, aged eighty-five years. Children: all born in New Haven: 1. Charles, married Molly Howard, of Winchester, New Hampshire; he went to the war with his father as a fifer; the fife he used is preserved in the family. 2. Elisha, removed with his parents to Litchfield, afterward to Canaan; married Rebecca Camp. 3. Joseph, married and had issue. 4. Sally, died young. 5. David, married (first) Louisa Harmon, (second) Melinda Harmon, a younger sister; they settled in Westmoreland, Oneida county, New York; he lived to be ninety-six years of age. 6. William Punderson, see forward. 7. John Todd, married Dolly Steele. 8. Sally, married Lewis Spooner, no issue. 9. Timothy, married Annie Carter; settled in Pennsylvania, afterward at Castleton, Ontario county, New York.

(VI) William Punderson, fifth son of Captain Joseph (4) and Hannah (Punderson) Mansfield, was born in Litchfield, Connecticut, September 6, 1774, died March 16, 1855. He was a merchant of Litchfield, afterward removed to Kent, Connecticut, where he was in business with his father-in-law, Bradley Mills, as Mills & Mansfield. He joined with his son-in-law, Hugh White, in building a flouring mill, later occupied by the Munson Manufacturing Company at Waterford, New York, where he removed in 1833. He married, in 1807, Sally Mills, died February, 1842, daughter of Bradley and Hannah (St. John) Mills, with whom he became acquainted while she was a student at the Morris Academy, Litchfield, Connecticut. Children: 1. Maria, mar-

ried Hon. Hugh White, of Oneida county, New York; he was the first manufacturer of hydraulic cement in the United States, and furnished large quantities for the building of the Croton aqueduct, New York City; he was member of congress, 1844, served three terms; graduate of Hamilton College and member of the New York bar, but never practiced law; ten children. 2. Florilla Punderson, died aged seventeen years. 3. Bradley Mills, died aged twenty-one years. 4. Lewis William, see forward.

(VII) Lewis William, second son and youngest child of William Punderson and Sally (Mills) Mansfield, was born in Kent, Litchfield county, Connecticut, May 16, 1816. He prepared for college in the schools of Sharon, Connecticut, Chittenango, Madison county, New York, and at Montgomery, Orange county, New York. He entered the junior class at Union College in 1833, and was graduated 1835. He embarked in business life with his brother-in-law, Hon. Hugh White, in the manufacture of hydraulic cement, continuing for fifteen years with successful results. He had developed an unusual literary talent and on going out of business gave himself up wholly to authorship. He wrote and published "The Morning Watch," a narrative poem, published by G. P. Putnam, 1850; "Up Country Letters," Appleton, 1852; "Country Margins," a joint work with S. H. Hammond, published by J. C. Derby, 1855. In 1855 he engaged again in business in Cohoes, New York, where he had a knitting mill, and continued ten years. During the war, and strictly in reference to the army in the field, he began a daily hour prayer meeting in his mill at the noon hour, and on Sunday afternoons had a union prayer meeting for the same purpose at his home on the north side of the river. This prayer meeting continued at the mill without any interruption for about five hundred days, up to the close of the war, the last meeting being held April 5, when the news came of the taking of Richmond. His health failed him and he again retired from business. The next year, 1866, the mill was sold and he returned to literary pursuits. His first work was "The Outlines of the Mental Plan," followed by the "Precepts and Doctrines of Christ," published by Phillips & Hunt, 1883, and by E. & T. B. Young, 1884. He is the author of the tracts "My Token," "The Spiritual Body," and books "Hymns and Poems," "Looking up the Plan," "Overwork" and "Coming into Form." He was a man of versatile talent, and great ability, whose influence for good cannot be estimated.

He was reared a Congregationalist, but

about the time of his first marriage became a member of the Protestant Episcopal church. He continued his literary and religious work up to the year of his death, 1899. He married (first) Carrie M., daughter of Rev. Lewis Bayard, LL. D.; married (second) December 19, 1855, Sarah B., born in York, New York, 1837, died in Waterford, March 10, 1860, daughter of Samuel and Hannah Lewis, of York, Livingston county, New York; married (third) June 4, 1862, Mary J. Hogan. Children: 1. William K., see forward. 2. Joseph Punderson, born November 30, 1858, died September 23, 1859, both children of his second marriage.

(VIII) William K., eldest son of Lewis William and Sarah B. (Lewis) Mansfield, was born in Waterford, New York, in the old Mansfield home on Saratoga avenue, September 17, 1856. He obtained his primary and preparatory education at St. John's Episcopal School and the public schools of Cohoes. He entered Amherst College where he completed his freshman and sophomore years. He left college and entered the knitting mill with his father, remaining one year. He then took the management of a flouring mill owned by Mr. Mansfield, senior, at Crescent, near Waterford. It was his father's wish that he finish his college course and he hoped to discourage him with business life, so the positions given the young man were not sinecures, but he was determined to succeed in business and stuck to his work so faithfully that the mill property was deeded to him. He remained at the mill seven years, made many improvements and did a prosperous business, disposing of the plant finally at a very advantageous figure. In 1884 he embarked in journalism by purchasing the *Cohoes Daily News*, of which he was editor and owner for fourteen years. He made the paper a paying property and an influential factor in the politics of the city. He retained control of the editorial page and supported only men and measures that in his judgment made for good government, national, state and local. In 1898 he disposed of his newspaper plant and engaged in brick manufacturing at Crescent, where his yards and kilns are located. This enterprise he still continues. He retains his home at the homestead on Saratoga avenue in Waterford, but designated Cohoes "North Side." His brick-making plant is a large and modern one, the output being between three and four millions of merchantable brick annually, that find a ready market. Mr. Mansfield has always been an active Republican and has spent much of his time in the public service. In 1878 he was

appointed justice of the peace to fill a vacancy in the town of Half Moon, Saratoga county, and was twice elected to the same office, while living in Crescent. On his return to Waterford, Albany county, he was elected to the same office, there continuing through four terms of four years each, representing the "North Side." In 1896 he was appointed general committee clerk at Albany by the assembly and was assigned to duty at the desk of the journal clerk during sessions. The following year he was appointed deputy journal clerk, continuing as such by successive appointments until 1901. At the session of 1901-02 he represented his district in the assembly, serving on the insurance, excise and labor committees. In 1903 he was again appointed assistant journal clerk and in 1905 general clerk of the assembly, and has been successively appointed as such up to the present time (1910). He is secretary of the county Republican committee, and a man of influence, experience and ability. He is a member of St. John's Episcopal Church, Cohoes, and affiliated with the Masonic fraternity.

He married, October 30, 1882, Etta C. Clute, born in Crescent, Saratoga county, New York, daughter of Charles F. and Delia (Teachout) Clute, the latter born in Half Moon, died 1900. Charles F. Clute was born in Half Moon, 1834, died 1903. He was a farmer; also interested with his son-in-law, Mr. Mansfield, in the brick business, and nearly his whole life owned and conducted a general store at Crescent. He was a Democrat and served as supervisor of the town of Half Moon several terms.

The family tradition of the Noble family herein traced is that they descend from Scotch ancestry, although the Massachusetts and Connecticut families are given as of English birth. The name is found in both countries and the early settlers were no doubt of both nationalities. The first record in this line was Moses Noble, born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire. While the connection cannot be proved from the records published, yet there is strong proof that he was a descendant of Thomas Noble, born in England in or about 1632, died in Westfield, Massachusetts, January 20, 1704. He is mentioned in Boston histories as early as 1653, when he was admitted an inhabitant January 5 of that year. That same year he removed to Springfield, Massachusetts, where he opened an account at the store of John Pyncheon. He later removed to Westfield, Massachusetts, where lands were granted him July, 1666, but he

did not settle there until 1669. He was chosen constable of Westfield and took the oath of office, April 7, 1674. He was granted permission to erect a sawmill in 1685, and also became a well-to-do farmer, leaving a considerable estate. He married, November 1, 1660, Hannah Warriner, born in Springfield, Massachusetts, August 17, 1643; she survived him and married (second) Deacon Medad Pomeroy, whom she also survived. Thomas and Hannah Noble had ten children, including six sons, all of whom married and had families. From one of these, Moses Noble, of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, may have descended, as members of the family settled in that state and Kittery, Maine.

(I) Moses Noble was born October 25, 1731, died May 7, 1796. He resided in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, where he married, December 7, 1756, Hannah Simes, born August 14, 1732, died August 23, 1798. Children: 1. Mark, born October 3, 1757, died unmarried. 2. Mary, died unmarried. 3. John, married Sarah Chadbourne. 4. Joseph, born July 12, 1762. 5. Robert, of further mention. 6. Hannah, died unmarried at the age of thirty-three years. 7. Dorothy, died unmarried at the age of fifty-eight years. 8. Moses, born January 22, 1770, died at sea unmarried, at the age of twenty-three years. 9. Betsey, died unmarried at the age of twenty-six years. 10. Jeremiah, died at sea unmarried, at the age of twenty-six years. 11. Ann, married and lived in Portsmouth.

(II) Robert, son of Moses and Hannah (Simes) Noble, was born June 10, 1764, died October 20, 1828. He was a resident of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, where his children, Jerry, Moses and Mary, were born, although the name of his wife has not been preserved.

(III) Moses (2), son of Robert Noble, was born in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, June 17, 1787. He was a farmer of the town of Berwick, Maine, and later engaged in the manufacturing of cigars, known to the trade as "Long Nines" and "Short Sixes." He did an extensive business, and the fence inclosing his farm was built from cedar staves, taken from the hogsheds in which his leaf tobacco came packed. He lived to the good old age of eighty-six years, dying in Berwick, Maine. He married, in Portsmouth, October 7, 1810, Hannah Harvey, of Kittery, Maine, born August 11, 1790, descendant of the Massachusetts Harveys. She was killed accidentally at the Boston & Maine railroad crossing at Berwick, when well advanced in years. Moses and Hannah (Harvey) Noble were the parents of a very large family including Mo-

ses, the eldest son, of whom further mention is made; George, died in California; Mary, Samuel, Robert, Anna and Martha.

(IV) Moses (3), son of Moses (2) and Hannah (Harvey) Noble, was born in Berwick, Maine, about 1812, died in Windham, New Hampshire. He married Elizabeth Jenkins. Children: 1. George, born at Great Falls, New Hampshire, now a resident of Worcester, Massachusetts, in the employ of Grattin & Knight, leather manufacturers; married Belle Holt and has living children: Elizabeth, Goldie, Frank and William. 2. James Albert, of further mention. 3. Mark William, of Windham, New Hampshire.

(V) James Albert, son of Moses (3) and Elizabeth (Jenkins) Noble, was born February 5, 1845, at Great Falls, New Hampshire, in the part lying across the river now called Berwick. He was educated in the public schools, afterward working in the mills. On November 2, 1861, being then in his seventeenth year, he enlisted in the Union service as a private of Company G, Thirtieth Massachusetts Volunteers. This regiment entered the service as the Second Eastern Bay State Regiment. His service extended over a period of four years, nine months, and eight days. He served in the Army of the Gulf under the immediate command of Generals Benjamin F. Butler and N. P. Banks; later under General Phil. Sheridan, with whom he campaigned after his second enlistment in 1864. He was with Sheridan in his Shenandoah Valley campaign, and was wounded at Winchester, though not seriously. He was engaged at the battles of Plain Store, siege of Port Hudson, Baton Rouge, Opquianic Creek, and other minor engagements during his first enlistment, and was in the battles of Winchester, Fisher's Hill and Cedar Creek under General Sheridan. Being so much under age, the records of the war department show him to have been two years older than he really was at date of enlistment. He was a good soldier and shirked no duty. After returning to civil life he engaged with his father at carpentry in Lawrence, Massachusetts, remaining with him two years. He then took up the business of a millwright, working in various positions. For twenty years he was employed in the mechanical department of the Russell Paper Company of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and was master mechanic of the Tillotson & Hollingsworth Paper Company at Groton, Massachusetts, then occupied the same position with the Hudson River Pulp & Paper Company at Palmer's Falls, New York, later returning to Lawrence, Massachusetts, with the Emerson Manufacturing

Company. In 1804 he established in Hoosick Falls, New York, as the senior member of the firm of Noble & Foss, manufacturers of paper mill machinery. In 1805 the firm became Noble & Johnson, continuing the same line of manufacture until 1902, when their plant was destroyed by fire. The business was then incorporated as the Noble & Wood Machine Company, with James A. Noble as vice-president and general manager. The company manufacture all kinds of paper mill machinery, including several proprietary machines. In addition they manufacture a line of opera chairs and school desks, their jobbing houses handling their output in the latter line. The company is a prosperous one and owes much to the wise management and executive ability of Mr. Noble. Mr. Noble is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having passed through all the chairs of a subordinate lodge. He is also affiliated with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Politically he is a Republican, although never active in party work.

He married, June 7, 1867, Diana, daughter of William Preston, of Leeds, England. Children: 1. Fred W., married Myrtle Gleason, and has a son Fred. He is employed with the Noble & Wood Machine Company. 2. John E., married Minnie Richards, and resides in Lawrence, Massachusetts, being engaged in paper manufacturing. 3. Arthur M., married Maud Van Buren; engaged with the Noble & Wood Machine Company. 4. Clarence W., married Jennie Stewart, engaged with the Noble & Wood Machine Company. 5. Herbert D., also employed with the Noble & Wood Machine Company.

THE DUTCH ANCESTOR OF VAN BUREN Anna L. (Van Buren)

Schuyler is Cornelis Maas Van Buren, who with his wife, Catalyntje Martense, arrived on the ship "Rensselaerwyck" from Gelderland, Holland, in 1631. They were among the earliest settlers of Beverwyck (now Albany), their farm being at Papsknee, a little below Greenbush, where they both died and were buried on the same day in 1648. They had children: Hendrick, Marten, Maas, Styntje, married, 1663, Dirck Wessels Ten Broeck, who was the first recorder of Albany, 1686; mayor, 1696-98, and major of Colonel Peter Schuyler's regiment in 1700; Tobias Marten, one of the sons, deposed he was born in Houten, province of Utrecht, Holland. Marten is the ancestor of President Martin Van Buren.

(II) Hendrick, eldest son of Cornelis Maas and Catalyntje (Martense) Van Buren, mar-

ried and had sons: Maas, Cornelis and Hendrick.

(III) Maas, son of Hendrick Van Buren, was of the manor of Rensselaerwyck in 1720, and was buried at Schodack, April 14, 1733. His will was dated April 7, proved June 1, 1773. In it he spoke of wife Magdalena and three children. He married (first), September 17, 1698, Ariantje Van Wie, who died February 3, 1706. He married (second), about 1711, Magdalena Bogard. Children mentioned in will: Hendrick, baptized January 7, 1700; Hendrick, December 28, 1701; Johannes, August 13, 1704. A fourth child, Catalyntje, was born April 20, 1712, but she is not named in his will.

(IV) Hendrick (2), son of Maas and Ariantje (Van Wie) Van Buren, was baptized at Albany, December 28, 1701. He married, October 7, 1731, Aaltie, daughter of Daniel and Dirkje (Van Nes) Winne. Children: Ariantje, died in childhood; Dirkje, baptized June 9, 1734; Maas, died young; Maas (2), baptized June 6, 1736 or 1738; Daniel, August 31, 1740; Johannes, died young; Ariantje, baptized February 1, 1747; Johannes, May 17, 1752.

(V) Maas (2), son of Hendrick (2) and Aaltie (Winne) Van Buren, was baptized at Albany, June 6, 1736 or 1738. He married, February 14, 1767, Rebecca Bogart, baptized January 26, 1743, daughter of Douw and Willempe (Bratt) Bogart. Children: Hendrick; Douw, born May 29, 1771; Marytje, April 18, 1779.

(VI) Hendrick (3), eldest son of Maas (2) and Rebecca (Bogart) Van Buren, was born at Schodack Landing, December 6, 1768, died December 10, 1841. He was educated in the public schools, and followed the occupation of a farmer. He was a Democrat, and a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married Magdalena Burhans, born July 2, 1777, died March 2, 1852, daughter of Johannes (3) and Temperance (Van Orden) Burhans. Temperance, baptized at Germantown, New York, was a daughter of Willem and Sarah (DuBois) Van Orden. Johannes was a son of Johannes (2) Burhans, baptized at Kingston, New York, February 18, 1709, died 1794; married, September 4, 1731, Jannetje, daughter of Ariaan and Altjen (Bogard) Newkirk. Johannes (2) was a son of Johannes (1) Burhans, baptized at Kingston, New York, August 27, 1682, died before May, 1720; married Margriet Leg. Johannes (1) was the third son of Jan and Helen (Traphagen) Burhans. Jan Burhans, son of Jacob, the first of the name in America, arrived in this country, April 16, 1603, in the ship "Boote

Koe" (Spotted Cow). Helen Traphagen, wife of Jan Burhans, was the daughter of William Jansen Traphagen by his first wife, Jannetje Claessen Groenvis, of Meppett. William Traphagen settled in America in 1660 at Bushwick, Long Island. Hendrick and Magdalena (Burhans) Van Buren had eleven children, all born in the town of Bethlehem, Albany county, New York. 1. Rebecca, born June 2, 1797, died December 17, 1869; married, at Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, January 28, 1824, Peter G. Van Zandt, born January 29, 1796, died May 13, 1865, son of Gilbert and Rachel (Lucas) Van Zandt. 2. Johannes, born October 10, 1798, died January 20, 1852, unmarried, in the house Mrs. Schuyler now occupies. 3. Moses, born September 25, 1800, died 1866, unmarried. 4. Daniel, born July 14, 1802, died at Middleburg, New York; married (first), October 3, 1827, Rebecca Van Zandt, born April 9, 1807, died at Albany, December 26, 1843, daughter of Nicholas Van Zandt. He married (second), May 11, 1851, Catherine Wormer, born October 12, 1815, died March 17, 1884, daughter of John and Maria (Henry) Wormer; had a son John, now married and lives on the old farm in Middleburg. 5. Peter, of whom further. 6. William, born 1806, was drowned in Schoharie creek, June 18, 1843; unmarried. 7. Temperance, born September 27, 1808, died at Bath-on-Hudson, Rensselaer county, New York, March 11, 1877; married, May 10, 1846, at Albany, George H. Cook, born in Germany, November 29, 1815, son of John G. and Elizabeth (Schnell) Cook; left daughter, Adelaide, wife of John Lane, of Albany, and has son Arthur. 8. Douw, died in childhood. 9. Hezekiah Burhans, born March 27, 1813, died in Delmar, New York; married (first), May 27, 1837, at Albany, Rebecca Van Zandt, born June 15, 1815, died March 17, 1850, daughter of David and Matilda (Hogan) Van Zandt. He married (second), in town of Coeymans, New York, February 25, 1851, Hannah Van Zandt, born January 2, 1822, died August 5, 1861, sister of his first wife. He married (third), September 2, 1865, Mrs. Sarah Jane (McNab) Nelson, born May 28, 1836, daughter of Jasper and Maria (Pier) McNab. 10. Henry, born March 14, 1815, died 1831. 11. Sarah Maria, born April 16, 1817, died 1823.

(VII) Peter, fifth child and fourth son of Hendrick (3) and Magdalena (Burhans) Van Buren, was born September 13, 1805, and died in what is now known as Coeymans Square, town of Coeymans, Albany county, New York, November 7, 1885. He was educated in the public schools, and learned the carpenter's

trade. He became a well known contractor and builder, also owning a farm which he cultivated. The farm in greater part is now owned by his daughter, Anna L., and is now the site of the greater part of the village of Ravena. "Coeymans Square" is said to have derived its name from the fact that it was the meeting place of an early Lodge of Free Masons. Peter was a well-to-do man and stood high in his community. He was a Democrat, and a warm friend of the Union cause during the civil war. He was a member of the Dutch Reformed church. He married, February 27, 1840, Mary Ann Baker, born February 14, 1818, died January 14, 1886, daughter of John and Margaret (Vrooman) Baker, of Coeymans Square. Her parents died in 1885-86. Mary Ann Baker descended from Joab Baker, who came from England and settled in Roxbury, Connecticut. His son, Joab (2) Baker, settled in the town of Coeymans, Albany county, in 1791; married Hannah Ashmore, of London, England, daughter of John Ashmore, a brewer of note in England, who came to the United States and made large land purchases in Coeymans; he died in New York City, of yellow fever. They had seven children, of whom the eldest was John, born at Coeymans Square, now Ravena, Albany county, and died at the age of eighty-six years. He was a leather merchant; he married at Pictua, Albany county, New York, Margaret Vrooman; children: 1. Mary Ann, married Peter Van Buren and their only child was Anna Louise, see forward. 2. Cornelis Vrooman Baker, a prominent farmer of the town of Bethlehem; he married Caroline Lasher of Bethlehem; children: Alexander, Charles, Abbie S. and Edward. 3. Margaret Jane, married Cornelius Vrooman, a farmer of Bethlehem, where their deaths occurred; children: Albert; Anna A.; Caroline; Mary, died aged seven years; John F.

(VIII) Anna Louise, only child of Peter and Mary Ann (Baker) Van Buren, was born at Coeymans Square, on the farm she now owns and in the house she now occupies, now the village of Ravena, Albany county, New York, April 22, 1860. She was educated in the high school of Coeymans, and after the death of her parents, in 1885 and 1886, inherited the entire estate. She married Philip Schuyler, born October, 1840, died November 10, 1905, son of John Cuyler and Anna Maria (Schuyler) Schuyler, of Watervliet, Albany county, New York. Philip Schuyler received a good education in the public schools. After his marriage he removed to Ravena and managed the Van Buren farm.



Peter Van Buren



Mary Ann Van Buren

He was a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Dutch Reformed church. Since his death Mrs. Schuyler has continued her residence in Ravena, where she is held in universal esteem. She is an active member of the Dutch Reformed church, and owns the pew formerly owned by her parents, and is interested in all worthy objects, a member of both home and foreign missions, and extends her charity to every good cause. She has no children. (See Schuyler Genealogy for Schuyler family.)

 The Greene family of Amsterdam, New York, are descendants of Thomas Greene, of

England, the final e of the name being dropped by the second generation in America. There were other families of the same name who settled in New England at an early date, and there were others by the name of Thomas. There was a Thomas who was on record in Roxbury in 1648; Thomas, who came in the "Speedwell" in 1636; and Thomas, of Middlesex. These must not be confounded with the Thomas Greene, of Malden, who founded the family under consideration in this sketch.

(1) Thomas Greene, the immigrant, was born in England, probably in Leicestershire, about 1606, died in New England, December 19, 1667. The first record extant of him is dated 1653, when his youngest daughter, Dorcas, was born, but it is exceedingly probable that he was an early settler in the Massachusetts Colony; that he remained temporarily in one of the new settlements until about 1649-50, when he removed to the northern part of Malden, now Melrose, where he secured his farm of sixty-three acres; that all his children lived with him or near him with the exception of daughter Hannah, who married and lived in Woburn. It is certain that he lived in Malden, Massachusetts, as early as October 28, 1651, when his wife Elizabeth and daughter of the same name, signed a petition to the general court concerning the Rev. Marmaduke Matthews. A portion of his farm in Malden was still in the possession of some of his descendants two hundred years later. He was selectman of Malden in 1658, served several times on the Middlesex county grand jury and was known as Thomas Greene, Sr., to distinguish him from his son, Thomas, Jr., and another Thomas Greene of the town, who had no suffix. His ten children who had been living near him commenced to separate about 1676. Four of his sons—Samuel, William, Nathaniel and Jabez—removed to Leicester, and their descendants are found to-day in every state in the Union. Another son,

Henry, removed to Killingly, Connecticut, as did the children of his son Jacob. Another son, David, removed to Amherst, New Hampshire; two others, Jacob and Benjamin, to Hanover, New Jersey. Thomas Greene, Sr., in his will, dated November 12, 1667, does not mention any wife, but makes bequests to his "eldest son" Thomas, to sons John, William, Henry, Samuel and to daughters Elizabeth, Mary, Hannah, Martha and Dorcas. This shows that all his children were living at the date of his death. Some of them were born in England, but it is not on record how many. He married (first) Elizabeth ———, who died August 22, 1658, and is believed to have been the mother of all his children. He married (second) Frances, born in 1608, widow of Richard Cook, previously widow of Isaac Wheeler, who had had children by her first two husbands.

(II) Thomas (2) Green, son of Thomas (1) and Elizabeth Greene, was born in England about 1630, died in Malden, Massachusetts, February 13, 1671-72, having made his will the previous day. He was a farmer and always lived in Malden, where he was admitted freeman, May 31, 1670. He married, about 1653, Rebecca, daughter of Joseph Hills. She was one of the thirty-six women who signed the petition to the general court, praying that body to excuse some errors and failings of Rev. Marmaduke Matthews, first minister to Malden, who had fallen under the censure of that honorable body. Children: 1. Rebecca, married Thomas Newell. 2. Thomas, not mentioned in his father's will, being probably then deceased. 3. Hannah, died in infancy. 4. Hannah, married John Vinton, of Woburn, and had a numerous posterity, which is fully recorded in the "Vinton Memorial." 5. Samuel, see forward.

(III) Captain Samuel Green, youngest child of Thomas (2) and Rebecca (Hills) Green, was born in Malden, Massachusetts, October 5, 1670, died January 2, 1735-36. He resided in Malden until 1717, when he removed to Leicester, being one of the original founders of that town. Leicester was granted by the general court, February 10, 1713-14, and Captain Green was appointed one of the committee by the proprietors to settle it. He had one hundred and eighty acres of land granted him in five parcels, and was a very influential man in all the affairs of the new settlement, the part of the town once occupied by him being still Greenville in his honor. It is a village in the southern part of Leicester, about one mile north of the South Leicester railroad depot. His title of captain was bestowed upon him for service in the militia,

rendered during the Narragansett war. He married Elizabeth, born 1658, died 1720, daughter of Deacon Phineas Upham, grand-daughter of Lieutenant Phineas Upham, who was severely wounded at the storming of the Narragansett fort, December 19, 1675; and great-granddaughter of Deacon John Upham, born in England, and founder of the Upham family in America. Captain Samuel Green mentioned in his will, dated April 18, 1717, wife Elizabeth, son Thomas and daughters Elizabeth and Rebecca (twins), Ruth, Lydia, Bathsheba, Abigail and Anna.

(IV) Rev. Thomas (3) Green, only son of Captain Samuel and Elizabeth (Upham) Green, was born in Malden, Massachusetts, 1699, died in Leicester, August 19, 1773. He acquired a knowledge of medicine and surgery from two surgeons of the English buccaneers, who boarded with his father for many years, they having come in and surrendered themselves under an offer of pardon from the English government. They instructed Thomas in what they knew of medicine, gave him a few medical books, and with this equipment and an uncommon amount of practical wisdom, he was enabled to enter upon and pursue the practice of medicine with great success. This practice extended into various parts of the colony, and into Rhode Island and Connecticut. He was not, however, more eminent as a physician than he was as a minister of the Gospel. Having embraced the Baptist faith, he organized a church and society of that denomination in South Leicester, and was ordained their pastor in 1736. He supplied their pulpit for many years, and his church grew and flourished. He donated a farm for a parsonage, a lot of land for the meeting house, and for a burial ground, in which he and his wife were buried, but their remains, together with those of his father, were afterward removed by their descendant, Dr. John Green, to Rural cemetery, in Worcester, Massachusetts. He married, January 13, 1725-26, Martha, born in Maklen, July 6, 1700, died in Leicester, June 20, 1780, daughter of Captain John Lynde by his third wife, who was Mrs. Judith (Worth) Buckman. Children: 1. Samuel, see forward. 2. Martha, married Robert Green, who studied medicine with her father, but never practiced the profession, becoming a manufacturer of spinning wheels. 3. Isaac, married Sarah Howe. 4. Thomas, married (first) Hannah Fox, (second) Anna Hovey. 5. John, married (first) Mary Osgood, (second) Mary Ruggles. 6. Solomon, married Elizabeth Page. 7. Elizabeth, married (first) Daniel Hovey, (second) Rev. Benjamin Foster, D.D., graduate of Yale College, who succeeded

his father-in-law as pastor of the Leicester Baptist Church, from whence he was called to Newport, Rhode Island; then to the church in Gold street, New York City, where he died of yellow fever in 1798. He had received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Brown University.

(V) Deacon Samuel (2) Green, eldest child of Rev. Thomas (3) and Martha (Lynde) Green, was born in Leicester, Massachusetts, 1726, died in the autumn of 1810. He served as deacon in the Baptist church in Leicester for more than fifty years. After the dismission of Rev. Dr. Foster, the church was without a pastor for a period of several years, and during this time Deacon Samuel Green devoted himself with much energy, ability and piety to the interests of the church, which continued to prosper. He was greatly beloved in the town and his death was deeply and sincerely mourned. He married (first) January 28, 1753, Zeviah Dana, born 1733, died May 25, 1797. Married (second) — Fisk, a widow, of Sturbridge, who died July 2, 1810. Children of first wife: Three, names not recorded, who died in infancy. 4. Samuel, see forward. 5. Elijah, died in the service of his country in camp at Roxbury, Massachusetts, December 25, 1776, at the age of sixteen years.

(VI) Samuel (3), son of Deacon Samuel (2) and Zeviah (Dana) Green, was born in Leicester, Massachusetts, November 22, 1757, died at Pembroke, New York, February 2, 1832. He resided in Leicester on the old homestead of his grandfather, Rev. Thomas Green, but, meeting with financial reverses and losing much of his property, he removed from Massachusetts, settling in Pembroke, New York, where the remainder of his life was spent. He was an eminently pious man, and his wife enjoyed a similar reputation. He married, April 15, 1779, Hannah Kinney, of Sutton, who died December 22, 1842, "aged ninety-two years, two months and fourteen days." After the death of her husband she returned to Leicester, where she lived with her son-in-law, John King. Children: 1. Elijah, died young. 2. Anderson Dana, died young. 3. Lucretia, married Daniel Fairbanks. 4. Sophia, married John King, of Leicester. 5. Samuel, died young. 6. Samuel Dana, married Susan Gibbs, of Providence, Rhode Island. 7. William Kinney, see forward. 8. Hadassah, married Asa Mann, of Leicester; she removed to St. Catharines, Canada, where she died, leaving three children. 9. Patty, died young. 10. Hannah, died young.

(VII) William Kinney, fifth son and sev-



Wm. V. Greene

with child of Samuel (3) and Hannah (Kinney) Greene was born in Leicester, January 9, 1790, died in Amsterdam, New York, October 13, 1864. He settled in Amsterdam, in 1840, becoming a pioneer carpet manufacturer there, and being associated there for a time with John Sanford, of the Sanford Carpet Mills. He was later in the manufacturing business alone, and was a highly respected and energetic man of affairs in the city. He married, December 10, 1812, Betsey, daughter of Deacon Jedediah Kimball, of Woodstock, Connecticut. Children: 1. Almeria, married Lyman Bennett. 2. William Kimball, see forward. 3. Harriet Newell, married Nicholas Anthony Wemple. 4. Samuel Dana, married Marietta Willoughby. 5. Henry Eckford. 6. Andrew Harding, married Mary E. Davis.

(VIII) William Kimball, eldest son and second child of William Kinney and Betsey (Kimball) Greene, was born July 18, 1816, died in Rome, Italy, while on a European tour, January, 1870. He was one of the potent factors in securing for the city of Amsterdam the water supply and power which gave it its full impetus as a great manufacturing center, and was the founder of two of its most important industries. He was a member of the firm of Wait, Greene & Company, manufacturers of satinets, at Hagamans Mills in 1840, but in 1842 withdrew from that firm and located in Amsterdam, where he started a carpet factory in a small building, afterward the site of the Greene Knitting Company's works. This was the forerunner and foundation of the carpet industry in Amsterdam and of the present immense business of S. Sanford & Sons. Mr. Greene ran his business alone for a few years, then John Sanford acquired an interest, and the plant was removed to the old Harris mill, further up the stream. Prior to 1856 Mr. Greene retired from the firm, which after other changes became, in 1853, the sole property of Stephen Sanford, who later admitted his sons. In 1856 William K. Greene and John McDonnell began the manufacture of knit goods in the small building where later stood the extensive plant of the Greene Knitting Company. In 1868 Mr. McDonnell withdrew, the business henceforth being conducted by Mr. Greene, who increased it by the erection of a much larger mill on the same site, operating with thirteen sets of machinery. In 1870 he died and was succeeded by his sons, Elijah P. and Henry E. Greene, with John K. Warnick, under the firm name of W. K. Greene's Sons & Company. Upon the death of E. P. Greene, the firm became W. K. Greene's Son & Company. In 1881 Henry E. Greene died, and in 1882 the Greene Knitting Company,

manufacturers of knit underwear, was formed. If any one man can be called the father of manufacturing interests in Amsterdam, it is William K. Greene, these two great industries, carpets and knit goods, both being founded by him.

Amsterdam originally had sufficient water power from Chutenunda creek to run its mills, but with the denuding of the northern hills and mountains, the supply was decreased. Dams were resorted to, but in 1855 it was necessary to again increase the supply of water. In that year a reservoir was constructed in Galway, covering four hundred and fifty acres, which was enlarged in 1865 to five hundred and fifty acres. In 1875 the banks of the reservoir were raised, increasing the area of stored water to one thousand acres. Through all these operations Mr. Greene bore a conspicuous part. He was one of the incorporators of the water supply company and, when the first board of trustees was formed, for the purpose of maintaining the supply, he was chosen one of the Water Supply Company. This permanent settlement of the question of power has been of immense advantage to Amsterdam, as it attracted many new industries, and has resulted in making the city one of the most noted manufacturing centers in Central New York. In this, as in the starting of pioneer industries, great credit must be awarded William Kimball Greene. He was a man of great energy and initiative and a born leader of men. He was interested in all forms of charity and benevolence for the benefit of those less fortunately situated than himself, and he and his wife gave generous aid to the institutions of the city. The record he left is a noble one, and his memory is still warmly cherished. Mr. Greene married, December 22, 1838, Jane M. Priest. Children: 1. Elijah Priest, see forward. 2. Henry Eckford, see forward.

(IX) Elijah Priest, eldest son of William Kimball and Jane M. (Priest) Greene was born May 22, 1843, died December 9, 1876. To a great degree he inherited the mechanical ability of his father. He was an extensive traveler, a great lover of beauty in art and nature, his collection of geological specimens showing him to have been a geologist of no mean merit. On September 28, 1865, he married at Ilion, New York, Ella, born June, 1845, daughter of Philo Remington, well known to the world as the inventor and manufacturer of the Remington typewriters and rifles. Children: 1. Fred Remington, see forward. 2. William Kimball, born December 15, 1869. 3. Harry Priest, born November 27, 1871, died in New Haven, Connecticut, June

10, 1892, just prior to his graduation from Yale University.

(IX) Henry Eckford, second son of William Kimball and Jane M. (Priest) Greene, was born April 10, 1849, died September 20, 1881. He was a prominent knit goods manufacturer in Amsterdam, New York, and was highly honored and respected for his sterling worth as a business man and as a citizen. He married Helen K., born in Troy, New York, June 28, 1851, died May 26, 1880, daughter of Ransom Baldwin and Elizabeth (Winne) Moore; granddaughter of Charles Moore, a soldier of the revolution, who died September 21, 1821; also a granddaughter of Robert Winne, and great-granddaughter of Moses and Elizabeth (Adams) Winne, who were among the first settlers in the Hudson-Mohawk valley. Children: 1. Jane M., married Hon. Spencer K. Warnick, born September 9, 1874, a graduate of Yale University, and an attorney at law in Amsterdam. Children: Spencer K., born May 20, 1899; Henry Greene, April 17, 1902. 2. Henry E., born May 2, 1880, is engaged in business in Amsterdam; married, October 8, 1902, Florence Irene Taylor; son, Henry E., born Sept 24, 1903.

(X) Fred Remington, eldest child of Elijah Priest and Ella (Remington) Greene, was born in Amsterdam, New York, November 4, 1867. He married, January 4, 1893, in Atlanta, Georgia, Harriet Estelle Delbridge, born July 24, 1873, and has one child: Emily Hughey Delbridge, born November 30, 1907. Mrs. Greene is the daughter of Dr. George Washington and Emily Mandeville (Hughey) Delbridge, the latter born May 5, 1847, daughter of Joseph, and granddaughter of John Hughey, of South Carolina, whose family dates back to the Huguenot settlers of early colonial days. Dr. Delbridge, born in Petersburg, Virginia, November 18, 1826, was a well-known physician of Atlanta, Georgia, where he died June 1, 1900. His father was James Kimmbergh, his grandfather Edward Delbridge, of Virginia, the latter being a soldier during the revolution. The line goes back to Richard Delbridge, the immigrant ancestor, who came from England to America in 1619, and had special rights granted him with reference to the Atlantic coast fisheries.

The Ostranders have been for several generations residents and natives of New York state. The first of the line herein recorded was John Ostrander, who lived near Round Lake, Saratoga county. He married Rebecca, daughter of Stephen Southard, who served in the revolutionary army as sergeant

of Colonel Pope's Tenth Massachusetts regiment. He fought at the battle of Saratoga, and soon afterward made permanent settlement near Round Lake.

(II) Nelson, son of John and Rebecca (Southard) Ostrander, was born at Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York. He was a farmer, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church. In politics he was a Whig and Republican. He married Eliza Baker. Children: George W., Perry N., Bell, Rose, Helen and Frankie.

(III) George W., eldest son of Nelson and Eliza (Baker) Ostrander, was born in Stillwater, Saratoga county, New York, in 1840. He was a real estate broker and a lumberman. He was a veteran of the civil war, having served three years in the One Hundred and Fifteenth Regiment, New York Volunteers. He was a Republican in politics. He married Hortense Lewis, born 1853, died 1898.

(IV) George Nelson, son of George W. and Hortense (Lewis) Ostrander, was born at Troy, New York, July 11, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of Albany, New York, Troy Conference Seminary, Poughkeepsie, Vermont, Clinton Liberal Institute, Fort Plain, New York, and Albany Business College. He decided on the profession of law, made the necessary preparation, passed the required examinations, and was admitted to the bar of New York state in 1899. Since that time he maintained an office in Albany and continuously practiced his profession. He has other important business interests. In 1890 he engaged with his father in the real estate business in Albany, and since 1906 has been a member of Finch, Pruyn & Company, paper manufacturers of Glens Falls, New York, and manager of their timber land department. He is also a director of the Glens Falls Trust Company, of Glens Falls, New York. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Episcopal church. His fraternal orders are: The Free and Accepted Masons and the Knights of Pythias. His clubs are the Albany of Albany, New York; Republican of New York City; Glens Falls of Glens Falls, New York; Saratoga and the Saratoga Golf of Saratoga, New York. He married (first) in Albany, December 22, 1894, Augusta Turner, born in Albany. He married (second) June 22, 1907, Harriet E. Smith, born in Northville, New York. Child of first marriage: George N., born November 23, 1898.

Charles Kimball Gallup descends in direct line from John Gallup (also Gollop and Gallup) born 1590, fourth son of Thomas Gal-

lop, gentleman, of North Bowood, county Dorset, England, and whose wife was a daughter of Thomas Crabb, of Nosterne, same county. John Gallop came to America in 1634. His wife, Christobel, followed soon after. They settled in Boston, Massachusetts, where he died in 1650.

The Gallup family spread over New England and adjacent states, a branch settling in Greene county, New York. Charles Kimball Gallup is a son of Henry Schuyler Gallup, a resident of Cossackie, Greene county, New York, who was a member of the Methodist church and a pronounced Democrat. He married, December 17, 1835, Anna Maria Van Den Berg, born April 9, 1819, at Cossackie, New York. He died July 9, 1888, aged seventy-eight years; his wife died October 10, 1897, aged seventy-seven years. Children: Horatio Nelson, born December 28, 1836, died January 25, 1837; William Henry, December 26, 1838, died 1910; James Harvey, November 24, 1841, died August 28, 1844; Charles Kimball, see forward.

(II) Charles Kimball Gallup was born at Cossackie, New York, September 8, 1845. He was graduated at Cossackie Academy, one of the best of the academies of that period. He has been connected with one corporation for thirty-seven years, and is still an active business man. He is a Marxian Socialist but rarely exercises his right of franchise, believing it to be in the final analysis a farcical performance. He is a member of the Episcopal church. He married, September 3, 1872, Carrie Nichols (see Gardner VIII).

(Van Den Berg Line).

Anna Maria (Van Den Berg) Gallup, wife of Henry Schuyler Gallup, and mother of Charles Kimball Gallup, is a direct descendant of Richard Janse Van Den Berg, who was living at Cossackie in 1720. He married, at Albany, November 13, 1699, Catherine (Trynije), daughter of Matthias Houghtaling, who in 1697 received a patent for a large tract of land at Cossackie. Children baptized: Maria, May 12, 1700; Antje, May 17, 1702; Jan, September 19, 1703; Matthys, January 15, 1706; Rachelte, February 22, 1708; Dorotea, October 30, 1710; Hendrick, October 19, 1712; Lidia, April 24, 1715; Robert, see forward.

(II) Robert, son of Richard Janse and Catherine (Houghtaling) Van Den Berg, was born June 30, 1717. He married Catharine Brandow. Children: Wilhelmus (William), and others.

(III) William, son of Robert and Catharine (Brandow) Van Den Berg, was baptized

July 29, 1750, at Albany, New York. He married Elizabeth Brandow.

(IV) Richard, son of William and Elizabeth (Brandow) Van Den Berg, was born at Cossackie, New York, March 16, 1786, died October 11, 1826. He married, March 11, 1805, Catherine Heath, born January 23, 1789, died March 7, 1848. Children: Angenat, born March 29, 1806; Elizabeth Christina, December 28, 1808; Robert, May 20, 1812; Catherine, December 6, 1813; William, February 4, 1816; Anna Maria, see forward.

(V) Anna Maria, daughter of Richard and Catherine (Heath) Van Den Berg, was born April 9, 1819, at Cossackie, New York. She married Henry Schuyler Gallup.

(VI) Charles Kimball, son of Henry Schuyler and Anna Maria (Van Den Berg) Gallup, married, September 3, 1872, Carrie Nichols (see Gardner VIII).

FORD The name of Ford is one of the oldest found in New England records, John of Plymouth being named as one of the "First Comers" who landed from the "Fortune" in 1621. The first of record in New York state is Simon Ford, of Saratoga county, who settled at an early date, procured land, which he cleared and cultivated. He married and had issue.

(II) James, son of Simon Ford, was a farmer of Saratoga county, New York. He married and had issue.

(III) John, son of James Ford, was a farmer of the town of Edinburg, Saratoga county, New York. He married Vilda, daughter of Syrril (or Cyrill) and Anna (Younglove) Wheeler.

(IV) John Wheeler, son of John and Vilda (Wheeler) Ford, was born in the town of Edinburg, Saratoga county, New York, May 15, 1848. He was educated in the public schools and under private tutors. He took a course in civil engineering at Bachelorville Academy, completing his professional studies under private instruction. He became a well-known civil engineer and has many important works to his credit. For eleven years he was engineer for the city of Cohoes, and was closely identified with the vast engineering work done in that city in connection with the hydraulic power canals of the Cohoes Company. In 1882 Mr. Ford removed to Waterford, New York, where he engaged in the manufacture of knit goods, continuing until the present. He has been very successful in business and is one of the leading manufacturers of his section. He is a man of strong character and holds high position among men of mark. He is a Republican in politics, and

an attendant of the Presbyterian church of Waterford. He married, September 24, 1873, Minnie Smith, daughter of Liddell and Margaret (Cook) Peverly, both of whom were born at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England. Children of John W. and Minnie S. (Peverly) Ford: Helen, married James D. Schroeder; Peverly W., married Elvira Haight.

(The Younglove Line)

(I) Anna (Younglove) Wheeler, mother of Vilda (Wheeler) Ford, is a descendant of Samuel Younglove, aged thirty years, who, with his wife Margaret, aged twenty-eight years, and son Samuel, aged one year, sailed from London, England, in August, 1635, in the "Hopewell," came to America and settled in Ipswich, Massachusetts, where he died, 1668. Children: 1. Samuel, died young. 2. Samuel, a wheelwright; admitted freeman 1671; married, August, 1660, Sarah Kensman and had issue. 3. Joseph. 4. Rev. John, of further mention.

(II) Rev. John Younglove, son of Samuel and Margaret Younglove, died in 1690. He became a minister of the Presbyterian church and a schoolmaster. He lived a life of great usefulness. He married Sarah ——— and had children: 1. John (2), from whom the branch herein recorded descends. 2. Samuel, ancestor of T. S. Pope, of Great Barrington, Massachusetts. 3. James. 4. Joseph, ancestor of James S. Younglove, of Johnstown, New York. 5. Sarah. 6. Mary Hannah. 7. Lydia.

(III) John (2), son of Rev. John and Sarah Younglove, married and had issue.

(IV) John (3), son of John (2) Younglove, married Jenima ———. Children: John, Samuel, Sarah and Jenima.

(V) John (4), son of John (3) and Jenima Younglove, married, September 30, 1749, Abigail Bloss. Children: Patience, Abigail, John, Jenima and Elizabeth.

(VI) John (5), son of John (4) and Abigail (Bloss) Younglove, was born December 11, 1756; died January 13, 1840. He married Thankful Copeland, born April 17, 1760, died September 26, 1839. Children: 1. John, born April 18, 1780; married, October 9, 1804, Betsey Tyler. 2. Thankful, born November 13, 1781; married, February 24, 1805, Weeks Copeland. 3. Abner, born July 8, 1784; married, January 26, 1805, Polley Rogers. 4. Anna, twin of Abner, see forward. 5. William, born June 5, 1786; died March 26, 1790. 6. Sally Smith, born September 18, 1788; married, November 18, 1806, Solomon Clark Pratt. 7. David Copeland, born February 26, 1791; married (first) February 17, 1814;

Elizabeth Stimson, of Edinburg, New York. Married (second) April, 1852, a widow, Mrs. Anna Smith. Children by first marriage: i. Truman G. Younglove, born October 31, 1815, died September 7, 1882; married (first) January 7, 1841, Elizabeth McMartin; (second) November 6, 1850, Jane McMartin. ii. Moses S. Younglove, born August 7, 1818, died March 20, 1882; married, December 25, 1853, Mary Humphreys. iii. John Orlando Younglove, born July 25, 1825; married, March, 1852, Evelyn Padden. iv. Samuel Abner Younglove, born August 8, 1827, died in Bradford, Pennsylvania, November, 1894; married, May, 1852, Rhoda Main. v. David Earl Younglove, born October 27, 1831, died in Syracuse, New York, February 12, 1896; married Clara ———. vi. Mary Jane Younglove, born January 12, 1834, died in childhood. 8. Zopher, born April 26, 1793, died September 12, 1795. 9. Betsey, born September 15, 1795; married, July 28, 1811, Henry Briggs. 10. Nabby, born July 10, 1797, married, March 24, 1816, William Hicks. 11. Lucy, born November 27, 1799, married, 1851, Peter Benson. 12. Daniel, born January 13, 1802, married, December 3, 1829, Alura Smith. 13. Vilda, born January 16, 1804, died July 29, 1804.

(VII) Anna, daughter of John (5) and Thankful (Copeland) Younglove, born July 8, 1784; married, June 27, 1811, Syrril Wheeler.

(VIII) Vilda, daughter of Syrril and Anna (Younglove) Wheeler, married John Ford.

(IX) John Wheeler, son of John and Vilda (Wheeler) Ford; married Minnie Smith Peverly.

HASWELL The Haswells of Hoosick, New York, are descendants of John Haswell, born in

Brough, Strammore, Westmoreland county, England, April 19, 1728, died in Bethlehem, Albany county, New York, September 22, 1808. He married (first) Mary Miller, who died in England. He married (second) Mary Haliday, born July 17, 1740, died December 12, 1824. She accompanied him to America, in 1774, on the sailing vessel, "Golden Gate," where they met the family of Thomas Mark. Four sons of John Haswell married four daughters of Thomas Mark, and one daughter of John Haswell married Isaac Mark. Children of first wife: 1. John, born 1751, died 1777, unmarried. 2. Joseph, born 1753; married Mary Mark. 3. Robert, born March 22, 1755, see forward. 4. Arthur, born March, 1757; married Mary Coughty. 5. Betsy, born 1758. 6. Mary, born 1761. Children of sec-

and wife: 7. Thomas, born 1761; married Elizabeth Mark. 8. Richard, born 1765; married Deborah Mark. 9. Margaret, born 1767; married Isaac Mark. 10. Isabella, born 1770; married Jeremiah Wood. 11. Edward, born 1773; married Ann Russell. 12. Hannah, born 1777; married ———— Jenkins. 13. John, born 1780; married Peggy Burhans. 14. A son, born 1782. 15. William, born 1784; married Elizabeth Udell.

(II) Robert, son of John and Mary (Miller) Haswell, was born March 22, 1755, died January 11, 1820. With his wife, Sarah (Mark) Haswell, who died October 11, 1823, aged sixty-two years, he settled in Hoosick, New York, in the year 1799, purchasing a tract of land on the banks of the Hoosick river of five hundred and six acres from the state called the Expense Lot, paying something over three thousand dollars. Children: 1. Mary, born March 1, 1781, died April 15, 1825, unmarried. 2. Elizabeth, born January 13, 1785, died January 27, 1835; married William Tweed Dale. 3. John R., born August 8, 1789, died May 30, 1863; married Ann Montgomery. 4. Deborah, born March 10, 1792, died August 25, 1863; married William Joslin. 5. Robert, born March 16, 1794, died February 12, 1867; married Cynthia Haswell, Caroline Hewitt and Mary Hewitt. 6. Joseph, born October 17, 1796, see forward. 7. Harriet, born July 18, 1799, died February 1, 1882; married Isaac Armstrong. 8. Sarah, born August 28, 1801, died March 4, 1858; married Dr. Salmon Moses. 9. Philip, born August 26, 1805, died March 29, 1819. 10. Julia Ann, born February 16, 1808, died 1863; married John Lottridge.

(III) Joseph, son of Robert and Sarah (Mark) Haswell, was born October 17, 1796, died October 22, 1856. He settled on the road from Hoosick to Hoosick Falls, on a farm consisting of about three hundred and fifty acres adjacent to his father's land. The home was beautifully located on a high elevation known in those days as "The Haswell Hill." It gave a view of the surrounding country which was most picturesque, looking down on the Hoosick Valley. He was a man of sterling qualities, independent in his views, a strong advocate for the cause of temperance which was not popular in those days. He was a member of the Presbyterian church at Hoosick Falls. He was one of the first breeders of Spanish Merino sheep in this section of the state, and the first man to bring his flock to such perfection that they sheared five pounds of wool to a sheep. At the time of his death he was the owner of nearly six hundred sheep, which was a large quantity

for those days. He was a stockholder and director of the old stage road which ran from Albany to Montreal called "The Montreal Adams road." It was the great thoroughfare from New York to Canada, and for many years a large portion was under his supervision. He was a man that commanded respect, a gentleman of the old school and one that held an enviable position in the community where he resided. He married (first) Adelaide Leet; married (second) Eliza Haynes; married (third) at Hoosick, New York, Susan Rogers Whiskey, born February 2, 1815, died April 5, 1870, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Rogers) Whiskey. Children: 1. Mary Frances, born May 9, 1843, died May 5, 1857. 2. Joseph Mark, born March 10, 1846, died November 15, 1909, at Hoosick; he was educated in the public schools; he inherited many of his father's characteristics and propensities, and one conspicuous one was his love and rare judgment of blooded stock, and on his farm at Hoosick on the Bennington road he kept blooded stock of all kinds; he was a member of the Presbyterian church at Hoosick Falls, and a man of high character and firmness of purpose and wonderful energy and courage. In his early days he was a member of "old Capitol police" of Troy under Captain Northrup and Sergeant Rogers; he married, February, 1875, Elizabeth, born January 4, 1856, daughter of George and Mary (Wallace) Brown; children: i. Joseph King, born January 10, 1876, died April 2, 1883; ii. William Wallace, born October 16, 1879, married, 1902, Gertrude R. Richmond, born September 16, 1885; child, Joseph Edward, born September 9, 1906; iii. George Albert, twin of William Wallace, an Osteopath physician, settled in Springfield, Massachusetts; iv. Mark B., born June 24, 1884, married, 1908, Mabel Plant Brown; child, Wallace Mark, born June 9, 1910; v. Thomas King, born February 2, 1893; vi. Kenneth Gorton, born March 18, 1898. 3. Amelia Elizabeth, born in Hoosick, New York, March 11, 1848; resides in Troy, where her life is being spent in philanthropic and charitable work; in 1881 she accepted a position as church missionary to the Second Street Presbyterian Church, where she labored faithfully for many years; she was then called to serve as city missionary where there were no limitations to her work; for twenty-one years she has been an ardent worker for fresh air children; for many years she was president of this organized enterprise in Troy; scarcely a poor child in Troy but does not know and love her; for a number of years she had charge of a Gospel

rescue mission and held weekly prayer meetings at her home known as "Miss Haswell's Tuesday Night Meeting"; one important and special feature of this meeting was the privilege of sending requests for prayer which sometimes came through the mails; she is well known in this city as an earnest, strong Christian character; she has her own idea of duty, and like some of her antecedents is not controlled merely by public opinion; she has a heart full of sympathy and love for those fighting the hard battles of life, and the poor, suffering and down-trodden know they will find a friend in her; she is a woman of unwavering faith in God, and is not daunted by severe testings; she believes "the things that are impossible with man are possible with God," and this thought inspires in her great courage, perseverance and hope to face great difficulties; one of her favorite mottoes is "Attempt great things for God, and expect great things from God." 4. Susan, died in infancy. 5. Harriet Josephine, born April 20, 1851; married, in 1870, John Dickinson Warren, son of Dr. Warren, who was a practicing physician at Hoosick for many years, and Susan (Dickinson) Warren. John D. Warren is a Presbyterian minister in Elmira, New York, and has labored in this capacity for many years with success here and elsewhere, and with the aid in his church work of his modest, charming, yet efficient wife, who has this work at heart, their united labors have been richly rewarded in many ways; child, Joseph Haswell, died in infancy. 6. Sarah, died in infancy.

WISWALL

Thomas and John Wiswall, both prominent among the early settlers of Dorchester, Massachusetts, came from England, 1635, leaving behind them brothers Adam, Abiel and Jonathan. This record deals with the descendants of Thomas Wiswall. Both were elders of the church, both selectmen and subscribers to the school fund. Thomas, the younger brother, was a subscriber in 1641; selectman from 1644 to 1652. He died December 6, 1683. No monument marks his grave, but that over the grave of Elder John states he was born in 1601, died in 1687, aged eighty-six years, which gives the approximate birth of Elder Thomas Wiswall. His farm of four hundred acres was in the limits of Dorchester, and included a pond that bore his name. His house stood upon the southerly bank of the pond, and is described in his will. On the day Rev. John Eliot (2) was ordained pastor of the Dorchester church, July 20, 1664, Thomas Wiswall was ordained ruling elder

and assistant pastor in inspecting and disciplining the flock. He married (first) Elizabeth ——. Children: 1. Enoch, born 1633. 2. Esther, 1635. 3. Ichabod, 1637. 4. Noah, of further mention. 5. Mary. 6. Sarah, baptized 1643. 7. Ebenezer, 1646. Elder Wiswall married (second) Isabella Farmer, a widow from Ansley, England. She survived him and died in Billerica, Massachusetts, May, 1866.

(II) Captain Noah Wiswall, son of Elder Thomas and Elizabeth Wiswall, was baptized in Dorchester, Massachusetts, 1638. He was killed in battle with the Indians at Wheelwrights Pond, July 6, 1690. He was a man of education and was employed, 1681, to transcribe the town records, was selectman in 1685, assessor in 1686, and served on important committees. He was captain of the military company. When in 1690 a band of French and Indians were committing depredations Captain Wiswall was slain in a battle with them. Tradition says he had a son John who fell in the same battle. Lands were granted the heirs of Captain Noah Wiswall in 1683 for his patriotic service. He married, December 10, 1664, Theodosia, daughter of John Jackson. Children: 1. Thomas, of further mention. 2. Elizabeth, born July 30, 1668; married, December 28, 1693, Rev. Thomas Greenwood, of Rehoboth, Massachusetts. 3. Caleb. 4. John (perhaps). 5. Margaret, born January, 1672; married Nathaniel Parker. 6. Mary. 7. Esther, born January 2, 1678. 8. Sarah, May 11, 1680; married, 1702, Joseph Cheney.

(III) Lieutenant Thomas Wiswall, son of Captain Noah and Theodosia (Jackson) Wiswall, was born February 28, 1666, died 1709. He inherited the homestead of his father, and was highway surveyor, 1694, constable, 1699, selectman, 1706 and 1707. He married, July, 1696, Hannah Cheney, who survived him and married (second) David Newman, of Rehoboth. Children: 1. Hannah, born October 15, 1697. 2. Noah, of further mention. 3. Sarah, born March 4, 1701; married, 1730, John Newman. 4. Mary, born October 1, 1702. 5. Elizabeth, born August 25, 1704; married Nathaniel Longley. 6. Thomas. 7. Ichabod.

(IV) Captain Noah (2) Wiswall, son of Lieutenant Thomas and Hannah (Cheney) Wiswall, was born September 7, 1699, died June 13, 1786. He inherited the homestead and in 1744 rebuilt the house. He was selectman three years. He was one of the earliest Baptists in Newton, having been baptized in 1754, and was one of the founders of the Baptist church in Newton in 1780. The first

meetings were held in his house, and he gave the land on which their first meeting house was erected. S. F. Smith's life of Rev. Mr. Grafton states that Captain Noah Wiswall was in the battle of Lexington. Three of his sons and some of his sons-in-law were in the East Newton company, commanded by his son, Captain Jeremiah Wiswall. After the company had marched for Lexington he started on foot and alone to follow them, saying, "I wish to see what the boys are doing." It seems almost impossible that he could have endured the march and the fatigues of the day, as he was then seventy-six years of age, but the roll of the East Newton company in the battle of Lexington, now in the office of the secretary of state of Massachusetts, and sworn to by the captain of that company before Judge Fuller, shows that he was in the company, and also several other aged men were volunteers in the ranks of the company on that day. He married (first) in 1720, Thankful, daughter of Jeremiah Fuller. She died in 1745. Married (second) in 1752, Deliverance, daughter of Ebenezer Kenrick, of Brookline. Children by first wife: 1. Thomas. 2. Elizabeth, married, December 17, 1741, William Baldwin. 3. Jeremiah, born October 27, 1725. 4. Thankful, born September 1, 1727, died 1748. 5. John. 6. Thankful, born August 11, 1729; married, 1750, Ebenezer Gee. 7. Mary, born April 1, 1731; married, 1752, Samuel Norcross. 8. Sarah, born December 23, 1734; married, 1761, Dr. John King. 9. Esther, born December 2, 1737; married, 1768, Benjamin White. 10. Noah, of further mention. 11. Samuel. 12. Ebenezer, born 1742. 13. Margaret, born February 24, 1744; married, 1766, Thomas Palmer. 14. Hannah, born March 31, 1745; married, 1769, Ebenezer Richards, of Dedham.

(V) Noah (3), son of Captain Noah (2) and Thankful (Fuller) Wiswall, was born July 7, 1740. He married, December, 1769, Mary Palmer, and settled in Fitchburg, Massachusetts. In 1796 his estate was set off from Fitchburg and annexed to Westminster. Children: 1. Mary, born April 4, 1770; married — White; her only child, Juliet, was left an orphan when an infant and was reared and educated by her uncle, Joseph Wiswall, who married her when seventeen years of age, a sin her Puritan mother never forgave her; they resided in Troy, New York, a few years, then removed to Mobile, Alabama, where she died. 2. Noah, born October 22, 1772; no authentic record of him is found. 3. John Palmer, born January 29, 1775; married (first) Melita Green, settled near Burlington, Vermont; married (second) Sarah Thurston;

he is buried in Mount Ida cemetery, Troy. 4. Ebenezer (Eben), a leading business man of Troy. 5. Jane, born April 5, 1779. 6. William, born March 11, 1781. 7. Joseph, born February 2, 1784. 8. Japheth, born November 18, 1785. 9. Seth, of further mention. 10. Sarah, born September 17, 1788. 11. Howard, born February 18, 1791. 12. Nancy, born November 16, 1792.

(VI) Seth, ninth child of Noah (3) and Mary (Palmer) Wiswall, was born in Westminster, Massachusetts, May 10, 1787, died in Albany, New York, about 1834. He grew up on the homestead farm and was educated in the town schools. After arriving at mature years he removed to New York state, settling in Albany county. He there purchased a farm overlooking the Hudson which he cultivated for several years, later selling it to his brother Eben (or Ebenezer) who had become heavily interested in ferry and real estate enterprises. Seth, after disposing of his farm (now a part of the corporate limits of West Troy) settled in Albany where he died. He was a man of energy and enterprise, and bore a high reputation in his community. He married, about 1814, Nancy Pendleton, who died in Albany in 1847, a descendant of the Pendleton family of Rhode Island, one of a large family of daughters (eleven) and one son, William Pendleton. Children of Seth Wiswall: 1. Mary, born about 1815, died 1845, unmarried. 2. Martha Nancy, born October 26, 1817, see forward. 3 and 4. Two sons, died in infancy. 5. Angelica Schuyler, born March, 1823; married Thomas Barber. 6. Elizabeth, twin of Angelica S., died in infancy.

(VII) Martha Nancy, daughter of Seth and Nancy (Pendleton) Wiswall, was born October 26, 1817, died in Albany, August 31, 1880. She married, August 8, 1843, John Henry Van Antwerp, a descendant in direct line from Daniel Janse Van Antwerp and Maritie, daughter of Samuel Groot, both of Holland. Daniel Janse was an early proprietor of Schenectady, where several of his children were killed or taken prisoners to Montreal, when that town was burned by the Indians in 1690. He was a fur trader and a man of means. He was a member of the Dutch church and donated, in 1715, the land on which the Dutch Reformed church of Schenectady now stands. John H. Van Antwerp's grandfather, Daniel Lewis Van Antwerp, 1771 to 1832, was of Schenectady and Albany; was a member of the constitutional convention of 1801, member of the legislature from Saratoga county, 1808-10; district attorney, 1811, for counties of Albany, Schenectady, Saratoga, Montgomery and Schoharie, being ap-

pointed March 9, 1811, by Governor Daniel D. Tompkins. When Albany county was erected into a separate district, April 21, 1818, he was reappointed by Governor De Witt Clinton, June 11, 1818, his commission being in each case unlimited, but continuous during the pleasure of the governor and council. He was brigade-quartermaster in the war of 1812, judge of the court of sessions, 1820. William Van Antwerp, son of Judge Daniel Lewis Van Antwerp, was a prominent lawyer of Albany, 1799-1829. Married Sarah Meadon and had John Henry, William Meadon, Daniel Lewis (2) and a daughter. John Henry, son of William and Sarah (Meadon) Van Antwerp, was born in Albany, October 12, 1823. He was educated in the private schools and began business life as a clerk. He rapidly rose in business affairs and was one of the founders and original trustees of the National Savings Bank of Albany, and in May, 1872, was elected president. His connection with the New York State National Bank began July 17, 1847, as corresponding clerk. January 1, 1856, he was appointed cashier, serving until 1880, when he was elected vice-president. As a financier he was connected with the banking interests of Albany for over half a century, and his rare ability is indicated by the high standing of the institutions with which he was so long connected. He was a member for over eighteen years and vice-president of the New York state board of charities and gave much of his time to this. He was one of the originators of the plan for the creation of Washington Park, Albany, and one of the commissioners named in the act of the legislature creating it, was the first president of the board and served for about twenty-one years during the formation period of the Park, then declining a reappointment by the mayor. Both Mr. Van Antwerp and his wife became members of St. Paul Episcopal Church, Albany, of which he was for many years senior warden. He was a member of the Holland Society, Sons of the Revolution, fellow of the American Geographical Society and of the Albany Institute. His clubs were the Manhattan and St. Nicholas of New York City, the Fort Orange and Country of Albany.

Children of John H. and Martha Nancy (Wiswall) Van Antwerp: 1. Amelia King, born December 11, 1844; married, November 8, 1866, John McMurray, of New York City; she died May 25, 1867. 2. Henrietta Wiswall, of further mention. 3. Rufus King, born July 25, 1849, died May 8, 1888. 4. Kate Josephine, born June 24, 1859, died June 6, 1907; married, June 14, 1882, Josiah R. Stan-

ton, paymaster in the United States navy; child, Martha Van Antwerp, born October 10, 1883; married, June 8, 1904, Edward Easton.

(VIII) Henrietta Wiswall, daughter of John Henry and Martha Nancy (Wiswall) Van Antwerp, was born September 2, 1847, and is the only surviving member of her family. She married, October 1, 1873, Major Junius Wilson MacMurray, of Missouri, an officer of the United States regular army. Major MacMurray recruited a company and entered the Union army as its first lieutenant, April 20, 1861; was breveted for bravery at the siege of Corinth, Mississippi; to captain, at the siege of Vicksburg, to major and to lieutenant-colonel for gallant and meritorious services during the war. Children: 1. Van Antwerp, born September 12, 1874, died November 22, 1875. 2. Edna Allens, born June 4, 1876, married, June 15, 1900, James Parsons Robinson, captain of Coast Artillery Corps, United States Army. 3. Ethel, born February 15, 1878. 4. John Van Antwerp, born October 6, 1881. Mrs. MacMurray resides in Washington, D. C., and Albany, New York.

Lawrence and Lydia
COPELAND (Townsend) Copeland, of
Braintree, Massachusetts

(1651), had a family of nine children. Three of their sons, Thomas, William and John, lived to manhood and are the progenitors of nearly all the Copelands in the United States.

(II) William, son of Lawrence and Lydia (Townsend) Copeland, was born September 15, 1656. Married, April 3, 1698, Mary, widow of Christopher Webb, Jr., and daughter of John and Ruth (Alden) Bass. Ruth was the daughter of John Alden, the Pilgrim. William and Mary Copeland had eight sons and one daughter.

(III) William (2), son of William (1) and Mary (Bass) (Webb) Copeland, was born March 7, 1695. Married, June 15, 1718, Mary, daughter of Richard and Rebecca (Micall) Thayer. They had seven children.

(IV) William (3), son of William (2) and Mary (Thayer) Copeland, was born December 6, 1730. Married, May 3, 1753, in Brooklyn, Connecticut, Sarah Smith, and lived in Thompson, Connecticut. They had (probably) twelve children.

(V) Jonathan, son of William (3) and Sarah (Smith) Copeland, was born September 29, 1757. Married (first) March 9, 1780, Esther Chapman of Hampton, Connecticut; she was born January 12, 1761, died April 15, 1795; Jonathan married (second) May

22, 1795. Sally Chollar (or Collar), who died June 11, 1826. Children of first wife: 1. Jonathan, born November 15, 1781. 2. Esther, April 11, 1783, married Daniel Corbin, died November 21, 1870. 3. Jonathan, October 16, 1786, died December 5, 1858. 4. David, September 8, 1788. 5. Eunice, March 8, 1791, married Harvey Adams, died September 5, 1864. 6. Royal, March 20, 1793, married Harriet Hyde, died March 2, 1866. 7. Elizabeth, March, 1795. Children of second wife: 8. Sally, born April 10, 1798, died October 30, 1843. 9. Abigail, April 19, 1800, married Ichabod Upham, died January 2, 1882. 10. Asa, October 26, 1801, died August 26, 1820. 11. Abiel, May 3, 1803, died May 10, 1863. 12. Elizabeth W., January 26, 1805, died September 29, 1869. 13. Daniel, November 13, 1806, married Pamela Hibbard, died May 22, 1882. 14. Cynthia, November 14, 1808, died December 11, 1808. 15. Joel, November 20, 1809, died June 24, 1886. 16. Amasa, January 7, 1812, died May 22, 1859.

(VI) David, son of Jonathan and Esther (Chapman) Copeland, was born September 8, 1788, died in Rochester, New York, June 10, 1878. He was one of the earlier settlers of Rochester when it was little more than an Indian trading village. As the town began to grow and improve, he became a dealer in mason's materials of all kinds. He was a prosperous merchant and transacted a large business. He was a Whig in politics, and with his family active in the Presbyterian church. He was one of the organizers of the first church of that denomination in Rochester. He married, June 29, 1814, Martha Shepard, born and died in Rochester. Children: 1. Jonathan, born February 20, 1816. 2. Gerry Shepard, July 2, 1819, died December 10, 1873; married Maria Thompson, of Rochester; no living issue. 3. Martha, July 26, 1821, died August 4, 1821. 4. William Eaton, June 15, 1823, died May 10, 1882; married Mary Ann Archer, who survives him; children: George, Robert, Mack, Carrie. 5. Mary May, December 5, 1825, died June 23, 1827. 6. Mary, February 19, 1826, died March 15, 1828. 7. Mary Jane, January 30, 1830, died November 29, 1905; married James W. McElhenny, deceased. 8. David, August 17, 1832, died September 16, 1890; married Emily Labev; children: Albert, Clara, Jennie, Esther. 9. Martha, June 28, 1835, died September 7, 1843.

(VII) Rev. Jonathan Copeland, son of David and Martha (Shepard) Copeland, was born, it is thought, in Connecticut, February 20, 1816, died in Rochester, December 9, 1860. He was educated for the ministry,

graduating at Union College, Schenectady, New York. He was regularly ordained a minister of the Presbyterian church, and placed in charge as pastor of the church in Holley, New York, nearby, where he was pastor for sixteen years. He was in charge of a congregation at Champlain, New York; Waterbury, Vermont; and Webster, New York, his ministerial career covering a period of over fifty years. He was a faithful minister, and served well his Master's cause. He died in Rochester, New York, while yet living in Webster, being taken ill while on a visit to the former city, and is buried there. He married, January 30, 1844, Kezia Clark, born at Schenectady, New York, died at Webster, New York, August 8, 1885. She was a daughter of John and Kezia (Failing) Clark, of early Dutch ancestry, the former a farmer of Schenectady county, owning and cultivating the ground now occupied by the Mohawk Golf Club and much surrounding land. Children of Rev. Jonathan Copeland: 1. Martha E., born February 21, 1845, died October 16, 1846. 2. J. Clark, April 26, 1847; married (first) July 20, 1869, Lottie A. Schenck, who died May 25, 1870; child, Grace Augusta, born May 24, 1870; married (second) April 5, 1882, Adella M. Billings. 3. Edward Payson, October 9, 1849, died September 13, 1876. 4. William Henry, September 5, 1852; married, October 12, 1881, Julia Burchard. 5. Emma Catharine, April 3, 1854. 6. Mary Kezia, October 18, 1856; married, December 29, 1886, Frank Holley; children: Ralph, born January 29, 1889, and Alma Kezia, February 8, 1893. 7. Alice Moore, October 26, 1861, died September 23, 1889; married, May 6, 1885, J. R. Hawley; child, Kathleen Alice, born February 27, 1887.

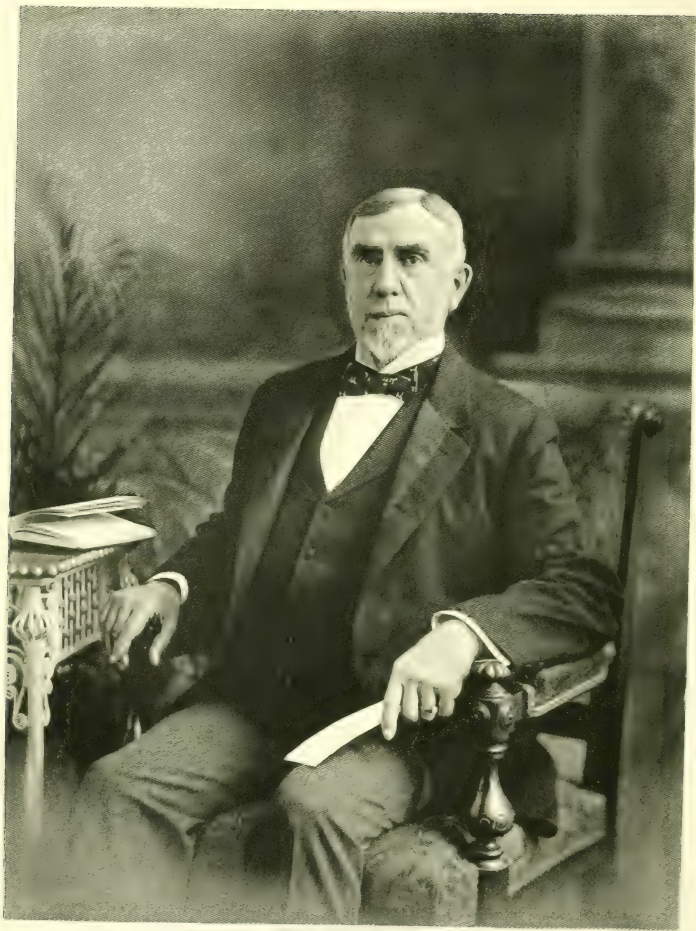
(VIII) William Henry Copeland, third son of Jonathan and Kezia (Clark) Copeland, was born at Holley, near Rochester, New York, September 5, 1852. He was educated in the public schools, and began his business career as clerk in a general store at Waterbury, Vermont. He was then only a lad but well grown and eager for business life. In 1872 he located at Hoosick Falls, New York, and became first, clerk, later bookkeeper for the firm of Wallace, Jones & Ely. In 1875 he entered the employ of the Walter A. Wood Company as bookkeeper, remaining in the accounting department until 1892. He was then appointed paymaster, a position he now occupies (1910). He is a skillful accountant and a trusted official. He is a member of the Presbyterian church at Hoosick Falls, serving as trustee. In politics he is a Republican but takes no active part. His clubs are the Hoos-

sick and Hoosick Country. He married, October 12, 1881, Mrs. Julia E. Burchard, daughter of Lucius Morgan Cooley and widow of Walter Howard Burchard. She had by first marriage: 1. Anson Wood, graduate of Stevens Institute, Hoboken, New Jersey, class 1889, now connected with the General Electric Company, in New York City; he is a trustee of his alma mater, Stevens Institute. 2. Jessie May, married Hinsdill Parsons and resides in Schenectady, New York; Mr. Parsons is a son of the late J. Russell Parsons, and was born in Hoosick Falls; he is now connected with the General Electric Company of Schenectady, and is one of the vice-presidents.

Lucius Morgan Cooley, son of Horace and Lucretia (Morgan) Cooley, and father of Julia E. (Cooley-Burchard) Copeland, was born at White River Junction, Vermont, November 30, 1806, died at Hoosick Falls, New York, September 15, 1873. He was a Whig and a Republican, holding many of the local offices in his town. He was a deacon of the Presbyterian church. He married, February 4, 1834, Sally Maria Bussey, born in Hoosick Falls, died there March 31, 1881, daughter of Esek Bussey, of Rensselaer county, later of Lysander, Onondaga county, New York, where he died. He owned a large tract of land now a part of the village of Hoosick Falls. Esek Bussey married Elizabeth (Betsey) Sickles, born March 18, 1781, died at Lysander, New York, May 1, 1857. They had eleven children, of whom Sally Maria was the eighth.

Children of Lucius Morgan and Sally Maria Cooley: 1. Francis Morgan, born June 18, 1835, died at San Francisco, California, November 24, 1890; he was educated at Ball's Academy, Hoosick Falls, and Poultney Academy, Poultney, Vermont; he taught school for a few months, then entered the employ of the Walter A. Wood Company, later in 1857 engaging in business in Hoosick Falls on his own account; at the outbreak of the civil war he recruited a company at his own expense; the company was mustered into the United States service, April 20, 1861, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, as Company H, Fifth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, of which he was captain; he was at Alexandria in 1861 and saw the killing of Colonel Ellsworth at the Marshall House by the enraged Jackson; May 14, 1861, he was ordered to Boston, Massachusetts, where he assisted in recruiting and organizing a regiment; in 1862 his command was attached to what was later known as the Second Division, Fifth Army Corps; they were engaged in the Peninsular campaign with McClellan and with

the Army of the Potomac under its many commanders; in 1864, with Grant in command, his regiment was in one of the battles of the Wilderness, Laurel Hill, Spottsylvania, Bethesda Church, and Cold Harbor; he was wounded several times, and during the assault on Petersburg, June 19, 1864, he received a severe wound; during the time between May 5 and June 19, 1864, he was under fire twenty-four days; he was breveted major for gallantry at Spottsylvania, lieutenant-colonel for his services at Petersburg, and colonel for his patriotic services in the final campaign; after the war he continued in the service of the government until his resignation in 1870; he engaged in cotton planting in the south, then removed to San Francisco where he was in the internal revenue service; he was a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion; he married (first) Adeline Hickok, who bore him Charles, Walter and Anna; married (second) Alice Kingsbury; children: Frank, Earl, Sarah, Verdenel and Edmund. 2. Thomas Bussey, born August 23, 1836, died April 8, 1896; he also served in the civil war, going out as private and returning as lieutenant; after the war he returned to Hoosick Falls, New York, then removed to Minnesota where he represented the Walter A. Wood Machinery Company; he was an Episcopalian and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic; he married, November 8, 1859, Sarah Elizabeth Hewitt, who died November 29, 1899; children: Rev. Frank E., an Episcopal minister; Howard B.; Morgan S.; Mary E. 3. Julia E., aforementioned as the wife of William H. Copeland. 4. Henry Clay, born April 6, 1842, died June 10, 1843. 5. Sarah, married (first) Jacob Merritt, of Troy, Hoosick Falls, and Danbury, Connecticut, son of Charles H. Merritt; she married (second) Joseph M. Ives, of Danbury, Connecticut, who died September, 1908; she survives her husband, a resident of Danbury, without issue. 6. Lucius, born at Hoosick Falls, New York, January 10, 1846, died October 24, 1888, at Danbury, Connecticut; he enlisted in the Union army in 1864; after the war he entered the employ of the Walter A. Wood Company and filled a responsible position with that company for many years; he married, September 4, 1886, Mary L. Wait; children: Sally M., married Edgar L. Green, of Hoosick Falls, and has Edgar Lucius and Howard Burchard; Helen, married Frank V. Milliman, of Boston, Massachusetts, and has Frank L., born May 3, 1896, and Julian, born April 23, 1901. 7. Priscilla Cooley, born July 8, 1847, died May 4, 1852. 8. Charles, born June 14, 1850, died May 18, 1852.



Louis L. Payne

Stephen Paine, immigrant, with wife Rose and three children came to New England in the ship "Diligence," of Ipswich, in 1638, and settled in Hingham, Massachusetts, as early as 1660. He was one of the first proprietors of Rehoboth, Massachusetts. He was freeman, 1639, deputy, 1641, and many years townsman, 1644, and held the office for several years. He married (first) Rose —, who died January 20, 1660; (second) Alice or Elizabeth Parker, widow of William Parker, of Plymouth or Taunton. She died December 5, 1682. He died August, 1679. His will is one of the earliest on record in the State House, Boston. Children: Stephen, mentioned below; Nathaniel, born in England.

(II) Stephen (2), son of Stephen (1) Paine, was born in England, in 1629, and came to New England with his father. He went first to Hingham, and removed to Rehoboth in 1643-44, where he became a prominent citizen and land holder. He took the oath of fidelity in 1657. He was a tanner by trade. Both he and his father owned land in Swansea, Massachusetts, and may have lived there for a time. He served in King Philip's war, under Major Bradford, and contributed money to carry it on. He married Anne, perhaps a daughter of Francis Chickering, of Dedham. She married (second) Thomas Metcalf, of Rehoboth. Children: Stephen, born September 29, 1654; Rebecca, October 20, 1656; John, April 3, 1658; Mary, May 11, 1660; Samuel, mentioned below; Elizabeth, August 27, 1664; Sarah, October 12, 1666; Nathaniel, September 20, 1667; Benjamin, March 9, 1674-75.

(III) Samuel, son of Stephen (2) Paine, was born at Rehoboth, May 12, 1662. He held various town offices in Woodstock, and in 1695 bought two hundred acres at Pomfret, Connecticut. He was a wealthy man for his day. He died at Woodstock, May 11, 1735. He married (first) Anne Peck, of Rehoboth, December 16, 1685; (second) Mrs. Abigail Frissell, of Woodstock, Connecticut, where he settled in 1708. Anne Peck was born December 22, 1667, eldest child of Deacon Samuel and Sarah (Hunt) Peck. Sarah Hunt was the daughter of Peter Hunt, Sr., and granddaughter of Enoch Hunt, the immigrant. Deacon Samuel Peck was the son of Joseph Peck, who came in the "Diligent." Abigail Frissell was the daughter of — Bartholomew, and widow of Joseph Frissell, of Woodstock. Children of first wife, born at Rehoboth: Samuel, September 13, 1686; Ann, September 15, 1688; Seth, August 20, 1690; Sarah, December 11, 1692; Judith, February 18, 1694;

Noah, May 21, 1696; Stephen, June 21, 1699, mentioned below; Daniel, February 22, 1702; Ebenezer, 1711; Rebecca, 1713.

(IV) Stephen (3), son of Samuel Paine, was born June 21, 1699. He married, 1727, in Pomfret, Sarah Leach. Children, born at Woodstock or Pomfret: Judith, December 31, 1727; Noah, November 29, 1729; Stephen, mentioned below.

(V) Stephen (4), son of Stephen (3) Paine, was born in Woodstock or Pomfret. He married Anna Bushnell. In 1773 he removed from Woodstock to what was then the frontier of western Massachusetts. Here he settled at Partridgefield, now Hinsdale, Berkshire county, just south of the old Boston and Albany turnpike, and cleared and cultivated a farm. Among his children was Ebenezer Leach, mentioned below. This branch of the family has spelled the name Payne and Payn.

(VI) Ebenezer Leach Payn, son of Stephen (4) Paine, was born in Andover, Connecticut, September 21, 1762. When eleven years of age, he removed with his parents to Partridgefield, and at the age of fourteen became a soldier in the revolution as a substitute for his father, who was ill. He was present at Ticonderoga when the English under General Burgoyne compelled the evacuation of that fort by the patriots, and took part in the retreat of the latter, which involved the crossing of Lake Champlain on rafts of logs. He participated in the battle fought at Hubbardton, Vermont, where the overwhelming number of the British forces again compelled the American troops to retreat. He married, May 12, 1783, Keziah Kenny, born in New Milford, Connecticut, June 18, 1766. They settled in that part of Hinsdale known as the "North Woods," about two miles from the center of the town. Children: Alpheus, born, 1787; Daniel, 1789; Stephen, 1791; Bushnell, 1793; Noah, 1795; Chauncey, 1798; Sally, 1800; James, 1803; Elijah, 1806, mentioned below; Keziah, 1809; Lyman, 1811; Elvira, 1813.

(VII) Judge Elijah Payn, son of Ebenezer Leach Payn, was born 1806, died in Hudson, New York. He married Rachel Dunsbaugh. Child, Louis Frisbie, mentioned below.

(VIII) Louis Frisbie Payn, son of Judge Elijah Payn, was born in Ghent, Columbia county, New York, January 27, 1835. He was educated in the schools of Chatham, New York. He has always been active in business and political life, and has given much time to the public service. In 1872 he built a mill for the manufacture of paper at Chatham, and in 1890 added machinery for the manufacture of box board. He is president of the Stony

Brook Box Board Mills, and president of the Louis F. Payn Oil Company of West Virginia, and has interests in silver mines in Colorado. From youth he has been an ardent member of the Republican party and an influential supporter of its interests. Since 1864 he has attended as a delegate every national convention, but has never been a candidate for any elective public office of importance. He achieved a national reputation in 1880 on account of his strong support of General Grant as a candidate to the presidency for a third term. He has, however, made the political fortunes of many other men now high in public life, and is still active and alert in politics. He has held several important appointive offices in the state; January 28, 1856, he was appointed deputy sheriff of Columbia county; 1866 harbor master of the port of New York City; in 1877 he was appointed by President Grant United States marshal for the southern district of New York; February 2, 1897, he was appointed by Governor Black state superintendent of insurance and served until January 21, 1900. He is a member of Columbia Lodge, No. 98, Free and Accepted Masons. He married (first) 1857, Margaret, daughter of John Stafford, and niece of General Worth, of Mexican war fame. She died in 1898. He married (second) December, 1902, Marion K. Heath, of Albany, New York. He now resides at Chatham, New York, where he has lived for seventy years.

William Arthur, A. VAN ALSTYNE M., in his dictionary of Family and Christian names says: "Van Alstyne" Local, from the old or high stone Dutch. Records in Holland show the family to be of ancient origin being traced under different names back to the crowning of "Otho" in the year A. D. 936. The family first appears under the name, Ralsko, which it abandoned in order to take that of Warternberg, which they bore for several centuries. Jean Ralsko who died in Flanders in 1236, had built there the Chateau de Waldstein, the name of which he took to distinguish himself from his brother who bore that of Warternberg. The family has been traced under the name of Balstein in Spain, Vallenstein in France, Halsteyn in Flanders and Van Alstein in Holland. From Waldstein the name changed to Wallenstein, Walstein, Valstein, and finally became Van Alstein, which with slight variations in spelling has ever since been used. On early records in America, it appears as Van Aelsteyn, Van Aelsteyne, Van Alstyn, Van Alstein, Van Alstyne and Van Alstine. One branch

dropped the Van and are known as Alsteyn. In the present day three forms of spelling are found: Van Alstine, Van Alstyne and Alstyn.

(I) The direct ancestor of the family in America was Jan Martense, signifying John, son of Marten Van Alstyne, the final *se* meaning son of. Jan Martense was of record in New Amsterdam (New York) as early as 1643. In the Dutch manuscripts there is a bill of sale to him, dated December 11, 1646. How long he remained in New Amsterdam is not known but in 1657 he is recorded in Albany, New York, as owning a lot lying "East of Broadway and North of Columbia Street." This he held as late as 1693 and in the meantime became patentee of two tracts of land in the county of "Ulster." At that period Albany county embraced about all of the state of New York lying north and west of Dutchess and Ulster counties. He also purchased a large tract of land "behind Kinderhook" where he resided until his death about 1698. In 1695 he conveyed his home farm to his son Abraham, the latter giving back a covenant to pay the other heirs certain sums of money as provided in the conveyance. His wife was Dirkje Harmense (Dirkje being the feminine form of Richard). Their sons were: 1. Abraham, see forward. 2. Marten, born July 18, 1655; married (first) Jannetje Bogart; (second) Cornelia Van Den Bergh. 3. Isaac, born July, 1657; married (first) Marritje Vosburgh; (second) Jannetje J. Valkenburg. 4. Lambert, married Jannetje Mingael. All had the middle name Janse, signifying they were sons of Jan (John).

(II) Abraham Janse, son of Jan Martense and Dirkje Harmense Van Alstyne, born 1650, owned and cultivated the homestead farm at Kinderhook, deeded him by his father. This land as well as the deeds of conveyance has ever since been in the possession of his descendants. The name of his first wife is not recorded. He married (second) January 17, 1694, Maritje Van Deusen. Children: 1. Janneke, born March 15, 1685, died May 31, 1727. 2. Jan, born May 22, 1687; buried September 27, 1738; married Elizabeth ——. 3. Jacob, born September 8, 1689, see forward. 4. Johannes, born August 26, 1694. 5. Matthews, born June 14, 1696. 6. Dirkje, born December 4, 1698. 7. Sander, born January 5, 1701. 8. Abraham, born August 15, 1703. 9. Lena, born November 18, 1705. 10. Isaac, born January 28, 1708; buried July 6, 1746; married Maritje Van den Bergh, January 23, 1728. 11. Dirkje, born April 30, 1710. 12. Catryntje, born October 12, 1713. 13. Jacobus, born April 21, 1717. 14. Marten, born May 3, 1719.

(III) Jacob, son of Abraham Janse Van Alstyne, was born at Kinderhook, New York, September 8, 1689. He was buried November 4, 1730. He married, October 10, 1722, Pietertje Van Iveren (alias of Myndertse), born August 22, 1703, daughter of Myndert and Saartje (Bratt) Van Iveren. Children: 1. Jannetje, born November 22, 1723. 2. Rinier, born April 4, 1725, see forward. 3. Sara, born June 4, 1727. 4. Maria, born July 27, 1729.

(IV) Rinier, son of Jacob and Pietertje Van Iveren) Van Alstyne, was born at Kinderhook, New York, April 4, 1725. He settled near Blooming Grove, town of North Greenbush, Rensselaer county, which he bought from the Rensselaers. He married, November 5, 1748, Cornelia Van Den Bergh, born May 24, 1724, daughter of Matthias and Cathalyne (Van Deusen) Van Den Bergh. Children: 1. Jacob, born May 28, 1750. 2. Catalyntje, born March 17, 1751. 3. Matthew, born June 3, 1753, see forward. 4. Pietje (Peter), born August 30, 1776.

(V) Matthew, son of Rinier and Cornelia (Van Den Bergh) Van Alstyne, was born June 3, 1753. He served in the revolution as a member of Tryon county, first regiment, militia (Land Bounty Rights). He married, March 31, 1782, Rachel De Forest, born March 23, 1764, daughter of Marten and Tanneke (Winne) De Forest, a descendant of the early DeForest family of Harlem and New Amsterdam. Matthew Van Alstyne located in the town of North Greenbush, Rensselaer county, on the homestead farm. Children: 1. Marten. 2. Cornelia, born February 3, 1788. 3. Rinier, see forward. 4. Peter, lived a mile north. 5. Cataline, married Martinus Lansing. 6. Antoinette, married John R. DeForest. 7. Catherine, married John R. Fonda.

(VI) Rinier (2), son of Matthew and Rachel (DeForest) Van Alstyne, lived on homestead in Rensselaer county, New York. He married Catherine Whitbeck, born about 1790, died March 28, 1880. He died August 14, 1865. Children: 1. Matthew, see forward. 2. Catherine, married John K. De Forest. 3. Catalina, married William P. Whitbeck.

(VII) Matthew (2), son of Rinier (2) and Catherine (Whitbeck) Van Alstyne, was born December 11, 1812, died October, 1886. He married Rachel De Forest, born March 18, 1819, died July 29, 1877. Children: Rinier, see forward; Frank Pruyn; Van Dyke; Elizabeth; Ann, married Dr. Ten Eyck; Isabella.

(VIII) Rinier (3), son of Matthew (2) and Rachel (De Forest) Van Alstyne, was

born March 22, 1845, died October 30, 1877. He married, December 8, 1869, Alice Catherine Brownell, born December 21, 1847, daughter of Edwin and Catherine (Whitbeck) Brownell. Child, Matthew, see forward.

(IX) Matthew (3), son of Rinier (3) and Catherine (Brownell) Van Alstyne, was born at Bath-on-the-Hudson (Rensselaer), New York, October 9, 1870. He was educated at Troy Academy, finishing his studies at Albany high school. He at once entered upon an active business that has continued without interruption, with the Albany Belting & Supply Company. He is an energetic, capable man of business and has fairly won the important position he occupies. He is a member of the First Dutch Reformed Church of Albany and in political preference a Democrat. His clubs are the Fort Orange and Albany Country. He married at Albany, December 14, 1899, Adaline Yerks, born in that city, January 1, 1875, daughter of George Wilbur and Adaline Maria (Benjamin) Yerks, of Albany. George W. Yerks was born at Unionville, Westchester county, New York, February 4, 1848, died at Albany, August 9, 1903, son of William H. and Mary A. (Clark) Yerks. Mary A. was a daughter of Amos and Elizabeth (Van Wart) Clark. Through both Clark and Van Wart lines, she was of splendid revolutionary stock. George W. Yerks was educated at Amenia and finished at Claverack Academy. After graduation he entered the employ of the United States government. He came to Albany and established in the fancy grocery business on Broadway, under the firm name of Benjamin & Yerks, in 1877 becoming sole proprietor. In 1878 he admitted a partner under the firm name of George W. Yerks & Company. He held offices of honor and trust in the city; was trustee of the Madison Avenue Reformed Church and a member of the Fort Orange Club. He married, July 8, 1868, Adaline Maria, born in Cleveland, Ohio, died in Albany, New York, October 30, 1900, daughter of George Whitman and Adaline (Powell) Benjamin. George Whitman Benjamin was born in Williamstown, Massachusetts, and was a descendant of Governor John Webster. His mother was a Seymour of Hartford, Connecticut, and descended from the famous English house which bears the title of Dukes of Somerset. Adaline (Yerks) Van Alstyne was educated at Albany Female Academy and St. Agnes School, and is a member of the Albany Country Club, the Mohawk Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and the Society of Graduates of St. Agnes School. Child of Matthew and Adaline

(Yerks) Van Alstyne: Wilbur Yerks, born in Albany, December 16, 1904.

The early Havilands of HAVILAND England were of French birth, the original name being De Havery. The earliest records state that three brothers of that name emigrated from France to England. While crossing the Channel it was agreed that the first to see land should say, "Have I Land" and that became their English surname. The Havilands of Flushing, Long Island, descend from William Haviland, who came from England and settled first at Newport, Rhode Island. He was freeman there, May 17, 1653, and a commissioner to the general court at Portsmouth, May 21, 1656. He removed to Flushing, Long Island, New York, in 1667, where he purchased one hundred acres of land on what is now Little Neck. He married, while in Newport, Hannah, daughter of John and Horod (Long) Hicks. They had four sons, Joseph, Benjamin, John and Jacob.

(II) Benjamin, son of William and Hannah (Hicks) Haviland, was born at Newport, Rhode Island, 1654. He settled with his father William, at Flushing, Long Island. He married and had three sons: Benjamin, John and Isaac.

(III) Benjamin (2), son of Benjamin (1) Haviland, was born in 1698. He married Charlotte Park and settled at Rye, Westchester county, New York. His will, dated May 21, 1759, was proved January 1, 1761 (see Westchester county Wills, Pelletreau). Children: (sons all mentioned in will) Benjamin (3), Roger, Thomas, Daniel, Solomon, Isaac, John, Sophia, Charlotte, Althea, Sarah, Abigail and Mary.

(IV) Roger, son of Benjamin (2) and Charlotte (Park) Haviland, was born in 1735. Lot No. 16 is in the town of South East, Putnam county, New York. A branch of the Croton river, called Quaker brook, runs through it, and in the beautiful valley Roger and his brother Daniel settled, the place being known as "Haviland Hollow." The old Quaker burying ground and church (now deserted) is on ground given by Daniel, who is buried there with his wife. His children were: Roger (2), Nathaniel, Edward, Sarah, Charlotte, Abigail and Abel.

(V) Roger (2), son of Roger (1) Haviland, was born in 1765. He married and had four sons: David, Solomon, Joseph and Roger.

(VI) David, son of Roger (2) Haviland, was born April 13, 1785. He lived a farmer's life until his death, which occurred April 6,

1871, near Glens Falls, New York. He married (first) Rosetta Lapham, and by this marriage had one child, Hannah. Upon the death of his first wife he married (second) Anna Hoag and had the following children: Rosetta, Lovina, Charlotte, David J., George and Sarah Ann. The death of his second wife again left him a widower, and he married (third) Hannah Anthony, having children as follows: Mason, William (both dying during childhood); Abbie A., married Calvin Mason; Roger E., of further mention.

(VII) Roger E., youngest son of David and Hannah (Anthony) Haviland, was born August 20, 1842. He always lived near Glens Falls, New York, dying there June 29, 1883. He was a leading member of the Society of Friends, being an elder of the church and occupying one of the high seats in its meetings. By occupation he was a farmer, and was a man of quiet tastes and highly respected in the neighborhood. He married, September 15, 1869, Ellen Gardner, born near Evans Mills, Jefferson county, New York, March 7, 1849, dying at South Glens Falls, New York, June 21, 1896. She was a daughter of David and Persis Gardner, and both of her parents had also been actively identified with the Friends church. Children: 1. Hannah, born July 4, 1870; married Madison S. Gardner, and is now living at Union Springs, New York, with children: Nellie E., Roger W., Phoebe. 2. Clarence D., born March 19, 1873; married Elizabeth Wauful, lives at Leraysville, New York, and has three children: Harold, Elmer and Arthur. 3. Theodore R., of further mention. 4. A. Gardner, born November 28, 1881; married Daisy Everetts, lives at South Glens Falls, New York, and has a daughter, Hazel.

(VIII) Theodore R., son of Roger E. and Ellen (Gardner) Haviland, was born near Glens Falls, New York, February 15, 1877. He was educated at the Glens Falls Academy, from which institution he graduated in 1894, but continued his studies there, taking advanced work until June, 1895. In the fall of that year he removed to Gloversville, New York, where he began his legal education under the preceptorship of William S. Cassidy, with whom he remained one and one-half years, and then entered the law office of Frank Talbot, where he completed his course of study of law. He was admitted to the New York state bar in September, 1900, but did not sever his connection with Mr. Talbot's office until January 1, 1902, when he opened an office in Gloversville and began the practice of his profession alone, and so continues. In the fall of 1901 he was elected justice of the peace, commenc-



Judge Samuel S. Huntington

ing his duties January 1, 1902, but after holding that position six months he resigned as such to take the office of city recorder, to which he was then appointed to fill an unexpired term. He was thereafter twice elected to the same office, retiring December 31, 1907. He was admitted to practice in both the district and circuit courts of the United States in December, 1908. In January, 1909, he was appointed the Gloversville city attorney, and in 1910 was reappointed as such. He is a member of the state, county and city bar associations, and stands high in his profession. He is a member of the Masonic order, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Eccentric Club. In religion he was for a number of years a member of the Friends church at South Glens Falls, New York, but since making Gloversville his home has united with the Congregational church. He married, September 6, 1809, Lula, born September 4, 1876, at South Glens Falls, New York, daughter of Benjamin B. and Mary (Putnam) Brush. Children: Roger E., born November 29, 1900; Florence P., born December 4, 1909, died May 3, 1910.

Simon Huntington, the

HUNTINGTON ancestor of the Huntington family, was born in England. He married Margaret Baret. In 1633 he, with his wife and son, emigrated to America. He died on the voyage and was buried at sea.

(II) Simon (2), son of Simon (1) and Margaret (Baret) Huntington, was born in England in 1629. He married Sarah, daughter of Joseph Clark, of Windsor, and later of Saybrook, Connecticut.

(III) Deacon Joseph Huntington, son of Simon (2) and Sarah (Clark) Huntington, was born at Norwich, September, 1661, died December 29, 1747. He was one of the founders of Windham, Connecticut. He married Rebecca Adgate, born June, 1666.

(IV) Nathaniel, son of Deacon Joseph and Rebecca (Adgate) Huntington, was born at Norwich, September 1, 1691. He married Mehitable Thurston. Children: Enoch, of further mention; Samuel, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, president of the colonial congress, and afterward governor of Connecticut.

(V) Rev. Enoch Huntington, son of Nathaniel and Mehitable (Thurston) Huntington, was born December 15, 1739. He graduated from Yale in 1759; studied for the ministry and was ordained and installed over the First Church of Middletown, January, 1762, and there spent his life. He was considered

during his collegiate course a man of remarkable talents and his classical and general scholarship subsequently justified the decision. He won the Berkely premium of his class. In the pulpit he was very popular. He took a great interest in politics during the revolutionary period, and many of his sermons and addresses of that day were printed and have been preserved. He married, at Windham, Connecticut, July 17, 1764, Mary, born October 14, 1744, daughter of Samuel Gray.

(VI) Judge Samuel Gray Huntington, son of Rev. Enoch and Mary (Gray) Huntington, was born at Middletown, Connecticut, May 21, 1782, died at Troy, New York, July 5, 1854. He graduated from Yale in 1800, taking the Berkely premium. At a meeting of the Rensselaer county bar, held the day after his death, ample testimony was given of his ability and great worth; we quote from the resolutions passed at that time. "Resolved, That the bar of this city, by the death of the Honorable Samuel G. Huntington, have lost their oldest member, a lawyer and a scholar; a man thoroughly bred to his profession, and ever ready to impart to others that knowledge which his careful training, advanced age and varied experience had given him. Resolved, That the extent and variety of his classical and legal learning, may well awaken the emulation of us, his survivors."

In seconding the resolutions, Hon. D. L. Seymour spoke as follows: "We are again assembled to take appropriate notice of the death of one of our members. The oldest member of the Rensselaer bar has fallen. Although past three score years and ten, yet such had been the vigor and animation of his declining years, that his sudden demise affected us almost as if he had been struck down in the full strength of manhood. We feel deeply this sudden providence, and as brethren of the legal profession feel that the bar of our County has sustained a loss, and that we individually mourn the loss of a friend." Samuel Gray Huntington was the son of the Reverend Enoch Huntington, and like most of the youths of his native State, received the rudiments of a thorough education in the excellent school, then and still liberally and carefully sustained by the able legislation of that State. After leaving the common school he passed through the education preparatory to admission to a collegiate course, and was admitted to Yale College, where he graduated with the honors of that ancient University, in 1800. Judge Huntington left college with a thorough classical education and at once entered upon the study of law, in the office of his brother, Enoch (2) Huntington,

then a practicing lawyer of good standing in his native town. After the usual period of study he was admitted to the bar of Middlesex County. It is profitable to dwell for a moment upon this period of his life. He had selected the law for his profession, and in making that choice he doubtless felt that the legal profession yielded to no other in dignity or importance. That the first object of the young lawyer, whether he consulted his reputation or his fame, was to master not only the forms, precedents and superficial structure of the science, but its first principles, its very fountain opening up through the social and political condition of man and disclosing the necessary wiles regulating his rights of person and property. At that day, too, the great lights of the bar and bench of his native State beckoned him onward in a course of honorable distinction in his profession. Such men as Reeve and Swift adorned the bench, while Pierpont Edwards, Goddard, Daggett, and Gould, shone at the bar. Entering upon the practice of his profession with such an excellent preparation and under such incentive his success was almost certain. He had already attained a reputable standing among the younger members of the bar of his native State when, about the year 1806, he removed to New York State, and settled in Waterford, Saratoga County. Here he soon rose to eminence as a lawyer, and ranked among the ablest of the many distinguished men who have graced the bar of that County. He removed to Troy in 1825. For many years his professional business here was among the largest and most lucrative. His counsel was sought in the most important cases, particularly in those relating to real estate. In this branch of the law he was master, as well from his intimate acquaintance with the decisions of the English Courts as from the fact that the period of his practice reaching to upward of half a century, embraced that space in the history of our country during which not only the system of our law of real estate, but in fact almost the entire body of American common law, had been formed. When he commenced practice there was no American Commentator on the law, and the reported cases, either in Connecticut or New York, did not exceed half a dozen volumes. Under the administration of Governor Clinton, he was appointed to the office of judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Rensselaer County, and discharged its duties with great ability and impartiality. His decisions always commanded respect, as they were felt to be the result of an honest conviction of the right of the case in a mind guided by patient research and stored with legal lore.

In the death of Judge Huntington, his brethren of the bar mourn the loss of one in whose counsels they have often confided, whose legal acquirements did honor to their profession, whose professional relation to them all was kind, courteous and honorable, and whose social intercourse so often helped to strip labor of its drudgery, relieved life of its tedium, and to strew our pathway with pleasant, harmless trifles and gay flowers."

He married (first) Mary Johnston, of Middletown. He married (second) June 23, 1825, Janette C. Cheever, who died November 4, 1856. Samuel G. Huntington had a daughter, Sarah Sayr, born in Waterford, New York; married, November 30, 1841, John H. Whitlock, of Troy, New York.

One authority defines the name

TERRY Terry thus: "Not 'the tearful one,' as some entomologists have it, but a corruption of Theodoric, the personal name."

Mr. Ferguson in his "Teutonic Name System," classes together the old German names Tarro, Terra, Torro, ninth century Terri, the English names Darr, Darrow, Door, Dorey, Dorre, Tarr, Tarry, Terry, Torrey, and the French names Dary, Dorre, Dor, Dore, Tarie, Terray, Terre, and he derives these from the old Norse word doerr, meaning spear, probably from the Sanscrit root tar. Mr. Samuel Terry, of New York City, has made investigation and thinks it originated among the early French, where under the form of Therry it was not an uncommon personal name, and through the Franks coming to be regarded as French, and is now sometimes found there as a family name in this form and as Therry, and also Terry. The earliest information of the founder of the family in this country is an agreement formed by William Pyncheon and Samuel Terry, October 15, 1650, whereby the latter is to receive a certain amount for his services, and be taught the trade of linen spinner, he binding himself to be diligent in service. Signed by Samuel Terry, Benjamin B. Cooley (his mark), and William Pyncheon, witness Richard Maund and John Benham. Hon. William Pyncheon was in England in the spring of 1650 and there made the contract, and doubtless it was then that he took into apprenticeship the boy Samuel Terry, who may have been of Barnet, a village eleven miles from London. He may have been an orphan whom Mr. Pyncheon had known, and it is unlikely that he would have taken such a boy for less than the entire time of his minority, accordingly he was probably born about the year 1633 or 34. Mr. Pyn-

cheon returned to England, and was relieved of the contract.

Samuel Terry, born about 1633, in England, arrived in America about 1650, was of Springfield, Massachusetts, in 1654, and was granted land, January 7, 1654, consisting of ten acres on "Chuckapee Plain" on condition that he remain in the town five years. In 1658 he forfeited it by leaving. He was granted land at Woononaco town, 1664, and land at Fresh Water Brook (now Enfield) in 1665. He was granted thirty acres of upland, along by his meadow land beyond Chicopee Plain in 1670. He with others was assessed two loads of firewood for the use of their pastor. In 1678 he was appointed a surveyor of highways. His name and that of his son Samuel appear in a list of persons, who took the oath of allegiance, December 31, 1678, and January 1, 1679. He married, January 3, 1660, Ann Lobdell, and the town settled with him for his claim to the land before mentioned by making him a grant a little further south. In May, 1684, his wife died, also his adopted child, Johny Matthews. In 1685 he was one of a town committee to establish boundaries between Springfield and adjoining towns, and the records speak of him as Sergeant Samuel Terry. In 1690 he married Sarah, widow of John Scott, and daughter of Thomas and Margaret Bliss. In 1693 he made an agreement to teach the art of weaving to his stepson, Ebenezer Scott, whence it appears he still practiced it himself. He was also chosen constable this same year. He and his wife parted in 1694, and she died September 27, 1705. In 1730 the administration of his estate was granted to his sons, Samuel and Thomas, and in the record he is called "husbandman," "formerly of Springfield." This was doubtless the year of his death. He signed his name in a free hand, as one much in the habit of writing, so probably he was better educated than most men of his time. His children were: Samuel, Ephraim, died young, Thomas, Mary, Rebecca, died young, Ephraim, Rebecca, Elizabeth and Ann. The line herein traced descends from this family through Enfield, Connecticut, but it has been impossible to get the connection from public records. The absence of any vital statistics, in nearly all the state of New York, in early days renders it extremely difficult to trace any line in this state without the aid of private records.

(I) Horace G. Terry was a farmer near the present village of Alton, in Wayne county, New York. He is mentioned as residing near the pioneer church in that section, but no record can be found showing his wife and family.

(II) Griffith Pritchard, son of Horace G.

Terry, was born at Alton, Wayne county, New York. He married Eleanor Lasher. Children: Horace Gerry and Charles Thaddeus.

(III) Horace Gerry, eldest son of Griffith Pritchard and Eleanor (Lasher) Terry, was born in Albany, New York, August 9, 1859. He was educated in the public schools of Albany, finishing his studies at the high school. After completing his years of study he entered the employ of the Albany Banking and Loan Company and later was for two years with the New York Central Railroad Company. In 1881 he entered the employ of H. F. Hemingway & Company, and in 1896 was admitted a partner under the firm name of Hemingway, Terry & Company and engaged in the wholesale oyster trade. Later the firm became Clark, Hemingway, Terry & Company, continuing the same lines. The firm was re-organized as the Albany Oyster Company and as such transacts a large business. Mr. Terry is a member of the Aurania Club of Albany, and in politics is a Republican.

He married, July 15, 1884, Jessie L., daughter of Barnard and Mary (Le Clair) Winne, of Albany. Children: Katherine, married Percy S. Brown; child, Priscilla, born July 4, 1910; Griffith Pritchard; Charles Thaddeus.

(III) Charles Thaddeus, son of Griffith Pritchard and Eleanor (Lasher) Terry, was born in Albany, New York, September 16, 1867. He was educated in private and public schools of Albany, was graduated from Williams College, A. B., class of 1889; Columbia University Law School, LL. B., 1893, University of Berlin, Germany, 1890. He began the practice of law as junior partner of an old established firm in New York City, continuing two years, then partner of a law firm of three for six years, then practiced alone. From 1893 to 1895 he was prize lecturer on Practice and Pleading under the New York Code of Civil Procedure, at Columbia Law School; regular lecturer on same 1896-1901, and since then Professor of Law. In 1903, as counsel for the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers, he conducted several test cases and succeeded in having the New York state restriction law declared unconstitutional. During the administration of Governor Higgins he was appointed by the governor commissioner of New York state on "Uniformity of laws in the United States." In 1905 he was elected secretary of the National conference of uniform law commissioners. He is shade tree commissioner of the Tree Planting Association of New York City and actively interested in that movement. He is a member of the New York City and State Bar associations; American Bar Asso-

ciation; president Albany Society of New York City; a member of the Phi Beta Kappa; the Phi Delta Phi; ex-president of the National Society; vice-president of Williams Alumni Association of New York. His clubs are the University, Lawyers, Graduates (vice-president), Phi Delta (ex-president), Phi Delta Phi (ex-president). He married, in New Scotland, Albany county, New York, June 22, 1898, Katherine Lansing Hendrick. Children: James Hendrick, Katherine Hendrick, Thaddeus and Beatrice.

The line of descent
of General Stephen Van Rensselaer and Cornelia Paterson, descending from Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, the first Patroon:

General Stephen Van Rensselaer was the eighth Patroon of the Manor of Rensselaerswyck, which became Albany, New York, on the province of New York, passing from the Dutch to the English rule. He was sixth in descent from Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, the first Patroon. He was born in the house of his respected grandfather, Philip Livingston, the signer, in New York City, November 1, 1764, and died in the Manor House at Albany, January 26, 1839, having lived a life which brought him great respect throughout his state and nation, for he had not only been elected lieutenant-governor of New York state, in 1795, and sent to Congress, in 1823, but he had served his country as an officer on the battlefield in the war of 1812. Besides this, he was a philanthropist in the cause of education. His father was Stephen Van Rensselaer, baptised, Albany, June 2, 1742; died there, October 19, 1769, who married, New York, New York, January 23, 1764, Catherine Livingston, born New York, August 25, 1745, died, Albany, April 17, 1810.

General Stephen Van Rensselaer married (first) at Schuylerville, New York, then called Saratoga, June 6, 1783, Margaret Schuyler, third daughter of General Philip and Catherine (Van Rensselaer) Schuyler, who was born at Albany, New York; baptised there September 24, 1758, and died there March 14, 1801. By this marriage there were three children: 1. Catherine Schuyler, born at Albany, July —, 1784, baptised there August 9, died there April 26, 1797. 2. Stephen, born at Albany, June 6, 1786, died there in 1787. 3. Stephen, born at Albany, March 29, 1789, died at the Manor House in Albany, May 25, 1868; married, New York, New York, January 2, 1817, Harriet Elizabeth Bayard.

(The line of descent of the third child,

Stephen, has been carried down elsewhere, the other two of the above children having no issue.)

General Stephen Van Rensselaer had twelve children, fifty-one grandchildren, and fifty-eight great-grandchildren, and one or two generations before 1910.

General Stephen Van Rensselaer married (second) at New Brunswick, New Jersey, May 17, 1802, Cornelia Paterson, who was born at New Brunswick, June 4, 1780, died at New York, August 6, 1844. Cornelia Paterson's father was Justice William Paterson (son of William Paterson), a resident of New Brunswick, New Jersey, who was born December 24, 1745, died while on a visit at the Manor House in Albany, New York, September 9, 1806. He was a member and secretary of the first provincial congress of New Jersey, 1776; attorney-general of that state, 1776-86; a framer of the federal constitution; United States senator, 1789; was chosen the second governor of New Jersey in 1791, and General Washington appointed him a justice of the United States supreme court in 1793, which position he held when he died. He married, February 9, 1779, Cornelia, daughter of John Bell.

General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer had issue, born at Albany, New York: 4. Catherine, born in the Manor House, October 17, 1803, died at New York, November 5, 1874; married, Albany, June 2, 1830, Gouverneur Morris Wilkins, who died in New York, New York, February 7, 1871, and was the son of Martin and — (Nutter) Wilkins; no issue. 5. William Paterson, born March 6, 1805, see forward. 6. Philip Stephen (or Philip Schuyler), born October 14, 1806; died at New York, New York, June 1, 1871; married, October 17, 1839, Mary Rebecca Tallmadge. 7. Cortlandt, born May 26, 1808; died at Burlington, New Jersey, July 25, 1860; married, Hartford, Connecticut, September 13, 1836, Catherine Ledyard Cogswell. 8. Henry Bell, born May 14, 1810; died at Cincinnati, Ohio, March 23, 1864; married, Jamaica, Long Island, August 22, 1833, Elizabeth Ray King. 9. Cornelia Paterson, born July 8, 1812; died at New York, New York, January 16, 1890; married, New York, New York, February 16, 1847, Robert James Turnbull, M. D. 10. Alexander, born November 5, 1814, died at New York, New York, May 8, 1878; married (first) October 21, 1851, Mary Howland; married (second) June 30, 1864, Louisa Barnewell. 11. Euphemia White, born September 25, 1816, died at Cruger's Island, Barrytown, New York, April 27, 1888; married Burlington,

New Jersey, May 2, 1843. John Church Cruger, 12. Westerlo, born March 14, 1820, died at Albany, July 8, 1844, without issue.

(VI) William Paterson, second child of General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Manor House at Albany New York, March 6, 1805, died at New York, New York, November 13, 1872. He received a thorough preparatory education and then entered Yale College, graduating in the class of 1824. On leaving college he went to Edinburgh, Scotland, where he studied law through four years, completing his studies in Paris. He was a scholarly man, with intellectual tastes, eminent as a philanthropist and, as was said of him, "was regarded widely as an ideal Christian gentleman." He built the handsome residence on the brow of the wooded hill on the east side of the Hudson opposite the northern end of Albany, around 1840, or about the time of his marriage. It was a mansion comparing favorably with that of his elder brother, Stephen Van Rensselaer, who had inherited the Manor House in Albany. He laid out the extensive grounds with the idea of making the place one of the finest estates in the entire state. He furnished the interior with objects of art gathered abroad, and his library was a notable feature of his home. The winding staircase of selected Italian marble has been greatly admired by critics of architecture. On the southern side, as a wing, he built a mammoth conservatory. The stables were at the further end of a lawn extending nearly half a mile eastward. The west entrance faced upon a plateau which dropped abruptly to the river, affording a charming vista of the Hudson and the city of Albany spread along its shore, while in the far distance were the Catskill mountains as a background for the picture. Owing to the serious "Anti-Rent Feuds" which disturbed the conduct of the Van Rensselaer landed estate, he left this home to take up his residence in New York City and at Manursing Island, Rye, New York. The above property was finally purchased by Paul Forbes, and for many years thereafter was popularly known as the "Forbes Manor," and for the twenty-five years previous to 1910 was practically unoccupied excepting by caretakers.

William Paterson Van Rensselaer married (first) New York, New York, May 13, 1833. Eliza Rogers, who was born at New York City, in 1812, died in Cuba, March 20, 1836. He married (second), New York, New York, April 4, 1839, Sarah Rogers, who was born at New York City, October 29, 1810, died at Manursing Island, Rye, New York, November

19, 1887. The two wives were sisters, daughters of Benjamin Woolsey and Susan (Bayard) Rogers, and the latter was a sister of Harriet Elizabeth Bayard, who married William P. Van Rensselaer's half-brother, Stephen Van Rensselaer, whose mother was Margaret Schuyler and not Cornelia Paterson. Of the following nine children, one was by the first wife, Eliza Rogers, and eight were by the second wife, Sarah Rogers. Children: 1. William Paterson, born at New York, New York, January, 1835, died at Rye, New York, July, 1854. 2. Susan Bayard, born at New York, New York, January 31, 1840, died at Rye, New York, July 19, 1863. 3. Cornelia, born at Albany, New York, September 22, 1841, see forward. 4. Walter Stephen, born at Albany, New York, November 2, 1843, died at Rye, New York, May 14, 1865. 5. Kilian, born at Albany, New York, February 14, 1845, see forward. 6. Sarah Elizabeth, born at New York, New York, January 18, 1847, died at Rye, New York, June 29, 1859. 7. Arthur, born at New York, New York, September 28, 1848, died at New York City, March 4, 1869. 8. Catherine Goodhue, born at Norwalk, Connecticut, July 25, 1850; married, Rye, New York, June 11, 1891, Rev. Anson Phelps Atterbury; no issue. 9. Eleanor Cecilia, born at Rye, New York, November 3, 1853, see forward.

(VII) Cornelia Van Rensselaer, daughter of William Paterson and Sarah (Rogers) Van Rensselaer, was born at Albany, New York, September 22, 1841. She married, New York City, April 22, 1862, John Erving, born at Philadelphia, Penn., July 6, 1833; lawyer, practicing in New York City in 1911; son of Colonel John Erving, United States army, and Emily Langdon (Elwyn) Erving. Children: 1. Susan Van Rensselaer, born at New York, New York, May 11, 1863; unmarried. 2. Cornelia, born at New York, New York, April 6, 1865; married (first), Albany, New York, June 11, 1895, John V. L. Pruyn, Jr.; children: John V. L., Jr., born at Florence, Italy, June 6, 1896, died at Albany, May 17, 1897; Erving, born Albany, October 26, 1897; Hendrik, born New York City, December 28, 1900. John V. L. Pruyn, Jr. died Sept. 22, 1904. She married (second), New York City, April 6, 1908, Hamilton L. Hoppin. 3. John Langdon, born at Rye, New York, July 31, 1866; associated with the Mexican Telegraph Company, New York City, in 1911; married, New York, November 3, 1904, Alice H. Rutherford; children: Alice Rutherford, born at New York City, May 23, 1906; Cornelia Van Rensselaer, born at New York, Novem-

ber 24, 1907; John Langdon, Jr., born at Ship-Long Island, August 1, 1909. 4. Emily Elwyn, born at Rye, New York, June 29, 1868; married, New York City, January 22, 1895, Henry Woodward Cooper; children: Cornelia Van Rensselaer, born at Rye, New York, February 6, 1896, died September 20, 1898; Lambertson, born at Stuttgart, Germany, February 16, 1899; John Erving, born at Rye, New York, September 30, 1906. 5. Sarah Elizabeth, born at New York, New York, May 4, 1870; married, New York City, April 22, 1895, James Gore King; children: James Gore, Jr., born at New York City, May 25, 1898; Eleanor Erving, born at New York City, November 29, 1900; Edward Ramsay, born at New York City, May 20, 1905, died at New York, September 21, 1907; Cornelia Van Rensselaer, born at New York City, February 7, 1911. 6. William Van Rensselaer, born at New York, New York, November 15, 1871; practicing law at Albany in 1911; unmarried. 7. Catherine Van Rensselaer, born at New York, New York, November 19, 1873; unmarried. 8. Eleanor Cecilia, born at New York, New York, September 20, 1875; unmarried. 9. Shirley, born at Rye, New York, January 3, 1880; unmarried. 10. Justine Bayard, born at Albany, New York, December 22, 1882; unmarried. 11. Philip Livingston, born at Bermuda, March 12, 1884; died at Rye, New York, May 11, 1885.

(VII) Captain Kilian Van Rensselaer, son of William Paterson and Sarah (Rogers) Van Rensselaer, was born at Albany, New York, February 14, 1845, died at New York, New York, November 26, 1905. He served during the civil war and was a captain; member of the Loyal Legion, the Holland and St. Nicholas societies, and was prominent in religious and philanthropic work. He married, New York City, December 13, 1870, Olivia Phelps Atterbury. She was born at New York, New York, February 15, 1848, daughter of Benjamin Bakewell Atterbury, a descendant of Bishop Atterbury, of England, and Olivia Eggleston Phelps, daughter of Anson G. Phelps. Children: 1. Olivia Atterbury, born at New York, New York, September 21, 1871; married, New York City, October 31, 1899, Lewis Brown Gawtry; children: Olive, born at New York City, April 29, 1901; Beatrice, born at New York City, May 25, 1904. 2. Sarah Elisabeth, born at New York, New York, April 7, 1873; married, New York City, November 5, 1903, Benjamin Walworth Arnold, Jr., of Albany, New York, born there April 30, 1865, son of B. W. and Frances Treat (Avery) Arnold. 3. Katharine Boudinot, born at New York, New York, January

8, 1875, died there February 18, 1896. 4. Edith Bayard, born at New York, New York, March 22, 1877, died there, April 2, 1885. 5. Kilian, born at Seabright, New Jersey, May 21, 1879; married, New York City, November 23, 1905, Dorothy Manson; child: Barbara, born at New York City, April 13, 1908. 6. Melissa Atterbury, born at New York, New York, March 14, 1883, died there April 28, 1884. 7. William Stephen, born at New York, New York, April 7, 1886.

(VII) Eleanor Cecilia Van Rensselaer, daughter of William Paterson and Sarah (Rogers) Van Rensselaer, was born at Manursing Island, Rye, New York, November 3, 1853. She married, Rye, New York, June 1, 1887, Hamilton Rogers Fairfax, born at Alexandria, Virginia, March 2, 1852, son of John Walter and Mary Elizabeth (Rogers) Fairfax. Children: 1. Katharine Van Rensselaer, born at New York, October 26, 1888. 2. Hamilton Van Rensselaer, born at New York, January 26, 1891.

(VI) Philip Stephen Van Rensselaer, third child of General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Manor House at Albany, New York, October 14, 1806, died at New York, New York, June 1, 1871. He married, in Washington Square, New York City, October 17, 1839, Mary Rebecca Tallmadge, born May 16, 1817, died at Albany, August 3, 1872, daughter of General James and Laura (Clinton) Tallmadge. Children, born at No. 6 Washington Square, New York: 1. James Tallmadge, born February 3, 1842, died at Boston, Massachusetts, August 28, 1899; married, New York, July 15, 1897, Mrs. Minnie (Sackett) Parker, widow of General Parker; no issue. 2. Cornelia Paterson, born October 6, 1843, died at Florence, Italy, December 30, 1857. 3. Philip Stephen, born November 11, 1844, died at New York, New York, March 22, 1882; married, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, September 5, 1872, Edith, daughter of Edward Biddle; no issue. 4. Clinton, born April 29, 1846, died at New York, New York, April 24, 1851. 5. Franklin, born May 26, 1852, died at New York, New York, April 29, 1853. 6. Cortlandt, died in New York.

(VI) Cortlandt Van Rensselaer, fourth child of General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Manor House at Albany, New York, May 26, 1808, died at Burlington, New Jersey, July 25, 1860. Rev. Cortlandt Van Rensselaer graduated from Yale in 1827, and took up the study of law, being admitted to the bar of New York state in 1830. He decided to enter the ministry, studying at Union Theolo-

gical Seminary of Prince Edward county, Virginia, and at the Princeton Theological Seminary; was ordained in 1833 as a Presbyterian minister.

He devoted himself to arduous missionary work among the Virginia slaves, and in 1837 was installed pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Burlington, New Jersey, but three years afterward resigned. He then resided for three years at Washington, D. C., and in 1843 was persuaded to undertake the work of increasing the endowment fund of the Princeton Seminary. He accepted, and inaugurated the effort by contributing \$2,000, and his efforts resulted in augmenting the fund by \$100,000. He was corresponding secretary and principal executive officer of the Presbyterian board of education from 1847 until his death, and during this time extended the scope of the work, also founding and editing the "Presbyterian Magazine," and "The Home, the School and the Church." The University of New York conferred on him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1845. Whatever money he received for services, he donated to charitable causes and added other sums from his resources. A number of his writings were published in 1861, entitled "Miscellaneous Sermons, Essays and Addresses," which included his oration delivered at the centennial celebration of the battle of Lake George.

Rev. Dr. Cortlandt Van Rensselaer married, at Hartford, Connecticut, September 13, 1836, Catherine Ledyard Cogswell, born at Hartford, September 22, 1811, died December 24, 1882, daughter of Dr. Mason Fitch (Yale, 1780) and Mary Austin (Ledyard) Cogswell. Children: 1. Cortlandt, born January 5, 1838; captain in Thirteenth Infantry, United States army, serving with distinction in the civil war; died at Nashville, Tennessee, October 7, 1864, from wound received in the battle of Mission Ridge; unmarried. 2. Philip Livingston, born November 24, 1839, died at Vevey, Switzerland, March 10, 1873; was major in Second New Jersey Cavalry; married, Boston Massachusetts, Anne, daughter of Charles O. and Lovice (Ayres) Whittemore; no issue. 3. Charles Chauncey, born January 16, 1842, died May 17, 1843. 4. Ledyard, born November 20, 1843; physician practicing in Burlington, New Jersey; died March 26, 1893. 5. Alice Cogswell, born March 19, 1846, see forward. 6. Elizabeth Wadsworth, born February 22, 1848, see forward. 7. Alexander, born October 1, 1850; graduate of Princeton, 1871; resident of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; married, Philadelphia, January 27, 1898, Sarah, daughter of

Anthony Joseph and Ellen (Kozet) Drexel, and widow of John Fell; no issue.

(VII) Alice Cogswell Van Rensselaer, fifth child of Rev. Cortlandt and Catherine Ledyard (Cogswell) Van Rensselaer, was born March 19, 1846, died April 18, 1878. She married, May 7, 1868, Rev. Edward Blanchard Hodge, D.D., who was born February 5, 1841, died June 15, 1906, son of Hugh L. Hodge, M.D., LL.D., and Margaret Elizabeth (Aspinwall) Hodge. He was a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, in 1859, and of Princeton Theological Seminary, in 1863; pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Burlington, New Jersey, from 1864 to 1893; corresponding secretary of Presbyterian board of education; trustee and director of the Princeton Theological Seminary, from which he received the degree of D.D., in 1893. Children: 1. Margaret. 2. Cortlandt Van Rensselaer, medical missionary of Presbyterian church, killed in China during the "Boxer" uprising of 1890; married, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Elsie Sinclair. 3. Edward Blanchard, Jr., married Gretchen Green. 4. Catherine.

(VIII) Elizabeth Wadsworth Van Rensselaer, sixth child of Rev. Cortlandt and Catherine Ledyard (Cogswell) Van Rensselaer, was born February 22, 1848, died April 17, 1886. She married, October 6, 1868, General Edward Burd Grubb, born at Burlington, New Jersey, November 13, 1841, son of Edward Burd Grubb, Sr., descendant of the family which obtained a large estate by patent from William Penn. He graduated with honor from Burlington College, 1860; served in civil war with distinction, rising finally to rank of brigadier-general; was the Republican candidate for governor of New Jersey in 1888, and President Harrison appointed him the next year United States minister to Spain, in which capacity he participated actively in negotiating the treaty with Spain. Child: Euphemia Van Rensselaer, married, November 20, 1895, Charles Day Halsey; children: Van Rensselaer, and Charles Day, Jr.

(VI) Henry Bell Van Rensselaer, fifth child of General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Manor House at Albany, New York, May 14, 1810, died at Cincinnati, Ohio, March 23, 1864. He was educated at West Point Military Academy, graduating in 1831; resigned to engage in farming near Ogdensburg, New York, and inherited land in Saratoga county from his father. He was a congressman in 1841-43; was associated with mining enterprises, and upon the outbreak of the civil war reentered the service, and was appointed

General Winfield Scott's chief of staff, with rank of brigadier-general, but on the general's retirement was made inspector-general, with rank of colonel, serving in the Department of the Rappahannock from April until August, 1862, and afterwards in the Third Army Corps as well as in the Department of Ohio, from September 17 until his death.

General Henry Bell Van Rensselaer married, at Jamaica, New York, August 22, 1833, Elizabeth Ray King, born at New York, New York, August 17, 1815, died there March 5, 1900, daughter of Governor John Alsop and Mary (Ray) King. Children: 1. Mary, born in 1834, died in New York, New York; married, New York, New York, April 28, 1874, Church of the Holy Communion, New York City, John Henry Screven, born at Charleston, South Carolina. Child, Elizabeth Ray, born in New York; married, January 5, 1897, Ernest E. Lorillard; children: Mary Van Rensselaer and John Screven. 2. Cornelia, born in 1836, died in New York, New York, in 1864; married, April 26, 1859, James Lenox Kennedy, who died in 1864. Child, Henry Van Rensselaer, born in New York City; married, New York City, March 4, 1886, Marion Robbins; children: Rachel, Marion, Maud. 3. Stephen, born at Ogdensburg, New York, October 29, 1838, see forward. 4. Henry, died in infancy. 5. Euphemia, born in 1842; became a Sister of Charity, and took the name Marie Dolores. 6. Elizabeth, born in 1845, died at Staten Island, 1911; married, in Church of the Holy Communion, New York, New York, June 3, 1873, George Waddington, son of William Waddington; child, Mary E., born in New York City; married, at Venice, Italy, Christopher B. Wyatt. 7. John King, born at Ogdensburg, New York, July 17, 1847, see forward. 8. Katharine, born in 1849; married, January 17, 1870, Dr. Francis Delafield, son of Dr. Edward Delafield; children: Elizabeth Ray, born in New York City; unmarried; Julia Floyd, born in New York City, married, New York, November 11, 1896, Frederick S. Crosby; children: Katharine Van Rensselaer and Floyd, born in New York City. 9. Rev. Henry, born in 1851; joined the Society of Jesuits, and died in New York City. 10. Westerlo, born in 1853, died in 1857.

(VII) Stephen Van Rensselaer, third child of General Henry Bell and Elizabeth Ray (King) Van Rensselaer, was born at Ogdensburg, New York, October 29, 1838, died at New York, New York, January 20, 1904. He was a captain in the United States army during the civil war, and a member of the Union Club, St. Nicholas Society and other leading

organizations of New York City. He married, New York, New York, December 9, 1863, Mathilda Coster Heckscher, born in New York City, December 18, 1838, daughter of Charles Augustus and Georgiana Louisa (Coster) Heckscher. Children: 1. Charles Augustus, born at New York, New York, June 28, 1867; merchant of New York City in 1911; married, Brookline, Massachusetts, December 12, 1899, Caroline Elizabeth Fitz Gerald, born at Brookline, Massachusetts, April 4, 1871, daughter of Desmond and Elizabeth (Salisbury) Fitz Gerald, of Brookline, Massachusetts; children: Charles Augustus, Jr., born at Brookline, September 29, 1902, and Stephen, born at New York City, November 28, 1905. 2. Elizabeth Ray, born at Orange, New Jersey, April 13, 1870; married, New York City, February 27, 1900, John Magee Ellsworth, born at Penn Yan, New York, son of Stephen S. Ellsworth; children: born in New York City: Elizabeth Van Rensselaer, born December 8, 1900; Mathilda Coster, born January 25, 1904; Stephen Van Rensselaer, born March 15, 1905. 3. Stephen, born at Orange, New Jersey, December 29, 1871; married, at Elizabeth, New Jersey, July 25, 1905, Marian Watson Farlin, born at Elizabeth, New Jersey, July 25, 1884, daughter of James Augustus Farlin; child, Marian, born April 23, 1907. 4. Mathilda, born at Orange, New Jersey, April 11, 1879; married, October 29, 1908, George Curtis White, Jr., born at Brooklyn, New York, October 29, 1871, son of George Curtis and Cordelia (Curtis) White.

(VII) John King Van Rensselaer, seventh child of General Henry Bell and Elizabeth Ray (King) Van Rensselaer, was born at Ogdensburg, New York, July 17, 1847, died at Hoboken, New Jersey, October 16, 1909; married, New York City, October 4, 1871, May Denning King, born at New York, New York, May 25, 1848, daughter of Archibald Gracie and Elizabeth Denning (Duer) King. Children, born at New York City: 1. John Alexander, born July 5, 1872; married, January 30, 1896, Helen F. Galindo. 2. Frederick Harold, born January 6, 1874, died at Long Beach, New York, August 6, 1903; married, New York City, April 23, 1898, Josephine Lucy Grinnell, born at New York City, August 16, 1876, daughter of Robert Minturn and Sophie (Van Alen) Grinnell; child, L. Sylvia Grinnell, born at New York City, January 19, 1890.

(VI) Cornelia Paterson Van Rensselaer, sixth child of General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Manor House at Albany, New York, July 8,

1812, died in New York City, January 10, 1890. She married, New York, New York, February 16, 1847, Robert James Turnbull, M.D., born at Charleston, South Carolina, October 3, 1807, died at Cincinnati, Ohio, June 4, 1854, son of Robert James Turnbull, of Charleston, and Claudia Butler (Gervais) Turnbull, of a Huguenot family of South Carolina. Dr. Turnbull's father was one of the most prominent publicists and respected statesmen of his state, and was the intimate friend and coadjutor of Calhoun. Although Dr. Turnbull studied medicine and graduated as a physician, he was not a general practitioner, as he early inherited from his father the latter's extensive estates in Issaguena county, Mississippi, comprising six thousand acres of productive cotton plantations. It was on these he passed his winters, personally superintending the details of business management and caring for the welfare of his dependents, among whom his knowledge of medicine was most useful and highly appreciated. His summer residence and the family home was "Everton," at Throgg's Neck, now incorporated in Greater New York. On his way north in June, 1854, he stopped at Cincinnati, where cholera was then prevalent; was seized with sudden illness, and expired after a few hours. He was buried in old St. Philip's historic churchyard, Charleston, South Carolina. Children: 1. Cornelia Paterson, born in New York City, December, 1848, died at "Everton," Westchester, May, 1850. 2. Katharine Euphemia, born in New York City, March 6, 1851; unmarried; residing in 1911, at "Paterson Lodge," Princeton, New Jersey.

(VI) Alexander Van Rensselaer, seventh child of General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Manor House at Albany, New York, November 5, 1814, died in New York City, May 8, 1878. After his early education, he studied medicine and took his degree, but never practiced. He traveled much and was highly esteemed. He married (first), October 20, 1851, Mary Ann, born August 4, 1830, died May 13, 1855, daughter of Samuel Shaw and Joanna Esther (Howe) Howland; two children: Samuel Howland, born in 1852; died at Nice, Italy, November 26, 1859, and Mary Howland, born November 24, 1854, died at Nice, Italy, November 26, 1859. He married (second) at New York, New York, June 30, 1864, Louisa, daughter of William and Clementina (Rutgers) Barnewall, who was born at New York, New York, October 12, 1836. Children: 1. Louisa, born at Paris, France, December 18, 1865; married, New York City, January 18, 1886, Edmund Lincoln Baylies, born in

New York City, December 2, 1857, son of Edmund Lincoln Baylies, born in Boston, Massachusetts, May 18, 1829, died in Geneva, Switzerland, November 28, 1869, who married, November 27, 1856, Nathalie Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Ray, who was born at New York, New York, September 9, 1837. No issue. 2. Mabel, born at New York, New York, November 19, 1868; married, April 26, 1899, Rev. James LeBaron Johnson; no issue. 3. Alice, born at New York, New York, December 22, 1872; unmarried.

(VII) Euphemia White Van Rensselaer, eighth child of General Stephen and Cornelia (Paterson) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Manor House at Albany, New York, September 25, 1816, died at Cruger's Island, Barrytown, Dutchess county, New York, April 27, 1888. She married, at "Stone Cottage," Burlington, New Jersey, May 2, 1843, John Church Cruger, born at Union Hall, October 13, 1807; died in New York City, November 16, 1879, son of Bertram Peter Cruger, born at St. Croix, D. W. I., March 25, 1774, died at Brompton, England, September 3, 1854, who married, March 25, 1802, Catherine Church, born in Boston, Massachusetts, November 4, 1779, died in New York City, 1839. Children, born in New York City: 1. Stephen Van Rensselaer, born May 9, 1844, died at "Idlesse," Bayville, Long Island, June 23, 1898; married, New York City, April 21, 1868, Julie Grinnell, daughter of Thomas Wentworth and Sarah (Paris) Storrow, and she married (second) Wade Chance. 2. Cornelia, born January 19, 1847; residing in 1911 at Cruger's Island, New York; unmarried. 3. Catherine Church, born February 7, 1851, residing in 1911 at Cruger's Island, New York; unmarried.

(Hendrick Van Rensselaer Descendants)

(II) Hendrick Van Rensselaer, third child of Colonel Jeremias (the third Patroon) and Maria (Van Cortlandt) Van Rensselaer (q.v.) was born in Rensselaerswyck, October 23, 1667, died there, July 2, 1740. His eldest brother, Kiliaen, was the fourth Patroon, and was known as the "Second Lord of the Manor," being the second patroon to reside in and manage affairs of the colony. Besides Kiliaen, he had no other brother, and only two sisters, consequently to him came an important share in the vast landed property of the Manor. A settlement was made in New York City, November 1, 1695, with all those living in Holland in any way concerned through blood relationship with the estate in this country, and following that solution of the future status of the land, a division was made by Kiliaen, as the oldest child, by which he conveyed to

Hendrick, on June 1, 1704, the Claverack patent and some one thousand five hundred acres on the east side of the Hudson river, in Columbia county, located opposite Albany. This was commonly called the "Lower Manor." The name Greenbush was derived from the Dutch, Greynse Bosch, a title applied to the woods covering this tract, by the first patroon when corresponding with his managers residing in the colony.

Hendrick Van Rensselaer married, New York, New York, March 19, 1688, Catharina Van Brugh (Van Bruggen or Verbrugge), daughter of Johannes Pieterse and Catharina (Roeloffse) Van Brugh, the latter the daughter of Anne Jans. She died at her home in Greenbush (later known as Rensselaer), New York, December 6, 1730. Children: 1. Maria, baptised in New York City, March 29, 1689; married Samuel Ten Broeck. 2. Catrina, baptised in Albany (as were the following children), January 1, 1692; married Jonathan Ten Broeck. 3. Anna, baptised October 1, 1693, died young. 4. Anna, baptised February 2, 1696; married, October 8, 1717. Petrus Douw. 5. Elizabeth, baptised May 8, 1698, died young. 6. Elizabeth, baptised July 21, 1700; married John Richard. 7. Helena, baptised October 4, 1702; married, December 19, 1728, Jacob Wendell. 8. Jeremias, baptised April 29, 1705; buried October 5, 1730. 9. Johannes, born February 11, 1708, see forward. 10. Hendrick, born April 20, 1712, baptised May 8, 1712; died July 9, 1793; married (first) October 16, 1735, Elizabeth Van Brugh; married (second) November 20, 1762, Mrs. Alida (Livingston) Rutsen. 11. Kiliaen, baptised November 27, 1717.

(III) Johannes, ninth child (and second son) of Hendrick and Catharina (Van Brugh) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Crailo house at Greenbush, New York, February 11, 1708, died in 1783. Jeremias, his elder brother, died about ten years before the death of their father, hence he inherited the Crailo, which was the name given to the house built close to the east bank of the Hudson river, and was constructed with the idea of being a place of defence in case of attack by the Indians, for in several places in the brickwork were stone pieces, pierced for the operation of a gun. It has been said that the bricks were brought from Holland in 1642, and the house then erected, by Van Rensselaer; but one should notice in this connection that Colonel Jeremias Van Rensselaer was born in Amsterdam, Holland, only ten years previous to this date, and did not come to Rensselaerswyck (or America) until 1658, and the first of the name to come to this country was his older

brother, Jan Baptist, who came in 1651, or nearly ten years after the date attributed to the erection of this house, mostly by tradition. He was a member of the twenty-first provincial assembly; was appointed captain of a company of foot in 1743, and promoted to be colonel. Although at the time of the revolution he was too aged to participate in its conflicts, he was a strong patriot, and three of his sons took active part, as commissioned officers. It was here that General Abercrombie made his headquarters, with his troops encamped upon his property along the river shore, in June, 1758, on which date "Yankee Doodle" was composed by Surgeon Shackburg, while seated in Van Rensselaer's garden, before the army proceeded northward against Montcalm. All his children were born in this house and all were by his first wife.

Johannes Van Rensselaer married (first), January 3, 1734, Angelica Livingston. She was baptised July 17, 1698, daughter of Mayor Robert Livingston, Jr., who married Margarita Schuyler, August 26, 1697. He married (second) Gertrude Van Cortlandt. Children: 1. Catherine, born November 4, 1734, died in the Schuyler Mansion at Albany, March 7, 1803; married, Claverack, New York, September 17, 1755, Major-General Philip Schuyler. 2. Jeremias, born in 1738, see forward. 3. Robert, born December 16, 1740; was a general, commissioned June 16, 1780; fought at Ticonderoga; participated in defeat of Sir John Johnson, when on his Mohawk valley raid in 1780; died in the Crailo, Greenbush, 1765, Rachel Douw. 5. James, born in 1747; Cornelia Rutsen. 4. Hendrick Johannes, born October 23, 1742, died Claverack, March 22, 1814; was a captain of foot in the British army, and in 1777, commissioned colonel of Continental army; married, November 16, 1765, Rachel Douw. 6. James, born in 1747; was aide-de-camp, rank of captain, under Major-General Richard Montgomery in 1775, serving in the entire Canadian campaign; in April, 1776, made captain in the Second Regiment, New York, under Colonel James Clinton, and aide-de-camp, rank of major, under General Philip Schuyler; died at "Crystal Hill," February 1, 1827; married (first) Catherine Van Cortlandt; married (second) June 24, 1789, Mrs. Elsie (Schuyler) Bogert.

(IV) Jeremias, second child of Johannes and Angelica (Livingston) Van Rensselaer, was born in the Crailo at Greenbush, New York, in 1738, died in 1769. As his death occurred about fourteen years before that of his father, he did not, of course, inherit the Crailo property as the oldest son; but it was given instead, by will, to his only son as his

by right of primogeniture. He married, July 3, 1758, Judith Bayard, by whom one child; and after his death, his widow married Archibald Bruce, M.D., of New York City, and thus much of the Van Rensselaer silver and household effects passed into another family.

(V) Johannes Jeremias, only son of Jeremias and Judith (Bayard) Van Rensselaer, was born about 1769 in the Crailo, died there, September 22, 1828. He inherited the property under the will of his grandfather, and made some important changes to the interior of what had been a fortified residence. He was a soldier, as so many of his relatives had been before his day, serving as lieutenant-colonel of the Fourteenth Regiment, Albany county militia. He married Catharina Glen, born in 1765, died September 23, 1807, daughter of Johannes and Katarina (Veeder) Glen. Children. 1. Catharina Glen, baptised March 31, 1785, died in Greenbush, July 5, 1865; married Johannes Visscher. 2. John Jeremias, born June 6, 1790, died young. 3. Dr. Jeremias, born August 4, 1793, died in New York City, March 7, 1871; married (first) Charlotte Foster, of Boston, Massachusetts; by whom Jefemias and Francis; married (second) Anne F. Waddington. 4. Glen, born June 22, 1795, died at Greenbush, January 9, 1871, unmarried. 5. Elizabeth Bayard, born September 15, 1797, died in New York City, August 28, 1807. 6. Cornelius Glen, born July 27, 1801, see forward. 7. Archibald, born February 6, 1803, unmarried.

(VI) Cornelius Glen, sixth child of Lieutenant-Colonel Johannes Jeremias and Catharina (Glen) Van Rensselaer, was born in Greenbush (Rensselaer), New York, July 27, 1801, died there, June 27, 1871. He married, Albany, New York, October 31, 1826, Catherine Westerlo Bleecker, born at Albany, October 1, 1809, died at Greenbush, September 12, 1886, daughter of John Bleecker, born Albany, May 11, 1766, who married, Albany, November 17, 1800, Elizabeth Van Rensselaer (Schuyler), the latter born at Albany, August 15, 1768, died at her home on North Pearl street, Albany, March 29, 1841, being the daughter of Seventh Patroon Stephen Van Rensselaer, and the widow of John Bradstreet Schuyler, son of General Philip Schuyler. Elizabeth Van Rensselaer's mother was Catherine Livingston, daughter of Philip Livingston, signer of the Declaration of Independence. Children, born in Greenbush: 1. John, born August 29, 1827, died an infant. 2. Stephen Bleecker, born September 26, 1828, died young. 3. Cornelia, born March 19, 1831; married, September 11, 1856, Rev. Cornelius Winter Bolton, of Pelham, New York;

no issue. 4. Katharine Westerlo, born October 22, 1834; residing in 1911, in the old mansion on Riverside avenue, Rensselaer, New York, facing the Hudson river; unmarried. 5. John Jeremiah, M.D., born September 13, 1836; residing in Swartswood, New Jersey, in 1911; married, Baltimore, Maryland, October 20, 1864, Florence Taylor; children: Florence, born at Baltimore, Maryland, November 7, 1865, and Lyndsay, born at New Brighton, Staten Island, New York, September 21, 1870, who married Lolita A. Coffin, and had Catherine Glen. 6. Visscher, born October 12, 1838.

(VII) Visscher, sixth child of Cornelius Glen and Catherine Westerlo (Bleecker) Van Rensselaer, was born in Greenbush (Rensselaer), New York, October 12, 1838, and was residing there, with his wife, in 1911. He married, Schoharie, New York, September 5, 1866, Mary Augusta Miller, born at Schoharie, New York, April 22, 1847, daughter of Charles L. and Sarah (Markle) Miller. Children: 1. Katharine Westerlo, born at Esperance, New York, September 3, 1867, died in Albany, New York, February 12, 1896; married, Greenbush, New York, January 23, 1894, Benjamin Walworth Arnold, Jr., born in Albany, April 30, 1865, son of Benjamin W. and Frances Treat (Avery) Arnold; child, Katharine Westerlo Van Rensselaer, born at No. 13 Ten Broeck street, Albany, January 28, 1896. 2. Cornelius Glen, born in Esperance, New York, September 24, 1869; married, New York, New York, October 8, 1898, Genevieve, daughter of Philip John and Nancy Stewart (Keating) Vesel, born at Ilion, New York, October 20, 1868; children: Katharine Stewart, born at Schenectady, New York, June 4, 1903, died at Rensselaer, New York, February 15, 1909, and Justine Livingston, born at Schenectady, February 26, 1907. 3. Cornelia Livingston, born at Quaker Street, New York, New York, June 5, 1879; she married at Rensselaer, New York, March 21, 1900, Hon. Theodore Strong, of "Stronghold," New Brunswick, New Jersey, son of Hon. Benjamin Ruggles Woodbridge and Harriet A. (Hartwell) Strong; children, all born at New Brunswick, New Jersey: Theodore, Jr., born January 3, 1901; Cornelia Livingston Van Rensselaer, born November 16, 1902; Katharine Van Rensselaer, born November 10, 1904; Stephen Van Rensselaer, born November 30, 1906; Benjamin Ruggles Woodbridge, born May 17, 1910.

George McClellan, son of
McCLELLAN Judge Hugh W. and Emma
(Marvin) McClellan, was
born in the town of Schodack, Rensselaer coun-

ty, New York, October 10, 1856. His early education was obtained in the public schools, supplemented by full courses at the academies of Chatham and Spencertown. He chose the profession of law; entered Albany Law School, whence he was graduated LL.B., class of 1880. He was admitted to the bar the same year and opening an office in Chatham practiced alone for a time. When the firm of McClellan & Brown was dissolved, he formed a law partnership with his father under the firm name of H. W. & G. McClellan. January 1, 1894. John W. Dardess was admitted and the firm name changed to McClellans & Dardess. Judge McClellan, the senior partner, died October 12, 1896, since which time the business has been conducted as McClellan & Dardess. The firm has always been a highly regarded one and transacts a large volume of important business. For twenty years Mr. McClellan has been a member of the Columbia County Agricultural Society and for the past ten years has been president. He was twice elected police justice of Chatham, serving until the office was abolished by legislative enactment. In 1907 he was elected surrogate of Columbia county and has most capably discharged the duties of this responsible office. These are the only offices he has ever run for. He is a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Reformed Church. In both public and private life, he is highly respected and honored. His unflinching patience, tact, and good nature peculiarly fit him for his office, while his knowledge of the law and its just application command the respect of the entire bar. He married, November 22, 1882, Elizabeth Shufelt, who died April 4, 1894. Children: Laura C., Hugh W. (2), George.

The Van Olindas of Watervliet descend from
VAN OLINDA

Pieter Danielse Van O'Linda, who married Hilleetje Cornelise, sister of Jacques Cornelise Van Slyck. She was the daughter of a Mohawk mother and Cornelis Antonissen Van Slyck. For several years Hilleetje was employed with Jan Baptiste Van Epps and Lourens Claese Van Der Volgen, as provincial interpreter to the Indians. The Mohawk sachems gave her the great island in the Mohawk river at Niskayuna in 1667, which her husband, Van O'Linda, sold to Captain Johannes Clute in 1669. The sachems also gave her land at Willow Flat, below Port Jackson, and at Watervliet. She died February 10, 1707. Her husband, Pieter Danielse, made his will August 1, 1715, which was proved December 27, 1716. He gave to his eldest son ten shillings, probably having

given him his share previously. To his son, Jacob, he gave the use of the land above Schenectady, called the Willow Flat, "patented to me and William Van Coppenol till my son Matthew (now non compos mentis) shall die." He also spoke of lands in Watervliet.

(II) Daniel, eldest son of Pieter Danielse and Hilleetje (Van Slyck) Van O'Linda, married Lysbeth, daughter of Mortimer Cregier, of Niskayuna, June 11, 1696, at Albany. Children: Pieter, born November 8, 1696; Johannes, September 3, 1699; Martinus, October 25, 1702; Maria, 1704.

(III) Jacob, son of Pieter Danielse and Hilleetje (Van Slyck) Van O'Linda, inherited the use of a large portion of his father's estate as shown. He married Eva, daughter of Claas De Graff. Children baptized: Pieter, February, 1712, in Albany; Willem, October 13, 1716; Martin, January 18, 1718; Nicholas, May 30, 1719; Helena, February 12, 1721; Elizabeth, June 16, 1723.

(IV) Martin, son of Jacob and Eva (De Graff) Van O'Linda, was born January 18, 1718. He married (first) July 25, 1741, —. He married (second) December 7, 1754, Cornelia, daughter of Benjamin Van Vleck. Children baptized: Jacob, June 13, 1742; Francynkje, January 15, 1744; Eva, November 24, 1745; Pieter, January 17, 1748; Frederick, May 13, 1750; Catherine, August 10, 1755; Benjamin, December 25, 1757; Willem, April 27, 1760, died young; Willem (2), February 2, 1766; Johannes, October 3, 1768.

(V) Johannes, youngest child of Martin and Cornelia (Van Vleck) Van O'Linda, was born October 3, 1768. He married and had issue.

(VI) Jacob Van O'Linda, son of Johannes Van O'Linda, was born in 1796. He married and had issue.

(VII) Abraham, son of Jacob Van O'Linda, married and had issue.

(VIII) Garrett, son of Abraham Van O'Linda, married.

(IX) Mary G., daughter of Garret Van Olinda, resides in Watervliet, New York, where she is a teacher in the public schools.

The name in England was for centuries Sterne, coming from Germany with the Norman invaders under William the Conqueror. For a brief period in America, the spelling remained the same, but changes soon crept in until we have not only the prevalent form Stearns, but Stearnes, Sternes, Sterns, Starnes and Starns, all simple variations of the old English name.

The ancestors of this family in America

came from England in the "Arabella," landing at Salem, Massachusetts, June 12, 1630. O.S. These is a tradition prevalent in Lynn, Massachusetts, that three brothers, Daniel, Shubael and Isaac, came from England in 1630 and settled near Watertown, Massachusetts; that Daniel died unmarried; that Shubael and Isaac brought their families with them; that Shubael and wife died soon after landing, leaving two sons, Charles and Nathaniel, eight and ten years of age, who were reared and cared for by their uncle, Isaac; that these sons married, and each, as well as their uncle Isaac, left a large family, from whom are descended all of the name of Stearns with its variations of spelling, excepting that of Stern, which is distinctly Jewish.

The family crest is formed with a chevron and three crosses on a field of gold, together with various ornamental variations.

(I) Charles Sterne, born in England, date and place uncertain. He was admitted a freeman of Watertown, May 6, 1646 (this shows him to have been of legal age and a church member). "Isaac Sternes" mentions him in his will as "My kinsman, Charles Sternes," showing the first change in the spelling. He was elected constable in 1681, but refused to take the oath; in that year he sold his land in Watertown to his son, Samuel, and moved to Lynn with his son Shubael. He married (first) Hannah —, who died June 30, 1651, leaving one son, Samuel; (second) Rebecca Gibson, June 22, 1654, daughter of John and Rebecca Gibson, of Cambridge, Massachusetts. Seven children were born to him: Samuel, Shubael (of further mention), John, Isaac, Charles, slain in the King's service prior to 1695; Rebecca and Martha.

(II) Shubael Sternes, son of Charles and Rebecca (Gibson) Sterne, was born September 20, 1655. He settled in Lynn, Massachusetts, and was a member of the famous Narragansett expedition. His will is dated November 19, 1733, and probated September 2, 1734. There has been discovered no record of his marriage, but "Mary Upton, of Reading, Massachusetts, married Shubael Stearns, of Lynn (here showing for the first time the present spelling of the name). There were nine children: Shubael (2d), Samuel; Hannah, who married Dr. Charles Stimson; Mary; John; Ebenezer, of further mention; Martha; Eleanor, and Rebecca.

(III) Ebenezer Stearns, son of Shubael and Mary (Upton) Sternes, was born in 1693. He settled in Sutton, Massachusetts, and married Martha Burnap, of Reading, Massachusetts. He had a family of ten children, all

born in Sutton: Ebenezer (2d), of further mention; Elizabeth, John, Jonathan, Hannah, David, Mary, Bethia, Thomas and Ruben.

(IV) Ebenezer Stearns (2d), son of Ebenezer and Martha (Burnap) Stearns, was born February 26, 1720, in Sutton, Massachusetts. He was a soldier in the French and Indian war, and died in the garrison at Lake George, New York. He married, in 1742, Jane Stockwell, who was born in 1722, and died July 16, 1808, at Hinsboro, Vermont. After his marriage he settled in Sutton, Massachusetts, where his five children were born: Ebenezer Isaac, of further mention; Jonathan, a captain in the revolutionary war; Rebecca, Abigail and a daughter.

(V) Ebenezer Isaac Stearns, son of Ebenezer and Jane (Stockwell) Stearns, born in Sutton, Massachusetts, in 1743. He settled in Northampton, Massachusetts, and married in 1776, Thankful, daughter of Jonathan Alvord, of Northampton. He died in 1801, and was the father of seven children: Olive; Achsah; Ebenezer; Nathaniel Stockwell, of further mention; Erastus, Benoni and Jonathan Alvord.

(VI) Nathaniel Stockwell Stearns, son of Ebenezer Isaac and Thankful (Alvord) Stearns, was born in Northampton, Massachusetts, May 28, 1783, and died June 12, 1861, in Lyden, Massachusetts. He was commonly known as Stockwell Stearns, and lived in Westhampton, Massachusetts. He married, October 31, 1805, Seviah, daughter of Zebulon and Mary (Litchfield) Willcutt, of Goshen, Massachusetts. His wife was born September 23, 1780, in Cohasset, Massachusetts, and died February 22, 1859, in Coleraine, Massachusetts. Her name is variously spelled Zerviah, Serviah and Seviah. There were eight children: Ebenezer, Rev. Joseph Willcutt, of further mention; Minerva, Ursula, Rev. Anson Hooker, Mercy L., and Edwin F.

(VII) Rev. Joseph Willcutt Stearns, son of Nathaniel S. and Seviah (Willcutt) Stearns, was born February 21, 1808, at Westhampton, Massachusetts, and died at South Berlin, New York, April, 1888. He was educated for the ministry and became a leading divine of the Christian church, and was a man of rare ability as an orator and logician. He was a close personal friend of Garritt Smith, and an uncompromising Abolitionist. His home in West Groton, "The old white house on the corner," was one of the prominent stations on "The Underground Railroad to Canada," where many a runaway slave found refuge by day, and at night was taken north by "that damned Abolitionist, Elder Stearns."

in the democrat wagon drawn by "Old Cuff." He married, 1839, Amanda Sellen, daughter of Isaac Allen, a descendant of a brother of General Ethan Allen. There were three sons: Rev. Joseph Wellington, of further mention; Alvin Stuart, and Eugene Allen.

(VIII) Rev. Joseph Wellington Stearns, son of Rev. Joseph W. and Amanda S. (Allen) Stearns, was born July 8, 1840, in West Groton, New York. He was a schoolmaster at sixteen, and entered the ministry early in life. Later he studied theology under Dr. Austin Craig, president of the Union Theological Institute at Stamfordville, New York, from which he graduated. For over fifty years he has been in the pulpits of the Christian church, in the New England States and New York. The keynote of his ministry has been "The Fatherhood of God and the Brotherhood of Man." His commanding personal qualities of physique and intellect, together with quick sympathies and pleasing address, have combined to produce upon his congregation an influence both permanent and beneficent. He now lives at South Berlin, New York. He married, September 24, 1867, Mary Jane, of Schenectady, New York, daughter of John Hull and Susannah Waldron, of old Holland Dutch descent. Eight children: Waldron Allen, of further mention; Maus Wellington, osteopathic physician, born January 30, 1871, at West Randolph, Vermont, now living in Schenectady, New York; Joseph Craig, farmer, born December 31, 1873, at Stamfordville, New York, now living at Pittsfield, Massachusetts; John Stuart, born October 2, 1875, at Danbury, Connecticut, died February 23, 1894, at Starkey Seminary, Eddytown, New York; Ralph Winne, E. E., Union, '07, born December 12, 1877, at Petersburg, New York, now living in Schenectady, New York; Worth Rae, fruit grower, born October 31, 1879, at Petersburg, New York, now living in Spokane, Washington; Trueman Bennett, real estate, born April 4, 1881, at Petersburg, New York, now living in Greater New York; Mary Elizabeth, born September 17, 1882, at Petersburg, New York, married Wallace J. Bell, February 14, 1905, now living at Pittsfield, Massachusetts.

(IX) Waldron Allen Stearns, M.D., Union Univ., 1900, son of Rev. Joseph W. and Mary I. (Hull) Stearns, was born in Eastport, Maine, August 21, 1866. After graduating in medicine he secured the appointment on the resident staff to St. Peter's Hospital, Albany, New York. In June, 1901, he removed to Schenectady, where he is now engaged in the practice of his profession. In 1904 he was elected to the common council. He married,

September 19, 1897, Frances Hiscox, daughter of Henry Edwin and Jeannette (Lapham) Fuller, of South Berlin, New York. She was born June 1, 1873, and is a direct lineal descendant of Dr. Samuel Fuller, of the "Mayflower." They have three children: John Waldron, born September 18, 1898, at South Berlin, New York; Henry Fuller, born December 10, 1901, at Schenectady, New York; Mary Jeannette, born February 25, 1906, at Schenectady.

John McKie, the first of the name McKIE of whom we have record, was born about 1705, in the stewardry of Galloway, probably in Wigtonshire, Scotland, and removed from there to Ayrshire about 1767, where he resided about seven years. His sons engaged in business in Ayr, but through the dishonesty of their partners failed, their failure involving their father so that he lost his entire property. This decided him to emigrate to America, which he accordingly did in 1774, settling at Ashgrove, town of Cambridge, Washington county, New York, where he died October 27, 1782. He married Marion Wilson. Children: Alexander, Peter (?), John, James, see forward, Mary, Elizabeth.

(II) James, son of John and Marion (Wilson) McKie, was born July 7, 1760, in Wigtonshire, Scotland, died June 14, 1843. He was a private in the revolutionary war, and on March 4, 1848, his widow was granted a pension of fifty-six dollars and forty-one cents. He married, January 27, 1785, Elizabeth Wilson, born June 19, 1765, died December 27, 1849. Children: 1. Sarah, born November 24, 1785, died August 30, 1860. 2. Mary, born September 27, 1787, died November 27, 1846. 3. John, see forward. 4. George, born August 14, 1791, died January 15, 1861. 5. Elizabeth, born September 18, 1793, died March 5, 1855. 6. William, born October 21, 1795, died April 15, 1863. 7. Ann, born November 28, 1797, died January 18, 1856. 8. Margaret, born May 4, 1800. 9. ———, born June 11, 1802. 10. James, born February 24, 1805. 11. Peter, born January 16, 1808, died January 11, 1856.

(III) John (2), son of James and Elizabeth (Wilson) McKie, was born June 1, 1789, died September 9, 1864. He married Catherine, daughter of John and Margaret (Robinson) Whiteside. Children: William, see forward; James, married Anna Whiteside; John.

(IV) William, son of John (2) and Catherine (Whiteside) McKie, married Minerva, born in West Arlington, Vermont, daughter of Samuel and Mina (Andrews) Buck.

Child, Kate M., now resident of Cambridge, New York. (See McKie, p. 1624.)

REYNOLDS John Reynolds (1), progenitor of this branch of the family, is supposed to

have sailed from the port of London—i. e., Ipswich, England, in 1633. Sarah Reynolds (his wife), aged 20, was a passenger on the ship "Elizabeth," which sailed from Ipswich "bound for New England the last of April, 1634."

Among the passengers were many who settled at Watertown, Massachusetts, and subsequently removed to Wethersfield and Stamford, Connecticut, but John Reynolds was not among them. John Reynolds was admitted a freeman of Watertown, May 6, 1635. Robert, his brother, had been admitted September 3, 1634.

Sir Richard Saltonstall, together with a body of Pilgrims or Separatists, had founded Watertown, Massachusetts, where a church was "gathered" under Phillips as pastor, August 27, 1630. The latter came from Boxford, county Essex, and most of the colonists were members of his former charge. Unfortunately, the records describing the settlement of Watertown are not in existence, but on page 4 of the earliest book of records is the first entry in which the names of colonists are mentioned: "Nov. 14, 1635—agreed that Daniel Patrick, Brian Pemberton, Richard Bernard, Ephraim Child, Abram Browne, Charles Chaddock and John Reynolds shall divide to every man his Property and Meddow and upland that is plowable and the rest to be common."

The first book of deeds entitled "The Watertown Lands, Grants and Possessions," page 157 and constituting the second inventory, describes his allotment as follows: "John Reynolds, An Homestall of five acres and half by estimation bounded the North with the Highway, the South with Isaac Mixer and the East with John Sherman granted to him."

Learning of the rich meadows along the Connecticut river, some few of the Watertown colonists, in the late autumn of 1634, founded the settlement of "Pyquag," now Wethersfield, and spent the winter there. On May 29th of the year following, six persons (among them Robert Reynolds) under the head of Rev. Richard Denton, who had received their dismissal from the Watertown church March 29th of that year, set out to "form a newe in a church covenant in the River of Connecticut" Conn. Col. Records, p. 11.

On October 15th, 1635, about sixty colon-

ists set out from Watertown to the new settlement. Such was the general distress that many of them returned in December, but in the early spring of 1636 once more repaired to "Watertown on the Connecticut River." It was not until Feb. 21, 1637, that the settlement received the name of Wethersfield. The colonists were continually exposed to danger from the Pequots. In April, 1637, they waylaid the settlers as they were going into their ing with those from Windsor and Hartford fields and killed six men and three women. On May 26, 1637, the Wethersfield men, uniting with those from Windsor and Hartford and with seventy Mohegans under their sachem, Uncas, attacked the Pequots, burnt seventy wigwams and killed five or six hundred of the enemy. (See Trumbull, vol. I, chap. V.)

Both John and Robert were among those who removed from Watertown prior to July 25, 1636, as they did not share in that division of land. As stated above, John still owned property in Watertown at the time of the second inventory, i. e., 1644. Robert Feke, Brian Pemberton and Daniel Patrick are also included, although all of them had removed to Wethersfield and Stamford.

Robert removed from Wethersfield to Boston, where he died April 27, 1659. His will, executed 20, 2, 1658, proved in Boston, July 27, 1659, gives the names of Mary, his wife, and children: Nathaniel, Ruth Whitney, Tabitha Abdy, Sarah Mason, and Mary Sanger. His will concludes with the statement, "I and my wife being stricken in age and are almost past our Labour." From this we must conclude that he was born about 1590, and was either much older than his brother John, or that the latter was born earlier than 1612, the date of birth attributed to him. (See New Eng. His. & Gen. Reg., vol. ix, p. 137.) His only son Nathaniel removed to Bristol, Rhode Island, where the family still continues. The tombstone of Joseph, Nathaniel's son, still standing at Bristol, is well known as a fine example of early carving and shows the Reynolds coat of arms—three foxes statant in pale proper, crest on an Esquire's helmet, a fox statant proper.

John Reynolds' house as given in the map of Wethersfield was on High street, the third from the meeting house and near the center of the town. This and other property were recorded by him, "the 12th month and 11 daie, 1640," and again recorded by John Hollister on 3m 20d 1644, as "bought of John Reynolds."

It was not long before internal dissensions were disturbing the church at Wethersfield

and dividing inhabitants as well as the brethren. The Rev. Richard Denton became the leader of the more progressive and radical party. The ministers of the other churches of the river, and Mr. Davenport from New Haven, successively tried to unite the factions. The latter suggested the expediency of one of the parties removing and making a new settlement. At length a number of men who were the most pleased with the advice of Mr. Davenport and the New Haven brethren, and to whom the government of that colony was most agreeable, determined to remove and settle in combination with New Haven. Nathaniel Turner had on July 1st, 1640, on behalf of the New Haven Colony, bought of Ponus, sagamore of Toquams, and of Wascussee, sagamore of Shippan, a tract of land which includes the present towns of Darien and Stamford and part of Greenwich paying about 33 pounds for a tract of land of one hundred and twenty-eight square miles. This tract, Rippowanis, Mr. Andrew Ward and Mr. Robert Coe, of Wethersfield, on October 30, 1640, purchased of the New Haven Colony on behalf of themselves and about twenty other planters on these conditions: 1st. The Wethersfield men were to give the price paid to the Indians for the land by Mr. Turner. 2nd. A fifth part of the lands were to be reserved to be disposed of by the court to such other settlers as they saw fit. 3d. They were to join with the New Haven plantation in the form of government there adopted. Twenty men were to settle in Stamford by the last of November, 1641.

It was decided that the majority of the seven church members, church membership being essential to becoming a freeman, should remove with a minority of the planters and that they should take the church organization with them. Thirty men, among them John Reynolds, volunteered as pioneers of the new colony. These subscribed "100 bushels of corne" to be paid May or June, 1641, to the New Haven Colony, to make good the purchase price of the land, each man giving as he was able and receiving a proportional amount of land. In this subscription, Mr. Denton ranks third with 4.1 bu.; Jo. Reynolds, eighth with 3.2 bu. (Stamford Records, p. 5.)

Of these thirty, twenty-eight removed to the site of Stamford in the summer of 1641. On October 19th they held their first meeting, electing five men to form a provisional government and dividing the land between them. An account of this is to be found at Stamford in the earliest town record entitled "1640-41 a true and correct book of the freeholders of the

towne of Stamford as it was after wards called but now Rippowan, containing the acts and conclusions of the companie of Wethersfield men." At this meeting "the man under consideration absenting himself while his case was in hand and so successively and when he was called in again and demanded if so much gave him content and so content and satisfaction was by every one of these men acknowledged and they set down these numbers of acres of marsh and upland after the same proportion that followeth xxx Mr. Denton 14 acres xxx John Renoulds 11 acres." (Stamford Records, p. 7.)

The New Haven Colony had not been fully satisfied by the one hundred bushels of corn, so that an assessment was laid to make this good. The following is John Reynolds' account: "For rate—now 56.10.0 and due at W. 13. s. 6 d and to received Jo Renoulds 17 S. 11 d. makes 4. lbs. 08-3," each of whom subscribed a 'pick.' The next mention of him is in a list of twelve men. Here his name appears as Jo. Renoulds. Latter is a tax list to make good the loss of the town mill and dam and for building a 'captain's house.' 'Jo. Reynoulds debtor for loss by mill 2 6 9, house 13 both 39.9 and he hath paid (for loss) at mill, First bill 9 s. 6. and dam 9 s. 3 s. house, 12 s. last charge 5. s. all 38 s. 6d.'"

The last mention of him is in a deed recorded March, 1651, of property in the extreme west section of the town, near the site of Old Greenwich, bounded by "ye lot which was John Renoles." (Stamford Records, p. 51.)

On page 55 of the original Stamford records is recorded the marriage of his daughter: "Peter Ferris and Elizabeth Rinealls joyned ye 15 July, 1654." Her husband, Freeman, of Stamford, Connecticut, 1662, representative 1667, was the son of Jeffrey Ferris, one of the seven original proprietors of Greenwich, who had, like John Reynolds, removed successively from Watertown and Wethersfield to Stamford. They had the following children: 1. Joseph, son of Peter Ferris, b. 20-6-1657. (Stan. Rec. p. 74.) 2. Illegible, son of Peter Ferris, illegible, 1659. 3. Elizabeth, dau. of Peter Ferris, b. 28-11-1659 —d—5-2-1660, Stamford Rec. p. 98. 4. Mary, dau. of Peter Ferris, b. May 2, 1662. (Stan. Rec. p. 76.) 5. Elizabeth, dau. of Peter Ferris, b. Jan. 2, 1664. (Stan. Rec. p. 76.)

As Peter Ferris is mentioned as Sen. in the entry of his death, September 28, 1706, it is probable that the illegible name was Peter.

On page 19 of the Stamford Records is entered the death of the wife of John: "Sarrah Reanolds died 31-16-1657." On page 20 a second entry gives it as "Sarrah Reanolds died

ye 31 August 1657." We have records of only three of John's children: 1. Elizabeth, b. about 1634. 2. Jonathan, b. about 1636. 3. John, b. about 1638.

The subsequent history of John is undetermined. A John Reynolds, often confused with him, was at Wethersfield as early as June 29, 1674, when he had by Naomi Latimer a son John, and a second son Jonathan. As Naomi Latimer was born April 4, 1648, he would have been approximately thirty-six years older than his wife, and sixty-two years of age when the first child was born. These children are not to be confounded with the John and Jonathan of Greenwich, as the histories of all four are well known. It is said that only a few years ago there was at Wethersfield a tombstone to a certain John Reynolds who died in 1662. The constant recurrence of the names John and Jonathan in the Greenwich and Wethersfield families implies an intimate connection.

Jonathan, eldest son of John the Emigrant.

The site of "Old Greenwich," now Sound Beach, lying some three miles to the west of Stamford, had been purchased from the Indians on behalf of the New Haven Colony, on July 18, 1640, by Robert Feaks and Captain Daniel Patrick, the latter a companion of John Reynolds of Watertown and Wethersfield.

About 1653 many of the settlers of Stamford had moved there, and among the earliest inhabitants were Jonathan and John Reynolds, whose land lay along the Two Brothers' Brook, which fact probably suggested its name.

Subsequently to 1653 the name of Jonathan Reynolds appears but once in the Stamford Records: "Jan. 7, 1666, Wm. Grimes for swearing vainly by ye name of God it being fully proved by Mr. Jones and Jonathan Reynolds and Jos. Knapp ye said Grimes is fined ten shillings and to pay all charges of his being to Stamford which is four shillings to each man." This Grimes at that time was an "Inhabitant" of Greenwich, as were the witnesses.

In the Greenwich Town Records is an account of a town meeting held February 5, 1664, in which it was proposed to divide the "common lands by a rule of proportion according to what each man's estate shall be visable." The proprietors are given as follows: "Jeffre Ferris Sense, Joshua Knapp Sense, Joseph Ferris, Jonathan Reynolds, Angell Heusted, John Mead Sense, John Hobbe." These were termed the "Seven Proprietors." (Sense is an abbreviation for Senior.)

One of the earliest deeds recorded at Greenwich (p. 3, vol. A.) is a bill of sale bearing date December 13, 1665, from Richard Vowles of Rye to Jonathan Ronalds, of Greenwich, of "seven acres of upland more or lesse which lieth within the compass of ye land that was called ye ox pasture, situate in Greenwich, bounded as followeth, northerly by ye hye way, westerly by Grimes land and southerly by Joseph Ferrises land, Easterly by a Swamp, also three acres of Madow more or less bounded southwest by Jonathan Ronaldoes land, North east by Joseph Ferris, Westerly by Joshua Knapps' land and Eastardly by Jonathan Ronoldes upland also a sartaine par-soll of upland XXX also my whole rite and interest Elizabeth Neck also my whole interest in land unto Myanos River." At the bottom of the page is the following:

I, Jonathan Ronald, do by this truly assent and make over this within bill of sale unto my Brother John Ronalds freely oneing and acknowledging the whole rite and interest in ye aforesaid bill of sale to be his to wit my brother John Reynolds and for a witness of ye truth of ye same I have set to my hand according to date within written. Jonathan Ronalds.

In presence of

Joseph Mead,
Timothy Knapp.

This bill and deed entered in the year of our Lord 1682, Februari 27.

In 1667 Jonathan Reynolds was made a member of the Assembly for Greenwich, and on October 24th, 1669, he was made a free-man of Connecticut by the Assembly of Greenwich. On December 28th, 1669, Jonathan Reynolds, Sargent Lockwood, John Hobby, Joshua Knapp, John Mead, and Joseph Mead, were appointed to free the town of all claims by Daniel Patrick, the son of Daniel Patrick, formerly Patroon of the Manor, who now appeared laying claims to his fathers land. The committee for the settlers who held by squatter sovereignty bought him off by paying a horse, saddle and bridle and fifty pounds. He served on various important committees for the laying out of lands, for making survey of Horseneck to see if it be suitable for the settlement of a township, as surveyor of highways, etc., all of which appointments are recorded in the Common Place Book of Greenwich. The following is a last mention of Jonathan in the Greenwich Records: "At town meeting 13, 12th month, Joshua Knapp is chosen to be a townman in the room of Jonathan Reynolds." No other business was considered at this meeting. The last previous meeting was November 13, 1673. It is therefore probable that he died in November or December, 1673.

Letters of administration on his estate now

filed at Fairfield, Connecticut, January 23, 1673-74, speak of him as "lately deceased," and mention his children: Jonathan R., about 13 years; John R., about 11 years; Joseph R., about 4½ years; Rebecca R., about 14 years; Sarah R., aged 8 last November 6th; Elizabeth R., aged 6 last August.

Apportionment was by Angell Heusted and Jonathan Knapp. He left a "widow Renals" and a total estate of three hundred and fifty-eight pounds. Inventory taken March 10, 1673-74. Ebenezer, a posthumous child, was born in 1673.

The apportionment was by Angell Heusted, and showed a total estate of three hundred and fifty-eight pounds. The will of Angell Heusted, also filed at Fairfield in 1706, mentions his "son-in-law Jonathan Renalds." It is possible that the "widow Renals" mentioned in the apportionment might have been a daughter of Heusted. While the above estate would not to-day be considered a large one, it was sufficient to place him second among the "Twenty-seven Proprietors of 1672," who purchased the Horseneck track, for at that time the rights in the distribution of land were based upon the wealth of the colonists.

The following are the descendants of Jonathan Reynolds as far as they have been ascertained; unless otherwise stated it may be assumed that they were all of Greenwich, Connecticut.

We have no information concerning the eldest child, Rebecca, excepting that she was born in 1659.

2. Jonathan—Jonathan—John.

The second child, Jonathan, was born in 1660, and married, Dec. 7th, 1682, Nevill Ridewere. The marriage is recorded in the Common Place Book at Greenwich, as are the births of their children, i. e.,

1. Jonathan—Jonathan—Jonathan—John.

Their eldest child was Jonathan, who was born in 1683, and who married, April 13, 1703, Rebecca Seaman, and had 1st, Rebecca, b. Feb. 12, 1704, married, Jan. 29, 1727, Isaac Knapp; 2nd, Sarah, b. 1706, married, Feb. 7, 1744, Benjamin Holmes, and had Enoch Holmes; 3rd, Jonathan, b. Jan. 26, 1707-08; married, May 6, 1731, Elizabeth Briggs, dau. of Daniel Briggs of Stamford, by whom he had: 1st, Mercy, b. June 23, 1736; 2nd, Daniel, b. Aug. 7, 1739; 3rd, Hannah, b. Jan. 21, 1742; 4th, Phillip, b. Mch. 30, 1744; 5th, Samuel, b. Mch. 29, 1747.

Abigail, fourth child of Jonathan and Rebecca Seaman, was born about 1709, and married, July 17, 1731, John Martin and had John Martin, b. Dec. 24, 1731, and possibly others.

2. John—Jonathan—Jonathan—John.

John, the second child of Jonathan and his wife, Nevill Ridewere, was born about 1684, and m. Hannah Jessup, dau. of Edward Jessup of Stamford. His will, dated at North Castle, Westchester county, New York, June 14, 1764, proved in New York City, liber 246, p. 590, Oct. 25, 1764, mentions his wife Hannah and his children: 1st, Margaret, m. Andrew Purdy. 2. Robert, of Bedford, N. Y., who, in his will, executed Apr. 8, 1808, proved at White Plains, April 10, 1810, mentions his wife Ann, widow of John Kipp, his brother Sutton, and his children:

1. Elijah, of New Castle, whose will, executed Jan. 26, 1814, proved at White Plains, Nov. 1st that year, mentions his wife Abigail and his daughter Ann Maria, who died unm., and whose will is probated at White Plains, Apr. 9, 1829.

2. Elias, whose will, executed Oct. 7, 1814, probated at White Plains, Nov. 1st, 1814, mentions no children.

3. Rebecca, of Bedford, who died unm., and whose will is probated at White Plains, Mch. 2nd, 1818.

John, the third child of John Reynolds and Hannah Jessup, lived at North Castle, Westchester, and married Ann Finch, who died in 1787, and had: 1st, John, m. Rebecca Rundell, in 1759, he was of North Castle, and she of Poundridge; she m. after his death Isaac Clark; they had: 1st, Jonathan, b. 1761, m. Sarah St. John, and d. at Bedford, N. Y., in 1823; 2nd, Solomon, b. June 3rd; 1763, m. Joanna Miller, and d. Jan. 23, 1848, at Elmira, N. Y., leaving 1st, Isaac, b. Feb. 13, 1786, d. at Elmira, 1864, and 2nd, Wright, b. Dec. 10th, 1787, d. Mch. 14, 1855. Rebecca, third child of John and Rebecca Rundell, m. Timothy Newman, and moved to Rensselaer county, N. Y.; 4th, Robert, m. Lydia St. John; 5th, Jonah, m. 1st Polly Tilton, and 2nd widow Betsy White; 6th, John, m. Esther ———, and d. 1809; 7th, Jesse, d. at Poundridge; 8th, Richard, who d. young.

Ann, second child of John Reynolds and Ann Finch, m. Stephen Edgett, and removed to Nine Partners, N. Y.; 3rd, Sarah, m. John Knapp, and removed to Nine Partners, N. Y.; 4. Polly, m. 1st Jehiel Davis, and 2nd David Cook and removed to Delaware county, N. Y.; 5. Edward, who m. Polly Chapman; 6. Lizzie, m. John Banks, and d. at North Castle. 7. Jessup, m. Millicent Green; 8. Hannah, m. Jeremy Green and resided in Westchester county; 9. Jerusha, m. Jonathan Finch, and lived in North Castle; 10. Jonah, m. ——— Ireland; 11. Deborah, m. James Smith, moved to northwestern part of New York state.

Nothing is known about Joseph, the fourth

child of John Reynolds and his wife Hannah Jessup.

5. Richeson had a son Richeson. 6. James, Sutton, was of New Castle, Westchester county, N. Y., and his will, executed August 12, 1824, probated April 9, 1829, mentions his wife Anna and his children: 1. Amy. 2. Sutton, who lived at Billings, in town of Beekman, Dutchess county, N. Y., and m. Phebe Seaman, and had Mary, who m. James Johnson. Sutton and his wife Anna also had: 3. Hannah, wife of Thomas Dodge. 4. Joseph. 5. Jonathan. 6. Andrew.

Nothing is known of Andrew, the eighth child of John Reynolds and Hannah Jessup.

3. Nathan—Jonathan—Jonathan—John.

Nathan, third child of Jonathan and his wife, Nevill Ridewere, was born about 1688, and d. in 1748, and m. Ruth Reynolds, and had John, b. Aug. 16, 1727.

4. Peter—Jonathan—Jonathan—John.

4. Peter, son of Jonathan and his wife Nevill Ridewere, was born about 1691. We have no other information concerning him.

5. Josiah—Jonathan—Jonathan—John.

5. Josiah, b. Jan. 13, 1708, m. May 1, 1735, Barbara Briggs, dau. of Daniel Briggs, and had: 1. Elizabeth, b. Mch. 23, 1737. 2. Martha, b. Dec. 29, 1739. 3. Sarah, b. May 21, 1742. 4. Barbara, b. Nov. 14, 1744. 5. Josiah, b. July 31, 1747. 6. Jonathan, b. May 6, 1750. 7. Obediah, b. Jan. 21, 1753. 8. Briggs, b. July 21, 1754.

3. John—Jonathan—John.

John, third child of Jonathan, the eldest son of the emigrant John, was born in 1662, and married Ruth Knapp, b. 1667, dau. of Joshua Knapp; he d. in 1736, and his will executed Sept. 22, 1732, proved Apr. 6, 1736, states that he leaves no issue, but leaves his property to his wife, Ruth. He describes himself as "the present Deacon of West Society." Ruth, his widow, when the will was proved, describes herself as the wife of Ebenezer Mead.

4. Sarah, b. Nov. 5, 1665, m. Joseph Mead. 5. Elizabeth, b. Aug., 1667, m. Mch. 16, 1687. Joshua Knapp.

6. Joseph—Jonathan—John.

6. Joseph, b. in 1669, m. in 1698, Abigail Finch; d. in 1727. His wife Abigail was dau. of Joseph Finch, of Greenwich. She d. in 1715, and he then m. Abigail Rundell.

On June 6, 1727, Andrew Burr, judge of the court of probate of the county of Fairfield, appointed the widow Abigail and his eldest son, Joseph, as administrators of his estate. The widow, Abigail Reynolds, joined the Second Society at Greenwich, December 16, 1728, and the church records show that Abigail

Reynolds, who was probably identical with the above, was married at the church, Nov. 19, 1729, to John Benedict, of Norwalk.

1. Joseph—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

Joseph and his wife, Abigail Finch, had: 1. Joseph, b. at Greenwich, May 15, 1699, m. Ruth Ferris, Mch. 5, 1721-22. They joined the church Feb. 28, 1733. He had by her three children, and the others were by a second wife; he removed with his brother Nehemiah to Nine Partners, or North-east Patent, now Pine Plains, Dutchess county, N. Y., where he owned an immense tract of land. He had the following children: 1. Ruth, b. Dec. 13, 1722. 2. Rosanna, b. Sept. 6, 1724. 3. Joseph, b. Aug. 27, 1727. He was of Crum Elbow in 1748, and d. Nov. 12, 1799. He m. on Jan. 21, 1745, Ruth Rich, who d. Aug. 5, 1750; he m. at Bedford, N. Y., for his second wife, Lydia Parker, May 12, 1751; she d. March 28, 1789.

Joseph and Ruth Rich had the following children:

1. Joseph, b. July 23, 1746, m. Lydia Jenks; d. in 1799. 2. Ruth, b. Aug. 5, 1749; bpt. at Amenia, N. Y., Oct. 25, 1752, and d. Aug. 5, 1776.

Joseph had by Lydia Parker: 3. Lydia, b. Feb. 20, 1752, d. Sept. 1, 1804; m. Joseph Jenks. 4. Israel, b. Dec. 25, 1753; bpt. at Amenia, N. Y., Mch. 17, 1754, lived at Peru, in northern N. Y., and d. Nov. 22, 1812. He m., Mch. 5, 1778, Deborah Thacher, who was b. Apr. 9, 1760, and d. Jan. 26, 1813, and had the following children: 1. Lucy, b. Jan. 6, 1779, d. Dec. 6, 1852; m. Simeon Frisbie, Apr. 10, 1796, and removed to Essex county, N. Y. and left issue. 2. Leonard, b. Jan. 9, 1781. 3. Solomon, b. Sept. 5, 1783. 4. Raymond, b. Feb. 18, 1786. 5. Josiah, b. Aug. 10, 1788. 6. Irena, b. Sept. 2, 1790. 7. Harvey, b. Aug. 26, 1793. 8. Seneca, b. Mch. 7, 1796, d. Apr. 14, 1872, removed from Vermont to Michigan, and m. Ann —, July 3rd, 1823 and had: 1. George, b. Feb. 19, 1825, d. Dec. 30, 1891. 2. Preston, b. May 5, 1828; d. Oct. 1, 1847. 3. Edmund, b. Mch. 18, 1831; d. Dec. 13, 1904. 4. Myron, b. Aug. 12, 1839.

Israel and his wife, Deborah Thacher, had also a ninth child, Israel, b. July 11, 1800, removed to Michigan.

Joseph and his wife, Lydia Parker, had a fifth child, the Rev. Parker, b. Oct. 10, 1755, at Nine Partners, d. at Canton, N. Y., 1826, m. first Esther Daggett, and second Rhoda Carter and had: 1. Lydia, b. July 6, 1778; m. Ethan Branch. 2. Esther, b. July 4, 1780, m. Benjamin Warren. 3. John Parker, b. Sept. 21, 1782, m. Rebecca Newell, and second Patience Wilson and had Laura Patience, b. Oct. 23, 1818, at Middletown, Ohio; m. An-

drew Campbell. Ruth, fourth child of the Rev. Parker, was b. Mch. 7, 1785. 5. Cynthia, b. May 20, 1787. 6. Werden Peter, b. Feb. 6, 1789; m. 1. Emme, dau. of Asa Reynolds; 2nd Beulah Wentworth; 3rd Nancy Purdy. 7th Lynas, b. Nov. 3, 1790; m. Alice Baker.

Nothing is known of Joanna, the sixth child of Joseph Reynolds and his wife, Lydia Parker. Asa, the seventh child; d. Aug. 8, 1729. All of the above seven children were born at Nine Partners, New York.

Samuel, fourth child of Joseph, the son of Joseph, the son of Jonathan, the son of John the emigrant, was born Aug. 8, 1729. 5. Roollah, b. Nov. 8, 1731. 6. Israel Jacob, b. Jan. 16, 1734. 7. Reuhama, b. Feb. 2, 1735. 8. Rachel, b. Aug. 16, 1738. 9. Johanna, b. Dec. 21, 1740. 10. Elizabeth, b. Dec. 9, 1744; m. Calvin Averill. 11. Phebe, b. Feb. 25, 1749; m. John Howe.

2. Abigail—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

Joseph had a second child, Abigail, b. Apr. 3, 1701; m. David Reynolds, son of John, the third child of John the emigrant. Their marriage occurred Nov. 24, 1720, and the issue will be found under the record of her husband.

3. Samuel—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

Samuel, third child of Joseph, was born July 16, 1703; m. Jan. 26, 1727-28, Rebecca, dau. of Ephraim Palmer. He d. Mch. 6, 1727-28, and had Rebecca, b. Nov. 4, 1727; m. Joseph Palmer, Jr., of Crum Elbow, N. Y.

4. Benjamin—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

4. Benjamin, b. Mch. 26, 1705; d. in 1727.

5. John—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

5. John, b. May 23, 1708; m. Nov. 19, 1729, Ruth, dau. of John Reynolds, "The Cooper," the son of John, the son of John the emigrant and had: 1. Ruth, b. Sept. 28, 1730. 2. John, b. Nov. 7, 1732.

6. Nehemiah—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

Nehemiah, sixth child of Joseph, was b. Apr. 8, 1709, at Greenwich. In a deed of May 20, 1743, he described himself as being of Filkintown, Nine Partners, N. Y., and together with Peter Palmer sold over 4,000 acres to Joseph Reynolds. He m. first Abigail, who, in the above deed, resigned her right of dowry, and second in 1743, at Nine Partners, N. Y., Mary ——. He had the following children:

1. Nehemiah, who m. first, Mary Armstrong, and had: 1. Jacob, b. 1761; d. 1831; lived at Chatham, N. Y.; m. first, Sarah Hart, and had: 1. Robert, b. 1798; lived at Austerlitz, Columbia county, N. Y., and m. Amelia Horton, and had: 1. Lewis Hart, b. 1822. 2. Truman Horton, b. 1824. 3. Clarissa, b. 1826; m. David E. Hawes. 4. Fidelia, b. 1828; m. Anson E. Barrett. 5. John Moffitt,

b. 1832; m. Lucy Rhodes. 6. Rhoda Elizabeth, b. 1834; m. James H. Milling. 7. Robert Edwin, b. 1837; m. Mary Reynolds. 8. Milton Duane, b. 1839; m. Ellen H. Smith. 9. Samuel Moore, b. 1842.

Jacob and his wife, Sarah Hart, had: 2. Hiram, m. Rachel Westcott, and had: 1. Henry. 2. Hiram. 3. Betsy. 4. Frank. 5. Robert. Jacob and Sarah Hart had also: 3. Salome. 4. Phebe. 5. Hart.

Jacob, after the death of his wife, Sarah Hart, m. Mary Olds, and had by her: 6. Nehemiah. 7. Milton. 8. George. 9. Elizabeth. 10. Serepata. 11. Leonard. 12. Sarah. 13. Mehitabel. 14. Jacob Alonzo.

Nehemiah had by his wife, Mary Armstrong: 2. Benjamin. 3. Nehemiah.

After the death of Mary Armstrong, Nehemiah m. ——. Anstres, and had by her: 4. David N., b. Oct. 3, 1785; d. 1867; m. 1807, Amy, dau. of Solomon Reynolds, and had: 1. Edward W., b. at Chatham, Sept. 3, 1836; d. June 18, 1838. 2. Lewis, b. Oct. 21, 1809; d. Jan. 17, 1894; m. Ann Goodfellow, no issue. 3. Rachel. 4. Pamela. 5. Abraham. 6. Stephen, b. Nov. 3, 1815; d. July 30, 1848; m. 1847, Sabrinia Van Alstyne, and had: 1. Frederick; d. Apr. 17, 1893. 2. Stephen, b. Nov. 19, 1848; m. June 10, 1869, Ida Hatch, and second Feb. 27, 1883, Elizabeth Reynolds, dau. of Harvey. He had by his first wife: 1. Frederick, b. June 19, 1876; lives at Rayville, N. Y. 2. George N., b. Apr. 7, 1880.

David N. and his wife, Amy, had: 7. Malvinia. 8th. Salomy. 9. Jane, who m. David Wickham. 10. Elizabeth, m. Eben Phelps. 11. James, b. Mch. 17, 1831; m. at Niverville, N. Y., Julia Turner, in 1857. 12. Mary.

Nehemiah and his wife, ——. Anstres, had: 5. William, who m. Sarah Mosher, and had: 1. Martin. 2. Seneca. 3. John, who m. Charity Carnell, and had Martin. 4. Isaac, m. Mary Woodward, and had: Horace. 5. Jane. 6. Wm. Henry, m. Eliza Melius.

Nehemiah had by his wife ——. Anstres: 6. Andrew. 7. Abram. 8. Jane. 9. Mary. 10. Sarah. 11. Rachel. 12. Salome. 13. Amia. 14. Ruamia.

Nehemiah, sixth child of Joseph, who was the sixth child of Jonathan, the second child of John the emigrant, had also: 2. Mary, who m. Solomon Finch, lived in Chatham, N. Y., and had nine children. 3. David, son of the above named Nehemiah, born Nov. 24, 1745, removed to Chatham, N. Y. in 1764, and d. 1820, in Chatham. He m. Lois Finch and had: 1. Joel, m. Elizabeth Crandall, lived in Clarkville, Otsego co., N. Y. 2. Nehemiah, lived near Hallsville, Otsego co., N. Y. 3.

Amos, m. Patty Thompson, removed to Fond-du-lac, Wis. 5. Titus, b. Dec. 10, 1770; lived in Chatham, N. Y., d. Mch. 30, 1860; m. first Elizabeth Brown, in 1792; she was b. Oct. 11, 1770; d. July 29, 1826; and second widow Margaret Brown Finch, her sister, b. 1770; d. 1860, and had: 1st. Wm. L., b. Aug. 22, 1794; d. Apr. 5, 1871; m. Matilda Hotchkiss, and had: Eliza, b. Apr. 18, 1815. 2. Lydia, b. July 25, 1817. 3. George Mead, b. Nov. 9, 1820.

Titus had by Elizabeth Brown: 2. Chloe, b. Nov. 8, 1798; m. Nicholas Wilbur. 3. Ira, b. Nov. 8, 1805; m. Elizabeth Burton. 4. Alanson, b. Aug. 14, 1808; d. Sept. 23, 1878; m. first Caroline Ashley, second Patty Shumway Hunt, third Lydia Ray Gale, and had:

1. Oliver, m. Gertrude Pierce, had an only son, Orlando. 2. Albert. 3. Smith, m. Julia Carpenter, lived in Stockbridge, Mass.

Titus had also: 5. Alzena, b. May 29, 1814; d. Aug. 15, 1856. 6. Lavinia, b. Oct. 17, 1801; d. July 4, 1858. 7. Harvey, b. Jan. 29, 1820; d. Feb. 3, 1891, and had: 1. Waterman, b. Jan. 9, 1844; d. June 7, 1883. 2. Wm. J., b. May 24, 1849; d. Oct. 5, 1855. 3. Elizabeth S., b. Sept. 18, 1854.

David Reynolds and his wife Lois Finch had also: 5. Zaida, m. James Murphy. 6. Rebecca, m. Stephen Finch. 7. Lydia, m. Arnold Wooley. 8. Esther, m. Oliver Allen. 9. Solomon, b. Dec. 23, 1766; d. Aug. 21, 1850; m. Dec. 24, 1786, Deborah Brown, a sister of the wives of Titus Reynolds and had: 1. David S., b. Sept. 4, 1787; d. June 24, 1866; m., Apr. 1, 1809, Sarah Gillette, and had: 1. Harris, b. Mch. 18, 1810; d. at Battle Creek, Apr. 15, 1888. 2. Isiah, b. Oct. 2, 1813; d. at Battle Creek, Mich., Sept. 12, 1889; m. first Mary Hicks, second Harriet Marcy, and had: 1. Walter B., b. Mch. 4, 1837, at Nassau, N. Y., d. Feb. 4, 1885, at Rochester, N. Y.; m. Phebe Crandall. 2. Joseph H., b. Nov. 15, 1846, at Nassau; d. Feb. 25, 1848. 3. Bernard H., b. June 28, 1851, at Nassau. 4. Sarah G., b. Feb. 10, 1848; m. Sterling F. Hayward, of Yonkers, N. Y.

David and his wife, Sarah Gillette, had also: 3. Norman, b. Apr. 1, 1816, at Westford, Otsego co., N. Y., d. Oct. 2, 1888; m. Clarissa Chapman, and left no issue. 4. Adelphus, b. May 30, 1812; d. Jan. 13, 1854; m. Lydia Bowman, who d. Jan. 13, 1859; no issue. 5. Claudius, b. June 30, 1827; d. at Chatham, Jan. 27, 1860, and had: 1. Clarence Eugene, b. July 30, 1856; resides at Battle Creek, Michigan. 6. Charlotte. 7. Orpah, b. July 29, 1832, d. unm.

Solomon and his wife Deborah Brown also

had: 2. Titus S., b. at Chatham, N. Y., Jan. 9, 1790; d. Apr. 11, 1862; m. Dec. 11, 1813, Hannah Brockway, of Columbia co., who was born Mch. 12, 1794; d. 1881, and had: 1. Horace, b. 1814. 2. Lester A., b. 1816, removed to Lucerne, Minn. 3. Sylvester, b. 1816; d. at Toch, Wis., Dec. 4, 1890. 4. Elias B., b. 1818; d. at Lyons, Wayne co., N. Y., May 24, 1880. 5. Mary Ann, b. 1820. 6. Warren, b. in Chatham, Col. co., Sept. 19, 1821; lived at Amenia, N. Y., and had: 1. Alvah, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. 7. Deborah J., b. 1823. 8. Laura, b. 1824. 9. Isaac B., b. 1824. 10. Julianna, b. 1828. 11. Freeman, b. Apr. 16, 1831; lives in Albany, Vermont. 12. Alida, b. 1833.

Solomon Reynolds, ninth child of David Reynolds, had by his wife, Deborah Brown: 3. Joseph S., b. Feb. 12, 1794; d. Oct. 11, 1842; m. Delia Brown, and had: 1. Constance. 2. Catherine. 3. Deborah. 4. John. Solomon Reynolds also had: 4. James, b. July 11, 1796; d. at Chatham, N. Y., Jan. 9, 1864, m. Sarah Irish. 5. Jonathan, b. Mch. 1, 1799; d. March 22, 1858; m. Nancy Green, and had: 1. Henry, d. at Rayville, 1893, who had: 1. Lavinia, m. Rensselaer Palmer, and d. in 1894. 2. Maria, m. 1858, Emeritt Gillett, and resides at Rochester, Indiana; Solomon also had: 6. Enos, b. May 18, 1807; d. Sept. 3, 1868; m. Caroline Bristol. 7. Eunice, b. Dec. 27, 1808; d. Feb. 1, 1872; m. Abram Doughty, of Nassau, Rensselaer co., N. Y. 8. Amy, b. Dec. 16, 1791; d. May 12, 1844; m. David M. Reynolds. 9. Annis, b. Mch. 1st, 1809; d. June 1, 1886. 10. Allen, b. Dec. 18, 1810; d. Oct. 20, 1835.

David Reynolds, who was born Nov. 24, 1745, and who mar. Lois Finch, had also: 10. Mary, who m. Job Thompson. 11. Lois, who m. first Francis Barnard; lived at Clarks-ville, Otsego Co., N. Y., and second James Wilbur.

Nehemiah, sixth child of Joseph, the son of Jonathan, the son of John the emigrant, had in addition to 1. Nehemiah: 2. Mary. 3. David, previously mentioned. 4. Rosanna, b. 1750; d. June 8, 1833; m. Jabez Finch, and had nine children; also 5. Amos, b. June 10, 1759; m. Elizabeth Mosher, lived at Chatham. They settled at Galway, Saratoga co., N. Y., and had: 1. David, lived at Galway. 2. Samuel, lived in Saratoga co. 3. Judith, m. John Allen. 4. Phebe, no issue. He also had: 6. Abigail, b. Nov. 21, 1747; m. John Bishop, and lived at Granville, N. Y. 7. Anna, b. Oct. 30, 1754, m. Stephen Howland, lived at Galway, Saratoga co., N. Y. 8. Rebecca, m. Noah Ashley and had ten children.

7. Isaac, Joseph, Jonathan, John.

Joseph had in addition to: 1. Joseph; 2. Abigail; 3. Samuel; 4. Benjamin; 5. John; and 6. Nehemiah, whose descendants have already been given; a seventh child, Isaac, b. June 15, 1711, at Greenwich, and removed to Crum Elbow, N. Y.

8. Reuben—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

He also had an eighth child, Reuben, b. Dec. 4, 1713, at Greenwich. He d. in 1765. He m. Mch. 19, 1734, Elizabeth Mead, who was b. Apr. 5, 1709. He left a will executed Aug. 1st, 1765, proved at Stamford, Oct. 31, 1765; his widow survived him. The following are his descendants: 1. Reuben, b. Mch. 14, 1735; m. Hepzibah —, and had: 1. Andrew, b. Mch. 1764, who m. Sarah Cleveland and had the following children: 1. Isaac; 2. Hosea, m. Elizabeth Fuller; 3. Henry; 4. Sally; 5. Andrew; 6. Hepzibah; 7. Lucy; 8. Amy; 9. Patty; 10. John; 11. Charles.

8. Reuben and his wife, Elizabeth Mead, had also: 2. Titus, b. about 1736; lived at North Salem, Westchester co., N. Y., m. Sarah —, who was b. in 1741, and d. 1833. He d. in 1808, and had: 1. Benjamin, b. 1770; d. 1850; and had: 1. Mary, b. 1812; d. 1876; m. — Lobdell, and lived at North Salem, Westchester county, N. Y. 2. Samuel, lived at North Salem, Westchester co., N. Y., and had: 1. Frank S.

Reuben and his wife, Elizabeth, had also: 3. Moses, b. about 1739; 4. Elizabeth, b. about 1741; m. Chas. Howe; 5. Joel, b. 1743; removed to Albany county, N. Y. 6. Bethania, b. about 1745; 7. Jonah, b. about 1747, and:

8. David, b. June 6, 1753. He lived during the Revolution in Westchester co., and Gen. Washington and Gen. Lafayette stayed in his house several times. His house was fired by the British on three occasions. He d. Aug. 30, 1827, at Scotchtown, Orange county, N. Y. He m. Margaret Crisey, July 12, 1787; she was b. Nov. 7, 1863, in Westchester, and d. Aug. 12, 1858, at Lake Sheldrake, Sullivan co., N. Y., and had: 1. Andrew Reynolds, b. May 26, 1792; d. May 11, 1876. He m. Oct. 20, 1813, Katrina Van Bencheton, and had: 1. James Van Bencheton, b. Dec. 4, 1816; d. Sept. 13, 1867, at Fallsburg, Sullivan co., N. Y. He m. Hannah Knapp, Oct. 25, 1840, and had: 1. Elmer E., who m. Nannie E. Howe, and lives at Oneida, N. Y.

Reuben and his wife, Elizabeth Mead, had, in addition to the above: 9. Mary, b. about 1752; 10. Hannah, b. about 1754, m. in 1786, Israel Wood, of South Salem, N. Y. 11. Martha, b. about 1757.

9. Elizabeth—Joseph—Jonathan—John.

Joseph, sixth child of Jonathan, the second child of the emigrant John, had: 9. Eliza-

beth, b. Aug. 1, 1717; m. Richard Everitt, of Norwalk, Conn.; they sold to Joseph Reynolds, her brother, Dec., 1742, their interest in the estate of her father, Mr. Joseph Reynolds, and all claim on the estate of her "Uncle Deacon John Reynolds, late of Greenwich, deceased."

7. Ebenezer—Jonathan—John.

Besides the above mentioned children, Jonathan, the second child of the emigrant, had a posthumous child, b. 1673-74, who was his seventh child, named Ebenezer. He was provided for by a gift of land from his brother, Jonathan, which is recorded on page 65 of vol. III, of the Greenwich deeds.

This Ebenezer, seventh child of Jonathan, the son of the emigrant John, was married to Abigail, dau. of Ebenezer Smith, and d. in 1749. He had the following children: 1. Deborah, b. Feb. 3, 1705, who m. Robert Peck; 2. Ebenezer, b. Mch. 6, 1707, who had: 1. Ebenezer, b. Oct. 23, 1731; d. unm., in 1761; 3. Lydia, b. Mch. 1, 1709-10; 4. Sarah, b. 1711; m. Peter Peck; 5. Abigail, b. 1713; m. William Johnson.

6. Nathaniel—Ebenezer—Jonathan—John.

6. Nathaniel, b. Jan. 27, 1715, m. Nov. 8, 1743, Sarah, dau. of Nathan Lockwood, and had: 1. Nathaniel, b. Sept. 7, 1745, m. —, Jan. 23, 1772, and 2. Apr. 2, 1787, to Deborah, dau. of Benjamin Heusted and Sarah Newman. He died June 6, 1822, and had by his first wife: 1. Nathaniel, b. 1773; 2. Zadoc, b. 1775; 3. Rebecca, b. 1777; by his second wife he had: 4. Ard, b. Mch. 20, 1781; m. Dec. 13, 1810, Anna Eliza Doell, who d. Feb. 25, 1858; he d. Apr. 26, 1857, and had: 1. Elizabeth P.; 2. Sally D.; 3. Benjamin H., d. young; 4. Ann Eliza, d. unm.; 5. John G., b. Mch. 25, 1821; 6. Harriet E.; 7. Julia H., m. to Seneca Howland; 8. Maria.

Nathaniel had also by Deborah Heusted: 5. Harriet; 6. Benjamin; 7. Heusted.

Nathaniel, who was b. Jan. 27, 1715, had by Sarah Lockwood, his wife: 2. Ezekiel, b. Oct. 13, 1747, d. Nov. 24, 1833, m. July 4, 1770, Mary, dau. of Captain Caleb Mead; 3. Abigail, b. Dec. 11, 1749, d. May 27, 1839, m. May 21, 1778, Nathaniel Ingersoll; 4. Benjamin, who was killed in the Revolution, unm.; 5. Phebe, b. Apr. 26, 1757; d. unm., June 19, 1829; 6. James, b. May 8, 1759; d. Mch. 2, 1833; m. Oct. 18, 1786; Abigail Knapp, who was born Oct. 4, 1755. They lived at South Salem, N. Y. Their children were baptized in the Church of Christ, Salem, Westchester, N. Y. (see N. Y. Gen & Biog., Vol. xxxiii, p. 38-39). 1. Stephen, b. July 29, 1787; d. Nov. 4, 1856; 2. Ezekiel, b. Aug. 7, 1788; d. Jan. 24, 1881; m. May 7, 1776,

Phebe, dau. of Ezekiel Reynolds; she d. Sept. 21, 1855, and had: 1. Adeline, b. Oct. 20, 1810; m. Erastus Rundle. 2. James, d. young. 3. Wm. T., b. July 18, 1814; d. Jan. 11, 1881; m., Feb. 23, 1836, Mary Ann Halsey. 4. Stephen, b. Dec. 22, 1815; d. unm., in 1841. 5. Elkanah M., b. Sept. 8, 1817; d. Jan. 16, 1892; m. Jan. 31, 1844, Sarah Sackett Wilson, who d. Aug. 27, 1903.

James and his wife, Abigail Knapp, had also: 3. James, b. Sept. 27, 1789; lived at Somers, Westchester co.; his will was probated at White Plains, May 28, 1855; he d. Apr. 29, 1855; and m., Sept. 17, 1820, Sarah —, by whom he had: 1. Wm. Edward. 2. Sarah Louisa. 3. James Richard. 4. Jane Matilda; m. — Randolph.

James and his wife, Abigail Knapp, had also: 4. Josiah, b. Feb. 19, 1791; d. Nov. 24, 1874; m. Dec. 16, 1815. 5. Silas, b. Mch. 12, 1792; d. Mch. 23, 1878; m. Dec. 18, 1824. 6. Ebenezer, b. July 4, 1793; d. July 2nd, 1869; m. Oct. 31, 1815. 7. Enoch, b. Dec. 19, 1794; d. Sept. 9, 1878; m. first, Dec. 15, 1819, Maria Reynolds, dau. of Nathaniel, son of Nathaniel, son of Nathaniel, son of James, son of John, son of John the emigrant; m., second, Sept. 11, 1848, Deborah Ann Finch; by first wife he had: 1. Ann Amelia, b. Nov. 3, 1821. 2. Nathaniel, b. Nov. 2, 1822. 3. James, b. Nov. 8, 1825; d. July 18, 1891; m. Carrie Cole, Sept. 12, 1849. 4. Josiah, b. Oct. 6, 1827; d. Jan. 17, 1846. 5. Alvah, b. May 22, 1831. 6. Hanford, b. Dec. 27, 1833. 7. Catherine, b. July 7, 1836.

James, b. May 8, 1759, had by his wife, Abigail Knapp, in addition to the 1. Stephen: 2. Ezekiel. 3. James. 4. Josiah. 5. Silas. 6. Ebenezer. 7. Enoch, enumerated above. 8. Abigail, b. Mch. 26, 1796; d. Oct. 28, 1858; m. Dec. 16, 1815. 9. Reuben, b. Oct. 10, 1797; d. Feb. 9, 1855; m. Oct. 9, 1823. 10. Rachel, b. Sept. 29, 1800; d. Apr. 1, 1879; m. Aug. 31, 1826. 11. Hanford, b. Jan. 6, 1802; d. June 3, 1858; m. Nov. 12, 1829. 12. Lockwood, b. Oct. 14, 1804; d. Oct. 25, 1881; m. Nov. 25, 1829. 13. Joseph, b. Aug. 26, 1807; d. June 8, 1874; m. Dec. 16, 1835. 14. Sarah, b. Apr. 28, 1809; d. Jan. 15, 1888; m. Nov. 7, 1827. 15. Amanda, b. Feb. 11, 1811; d. Mch. 30, 1861; m. Nov. 11, 1828.

Nathaniel, b. Jan. 27, 1715, had by his wife Sarah Lockwood, in addition to the children enumerated above: 7. Sarah, b. Feb. 8, 1762; d. Aug. 31, 1849. m. Mch. 29, 1784. — Smith. 8. Philemon, b. Feb. 21, 1764; d. July 28, 1835, m. first, Oct. 21, 1787, Hannah, dau. of Caleb Mead, who was born Jan. 6, 1750; d. Feb. 24, 1811, and second Sarah

Holmes, on Feb. 29, 1814, by whom he had no issue. His will is recorded in White Plains, N. Y. He had by Hannah Mead: 1. Amy, b. Sept. 17, 1788, m. Samuel Buddington. 2. Arney, b. Sept. 22, 1790, m. Henry Close, Sept. 29, 1812, and d. Apr. 9, 1870. 3. Hiram, b. Dec. 14, 1792. 4. Hannah M., b. Feb. 2, 1795, m. Amos Searles. 5. Theresa M., b. Oct. 10, 1797, m. George Miller. 6. Warren, b. Feb. 18, 1800. 7. Rachel, b. June 11, 1802, m. James Scofield.

Nathaniel, b. Jan. 27, 1715, by his wife Sarah Lockwood, in addition to the above: 9. Ebenezer, d. unm. 10. Deborah, b. May 13, 1766, m. Uriah Lockwood. 11. Lockwood, b. Mch. 20, 1768, d. June 7, 1827.

Ebenezer, seventh child of Jonathan, the second child of John the emigrant, had in addition to the children enumerated above: 7. Enos, b. about 1717. 8. Timothy, b. about 1719, d. 1781, served in the French and Indian war; his widow, Anna, survived him and was appointed administratrix of his children, all infants: 1. Jeremiah. 2. George. 3. Asa. 4. Abel. 5. Jared, d. 1822, without issue. 6. Timothy, d. 1816, had: 1. Samuel H. 7. Elijah. 8. Abigail. 9. Anna.

Ebenezer, the posthumous son of Jonathan, the second son of John the emigrant, had also: 9. Rebecca, who m. Samuel Bursham. 10. Eliphalet, b. about 1722, settled at Nine Partners, Dutchess co., N. Y.

The above dates, which have been obtained from the original records, do not agree as far as the day of the month is concerned with the genealogy of the children of Ebenezer, which dates are probably the dates of baptism.

The above completes the descendants of Jonathan, the second child of the emigrant John, as far as they have been ascertained.

JOHN REYNOLDS, (SECOND) SON OF JOHN THE EMIGRANT.

The first entry on the first page of the first book of deeds in Greenwich, February 1, 1663, records the purchase from Angell Heusted of sixteen acres of land on the west side of the Myanos river, by John Ronalds, of Greenwich. This purchase was augmented by five pieces of land which Jonathan Ronalds had purchased of Richard Vowles, December 15, 1665, and transferred on the same day to his "brother John Ronalds."

On October 24, 1666, John was made free-man of Greenwich.

On July 18, 1670, William Grimes left all his "lands to ye disposal of Joseph Mead, John Renals and Eliphalet Jones to be disposed of by them in such a waye as they shall judge meet for ye enlarging of ye town

of Greenwich by accomodating such inhabitant or inhabitants as shall be admitted into ye town in an orderly way, provided they bee such men as ye afore sd Mead, Renols & Jones shall bee desirable for ye promoting of church & commonwealth." This William Grimes had on January 7, 1666, been fined for swearing and Jonathan Renolds had gone from Greenwich to Stamford to appear against him. It was not until March 7, 1694, that it was decided to dispose of the land "for ye use of a ministrie and if no ministrie be in ye place ye profit of sd land and meadow shall go to helpe maintain such as shall be employed in teaching children to reade."

In 1669 John was appointed one of a committee of five to purchase from the few remaining Indians living about the west end of the town, the Horseneck tract three miles to the west of "Old Greenwich," from which it was separated by the Myanos river. The original settlers remained for the most part in the homelots at Old Greenwich and Horseneck, now Greenwich, was largely settled by their children, who styled themselves as the "27 Proprietors of 1672." Among these Jonathan Reynolds ranked second and his brother John was the twenty-second among the proprietors.

By the Greenwich inventory of 1688 it appears that the number of "Inhabitants" had increased to fifty, among whom was John Reynolds, who was the wealthiest man. It would appear that his homelot adjoined the Church of the Second Society, for on November 28, 1694, he was appointed "to supervise the building of a meeting house which is next his own house." His name constantly appears in the Greenwich Records up to the time of his death. John was appointed justice of the peace for Fairfield county, February 24, 1687, and King's Commissioner, 1690-97.

His will, recorded in Fairfield, Connecticut, dated April 21, 1699, and a codicil dated November 8, 1701, mentions his wife, Judah, and children John, Judah (or Judith), James, Mary, Jonathan, Joshua and David. At the time of his death in 1701 he was the wealthiest "Inhabitant" of Greenwich. The widow was appointed administratrix and the inventory was taken prior to December 17, 1701, when it was filed. The three distributors were all of Stamford. Joshua, the son of the deceased, chose his brother, John Reynolds, as guardian, while David chose Joseph Knapp as guardian. To James was given land next to Gearsham Lockwood. Joshua received land next to Ino. Heusted, and David land next to Joseph Ferris and Ephraim Palmer. The widow, his son John, and son-in-law Samuel Betts, were ap-

pointed overseers. The daughter, Mary, had already received her portion.

The town tax list of Greenwich in 1701-02 contains the following of the name:

Mr. John Renalls, 93 pounds; Sargent Jonathan Renalls, 22 pounds; Joseph, Jr., 52 pounds; Jonathan, Jr., 27 pounds; John, Jr., 72 pounds; Ebenezer, 44 pounds; James, 46 pounds; John, Sr., 71 pounds.

On February 4, 1701-02, the town made another distribution of land; eighteen acres were allotted to "Mr. Renalls deceased." He was the largest landholder in Greenwich at the time of his death, and this land was distributed among his sons, who, in 1706, sold to one another the various portions which their "honored father, Mr. John Renalls deceased" had obtained from the many distributions of town land, with the evident intention of concentrating their individual holdings.

Judah, the wife of John, was probably the daughter of John Palmer, one of the early settlers of Greenwich. In the settlement of his estate recorded at Fairfield, Connecticut, the heirs of Judah Reynolds appear with William, Ephraim, James and Joseph Palmer. John Palmer is stated to have "died many years ago." This bears the entry "due August, 1716," an addition was made to the inventory on April 17, 1778.

Her mother's name was Judah, who was married after the death of John Palmer to Jeffery Ferris, one of the two purchasers of Greenwich Point, July 18, 1640, whose will, executed January 6, 1664, recorded in Fairfield, mentions his wife, "Judy," who was his third wife. She receipted for her dower May 6, 1667, as "Judah Bowers, lately widow Ferris, sometime wife to Jeffery Ferris." Ferris left ten pounds apiece to the four "boies" of his wife, evidently the William, Ephraim, James and Joseph Palmer above mentioned.

This is still further confirmed by the will of Ephraim Palmer above mentioned, who died August 19, 1684, and whose will is filed at Fairfield in book 1675-1680, page 140. The inventory was taken by John Reynolds: John Bowers was the administrator, and mentions his daughter Judith, aged 11 years. If the above relationship is correct, John Reynolds would have been the brother-in-law of Ephraim Palmer. John Bowers would have been his stepfather, and his daughter, Judith, born in 1673, would have been named for his sister Judith, wife of John Reynolds, or for his mother.

The will of John Bowers, of Greenwich, drawn March 16, 1693-94, gives property "that was her mother's to his daughter-in-law,

Mrs. Judah Reynolds," and again speaks of his "daughter Juda Reynolds and son Mr. John Ronalds."

In Colonial times the stepchildren were received into the family and referred to as sons and daughters, thus in a deed dated April 8, 1675, and recorded at Greenwich in Vol. A., p. 64, John Bowers gives land bounded by that of John Renalds to his son "Ephraim Palmer."

Judah, the wife of "Mr. John Ronalds," had her first child as early as 1670. As Susanna Lockwood, the second wife of Jeffery Ferris, did not die until December 23, 1660, she could not have been a daughter of Jeffery Ferris by his third marriage. Since Jeffery Ferris did not die until May 31, 1666, it is still less possible that she could have been a daughter of John Bowers. We are forced, therefore, to conclude that Judah Reynolds was the daughter of Judah by a marriage previous to that to Jeffery Ferris, and the Palmer records above quoted make us consider the conclusion warranted that her father was John Palmer.

John Bowers married, after the death of Judah, Hannah Knapp, widow of Joshua Knapp, the parents of Ruth, born 1667, who married John Reynolds, son of Jonathan, and of Joseph Knapp, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan Reynolds.

John Reynolds and his wife, Judah Palmer, had the following children:

1. John, born about 1670. 2. Judith, born about 1672. 3. James, born 1674. 4. Mary. 5. Jonathan, 1682. 6. Joshua, born about 1686, and 7. David, born about 1689.

1. John—John—John.

1. John was known as "The Cooper," and was born about 1670. He received from his father in 1695 his house and homelot at Horseneck. He died in December, 1732, and left a will in which he appointed his brother James and his son-in-law, Samuel Mills, as his executors. He left the following children: 1. Peter, born about 1695. 2. Judith, b. about 1697. 3. David, b. about 1699. 4. Lydia and 5. Ruth.

1. Peter—John—John—John.

1. Peter, the eldest son, was b. about 1695, and d. in 1743. He m., Jan. 14, 1718, Sarah Knapp, who survived him. Their children were the following: 1. Peter, b. Dec. 14, 1719. 2. Sarah, b. Aug. 19, 1721. 3. Hannah, b. Sept. 6, 1723. 4. John, b. Aug. 16, 1725. 5. Lydia, b. Mch. 6, 1727, who m. a Ferris. 6. Elizabeth, b. Dec. 14, 1729. 7. Judith, b. July 29, 1732.

2. Judith—John—John—John.

2. Judith, the second child of John, "The

Cooper," was b. about 1697, and m. Samuel Mills.

3. David—John—John—John.

3. David was b. about 1699, and d. in 1750. Letters of administration recorded at White Plains, June 3, 1751. He m. Lydia, a dau. of Caleb Knapp. He had three children who are known: 1. David, who was born about 1730. 2. Penelope, who was b. about 1732. 3. James Reynolds, b. 1738, m. Judith —, b. 1743. He lived in New Rochelle, and was elected constable and collector, Dec. 22, 1783. They had: 1. David, b. 1761. 2. Mary, b. 1763. 3. Samuel, born 1766. 4. Penelope, b. 1769. 5. Peter, b. 1772. 6. Joshua, b. 1775. 7. Enos, b. 1778. 8. Nathan, b. 1785. 9. Elizabeth, b. 1786.

7. Enos, b. 1778; married Hannah Love, and had: 1. Mary, b. 1801, m. Job Tripp. 2. James, b. 1803, m. Harriet Boyden. 3. Sophia, b. 1804. 4. Sidney, b. 1806, m. Juliana Brewster. 5. Ira, b. 1807. 6. Francis, b. 1811. 7. Eliza, b. 1813. 8. Vincent, b. 1815. 9. Milton, b. 1817. 10. Lawson, b. 1820.

Nothing is known of the descendants of 4. Lydia, the fourth child of John, "The Cooper," but 5. Ruth, the fifth child, who was born in 1702, m. Nov. 19, 1729, John Reynolds, the son of Joseph, who was the son of Jonathan, the son of the emigrant John, and had: 1. Ruth, b. Sept. 28, 1730, and 2. John, b. Nov. 7, 1732.

2. Judith—John—John.

Judith was born about 1672, and married Samuel Betts, of Norwalk, Dec. 10th, 1692, and had the following children: 1. Mary, b. Sept. 10, 1693. 2. Samuel, b. Oct. 28, 1695. 3. Stephen, b. Aug. 1, 1698. 4. Nathan, b. Nov. 5, 1700. 5. Hepzibah, b. Oct. 29, 1703. 6. Judith, b. Oct. 25, 1714.

The descendants of James, the son of John, are given hereinafter.

Nothing is known of the descendants of Mary, the fourth child.

5. Jonathan—John—John.

The fifth child, Jonathan, b. about 1682, was made an inhabitant of Greenwich, May 3, 1704, and d. in 1708. He m. Mary Mead, of Greenwich, and had one child, Hezekiah, who was born about 1707, and d. in 1756, and m. in 1734, Sarah, dau. of Joseph Webb, and had the following children: 1. Hezekiah, b. May 22, 1738. 2. Jonathan, b. Feb. 28, 1739-40. 3. Joseph, b. Nov. 19, 1741. 4. David, b. Mch. 25, 1743-44. 5. Israel, b. May 11, 1746. 6. Sarah, b. Oct. 4, 1749.

6. Joshua—John—John.

Joshua was born about 1686, and was a member of the Connecticut legislature. He left the following children: 1. John, b. about

1712. 2. Daniel, b. about 1714. 3. Caleb, b. about 1717, and d. Mary, b. Apr. 28, 1723.

1. John—Joshua—John—John.

1. John (b. about 1712), m. Feb. 16, 1740, Johannah Winans, by whom he had: 1. Elizabeth, b. Apr. 5, 1742. 2. Joshua, b. Nov. 30, 1743. 3. Sarah, b. Apr. 15, 1746. 4. Gerardus, b. Oct. 17, 1748. 5. John, b. Oct. 29, 1750. 6. Joanna, b. Dec. 11, 1753. 7. Jacob, b. May 23, 1756, and 8. Alpheius, b. May 11, 1760.

The seventh child, Jacob, was born May 23, 1756, and removed to Westerlo, Albany co., N. Y., where he organized a church in 1804. He died in 1828, and had by his wife, Martha Winans: 1. Alphius. 2. James. 3. John. 4. Ira. The latter was b. in 1794, and d. in 1844, and in 1814, m. Maria Snyder Westerlo, by whom he had: Jacob Ira, b. in 1815, d. 1870, who m. in 1840, Amelia Disbrow, of Westerlo, by whom he had David H., the father of Hoffman Kissam Reynolds, of New York City.

2. Daniel—Joshua—John—John.

Daniel, the second son of Joshua, was b. about 1714, at Greenwich, and removed to Courtlandt Manor, Westchester, N. Y. He died in 1803 and had: 1. Samuel, whose descendants are unknown. 2. Daniel, who was b. Nov. 9, 1768, d. June 2, 1831, and was buried at Old Greenwich, Conn.; he m. Oct. 3, 1790, Sarah Heusted, who was b. Apr. 13, 1766, and d. Nov. 3, 1848. They had: 1. John H., b. July 23, 1791, at Greenwich, and removed to Courtlandt Manor. 2. Shubal. 3. Isaac. 4. Hannah, and 5. Anna.

3. Caleb—Joshua—John—John.

Caleb, the third son of Joshua, was b. about 1717, and d. in 1765, leaving a son: 1. Caleb, who was b. about 1739, and was m. to Hannah Brown, a granddaughter of James Winans. He removed to Pine Plains, Dutchess co., N. Y., where he had: 1. Abraham. 2. David. 3. Daniel. 4. Nathaniel. 5. Isaac. 6. John. 7. Caleb. 8. Anna. 9. Rhuama. 10. Phebe, and 11. Clara. Caleb, the son of Joshua, had besides the above: 2. Anna, b. about 1741. 3. Mercy, b. about 1743, who m. a Carpenter. 4. Joseph, b. about 1745. 5. Eunice, b. about 1747. 6. David, b. about 1749, d. unm. in 1770. 7. Mary, b. about 1755, and d. young.

Nothing is known concerning the fourth child of Joshua, i. e., Mary, excepting that her birth is given in the Greenwich records as April 8, 1723.

7. David—John—John.

The seventh child of John, the son of the emigrant John, was David, born about 1689. In October, 1720, he was appointed ensign of the East Company, and in May, 1729, was

created a lieutenant of the Connecticut Regulars. He died in 1749. He m., Nov. 24, 1720, at the Second Society of Greenwich, Abigail, daughter of Joseph Reynolds, who was the son of Jonathan, the son of John the emigrant. His widow survived him, and was granted permission by the General Assembly, held in Hartford, May 1st, 1751, to sell enough of his land to pay 598 pounds, which was the amount of his debts. The tax books of Greenwich show that his estate for the times was a very large one. He had the following children: 1. David, b. Sept. 19, 1722, d. unm., Oct. 12, 1745. 2. Abigail, b. Mch. 9, 1724, m. Mch. 26, 1756, William Blake. 3. Jemima, b. July 27, 1726, m. James Mead. 4. Benjamin, b. Nov. 27, 1728, d. before 1753, m. Susanna —; no issue. 5. Abraham, b. Sept. 19, 1731. 6. Elizabeth, b. Oct. 1, 1733. 7. Deborah, b. Feb. 24, 1734-5, removed to Norwalk, Connecticut, prior to 1758, and probably married a Reynolds. 8. Sarah, b. Aug. 7, 1740, m. Jonas Weed, of Stamford, Connecticut.

James—John—John.

3. James Reynolds, son of John and his wife Judah, was born in Greenwich, in 1674, and on May 10, 1697, together with several others of "ye young men belonging to the towne," received an allotment of a homelot at Horseneck (three acres at Horseneck and ten between the Two Brothers' Brooks).

Up to 1703 all town meetings had been held at Greenwich Old Towne, but in that year it was determined to hold half of them at Horseneck, which was rapidly outgrowing in importance the older settlement, and James was one of those who signed the petition to the General Assembly. In 1705 the town was divided into two societies, and he was appointed selectman (Dec. 31, 1705) to the Second Society on "ye West sd. of Myanos River."

In the Common Place Book at Greenwich is the entry: "Nov. 1, 1706. Recorded unto James Renals his ear mark which is a cross upon ye top ye neer ear and two half pennies under ye side of ye same ear."

James was elected lieutenant of the train band, May 14, 1719, and captain May 9, 1728. He was the deputy from Greenwich to the General Assembly, 1721-24, and 1727-38, and justice of the peace of Fairfield county, 1735-1741. Beginning with 1723 he was for many years the moderator of the Second Society. The last record of him in the books of the Society is dated December 7, 1750.

That James Reynolds was a very large land holder is made apparent from the many deeds recorded in Greenwich. As early as April 21, 1706, he obtained by grant of the town eight

acres at Clap-board-tree-ridge, a hill lying about a mile and a half back of Greenwich. This was increased by purchase from his brother John, December 2, 1712, and other grants November, 1707 and 1712, until he owned a large tract.

On March 14, 1710, he sold to Edward Avery "a piece of ground in Horseneck, my homelot of 14 acres with present dwelling, house barn and orchard bounded on the east by a highway, southerly and westerly by ye highway and northerly by ye land of Ebenezer Mead and common land."

There was recorded at White Plains, December 13, 1745, the deed from James Reynolds and three co-partners of a very large tract of land in Westchester county, held "by virtue of patent granted in 1701 and called the East Patent."

On May 10, 1736, he deeded his "well beloved and dutiful son Gideon Reynolds" a very large tract of land on Clap-board-tree-ridge, and augmented it with another granted February 21st, 1743. On April 29, 1738, he deeded part of his "homelot in Greenwich to his loving and dutiful son Justus." On September 24, 1748, he gave his son Jeremiah fifty acres. On February 17, 1748-49, he gave his son, James Jr., his house and orchard on Clap-board-tree-ridge. This house, a large gambrel structure surrounded by enormous box trees, was still standing in 1897, and was owned by the descendants of Gideon Reynolds. On March 4, 1752, he deeded his lands on the Indian Fields to his sons James Jr. and Gideon, both of Greenwich. On March 24, 1752, he gave his lands at North Castle to his son James Jr.

From the distribution of his property it is apparent that he intended moving from Greenwich to New York state, where he was probably interested in the Nine Partners Patent. He figures in the Greenwich tax lists as late as 1761, and in deeds describes himself as of Greenwich in 1750-61-62.

Nevertheless, his granddaughter Anna Palmer, daughter of Nathaniel Reynolds, deeded, October 1, 1760, land on Clap-board-tree-ridge, "in said Greenwich, which was given to her by her honored grandfather James Reynolds formerly of said Greenwich but now of Dutchess in the Province of New York." (Greenwich Deeds, vol. VIII.)

James, in a deed dated August, 1761, describes himself as of Peekskill, in the county of Westchester. James died February 14, 1767, at Amenia, Dutchess county, N. Y., and was buried in the Amenia City (Smithfield) graveyard, where his stone still exists. Family tradition states that he was visiting

his son James, who is also buried there. A letter written in 1848 states that "he was large and made a fine appearance."

From a deed signed December 22, 1731, by Captain James Reynolds and his wife Sarah, it appears that she was the daughter of Mary Hobby, who married, November 18, 1686 (Stamford Records, p. 118), Stephen Holmes (b. Jan. 14, 1664-65, at Stamford, d. May 15, 1710, Greenwich). The deed (Greenwich, vol. A, p. 131) covers "part of lot or right of land that was given by John Hobby of Greenwich, deceased, unto his daughter Mary and her children, and I, Sarah Renyalls, am one of the children of ye said Mary Holmes." The said land was granted to her by her honored father John Hobby "Dec. 22, Anno Domini, 1731." The latter was on the voters' list of Greenwich as early as 1658, and the inventory of his estate, April 24, 1707, mentions "dau. Mary Holmes, wife of Stephen Holmes." John Hobby was the son of John Hobby, one of the seven original proprietors of Greenwich (1664).

Stephen Holmes, b. Jan. 14, 1664-5, in Stamford (Stamford Records, p. 76), d. May 15, 1710, in Greenwich (Stamford Records, p. 143), was the son of John Holmes, b. 1635, d. July 6, 1703 (Stamford Records, p. 113), and Rachel Waterbury, who removed to Bedford, Westchester county, N. Y., in 1680. They were married at Stamford, Dec. 3, 1659 (Stamford Records, p. 76). Rachel Waterbury was the daughter of John Waterbury, who died at Stamford 3-15-1658 (Stamford Records, p. 20). John Holmes receipted on behalf of his wife "Rachel out of ye estate of her deceased father John Waterbury 10-12m-1668" (Stamford Records, p. 68).

The Common Place Book at Greenwich gives the births of four of James' children: "Sarah Renalds ye daughter of James Renals was born (?) 25, 1698. James Renalds son of James Renals b. July 6, 1700. Nathaniel Renals son of James, b. Feb. 20, 1702-3. Mary Renals, dau. of James b. Feb. 9, 1704-5. That he was the father of Gideon, Justus and Jeremiah, appears from the deeds of gifts already quoted.

James had the following children, though whether they were all by Sarah Holmes is not known: 1. Sarah, b. 1698, subsequent history unknown.

2. James—James—John—John.

3. James, b. July 6, 1700, d. June 2, 1773, buried at Amenia City (Smithfield), Dutchess county, N. Y., m. at Greenwich, May 24, 1731, Phebe Fowler, and had the following children, all born in Greenwich: 1. Mary, b. June 30, 1732, 2. Phebe, b. June 27, 1734,

3. Sarah, b. Sept. 5, 1736, 4. Rebecca, b. Oct. 27, 1738, 5. Jemima, b. Feb. 9, 1741, 6. Hepzibah, b. Sept. 18, 1744, 7. James, b. Jan. 5, 1746, was in the war of revolution in the Connecticut forces, 8. Justus, b. Apr. 2, 1748, was in war of revolution in Connecticut forces, d. and buried at Amenia, N. Y., 9. William, b. Jan. 18, 1751, m. Rhoda, d. Nov. 24, 1813, and was buried at Amenia City, N. Y., and had: 1. Justus, d. 1793 at Amenia, N. Y., and probably others, 10. Sophia, b. Sept. 25, 1754, 11. Dorcas, b. Sept. 9, 1756.

The descendants of Nathaniel, the third child of James, son of John, the son of John the emigrant, will be given hereinafter.

4. Mary, b. Feb. 9, 1744-5, entry of her birth the only record.

5. Gideon, James, John, John.

Gideon, the fifth child of James, the son of John, the son of John the emigrant was born in 1706, was a member of the Connecticut legislature, and married Bethia —. He d. in 1760, leaving a will dated Oct. 23, 1765, proved at Stamford, Mch. 7, 1769. His widow survived him. He had: 1. Gideon, b. about 1732, m. Hannah Rundle, he d. in 1772, leaving a will dated Feb. 18, 1772, proved May 5, 1772, at Stamford. His widow survived him; they had: 1. Hannah, b. 1758, m. at Greenwich, Feb. 8, 1776, Shubal Rundle. 2. Tamar, b. 1760, m. at Greenwich, Nov. 14, 1787, Thomas Peck. 3. Gideon, b. in 1763, d. unm. 1792, leaving a will proved Feb. 7, 1792, at Stamford, devising his estate to his brothers. 4. Oliver, b. about 1765. 5. Abraham, b. about 1769.

Horton, the second son of Gideon, the son of James, b. about 1734, was a sargeant in the Revolutionary army, wounded in the battle of White Plains. Admitted to the Second Society of Greenwich, June 8, 1774, died leaving will executed Aug. 23, 1796, proved at Stamford, May 2, 1797. He m. Lydia, dau. of Caleb Knapp and Clemence Mills, who survived him and had: 1. Horton, d. before 1815, his widow Abigail survived him and afterwards m. Shadrach Mead, who was administrator of his estate. At the time of his death his children were infants, i. e.: 1. James H. 2. Abigail J. 3. Emeline. 4. John J.

Horton and Lydia Knapp also had: 2. Charity, m. Benoni Platt. 3. Mary, m. Caleb Purdy. 4. Lydia, m. Elisha Belcher. 5. Bethia, m. Feb. 19, 1789, Nathaniel Sackett. 6. Rachel, m. — Sanford. 7. Anna, m. Feb. 25, 1790, David Hobby. 8. Ruth, m. Ebenezer Knapp.

Gideon, fifth child of James, the son of John, the son of John the emigrant, had a third child, Sylvanus, b. about 1730, m. in the

Second Society of Greenwich, May 7, 1776, Mary Mead. In his will dated Aug. 27, 1819, proved at White Plains, Nov. 1, 1820, describes himself as of Bedford, Westchester county, N. Y. He had: 1. Mary, m. James Platt. 2. Gideon. 3. Sylvanus. 4. Tyler. 5. Jesse. 6. Elizabeth. 7. Theodosia. 8. Bethia, who m. Caleb Reynolds.

Gideon, son of James, had a fourth child, William, b. about 1738, m. Polly Knapp; he was of Poundridge, Westchester county, 1784, and of South Salem, where he died in 1809. His will executed Feb. 4, 1809, was proved at White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 14, 1809. He had: 1. William. 2. Clemence, who m. Thomas Hitchcock, Feb. 26, 1784, and had: 1. John. 2. Sarah. 3. Polly. 4. Thirza. 5. William, and also 3. Sarah, who m. — Ames. 4. Mary, who m. — Hobby, and 5. Gideon, who was b. about 1778, m. Dec. 27, 1804, to Betsy Reynolds, dau. of Nathaniel, son of Nathaniel, son of Nathaniel, son of James, son of John, son of John the emigrant, and (second) Apr. 15, 1831, Theodosia Smith, and (third) widow Hannah Smith. He was of Cross River, then of Lewisboro, Westchester county, but was of Greenwich, Connecticut, when he made his will May 8, 1847. He had the following children: 1. William K., b. June 2, 1805, m. Nancy Heusted, 2. Jane, b. Sept. 3, 1807, m. — Brooks, 3. Gideon, b. Jan. 13, 1817, m. 2. Eliza Rich, 4. Mary E., b. Feb. 13, 1815, m. Alsop Lockwood, 5. Sarah Ann, b. Sept. 23, 1815, m. Joseph Todd, 6. Elizabeth, b. Dec. 31, 1820, m. Silas Todd, 7. Silas H., b. Jan. 1, 1823, m. Julie Wood, 8. Nathaniel, 9. Caroline, who m. Harvey Avery, 10. De Witt Clinton, b. June 2, 1828, m. Johannah Silkman, and had: 1. DeWitt Clinton, b. Oct. 5, 1859, 2. William Silkman, b. May 18, 1861, 3. Cecil Keeler, b. Oct. 17, 1862, 4. Lisette Belle, b. July 2, 1864, 5. Delilah Hanson, b. July 24, 1866, 6. Ilda Gertie, b. March 23, 1869, 7. Catherine Cornelia, b. Feb. 18, 1870, 8. Emily Johanna, b. June 22, 1872, 9. Denton DeWitt, b. Feb. 16, 1875, 10. Gideon Wright, b. Apr. 11, 1877, 11. Clarence Irving, b. Apr. 29, 1879, 12. Edith Amelia, b. Jan. 16, 1882, 13. Ethel Amrenia, b. Jan. 16, 1882, 14. Leila Leah, b. Dec. 19, 1884.

Gideon had by his second wife, Theodosia Smith, an eleventh child, Emeline, b. Jan. 31, 1832, who m. (first) John Wills, and (second) John Jennings.

Gideon, fifth child of James, the son of John, the son of John the emigrant, had a fifth child, Bethia, b. about 1740, m. Odell Close, prior to 1765, and 6. Gilbert, b. about 1742, 7. Mary, b. about 1744, 8. Abijah, b. about 1748, 9. Ruth, b. about 1749, 10. Ambrose, b.

about 1750, a soldier in the Revolutionary war, he m. Ruth Knapp, and his descendants are residing in Greenwich. He had: 1. Sarah, m. — Heusted, 2. Ambrose, b. in 1791, m. Amy Reynolds, and had: 1. Ambrose, who d. unm., 2. Oliver, who d. unm., 3. Sylvanus, who had a son Sylvanus.

Ambrose and his wife Ruth Knapp also had: 3. Joshua, b. 1793, d. Sept. 29, 1866; he m. Rachel Reynolds, she d. Dec. 25, 1843, and had: 1. Wm. Todd, b. June 11, 1824, m. Anna Knapp, and had: 1. Jeanette S., b. Sept. 28, 1867, 2. Mary H., b. July 24, 1859, m. Elbert Mills, 3. Charles A., b. Aug. 3, 1862, m. Francis Holly, 4. Joshua, b. Oct. 7, 1863, 5. Gideon, b. March 26, 1865, 6. Everitt, b. Mch. 8, 1868, m. Anna R. Best, and had, i. Sarah, ii. Frances, 7. Harriet L., b. June 25, 1869, 8. Frank V. R., b. Jan. 10, 1871.

Joshua and his wife Rachel had also: 2. Elthea, 3. Rachel Ann, 4. Abraham, 5. Augustus Norman, b. June 21, 1833, m. Martia A. Mills, and had: 1. Elbert N., b. Jan. 24, 1863, m. Cora E. Graves, and had: 1. Raymond A., b. Nov. 25, 1888, 2. Leonard G., b. May 24, 1891. Augustus Norman also had: 2. Lillie T., b. Jan. 17, 1869, 3. Norman T., b. Dec. 21, 1873, 4. Bethia, b. Oct. 26, 1875.

Joshua and his wife Rachel Reynolds also had children; 6. Edgar, b. Dec. 10, 1835, d. unm.; 7. Mary Louise, b. July 27, 1840, and d. young.

Ambrose, tenth child of Gideon, the son of James, the son of John, the son of John the emigrant, had by his wife, Ruth Knapp, a fourth child, Gideon, who m. Betsy Fountain and had: 1. James, d. unm., 2. Benjamin, also: 5. Mary, d. unm., 6. Bethia, d. unm., 7. Jared, b. in 1798, m. Julia Rundle, and had: 1. Julia, 2. Sydney, m. Esther Purdy, and had: 1. Frank, 2. Frederick W., 3. Olive, and also 3. Edward, who m. Mary E. Hastings and had: 1. Samuel, 2. Herbert, 3. David, 4. Elizabeth, 5. Mary.

Ambrose, son of Gideon, had also an eighth child, Benjamin, who m. Lucinda Mead and had: 1. Julia, 2. Mary, 3. Isaac, and a ninth child Eunice, who died unm.

Gideon, fifth son of James, son of John, son of John the emigrant, had an eleventh child, Jonathan, b. about 1752, of whom we have no records.

6. Justus—James—John—John.

James had a sixth child, Justus, b. 1708, d. 1747, m. Apr. 23, 1737, Elizabeth, dau. of Richard Sackett, and had at Greenwich: 1. Sackett, b. Mch 3, 1738, m. Nov. 21, 1760, Mary, dau. of Benjamin Jones, and had: 1. Justus, b. July 26, 1761, 2. Mary, b. Feb. 1, 1763, 3. Elizabeth, b. Apr. 11, 1765, 4. Han-

nah, b. July 26, 1767, 5. Benjamin, b. Apr. 10, 1770.

Justus and Elizabeth Sackett also had: 2. Elizabeth, b. May 4, 1740, 3. Sarah, b. July 26, 1742, 4. Anna, b. May 24, 1745, 5. Mary, b. Apr. 4, 1748.

7. Jeremiah—James—John—John.

James also had a seventh child, Jeremiah, b. about 1711, m. a dau. of Peter Brown and d. in 1769, he had: 1. David, b. about 1741, and possibly others.

Nathaniel—James—John—John.

3. Nathaniel was born at Greenwich, Feb. 20, 1702-3, where his birth is given in the Common Place Book. While the Greenwich Records of this period make constant mention of a Nathaniel Reynolds, it is not always impossible to determine which refer to him and which to Nathaniel, b. 1715, son of Ebenezer.

He, together with Joshua, Peter and James Jr., petitioned the General Assembly in 1753 to be "set off from the Parish of Stanwich in the South West of which they lived and to be joined to the Parish of Horseneck." He was elected constable for Greenwich, Dec. 27, 1728. The records of the Second Church at Greenwich contain the record of his marriage. "On ye first day of January 1728-9 Nathaniel Reynolds was married to his wife Ruth whose name was Purdy." The Greenwich Common Place Book gives the births of two of his children: "Nathaniel Renalds' children: Dec. 8, 1729, Nathaniel; Jan. 8, 1731, Frances Renyalls."

At a court of probate held in Stamford June 7, 1748, letters of administration were granted on the estate of Nathaniel Reynolds, late of Greenwich, deceased, and Ruth his widow was appointed administratrix. Distribution was made April 7, 1752; after paying debts amounting to 580 pounds there remained for the children 413 pounds and a large amount of real estate. His children are stated to be Nathaniel, Francis, Solomon, Stephen, Ruth, Anna and Hannah.

In Vol. 7, p. 67, of the Greenwich Deeds, is recorded the following: "Know all men that I, James Reynolds, Senior, of Greenwich, in consideration of the love I have for my grandsons, namely, Nathaniel Reynolds, Francis Reynolds, Stephen Reynolds, and Solomon Reynolds, all natural sons to Nathaniel Reynolds, of Greenwich, and also by the love and good will I bear to their natural mother, Ruth Reynolds, widow and relect of the deceased Nathaniel," etc., Feb. 2, 1749-50.

Ruth Purdy belonged to the well known family of Rye, N. Y. Francis Purdy in a deed of 1718 was described as "of Greenwich," as was John Purdy in 1727. As Ruth

was married in Greenwich and had a son Francis, the probability is that she was a daughter of Francis Purdy. Both John and Francis were sons of Joseph Purdy, who appeared at Rye in 1677. He was the son of Francis, who was an early inhabitant of Fairfield, Conn., and died in 1658. The Purdy genealogy in the "History of Rye" is incomplete, and that of Bolton is obviously inaccurate. To determine the line of descent will necessitate a study of the original town records.

Ruth, after the death of Nathaniel, married Jonathan Fiske, of Greenwich. In the distribution of his estate recorded at Stamford, July 21, 1762, mention is made of the use by his widow of one third part of said described lands, being conveyed to said widow by her father-in-law, Mr. James Reynolds, in part, and partly came by her husband, Nathaniel Reynolds, deceased.

Nathaniel had the following descendants: 1. Nathaniel, b. Dec. 8, 1729, removed to Cross River, Westchester co., N. Y. Letters of administration which were granted to his son Nathaniel, Dec. 23, 1805, describe him as a resident of Salem, Westchester county, N. Y. He had: 1. Nathaniel, b. in Cross River, Feb. 22, 1754, m. Oct. 15, 1778, Hannah Todd (the widow Cooley), who was born May 26, 1759, d. Apr. 11, 1846. He was a second lieutenant of the 3rd Regiment of Westchester county militia, commanded by Col. Samuel Drake, and was taken prisoner June 24, 1779, released Oct. 24, 1781.

In his will, drawn December 20th, 1839, probated Jan. 22, 1844, at White Plains, he describes himself as being of South Salem, N. Y. He died Sept. 21, 1843, and had: 1. Deborah, b. July 17, 1779, d. May 24, 1844, m. 1798, Aaron Morehouse, 2. Nathaniel, b. Aug. 7, 1782, m. Lizzie Avery, d. Mch., 1874, 3. Lydia, b. Aug. 28, 1784, m. Rev. Joshua H. Hobby, she d. Feb. 3, 1864, 4. Betsy, b. Sept. 5, 1786, d. June 12, 1838, m. Dec. 27, 1804, Gideon Reynolds, son of William, son of Gideon, son of James, son of John, son of John the emigrant; 5. Abraham, b. Oct. 11, 1788, d. in New Orleans, unm., Aug. 25, 1818, 6. Sarah, b. Sept. 15, 1790, d. Oct. 8, 1876, 7. Hannah, b. Sept. 13, 1792, d. Nov. 9, 1856, m. Henry Avery, 8. Enoch, b. Sept. 16, 1794, d. May 5, 1876, m. Lydia Cross, 9. Alvah, b. Sept. 23, 1796, d. May 6, 1881, m. Phebe A. Field, 10. George, b. Dec. 12, 1798, d. unm. Dec. 30, 1884, 11. Mariah, b. Mch. 22, 1801, d. Jan. 3rd, 1846, m. Enoch Reynolds, son of James, son of Nathaniel, son of Ebenezer, son of Jonathan, son of the emigrant John. They lived at Bedford, N. Y., 12. Benjamin, b. Aug. 19, 1803, m. Mary Vivian.

Nathaniel and his wife Ruth Purdy also had: 2. Francis, b. July 8, 1731. Nothing is known of his descendants. There was a Francis Reynolds who lived at Crum Elbow, Dutchess county, N. Y., at this time, and it is probable that they were identical. 3. Ruth, b. about 1733, m. — Merritt, and in 1760 she was living on the property at Clap-board-tree-ridge given her by her grandfather James. 4. Solomon, b. about 1735, nothing is known of his descendants. There was a Solomon who lived at Poundridge, N. Y., another at Crum Elbow, N. Y., and one at Woodbury, Conn., 5. Anna, b. about 1737, m. Samuel Palmer. In a deed recorded at Greenwich in Vol 8, dated Feb. 25, 1760, "Samuel Palmer and Anna Palmer his wife of Greenwich sells to David Knapp two acres in said Greenwich which was given to the said Anna by her honored grandfather James Reynolds, formerly of said Greenwich, but now of Dutchess in the province of New York a lot on Clap-board-tree-ridge, bounded east by our sister Merritts, west by our sister Hannah Fiske." Their descendants lived in Westchester county. 6. Stephen, b. Dec. 31, 1740 (for his descendants see hereinafter), 7. Hannah, m. July 21, 1762, Jonathan Fiske, the son of Jonathan Fiske, who married her widowed mother Ruth Purdy. Their descendants reside in Saratoga county and at Troy, N. Y.

Stephen—Nathaniel—James—John—John.

In a deed recorded at Greenwich, vol. ix, p. 52, Feb. 2, 1762, Stephen described himself as of "Woodbury, county Litchfield," and sells to Jonathan Fiske his share of his father Nathaniel's estate and of his grandfather's James Reynolds' of Dutchess county, N. Y. The fact that he removed to Woodbury, Connecticut, as soon as he had reached his majority, coupled with the fact that there was a Solomon there residing, makes the identification of the latter with Solomon, son of Nathaniel, more than probable. The Woodbury family of Reynolds are attributed without apparent authority to John of Wethersfield. (Note. All of the data from the time that Stephen left Woodbury are derived from family records.)

Stephen removed to Amenia City, Dutchess county, prior to 1763, where his uncle James lived, and where his grandfather James died, and erected in 1764 a residence on the old Albany post road and about a half mile to the north of the Amenia City (Smithfield) Church. This contained three rooms of the entire width of the house, with kitchens and dependences behind. It was of frame, and a story and a half high. It was torn down in 1877.

He is probably identical with the Stephen

Reynolds who enlisted in the Continental Army, Capt. Daniel Shepard's company (see "New York in the Revolution," pp. 259-454) during the Revolution, in the New York forces, since there is no record of any other Stephen of an age which would have made it possible for him to take part in this war. He died in Amenia, August 17, 1815, and is buried in the "City" (Smithfield) graveyard. His will is recorded in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

He married, Amenia, N. Y., February 1st, 1763, Rachel Denton. She was born April 12, 1742 (o. s.), and died in Albany, N. Y., November 10, 1815, while on her way to visit her son Stephen, at Minaville, N. Y., and was buried in one of the church burial grounds in Albany, and in 1856 her remains were transferred to the Reynolds plot in the Albany Rural Cemetery. Her father was Benjamin Denton, of Foster's Meadows, Wallingford, Connecticut, also of Farmington, Connecticut, and Amenia, New York; married at Farmington, December 1, 1724, Rachel Wheeler, of Hartford, Connecticut. He was the son of Richard Denton (died in 1699), the son of Nathaniel Denton, of Jamaica, L. I., the son of Richard Denton, of Halifax, England, (born in 1586), a clergyman, a graduate of Cambridge University in 1623, who came to America in 1634 and settled in Watertown, Connecticut. He led those colonists who founded the settlement at Wethersfield and subsequently removed to Stamford, with the first settlers. Cotton Mather eulogizes him in his Magnala. He removed to Long Island, returned to England and died there.

Stephen and his wife Rachel Denton had the following children: 1. Stephen, b. Sept. 1, 1765 (o. s.), see hereinafter. 2. Rachel, b. Sept. 1, 1767, d. unm., June 2, 1785. 3. Chloe, b. Dec. 5, 1768, d. unm., June 18, 1789. 4. Israel, b. Oct. 31, 1772, studied medicine with his brother Stephen, at Minaville, N. Y., established the first mail service in Pine Plains, Dutchess county, N. Y., and died there Mch. 28, 1823, he m. Deborah Dorr, June 1st, 1798, dau. of George Dorr Jr., of Lyme, Conn., b. Oct. 26, 1770, d. June, 1850, at Pine Plains. They had: 1. Walter, b. at Pine Plains, N. Y., Feb. 5, 1801, d. at Pine Plains, Jan. 3, 1844, m. May 5, 1839, Julia Husted. He was graduated at Yale, 1822, studied law in Albany and at a law school in Litchfield, Conn; he had: 1. Cornelius Husted, b. Sept. 1, 1841, d. Nov. 7, 1876. 2. Ellen Husted, b. Oct. 1, 1843, d. July 20, 1865. Walter and his wife Julia Husted also had: 2. Julia, b. Apr. 23, 1803, d. Sept. 22, 1870, m. Hiram Willson, 3. Eliza, b. Mch. 22, 1805, d. at Pine Plains, Oct. 2, 1802, m. Feb. 18, 1824, Hiram Willson, b. Aug. 12, 1799, at

Smithfield, d. June 22, 1873, at Pine Plains, and had: 1. Ellen Willson, b. Oct. 8, 1825, d. Sept. 26, 1843. 2. Israel Reynolds Willson, b. Nov. 2, 1827, m. Sept. 16, 1852, Elizabeth Conklin, 3. Julia Willson, b. Feb. 11, 1830, d. May 22, 1858, m. Aug. 28, 1851, Isaac Smith Carpenter. 4. Edward Paysen Willson, b. Dec. 26, 1832, d. at Leavenworth, Kansas, Aug. 30, 1910, m. Oct. 13, 1863, Helen Fairchild, m. (second) Olive Sinks, Sept. 21, 1869. 5. Sarah Rebecca Willson, b. May 2, 1836, m. Sept. 5, 1860, Isaac Smith Carpenter, and is now living (1911) at Smithfield, Amenia City, Dutchess county, N. Y., 6. Elizabeth Deborah Willson, b. July 20, 1838, m. Dec. 7, 1871, Theodore Strong.

Stephen and his wife Rachel Denton also had: 5. Phebe, b. May 12, 1778, at Smithfield, Amenia City, d. Mch. 28, 1842, m. Abraham Bockie Pugsley, of Dutchess county, N. Y. He was born in 1776, at Smithfield, d. Dec. 9, 1851, they had: 1. Jane Augusta Pugsley, m. James Ridgeway, and had: 1. Frederick A. B. Ridgeway, m. Mary F. Davis and had seven children, living in 1911 at White Creek, N. Y., 2. Eliza Pugsley, m. Roswell Graves, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and had: 1. Mary. 2. Lizzie. 3. Belle. 3. Cornelius A. Pugsley, b. 1806, d. Jan. 7, 1865, at Danby, N. Y., m. Louisa Clark, of Danby, N. Y., and had: 1. Abraham Bockie Pugsley, b. 1854, m. — Blakesley, lives near Ithaca, N. Y., 2. Cornelia Pugsley, m. Oscar Jennings, of Danby, N. Y., and had three children, 3. Mary Pugsley, m. William R. Humphrey, of Ithaca, N. Y.

Stephen and his wife Rachel Denton also had: 6. Elizabeth, b. Sept. 14, 1785, d. at Pine Plains, Apr. 10, 1844, unm., 7. Rachel, b. Oct. 14, 1785, d. at Pine Plains, Mch. 24, 1861, 8. Samantha, b. May 27, 1768, d. at Amenia City, Sept. 27, 1822, unm.

Stephen—Stephen—Nathaniel—James—

John—John.

1. Stephen Reynolds, M.D., son of Stephen Reynolds and Rachel Denton, was born in Amenia, Dutchess county, N. Y., September 1, 1765 (o. s.), July 31, 1765 (n. s.). His class poem written in his freshman year, which is still in existence, is evidence that he went to college, but to which one is unknown. He died in Amsterdam, N. Y., July 8th, 1833, while visiting his nephew, Deodatus Wright, and was buried there.

He studied medicine with James Potter, M. D., at New Fairfield, Connecticut, 1784; removed to Minaville, town of Florida, Montgomery county, N. Y., in 1785, and practiced there until May, 1832, when he removed to Schenectady, N. Y., having purchased No. 25

No. Church street, the next building north of the Dutch Church. He was a celebrated Latin scholar and something of a poet. He was the founder and president of the Washington Benevolent Society, and going to Philadelphia he commissioned Sir Gilbert Stewart to paint a replica of his portrait of Washington, which he presented to the Society. When the Society was disbanded the portrait was returned to him, and it is now in the possession of his great-granddaughter, Mrs. Frank P. Wilder, of Saratoga (Josephine Voorhees). He was the president of the Montgomery Medical Society, which issued certificates entitling its members to practice medicine, and was one of the first in this portion of the country to hold clinics.

Portraits of Stephen and his wife Lydia Bartlett, painted by Ames, about 1812, are in possession of their granddaughter, the widow of Rev. William C. Hopkins, of Toledo, Ohio.

He married, at Warrensburgh, Florida, Montgomery county, N. Y., October 29, 1787, Lydia Bartlett, who was born at Lebanon, Connecticut, August 27, 1770, and died at Amsterdam, N. Y., August 27, 1843. Her father was Nathaniel Bartlett, born at Goshen, Conn., November 23, 1727; removed to Florida, N. Y., in 1785, then to Charlton, Saratoga county, N. Y., died there, and was the son of Capt. Josiah Bartlett (born Marshfield, May 24, 1701, removed to Lebanon, Conn., died March 16, 1782), who married at Marshfield, Jan. 3, 1723, Mercy Chandler, born in 1705; died Feb. 17, 1781; she was the daughter of Edmund Chandler, of Duxbury, b. 1680, d. 1721, and Elizabeth Alden, b. 1680, d. 1732. Edmund Chandler was the son of Joseph Chandler, died 1666, and Hannah, and grandson of Edmund Chandler. Elizabeth Alden was daughter of Jonathan Alden, and granddaughter of John Alden, b. 1599, Mayflower, 1620, d. Sept. 12, 1686, m. Priscilla Mullins, b. 1602, Mayflower, 1620.

Josiah was the son of Ichabod Bartlett, born 1664, married Dec. 28, 1699, Elizabeth Waterman (1679-1708), died Plymouth, 1715. Elizabeth Waterman was the daughter of Joseph Waterman, b. 1643, d. Jan. 1, 1712, m. 1672. Sarah Snow (b. 1650, d. Dec. 11, 1741), and granddaughter of Robert Waterman, m. Dec. 11, 1638. Elizabeth Bourne, daughter of Thomas Bourne, b. 1581, d. May 4, 1634.

Ichabod was the son of Benjamin Bartlett, born 1638, married Sarah Brewster, 1656, died 1691. She was daughter of Love Brewster, b. 1607, d. 1650, Mayflower, 1620, m. Mch. 15, 1634, Sarah Collier. He was the son of Elder William Brewster, b. 1560, Mayflower, 1620, d. Apr. 16, 1644.

Benjamin was the son of Robert Bartlett, born in England, in 1603, came to Plymouth in ship "Ann" in 1623, and died in 1672, who married Mercy Warren, daughter of Richard Warren, who came in the Mayflower, and whose wife was Elizabeth Jouatt, b. 1588, d. Oct. 2, 1673.

Lydia Bartlett's mother was Mercy Otis, born in Colchester, Conn., July 3, 1734; married, Dec. 14, 1752, Nathaniel Bartlett, and was the daughter of Nathaniel Otis (born in Scituate, Jan. 30, 1690, died in 1772), who married Hannah Thacher (born Oct. 9, 1690, died Colchester, 1776), daughter of Col. John Thacher (born Marshfield, Mass., Mch. 17, 1639, at Marblehead, Rep. 1668-1680, d. May 8, 1710, and Lydia Gorham, his wife, b. Nov. 11, 1661, at Barnstable, Mass., who was a daughter of John Gorham, b. at Bernesfield, Northampton, England, Jan. 28, 1621, settled at Marshfield, Mass., later of Barnstable, captured in King Philip's war, died Feb. 5, 1776, and of Desire Howland, his wife, m. 1643, d. Oct. 13, 1683, who was the daughter of John Howland, b. 1592, Mayflower, 1620, d. Feb. 23, 1673, and Elizabeth Tilley, b. 1607, Mayflower, 1620, d. Dec. 21, 1687.

John Gorham was the son of Ralph Gorham, who settled in Duxbury, 1637.

Col. John Thacher was son of Rev. Anthony Thacher, b. 1587, at Salisbury, England, removed to Holland, removed to Boston, June 3, 1635, removed to Yarmouth 1643, and died there Aug. 22, 1667.

He married, 1635, in England, Elizabeth Jones. Children of Stephen and Lydia Bartlett: 1. Marcus Tullius, b. in Minaville, N. Y., Dec. 29, 1788, died in Albany, N. Y., July 11, 1864, married first, Cynthia Herrick, married second, Albany, May 6, 1823, Elizabeth Ann Dexter (see hereinafter). 2. Betsy, b. Dec. 9, 1790; d. in Amsterdam, N. Y., Feb. 8, 1858, and buried there, married, Amsterdam, Apr. 24, 1811, Dr. Samuel Voorhees (Van Voorhees) of that city, b. Nov. 1, 1787, graduate of Union, 1811. He studied medicine with Stephen Reynolds, died Amsterdam, 1870, and had: 1. Marcus Tullius, b. May 19, 1812, d. in Puebla, Mexico, Dec. 13, 1844, and buried there. 2. James Leslie Voorhees, b. July 22, 1815, Union College, 1835, d. unm. at Amsterdam, N. Y., 1891. 3. Stephen Reynolds Voorhees, b. in Amsterdam, July 13, 1818, died there Nov. 15, 1901. 4. George Maxwell Voorhees, b. in Amsterdam, March 16, 1826, died there, Sept. 14, 1909; m. in Northampton, N. Y., Oct. 5, 1852, Hannah Alexander Slocum, b. in Pawling, N. Y., June 5, 1832, died Apr. 3, 1871, three children. No descendants. (See Voorhees family.)

Stephen and his wife Lydia Bartlett also had: 3. Marcia Phebe, b. Apr. 7, 1794, died in Aurora, Ill., Sept. 11, 1850, m. Aug. 1, 1825, Alexander Cruikshank Gibson, b. in Hebron, N. Y., Mch. 6, 1794, mayor of Schenectady, N. Y., for many years, died in Aurora, Ill., Aug. 14, 1874, and had: 1. David Gibson, b. May 27, 1826, d. Aurora, Ill., June 4, 1887, m. at Fairfax, Iowa, Dec. 27, 1877, Laura B. Hedges (b. at Elmira, N. Y., Oct. 4, 1834), and had one child. 2. Charles James Gibson, b. Oct. 2, 1827, Union College, 1846, d. in Aurora, Ill., Apr. 14, 1852. 3. Franklin Gibson, b. Mch. 7, 1830, d. Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 20, 1892; m. Mariaville, N. Y., Mch. 26, 1857, Ann Marilla Marsh, no children. 4. Julia, b. Aug. 19, 1832, m. Aurora, Ill., Jan. 2, 1877, Rev. William C. Hopkins, and had: 1. Frank Gibson Hopkins, b. Feb. 25, 1879, at Champaign, Ill.

Marcus—Tullius—Stephen—Stephen—
Nathaniel—James—John—John.

1. Marcus Tullius, son of Dr. Stephen Reynolds and Lydia Bartlett, was born in Minaville, Florida township, Montgomery county, N. Y., December 29, 1788; died at his residence, No. 25 No. Pearl street, Albany, N. Y., July 11, 1864, and was buried in the Albany Rural Cemetery.

When he was ten years of age he was sent to the high school at Canajoharie, N. Y., where he remained three years, and on leaving there he entered a collegiate school at Utica, where he was fitted for college. In 1805 he entered Union College, and was graduated, ranking second in the class of 1808. He was an excellent classical student, and also enjoyed the study of philosophy. He began the study of law in the office of Matthias B. Hildreth, of Johnstown, Fulton county, New York, who was many years the attorney general of New York state. He was admitted to the bar February 14, 1811, and early evinced those talents which enabled him to advance rapidly. He practiced at Johnstown for seventeen years, where he was compelled to contend with the talented lawyer, David Cady. In May, 1828, he removed to Albany, N. Y., where he passed the remainder of his life.

"From the year 1837 down to the adoption of the Code of Procedure, Marcus T. Reynolds, Samuel Stevens and Nicholas Hill were regarded impartially as the three most prominent lawyers in New York state. It was said that a reference to the reports of cases argued in the appellate courts of the state from 1817 to 1853, when he retired, will show that Marcus T. Reynolds was counsel in more cases adjudicated in the supreme court and the court for the correction of errors than al-

most any other lawyer of this state. During a period of twenty-six years he was second to none as a barrister, and the story of his career during that time is the history of the supreme court, court of correction of errors and the court of appeals.

"He had the faculty of passing from grave to gay, from lively to severe, with surprising facility. He carried his cases by being thoroughly imbued with them himself, and then, by a clear and well defined statement to the court and jury, imparting the impression that he had no doubt of the right of his case. Before a jury he had a sort of magnetic power, by which he photographed his own ideas and reasons upon the minds of the jury." (See Proctor's "Bench and Bar," and "Proceedings of the Albany Bar on the Death of Marcus T. Reynolds," *Albany Evening Journal*, July 15, 1864.

He was confirmed by the senate as justice of supreme court, July 7, 1849, and was also elected congressman. Within a year or two of the operation of the first passenger railway train, in 1831, he became concerned in the organization of steam roads, and when on May 5, 1836, several small lines consolidated as the Albany & West Stockbridge railroad, the last line to the west of what later became the Boston & Albany road, he was elected president of the new company. He was also chosen president of the Utica & Schenectady railroad, later merged into the New York Central lines, and was president of the Albany & Northern railroad. He was a director of the Albany Insurance Company from 1835 to 1863; a director of the New York State Bank from June, 1840, to July, 1861; a founder of the Albany Hospital, organized in 1849; a founder and trustee of the Albany Orphan Asylum, organized May 19, 1830; an organizer and fourth largest contributor to the Albany Rural Cemetery, and one of the largest contributors to the founding of the Dudley Observatory in 1852; elected a vestryman of St. Peter's Episcopal Church in 1842, and advanced to warden in 1843, serving through 1860, and chairman of its most important committees, e. g., March 25, 1845, to sell the church land on Maiden Lane, Pine and Lodge streets; 1845, to procure a new rectory; 1855, to secure funds for the new church edifice which was consecrated October 4, 1860.

He resided a long time at No. 7 Park Place, Albany, which site was taken about 1870 for the new capitol. His last residence was at the south east corner of Maiden Lane and Pearl street, where he practiced law and lived with his family.

Many years before his death he was thrown from his horse, the fall producing an injury to one of his knee-pans, of such serious nature that amputation became necessary. He was immediately carried into a store, where a skilled surgeon determined that an operation must inevitably follow, stating further that perhaps it had better be done on the following day. "I wish you to proceed instantly, for I cannot have the matter upon my mind," said Mr. Reynolds. The surgeon obeyed. This was before the day of either chloroform or ether, but the patient submitted without a groan. From this time on he generally conducted his cases sitting.

Marcus T. Reynolds married (first) Cynthia Herrick, born at Amenia, Dutchess county, N. Y., December 26, 1794, died at Amsterdam, N. Y., November 25, 1820, and was buried there. She was the daughter of Benjamin Herrick, died at Amenia, March 11, 1810, aged 54, who was the son of Benjamin Herrick, died at Amenia, January 10, 1779, aged 46, and Sarah Denton, died at Amenia, December 8, 1778, aged 47, who was the sister of Rachel Denton, the wife of Stephen Reynolds, where her ancestry is given. All of the above are buried at the City graveyard (now Smithfield), Dutchess county, N. Y., where the inscriptions were copied in 1807.

The mother of Cynthia Herrick was Cynthia Brush, who died at Amenia City, Nov. 19, 1815, aged 50. Cynthia Brush was the daughter of Richard Brush, of Amenia, who made his will August 27, 1795, leaving "all real estate to Richard Brush Herrick, the present youngest son of Benjamin Herrick." The same document mentions his wife Hannah, and is copied in a Greenwich, Connecticut, deed. Here also is entered his birth record, "Richard Brush had a son Dec. 17, 1727, named him Richard." The Herrick homestead at Amenia adjoined on the north that of Stephen Reynolds.

Children: 1. Lydia Maria, died in infancy. 2. Lydia Louisa, b. in Amsterdam, N. Y., Sept. 11, 1817; d. in Albany, N. Y., Jan. 26, 1876; married Albany, at St. Peter's Church, by Rev. Horatio Potter, April 29, 1841, Dr. Thomas Hun, son of Abraham Hun and Maria Gansevoort, who was born in Albany, Sept. 14, 1808, was graduated at Union, 1821, died in Albany, June 23, 1896, by whom five children: 1. Edward Reynolds Hun, born Albany, Apr. 17, 1842; was graduated at Harvard, 1863, married in Troy, N. Y., April 29, 1874, Caroline DeForest Gale, died in Stamford, Conn., March 14, 1880. 2. Marcus Tullius Hun, b. in Albany, May 22, 1845, was graduated at

Union, 1865, married Albany, Dec. 21, 1875, Mary Keith Vanderpoel (see Van Derpoel Family). 3. Leonard Gansevoort Hun, b. in Albany, May 10, 1848, was graduated West Point, 1869, d. unm. in Somerville, Mass., March 11, 1891. 4. John Hun, b. at Albany, June 10, 1852, d. Aug. 16, 1852. 5. Henry Hun, b. in Albany, March 21, 1854, was graduated at Yale, 1874; m. in Albany, Apr. 28, 1892, Lydia Marcia Hand (see Hun Family). Marcus T. had also by his wife Cynthia Herrick: 3. Cynthia, b. in Amsterdam, N. Y., in 1819, d. there Mch. 25, 1837, and buried there.

Marcus T. Reynolds married (second) at St. Peter's Church, Albany, N. Y., May 6, 1823, Elizabeth Ann Dexter. She was born in Albany, March 24, 1797, and died at her home, No. 7 Park Place, Albany (where the capitol stands in 1910), on August 30, 1840. Her father was Samuel Dexter, born in Northampton, Mass., Nov. 14, 1756, removed to Albany between 1790-5, where he was a druggist; died there at No. 56 State street, Aug. 27, 1825, being the son of Ebenezer Dexter, born October 17, 1729, died May 4, 1769, who married, in 1754, Lydia Woods, born Oct. 17, 1736, died Dec. 24, 1774. (See Dexter Family.)

Her mother was Elizabeth Province, born in Northampton, Mass., July 4, 1763, died at her residence opposite the Middle Dutch Reformed Church, on Beaver street, Albany, October 18, 1846, being the daughter of John Province, born in Glasgow, Scotland, came to America, May 10, 1740, settling in Boston, Mass., died July 6, 1792, who married May 9, 1748, Sarah Prince, born in 1730, died March 11, 1810, and was buried in the Prince tomb in the Granary Burial Ground at Boston (see Prince Genealogy for ancestors). Samuel Dexter and Elizabeth Province were married May 29, 1790.

By his wife Elizabeth Ann Dexter, Marcus T. had: 4. Mary Dexter, born in Amsterdam, N. Y., m. Aug. 14, 1824; d. at 98 Columbia street, Albany, Jan. 29, 1897, buried in Albany Rural Cemetery; married by Rev. Horatio Potter, at St. Peter's Church, Albany, Apr. 29, 1847, Dr. Frederick Cholet Adams, son of John Adams, and his wife Laura Farmer, who was born at Catskill, N. Y., May 25, 1823; Williams College, 1843, died in Albany, Sept. 22, 1862, by whom two children: 1. Admiral James Dexter Adams, U. S. N., born in Catskill, N. Y., May 4, 1848, married, Vallejo, Cal., May 6, 1873, Margaret Jane Phelps, dau. of Admiral Thomas S. Phelps, has three children. 2. William Reynolds Adams, born in Albany, Mch. 7, 1853,

d. in Albany, Jan. 30, 1855, buried there. 5. Dexter, born in Albany, N. Y., Dec. 12, 1828, d. in Albany, Aug. 19, 1906; married in Rochester, N. Y., Apr. 19, 1865, Catherine Maley Cuyler, born in Cuylerville, Livingston county, N. Y., Dec. 2, 1845, daughter of Col. William Tremper Cuyler and Nancy Bancker Stewart (see hereinafter). 6. Laura, born in Albany, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1830; married at her father's residence, No. 25 No. Pearl street, Albany, N. Y., by Rev. Horatio Potter, Feb. 1, 1854, Bayard Van Rensselaer, son of Gen. Stephen Van Rensselaer and Harriet Elizabeth Bayard, and who was born in Albany, Sept. 8, 1833, died in Pau, France, Jan. 12, 1859, by whom two children: 1. William Bayard Van Rensselaer, b. at 98 Columbia street, Albany, N. Y., Oct. 4, 1856, died in Albany, Sept. 25, 1909; was graduated at Harvard College, 1880; married in Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 3, 1880, Louisa Greenough Lane, born Nov. 21, 1860, dau. of Prof. Geo. Martin Lane, of Harvard University; 2. Dr. Howard Van Rensselaer, born at 98 Columbia street, Albany, N. Y., June 26, 1858, Yale, 1881 (see Van Rensselaer Family).

Dexter—Marcus Tullius—Stephen—Stephen—Nathaniel—James—John—John.

5. Dexter Reynolds, son of Marcus T. Reynolds and Elizabeth Ann Dexter, was born in Albany, N. Y., December 22, 1828, and died at 98 Columbia street, Albany, August 19, 1906. He received his early education at the College Hill Academy in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and continued his preliminary studies at the Albany Academy, which he entered in the fall of 1842, remaining two years, when he was prepared to enter Union College in 1844. Here he joined the Sigma Phi fraternity, and was a classmate of President Chester A. Arthur, who was an intimate friend in later years. He graduated July 26, 1848, ranking second in his class of 120, and was honored with the Latin salutatory. He attended the Lawrence Scientific School at Cambridge, Mass., the year of its founding, 1848-9, and was a graduate of the Harvard Law School, class of 1850. He was admitted to the bar at Albany, December 2, 1851, and in 1853 wrote the volume published by Gould, Banks & Co., Albany, 1853, "A Treatise on the Law of Life Assurance." He formed a partnership with Orlando Meads. Afterwards he was in partnership with John Olcott, son of Thomas Worth Olcott, the banker. Later on he was associated with the law firm of M. T. & L. G. Hun, nephews, at 25 No. Pearl street. With his friends, Erastus Corning and J. Howard King, he made a number of visits to Western states on hunting trips, and it was

then he purchased large tracts of land in Iowa equal in extent to nearly half the area of that state. His final sale in closing the investment was 210,000 acres. In the Civil War he was paymaster of the Third Regiment, and went to Richmond, Virginia, under Gen. Frederick Townsend, commanding.

His patented inventions numbered twenty or more, and each of these was among the pioneers of very important lines. He first gave considerable study to the manufacture of paper from wood pulp at a time such processes were not practical or paying. In 1858 he published a treatise on the subject. His investigation was most thorough, and gave an impetus to the trade at a time of discouragement.

Among the earliest of his inventions was a typesetter, which he manufactured in Rochester, previous to 1875, and followed this with an automatic distributor, which was the first attempt to distribute movable type by machine. In this connection he invented the notching of type. It was placed in a publishing house in Albany about 1876, and was discountenanced by the printers, who saw their means of support about to disappear through a saving to the employer. The theory of this machine was utilized by a manufacturer of such machines, and a tedious lawsuit for infringement resulted, which was finally compromised. A direct steel and wrought iron process occupied his attention for some twenty years, which led to an experimental furnace erected in the early spring of 1903, which was the first to nodulize fine ores in a revolving cylindrical furnace, which ores had hitherto been of value only when briquetted. This process, the furnaces now enlarged to over a hundred feet, is in general use throughout the country for nodulizing flue dust and magnetically separated ores.

Dexter Reynolds married, at Rochester, N. Y., April 19, 1865, Catherine Maley Cuyler (see Cuyler Family), Rev. R. Bethell Claxton, of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, officiating. They resided at 20 Elk street, Albany, N. Y. She was born in Cuylerville, Livingston county, N. Y., December 2, 1845; was educated at a boarding school in Utica, N. Y., died while visiting in Rochester, October 23, 1875, and was buried in the Reynolds lot in the Albany Rural Cemetery. Her father was Col. William Tremper Cuyler, who was born in Albany, December 22, 1802, died in Cuylerville, N. Y., December 21, 1864, and was the son of John Cornelius Cuyler (born in Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 5, 1766, died there October 25, 1828), and Hannah Maley (b. Oct. 12, 1769). Her mother was Nancy Bancker Stewart, who was born in Leicester,

N. Y., Feb., 1810, died Feb. 3, 1848, and was daughter of John Stewart and Nancy Bancker Clute (born in Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1776, died in Moscow, N. Y., Apr. 28, 1864). Dexter Reynolds and Catherine Maley Cuyler had children—Cuyler and Marcus Tullius.

Cuyler Reynolds, son of Dexter Reynolds and Catherine Maley Cuyler, was born at 98 Columbia street, Albany, N. Y., August 14, 1866. At the Albany Academy and a boarding school in Catskill, N. Y., he received his education, which developed particularly his faculties as a writer, establishing in 1885 the school paper, of which he was made its editor-in-chief. He engaged in newspaper work and followed it some fifteen years, at the same time contributing to more than a score of the better magazines. Turning his attention then to the writing of books, novels and reference works, he produced ten or more, the most valuable of which were his "Classified Quotations," Putnam, 1905, and "Albany Chronicles," 1907, the latter a volume so comprehensive and copiously illustrated that it is likely to endure and be cited as one of the best authorities of state history. Later he became editor-in-chief of the "Hudson-Mohawk Genealogical and Family Memoirs," in four octavo volumes.

By a scientific study and enumeration of the letters of the alphabet as they occurred in books, magazines and newspapers, he arranged a table of the recurrence of letters, which results he set forth in a monograph entitled "The Recurrence of Letters," read before the Albany Institute in 1894, then published in *Paper and Press* in 1895, and while it served as a key for the solution of ciphers or secret writing, its more practical use was in its application to the keyboards of typesetting machines, and in this form is universally used.

Much interested in historical research, especially as it concerned his home city, he was made director of the Albany Institute and Historical and Art Society at its annual meeting in 1899, and continued as such for ten years. He made for this society several of its most noteworthy collections, numbering a dozen or more, at the same time filling the office of librarian. As librarian, he gathered nearly one thousand books written by Albanians, which list composed a biographical catalogue of 114 pages in 1902. The opening of this institution's new building, May 12, 1908, gave him opportunity to originate the novel system of indexing and the method of keeping the various record books.

In March, 1907, he received the appoint-

ment of director of the New York State History Exhibit for the Jamestown Exposition; collected and installed it in systematic order, the features of which he set forth in an elaborately illustrated Catalogue of Exhibit, with the Exposition's Gold Medal as the result. Afterwards he wrote the State's report, a handsome volume, copiously illustrated, and of about five hundred pages, published in 1910.

He was elected to honorary membership in the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society in 1908, and in the New York State Historical Association in 1909. He is also a member of the National Geographic Society, American Historical Association and of the American Copyright League. He has resided all his life in Albany.

He married, at the Cathedral of All Saints, Albany, N. Y., Dean Wilford L. Robbins officiating, September 24, 1891, Janet Gray Gould. She was born in Albany, July 22, 1871, and was educated at the Albany Female Academy. Her father was Captain Charles Gould, born in Albany, October 28, 1848, died in Albany, July 4, 1896, who was the son of William Gould (b. in Caldwell, N. J., Nov. 26, 1814, d. in Albany, June 27, 1886), and Sarah Margaret Hartness (b. in Albany, Sept. 24, 1821, d. there, December 12, 1884), and married, in Albany, September 12, 1842. Her mother was Janet Gray, born in Albany, September 20, 1850; married, Albany, October 4, 1870, died at Montclair, N. J., April 6, 1910, who was the daughter of Daniel Alexander Gray (b. in New York City, in 1817, d. in Albany, Nov. 19, 1880), and Catherine Meyers (born in Hanover, Ger., Aug. 2, 1816, died Albany, Apr. 1, 1880). They had: Kenneth Gray, b. in Albany, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1892, educated at the Albany Academy and St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

Dexter Reynolds had also by his wife Catherine Maley Cuyler: Marcus Tullius, born at Great Barrington, Mass., August 20, 1869; prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire, 1882-86; entered Williams College, 1886, Sigma Phi fraternity, and was graduated July 2, 1890. He studied architecture in the School of Mines, Columbia University, and was graduated, 1893, with the degree of Ph.B. He is author of "Housing of the Poor in American Cities," the prize essay of the American Economic Society for 1893, and received therefor the degree of M.A., Williams College, 1893. He studied architecture in Paris, Rome, Athens, etc., and returning to America in October, 1895, began practicing architecture in Albany, N. Y., and has there continued. His specialty is the de-

signing of banks, of which he has been the architect of sixteen.

He has collected and compiled the earlier and collateral data presented in the above

genealogical tables, supplementing the work begun by his father, Dexter Reynolds, who began with the descendants of James, the son of John, the son of John the emigrant.

HISTORICAL APPENDIX

ALBANY COUNTY.

The original counties into which the New York colony was divided numbered twelve. The division was made pursuant to the act of 1683. The twelve counties were then named Albany, Cornwall, Dukes, Dutchess, Kings, New York, Orange, Queens, Richmond, Suffolk, Ulster and West Chester.

It may seem strange in these times, but Cornwall county consisted of the district known then as Pemaquid, now in Maine, and Dukes county was composed of some islands off Massachusetts. This was because this land was included in the patent of the Duke of York and Albany. They were detached in 1691, upon reorganization of the government.

On October 17, 1683, the first "General Assembly of the Colony of New York," chosen by "the planters or inhabitants of every part of the government," met at Fort James in the city of New York, with "free liberty to consult and debate among themselves all matters as shall be apprehended proper to be established for laws for the good of the government of the said Colony of New York and its dependencies."

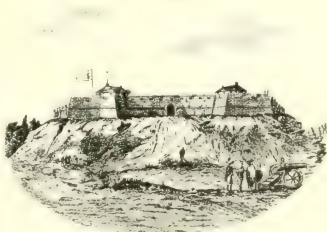
In preparation for this meeting, it was "ordered that the Sheriff of Albany and Ranselaers Colony cause the freeholders to meet and choose two persons to be their representatives in the General Assembly, to be holden at the City of New York, October ye 17th, 1683."

Among the acts bearing the date November 1, 1683, resultant of the meeting mentioned, was one "To divide this province and dependencies into shires and countyes * * * for the better governing and settling the courts in the same."

This act having specified the twelve original counties, defined "The County of Albany to containe the Towns of Albany, the Collony Renslaerwyck, Schonecteda, and all the villages, neighborhoods, and Christian Planta-

cons on the east side of Hudson River from Roelof Jansen's Creeke, and on the west side from Sawyer's Creeke to the Sarraughtoga."

Attention is called to the fact that the names of the original counties were distinctively English in their derivation; but after the Revolution, when new divisions were made so as to split the original into more numerous and smaller counties, the names bestowed were indicative of the Indians who had been associated with certain sections, or else honored the name of American patriots.



Fort Frederik, in Albany

When the Council held a session at Fort William Henry in New York City, October 1, 1691, the previous Act was confirmed; but in describing the County of Albany, there was an omission of "the Town of Albany," and a substitution of "Mannor of Ranslaerswyck" for the "Collony of Renslaerwyck," as well as an extension, "to the uttermost end of Sarraughtoga," instead of "to the Sarraughtoga."

At the Council's session held at Fort George, in New York City, May 27, 1717, the area of Albany county was enlarged further by "An Act for annexing that part of the Mannor of Livingston which now lyes in Dutchess County, unto the County of Albany."

The counties of Dukes, consisting of Nantucket, Martha's Vineyard, Elisabeth Island and No Man's Land (now in Massachusetts) and Cornwall, consisting of Pemaquid and adjacent lands and islands (now in Maine), which lands were included in the patent given to the Duke of York, were set off upon the reorganization of the colonial government, about 1691, or soon after the abdication of King James II., and the succession of William and Mary to the English throne.

There were but few changes in the ten original counties left within the borders of New York until the year 1770. It is surprising what the real extent of Albany county was in those days. It embraced the whole territory lying north of Ulster county, west of the Hudson River, and it took in nearly the whole State, going northward to the lakes and Canada; and north of Dutchess, on the east side of that river, including the entire State of Vermont. Plainly stated, within the bounds of Albany county were the State of Vermont and the fifty counties of the State of New York erected since the 1683-1691 period mentioned, excepting Putnam, Sullivan, Rockland, and part of Greene and Delaware.

The ten counties formed directly from Albany county, and before some of them were again subdivided into other counties, were:

(1) Gloucester, March 16, 1770; included what is now Orange, Washington, Caledonia, Orleans, and Essex, Vermont.

(2) Tryon, March 12, 1772; changed to

Montgomery, April 2, 1784, from which and the wilderness then known only as land of the Indians, the counties west of Greene, Schoharie, Schenectady, Saratoga, and the Adirondack counties have since been formed.

(3) Charlotte, March 12, 1772; changed to Washington, April 2, 1784, from whose territory have since been erected Warren, Clinton, St. Lawrence, Essex and Franklin.

(4) Cumberland, April 4, 1786; covering the present counties of Bennington, Windsor, Windham, Rutland, Addison and Chittenden, in Vermont.

(5) Columbia, April 4, 1786.

(6) Rensselaer, February 7, 1791.

(7) Saratoga, February 7, 1791.

(8) Schoharie, April 6, 1795.

(9) Greene, March 25, 1800.

(10) Schenectady, March 7, 1809.

Albany county, in 1900, was bounded as follows: On the north, by the counties of Saratoga and Schenectady; on the west, by the county of Schoharie; on the south, by Greene county, and on the east by Rensselaer county.

The eastern boundary is very marked, being the Hudson river, flowing between Albany and Rensselaer counties, "a line drawn through the middle of the main stream * * * with such variations as to include the islands lying nearest to the west bank thereof."

The northern boundary, between Albany and Saratoga counties, "made by a line beginning at a point in the middle of the main stream of the Hudson River in the westerly



Map of 1614.

boundary of Rensselaer county, opposite to the middle of the most northerly branch of the Mohawk River, and running thence through the middle of said northerly branch

of the said Mohawk River, westerly, to a point in said river where it is nearest the north line of the Manor of Rensselaerswyck, at Niskayuna."

CITIES AND TOWNS.

ALBANY.—The city was incorporated by patent issued by Lieut.-Gov. Thomas Dongan, July 22, 1686, and is the oldest existing chartered city in the United States.

Its history, in its wealth of details covering three centuries, is of interest equal to that of any other in the country, and a résumé of it merits attention.

Giovanni de Verrazano, an expert Italian navigator, commissioned by Francis I., to seek a direct route to the East Indies, sailed in 1523, aboard *La Dauphine*, with about fifty men, from Dieppe, France, and entered New York Bay in 1524; but after making investigation, did not pursue his course up the river.

In 1540, a small band of French fur-traders, bent on bartering with the Indians, sailed up the river and erected a stone "castle," or fortified trading-post, 26 x 36 feet, on an island at the southern boundary of the present city of Albany. Their records were so meagre that they have not been accorded due fame as the first white men to sail up the Hudson river.

Henry Hudson, an English navigator, was employed by the Dutch East India Co., under contract dated January 8, 1609, to explore the Grande (Hudson) river, noticed by him on a French map, and he sailed on the *Half Moon* from the Texel river, Holland, March 25th of that year. He entered New York Bay September 3rd; passed through the Narrows on the 6th, and it is calculated that he reached the site of Albany on September 19th, where he anchored and investigated, until he decided to sail down the river on September 23rd. His record is preserved.

The Lords States-General at The Hague, Holland, on October 11, 1614, granted a license to fur-traders to traffic with natives in New Netherland, who send Hendrik Corstiaensen, of Amsterdam, in 1615, and he rebuilds the "castle," which the fur-traders of 1540 had erected on the island immediately south of Albany, calling it Fort Nassau, which was wrecked by the freshet of 1618, and abandoned.

The Dutch West India Co. was incorporated under the seal of Lords States-General of Holland, June 3, 1621, intending to colonize or trade in America. The Walloons, or persecuted French Protestants who had fled to Belgium, liked by the Dutch because of their thrift, petitioned this company, February 5, 1622, to be allowed to settle along the Hudson river. They were given permission in 1623, and in March, 1624, thirty families sailed on the *New Netherland*, commanded by Captain Cornelis J. Mey, and entered New York Bay in May. They proceeded up the river to the site of Albany; building Fort Orange close to the western shore, in command of which they placed Arien Jorise; but in 1629, the company abandoned sending settlers because of the heavy expense.

The Dutch West India Co. having abandoned the settlement policy, adopts the plan of allowing manorial grants, which is approved by the Lords States-General at Amsterdam, June 7, 1629. Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, Director of the Amsterdam Chamber and wealthy pearl merchant of that city, obtained on November 19, 1629, the first concession to establish a colony. He wrote at once to Sebastiaen Jansen Crol, at Fort Orange, to purchase a tract from the Mohawk Indians for him and his associates. The first lot of colonists sailed on *The Unity* (de Eendrach) Captain Jan Brouwer commanding, March 21, 1630. On July 27, 1630, Crol bought the tract on which Albany is built, extending it southward by purchases along the west shore from Beeren to Smacks Island, April 30, 1631. The *Unity* reached Manhattan Island May 24, 1630, and arrived at Fort Orange June 1st. The deed of the Indians, dated August 13, 1630, transferred the land on which Albany is built to Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, and in 1631 he formed a partnership with a limited number of Hollanders, who eventually withdrew their interest in the land. Jan Baptist Van Rensselaer was the first of the family to come to this country, arriving in 1651, and became



Fort Crano's Yonkee Double house, erected by Hendrick Van Rensselaer, at Greenbush, opposite Albany.

"Director" of the Manor of Rensselaerswyck, May 8, 1652. He was the seventh child of Kiliaen, and never was the Patroon. The second Patroon was Kiliaen's second child, Johannes, never came to this country, and died in 1662 or 1663. The third Patroon was Jeremias Van Rensselaer, eighth child of Kiliaen, and he came to America to take up his residence in the Manor, marrying at New Amsterdam, July 12, 1662, Maria Van Cortlandt.

The name Beverwyck came into use when Director-General Pieter Stuyvesant, chief official for the Dutch West India Co. in New Netherland, with headquarters on Manhattan Island, visited Fort Orange on April 1, 1652, and proclaimed that the land built up about the fort be known as Dorpe Beverwyck.

The name Albany came into use for the first time on September 24, 1664. The English had coveted New Netherland, claiming it as a portion of the territory granted by Queen Elizabeth in 1584 to Sir Walter Raleigh, and also of right by the discovery of the Cabots in 1497. The Plymouth Colony had grown jealous, and influenced King Charles II., of England, who made a grant of the territory embraced in New Netherland (and more besides) to his brother, James, Duke of York and Albany, on March 12, 1664. The English fleet entered New York Bay August 26th, and its commander, Colonel Richard Nicolls, demanded of Director-General Stuyvesant that he surrender New Amsterdam. He made resistance as best he could; but signed the capitulation September 8, 1664, and Vice-Director La Montagne, for the Dutch West India Co. at Fort Orange, peacefully changed to the English rule, September 24, 1664.

But the name Albany was to give way in succession to Willemstadt. This it did on August 5, 1673. King Charles II., of England, broke the peace of Breda (July 31,

1667), by declaring war on March 17, 1672, against Dutch provinces. A Dutch fleet of twenty-three vessels, with sixteen hundred men aboard, entered New York Bay on July 29, 1673, and demanded the surrender of Fort James. It was not many hours later that day that it complied, and when the news had time to travel to Albany, Lieutenant Salisbury concluded that Fort Albany was properly once more under the Dutch rule, so he acquiesced on August 5, 1673, and the place, to the south of Rensselaerswyck colony became known then as Willemstadt.

This change to Dutch rule did not endure a decade, for when the treaty of Westminster was signed, whereby the Dutch stipulated on February 19, 1674, that all lands, islands, cities and forts that they had captured from the English should revert to that nation, there was nothing else for the inhabitants of Willemstadt to do except conclude they were included within British territory, and the place was once more known as Albany. About a dozen years later, or July 22, 1686, Dongan granted the charter making Albany an incorporated city.

Pieter Schuyler, by the terms of the charter, became the first mayor. Thereafter the executive was appointed by the governor of the Colony of New York until after the Revolution, when the Common Council voted for mayor; but the charter election held May 5, 1840, inaugurated the election of that official by the people.

The city of Albany is located on the west bank of the Hudson River, about 142 miles north of New York City, along which river it extends for three or four miles, and its east and west direction is about the same.

The latitude of Albany is 42° 30' 13"



Dutch Church in Beverwyck (Albany).

North. Its longitude is $73^{\circ} 46', 42''$ West of Greenwich, or $3^{\circ} 17', 15''$ East of Washington, and is but a fraction east of New York City. In time, Albany is 4 hours 55 minutes 6.8 seconds later than Greenwich, or 13 minutes 9 seconds earlier than Washington, and about 46.8 seconds earlier than New York City.

The river at Albany is only 2.6 feet above sea level, while the highest street elevation is 230 feet above this. The depth of channel permits vessels drawing 12 feet of water to dock there. It also has the mercantile advantage of two canals and five or more of the large steam railroads. The average date of opening of the river is March 17th, and the average closing date December 16th, making an average closed season of 90 days.

The average yearly temperature, based on government records for 30 years, is 48° . The highest temperature ever recorded there was 100° on July 3, 1898, and the coldest, minus 24° , on January 5, 1904. The average annual precipitation is 36.9 inches.

The population was 100,253 by the United States Census of 1910.

BERNE.—This town was formed March 17, 1795, from Rensselaerville, and from it Knox was taken off in 1822. It derived its name from Berne in Switzerland, the native place of Jacob Weidman, one of the first to locate there, and was settled largely by Germans, who leased farms from Patroon Van Rensselaer, beginning about 1750. Many of Scotch descent arrived during the Revolutionary period. It is the central of the three western towns of the county, and is bounded on the north by Knox, on the east by New Scotland, on the south by Westerlo and Rensselaerville, and on the west by Schoharie county. The Helderberg mountains, rising 1,200 feet above tide, extend along its eastern border. Berneville itself was once known as Beaver Dam, and was a stockaded town. Area: 38,782 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 1,753.

BETHLEHEM.—This town was formed March 12, 1793, and from it New Scotland was taken off April 25, 1832, and the eastern part of Albany city on April 6, 1870. It was purposely given its Biblical name. It lies on the bank of the Hudson, east of the center of the county, and includes all islands west of the main channel, and is bounded on the north by Albany city, on the east by the Hudson river, on the south by Coeymans, and on the west by New Scotland. One of the islands was known as Castle Island, and it is believed that it was the site of the first settlement in the entire county, or rather, that it was the site of a fort or

trading-post built thereon by Dutch fur-traders under Skipper Corstiaensen, in 1614; but removed in 1617 further inland because of dangerous freshets in the spring. This island, of some size, was later known as Westerlo, and then as Van Rensselaer. It was settled by the farmer tenants of Patroon Van Rensselaer in 1630. Through it flows the Normans kil, a name derived from Albert Andriessen Bradt de Noorman, lessee of the land about the falls for mill purposes at a very early date. Area: 31,549 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 4,413.

COEYMANS.—This town was formed March 18, 1791, from Watervliet. It was included in the grant to Van Rensselaer for the tract extending from Beeren Island northward to Cohoes; but quit-claimed in 1706 by him to Pieter Coeymans, who settled thereon in 1636, as a miller, and confirmed by Queen Anne, August 6, 1714. A portion was taken off for Westerlo in 1815. Its name was derived from the patentee. It is the southeast corner town in the county, including adjacent islands, and is bounded on the north by Bethlehem, on the west by Westerlo, on the south by Greene county, and on the east by the Hudson river. Through it flow the precipitous Coeymans and Haanakrois creeks, the Indian name of the former having been Oniskethau, and in the village of Coeymans the falls have a drop of seventy-five feet. Area: 30,408 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 4,252.

COHOES.—This city was formed from Watervliet, and was incorporated May 19, 1869; previously, since April 12, 1855, it had been an incorporated village of Watervliet. The name is of Indian derivation, Gahaoose, signifying canoe falling, or overshoot. Area, 1,575 acres. Population, 1910 Census: First ward, 5,371; Second, 4,202; Third, 4,014; Fourth, 5,097; Fifth, 3,011; Sixth, 3,014; Total, 24,709.

COLONIE.—This was once an incorporated town and village; but due to changes in formation of townships passed out of existence. Originally the term was applied to all the colonized territory of Rensselaerswyck; but later was limited to that portion lying outside of and to the north of Albany city; and for a long time its southern boundary was Patroon street, now Clinton avenue in Albany city, which was north of the stockades when they extended east and west a little north of the present Orange and Van Tromp streets. When Watervliet was formed, in 1788, Colonie became a part of it, and the indefinite area extended to the south so as to include Tivoli Hollow (through which the N. Y. Central railroad runs on its route to

Buffalo, where the Patroons had their flour and saw-mills, as well as the Manor House, his agent's pretentious office, etc. It was set apart as a district, March 31, 1791, and again, by an additional Act, March 30, 1801. On April 9, 1804, it was incorporated as a village in the town of Watervliet, and organized as a separate town, April 11, 1808. February 25, 1815, it was divided and its legal existence terminated, by giving its territory to Albany city and Watervliet, the former portion becoming the old-time Fifth ward of Albany. On the last date mentioned, it had a population of 1,657.

GUILDERLAND.—This town was formed February 26, 1803, from Watervliet. The name was derived from Guiderlandt in the Netherlands, whence had come many of its original settlers. The northwest portion of Albany city was annexed to this town, February 26, 1871. It is bounded on the north by Schenectady county, on the east by Watervliet and Albany, on the south by Bethlehem and New Scotland, and on the west by Knox. Area: 38,784 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 3,333, including Altamont village, with 674.

KNOX.—This town was formed February 28, 1822, from Berne. The name was derived from John Knox, eminent divine and Scotland's reformer. It is situated in the northwest corner of the county, and is bounded on the north by Schenectady county, on the east by Guiderland, on the south by Berne, and on the west by Schoharie county. The inhabitants forcibly resisted the posse comitatus in the anti-rent feud of 1839, when Van Rensselaer sought to collect rentals under the peculiar leases. Area: 26,402 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 1,007.

NEW SCOTLAND.—This town was formed April 25, 1832, from Bethlehem. It derived its name through the location there of a great number of settlers from Scotland. The first settler was Teunis Slingerland, a Hollander, who bought 9,874 acres there from the Indians, and erected mills. It is the central town of the county, and is bounded on the north by Guiderland, on the east by Bethlehem, on the south by Coeymans and Westerlo, and on the west by Westerlo, Berne and Knox. Area: 34,324 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 2,834, including Voorheesville, with 553.

RENSSELAERVILLE.—This town was formed March 8, 1790. Berne was taken off March 17, 1795, and the western part of Westerlo on March 16, 1815. It is the southwestern corner town of the county, and is bounded on the north by Berne, on the east by Westerlo, on the south by Greene county, and on the west by Schoharie county. It was named in honor

of Gen. Stephen Van Rensselaer, or for his family. Area: 37,354 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 1,609.

WATERVLIET.—This town was formed March 7, 1788, and was the first incorporated town in Albany county, and it then included all of West Rensselaerswyck, and all of the present county excepting Albany city, as it was at the time of the Charter, in 1686. Its name is from the Dutch, signifying "water flood," as it was situated principally along the flats between the Hudson and Mohawk rivers, and large areas of it were inundated each spring. This caused the soil to be unusually rich, and it was consequently early settled upon. In 1809, Niskayuna, now in Schenectady county, was formed largely from it. Villages in it were incorporated as follows. Watervliet, March 30, 1801, changed to Colonie, April 9, 1804; became obsolete and was annexed to Albany city; Gibbonsville, April 23, 1824; changed to West Troy, April 30, 1836; Cohoes, incorporated April 12, 1855; changed to city of that name, May 19, 1869; Green Island, 387 acres, incorporated April 5, 1853. Within its limits are also Newtonville, named for John M. Newton, four miles north of Albany; Loudonville, at the same distance to the north of Albany; Menands, named after its first settler, Louis Menand, two miles north of Albany. It surrendered a large tract (105 acres) to the Federal authorities by the cession laws of 1830 and 1833, conditionally "for the purpose of erecting and maintaining thereon arsenals, magazines, dockyards and other necessary buildings," the first of which was erected thereon in 1814, under Col. Geo. Burnford. The Albany Rural Cemetery Association secured a large tract, about one mile long in its shortest direction, chartered April 2, 1841, and adjacent tracts were secured by St. Agnes' and the Anshe Emeth cemeteries. The State Fair Grounds occupied a large tract therein for years, until removed to Syracuse, and the Shakers established a settlement, or community, in 1776, under leadership of Mother Ann, a native of Manchester, Eng., who died there, September 8, 1784. Later changed name to Colonie. Area: 30,607 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 8,385.

WATERVLIET.—Incorporated as a city on May 26, 1806. Population, 1910 Census: First Ward, 1,936; Second, 1,326; Third, 1,283; Fourth, 1,737; Fifth, 1,582; Sixth, 1,603; Seventh, 1,804; Eighth, 1,944; Ninth, 1,859. Total, 15,074.

WESTERLO.—This town was formed March 16, 1815, from Coeymans and Rensselaerville. It was named in honor of Dominie Eilardus Westerlo, who married Catherine

Livingston, widow of Patroon Stephen Van Rensselaer, in 1775, and was minister of the Dutch Church in Albany. 1760-1790. It is located in the center of the southern border of the county, and is bounded on the north by Berne and New Scotland, on the east by New Scotland and Coeymans, on the south by Greene county, and on the west by Rensselaerville. It contains extensive quarries. Area: 35,976 acres. Population, 1910 Census: 1,237.

ALBANY CITY.			
Ward.	Inhabitants.	Ward.	Inhabitants.
1.....	6,827	12.....	6,074
2.....	5,357	13.....	3,944
3.....	5,781	14.....	5,103
4.....	4,979	15.....	4,083
5.....	5,354	16.....	7,123
6.....	4,278	17.....	5,364
7.....	5,685	18.....	5,166
8.....	5,004	19.....	7,834
9.....	3,785		
10.....	4,055	Total	100,253
11.....	5,057		

Year.	City.	County.	State.	United States.
1850.....	50,763	93,279	3,097,394	23,191,876
1860.....	62,367	113,917	3,880,735	31,443,321
1870.....	69,422	133,052	4,382,759	38,558,371
1880.....	99,758	154,800	5,082,871	50,155,783
1890.....	94,023	164,555	5,997,853	62,622,250
1900.....	94,151	165,571	7,268,894	75,568,686
1910.....	100,253			

PROGENITORS OR EARLIEST SETTLERS OF ALBANY COUNTY.

Interest that is taken in the history of a country or in a family centers largely in the facts relating to the origin. The person who studies either desires accurate and comprehensive information, and that means the names of the chief characters, together with definite dates and facts about their lives and where they were located. This is the perfectly natural scope, and it is as definite in its way as is any of the sciences.

The person concerned with understanding particulars about his or her family is led on, generation by generation, each with its own wealth or paucity of detail, until it becomes more desirable than all else to learn as much as possible about the Progenitor, or founder of the family in America.

The accompanying list has been prepared as an enumeration of those first persons who settled in Albany or vicinity previous to the year 1700. It is practically a list of the heads of families founding Albany city and the entire county. It does not pretend to deal with the descent; but in those instances where two of the same surname, unrelated, were earliest settlers, both are given equal mention, for each started an independent line. The names of brothers are also treated, for the same reason,—each the “arriving” head of a family. Accordingly, this not being a series of genealogies of families, it has not been the aim to include facts relating to the issue of the founders, except to the extent of being in some instances proof of residence in the county before the year 1700, if it is found that the baptism of his child was recorded, which may be the only clue to the fact of his early residence.

It is well to speak of the scope or extent of this list in its usefulness. Most likely it shows the names of a great proportion of the different families who lived within a radius of one hundred miles of the city of Albany during the first one hundred years of this country's existence, and therefore the research

is decidedly extensive. It should be decidedly helpful to any person seeking information about a Progenitor in the section of the country covered. This may be explained more clearly by calling to mind that nearly all the people who lived in early times at the few places of settlement, such as Schenectady, Kinderhook, Amsterdam, Coeymans, Cossackie, Catskill, Hudson, Claverack, Esopus, Amsterdam, and a few other localities, settled first at Albany, and then removed as it suited their inclination.

There are other reasons giving this list even broader significance. It has its interest even in New York City, to a large extent, without giving thought to the ever constant shifting of family location. Those families arriving in this country by way of New Amsterdam quite frequently remained there a time, establishing relationships before moving up the river. It was often the case that the newly-arrived youth took to himself a bride in Manhattan before desiring to risk adventure in an unknown kind of territory. Frequently families would divide on landing, certain members remaining on the island, others preferring to seek their fortune in the new colony of Rensselaerswyck. There were so few other localities whither a young man in either place might turn to find a bride, previous to 1700, that the intermarriages were of common occurrence.

The list might have suited a greater number of persons the better by shifting the date of limitation to the year 1750; but that would have made it voluminous. As it is, the names of more than 450 distinct families are adequately mentioned as progenitors before 1700. Those who are surprised that they do not find their family name in the list should seek it in the list of Albany County Freeholders of 1720, or in the 1790 U. S. Census of “Heads of Families.”

To avoid semblance of conceit, it might be

stated that with the application of from ten to twenty years devoted to the work, a diligent compiler could render excellent service to a large circle of genealogists by confining a volume to the subject, giving full biographies of each subject. Such a work should include the names of children of the progenitor, and would make a book of about five hundred pages limited solely to the Albany settlers, for it is not claimed that herewith are all the facts commonly known about these men. With the records carefully sifted, a page to each name would be an ordinary average, for what genealogist would not welcome an entire page filled with the data on his progenitor.

It is not claimed that the material comprised in this list has not been known in its several parts to some one previously, or that it cannot be discovered in the same manner as was the case when this list was specially prepared. But it has never been gathered as in this arrangement for reference, because it combines all the material in a number of works, and it is decidedly superior to anything like it. This can be maintained because it has those revisions or corrections suggested by following closely the information provided by the most excellent recent work of the New York State Archivist, Arnold J. F. van Laer, when translating with exceeding care and native skill the documents of Patroon Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, preserved still in Holland, from which one gains much information regarding when the colonist sailed, and specifically, by the contract, learn definitely regarding his occupation.

It is doubtful whether there is any family line more difficult to understand, or trace, than the Dutch. The pioneers in this particular well deserve abundant credit. It is highly desirable for one to be an expert, or else leave it strictly alone. Every muddler creates more havoc for others to puzzle upon and untangle.

Pointing out a few of the simplest forms of error may be a warning to others. The novices and not infrequently the printer, quite commonly misinterpret the old form *bouwerie*, or *bowery*, for *brewer*. It is surprising to find it so often stated "he owned a brewery," when it is meant the person had a farm or homestead. Some persons in an attempt to anglicize the Dutch names fall into error through ignorance. They misconstrue a name such as *Jacobus* to mean *Jacob*, not realizing that it means *James*, and they imagine the Dutch family name *Jacobs* to be *Hebraic*, whereas it signified in those early days a contraction of *Jacobse* or *Jacobsen*, meaning a person who was the son of *Jacob*. Novices should

be wary regarding the literal significance of Dutch measures, for many in their writing family descents have overlooked the fact that possibly the original statement was in *Rhineland measure*.

A large majority of the early Dutch settlers spelled their own names indifferently, that is, in a number of ways, possibly a dozen, when a man had an alias. Clerks would enter them on the records each according to his idea of phonetic spelling, and while we may not blame them, we are bothered. Often the person who was a lowly emigrant could not be of much assistance in elucidating. Hence, it is difficult to make a list that shall be readable like a directory.

The classification of names of the first settlers of Albany is a most difficult task even for the most skilled. The expert is non-plussed, for he is forced to make statements which show it. When a large percentage of the colonists signed contracts with Patroon Kiliaen Van Rensselaer in Amsterdam, to go to his colony in America, they frequently signed simply their Christian name. It was all by which they were known. If he was named *John*, or in their language *Johannes* or *Jan*, he could be distinguished in a few primordial ways from any other *Jan*. If his father were named *Pieter*, they called him "*John, the son of Pieter*," or "*Jan Pieterse*." If he lived at some peculiar location, as on a hill, he might be called "*John from the Hill*," or "*Jan van den Berg*," and again, if from a city, it would be associated with his name, and the *John* who lived in *Vechten* would be known to his fellow-men as *Jan Van Vechten*. Often his trade would suggest his future surname, and "*John, the baker*," would write his name "*Jan Backer*." In one case a colonist named *Jan* with a father named *Pieter*, after he had built a mill for the Patroon, was known as *Jan Pieterse Meulenmaecker*. A young fellow might have his name written in the contract "*Jan Pieterse Jonger*." Given such a mixture, of one set of names when they resided in Holland, and known by an alias after living in this country, it is a problem to distinguish father and children of the same family, but passing under different names. The man named *Jan Pietersen* might have sons signing their names *Jan Backer*, *Hendrick Van Vechten*, *Pieter Meulenmaecker*, *Arent van den Berg*.

It merits attention that throughout the first one hundred years of Albany's history, true of the city and possibly so about the county, there was hardly a person living in that region who was not a Dutchman. Let the doubter dissect the following list most care-

fully, and those of other nationality than Hollander can be counted on the fingers of one hand. It is true that New England was practically contemporaneous in settlement, yet the

English did not intermarry with the Dutch, at least not in Albany, before the year 1700.

CYRIL REYNOLDS.

Albany, March 12, 1911.

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PROGENITORS.

ABEEL.—Stoffel Janse, born about 1623, was master carpenter at Beverwyck in 1653; married Neeltje Janse Croon, and their son, Johannes, born in 1667, was the 2nd Mayor of Albany, Oct. 14, 1694—Oct. 14, 1695, and 1709-1710.

ADRIAENSEN.—Gysbert, came from Bunnick, near Utrecht, sailing on "den Calmer Sleutel," from the Texel, Holland, December, 1637; aged 22 years; began service as farm servant at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 2, 1638, for Brant Peelen. Jacob Adriaensen, from Utrecht, was at Beverwyck, from 1639 to 1657. Marinus Adriaensen, from Veere, Province of Zealand, arrived on the Unity, which sailed from the Texel shortly after July 7, 1631, under contract with Patroon Kiliaen Van Rensselaer as a tobacco-planter for three years; in 1632 was made schepen there; is termed "a noted freebooter" in Pearson's. Rutger Adriaensen, brother of Gysbert, came from Bunnick; tailor, employed by Jan Michielsens, and while the V. R.-Bowier Documents state there was no record of him in Rensselaerswyck after October, 1651, Pearson states he held a patent for a lot there in 1652.

AERTSE.—Rutger, owned a house on north side of State st., bet. Broadway and James st., Beverwyck, in 1674. Wouter Aertse (van Nieukerck) was sashmaker and a soldier in the Dutch West India Co. employ; bought a lot on west corner of Broadway and Van Tromp st., Beverwyck, in 1678. Jacob Aertse married Sarah Pels, and their child, Jacob, was baptized in Beverwyck, Feb. 20, 1695.

ALBERTS.—Elbert (or Albertsen), came from Nykerck, Gelderland, sailing on "den Calmer Sleutel" from the Texel, Holland, December, 1637; aged 18 years; weaver; settled in Beverwyck. Frans Albertsen came on "den Harinck" (the Herring), arriving at New Amsterdam, March 28, 1638; cooper; recorded at Rensselaerswyck Apr. 27, 1638; removed later to New Amsterdam. Hendrick Albertsen came from Doesburch, Gelderland;

recorded at Rensselaerswyck Apr. 2, 1641; aged 28 years; baker; contracted with the Patroon as ferry-master, June 7, 1642; died in 1649.

ANDRIESEN.—Arent (van Frederickstadt), came to Rensselaerswyck in 1636; was possibly the same person as Arent Andriesen Bratt. Jan Andriesen came from Dublin; Pearson says was in Rensselaerswyck before 1645; the V. R.-Bowier Documents show he was there by 1648; leased farm north of Stony Point (near Albany), Sept. 1, 1649; removed to Catskill, 1656, where he bought 69 morgens of land from Pieter Bronck; was complained of by Hans de Vos, in 1657, for selling brandy to Indians there, and died in 1664. Pieter Andriesen was mentioned in Rensselaerswyck records as having the alias "Soogemackelyck" and also "Pieter Macklick"; tavern-keeper; ordered sent to New Amsterdam in 1656, for not paying the excise.

ANTHONYSE.—Egbert, had a child, Barent, born in Beverwyck, May 10, 1684.

APPEL.—Jan Louwrensen, also known as Jan Louwrensen, first recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Oct. 12, 1648. Adriaen Janse Appel came from Leyden, Holland; received patent for lot in Rensselaerswyck in 1654, and was schoolmaster.

APPLETOWN.—John (or Appleton), was born in Leicester, Eng., and married Annetje Casparus at Albany, October 11, 1701.

ARIAEN.—Doctor, was in Albany in 1665.

ARISSEN.—Gerrit, had a son, Arien, baptized at Beverwyck, Sept. 9, 1683.

BAKER.—Willem Juriens (Backer), known also without the surname "Backer," arrived at New Amsterdam on "de Liefde," Dec. 27, 1638; recorded at Rensselaerswyck as a baker. Hendrick Backer (or Baker) was in Rensselaerswyck in 1642; fined 12 guilders, in 1660, for bringing load of hay into the village on Sunday.

BAMBUS.—Harmen Jacobse, was in Rens-

selaerswyck in 1650, and had a sloop, "Eikenboom"; shot by an Indian at Esopus in 1658, and buried in New Amsterdam.

BANCKER.—Gerrit, was in New Amsterdam before 1655; removed to Rensselaerswyck in 1657, where he resided on south side of State street, three doors east of Pearl st.; died there, Feb. 27, 1691; his son, Evert, born in Albany, Jan. 24, 1665, was 3d Mayor of Albany, Oct. 15, 1695—Sept. 28, 1696, and 1707-1709.

BARENTS.—Thys, arrived at New Amsterdam on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," March 4, 1637; a shoemaker; charged at Rensselaerswyck, June 5, 1637.

BARHEIT.—Jeronimus Janse, married at Beverwyck, April 9, 1684.

BASSETT.—Michiel, son of man of same name, was born in Albany, January 21, 1705, the parent evidently living there about 1700.

BASTIANSEN.—Harmen, carpenter, first recorded in Rensselaerswyck in 1647; but was in New Netherland as early as Sept. 13, 1639, when he leased a sawmill on Nooten (Governor's) Is.; built house on south side of State st., Rensselaerswyck, in 1650; surveyor, 1667; some consider his last name was Visser or Visscher.

BECKER.—Jan Jurrianse, in 1656, was clerk at Fort Casimir on the Delaware; resided in Greenbush in 1663, and later a schoolmaster in Albany.

BEECKMAN.—Marten, son of Hendrick, and godson of Marten Hendricksen of Fort Orange, came from Hamelwaard, in Duchy of Bremen, in 1638, in the service of Patroon Kiliaen Van Rensselaer; married Susanna Jans, and died previous to June 21, 1677. This branch of family settling in Albany retained the "c" in the name; those in New York did not.

BEEKMAN.—Willem, settled in New Amsterdam.

BENSON.—Dirck (Bensen), came from Groningen, a carpenter, resided a time in Amsterdam, where he married Catalina Berck (or Berckx); arrived at New Amsterdam about 1648; but was resident of Rensselaerswyck as early as 1653, and they had Johannes, Cateryna and Maria, born there, up to July 15, 1659, although he died there, Jan. 6, 1659.

BERCH.—Gysbert Cornelise, came from Breuckelen, near Utrecht; employed on the Hoogeberch farm, hence commonly called "van den Hoogenberch," or "van den Berch," which probably resulted in "Vandenberg." He was charged at Rensselaerswyck with rentals beginning in 1648.

BOGARDUS.—Anneke Jans, came to Rensselaerswyck in 1630, as wife of Roelof Jansen

(which see), and married, in 1637 or 1638, Dominie Everhardus Bogardus, or Bogart, minister of Dutch church in New Amsterdam, after whose death, in 1647, she returned to Rensselaerswyck, where she died in her house, northeast corner of State and James street, soon after making her will, when sick, Jan. 29, 1663.

BOGART.—Cornelis Teunis, son of Teunis, lived and died at the homestead at Schoenderwoert, near Leerdam, So. Holland, and when he died, in 1661, his son, Gysbert, was living at Catskill, another son, Cornelis, then in Beverwyck, the latter born at the homestead, came to Rensselaerswyck previous to 1640 and buried in Albany, July 28, 1665; the first son of the latter, named also Cornelis, settled in Coxsackie, and the second son, Jacob, born in 1654, remained in Albany. The name is the same as Bogert, Bogaert and Bogardus, all signifying orchard in Dutch.

BOGI.—Pierre, had a child, Marie, born in Albany in 1686.

BONT.—Hendrick Lambertse, removed from Albany to Schenectady, previous to massacre there, Feb. 8, 1690.

BOON.—Francis, a French trader, in Rensselaerswyck in 1654.

BORDING.—Claes, a trader in Rensselaerswyck in 1654.

BORRELINGEN.—Joris (Borlingen), Englishman, servant of Cryn Cornelisen, arrived on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, and was recorded at Rensselaerswyck in 1642.

Bos.—Cornelis Teunise (or Bosch), came to Rensselaerswyck in 1631, as bouwknicht to Cornelis Maase Van Buren.

BOUT.—Willem Frederickse, came from Leyden, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, and recorded at Rensselaerswyck soon after, as free carpenter; his surname, Bout or Boudt, given after his arrival; made the pulpit (existing in 1911) and other pieces of furniture for the Dutch church, which edifice was the Patroon's storehouse then, converted into house of worship until church was built.

BOUW.—Salomon Frederickse, married Annetje Bratt at Albany, Jan. 1, 1686.

BOVIE.—Matthys (or Beaufils), married Catherine Barrois, and had a daughter, Catarina, baptized at Albany, Feb. 12, 1690.

BRADT.—Albert Andriese, came from Fredrikstad, in southeast of Norway (hence his designation in America as "Noorman"), sailing on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," Oct. 8, 1636; tobacco-planter; aged 29; arrived at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, and appeared first at Rensselaerswyck under date Apr. 17,

1637; by contract with the Patroon made Aug. 26, 1636, erected a mill; with him came his brother Arent Andriese, also a tobacco-planter, and leased a farm opposite Beverwyck, May 1, 1658. Arent removed to Schenectady, and Albert's son, Barent, succeeded to the occupation of his father's mill on the Normanskill, 1672. The spelling of the name then was as commonly Bratt as Bradt.

BRIES.—Hendrick, a shoemaker in Beverwyck, had a son, Antony, sufficiently old to marry Catrina Ryckman, Sept. 21, 1692.

BRIGGOM.—Richard (Brigham?), an Englishman, employed by Antony de Hooges, 1645-7, chopping wood, and by Sander Leendertse, in 1646.

BROADHURST.—Jonathan, from Derington, Eng.; married Catalyntje Bensing (or Bensen) at Albany, Apr. 23, 1696, and was sheriff of Albany county 1701-03.

BROCKHOLS.—Capt. Anthony, was a senior officer and commander of the military at Fort Orange; married Susanna Schrik, May 2, 1681. The name also spelled Brockholst.

BRONCK.—Pieter, was in New Amsterdam in 1643; leased a lot at Rensselaerswyck, in 1650, paying four beavers per annum, and received permit to erect tavern near house, Sept. 7, 1651, according to the V. R.-Bowier Documents; but according to Pearson was a brewer in Beverwyck as early as 1645, the owner of several house lots, and bought lands at Cox-sackie in 1662.

BROUWER.—Jacob, received permission to build at Rensselaerswyck in 1649. Philip Hendrickse Brouwer was a brewer of Beverwyck as early as 1655, and became one of the original proprietors of Schenectady, 1662.

BROWN.—Robert, baptized a child, Thomas, at Albany, Dec. 20, 1693.

BRUSSY.—Christoffel, was father of twins, Cornelis and Michael, baptized at Beverwyck, July 2, 1686.

BRUYN.—Jan Hendrickse, dealer in real estate; took oath at Albany, 1678, that he had been a burgher of Beverwyck upwards of twenty years.

BRUYNS.—Hage, from Smalandt, arrived in New Amsterdam in 1653, and owned a lot at Beverwyck in 1656.

BURGHART.—Isaac Hendrickse (or Bogart), married Judic Janse Hoes, and they had a daughter, Alida, baptized at Albany, Sept. 4, 1698.

BURGER.—Joris, came from Hersberg (or Hirschberg), Silesia, on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; went to Rensselaerswyck, as a smith, where recorded May 26, 1637.

BUYS.—Jan, married Hendrikje Damon,

and their son, Johannes, was baptized at Albany, Nov. 1, 1685.

BYVANCK.—Johannes, came from Oldenzeel, Holland; born in 1634; was at Albany in 1665.

CAMBEFORT.— (or Comfort), had removed to Schenectady in 1690, buying land at Hoffman's Ferry, which he sold in 1694 to Carel Hansen Toll.

CARSTENSEN.—Hendrick, came from Norden, East Friesland, sailing on "d' Eendracht" ("The Unity"), May, 1634; served at Rensselaerswyck as farmer under Brant Peelen for seven years. Carsten Carstensen (or Christen Christens) arrived on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck" at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; first recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 17, 1637; sawyer and roof-thatcher. Johan Carstensen, came from Barlt, Schleswig-Holstein, Prussia, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, and drew wages in Rensselaerswyck beginning Aug. 13, 1642; appears as servant of Michiel Jansen, July, 1644.

CHAMBERS.—Thomas, a carpenter, first recorded at Rensselaerswyck in 1646, as a mason; occupied farm on the Poesten kill (Troy, N. Y.), for five years from Nov. 1, 1647; then removed to Esopus; nicknamed Clab-bordt, or Clapboard.

CHRISTIAENSEN.—Christian, bought a morgen and half of land at Schenectady from Paulus Janse in 1671, and sold it in 1694.

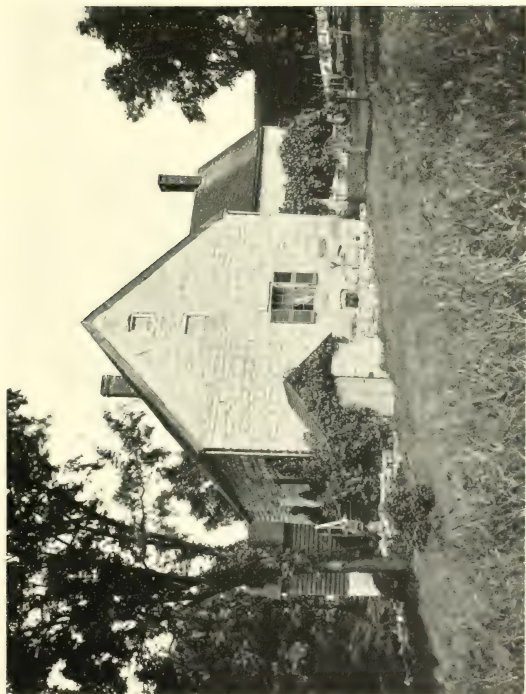
CLAERBOUT.—Pieter, was in Beverwyck in 1659, where he was "voorzanger" in the church, and died before 1674.

CLAESEN.—Claes, came from Fleckero, Norway, arriving at New Amsterdam aboard "d' Eendracht" ("The Unity"), 1631, and was a farm-hand on De Laets Is., opposite Albany, Gysbert Claesen, of Claes, also known as Gysbert Claes Jongen, "the boy," a carpenter, arrived on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck" at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; wages first recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 2, 1637. Pieter Claes (or Nicolaes) came from Norden, East Friesland, on same ship, beginning service at Rensselaerswyck Apr. 3, 1637; farmer at Bethlehem, Albany county; left colony before June 5, 1649. Tjerck Claes was recorded at Rensselaerswyck for horse hire beginning May 1, 1657. Tryntje Claes was servant girl of Director Jan Baptist Van Rensselaer, 1656.

CLAUW.—Frans Pieterse (Klauw), was a carpenter in Beverwyck as early as 1656, and resided in Kinderhook in 1683.

CLOCK.—Abraham, carpenter, recorded at Rensselaerswyck in 1644.

CLUTE.—Capt. Johannes, came from Nuremberg to Beverwyck, about 1656, and was a



Woodstock House

trader, owning much land at Niskayuna, Loonenberg and Albany. He also spelled his name Cloet. That he had children is unknown. On his death, his property passed to his nephew, Johannes Clute, the "boslooper." This nephew resided in Niskayuna, and married Bata Van Slechtenhorst. Frederick Clute came up the river from Kingston, about 1703; bought land at Niskayuna from Johannes, and was at Half Moon, N. Y., in 1720. Their relationship is unsettled.

COBES.—Ludovicus, was born in Herentals, Brabant, and was court messenger in Beverwyck as early as 1650.

COEYMANS.—Pieter (also spelled Koijemans), came from Utrecht, Holland, with his four sons, Arent, Barent, Jacob and Lucas, and (according to Pearson) was at Rensselaerswyck in 1636. According to the V. R.-Bowier Documents, Barent Pieterse Coeymans came on "den Harinck" ("The Herring"), arriving at New Amsterdam, July 7, 1639; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 14, 1639; worked four years under Pieter Cornelis, the millwright; contracted, Oct., 1645, to saw the boards at the Patroon's mill on the 5th creek; leased it May 18, 1648; granted permit Aug. 3, 1656, to erect a third mill thereon; was known as Barent de Molenaar; settled, probably after latter date, on the large tract now known as village of Coeymans, which he claimed to have bought from the Catskill Indians and which Van Rensselaer disputed; but quit-claimed to Coeymans by him in 1706, which patent was confirmed by Queen Anne, Aug. 6, 1714. Lucas Pieterse Coeymans was mentioned in Rensselaerswyck court proceedings, January, 1650, and styled brother of Barent Pieterse Coeymans.

COLLIER.—Michiel (or Caillier), son of Jochem Collier, or Caillier, of New Amsterdam, was born about 1657; married Fitje Jurriaense Van Hoesen, and some of their children (born between July 17, 1686, and Dec. 6, 1711) were baptised at Albany.

COLLINS.—Lieut. John, was both an officer and an attorney at Albany, and married Margarita Schuyler there, Nov. 2, 1701.

CONEL.—John (or Conel), was a soldier at Albany in 1666, and bought land from Capt. Johannes Clute and Harmen Gansevoort at Catskill, about 1678.

CONINGH.—Thomas, was in Rensselaerswyck before October, 1647; sold brewhouse, Feb. 19, 1655. Frank Jacobsen Coningh rented a garden from Adriaen Janse Appel at Rensselaerswyck, May 1, 1658.

CONYN.—Leendert (Leonard) Philipse, was in Beverwyck as early as 1655.

CONSTABLE.—Andries Herbertse (Consta-

pel), this surname being his alias (meaning "the gunner"), came from Blaes, Holland, on "den Houttuyn," arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, where he remained until 1654, when he removed to Beverwyck, where he purchased half of the island given his name, opposite Fort Orange, which, after his death in 1662, was sold to Jeremias Van Rensselaer; was engaged first at Rensselaerswyck to do gardening, cut timber, build fences and work in grist-mill; killed Segar Cornelis Van Voorhout in self-defense in 1662.

COOL.—Pieter Barentse, married in Albany in 1688.

COORN.—Nicolaas, Prof. Pearson may have reason to state that he was in Rensselaerswyck in 1642; but the Van Rensselaer-Bowie Documents set forth the facts that he came from Holland on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam in March, 1644, having been commissioned by Patroon Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, Aug. 26, 1643, at Amsterdam, as commander and "commis" on Rensselaerssteyn (also called "Castle") on Beeren Island, fortified as the southern limit in the Hudson river of Van Rensselaer's colony, and because of dispute with Director Pieter Stuyvesant, of the Dutch West India Co., fired on the ship "Good Hope," July 1, 1644, because Skipper Govert Loockermans on sailing to New Amsterdam failed to lower his colors to Van Rensselaer's fort; succeeded Adriaen Van der Donck as "schout" of Rensselaerswyck in spring or summer of 1646, until arrival of Van Slechtenhorst, March 22, 1648.

CORNELIS.—Adriaen, came from Barsingerhorn, No. Holland, sailing from the Texel on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1638; recorded as foreman at Rensselaerswyck, May 10, 1638, and also referred to as Berghoorn and Van Barsingerwout. Jan Cornelis came from Houten, near Utrecht, sailing from the Texel on "den Waterhondt," June, 1640; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, September, 1640. Cryn (or Quiryn) Cornelis came from Houten, on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 20, 1639, as farm-hand in Greenbush, opposite Albany; permitted to erect saw-mill on west side of the Hudson, north of Beeren Is. Roelof Cornelis, a brother, came with him, and was a thatcher. Pieter Cornelis came from Munnickendam, No. Holland, on same ship, and being millwright under contract with the Patroon, was known by surname "Meulenmaecker"; recorded in colony May 4, 1637.

COSTER.—Hendrick (also Costar and Koster), died at Albany, 1678, and his son, An-

thony, a baker, married Elizabeth Ten Broeck, Dec. 15, 1668.

CREVE.—Tam (Thomas), had a daughter, Neeltje, baptised at Albany, June 28, 1684.

CREGIER.—Martyn, Jr. (Cruger), son of Capt. Martyn Cregier (1st Burgomaster of New Amsterdam and an exemplary magistrate who removed to Niskayuna where he died in 1713), was a public clerk at New Amsterdam, 1646-61; removed to Albany, about 1685, where he owned lot on east side of No. Pearl, south of Steuben st.; married at Albany, Oct. 11, 1671, Jannetje Hendrickse Van Doesburgh, a widow.

CROMWELL.—Jacobus (James), had removed from Beverwyck to Schenectady, where he married Maria Philipse, Sept. 26, 1703.

CROON.—Dirck Janse, came from Amsterdam; carpenter; erected a house at Beverwyck in 1650; appointed magistrate there, in 1655 and in 1658; superintendent of wells in 1660.

CRUYF.—Eldert Gerbertse (Cruijff or Kruyf), from Hilversum, in Gooiland, No. Holland, also known as Eldert de Goijer (or Goyer), on account of coming from there; rented more than one sawmill at Rensselaerswyck, 1654-1658; leased Pieter Winne's farm, May 1, 1655, for three years; rented mill (probably at Bethlehem), 1658-1671, and Jan Dircksen, from Bremen, conveyed his Catskill farm to him, Feb. 20, 1659, for house in Beverwyck.

CRYNEN.—Cornelis, Jr. (Crijnen), came from Houten, near Utrecht, sailing on "den Waterhondt," June, 1640; a mason; constructed cellar of Dominie Megapolensis' house at Rensselaerswyck. Jan Crynen came from same place at same time; entered service of Symon Walichs at Rensselaerswyck, and probably was son of former.

CUYLER.—Hendrick, born at Hasselt, Province of Overijssel, Holland, where he was baptised Aug. 11, 1637; son of Isebrant and Evertien Cuyler; settled in Beverwyck in 1664; a tailor and trader; the name derived from "Keiler," a wild boar, and signifying a powerful man.

CUYPER.—Gerrit Janse, arriving originally as "Gerrit Jans," came from Haerlem, sailing on "den Waterhondt," June, 1640; was a cooper, hence was given surname "Cuyper" or "Kuijper." Evert Janse Cuyper was in Albany, 1675-1725.

DAVEN.—Maritie, owned a house and land at Niskayuna and on Pearl street, in Beverwyck; married a third husband, Cornelis Van Nes, 1664.

DAVIS.—Christoffel (Davidts, Davidse, Davidsen), said to be native of England and

born in 1616, arrived at New Amsterdam on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," Aug. 4, 1638; aged 22; traded in tobacco; leased the Dominie's Hoeck (Van Wie's Point) on west side of Hudson below Albany, July 22, 1650, where he was to build his own house, the Patroon furnishing livestock; married Cornelia De Vos, of Beverwyck, who died in 1657.

DECKER.—Johan (Deckere, Dekker, De Deckere), was appointed vice-director and secretary of New Orange, June 21, 1655; returned to New Amsterdam in 1656.

DE FOREST.—Hendrick (De Forest), came from Utrecht; owned a bouwerie on Manhattan Is., and died in 1638; his second son, Isaac, a brewer, married Sara Du Trieux, or Truax, at New Amsterdam, June 9, 1641, and their son, Philip, baptised July 28, 1652, removed to Beverwyck, where he was a cooper.

DEFREEZE.—Douwe Aukes (De Foreest), born in 1640, was innkeeper at Schenectady; killed in massacre there, Feb. 8, 1690, along with his wife and two children; had married at Albany, Feb. 4, 1685, Maria Viele, widow of Matthys Vrooman.

DE GARMEAUX.—Pierre (alias Villeroy), known also as "Pieter, the Frenchman," was in Albany as early as 1665, and marrying Caatje Vander Heyden there, had a first child, Annatje, baptised there, Oct. 15, 1684.

DE GOYER.—Tys Evertse, was a planter at Rensselaerswyck in 1664.

DE GRAAF.—Andries, was a brickmaker in New Amsterdam in 1661, and his son, following same trade, lived in Beverwyck in 1655, and was fined 500 guilders for selling liquor to Indians in 1658; his son, Claes Andries De Graaf, born in 1628, settled in Schenectady.

DE GROOT.—Symon, was employed on de Vlackte farm at Rensselaerswyck, as early as Apr. 10, 1647.

DE HAEN.—Isaac, was a trader in Beverwyck, in 1663.

DE HOOGES.—Antony, sailed from Amsterdam, July 23, 1641, on "den Coninck David," arriving at New Amsterdam, Nov. 29, 1641, and reached Rensselaerswyck by Apr. 10, 1642; had business management of Rensselaerswyck from time of Van Curler's departure for Holland, October, 1644, until Van Slechtenhorst's arrival, March 22, 1648, and from then, until his death, about Oct. 11, 1655, was secretary.

DE HOUTER.—Johan, sailed with his wife, Johanna De Laet, on the Graft (Graef, or Graaf), in May, 1653; obtained lease of farm north of 5th creek, Rensselaerswyck, March 7, 1654; member of its court, April, 1655; died before August 7, 1658; also said he established a pantile bake.

D'HINSE.—Jacob, was a surgeon, coming to Beverwyck between 1654 and 1657, from Fort Casimir on the Delaware; sued Thomas Powelson (or Powell), in 1657, for whose family he agreed to care, for two beavers (\$6.40) a year, insisting that only natural sickness, and not willfully inflicted wounds, was intended in the yearly contract.

DE LA GRANGE.—Johannes, a Huguenot from La Rochelle, France, settled in New Amsterdam about 1656, and his second son, Omie, born there, came to Beverwyck as a trader in 1665, when he owned lots and also bought a tract on the Normans kill from Johannes Hendrickse Vrooman, in 1686.

DELA MONT.—Jacob, lived in Albany before 1700, and died there, March 14, 1719, aged 81 years; his son, Jan, moving to Schenectady, and his son, Marten Jacobse, marrying Lysbeth Viele, Albany, November 14, 1702, and removing to Schaghticoke.

DE LAVAL.—Capt. Thomas, was a trader in New Amsterdam and Beverwyck, owning houses at the latter place in 1668-82.

DE LA WARDE.—Jan, came from Antwerp in 1662, settling in Beverwyck; owned land at Niskayuna and on an island in the Mohawk above Schenectady, which he sold in 1698 to Joris Aertse Vander Baast; died at Albany, January 28, 1702.

DE LOOPER.—Jacobus Teunise, was in Beverwyck in 1657, when he had an affray with Frans Barentse Pastoor; he was a constable in 1658.

DELLIUS.—Godefridus (van Dell), came to Albany in 1683, as assistant minister to Dominie Schaets, at salary of \$360 per annum, residing northeast corner State and Pearl streets.

DE MAECKER.—Pieter, was a house-builder in Beverwyck; furnished the iron-work for the Dutch church there, in 1657, as his contribution, and returned to Amsterdam, Hol., 1659, authorizing sale of his lot in Beverwyck.

DE MARCHAL.—Willem, a trader in Beverwyck in 1662.

DE MOER.—Philip Philipse, married Elizabeth Gansevoort at Beverwyck, and his son, Sander, was baptised there, January 24, 1686.

DE NEGER.—Jan, a negro, recorded at Rensselaerswyck in 1646; was hangman there, provided such office existed, as it was known he performed an execution.

DE PEYSTER.—Johannes, grandson of Abraham De Peyster of New Amsterdam, was born there, January 10, 1694; married Anna Schuyler, Albany, 1715, and was Mayor of Albany in 1729.

DE RIDDER.—Evert, was schoolmaster at

Beverwyck, and married Anna Van Ness in 1688.

DE VOE.—Jean, born in New Amsterdam; removed to Half-Moon, above Albany, probably before 1700, marrying Catharina Vander Werken, Albany, May 11, 1706.

DE VOS.—Andries, arrived at New Amsterdam on "den Eyckenboom," August, 1641; a carpenter; occupied farm at Bethlehem, 1642; magistrate of Rensselaerswyck court, 1648; owned several lots there. Cornelis De Vos was in employ of Dutch West India Co. at Beverwyck, in 1652, and married Dirckje Pieterse Coeymans, who died, 1665.

DE VRIES.—Cornelis, appears on Rensselaerswyck records September 28, 1651. Adriaen Dirckse De Vries owned a lot in Beverwyck, in 1654.

DE VROOME.—Hubert Janse, owned a lot on Maiden Lane, next east of Broadway, Albany, 1667-77.

DE WANDELAER.—Johannes, a trader who came from Leyden, Holland; married Sara Schepmoes in New Amsterdam, March 17, 1672, and bought a lot in Albany from Jan Tomase, in 1678.

DE WEYER.—Jan Martense, owned a house in Beverwyck in 1657; removed to Schodack in 1664, and bought a farm at Kinderhook, in 1671.

DE WINTER.—Bastiaen, came from Middleburgh, Holland; had house in Schenectady in 1662, which he sold in 1670, and in 1678, the Dutch church claimed his property, he being dead.

DE WITT.—Tjerck Claessen, son of Nicolaas De Witt, came from Zunderland, Holland; married at New Amsterdam, April 24, 1656, Barbara Andriese from Amsterdam; had house and lot in Beverwyck, which he sold in 1666.

DINGMAN.—Adam, was born in Harlem, Holland, and was residing in Greenbush, opposite Albany, in 1663; bought a farm at Kinderhook, 1677.

DIRCKSEN.—Jan, came from Amersfoort, Utrecht, sailing from the Texel, Holland, on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," arriving at New Amsterdam, August 4, 1638; began service as farm laborer at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 16, 1638. Jan Dircks, or Dircksen, came from Bremen, Ger., arriving on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644; commissioned skipper of colony's yacht, "Rensselaerswyck," Aug. 25, 1643; occupied a farm at Bethlehem, Sept. 14, 1648; removed to Catskill, in 1651; returned to Beverwyck, in 1659. The name the same as Dickson.

DOUW.—Volkert Jansen, was driven from his home in Leeuwarden, Holland, by reason

of religious persecutions. Prof. Pearson probably had reason to state that he was residing in Beverwyck in 1638, as did S. V. Talcott, in his book; but since then the Van Rensselaer-Bowier Documents have shown definitely that he arrived on "den Coninck David" at New Amsterdam, Nov. 29, 1641, when entered as "Volckert Hansen"; his name first mentioned at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 27, 1642; in harvest of 1647, was employed on the Vlackte farm; charged with ground rent for "house on hill" at Beverwyck, built by him, 1649 to 1652; leased Papscanee Is., opposite lower part of Albany, from May 1, 1653 to May 1, 1658, which he bought the latter year, with Jan Tomase, for 950 beavers; had patent for land at Schodack, Nov. 3, 1663 from Pieter Stuyvesant; owned a brewery at northeast corner Broadway and State street, Beverwyck, which he sold to Harmen Rutgers in 1675. Jan Andriese Douw, relationship to former unknown, bought a house in Beverwyck in 1678, and removed to New Amsterdam in 1690.

DOXIE.—Samuel, born on Long Island; resided some time in Schaghticoke, and married Barbara Janse Goewey, Albany, Sept. 1, 1669; their children baptised in Albany.

DOYSEN.—Egbert, servant of Sander Leendertse Glen, was mentioned in Rensselaerswyck court records, Apr. 3, 1649.

DRET.—Jan, came from Utrecht; married Ryckie Van Dyck at New Amsterdam, Nov. 1, 1654, and soon after removed to Beverwyck, where he dealt in property and died there, May, 1669.

DRIES.—Hendrick (Driesen, or Andriesen), came from Doesburch, Gelderland, arriving at New Amsterdam on "den Houttuyn," Aug. 4, 1642; aged 21; appears in Rensselaerswyck until 1651.

DULLEMAN.—Jan Barentse, son of Barent Barentse Van Ernst, was a baker from Zwoll, Holland, and was in Beverwyck in 1661.

DE MORRE.—Pieter, owned land near Kinderhook in 1676.

DUNBAR.—John, was probably in Albany before 1700, for in 1714 he was associated with Rev. Thomas Barclay in building St. Peter's Episcopal church there; but in 1730, removed to Schenectady, and died in 1736.

DYCKMAN.—Jan, came to New Amsterdam in 1651, as bookkeeper, and to Beverwyck in 1654, as "commis," and died in 1672; his son, Johannes, was of Benthem, Holland; married Magdalena Tourneurs, New Amsterdam, June 15, 1673, and their son, Johannes, was baptised in Albany, May 11, 1690.

FEENLUYS.—Hans Jansen, came from Rotterdam, arriving at New Amsterdam, in 1639, and at Rensselaerswyck as early as 1641, when

employed in cleaning cannon; interpreter in 1650; operated sawmill for Evert Pels in 1651, and had permit, Nov. 3, 1651, to erect sawmill on west side of the Hudson, north of Beeren Island.

EGBERTSE.—Barent, son of Egbert Teunisse de Metselaer; married Maria De Garneau, Albany, August 26, 1704, where their children were born.

EGMONT.—Jacob Claese, had a son, Nicolaas, baptised at Beverwyck, April 13, 1684, and Jacob, December 27, 1685.

ELLIS.—Frederick, had a son, Nathaniel, baptised at Albany, Sept. 25, 1687.

ELBERTSEN.—Reyer, from Breuckelen, Utrecht, and his wife, Maritje Baerentse, were recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Sept. 25, 1651, when leasing land between the 3rd and 4th creeks. Lucas Elbertsen recorded at Rensselaerswyck, May 29, 1643.

ELMENDORF.—Coenraad (Conraedt), married Ariaantje Gerritse, widow of Cornelis Martense Van Buren, at Albany, June 28, 1693.

ENSLISTEYN.—Marten Cornelise, born at Ysselsteyn, Holland, was one of the first settlers of Schenectady, and on Oct. 23, 1668, sold his bouwerie to Claas Frederickse Van Petten and Cornelis Viele, removing to Claverack, where he died before 1705.

EVERTSEN.—Jan, was a master shoemaker at Beverwyck in 1661. Tys Evertsen testified at Rensselaerswyck Jan. 12, 1651. Dirck Evertsen had children baptised at New Amsterdam as early as Aug. 31, 1664, and at Albany, Feb. 24, 1684. Janse Evert, possibly son of last named, had a house in Albany, in 1706.

FAIRFAX.—Thomas, an Englishman, employed as a mason at Rensselaerswyck by Christoffel Davidsen, in 1649.

FERLYN.—Jasper (Farlin), from Middleburgh, Province of Zealand, arrived on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), which sailed from the Texel soon after July 7, 1631; entered service of Marinus Adriaensen as tobacco-planter, for three years.

FINE.—John, a cooper, came "van Waterfort in Yrlandt"; married Jopje Claase Van Slyck, June 4, 1696, and their first child, Willem, was baptised in Albany, Feb. 13, 1698.

FONDA.—Gillis (Jillis, Jellis, or Jellice), was probably at Rensselaerswyck about 1646, when Pieter Hartgers advanced money to a lad named Gillis, working for Antony de Hooges, and Oct. 19, 1651, Gillis Fonda was given permit to distill in Greenbush, next to Evert Pels' house; later spoken of as Gillis Douwes Fonda; probably a Fresian; his wife, Hester, sued in 1666 for removing neighbor's petticoat from fence.

FORT.—Jan, resided at Rensselaerswyck, and when a widower, married Maria Grande, New Amsterdam, Nov. 24, 1641.

FREDERICKSEN.—Hendrick, from Bunnick, near Utrecht, arrived on "den Southberg," in April, 1633; aged 26 years; thatcher of roofs. Carsten Frederickse van Iveren, or Yveren, had a brother, Myndert (the family taking the name Mynderse) living in Albany, and he made a will with his wife, Tryntje Warner, July 1, 1680.

GAIGNEN.—Francois, married Ariaantje Janse, at Albany, June 3, 1688.

GANSEVOORT.—Harmen Harmense, was in Beverwyck as early as 1660; bought a lot at southeast corner of Broadway and Maiden Lane, in 1677, from Paulus Martense Van Benthuyssen, where he conducted a brewery.

GARDENIER.—Jacob Janse, came from Kampen, Overysse, Holland, on "den Harinck" ("The Herring"), arriving at New Amsterdam, March 28, 1638; a carpenter; had saw and grist-mill at Greenbush, opposite Albany, in 1647, and leased mill at Bethlehem, Feb. 2, 1654; alias "Flodder." His son, Albert Jacobse, carpenter in Beverwyck in 1677. Hendrick Jacobse Gardenier had son, Hendrick, born Albany, Aug. 18, 1686.

GERRITSN.—The following bore the surname Gerritsen, Gerritse, or Gerrits, signifying that the father was named Gerrit. It is possible that each had his alias, such as "van Utrecht"; but they did not so appear on the records. Albert Gerritsen, a carpenter, was granted a lot north of Laurens Jansen's house in Rensselaerswyck, Nov. 7, 1651. Barent Gerritsen worked on a farm called "de Vlachte," about 1646. Claes Gerrits came from Schoonrewoerd, So. Holland, sailing on "den Waterhondt," June, 1640; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Sept. 24, 1640, as farm laborer. Goossen (or Goosen) Gerrits came from Westbroeck, Utrecht, on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; wages began at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 8, 1637; became magistrate there, Nov. 19, 1648; became a tapster, July 18, 1650, and about July 19, 1659, was a tanner. Jan Gerritsen arrived on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644; a carpenter; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, March 26, 1644. Reyer Gerritse married widow of Gerrit Van Schaick at Beverwyck, and in 1653, had patent for land on the Vossenkill, south to Columbia st., and from Broadway to No. Pearl st., Albany. Wolfert Gerritsen came from Amersfoort, or from Couwenhoven, four miles northwest, Province of Utrecht; engaged by Patroon Van Rensselaer to superintend establishing of

farms; but in 1632 was released from contract, and went to New Amsterdam.

GERBERTSEN.—Elbert, born at Hilversum, in Gooiland, Holland; was a sawyer; married Tryntje Janse, widow of Jan Janse Ryckman, at Beverwyck, and they made a joint will, in 1663.

GILBERT.—John, was a baker at Beverwyck, who married Cornelia Van den Bergh, and had a daughter, Maria, who was baptised there, May 24, 1685; he died May 11, 1707.

GILBERTSEN.—Claes, believed to have sailed from the Texel on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1638; served for Michiel Jans, at Rensselaerswyck, in 1641.

GLEN.—Sander Leendertse, sailed from the Texel on "den Harinck," ("The Herring"), May, 1639, arriving at New Amsterdam, July 7, 1639, and located as Rensselaerswyck, engaging in transportation of colonists by yachts, according to translation of papers of Patroon K. Van Rensselaer; but according to Prof. Pearson, he was in the employ of Dutch West India Co., at Fort Nassau (Albany), in 1633, receiving a grant in 1651; and in 1665, he obtained a patent in Schenectady, which land along the Mohawk, opposite that place, he named Nova Scotia, as his family was originally from Holland, known as Alexander (hence Xander, or Sander) before removing to Holland to escape religious persecution. His became the most important family there, with descendants residing in the same place in 1910.

GOYER.—Claes Andriesen (or Goijer), came from Hilversum, North Holland, arriving on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644; was servant of Jan Barentse Wemp (or Webb), at Rensselaerswyck, March, 1650; surname applied after arrival, as he came from locality of Gooi, or Gooiland.

GOES.—Matthys Janse (or Hoes), was in Beverwyck in 1661, and his son, Jan Tysse, removed to Kinderhook.

GOYVERSEN.—Jacob, came from Fleckero, Norway, arriving on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), May 24, 1630.

GOWEY.—Salomon Abelse, born in Amsterdam, was a carpenter at Beverwyck, and had sons, Jacob and Jan, living there in 1668.

GRASMEER.—Wilhelmus, son-in-law of Dominie Megapolensis, pastor of the Dutch church in Rensselaerswyck, sailed from Holland shortly after Apr. 16, 1650, and preached in the Patroon's colony in 1650; returned to Holland, November, 1651.

GRAUW.—Leendert Arentse, had a child, Gysbertje, baptised in Albany, May 19, 1689.

GRIJLRADE.—Henricus, of New Amsterdam, married Sara Sanders at Albany, May 4, 1686, and their child, Lysbeth, baptised there, Dec. 25, 1686; but later ones in New York City.

GROENENDYCK.—Johannes, son of Pieter, of New Amsterdam, and baptised there, March 24, 1675; but came to Albany, where he was sheriff in 1698; married Delia Cuyler, daughter of Hendrick Cuyler, of Albany, the progenitor of that family, Sept. 19, 1694.

GROENWOUT.—Jurien Janse, was in Beverwyck in 1662, where he was a licensed butcher in 1670, and bought land.

GROESBECK.—Nicolaas Jacobse, came from Rotterdam, Holland, and in 1662, was a carpenter of Beverwyck, with house on west side of Pearl, the second north of Maiden Lane.

GROOT.—Symon Symonse, was in employ of Dutch West India Co. at Beverwyck in 1654, and became one of first settlers of Schenectady.

GYSBERTSEN.—Lubbert, came from Blaricum, near Naarden, Province of North Holland, sailing with wife, Divertgen Cornelise, and three sons, Gysbert, Theus and Jan, on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), May, 1634; wheelwright, under contract with Patroon K. Van Rensselaer.

HALENBECK.—Caspar Jacobse, was in Beverwyck in 1654, and died there about August, 1703, leaving sons Isaac and Jan.

HANSEN.—Capt. "Hans" (Johannes), came to Beverwyck as trader; married Eva Gillise there, Apr. 26, 1643; resided on east side Broadway, not far south of Maiden Lane, and was dead in 1697; his son, Hendrick, married Debora Van Dam at Beverwyck, Sept. 21, 1692, and was Mayor of Albany, 1698-99. Volckert Hansen (or Jansen), see Douw, as he was later called.

HARDENBERGH.—Gerrit Janse (Herttenberch), was in Beverwyck as early as 1677, and in 1690 owned a sloop, "Royal Albany."

HARDING.—Frank, resided at Claverack; married Catrine Jansen Van Hoesen, and their daughter, Gertrude, was baptised Jan. 17, 1692.

HARMENSEN.—Robert, arrived on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck" at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, and his account in Rensselaerswyck began Apr. 17, 1637; employed by Gerrit de Reux in splitting wood, thatching and grinding. Marten Harmensen was in Rensselaerswyck as early as Jan. 12, 1651; possibly the same as Marten de Metselaer, or a mason, as early as May 25, 1647.

HARRIS.—Jan, born in England; married La-bet Chase, and their first child, Maria,

was baptised at Beverwyck, Nov. 22, 1685, as were many others of their children.

HARTGERS.—Pieter (Hartgerts, Hartgars, Hartgras, Hertgers), recorded at Rensselaerswyck Nov. 1, 1644; had a brewery in 1646; joint lessee of Papsanee Island, near Albany, 1653; was a magistrate; married Sytje Roeloffse, daughter of Anneke Jans.

HEEMSTRAAT.—Takel Dirckse (van Heemstraaten), had a son, Dirck Takelse, of Half-Moon, north of Albany, who married Claartje Quackenbos, Albany, Nov. 3, 1700.

HELMES.—Jan (Helms, Helmsen, Helmesen, Helmichsen), came from Barlt, Schleswig-Holstein, Prussia, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; drew wages at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 13, 1642; rented farm at Bethlehem, Albany co., 1650-58.

HENDRICKSEN.—Andries, born at Otmars, in Twent; resided in Kinderhook, and made will Jan. 5, 1681. Dirck Hendricksen came from Hilversum, North Holland, arriving on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644; also known as Dirck Goijer, or Goyer; went to Rensselaerswyck as farm laborer, and removed to Catskill in 1652. Gerrit Hendricksen came from Nykerck, Gelderland, sailing on "den Calmer Sleutel" from the Texel, December, 1637; aged 15 then; shoemaker; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 2, 1641. Hendrick Hendricksen (van Harstenhorst) was a baker at Beverwyck in 1656, and was dead Sept. 23, 1662. Marten Hendricksen came from Hamelwoerden, Hanover, on "den Harinck" ("The Herring"), arriving at New Amsterdam, July 7, 1639; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 14, 1639, as farm hand under Michiel Jans, and had interest in brewery at Greenbush with Evert Pels, in 1651; may be same as Marten Hendrickse Verbeeck. Pieter Hendricksen came on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), in 1630, from Soest, either in Province of Utrecht or in Westphalia; engaged in that year as shepherd or plowboy, to serve four years. Rutger Hendricksen came from same place at same time, was a farmer on Castle Island, south of Albany city; appointed schout in 1632; but did not qualify. Robbert Hendricksen sailed on "The Unity" from the Texel, May, 1634, engaged in furnishing stockade posts for the farm on Castle Island.

HENYPOT.—Symon Jans, came from Munickendam, sailing on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1638; in Rensselaerswyck in 1639.

HESELINGH.—Dirck, was in Albany in 1666, subsequently in Schenectady, where he bought a bonwerie in 1671 from Jurien Teun-

ise Tappen, which he sold next year to Harmen Velder, and bought land at Lubberde's land, or Troy, N. Y.

HEVICK.—Jacob, born in Mecklenburg; was employed on de Vlackte farm beginning with 1646; rented house and garden opposite Castle Island, March 3, 1649-1655, and in company with Reyndert Pieterse bought Pieter Bronck's house, lot and brewery in 1666. The name was also spelled "Hevingh."

HIGGINS.—Thomas (Higgens, Higgs, Heggens, alias Compeer), worked on de Vlackte farm at Rensselaerswyck in 1647, in employ of Thomas Chambers; removed to Catskill about 1650.

HILTEN.—Willem (or Hilton), married Anna Berkhoven at Beverwyck, Apr. 6, 1693. The progenitor of the Hilton family in America was probably Edward Hilton, who left Durham, Eng., settling at Dover, N. H., 1623.

HOFFMAN.—Marten, was a saddler from Revel; married a second wife, Emmerentje De Witte, of Emberland, in New Amsterdam, May 16, 1664, although resident of Beverwyck, 1662-76.

HOFFMEYER.—Willem, was fined 500 guilders in 1656 for transporting beer from New Amsterdam to Beverwyck and selling it to Indians; had to remove to latter place in 1657.

HOLLAND.—Capt. Henry, was probably in Albany before 1700, for he married Jenny Sehly, and their child, Mary, was baptised there, Feb. 9, 1701, he residing on west corner of Broadway and Beaver st., 1713-17, and commanding the garrison at Albany in 1732. His son, Edward, was 18th Mayor of Albany, Oct. 24, 1733—Oct. 30, 1740, appointed by Gov. Crosby.

HOND.—Willem (or Hunt), was born in London, Eng.; married Gertrude Gerritse Van Schoonhoven at Albany, Oct. 27, 1700, and their four children were born there.

HONDECOUTRE.—Daniel, came to Beverwyck from New Amsterdam as a trader, living there 1661-73.

HOOGEBROOM.—Cornelis Pieterse, a tile and brick-baker, came to New Amsterdam in 1656; had a son living in Beverwyck in 1657, and went there himself in 1660.

HOOGHERKE.—Lucas Lucase, married at Beverwyck (first) Hendrickje Janse, Feb. 10, 1686; (second) Judik Marselis, at Albany, Nov. 23, 1692.

HOOGHEEELING.—Matthys, was in Beverwyck in 1676, then aged 32 years; died there in 1706, and his son, Coenraad, married Tryntje Willemsen Van Slyck there, in 1688.

HUN.—Harmen Tomase, was the son of Tomas Hun, and came to Beverwyck, from Amersfoort, Holland, in 1661; married at Be-

verwyck, in 1661, Catalyntje Berck (or Berex) who was born in 1625, and died at Albany, April 14, 1693, while he was living there as late as 1703. Their son, Thomas Harmense, was born at Albany, Oct. 2, 1668, and married Mayeke Oothout, Albany, Nov. 20, 1692. They had four children, born in Albany up to June 9, 1700, hence three generations at Albany previous to year 1700.

HUNT.—Willem, same as Willem Hond.

HUYBERTSEN.—Adriaen, arrived on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, and is credited in Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 8, 1637; worked for Cornelis Teunise; rented farm from Rutger Jacobs, on 5th creek, in 1652. Jan Huybertsen arrived on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644, and was a tailor at Rensselaerswyck.

HUYCK.—Andries Hanse (or Huyk or Huygh), resided in Kinderhook before 1700, probably previously at Albany, as in his old age he made his will, Aug. 23, 1705; his second son, Lambert, resided in Albany, where he married Anna Ratcliffe (Radcliff), Aug. 28, 1707.

JACOBSEN.—Aert, occupied a farm at Bethlehem, Albany co., as early as 1648; then leased one in Greenbush, opposite Albany, north of that of Cornelis Hendricksen Van Nes; removed to Esopus, about 1661. Caspar Jacobsen obtained lease of house-lot at Rensselaerswyck in 1651. Cornelis Jacobsen came from Martensdyck, near Utrecht, engaged as farm laborer for Rutger Hendricksen, on Rensselaers Burg. Frans Jacobsen testified at Rensselaerswyck in 1649 to being 17 years old, and may have been De Bruyn. Jan Jacobsen sailed from the Texel on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), May, 1634, and was farm hand under Brant Peelen on Castle Island. Nijs Jacobsen sailed from the Texel on "den Waterhondt," June, 1640; began service at Rensselaerswyck, Sept. 4, 1640. Rutger Jacobsen came from Schoonrewoerd (commonly written in records "Schoonderwoert," from which the name in Albany, "Van Woert") South Holland, arriving on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; began service in Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 8, 1637, on farm of Cornelis Teunis; engaged as foreman on the Great Flat, Feb. 9, 1643; lessee of farm on the 5th Creek from Jan. 1, 1645, and rented sawmill thereon in 1654; owned a yacht about 1648; authorized to brew beer in 1650. Teunis Jacobsen came from Hamersvelt, Utrecht, when 20 years old, contracting with Jeremias Van Rensselaer, at Amsterdam, June 14, 1656, to sail on "the Otter," to do farm work at Rensselaerswyck.

JANSEN.—This name is equivalent to John-son, or "son of John." It appears written "Ian" with any sort of a fanciful pen scroll following the last letter, in order to indicate "Jan, son of Jan," and simply another form of Johannes, or contraction of it. It is therefore possible to write out this scroll, indicative of possession, as Jans, Janse, or Jansen. It may be more clearly understood by remembering that the English, in olden times, wrote "John his book," which became after a while the custom to write "John's book." Doubtless many have desired to know in what form to write the name which has often appeared as "Anneke Jansen," so as to follow her own form; but one could simply write "Ian" or "Jan," and follow it with a flourish. The following names appear variously as Jans, Janse and Jansen on the old records; but it would be correct to treat them all as "Jansen." In any event, it would merely depend on which particular signature is selected, for the same man wrote it differently at various times. Adriaen Jansen was schoolmaster, appears recorded at Beverwyck, Nov. 23, 1651; still so employed in 1657, and possibly was same as Adriaen Jansen Croon. Adriaen Jansen came from Leyden, alias "Appel"; was in Rensselaerswyck as early as 1649; bought house and brewery, Feb. 19, 1655; tavern-keeper in 1656. Albert Jansen came from Amsterdam, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; carpenter; recorded at Rensselaerswyck that year as building a house for Dominie Megapolensis. Antony Jansen was court-messenger of Beverwyck in 1662; innkeeper at Beverwyck, 1662-68. Arent Jansen was a master carpenter, in employ of Dutch West India Co. at Fort Orange in 1641, and bought southeast corner Broadway and Maiden Lane, in 1667. Barent Jansen came on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), in 1630, on the sailing list as from Desens, in another place as from Esen, to be farmer for Brant Peelen. Broer Jansen had a child, Heyltje, baptised at Beverwyck, Apr. 19, 1685. Claes Jansen came from Waelwyck, North Brabant, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, and was in Rensselaerswyck until 1649. Claes Jansen came from Breda, North Brabant, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; recorded then as a boy in service of Adriaen Van der Donck at Rensselaerswyck. Claes Jansen came from Nykerck, Gelderland, sailing from Texel, Holland, December, 1637, then aged 17; a tailor, at Rensselaerswyck. Claes Jansen came from Bockhoven, North Brabant, also mentioned as Claes de Braebander; appeared at the Rensselaerswyck

court in 1651. Cornelis Jansen was first recorded in Rensselaerswyck, Sept. 9, 1648. Dirck Jansen came from Edam, North Holland, on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, and was charged on accounts at Rensselaerswyck, May 9, 1637; chosen member of the council of the colony the same year; was deceased May 29, 1643. Evert Jansen, tailor, was at New Amsterdam as early as February, 1643; granted permission to reside at Rensselaerswyck, Oct. 13, 1648, provided he build house and obtained a lot, Nov. 7, 1651. Gerrit Jansen married Maritje Louys (or Lewis), and had daughter, Antje, baptised at Albany, Feb. 12, 1693. Jacob Jansen came from Amsterdam on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; carpenter; charged on accounts at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 2, 1637; employed by Arent Van Culer in 1641, to do copying. Jacob Jansen came from Nordstrand, island off Schleswig, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, and was employed at Rensselaerswyck that year, by Cornelis Hendrickse Van Nes. Jacob Jansen came from Stoutenburch, Utrecht; recorded in Rensselaerswyck as farmer on de Vlakte, June 18, 1648. Jacobus (same as James) Jansen was living in Greenbush, opposite Albany, in 1663. Laurens Jansen lived, with his wife, Styntje Pieterse, on a farm on the 5th creek at Rensselaerswyck, January, 1650. Marten Jansen married Jannetje Mingael and had a daughter, Maritje, born at Beverwyck, Dec. 27, 1685. Marten Jansen married Jannetje Cornelise and had a daughter, Maritje, baptised at Beverwyck, Feb. 1, 1685. Michiel Jansen came from Schrabbeckercke, Zealand, sailing from the Texel, Holland, arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1638; foreman of farmers at Rensselaerswyck in that year. Paulus Jansen came from Geerttruydenbergh, North Brabant, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; wages began as "young man," at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 13, 1642. Paulus Jansen came from Hoorn, North Holland, also known at Pieter Jansen de Boer and Pieter de Boer, or farmer; first recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Dec. 17, 1648. Paulus Jansen came from Corinchen, South Holland; testified at Rensselaerswyck, Jan. 20, 1651, as to witnessing event there in 1649. Remmer Jansen came from Jever, Oldenburg, a smith, at New Amsterdam in 1638; on Long Island in 1643; leased garden at Rensselaerswyck, May, 1650. Roelof Jansen came on ship "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), arriving at New Amsterdam, May 24, 1630, from Masterland (Marstrand, on

coast of Sweden) in company with his wife, Annetje Jans, also with his daughters, Sara and Trijntje (or Tryntje) and another child; was a farmer on de Laets Burg, near Albany and was appointed "schepen," July 1, 1632. Steven Jansen was a master carpenter, coming from New Amsterdam to Rensselaerswyck, July, 1649. Tomas Jansen came from Bunick, near Utrecht, on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; farm hand; began service at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 8, 1637; occupied a farm there from May 1, 1646; rented farm on east side of the Hudson, from May 1, 1655.

JOICHEMSE.—Hendrick, was in Rensselaerswyck, 1654-69; lieutenant of the Burgher Company; had lot northeast corner Broadway and State st.

JONASEN.—Jacob, recorded in Rensselaerswyck, June 12, 1643.

KALF.—Claes, was in Rensselaerswyck about 1647, and was son-in-law of Brant Peelen, who operated a farm on Castle Island, below Albany.

KEILER.—(Cuijler), see Cuyler.

KETTEL.—Jochem (Kettelhuyn, Kettelheym, Kettelheun, Kuttelheym), came from Cremyn (or Kremmin), near Stettin, Pomerania, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; began service as farmer in Rensselaerswyck under Andries de Vos, Aug. 13, 1642, and from Sept. 20, 1646, to Apr. 20, 1648, was employed on de Vlakte farm; took over part of lease of farm of Evert Pels, in Greenbush, Jan. 14, 1649; also had lot on west corner Broadway and Maiden Lane, Albany.

KIDNEY.—Jan (Cittene), came from Barbados; married Maritje Roeloffse van den Werke, May 1, 1698, and had son, Roeloff, baptised at Albany, June 7, 1700.

KIP.—Abraham, married Geesie Van der Heyden, Albany, Oct. 16, 1687; resided south corner of Maiden Lane and North Pearl st.

KLAUW.—Frans Pieterse; see Clauw.

KLEYN.—Elderick, was in Beverwyck, with wife, in 1657; town herder of cattle, 1667-69. Jolianne Kleyn resided in Schenectady; married daughter of Ludovicus Cobes, and had child, Weyntje, baptised at Albany, Jan. 23, 1684.

KLOMP.—Jacob Symonsen, took oath of fealty to the Patroon, at Rensselaerswyck, Nov. 28, 1651, and rented a lot next to Steven Jansen's, Feb. 1, 1652.

KNICKERBACKER.—Wouter, resided in Albany, where he married Elizabeth Fonda, Jan. 9, 1735, and died at Saratoga (now Schuylerville), N. Y., Aug. 8, 1797, aged nearly 95

years. The name, signifying baker of marbles or small clay toys, was later more commonly written Knickerbocker.

KNIKKELBAKKER.—Harmen Janse, came from Wye; married Lysbeth Janse Bogart, and had children baptised in Albany: Cornelis, Sept. 2, 1688; Cornelis, Jan. 6, 1692; Cornelia, July 21, 1695; Evert, Sept. 3, 1699; Pieter, Apr. 19, 1702.

KOIJEMANS.—Barent Pieterse; see Coeymans.

KOORENBEURS.—Jacob, had a daughter, Catalyntje, baptised in Albany, Aug. 26, 1683.

KOSTER.—Hendrick; see Coster.

KOORN.—Nicolaas; see Coorn.

KUIJPER.—Gerrit Janse; see Cuyper.

KUYPER.—Evert Janse, was in Willemstadt (Albany), 1675-1725.

LABATIE.—Jean, also known on records as Jan Labaddie, was a native of France and consequently his name was sometimes written "Johan Labatie fransman"; arrived on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; journeyman carpenter; began service at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 2, 1637, for the Patroon; received permission, June 15, 1647, from West India Co., to erect a house in Fort Orange, and to brew therein; was referred to as being in charge of the fort, in 1649; married Jillesje (or Jellice) Claes Swits, of Schenectady.

LAMBERTSEN.—Cornelis, came from Doorn, near Utrecht, Holland, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; but although he sailed with Dominie Megapolensis, with expectation of continuing to Rensselaerswyck, his name does not appear in the colony, and probably remained in Manhattan.

LANSING.—Gerrit Frederickse (Lansing, Lansinck), was son of Frederick Lansing, came from Hassel, near Zwoll, Province of Overysse, Holland, to New Amsterdam, with his three sons and three daughters, and probably settled in Rensselaerswyck about 1650. Gerritt F. Lansing was probably dead before Oct. 3, 1679, when his children executed a joint conveyance. Gerrit, the oldest child, was a baker, and had nine children, living in Albany, the last of whom was baptised Jan. 20, 1689.

LASSING.—Pieter Pieterse (Lassingh), ran away from his master, Volckert Janse Douw, in 1659, to Hartford, Conn.; purchased a brewery of Harmen Rutgers at northeast corner Broadway and State st., Albany, in 1675, in company with Goosen Gerritse Van Schaick; was at Esopus in 1685; his son, Pieter, born in Albany, married there, Cornelia Rees, of Claverack, Oct. 28, 1704.

LAURENSEN.—Laurens (Laurence), came

from Copenhagen on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), sailing in July, 1531; engaged to erect a sawmill at Rensselaerswyck.

LEENDERTSEN.—Willem, was referred to as "Willem leenertsz geelgieter" and as "Willem de geelgieter," or brass-founder; was employed on de Vlackte farm in Rensselaerswyck, from July 1, 1647. The name would signify Leonardson.

LEIPENARD.—Anthony, a baker at Beverwyck; leasing that of Jan Rinckhout, in 1670, with permit to bake for both Christians and Indians; made will Apr. 2, 1685.

LEVY.—Asser, a Hebrew trader of New Amsterdam, who owned a house and lot and did business in Beverwyck, 1661-65.

LEWIS.—Tames (Luwes), married Mary French and probably resided in Albany previous to 1700, as their child, Tames, was baptised there, Nov. 19, 1707.

LIEVENS.—Jans, conveyed his house and plantation of 25 morgens, near Hell Gate, to Andries Andriessen, in 1657, and removed to Beverwyck. Harmen, probably his son, had a farm on Van Schaick's Island, at mouth of Mohawk river, in 1681; married Maritje Ten-nise, and had these children, baptised there or in Albany: Tomas, Feb. 24, 1684; Egbertje, Apr. 2, 1686; Pieter, Dec. 15, 1689; Rachel, Jan. 13, 1692.

LIVINGSTON.—Robert, was the son of a Scotch clergyman, and for political reasons removed to Holland; came to Albany in 1674, and in March, 1675, bought land "on the hill," at the northwest corner of State and Pearl streets; appointed secretary of Albany, September, 1675, serving until 1721; married Alida Schuyler, Albany, 1679, she being widow of Rev. Nicolaas Van Rensselaer, who died November, 1678; petitioned for his first tract of land near Roelof Jansen's kill, Claverack, which was granted Nov. 12, 1680, and secured a deed for larger tract from Mohegan Indians, dated July 12, 1683, which patent was granted by Dongan Nov. 4, 1684.

LOCK.—Claes Hendrickse, was in Albany in 1665; owned a sloop in 1674; master of sloop "Sarah," plying Albany to New York City in 1684; married Cuietje Hendricksen, widow, at New York, in 1671.

LODEWYCKSEN.—Thomas, a carpenter at Rensselaerswyck in partnership with Reynier Wisselpenningh; recovered 270 guilders in suit brought for building the baptistry, in 1658; built a sloop in 1661.

LOOKERMANS.—Jacob and Pieter Janse, two brothers, settled in Beverwyck. Jacob was there as early as 1657; commissioner to make peace treaty between Mohawk and Northern Indians, in 1664. Pieter came there

in 1656; boatswain for Dutch West India Co., in 1658. A third brother, Govert, remained in New Amsterdam, and was skipper of the "Good Hope," on which Coorn fired when the vessel was passing Rensselaerssteyn, stone fort of castle, on Beeren Island, 14 miles south of Albany, July 1, 1644, because Peter Stuyvesant's man refused to dip his colors in recognition of the staple right of Van Rensselaer.

LOVERIDGE.—William, a hatter; bought house from Pieter Jacobse Borsboom on east side of Broadway (where crossed when Hudson ave. was opened), Albany, 1671; owned farm at Catskill, 1680.

LUBBERTSON.—Gerrit, came from New York city; married Alida Evertsen, Albany, March 12, 1684, and their three children baptised there, up to March 4, 1688.

LUYCASSEN.—Evert, a baker at Beverwyck in 1657; bought land from Indians at Kinderhook, 1655, which he sold to Jacob Janse Gardenier, 1677.

LUYERSEN.—Jacob, was in Rensselaerswyck before Oct. 19, 1651.

LYDIUS.—Dominie Johannes, arrived in Albany from Holland with Dominie Barnhardus Freeman, July 20, 1700, officiating in Dutch church until his death, March 1, 1710.

MAAT.—Jacob Hendrickse, innkeeper at Beverwyck; farmer of the excise in 1654; had alias "van Loosereght."

MAESEN.—Cornelis, came from Buurmalsen, Province of Gelderland, sailing from the Texel, Holland, on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), July, 1631; engaged by Patroon Van Rensselaer as laborer, for three years. Possibly this name was corrupted into "Mason."

MANGELSE.—Jan, was in Beverwyck as early as 1657.

MARINUS.—Willem, resided in Schenectady; married Baata Klein, and their child, Maria, was baptised at Albany, June 19, 1709. He was probably citizen of Albany before going there.

MARSELIS.—Hendrick, was one of Melyn's colonists of Staten Island, arriving on the "New Netherland's Fortune," 1650; had grant of land at Beverwyck, in 1654, and located there; removed to Kinderhook, 1673. Janse Van Bommel Marselis was born at Bommel, Gelderland, Hol.; early settler at Beverwyck; farmer of the excise, 1655; died before 1700. Gysbert Marselis, shoemaker, bought house on east corner of Maiden Lane and Pearl st., Albany, from Gerrit Van Slechtenhorst, 1680; buried, Albany, June 8, 1740.

MEBIE.—Jan Pieterse, removed to Schenectady; married Antje Pieterse Borsboom, and

had three children baptised in Albany up to
 Apr. 10, 1663.

MEGAPOLENSIS.—Dominie Johannes, was a minister at Schoorl and Bergen, near Alkmaar, Province of North Holland; entered into contract with Patroon Kiliaen Van Rensselaer at Amsterdam, Apr. 6, 1642, to preach in his colony; sailed on "den Houttuyn," from the Texel, June, 1642, with wife and four children; arrived at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; serving from August 13, 1642, until summer of 1649, and appears to have lived in the grenen bosch, or Pine Woods, and as the village opposite Albany, on east bank of the Hudson, was so called (Greenbush), it may be that he resided over there, which idea is strongly advocated by State Archivist A. J. van Laer, who also states that his real name was probably "Grootstadt," for in Kieft's letter of Sept. 11, 1642, he is mentioned as "Do'e Grootstedius."

MENSEN.—Marcus, came from Culenburgh, or Cuylenborch, Gelderland, arriving on "den Soutberg," April, 1633; engaged as farm-boy, aged 17, by Brant Peelen.

METSCLAER.—Harmen, was a mason at Albany in 1666; died there in 1667. Marten Metselaer (or De Metselaer) wounded Pieter Jacobse Borsboom in a fight at Beverwyck, in 1657, and was confined in the stocks. Teunis Teunise De Metselaer came to Rensselaerswyck in 1641; married Egbertien Egbertse, and made will Aug. 7, 1685.

MEULEWELS.—Jacques, testified at Rensselaerswyck, March 4, 1649.

MEYNTEN.—Willem, arrived at New Amsterdam on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," Aug. 4, 1638; began service at Rensselaerswyck as farm laborer, Aug. 14, 1638; carted the stone for house of Dominie Megapolensis. Probably a name similar to Minturn.

MICHELSEN.—Jan (or Michaels), came from Edam, North Holland, arriving with his son on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1638; a tailor; was able to own his own house at Rensselaerswyck in 1651, in which place he located late in 1638; married Tryntje Jansen, who died in 1665; he left descent.

MILNEGON.—Thomas, was born in England; public carman; married Tryntje Wendell at Albany, Sept. 17, 1699.

MOL.—Jacobus (or James), married Lydia Winne at Albany, and their child, Engelkje, was baptised there, Apr. 16, 1704; removed to New York.

MOOR.—Richard, born in the West Indies, married Geesje Janse Salzbergen (Salisbury), Nov. 3, 1700, and residing a time in Albany.

MORRIS.—Frans, married Zytje Matthys

Hooghteeling, and had two children baptised in Albany: Lysbeth, June 7, 1691; Maria, Oct. 23, 1692.

MULDER.—Jan Pieterse, soldier in service of Dutch West India Co., at Beverwyck, 1660-61; at Esopus, 1663.

MULLER.—Cornelis Stephense, was in Greenbush (Rensselaer), N. Y., 1663; in Claverack, 1720; owned large lot on west side of Broadway, north of Maiden Lane, Albany; married Hillette Loockermans, and had ten children born there, previous to 1700. Jeremias Muller lived at Claverack, and married Lysbeth Halenbeck, Feb. 10, 1705, at Albany. Probably the name then was same as Mueller, or Miller.

MYNDERSE.—Barent, was a master shoemaker in Beverwyck as early as 1659, and died about 1669, when Pieter Vosburg administered his estate. It is unknown that he left a family. Myndert and Carsten Frederickse, two brothers, were smiths, came from Iveren, hence some of the descendants assumed the name "Van Iveren"; owned house at north-west corner Broadway and State street, Albany. Myndert was the elder of the Lutheran church and Carsten the deacon, in 1680. Myndert was armorer to the fort in 1697; married (first) Catharyn Burchharts (or Burger), New Amsterdam, Aug. 5, 1656; (second) Pietertje Teunise Van Vechten, 1663; had five children living at date of will, 1704; and some of his children took the name Myndertse (later becoming Mynderse), others the name Van Iveren or Van Yveren. Carsten married Tryntje Warner, had four children, who were known by surname Frederickse, later as Fredericks, and died about 1690. Their descendants are to be found mainly in Schenectady and New York City.

N.A.K.—Jan, a trader and gunstocker at Beverwyck; married Catharina Roomers, in New Amsterdam, Oct. 28, 1663; had son, Matthys, and died Dec. 12, 1708.

NANNINCKS.—Geertje (Nanning), came with her son and daughter on "den Coninck David," from Holland, in 1641, settling in Rensselaerswyck.

NIJSSEN.—Wolf, known also as Wolphert Nys, or Nijs, came from t'Stiff, bishopric of Utrecht, and bound himself, June 15, 1643, to serve Evert Pels at Rensselaerswyck, the latter having farm at Greenbush.

NOBEL.—Willem, married Maritje Pieterse, and had son, Willem, born at Albany, Feb. 14, 1692. The name probably same as Noble. Thomas Noble married Catharine Morris and had son, David, baptised at Albany, March 8, 1704.

NOLDEN.—Evert, accorded permit to be

schoolmaster at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 30, 1648.

NOTTINGHAM.—William, a trader in Albany, 1674-76; removed to Kingston, N. Y., where he was living in 1722.

NOXON.—Tomas, married Gertrude Hoogeboom at Albany, Dec. 23, 1691, and had child, Alida, baptised there, Apr. 1, 1694. May be same family as Nixon.

OOSTERUM.—Gerrit Willemse, came to Beverwyck in 1631.

OOTHOUT.—Jan Janse (Oothoet), brewer in Greenbush (Rensselaer), N. Y., came to Albany as early as 1665, and had children: Hendrick, Johannes, Adriaen, Mayke, Antje and Jannetje, when he made will, March 13, 1688. The son, Hendrick, was a surveyor of Albany in 1700, and married Caatje Volckertse Douw, Albany, Apr. 30, 1684. The son, Johannes, married Aeltje Evertse, Albany, May 5, 1689. The son, Adriaen, married Lammertje Loockermans, Albany, Nov. 3, 1700. Similar to the name "Ootland," which was also used then.

ORCHARD.—Robert, was in Albany before 1671, for on May 31st, he and his wife, Jannetje Donckertse, conveyed land at Kinderhook to Lourens Van Alen and others.

OSTRANDER.—Pieter, lived in Albany about 1700, or earlier; married Rachel Dingmans, and they had son, Petrus, baptised in Albany, Feb. 6, 1709. Arent Ostrander married Gertrude Van Bloemendaal, and had son, Petrus, baptised in Albany, Oct. 7, 1711.

OTTEN.—Helmer, came from Isens (Essen?) was a baker in Beverwyck, 1663-1676, when he died; married Ariaantje Arentse Bratt; conveyed his lot on north corner of Pearl and State sts., Albany, to Dominie Nicolaas Van Rensselaer, in 1675.

OTTERSPOOR.—Aert, was living at Bethlehem in 1649, Albany co., on arrival was known simply as Aert Aertse van Otterspoor, a place in Utrecht.

OUDEKERK.—Jan Janse, a cooper in Beverwyck as early as 1664; resided on north side of State st., in 1692. Johannes Ouderkerk married Neeltje Claase, widow of Hendrick Gardenier, at Albany, May 20, 1695. Isaac Ouderkerk was living in Albany when he married Mayke Van Nes, May 3, 1696; at Kinderhook, in 1709, and at Half-Moon, in 1720.

OWENS.—Owen, might have been in Albany before 1700, as he married Maria Wendell there, June 10, 1704. His name written also "Oyje," and "Oyjens"; "geboren tot Cork in Ierlandt."

PAPENDORE.—Adriaen Gerritse, was in Rensselaerswyck, probably in 1634; magis-

trate; married Jannetje Croon; will made, Oct. 7, 1688.

PARKER.—Sergt. William, owned lot on the hill at Albany, which he sold to Dirck Albertse Bradt (or Bratt) and Ryck Claese (Van Vranken) in 1671.

PARS.—Matthys, also known as Puis, was in Kingston, 1701; came to Albany; married Tanna Winne there, Nov. 1, 1701; child, Adam, baptised there, Jan. 13, 1706; removed to Kinderhook that year.

PASTOOR.—Frans Barentse, a brewer, one of Beverwyck's magistrates in 1654.

PAUWELSEN.—Jurien (Pouwelsen, Powell, Pauwesen, Poulsen and Poulis), came from Sleswyck, or Schleswig, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, and recorded in Rensselaerswyck as farm hand (boy), Aug. 13, 1642; was servant of Michiel Jansen, July, 1644.

PEARSE.—Nehemiah, bought house on the hill at Albany, from Evert Janse Wendell, in 1675, and sold it to Samuel Holman, in 1676. The name allied with Parse, Parson, Peersen and Pierson.

PEEK.—Jan (also written Peeck), innkeeper of New Amsterdam; removed to Beverwyck where he sold two houses to Johannes Dyckman in 1655; Peekskill creek takes name from him, as owner of land there; married Maria Volchers (widow of Cornelis Volckertse), in New Amsterdam, Feb. 20, 1650; their son, Jacobus (or James), was born in New Amsterdam, Jan. 16, 1656, and had a son, Ludovicus, born in Schenectady, baptised July 14, 1686; hence three generations in the colony previous to 1700.

PEELEN.—Brant (also written Brandt), came from Nykerck, sailing on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), arriving at New Amsterdam, May 24, 1630; engaged by Patroon Van Rensselaer as a farmer for four years, at 110 florins per annum, and in 1632 was appointed "schepen"; had a farm on Castle Island; married (first) Lubbertje Wouters; (second) Maritje Pieters, the widow of Claes Sybrantsen, and died before May 1, 1644. His descendants known by name of Brandt.

PEEREN.—Wilhelm, married Lysbeth Sickell, and had child, Maria, baptised at Albany, March 1, 1693.

PELS.—Evert, came from Stettin, Pomerania, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642, with wife and servants; engaged by Patroon Van Rensselaer to be brewer at Rensselaerswyck; leased farm on Papscaene Island, Feb. 28, 1647; but after erecting house, turned property over, March 25, 1649, having on the 18th leased a farm on Mill Creek in Greenbush (Rensselaer), New

York; owned a sloop, sending 2,100 beaver-skins to New Amsterdam in 1657; removed to Esopus in 1661; his son, Evert Evertse, married Brechtje Elswaerts, New Amsterdam, Aug. 13, 1670, and their son, Evert Evertsen, married Grietje Van Deusen. New Amsterdam, Sept. 29, 1695; hence three generations in the colony before 1700.

PENNIMAN.—James, bought a lot at Albany from John Cornell (Johannes Cornelis), which he sold to Andries Teller in 1677.

PIETERSEN.—This family name the same as Peterson, Pieters, Peters, and Pieterse. Adriaen Pietersen came from Alkmaar, North Holland province; leased house north of Fort Orange in 1651. Arent Pietersen arrived at New Amsterdam on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," March 4, 1637, and appears on records at Rensselaerswyck as "Arent Pietersz Jongen" (the boy), began service in charge of the granary there, Apr. 3, 1637. Carsten Pietersen came to Rensselaerswyck before 1646. Jacob Pietersen came from Utrecht on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; also recorded at Rensselaerswyck as "Jacob Pieterse van Uijtrecht, alias Veeltje," and as "Jacob Pieterse Veeltje"; engaged there under date Apr. 8, 1637, serving under Brant Peelen on his farm on Castle Island; left the colony before Nov. 16, 1644. Meyer Pietersen was a carpenter at Beverwyck; married Elsie Hendrickse at New Amsterdam, July 6, 1642; bought house at Beverwyck in 1654; died in 1676. Ryndert Pietersen bought Pieter Bronck's brewery at Beverwyck in 1662; died in 1673. Thys Pietersen recorded as being in Rensselaerswyck July 31, 1649.

PIKKART.—Bartholomeus, came to Albany from Leicestershire, Eng., married Aagje Claase, of Schenectady, Nov. 12, 1698. Name similar to Picard.

PLANCK.—Jacob Albertse, came from Edam, Province of North Holland, sailing on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), May, 1634, bound as the "schout" and agent of the Rensselaerswyck colony by contract of March 4, 1634, with Patroon Kiliaen Van Rensselaer at Amsterdam, and although the second person appointed "schout," was probably the first to take the oath and hold court. The name was also written "Plank," and appears as "Verplanck."

PLOEG.—Pieter, was probably in Albany before 1700; married Aeltje Pels there, and their child, Catharina, baptised there, Jan. 25, 1708.

POENTIE.—(or Poentje) Alias for Teunis Cornelis Van Vechten.

POOTMAN.—Victor, removed from Albany

to Schenectady, where he married Grietje Mebie, Dec. 13, 1706. Changed later to Putnam and Putman.

POOV.—Jan, also written Poeij, arrived in New Amsterdam on "den Houttuyn," Aug. 4, 1642, and was sailor of the colony's yacht, "Rensselaerswyck."

POSSI.—Henri, born in England, came to Albany, where he married Antje Hoogetboom, Sept. 10, 1695, and had child, Catriene, born there, baptised Jan. 12, 1697.

POST.—Symon Janse, came to Albany, where he married Jannetje Paulusse, Feb. 11, 1685; their children baptised there; Jan, Nov. 14, 1682; Jan, Jan. 8, 1688; Maritje, Aug. 10, 1690. Elias Post came from Amsterdam, marrying Catalyntje Coninck of Albany, May 6, 1671, in New York City.

POWELL.—Thomas, was sergeant of Dutch West India Co.'s service in Brazil, 1641-1653; came to Beverwyck, 1657, where he owned land, residing there until he died in 1671. Same name as Paulussen; being derived from "son of Paul."

PRETTY.—Richard, was collector of the excise at Albany in 1677, and sheriff, 1678-90; owned lot at west corner Pearl and State sts., Albany, which he sold to wife of Capt. Silvester Salisbury, 1673.

PROVOOST.—Johannes, was clerk at Fort Orange under Johannes De La Montagne; notary public there, 1656 to Nov., 1664, when he became secretary of Albany, until August, 1665, and from October, 1673 to August, 1675; sheriff, 1678; died 1696. Also spelled Prevost and Prevost.

PRUYN.—Johannes Pruyn, came from Amsterdam, Holland, and was enrolled as a burgher of New Amsterdam, Apr. 18, 1657; his son, Frans Janse Pruyn, removed to Albany as early as 1665, and was a tailor.

PUIS.—Matthys; see Pars.

QUACKENBOS.—Pieter, bought Adriaen van Ilpendam's brickyard at Albany, in 1668; had a son, Wouter Pieterse, who married (first) Neeltje Gysbertse; (second) Cornelia Bogart, at Albany, Oct. 4, 1696; his third son, Johannes, removed to Niskayuna, marrying (first) Magtelt Janse Post; (second) Anna Clute, Oct. 20, 1700. Renier (or Reynier) Quackenbos came from Oestgeest, Holland, and married (first) Lysbet Janse, of Flushing, at New Amsterdam, March 2, 1674; (second) Claesje Jacobsen, Sept. 13, 1692, and their children were baptised in Albany. Adriaen Quackenbos resided for a time at Schodack, marrying Catharina Van Schaick, Jan. 18, 1699. The name was also spelled Quackenbush, Quackenbush, and Quackenbosh.

RADCLIFFE.—Jan, was appointed city porter at Albany, in place of Hendrick Marsels, in 1697, and "klockluyer," instead of Hendrick Roseboom, in 1703; married Rachel Lambertse Jochemse Van Valkenburgh, and they had six children born in Albany when William was baptised on Nov. 3, 1700. The name was also written Radclief, Radcliff, Ratecliffe, Rattelief, Redlif and Redliff.

RADEMAECKER.—Jacob Adriaensen, probably came from Hilversum, North Holland, arriving on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644; went to Rensselaerswyck, where he leased land opposite Mill kill, seeded by him in 1648. The surname was given to him after his arrival, being a wheelwright.

REES.—Willem, was a resident of Albany, where he married (first) Catrina Janse; (second) Maria Goewey, and had (baptised) in Albany: Cornelis, Sept. 16, 1685; Benjamin, Feb. 7, 1694; Hendrick, Feb. 16, 1696; Willem, Oct. 31, 1703; was residing in Claverack in 1720. Andries Rees, who resided at Albany and Claverack, married Ariaantje Andries Scherp, Albany, Jan. 1, 1697, and had children born there.

REIMS.—Edward, was victualler to the militia at Albany; made will Sept. 14, 1702.

REUR.—Hendrick Janse, came from Munster, Westphalia; made court messenger at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 18, 1651; obtained lease of lot next to Juriaen Teunisen, Feb. 1, 1652; owned property at Lubberde's land (Troy), and died before Feb. 4, 1664.

REUX.—Gerrit Theusen (or de Reus), arrived on "den Southberg," April, 1633; was a farmer engaged by the Patroon, on Blommaerts kill, near Albany; appointed "schepen" of the colony, and died before Aug. 4, 1639.

REYDT.—Hendrick, resided in Albany, where his son, Jonathan, was born, June 30, 1689.

REYVERS.—Jan, came from Houten, near Utrecht, sailing on "den Waterhondt," from the Texel, June, 1640; began service as farmer at Rensselaerswyck, Sept. 4, 1640; leased Bethlehem Island, immediately south of Albany, March 17, 1650, succeeding Ryckert Rutgersen; died in 1665.

REYNERTSEN.—Barent, a smith, bought lot in Beverwyck in 1657, and lived there until death, 1682, which year he conveyed lot on State st., Albany, to his son-in-law, Joachim Staats.

RINCKHOUT.—Daniel, was born in Pomerania, Prussia; was in Beverwyck as early as 1653, when he owned house on south corner Broadway and Exchange st.; died in 1662, aged 32, and left his house and all property

to his brother, Jan, a baker, also living there.

RODGERS.—William, was probably in Albany before 1700, as a soldier in Capt. James Weems' company; married Mary Johnson, of Boston, July 3, 1706.

ROELOFFSE.—Jan, son of Anneke Jans by her first husband, Roeloff Jansen, came from Holland on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), with his parents, arriving at New Amsterdam, May 24, 1630, having lived previously at Marstrand, on coast of Sweden. See Jansen and Bogardus.

ROESO.—Frans; see Roos.

ROLANTSEN.—Adam, schoolmaster at Beverwyck in 1639, afterwards in New Amsterdam. Name same as Rolandson.

ROMVILLE.—Antoine, said to have been born "tot Vienne," was probably in Albany before 1700, marrying Heyltje Dekker there, Feb. 8, 1707.

ROOS.—Johannes, son of Gerrit Janse Roos, had a wife named Cornelia, and he died at Albany in 1695; their children baptised there: Catrina, Oct. 7, 1683; Cornelia, May 6, 1688; Jacobus (or James), March 29, 1689. Possibly same family as of Frans Roeso, or Rousseau, who was born in Flanders, resided in Albany, and married Maria Palsin, Apr. 11, 1758. Isaac Rosa married Marytje Van Vranken, Albany, Nov. 22, 1763. Jan Rosie was an early settler in Albany, and was buried there in 1709.

ROSIE.—Jan.—See Roos.

ROSEBOOM.—Hendrick Janse, a trader, "voorlezer" and sexton, has suit in court against an "interloping grave-digger of the Lutheran church" in 1674; owned house on northeast corner of No. Pearl and Columbia sts., through which land the stockades passed in 1677, hence the opening called "Roseboom's Gate"; married Gysbertje Lansing, and their son, Johannes, was a trader, marrying Gerritje Coster, Albany, Nov. 18, 1688.

ROUSSEAU.—Frans.—See Roos.

RUMNEY.—Jonathan, born in London, Eng., came to Albany, where he married Johanna Van Curler, Nov. 17, 1707, and died there, Sept. 16, 1722; their child, Robert, baptised at Albany, Oct. 30, 1709.

RUTGERS.—Rijk (Richard), arrived at New Amsterdam on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," Aug. 4, 1638; recorded as farm laborer at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 16, 1638, and leased Bethlehem Is., south of Albany, Nov. 29, 1648. Rutger Jacobsen and Teunis Jacobsen, brothers, came from Schoonderwoert and settled early in Beverwyck, each originating distinct families at different localities. The former's descendants were known as Rutgers, settling in and near New York city. The lat-

ter's family became known as Van Schoenderwoert, or simply as Van Woert, settling in Albany county. Rutger Jacobsen, also known as Rut Van Woert, was a man of influence and wealth, serving long as magistrate in Beverwyck; owned a sloop; dealt in lots; owned in part both Mohicander's and Constatpel Islands; bought Jacob Janse Van Noorstrant's brewery on north side of Beaver st., Albany, in 1654; died in 1665; married Tryntje Janse Van Breestede, New Amsterdam, June 3, 1646, and their son, Harmen Rutgers, born at Beverwyck, soon after his father's arrival, was a brewer, still living there in 1720. Antony Rutgers, son of the latter, was a baker, admitted freeman in New York, 1699; married Hendrickje Vandewater, New York, Dec. 30, 1694. Hermanus Rutgers (second son of latter, Harmen), was a brewer, admitted freeman, New York, 1696; married Catharina Myer, New York, Dec. 25, 1706.

RYUTING.—Gerrit Janse, had a child, Louys (or Lewis), baptised at Albany, June 22, 1690.

RYCKMANN.—Harmen Janse, was a resident of Albany, 1666-1677. Jan Janse Ryckmann resided in Beverwyck, where he died before 1663, when his widow, Tryntje Janse, married Eldert Gerbertse Cruyff; had a son, Capt. Albert Janse Ryckmann, born before 1663 at Beverwyck, a brewer, residing near southwest cor. Broadway and Hudson ave., formerly owned by Pieter Bronck, and was appointed 9th Mayor of Albany, 1702-1703; buried at Albany, Jan. 12, 1737. His son, Pieter, was a tailor, married Cornelia Keteltas, New York, May 6, 1696, and his will proved Oct. 21, 1749.

RYERSE.—Gerrit, probably the son of Reyer Elbertse of Beverwyck, had children baptised in Albany,—Wouter, Aug. 12, 1683; Barent, Oct. 14, 1683; Goosen, March 7, 1686; Barent, June 4, 1688.

RYVERINGH.—Pieter, was a clerk and court messenger at Beverwyck, 1654-55.

SANDERS.—Thomas, was a smith in Amsterdam, Holland, before which time he was a member of the Alexander family living in Scotland, the name thereafter being contracted to Xander, or Sander, and according to the usual transmutation, his children would be known as Sanderse, Sanders or Sandersen, the latter Sanderson when Anglicized. He was living in New Amsterdam when he married Sara Cornelise Van Gorum there, Sept. 16, 1640, who died in Albany, December, 1669. He received a patent from Gov. Kieft for house and 25 morgens of land on Manhattan; located in Rensselaerswyck about July 13, 1650, on the court granting permission to settle there. His oldest son, Robert, was bap-

tised, New Amsterdam, Nov. 10, 1641, was a smith in 1667; merchant in 1692; settled in Albany in 1665; married Elsie Barentse, had four daughters and one son, Barent, who married Maria Wendell, Albany, Sept. 19, 1704, and they had a son, Robert, born at Albany, July 11, 1705, a merchant, appointed 23rd Mayor of Albany by Gov. Geo. Clinton, serving 1750-1754. This family was for two and a half centuries thereafter, 1650, prominent in Albany and Schenectady.

SCHAETS.—Dominie Gideon, engaged on May 8, 1652, as the second minister of the Dutch church at Rensselaerswyck at annual salary of 800 florins, evidently beginning his officiate July 24, 1652, and continued as pastor until death, Feb. 27, 1694, aged 82 years; was assisted in old age by Dominie Dellius, beginning in 1683; his oldest son, Reynier, a "chirurgion," early settler in Schenectady, where he was appointed justice of peace by Leisler, 1689; and married Catrina Bensing, or Bensen. The name sometimes and as properly spelled Schaats.

SCHANS.—Christiaen, lived in Albany about 1700; married Catharina Van Buren, Nov. 8, 1719. Same name as Schawns, Schauns, T'Jaans or Jones.

SCHARP.—Andries Hanse, was in Beverwyck as early as 1660; bought farm behind Kinderhook, 1671. The name same as Scherp and Sharp.

SCHERMERHORN.—Jacob Janse, was born in 1622, it is said in Waterland, Holland, and came to New Amsterdam from Hoorn, Province of North Holland; was in Rensselaerswyck in 1650, perhaps as early as 1648, yet Prof. Pearson states he was a brewer and trader at Beverwyck in 1636, and died soon after making will, May 20, 1688. He married Jannetje Segers (van Voorhoudt) and had nine children, of whom Reyer Jacobse, the eldest, born in Beverwyck in 1652, settled in Schenectady, marrying Ariaantje Bratt of Albany, in 1676; and the second son, Symon Jacobse, born in 1658, made the heroic horseback ride to Albany the bitterly cold night of Feb. 8, 1690, to announce the massacre of Schenectady.

SCHERP.—Andries Hanse. See Sharp and Scharp.

SCHOON.—Jan Willemse, was a farmer at Rensselaerswyck in 1660.

SCHOONMAKER.—Jan Barentse, came from Edam, Holland, was at Rensselaerswyck in 1636; still there in 1665. Harmen Schoonmaker owned house at Albany in 1676.

SCHOUTEN.—Gerrit Jacobse, was in Albany and later in Kinderhook; marrying Lysbeth Arnoutse (or Arnold) Viele, June 17, 1693.

SCHOETER.——, removed to Niskayuna and had (chap.) Jurriaen, March 23, 1684; Jan, Apr. 18, 1686; Jacob, March 2, 1690. Same as Schoute and Shuter.

SCHUT.—Willem Janes, was in Beverwyck, 1657-68, a tailor, alias Dommelaer. Same as Schuldt. Jan Willemsen Schut was a carpenter at Rensselaerswyck in 1646.

SCHUYLER.—David and Philip, two brothers, sons of Pieter Schuyler, came from Amsterdam, Holland, and settled at Rensselaerswyck in 1650. David Pieterse married Catalyn Verplanck at New Amsterdam, Oct. 13, 1657, and resided in Rensselaerswyck on the south corner of Broadway and Steuben street. Nov. 29, 1692. Col. Philip Pieterse was a trader; married Margarita Van Slechtenhorst, Dec. 12, 1650, and had his bouwerie in Water-vliet, four miles north of Albany, known as "the Flatts," which he purchased in 1672. The name was written "van Schuyler" or "van Schuijler" when first in this country, as coming from place of that title in Holland,—the Dutch word "schuil" signifying a place of shelter, and some of the early records at Rensselaerswyck show the spelling "Scheuler" and "Scheuller," which is close to the German word "schuler," a scholar or learned man.

SEGER.—Janse, came from Nykerck, Holland, on "d' Eendracht", ("The Unity"), in 1630, and was a farm laborer at Rensselaerswyck.

SEGGERS.—Cornelis, came to Rensselaerswyck in 1642, and succeeded Van der Donck on his Welysburgh farm on Castle Is.; married Eregje Jacobsen, and had five of his six children living when he died in 1663; was known as Cornelis Segerse van Voorhoudt.

SICKELS.—Zacharias, in employ of Dutch West India Co., as corporal, first at Curacoa, then from 1656-59, at Fort Orange; was town-herder, 1670-72, and 1681-83; "rattel-watch," 1689; had five or more children born in Albany, and removed to New Amsterdam in 1693. Same name as Zikkels and Zichelson.

SLICKOTEN.—Willem Janse, was resident of Albany before 1700, where he was recorded as husband of Neeltje Frederickse, widow of Claas Hendrickse van Schoonhoven, in 1661.

SLINGERLAND.—Teunis Cornelise, came from Holland, purchased tract of 9,874 acres along the Onisquethau creek in New Scotland township in 1658, where he erected mills; married (1st) Engeltje Albertse Bratt; (2nd) Geertje Fonda (widow of Jan Bikker), Apr. 9, 1684.

SMIT.—Lucas (Smitt or Smits), came from Johannesburg, in East Prussia, arriving on "den Coninck David" (?), at New Amsterdam,

Nov. 29, 1641, when he entered the service of Dominie Bogardus; came to Rensselaerswyck Aug. 13, 1642, from when until May 1, 1644, employed at the Patroon's house; from when until Apr. 13, 1646, farm laborer and as a clerk on de Vlackte farm. Ren Janse Smit was in New Amsterdam, 1643-51; in Beverwyck, 1655-60; in Walebogh, 1663-85, owning a house in each place; married Jannetje Joris Rapailie.

SLYTER.—Captain, was charged with board at Director Van Slechtenhorst's house, Rensselaerswyck, beginning June 27, 1651, and the latter on being in New Amsterdam then, he appears to have managed the colony in conjunction with Jan Baptist Van Rensselaer.

SOEGEMAKELYK.—Pieter and Jacob Adriense, settled early in Beverwyck with their mother (Anna Pietersen Soegemakelyk), where both were innkeepers. Pieter bought a bouwerie in Schenectady in 1664, and his son, Captain Pieter, was skipper of a yacht named "The Unity" plying between Albany and New York, who bought a lot and garden at Lubberde'sland (Troy) in 1669.

SOESBERGEN.—Reyer Cornelise, a miller; hired horse-mill from Arent Van Curler at Beverwyck in 1660.

SPIERINCK.—Cornelis, sailed on "den Waterhondt," June, 1640, from the Texel, Holland, and did copying at Rensselaerswyck for Arent Van Curler.

SPITSBERGEN.—Teunis Cornelise (also written Spitsenberg, Spitsenberch, Spitsenbergh, Spitsbergen, Spitsbergh, Spitsberghen and Van Spitsbergen), came early from Holland to Beverwyck, renting a mill on the 5th creek with Barent Pieterse Coeymans, Dec. 14, 1654; authorized to build a mill on same, Aug. 3, 1656; member of Rensselaerswyck court in 1658, 1660, 1661 and 1664. See Van der Poel, being same family.

SPOOR.—Jan (alias Wybesse), resided a time at Beverwyck, and (as Jan Wybesse van Harlingen) bought 16 morgens of land on Catskill creek; removing to Niskayuna, where he bought land in 1698; married Annatje Maria Hanse, and their son, Johannes, lived in Kinderhook, joining the Albany church in 1700, and married Maria Singer.

SPRINGSTEEN.—Caspar, a miller early in Albany, residing in Schenectady in 1707; his fourth child, Simon, baptised in Albany, June 10, 1709.

STAATS.—Maj. Abraham (Staas, Staes, Staet), came from Amsterdam, arriving on "den Houttuyn," at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; surgeon, aged 24 on arrival; located at Rensselaerswyck under contract with the Patroon made Feb. 1, 1642, coming in com-

pany with Dominic Megapolensis; member of the council, 1643; its president, 1644; also a trader, sending 4,200 beaver-skins to New Amsterdam in 1657; owned a large bouwerie; after 1658, was styled "Captain," as commander of sloop "Claverack," which he owned and operated between Albany and New York up to 1684; married Catrina Jochemse, daughter of Jochem Wesselse.

STAVAST.—Gerrit and Claas Janse, came to Albany about 1672, the former dying about 1676, and the latter returned to New York in 1680.

STERREVEL.—Cornelis Cornelise, owned a house in Beverwyck, 1657-60.

STEVENS.—Abraham, arrived at New Amsterdam on "het Wapen van Noorwegen," Aug. 4, 1638; recorded as farm laborer at Rensselaerswyck, Aug. 14th, and leased the Valeije farm, Feb. 3, 1650.

STOL.—Jacob Janse, signed himself Jacob Jansen Hap; also Stoll; first recorded at Rensselaerswyck in 1645, according to the V. R.-Bowier Documents; but Prof. Pearson states he was there in 1630; was skipper of sailing vessel between there and New York in 1649; succeeded Hendrick Albertsen as ferry-master about that time; bought land at and removed to Esopus, 1657-8. Willem Janse Stoll, probably a brother, was a cooper, leasing a lot in Rensselaerswyck, May 20, 1650, which he sold to Arent Vandenbergh in 1661, which year he removed to Esopus, when he was known on records as husband of widow of Claas Hendrickse van Utrecht.

STORY.—Robert, a trader at Albany in 1676; bought house at north corner of Maiden Lane and North Pearl st.

STRIDLES.—Gabriel Tomase, hired himself as breadbaker to Thomas Powel at Beverwyck in 1662; leased Jochem Ketelhuyn's house there, 1665; bought Jan Clute's house, 1670; master of sloop "Hopewell," 1684; removed to New York, about 1690, where was innkeeper. Same name as Strudles.

STUART.—Jan (or Stewart), bought a lot on the hill at Albany, in 1670, of John Connell, which his administrators sold to Laurens Van Alen in 1675.

SUDAM.—Teunis Pieterse, married Margaret Lawrence, and they had child, Pieter, baptised at Albany, Jan. 28, 1604.

SWART.—Gerard (on some Rensselaerswyck records as "Gerrit"), contracted to be "schout," or prosecuting officer of Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 24, 1652, succeeding Brant Van Slechtenhorst, July 24, 1652, serving until 1665, when the courts of Rensselaerswyck and Albany were consolidated, and he became sheriff of Albany county. Gerrit Swart ap-

pears to have been made schoolmaster, 1676; also owned property at Lubbarde'sland (Troy), and a lot on upper Broadway, Albany; married Anthonia Ryswyck, and made joint will in 1661. Cornelis Swart, resident of Schenectady, was eldest son of Teunis Cornelise Swart and Elizabeth Van der Linde, and was born in 1652; lived in Ulster county in 1715. Esias Teunise Swart resided in Schenectady and married Eva Teunis Van Woert. Adam Antonisse Swart was living in Schenectady in 1690; at Kinderhook in 1706; married Metie Willemse Van Slyck of Albany, Jan. 15, 1690.

SWARTWOUT.—Roeloff, a freeholder of Beverwyck until 1660, when made sheriff of Esopus; married Eva Albertse Bratt of Albany, widow of Antony de Hooges of Beverwyck.

SWITS.—Isaac Cornelise, removed to Schenectady and married Susanna Groot, and their child, Isaac, baptised July 28, 1691.

SYMONSE.—Willem, employed by Volckert Janse Douw at Beverwyck in 1659. Pieter Symonse was a tobacco-planter at Beverwyck in 1661. The name same as Simonson.

TACK.—Aert Pieterse, was born at Etten, in Breda, Brabant, resident of Beverwyck in 1660.

TAPPEN.—Juriaan Teunise, alias Glase-maecker, was innkeeper at Beverwyck, 1654-77, and large dealer in real estate there; married Wybrecht Jacobse Dochter, and they made joint will, 1661.

TELLER.—Willem, arrived at New Amsterdam in 1639, and was sent as a corporal to Fort Orange by Gov. Kieft; was promoted to be "wachtmeester" of the fort, residing at Fort Orange, Beverwyck and Albany from 1639 to 1692, when he removed to New York, where he died in 1701; was one of the earliest proprietors of Schenectady, 1662, and mentioned as one of the five patentees in first patent of the town, 1684; married (1st) Margaret Donchesen; (2nd) Maria Varleth, widow of Paulus Schrick, in 1664. One of his nine children, Andries, born in 1642, was merchant; married Sophia Van Cortlandt, New York, May 6, 1671, whither he removed, and died Dec. 16, 1702.

TEN BROECK.—Dirck Wesselse, son of Wessel Ten Broeck of Munster, Westphalia, was born Dec. 18, 1638, and was employed at Beverwyck by Pieter Van Alen as early as 1662; became a trader, exporting as many as 5,000 skins yearly; appointed commissary by Gov. Andros, 1676; Indian commissioner for thirty years; a major of militia, 1691; deacon, 1673; alderman, 1686; first recorder of Albany from date of Charter, July 22, 1686 to 1696; member of first Assembly, 1691, and of four subse-

quent sessions; appointed 4th Mayor of Albany by Gov. Benj. Fletcher, serving 1696-98; bought tract of 1,800 acres on Roelof Jansen's kil, in Claverack, Columbia county, from Robert Livingston, Oct. 26, 1694, where he had his "bouwerie" and erected mansion, and died there, Sept. 13, 1717; married Christina Cornelise Van Buren at Albany, 1663, in which year, following the death of Anneke Jans, he bought her house at northeast cor. State and James sts., Albany.

TEN EYCK.—Coenraad, was a tanner and shoemaker, residing in New Amsterdam; his son, Jacob Coenraetse, born there, removed to Albany, where he was a shoemaker; married Geertje Coeymans, and they had a son, Coenraedt, born Albany, Apr. 9, 1678, a silversmith, who married Geertje Van Schaick, Albany, Sept. 24, 1704, and they had a son, Jacob Coenraedt, born, Albany, Apr. 21, 1705, who was appointed 22nd Mayor of Albany by Gov. Geo. Clinton, serving Oct. 1, 1748—Oct. 14, 1750; Indian commissioner, 1752-54; Committee of Safety, 1775; Judge of Court of Common Pleas; married Catharyna Cuyler, Albany, Aug. 1, 1736, and died, Albany, Sept. 9, 1793.

TEUNISEN.—Cornelis, came from Meerkkerck, Province of South Holland, arriving at New Amsterdam on "den Southberg," April, 1633, being then 20 years of age; engaged in cutting and hauling timber at Rensselaerswyck. Cornelis Teunisen came from Westbroeck, in Utrecht, on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; shoemaker; began service at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 8, 1637; magistrate of Fort Orange prior to Aug. 19, 1662; granted use of garden between first and second creeks, Apr. 1, 1650. Jacob Teunisen was a tailor at Rensselaerswyck before 1649. Jan Teunisen came from Leyden on "den Coninck David," arriving at New Amsterdam, Nov. 29, 1641; was a carpenter at Rensselaerswyck in 1642. Jannetje Teunisen arrived on "den Coninck David," and was recorded at Rensselaerswyck before Nov. 6, 1642; but married Dirck Janse Croon at New Amsterdam, Dec. 22, 1641. Juriaen Teunisen, often mentioned as Juriaen de Glasmacker, also signing his name "Jure Jan tunsen Tappen" or "van Tappen"; granted a lot at Rensselaerswyck, Jan. 25, 1652; kept a tavern, in 1659. Pieter Teunissen came from Brunswick, Ger., and was first recorded at Rensselaerswyck, March 28, 1648, when he removed to Catskill. Teunis Teunisen came from Loenen, Utrecht, on "den Houttuyn," arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; a mason; constructed chimney in Van der Donck's house in 1642; contracted to build a

brick house for Jeremias Van Rensselaer, Sept. 8, 1659. The above includes all those who wrote their name indicative of being the son of Teunis,—such as Teunis, Teunise, Teunisen or Teunisz, and sometimes in the form Theunis. Barent Thonisen (writing it "Thonisz") came from Hellesund, on south coast of Norway, sailing on "d' Eendracht" ("The Unity"), from the Texel, July, 1631; engaged to erect sawmill for the Patroon at Rensselaerswyck.

THOMAS.—The early arrivals wrote their names Thomase, Thomasen, Tomase or Tomasen, therefore all were properly known by the same form, "Thomasen," which appears in most records, meaning a son of Thomas. Cornelis Thomasen came from Rotterdam, with his wife, on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, a smith, was stabbed to death by his helper, Dec. 8, 1636, at Rensselaerswyck. Jan Thomasen was first recorded at Rensselaerswyck in 1644, as servant of Adriaen Van der Donck; joint lessee of farm on Papscaene Island, 1653-8. Paulus Thomasen testified at Rensselaerswyck, Feb. 1, 1652, that he had removed to Catskill.

TIETSDORFF, Willem Abrahamse, removed from Albany to Schenectady and then into Dutchess county; married Neeltje Swart, and they had a child, Ariaantje, baptised, Albany, Aug. 2, 1685.

TIMMEL.—Jan, was a resident of Greenbush (Rensselaer), N. Y., in 1671.

TIMMERMAN.—Jan Cornelise, came probably from Leyden, arriving on "den Harinck" ("The Herring"), at New Amsterdam, July 7, 1639; tobacco-planter and master carpenter; was employed that year at Rensselaerswyck, and engaged by the Patroon to build a church, July 18, 1641.

TJERKSEN.—Isaac, had a child, Willem, baptised at Albany, May 23, 1686.

TOINEL.—Anthony, a trader of Beverwyck as early as 1661; secretary of Rensselaerswyck; married widow of Dedrick Van Hamel.

TOLL.—Carel Hansen, arrived early in Albany and among the first to remove to Schenectady, settling near Hoffman's Ferry; owned Cuyler's flat, Cambeafort flat, seventh flat and Maalwyck, and in 1712 had house on Union st., Schenectady; married Lysbet Rinckhout of Albany, and their first child, Neeltje, baptised there, June 20, 1686.

TOMASEN.—Jacob, had child, Rutger, baptised at Albany, Apr. 17, 1687. Cornelise Tomase had child, Agnet, baptised at Albany, Apr. 10, 1687.

TRIPHAGEN.—Johannes, was probably in Albany before 1700, where he married Aggie

Winne, and they had a child, Willem, baptised there, Jan. 8, 1706.

TRUX.—Philip, same family name as Truax, and a corruption both in spelling and pronunciation of De Trioux; was an early settler in New Amsterdam, where he was court messenger; oldest child, Isaac, baptised there, Dec. 7, 1645, removed from Albany to Schenectady, where he married Maria Willemse Broower, and descendants living there in 1910.

TYAERTS.—Jan, came from Franicker, Province of Friesland, on "d' Eendracht" ("The Unity"), sailing from the Texel, July, 1631; was farm worker soon after in Rensselaerswyck.

TURK.—Jacobus (or James), resident of Albany probably before 1700, where he was high sheriff of Albany county in 1703; but later removed to Kinderhook; married Catharina Van Benthuyzen at Albany (who died Feb. 4, 1705), they having had eight children born at Albany up to July 21, 1700.

TURNER.—William, was born in England, and probably resided in Albany before 1700, where he married Abigail Bogart, Nov. 7, 1702, thereafter removing to Kinderhook.

TYMANSSEN.—Reynier, came from Edam, Province of North Holland, on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, and recorded in Rensselaerswyck, May 7, 1637.

TYMENSEN.—Cornelis, probably resided at Albany before 1700, although in later life in Niskayuna, marrying Maritje Ysbrantse, who made her will in 1713, and their first child, Tymen, bap. Dec. 13, 1691; their second child, Eldert Cornelis, residing in Niskayuna and marrying Hester Visscher, Nov. 7, 1709.

VAN AECKEN.—Jan Coster, was a trader in Beverwyck, 1654-72, dealing in houses and lots; married Elsie Jansen.

VAN ALLEN.—Lourens, resided in Rensselaerswyck, on east side of Pearl, between Maiden Lane and Steuben st., possibly as early as 1630, and had two sons, Pieter and Lourens. Pieter was a trader and tailor in Beverwyck, 1658-74; also owned a bouwerie in Kinderhook, some time before January, 1674, when he died; married Maria Teller, and their son, Willem, married Maritje Van Petten, Nov. 4, 1694. Lourens Van Allen resided in Kinderhook, 1673-99; but in 1677 owned a lot on west side of Broadway, between Maiden Lane and Steuben st., Albany; justice of peace, 1703; and married Elbertje Evertsen. Lourens equivalent to Laurence, and some of the descendants preferred the spelling Van Allen.

VAN ALSTYNE.—Isaac Janse, resided in Al-

bany a time, but removed to Kinderhook, marrying (1st) Maritje Abberdij Vosburgh, Oct. 20, 1689; (2nd) Jannetje Jochemse Van Valkenburgh, Feb. 10, 1689. Abraham Janse Van Alstynse resided in Kinderhook and married Maritje Van Deusen, Jan. 17, 1694. Lambert Janse Van Alstynse lived in Kinderhook, and married Jannetje Mingael, dying Oct. 16, 1703. Marten (or Martin) Janse Van Alstynse married (1st) Jannetje Cornelise, (2nd) Cornelia Van den Bergh, Nov. 10, 1705. The name was then also spelled Van Alsteyn and Van Alstine. Their descendants by the name remained there to present time.

VAN ANTWERP.—Daniel Janse, was born in 1635, and came from Antwerp, settling in Beverwyck between 1656-1661, shortly thereafter buying the "Third Flatt" on the south side of the Mohawk, some eight miles above Schenectady, owning also a house on the east side of Church street, there; married Maritje Groot, of that place; possibly their first two children were baptised in Albany.—Neeltje, July 27, 1690, and Rebecca, Dec. 25, 1692. The name was then more commonly written Van Antwerpen.

VAN ARNHEM.—Jan Janse, resided in Albany, marrying Hester Fonda, Oct. 14, 1696, and died, Albany, Apr. 1, 1708.

VAN BAAL.—Jan Hendrickse, was a trader in Beverwyck, 1661-78; with house in that village and land on the Normanskill.

VAN BENTHUYSEN.—Paulus Martense, settled early in Beverwyck, owning much property, including southeast corner of Broadway and Maiden Lane, which he sold to Harmen Gansevoort in 1677; had sons,—Balthus (or Baltus), Barent, and Marten, the latter removing to Schenectady.

VAN BERGEN.—Capt. Marten Gerritse, had lease of Castle Island, immediately south of Albany, in 1668, which was named Marten Gerritsen's Island; residing in 1690, on west side of river, opp. this island; bought 60 morgens of land at Coxsackie, 1699; magistrate, 1673-85; captain of foot, 1685; married (1st) Jannetje Martense; (2nd) Neeltje Myndertse, Jan. 21, 1686.

VAN BOECKHOVEN.—Claas Janse, owned land on the Vossen kill, Beverwyck (Canal and Columbia sts., Albany) in 1662; bought land in Niskayuna in 1672; married (1st) Volckertje Jansen; (2nd) Catalyntje De Vos, and died about 1712.

VAN BOMMEL.—Harmen Janse, lived at Albany, where his son, Lourens, was baptised, Jan. 1, 1686, and Cornelis, in 1688.

VAN BRAKEL.—Gerrit Gysbertse, married (1st) Keatie Stephens; (2nd) Elisabeth Janse (widow of Jan Van Eps), Albany, July

23, 1693; several children born in Albany, and then removed to Schenectady.

VAN BREMEN.—Jan Dirckse, was in Beverwyck, 1655-62, contracting in the latter year to deliver 400 logs to Frans Pieterse Clau on the Flodder's kill in Columbia county.

VAN BREUCKELEN.—Cornelis Teunise, was in Beverwyck, 1631-62. Same name as Van Brakel.

VAN BROECKHUYSEN.—Maurits Janse, was a young relative of Kiliaen Van Rensselaer, the first Patroon, arriving on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, and was authorized, May 12, 1639, to establish a farm on de Laets Burg, opp. Albany; returned to Holland just previous to Feb. 12, 1642.

VAN BRUGH.—Johannes Pieterse, was born in 1624; came from Harlem, Holland, and was a fur trader in both Rensselaerswyck and New Amsterdam, before 1657; married Catrina Roeloffse (daughter of Anneke Jans, and widow of Lucas Rodenburgh), at New Amsterdam, March 29, 1658, and their son, Capt. Pieter, was 6th Mayor of Albany, 1699-1700, and 1720-1723; who married Sara Cuyler, daughter of the progenitor, at New York, Nov. 2, 1688. Name also written then Verbrugge and Verbruggen.

VAN BUREN.—Cornelis Maas, came from Holland on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," and had a farm on Papsancee Island; he and wife died in 1648, leaving five children, living in 1662.

VAN COPPERNOLL.—Claas Willemse, resided a time in Albany; but removed to Schenectady and married a Mohawk Indian woman, they contracting to serve Jan Connell on his Catskill farm for 42 beavers a year, in 1678; their son, Willem, born in Albany, baptised May 22, 1691; others born in Schenectady.

VAN CORLAER.—Behoni (or Behmony), a glazier and master of sloop "Endeavor," 1684; married Elisabeth Van der Poel (widow of Sybrant Van Schaick), Albany, June 2, 1686, and died in 1704.

VAN CURLER.—Arent, came from Nykerck, Gelderland, Holland, sailing on "den Calmer Sleitel," from the Texel, December, 1637, when 18 years old; commissioned secretary and bookkeeper of Rensselaerswyck, May 12, 1639, holding the office of "Commis" from 1642 to 1644; took oath as "Gecommitteerde," Jan. 5, 1651; became one of the leaders undertaking the settlement of Schenectady, making his application to Director Stuyvesant to settle upon the "Great Flat," by letter of June 18, 1661, and was drowned in Lake Champlain in 1667. He married Anthonia Slagboom

(widow of Jonas Bronck) about 1643; but left no issue. The spelling "Van Corler" is also proper, and it has been written "Van Corlaer."

VAN COVELENS.—Jacob Joosten (van der Coulen), owned a house in Beverwyck which he sold to Jan Dareth for 570 guilders in 1657, and was living near southwest cor. of Broadway and Hudson ave., in 1699; married Adriaantje Van Velpen.

VAN DAM.—Claas Ripse, a carpenter at Beverwyck, 1657-93, residing on Bergh (Chapel) st.; married Maria Bords, and had son, Rip, born there about 1660; removed to New York about 1684, where he was merchant and became president of Provincial Council, and a daughter, Debora, who married Hendrick Hansen, Mayor of Albany.

VAN DEN BERG.—Gysbert Cornelise Berch (alias "van den Berg") came from Breuckelen, near Utrecht, was employed on the Hoogeberch farm, hence commonly called "van den Hoogenberch," or "van den Berch"; charged at Rensselaerswyck with rentals beginning in 1648. Arent Van den Bergh (or Van den Bergh) was a corporal in Dutch West India Co. service at Fort Orange, 1654, and still residing in Albany in 1666. Claas Cornelis Van den Bergh was in Beverwyck, 1660-65. Gysbert Van den Bergh was in Beverwyck, 1660-67, buying property north of Bethlehem. Gerrit Van den Bergh was in Beverwyck in 1663, as a worker on Jan Barntse Wemp's farm.

VAN DEN UYTHOFF.—Wouter Albertse, a baker, was at Beverwyck in 1657, when he owned a house near southeast corner Broadway and State st.

VAN DER BAAST.—Joris Aertse, a surveyor employed in Beverwyck, removed to Schenectady and was killed in the Indian massacre there, Feb. 8, 1690.

VAN DER BILT.—Adriaen Teunis, came from the village of de Bilt, near Utrecht, sailing from the Texel on "den Waterhondt," June, 1640; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Sept. 24, 1640, as a farm person in employ of Symon Walichs. Symon Walichs van Bilt (or Symon Walichs van der Bilt), also known as Symon Walingen, came from Wijngaerden, district of "het Bildt," Friesland, on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; recorded at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 17, 1637; occupied farm on Papsancee Is., until May 1, 1647; killed by Indians near Paulus Hoek, March, 1649. Adriaen Dirckse Van der Bilt, came from Bildt, Friesland, and had an action in the Rensselaerswyck court, March 24, 1651.

VAN DER BOGART.—Cornelis, died in Albany

about July 10, 1666. Harmen Myndertse Van der Bogart came from Holland on "d' Een-dracht" ("The Unity"), in 1631, as a surgeon. Myndert Harmense Van der Bogart was a gunstocker at Albany in 1689; trader in 1692, residing on south side of State street, west of Pearl; removed to site of Poughkeepsie, which big tract he bought with Robert Sanders, and married Helena Schermerhorn.

VAN DER DONCK.—Adriaen, came from Breda, North Brabant province, Holland, sailing from Amsterdam on "den Eyckenboom," arriving at New Amsterdam, August, 1641; commissioned "schout" or officer of justice of Rensselaerswyck, May 13, 1641, before his departure on May 17th; occupied farm on Castle Island, until Jan. 17, 1646; soon after May 3, 1646, established a saw-mill and plantation on the Saegh kill in his own colony, Colendonck, or Yonkers, and died in 1655.

VAN DER HEYDEN.—Jan Cornelise, was born at Sevenbergen, Brabant, Holland, was a trader in Beverwyck, 1663; married Aeltje Janse Wemp of Rensselaerswyck. Jacob Tysen Van der Heyden came to Beverwyck from New Amsterdam in 1654; married Anna Hals, July 25, 1655, and other son, Dirck, purchased a bouwerie of Pieter Van Woggelum at Lubberd'sland (Troy, N. Y.), and married Rachel Jochemse Kettelhuyn, March 9, 1687.

VAN DER HOEVEN.—Jan Cornelise, married Dorothe Jansen, and had seven children born in Albany, the first of whom, Cornelis, was baptised Sept. 16, 1683; removed to Kinderhook.

VAN DER KAR.—Jan, was probably a resident of Albany before 1700, where he married Magdalena Baart, Sept. 25, 1718, and had several children baptised there. Also spelled Van der Karr, Van der Kerre, and Van de Car.

VAN DER MEUTEN.—Hendrick Gerritse, a master tailor at Beverwyck in 1662, when he owned a house on the east side of Broadway, opp. Beaver st.

VAN DER POEL.—Wynant Gerritse, came from Holland and settled at Beverwyck as early as 1657, the name signifying from the lake or marsh; bought sawmill on east side of the Hudson river, opposite the Schuyler Flatts, the stream since then known as the Wynantskill; married Tryntje Meljers; died in 1699. Teunis Cornelise Van der Poel, alias "Spitsbergen," was a resident of Beverwyck as early as 1660; owned half of Constatpel Island; magistrate, 1671; married Catrina Janse Croon; made will June 17, 1687.

VAN DER VOLGEN.—Claas Lourentse, alias "van Purmerent," married Maritje Swart at Albany, where their children were baptised,

the first, Lysbeth, May 9, 1686; removed to Schenectady.

VAN DER WERKEN.—Roeloff Gerritse, came to Albany; but removed to Half-Moon in the Hudson above Cohoes, where he had a farm as early as 1677, also land on Haver Island, at mouth of the Mohawk, 1680; married Geertruy Jacobsen, and had many children.

VAN DER WILGE.—Johannes, was probably a resident of Albany before 1700, where he married Catryna Heyps, Sept. 6, 1717.

VAN DER ZEE.—Storm, son of Albert Andries Bratt de Noorman, and according to tradition was born on the voyage to America; arrived at Rensselaerswyck in 1630. The family name was evidently Bratt, for in a deed of Storm's son, it reads,—"Wouter Storm Bratt, alias Wouter Van Der Zee." He was a trader, and married Hillette Lansing.

VAN DEUSEN.—Abraham, came from Holland, and his son, Teunis Abrahamse, was in Beverwyck, 1657-1700. Another son, Jacob Abrahamse, was a cooper, in Albany as early as 1677; married Catalyntje Van Eslant, New Amsterdam, Sept. 23, 1663. Melgert Abrahamse, resident in Albany, and married Engeltje Rutgerse Jacobsen there. Many descendants removed to Kinderhook and Claverack.

VAN DOESBURGH.—Hendrick Andriese, alias Driessen, was in Beverwyck earlier than 1654; married Maritje Damen (widow of Dirck Van Eps) at Albany, and had a daughter, Jannetje, born in 1653.

VAN DORLANDT.—Jacob Lambertsen, came from Hilversum, arriving on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck" at New Amsterdam, March, 1644; probably same person as Jacob Lambertsen Goyer, or Goijer.

VAN DRIESSEN.—Dominic Petrus, came to Albany, April, 1712, marrying there, Aug. 26, 1712, Eva Cuyler, daughter of Hendrick Cuyler, the progenitor, and the dominie was buried in the Albany Dutch church, Feb. 3, 1638.

VAN DWINGELO.—Gertrudy Barentse, was wife of Jacob Hevick, at Beverwyck, in 1663.

VAN DYCK.—Hendrick, came to Fort Orange from Utrecht in 1645; was an official under Pieter Stuyvesant. His son, Cornelis, qualified as surgeon at Beverwyck, in 1661; married (1st) Elizabeth Lakens; secondly, Elizabeth Beck (widow of Capt. Silvester Salisbury), and after he died, in 1687, she married Capt. George Bradshaw, Oct. 29, 1691.

VAN ECKELEN.—Jan Janse, resident at Beverwyck, 1657-67; removed to Flushing, where he was a schoolmaster, 1691.

VAN EPS.—Jan Dirckse, removed from Albany to become one of the earliest settlers of Schenectady, where he bought a house, bouw-

erie, mill-house, etc., of the late Philip Hendrickse Brouwer, in 1604, and Cornelis Van Nes, his step-father, conveyed to him a house and bouwerie there, in 1667.

VAN GUTSENHOVEN.—Jan Bastiaense, was first recorded in Rensselaerswyck as early as Feb. 8, 1652, when he appeared in court to testify and where he owned a house opposite the City Hall, which then stood on northeast corner of Broadway and Hudson ave.; and died there between Apr. 3, 1666, and July 6, 1667. The name is also written Van Gutsenhoven.

VAN GUYSLING.—Elias, came from Zealand, arriving on the "Bonte koe"; was at Beverwyck in 1659; removed to Schenectady, where he purchased Bastiaen De Winter's plantation in 1670; married Tryntje Claase; died before Apr. 13, 1695.

VAN HAMPEL.—Dirck, succeeded Antony de Hooges as secretary of Rensselaerswyck, October, 1655, serving until his death, July 2, 1660; bought Madam Joanna De Hulter's house for 2,100 guilders; married Sophia Wyckersloot.

VAN HOECK.—Arent Isaackse, was master shoemaker at Beverwyck in 1659; had son, Bennony Arentse, who lived in Schenectady, where he married Jaquimina Swart (widow of Pieter Cornelise Viele) and he was killed in the Indian massacre there, Feb. 8, 1690.

VAN HOESEN.—Jan Frans, came to Beverwyck about 1645; was a helper to Jan Barentse Wemp; assigned a garden between the first and second creeks, Apr. 1, 1650; married Volckertje Juriaens, and their son, Jurriaen Janse, probably came with them; were Lutherans; bought land from Indians at Claverack in 1662. Descendants continued to reside in Albany, Kinderhook, Claverack, Athens, etc., up to 1911.

VAN ILPENDAM.—Adriaen Janse, was teaching school in New Amsterdam in 1645; notary public in Albany, 1669-85; committed suicide by hanging, in 1685.

VAN LOON.—Jan, came from Luyck, Holland; bought land at Coxsackie, 1684; married Maria Albertse, New York, Feb. 23, 1676; blacksmith at Loonenburgh, 1699; at Coxsackie, 1720. Descendants of name living at Catskill and along the Hudson, in 1910.

VAN LOOSBERGHE.—Jacob Hendrickse, an alias of Maat, which see.

VAN MARCKEN.—Jan Gerritse, came on the "St. Jacob"; received patent for lot at Ft. Casimir on the Delaware, 1657; came from New Amsterdam to Beverwyck in 1657, where he was a farmer of the excise; appointed "schout" in Schenectady in 1673; married Geertje Gysbertse Van den Bergh at Beverwyck.

VAN MARLE.—Barent, was a trader in Beverwyck, 1661-64.

VAN NECK.—Lambert Albertse, was in Beverwyck, 1655-65, when on latter date he removed to New York.

VAN NES.—Cornelis Hendrickse (Van Ness, Van Es, or Van Ess), came from Vianen, South Holland, on "den Eyckenboom," arriving at New Amsterdam, August 1641, and from following spring was charged at Rensselaerswyck with tithes of farm at Bethlehem, occupied until 1648; leased farm in Greenbush, Aug. 25, 1650, formerly occupied by Teunis Cornelis Van Vechten; was a brewer there; served as councilor of Rensselaerswyck, 1652-58; when living upon the Havendyck in Holland in 1625, he married Mayken Hendrickse, Burchgraaf, who died previous to his coming to America, and he married Maritje Damen (widow of Dirck Van Eps). Their first child, Hendrick, married Annatje Evertse and secondly Catryna Van Dam, Nov. 25, 1688. Their second child, Jan, was living in Greenbush in 1663; at Cohoes, in 1681; at Half-Moon, in 1700, and married Aaltje —. Their third child, Gerrit, born in 1645, resided in Greenbush, and married Maria Pieterse Loockermans, in 1667.

VAN NIEUWERK.—Cornelis Brantse, possibly being the son of Brant Peelen van Nieuwerk, was a resident of Beverwyck, for he was to sail from Holland with Gerrit Hendrickse Reis, in 1664.

VAN NOORSTRANT.—Jan Jacobse (van Nostrand, becoming Van Nostrand), had a farm on Cohoes Island, in 1677, which he bought from Annetje Lievens (widow of Goosen Geritse van Schaick) known in 1905 as Van Schaick Island; bought land at Coxsackie and Niskayuna, 1685. Pieter Van Noorstrant, resident of Beverwyck, removed to Kinderhook, and married Rebecca Trephagen; their sons, Pieter and Jacob, baptised before 1706. Willem Van Noorstrant married Maritje De Hooges, and had son, Johannes, baptised Sept. 19, 1708.

VAN NORDEN.—Claes Jans, came from Naerden, Province of North Holland, on "den Harinck" ("The Herring"), arriving at New Amsterdam, March 28, 1638; also known as Claes Janse Ruyter, or de Ruijter; a house carpenter; aged 35 years on arrival; was credited with 60 weeks' board by Van Curler at Rensselaerswyck; but apparently was living in May, 1640, with his wife, Pieterje Jans, at the Manhatans.

VAN OOLINDA.—Pieter Danielse (Van Der Linde), was a tailor; married Hillette Cornelise Van Slyck, a half-breed interpreter; her father, Cornelis Antonissen Van Slyck and

her mother, a Mohawk Indian, to whom the Mohawk sachems gave Great Island in the Mohawk at Niskayuna, in 1667, sold to Capt. Johannes Clute, in 1669, and she died in 1707. Their son, Daniel, married Lysbeth Kregier, June 11, 1696, and was living at Half-Moon in 1720. Descendants of name living in 1900 at Albany, Troy, Cohoes and Schenectady.

VAN PETTEN.—Claes Frederickse, married Aefje Bratt, and was among the earliest families living in Schenectady.

VAN RAVENSTEYN.—Elias, was in Albany, 1666, until Feb. 9, 1696.

VAN RENSSELAER.—The progenitor of the family in tracing descent is recognized as Kil-iaen Van Rensselaer, the founder of the Colony of Rensselaerswyck (Albany), son of Hendrick Van Rensselaer and Maria Pafraet, who was born in Hasselt, Province of Over-ysse, Holland, about 1580, and died in Amsterdam, Holland, in 1644, without visiting this country, whose large tract in and about Albany was acquired by various deeds from the Indians, the first certificate bearing date August 13, 1630. His son, Colonel Jeremias, born in Amsterdam in 1632, was the first Patroon to come to America, and was known as the Third Patroon, being the successor of his elder brother, Johannes, (born in 1625 and died in 1662), without coming to this country. Jeremias sailed from Holland on "de Gelderse Blom," Aug. 4, 1654; returned on "den Beer," Oct. 28, 1655; sailed from Amsterdam on the "Otter," shortly after June 14, 1656; succeeded his brother, Jan Baptist Van Rensselaer, as Director, Sept. 24, 1658, and held office until death, in 1674; stated in his letter to his mother that he married Maria Van Cortlandt, July 12, 1662; but marriage entered in records of Reformed Dutch church of New York, as on April 27, 1662. Jan Baptist (Johan Baptista) Van Rensselaer, the first of the name in America, came from Holland, and was in Rensselaerswyck as early as June 29, 1651; member of the court from Oct. 18, 1651, in place of Rutger Jacobsen; credited with annual salary of 1,000 florins as Director of the Colony, from July 24, 1652, to Sept. 24, 1658, when he returned to Holland, and was also paid salary for 13 months, June 29, 1651, to July 24, 1652, when acting as Director in absence of Van Slechtenhorst at New Amsterdam. He was not the progenitor of the family in America.

VAN ROTTERDAM.—Jan Janse, had children (baptised) in Albany: Rachel, Jan. 20, 1686; Sander, June 8, 1690; removed to Schenectady.

VAN SALSBERGEN.—Jan Hendrickse (or later Salisbury), recorded conveyance of land

from Hudson river to Stone kill at Claverack, from Gerrit Visbeeck, 1673; married (first) Emmeke Luycasse, (second) Tanneke Janse (widow of Ryk Riddersen), Jan. 30, 1693, and he died October, 1706. Their son, Lucas Janse, married Maritje Evertsen, Apr. 4, 1689.

VAN SANTVOORD.—Cornelis, went from Albany to Schenectady as the fifth minister, where he died, Jan. 6, 1752; married Annatje Staats, daughter of Johannes Staats, of Staten Island. Their eldest son, Cornelis, removed from Schenectady to Albany, about 1747, marrying Ariaantje Bratt, Dec. 31, 1747, residing on Broadway, Albany, site of the N. Y. Central depot in 1910. Their second son, Staats, was a gunsmith in Albany about 1747, marrying Willempie Bratt, of Albany, Dec. 31, 1747.

VAN SCHAICK.—Capt. Goosen Gerritse, was a brewer in Beverwyck, 1649; married (first) Geertje Brantse Peelen van Nieuwerck, who died about 1656; (second) Annatje Lievens, 1657; he purchased Half-Moon Island, at the mouth of the Mohawk, from Indians, with Philip Pieterse Schuyler, in 1664, hence known as Van Schaick Island; bought house at north corner of Broadway and Columbia st., Albany, 1664, and died about 1676.

VAN SCHELLUYNE.—Dirck, arrived at Beverwyck in 1650; was a notary public; secretary of Albany, 1665-68; given a tract at Niskayuna by Indians, 1667; married Cornelia Van Buren, and had three children, baptised at New Amsterdam, the third, Johannes, Sept. 14, 1653.

VAN SCHIE.—Dominie Cornelis, minister of Dutch church at Fishkill, 1731-33; called to Albany, May 11, 1733, where buried, Aug. 16, 1744; married Josyna Prys.

VAN SCHILINCK.—Cornelis Antonis, generally referred to as Cornelis Teunisen, and often as Broer Cornelis, although signing his name as given above, came from Breuckelen, near Utrecht; was a carpenter and mason; sailed on "d'Eendracht" ("The Unity"), May, 1634, from the Texel; much of the time between 1643-48, in Manhattan, received patent for land at Catskill, from Director Kieft, Aug. 22, 1646; appointed the Patroon's representative, May 12, 1639.

VAN SCHOONHOVEN.—Geurt Hendrickse, a carpenter; was living at Half-Moon in 1675; had farm at Cohoes Island, 1681; made will Aug. 20, 1700. Claas Hendrickse Van Schoonhoven was probably a brother of the former, coming from Utrecht; carpenter at Beverwyck, 1654; married Cornelia Frederickse, and died March 15, 1661.

VAN SLECHTENHORST.—Rafert Aertse, came from Nykerck, Gelderland, Holland, ar-

riving at Rensselaerswyck, March 22, 1648, and was director of the colony, serving until July 24, 1652, when Jan Baptist Van Rensselaer succeeded him; was still in the colony July, 1655; but returned to Nykerck in 1660, where he died about 1668; his daughter, Margarita, married Col. Philip Pieterse Schuyler. The name is also sometimes Van Slechtenhorst.

VAN SLYCK.—Cornelis Antonissen, alias "Broer Cornelis," was given a large tract at Catskill for service in bringing about peace with the Indians; married a Mohawk Indian woman, by whom sons, Jacques, Cornelise and Marten, the former settling in Schenectady, where he owned half of an island in the Mohawk given by the natives, and the latter was in Beverwyck in 1661. Cornelis Teunis Van Slyck was in Beverwyck, 1659-68, where he was "raets persoon." Willem Pieterse Van Slyck was at Beverwyck in 1655. Pieter Willems Van Slyck married Johanna Barheit, April 9, 1683, and resided in Kinderhook.

VAN STEFFENIERS.—Arent, arrived on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637; hog dealer; engaged at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 17, 1637; married on March 22, 1637, at Manhatans, widow of Cornelis Tomasen.

VAN STETTYN.—Evert; see Pels.

VAN STREY.—Jan, was a resident of Albany before 1700; married Johanna (or Annatje) Van der Poel, widow, New York, June, 1694, and had child, Lysbet, baptised Albany, Jan. 5, 1700.

VAN TRICHT.—Abraham, resided in Albany before 1700; married Lysbeth Teller, daughter of Willem Teller, and had children (baptised) Magdalena, Oct. 21, 1683; Helena, May 30, 1686. His widow married Melgert Wynantse Van der Poel.

VAN TWILLER.—Jan, probably a brother of Wouter Van Twiller, and cousin of Jeremias Van Rensselaer, was a commissioner in Rensselaerswyck in 1649; boarding then with Van Slichtenhorst; was a councillor, July 24, 1652—July 24, 1657; probably left colony in 1657. Johannes Van Twiller was a merchant in Beverwyck, 1654-62. Aert Goosense Van Twiller came from Nykerk, Gelderland, Holland, and was in Beverwyck, 1661-63.

VAN VALKENBERG.—Lambert (van Valckenburch, Valkenburg or Valkenburgh), was mentioned in court records of Rensselaerswyck, March 7, 1652; but was in New Amsterdam as early as January, 1644, where he bought a house and 25 morgens of land, receiving a patent there, March 16, 1647; probably an inhabitant of Fort Orange and not of Rensselaerswyck; married Annatje —,

in 1645; their son, Jochem Lambertse, baptised in New Amsterdam, Nov. 4, 1646; married Eva Hendrickse Vrooman, who died in 1706; secondly, Jannetje Mingael (widow of Lambert Van Alstyne, Feb. 23, 1713, and was living in Kinderhook in 1720.

VAN VECHTEN.—Teunis Cornelise, came from Vechten, near Utrecht, on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," arriving at New Amsterdam, March 4, 1637, when a boy; entered at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 8, 1637; served under Michiel Jans until May 1, 1646, and then succeeded him on his farm called "de Hoogeberch," which he occupied until May 1, 1648; leased south end of "het greenebos" (pine woods, Greenbush), Oct. 15, 1648, from Director Van Slechtenhorst, and the same sold to him a house south of fifth creek, Rensselaerswyck, March 17, 1650. Teunis Dirckse Van Vechten came from Vechten, Holland, on "het Wapen van Noorwegen" ("Arms of Norway") arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1638, with wife and one child; farmed first for others at Rensselaerswyck; but from 1640 occupied his own farm at Greenbush, formerly that of Teunis Cornelise Van Vechten, and in 1648 had a half interest in the colony's brewery (bouwery?) in Greenbush; known by alias "Poentie." Dirck Van Vechten, son of Teunis Dirckse, came by "den Waterhondt," sailing June, 1640.

VAN VELSEN.—Sweer Teunise, alias Van Westbroeck, was residing in Albany about 1666, when he married Maritje Myndertse (widow of Jan Barentse Wemp); received conveyance of land at Lubberdsland (Troy), where he had sawmill on the Poesten kill; also bought west corner of Broadway and Van Tromp street, Albany, 1667; built grist mill in Schenectady, 1669, and thereafter resided there. Killed in Indian massacre there, Feb. 8, 1690.

VAN VORST.—Gillis, resided first in Albany, and married Lysbeth Van Eps, Schenectady, July 16, 1699, where he continued to reside.

VAN VOORHOUT.—Cornelis Segersen (Zegersen), appears as "van Egmont" in contract with the Patroon, Aug. 25, 1643, before sailing, arrived with wife, Brechtje Jacobsen, 45 years old, and six children, on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644; leased Brant Peelen's farm on Castle Island. Cornelis Cornelise, eldest son of Cornelis Segersen Van Voorhout, arrived on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," and leased farm in Greenbush. Claes Cornelise Van Voorhout, also called Claes Segersen, second son of Cornelis Segersen Van Voorhout, arrived on "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," at New Amsterdam, March, 1644, came to Rensselaerswyck

and occupied a farm on Papscanee Island, in 1648-58.

VAN VRANKEN.—Claes (alias "van Frank," Van Franke, or Van Franken) early settler at Albany, then bought land at Niskayuna, 1672.

VAN VREDENBERGH.—Willem, resided in Albany about 1700; married Heyltje Van Eten, and removed to Kinderhook, where their child, Appolonia, was born, Jan. 13, 1706.

VAN WENCOM.—Gerrit (Gerardus), was at Bethlehem, Dec. 8, 1649, when assaulted by an Indian; still living in the colony in 1653.

VAN WESTBROECK.—Cornelis Teunise, came to Rensselaerswyck in 1631, where he was an extensive trader in furs, sending 700 beavers to Manhattan in 1654; might have been a brother of Sweer Teunise Van Westbroeck, alias "Van Velsen," who removed to Schenectady.

VAN WESTERVELT.—Juriaen (Bestval, Bestvall, Bestvall, Westval, Westval, Westvaelt, Van Westvaele, etc.), came from Leiderdorp, near Leyden, on "den Houttuyn," arriving at New Amsterdam, Aug. 4, 1642; wages in Rensselaerswyck began Aug. 13, 1642, and mentioned July, 1644, as servant of Michiel Jansen, but on Jan. 14, 1649, took over lease of Evert Pels' farm on Papscanee Island.

VAN WIE.—Hendrick Gerritse, was in Beverwyck, 1654-91; went on the expedition to Canada, where he was wounded, and Col. Pieter Schuyler petitioned the governor for his relief in 1691, about which time he died. Teunis Gerritse Van Wie, perhaps brother of the former, resided at Albany in 1666. Van Wie's Point, south of Albany, named after his family. The name was also written Van Wye, Van Wey, and Verwey.

VAN WITBECK.—Jan Tomase; see Witbeck.

VAN WOERT.—Teunis Jacobse and Rutger Jacobse, came from Schoonderwoert, Province of South Holland, sailing from the Texel, June, 1640, on "den Waterhondt"; engaged at Rensselaerswyck from Sept. 4, 1640. The name a contraction of Van Schoonderwoert. See Rutgers.

VAN WOGGELUM.—Pieter and Jacob Adriansen; see Soegemalyk.

VAN WORMER.—Henri, came from Wormer, Holland, about 1655, settling first in New Jersey, the family moving northward in New York state, settling even as far as the northern counties.

VAN YVERAN.—or Van Iveren; see Myn-ders.

VAN ZANDT.—Jan, the progenitor of this family was of Spanish origin and came to Albany, marrying Jannetje —, by whom Johannes and Joseph, the former a turner,

married Margarita Van der Poel, removing to New York about 1693, after birth of five children in Albany; the second son, Joseph, marrying Seitje Marselis at Albany, 1688; was naturalized Dec. 6, 1715, and had several children born at Albany. The first, Jannetje, baptised Aug. 11, 1689.

VASTRICK.—Gerrit, a commissioner of Rensselaerswyck in 1650; but in New Amsterdam as early as July 16, 1644. Robert Vastrick was first mentioned at Rensselaerswyck, Jan. 11, 1652; left the colony before Sept. 30, 1657.

VEDDER.—Harmen Albertse, a trader, early bought land at Schenectady and at Steen Raby (Lansingburg, near Troy), and several house lots in Albany; his son, Arent, residing in Schenectady, married Sara Groot, and their first child, Rebecca, was born Oct. 25, 1691. Families of this name living in 1910 in Schenectady, Catskill and Hudson river towns.

VEEDER.—Symon Volckertse, a baker, owned a house in Manhattan in 1654, one in Beverwyck, and bought a *bouwerie* in Schenectady, where he settled among the first in 1662, and his four sons continue the name there to this day.

VERBEECK.—Jan (or Johannes), was born in 1612, came from Breda, North Brabant province, Holland, arriving at New Amsterdam, Nov. 29, 1641, on "den Coninck David" ("King David"), with wife, child and maid; was a tailor; spent winter there, and was recorded at Rensselaerswyck in 1642; house in Greenbush; took oath as member of court of Rensselaerswyck, Jan. 12, 1651, and was orphan master.

VERBRUGGE.—Johannes Pieterse; see Van Brugh.

VERMEULEN.—Hendrick Gerritse, was residing in Albany, 1667-71, buying a house on south corner of Broadway and Maiden Lane, from Cornelis Van Nes, in 1667, which he sold to Arent Jansen.

VERNOY.—Cornelis, probably resided in Albany before 1700, as he married Sara Ten Broeck there, and they had a child baptised in Albany, Jan. 6, 1706.

VERPLANCK.—Abraham Isaacse, came from Holland, settling in New Amsterdam until he obtained a patent for land from Governor Kieft, at Paulus Hoeck, in 1638; married Maria, daughter of Guleyn Vigne and Adriaantje Cuilje, and died about 1691. Their second child, Catalyna, married David Pieterse Schuyler of Rensselaerswyck. Their third child, Guleyn (born Jan. 1, 1637, died Apr. 23, 1684; remained in New Amsterdam, marrying Hendrikje Wessels. Their ninth child, Isaac, baptised Feb. 26, 1651, was a shoemaker in Albany, married Abigail Uyt-

bogart, and left descendants of name living in Albany in 1910.

VERWEY.—Hendrick Gerritse; see Van Wie.

VIELE.—Cornelis Cornelise, owned a lot on west corner of State and Pearl sts., Albany, which he sold to Richard Pretty in 1673; bought a bouwerie in Schenectady in 1668, and exchanged it in 1670 with Jurriaan Teunise Tappen, for house on south side of State st., west of Pearl st., Albany; had children: Arnout (or Arnold), Cornelis and Pieter.

VILLEROY.—Pierre; see De Garmeaux.

VINHAGEN.—Jan Dirckse, was born at Geemen, Holland, in 1633; a tailor in Albany where he owned house on northeast corner of Broadway and State st., in 1669, and still living in 1708.

VISBEECK.—Gerrit, was master of a sloop at Albany in 1665; conveyed land at Claverack to Jan Hendrickse Van Salsbergen and Gerrit Van Slechtenhorst, in 1672.

VISSCHER.—Harmen Bastiaanse, was a carpenter in New Amsterdam, as early as 1649, and soon came to Beverwyck where he had a garden near the southeast corner of Broadway and Hudson avenue, and house-lot on west side of Pearl st., between Maiden Lane and Steuben st.; was village surveyor in 1666; married Hester Tjerkse. The name was at that time frequently written Visser, Visger, Visselaer (or laar), De Visser, De Vyselaer and Fisher.

VOS.—Cornelis Cornelise, was in Beverwyck, 1654-67; owned sloop plying between there and New Amsterdam; married Dirckje Pieterse, who died in 1665. Han (or Johannes) Vos came to Beverwyck from Baden in 1642, and removed to Catskill; was deputy sheriff, 1661. Jacob Cornelise Vos, alias Bogart, Bogert, Van der Bogart, etc., married Jannetje Quackenbos at Albany, and their first child, Cornelis, baptised there, Sept. 28, 1683. The name was then also written Vosje, and meant fox.

VOSBURGH.—Pieter Jacobse, was the first of the name at Rensselaerswyck, and his son. Abraham Pieterse, was living there in August, 1649; the latter being a carpenter and trader, sending 1,500 beavers to New Amsterdam in 1654; leased a mill on creek south of Jan Barentse Wemp's farm, Sept. 30, 1656; died about 1660; owned sawmill on the Wynantskill which his widow sold in 1674 to Wyant Gerritse Van der Poel. The name was then also written Vosburch, Vosbergen, Vosberghen.

VROOMAN.—Bartholomeus, was an early settler in Beverwyck, where he had sons, Pieter, Jacob and Hendrick. Each of these in taking the father's given name contracted it to Mees.

Pieter lived on State st., near Broadway, Albany, in 1677; married Volckje Pieterse (widow of Gerrit Janse Stravast) and died in 1684. Jacob was a carpenter; married Elizabeth (widow of Teunis Cornelise Swart) of Schenectady; resided near Broadway and State st., Albany, and will probated Sept. 22, 1691. Hendrick removed to Kinderhook, about 1670, engaging the farm of Robert Sanders at Steen Raby (Lansingburg, N. Y.) same year; removed to Schenectady in 1677, residing on site of the N. Y. Central railroad depot of 1910; killed in Indian massacre there, Feb. 8, 1690.

VYSELAER.—Jan Cornelise, alias Gouw, was in Beverwyck 1654-91; bought land and sawmill on the Poestenkill (near Troy) in 1675.

WAELINGEN.—Jacob, came from Hoorn, Province of North Holland, was living at New Amsterdam, Jan., 1639; and likely at Rensselaerswyck, May 12, 1650, when recorded that he was about to leave the colony.

WAERT.—Gysbert Cornelise, came from Weesp, near Amsterdam; was a tavern-keeper at Rensselaerswyck in the fall of 1644.

WAGENAER.—Jacob Arentse, originally known without this surname, was a wagoner, who had sailed from the Texel, Holland, on "den Calmer Sleutel," December, 1637, when 25 years old; was employed first at New Amsterdam; but recorded at Rensselaerswyck, June 26, 1639.

WAKEFIELD.—Tomas, was an early resident of Albany, where his child, Anna, was baptised Aug. 25, 1689.

WALDRON.—Willem, came from Amsterdam, Holland; married Engeltje Stoutenburgh, New Amsterdam, Feb. 10, 1671, and their son, Pieter, was baptised there, June 25, 1675, married Tryntje Cornelise Van den Bergh there, Sept. 9, 1698, and they removed to Albany two years later, where all but their first child were born, and where he died; buried, May 3, 1725.

WARMOND.—Matthys, resided in Albany, where he married Susanna Heghs (or Hicks), and their first child, Willem, baptised there, April 13, 1696.

WEMP.—Jan Barentse, was nicknamed Poest; appears on the Rensselaerswyck records as early as 1643, serving under Cornelis Teunisen; from Apr. 10, 1645, to June 11, 1646, in charge of the Patroon's farm called "de Vlakte," and Aug. 13, 1646, contracted to take charge of a grist-mill on the fifth creek; took a farm on the Poestenkill, Nov. 1, 1654; married Maritje Mynderse; owned half of the Great Flat at Schenectady, where most of his descent resided.

WENDELL.—Evert Janse, was born at Em-

den, in 1615, was a cooper; resided some years in New Amsterdam before coming to Beverwyck, where he owned house on northwest corner of James and State sts.; married (first) Susanna Du Trieux (or Truax), New Amsterdam, July 31, 1644; (second) Maritje Abrahamse Vosburgh in 1663, and died about 1702. The name was then also commonly spelled Wendel.

WESSELS.—Jochem, was a baker at Rensselaerswyck; recorded there first on his petition of Sept. 28, 1651, for a place in the village; married Geertuy Hieronimus; resided on southeast corner of Broadway and State st., and died in 1681. Name was also then spelled as properly Wesselse or Wesselsen. See Ten Broeck.

WESTERCAMP.—Hendrick Janse, was a baker, permitted to locate at Rensselaerswyck, Apr. 2, 1648; granted a garden between the first and second creeks, Apr. 1, 1650; married Femmetje Albertsen; resided at northeast corner of Broadway and State st., and died in Beverwyck about 1655.

WIBUSSE.—Gerrit, was probably residing in Albany before 1700, where he married Maria Gilbert, June 8, 1706.

WILLEMSSEN.—Adriaen, stole beaver-skins from Arent Van Curler in Rensselaerswyck and was banished Aug. 13, 1644. David Willemsen married Rachel Hansen at Albany, and they had a child, Johannes, baptised there, Apr. 6, 1692. Teunis Willemsen was born at Heyvelt, Province of Utrecht, Holland, and came from Woutbergh, and after residing in Albany, occupied a farm at Niskayuna, 1678; marrying Jannetje Hendricksen. Name same as Williamson.

WILLIAMS.—Thomas, came to Albany from New York City, and married (first) Agnietje Gansevoort, Aug. 7, 1692; (second) Hilletje (or Helena) Bronck, June 26, 1712; sheriff of Albany county, 1699, resided on east corner of Green st., and Hudson ave.

WILLETT.—Thomas, was a trader at Beverwyck in 1663; originally from Bristol, Eng.; married Sara Cornell, New Amsterdam, Sept. 1, 1643, and died about 1677. The name then also spelled Willet.

WILSON.—Samuel, was a merchant in New York and Albany, with house in latter place near the southwest corner of Broadway and Maiden Lane, in 1677.

WINNE.—Pieter (Winnen), also recorded as "Pieter de Vlamingh," meaning "the Flem- ing"; was born in Ghent, Flanders; charged

on Rensselaerswyck accounts from the fall of 1652, for a farm, apparently at Bethlehem, just below Albany; bought half of Constapel Island from Volckert Janse Douw, in 1677, and a sawmill in Bethlehem from Nicolaas Van Rensselaer; married Tannetje Adams; made joint will July 6, 1684, which was probated Feb. 22, 1696; their first child, Pieter, born at Rensselaerswyck, in 1643.

WISSELPENNINGH.—Reynier, was a carpenter at Beverwyck, 1654-61; married widow of Symon Root, and she was dead in 1654.

WITBECK.—Jan Tomase, was born at Witbeck, in Holstein; one of the largest real estate dealers in Beverwyck, 1652-78; bought the whole of Apje's, or Little Monkey's, island (Schodack), with Volckert Janse Douw, in 1664, and the mainland opposite on the east bank; married Gertrude Andriese Dochter. Also called Van Witbeck.

WITTHARDT.—Johannes, was a trader in New Amsterdam as early as 1654; was at Beverwyck in 1656; where he owned a house next west of northwest corner of Pearl and State streets.

WITMOND.—Jan and Cornelis, owned a brewery in Greenbush (Rensselaer, N. Y.), in 1657, which they sold to Willem Brouwer for 1,207 guilders.

WOODCOCK.—John, was born in Yorkshire, Eng., and probably lived in Albany before 1700, as he married Ariaantje Gardenier there, May 3, 1702.

WYNGAART.—Lucas Gerritse, was a baker at Albany; married Annatje Janse Van Hoesen, and their second child, Maria, was baptised there, Feb. 15, 1685; his oldest son, Gerrit Lucasse, was a trader at Albany, and married Sara Harmse Visscher there, Nov. 4, 1694.

WYNKOOP.—Pieter, came from Holland on the "Arms of Rensselaerswyck," and was in Rensselaerswyck in 1644, and his son, Cornelis, bought a lot there in 1657.

YATES.—Joseph, was living in Albany probably before 1684, where his son, Christoffel, was baptised, April 16, 1684; was a smith; married Hubertje Marselis; resided on the east corner of Green and Beaver sts., in 1713, and was buried May 22, 1730. The descendants of name resided in Albany and Schenectady in 1910.

YOUNG.—Simon (Jongh), was sheriff of Albany county, 1696; married Anna Rowe, and their child, Elizabeth, baptised, Albany, Sept. 6, 1699.

ADDENDA AND ERRATA
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ADDENDA AND ERRATA

The following addenda and errata were received after the narrative pages had gone through the press.
Blaisdell, p. 796, 2d col.; a son, Thomas Houghtaling, was born to Robert V. B. and Marguerite V. (Briggs) Blaisdell, November 3, 1910.

Bovie, p. 969; in this narrative the name Hoosac is preserved. The ancient spelling was Hoosac, or Hoosack, an Indian word meaning Owl Valley, but when the town was incorporated, for some unaccountable reason the spelling was changed to Hoosick, which means nothing. Every name is Hoosac across the state line in Massachusetts—Hoosac Tunnel, Hoosac Mountain, Hoosac River, etc. Mr. George M. Bovie's first school attendance was in Hoosac, New York, not Vermont.

Boyd, p. 444, 2d col.; John Logan Boyd, or John Jr., as he was usually called (eldest child of John Boyd (1), was born October 8, 1758, in Ireland, and came to Albany with his parents in 1762. He was a millwright and farmer in Ballston, now Charlton, Saratoga county. Was first supervisor of Charlton, 1791, and later a justice of the peace; was therefore of good standing and repute. In politics he was undoubtedly a moderate Royalist, or "Tory"; was once arrested on suspicion, by the commissioner of conspiracies of Albany county, and his father was one of his bondsmen in the sum of £200. He was driven from home, however, by Burgoyne's approach, and with his neighbors petitioned the authorities for better military protection. He married Anna Northrop, March 25, 1779. They had twelve children, ten of whom were born in Charlton, one, Polly, in Stockbridge, Massachusetts, 1782, and the youngest child was born in Newark, now Niagara, Ontario, Canada, to which place the family removed about 1799; there they probably died and were buried.

Burritt, p. 1437; for narrative of Robert Fulton see p. 302.

Burton, p. 1097, par. 1; Richardson Clarke was evidently born in 1806, instead of 1866, as stated in the text.

Conger, p. 1674, 2d col.; for William M., second child of William Conger, read William H.

Culver, p. 532; David Culver (IV), lived in Northampton, L. I., and moved to Hebron, Conn.; he was in the battle of Germantown. David Culver (V) was a soldier in the Revolutionary war. Stephen Lee was a great-grandson of Thomas Lee.

Culver, p. 533, 1st par.; Charles Bellamy married Caroline Smith; same par., for Maria Eliza, daughter of James Culver, read Mary Eliza, p. 534; Dr. Charles M. Culver is still (1911) a U. S. pension examining surgeon.

Cuyler, p. 1727, 2d col., last par.; Charlotte Hanford was a daughter of Gershom Selleck Hanford and Sarah Hayes.

Dempster, p. 1634, 2d col., last par. In correspondence received after pages had gone through the press, the name Putnam appears as Putman. Ralph Putnam (Putman) was son of Lewis; he married Mary Schenck; her father was Ralph Schenck; he was in the revolutionary war, and was in the battle of Monmouth, and others; he married Ann Taylor. P. 1635; corrected data of children of David S. Dempster: Willard J., born June 18, 1877; Rena L., March 15, 1879; David Dudley, July 29, 1884; Dorothy, September 9, 1902.

Everts, p. 1708; birth date of James Everts, evidently incorrect, and not ascertainable. P. 1709, 2d col., 1st par.; for Miriam (McNitt) Woodard, read Mariam. Par. 2; for Everts, read Everts. Same column; wherever name Woodward appears, read Woodard. P. 1710, 2d col., last par., for Miriam, read Mariam. P. 1711, 1st col., 1st par.; for Georgia Bockes read Georgianna Bockes. Same par.; Martin Woodard married Jenima Rea. Same par.; Supplemental dates: Lydia Woodard married William Shaw, August 26, 1863; Emma Woodard married Capt. Joseph Hays, November 15, 1866; Mariam Woodard married S. F. Farrar, February 14, 1887.

Fuller, p. 173, 2d col., 1st par.; Charles H. Douglas and Sarah M. Root were married June 7, 1893.

Gilchrist, p. 938; Robert Cuthbert writes to Mr. Frank Gilchrist: "Our great grandfather's name was Andrew Gilchrist, father of Andrew, Robert and Thomas. Grandmother's name was Elizabeth Dawson. Grandfather and family came to this country from Newbliss, county Monaghan, Ireland."

Hilton, p. 370, 2d col.; Copies of headstones in Hilton burying plot at Meredith, N. H.: Capt. Daniel Hilton died July 30, 1827, aged 69. Major Daniel Hilton died Feb. 27, 1867, aged 72. Elizabeth M., wife of Daniel Hilton, died May 13, 1869, aged 70. George, son of Maj. Daniel and Elizabeth M. Hilton, died April 15, 1830, aged 4 years and 6 months. George O., son of Maj. Daniel and Elizabeth M. Hilton, died August 22, 1838, aged 6 years and 6 months. Mrs. Amanda M. Garman, daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth Hilton, died Oct. 10, 1904, aged 81. Fannie E., daughter of Jabez J. and Amanda M. Garman, died June 13, 1909, aged 63. Capt. Daniel was father of Maj. Daniel, who was the father of Maj. Charles, father of Col. George.

Husted, p. 985; corrected ancestry of Thaddeus Husted (V): (I) Robert Husted. (II) Angel Husted. (III) Samuel Husted, born about 1670, probably in Greenwich, Connecticut; record not found; died 1741, in Stamford, Connecticut; married, about 1696, Sarah, daughter of Moses and Abigail (Wescoat) Knapp; she died November 20, 1717, in Stamford, Connecticut. Children: 1. Nathaniel, born 1698, died April 9, 1758, in Greenwich, Connecticut, unmarried. 2. Joseph, married, December 2, 1731, in Stamford, Connecticut, Deborah Ferris, who bore him nine children. 3. Zebulon, see forward. 4. Elizabeth, died 1730; married, 1715, in Stamford, Connecticut, John Adams, of Greenwich; five children. 5. Sarah. 6. Deborah, married Samuel Adams, of Fairfield, Connecticut. (IV). Zebulon Husted, married Abigail —; children, born in Stamford, Connecticut: 1. Samuel, born February 22, 1733, died young. 2. Sarah, born November 22, 1736, married, November 22, 1759, Josiah Waterbury. 3. Samuel, born October 7, 1738. 4. Abigail, born December 30, 1740, married, January 7, 1762, Peter Weed. 5. Hannah, born March 14, 1742-43. 6. Nathaniel, born May 19, 1746, married, April 14, 1768, Hannah Webb. 7. James, born August 11, 1748. 8. Thaddeus, see forward. 9. Mary (twin), baptized August 5, 1755, in Congregational church, Stamford, unmarried in 1791. 10. Martha (twin), same as Mary. (V). Thaddeus Husted, born August 31, 1750; married (first) May 25, 1775, in Stamford, Connecticut, Rhoda Davenport; children: Shadrach, Deborah, Catharine. For second marriage and children of second wife see p. 985.

Miller, p. 1107, 2d col., 2d par.; for marriage date of Abraham J. D. Miller and Cornelia W. Van Horne, read December 20, 1857.

Rossman, p. 1649, 1st col., 1st par.; for Catherine, daughter of Daniel Rossman, read Katherine M. Rudd, p. 1442, 2d col.; at the time of the Battle of Bennington, Joseph Rudd (IV) went to the battle, and his wife and four children went to Williamstown, she and three children riding a horse, and Celinda, the oldest, seven years old, walking alongside, a distance of nineteen miles—a case of unusual hardship, especially for the daughter Celinda.

Serviss, p. 789, 1st col., 2d par.; concerning Schuyler Bussing Serviss, for "leading educators" read "leading scientists."

Thayer, Nathaniel, Jr., p. 27, 1st col., 2d par.; he died at Boston, March 21, 1911.

Vanderheyden, p. 683-685; later generations give the family name in the form of Vanderheyden, instead of Van der Heyden.

Van Rensselaer, p. 19, 1st col., 2d par.; for Philip Schuyler (Van Rensselaer), read Philip Stephen.

Van Rensselaer, p. 1819, 1st col., 1st par.; Cornelia Paterson Turnbull was born Dec. 2, 1848, and died in Westchester, N. Y., May 20, 1850.

Wakeman, p. 1042; Abram Wakeman (VII) married (second), Kate Billings (widow), daughter of Dr. Price, of Utica, New York.

Wheeler, p. 575, 2d col., last par.; Elizabeth (Boyd) Wheeler died January 2, 1911.

Younglove, p. 829, 2d col., 2d par.; for David, fifth child of Isaiah Younglove (IV), read Isaiah.

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